E1152

OLD TESTAMENT,

ARRANGED IN

HISTORICAL AND CHRONOLOGICAL ORDER,

(ON THE BASIS OF LIGHTFOOT'S CHRONICLE,)

IN SUCH A MANNER THAT THE

BOOKS, CHAPTERS, PSALMS, PROPHECIES, &c. &c.

MAY BE READ AS

ONE CONNECTED HISTORY,

IN THE WORDS OF THE AUTHORIZED TRANSLATION.

WITH COPIOUS INDEXES.

BY THE

REV. GEORGE TOWNSEND, M.A.

PREBENDARY OF DURHAM, AND VICAR OF NORTHALLERTON.

IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOL. I.

FOURTH EDITION.

LONDON:

PRINTED FOR J. G. & F. RIVINGTON.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH YARD,

AND WATERLOO PLACE, FALL MALL.

1836.

LONDON:

GILBERT AND RIVINGTON, PRINTERS, ST. JOHN'S SQUARE.

TO THE

MOST REVEREND FATHER IN GOD,

WILLIAM,

BY DIVINE PERMISSION,

LORD ARCHBISHOP OF CANTERBURY,

THIS ARRANGEMENT

OF THE

TEXT OF THE OLD TESTAMENT

IS RESPECTFULLY INSCRIBED,

 $\mathbf{B}\mathbf{Y}$

HIS GRACE'S MOST OBEDIENT AND HUMBLE SERVANT,

GEORGE TOWNSEND.

INTRODUCTION.

THE "Chronicle" of the learned Lightfoot has been made the basis of the following Arrangement. Of all the writers of the day in which he lived, this celebrated divine is supposed to have been the most deeply versed in the knowledge of the Scriptures. It was his custom for many years to note down, as opportunity presented, in the course of his talmudical and other studies, the order and time of the several passages of Scripture as they came under his consideration. By pursuing this method, he gradually formed that invaluable Chronicle, which his biographer and the editor of his works has placed before all his other publications, as the most useful and important. The title of this celebrated tract is, "A Chronicle of the times, and the order of the texts of the Old Testament, wherein the Books, Chapters, Psalms, Stories, Prophecies, &c. are reduced into their proper order, and taken up in their proper places, in which the natural method and genuine series of the Chronology requireth them to be taken in. With reason given of dislocations where they come. And many remarkable notes and observations given all along for the better understanding of the text; the difficulties of the Chronicle declared; the differences occurring in the relating of stories reconciled; and exceeding many scruples and obscurities in the Old Testament explained." Lightfoot was so eminent, that Bishop Walton consulted him both on the Polyglott Bible, and the Samaritan Pentateuch, Dr. Castel on his Heptaglott Lexicon, and Poole on his Synopsis Criticorum. Buxtorf, Dr. Outram, Thorndike, and Morinus, with other distinguished men, openly expressed how much they admired and venerated him. The most

VOL. I.

learned foreigners came to England to visit him. In the Assembly of Divines at Westminster, he was the most distinguished for his learning and ability; opposing the more violent measures, and frequently by his arguments changing the sentiments of the majority. His work was published at the time when the nation was unfortunately engaged in the bitter contests between the King and his Parliament. We are not possessed of sufficient means of accurately ascertaining the reception this invaluable Chronicle met with from the public; but if we may judge from the complaints of his biographer, Dr. Bright, and Mr. Strype, the author of the "Annals," it does not appear to have obtained much celebrity, nor to have attracted the attention it so well deserved.

This supposition is still further corroborated by the singular omission of the work in the list mentioned by Torshel, in his rare and valuable pamphlet. This divine was chaplain to king Charles the First, and tutor to the royal children. In the year before the death of his royal master, he published a tract (which was afterwards reprinted in the Phœnix) entitled "A design about disposing the Bible into an harmony; or an Essay concerning the transposing the order of books and chapters of the Holy Scriptures, for the reducing of all into a continued history-The benefits, difficulties, and the helps." The tract was addressed to the right honourable the lords and commons assembled in Parliament; intimating to them the propriety and necessity of taking the subject on which it treats into consideration, that under their gracious auspices and influence "it may grow to full maturity." Torshel's object indeed was to induce the two Houses to appoint a committee to execute his plans. Had Lightfoot and Torshel united their efforts in this cause, it is not improbable that the sanction of the legislature at that period might have been obtained, and a most accurate and valuable arrangement been made by the learned men, who, at that time, abounded in England. "Let the state," says Torshel, "only please to make it their care, after the example of some kings and republics, that have done such like works of general use, for the advance of learning and divine knowledge, and they will find some men very learned of their own order, besides many in the profession of divinity, and others of private quality, that will contribute much assistance to it." And in another part-" If the state may please to look upon it with favour and encouragement, somewhat may be done to the great service of the Churches of Christ," &c. &c. The state, however, paid no attention to

the petition, and the design of harmonizing the Bible has not hitherto been put into execution.

Dr. Hales, the learned and laborious author of the Analysis of Sacred Chronology, is the last writer by whom this design of Torshel has been brought before the public. After enumerating a variety of works, which have been submitted at different times to the world, to assist the reader of Scripture in his attempts to understand the Sacred Volume, Dr. Hales observes, "We have still to search in vain for a competent history of the Bible; a history which shall be plain and clear, even to the unlearned, and yet concise, correct, and critical; competent 1st. to arrange all the scattered events of Scripture in a regular and lucid chronological and geographical order; 2nd. to trace the connection between the Old and New Testaments throughout, so as to render the whole one uniform and consistent narrative; 3rd. to expound the mysteries, doctrines, and precepts of both, intelligibly, rationally, and faithfully; without adding to, or diminishing from the word of God; and without undue respect to persons, parties, or sects; 4th. to unfold and interpret the whole grand and comprehensive scheme of 'the prophetic argument' from Genesis to Revelation, all admirably linked, and closely connected together, subsisting in the divine mind, before the foundation of the world; and gradually revealed to mankind at sundry times, and divers modes, and degrees, during the Patriarchal, Mosaical, and Christian dispensations, as they were able to bear it; 5th. to solve real difficulties, and reconcile apparent dissonances, resulting from the obscurity of the original text, or from inaccurate translations; 6th. to silence sceptics and heretics, infidels and scoffers, by exposing the weakness and inconclusiveness of their objections and cavils; 7th. to defend the institutions of the primitive Church against schismatics and levellers, and in fine, 8th. to copy as closely as possible the brevity and conciseness, yet simplicity and plainness, of the Such a history of the Bible is altogether a desideratum in Gospel style." the annals of sacred literature.

"Such a plan was partly proposed," (Dr. Hales proceeds to observe,) "many years ago, after" (more properly during) "the grand rebellion, by Samuel Torshel, a preceptor of the royal family of Charles the First, who addressed the Lords and Commons assembled in Parliament on this great and important national concern."

He proposed "to dispose the Bible into a method and harmony, by

transposing the order of the books and chapters, inserting the sacred oracles according to the times they were delivered in, and the Psalms in their places, and on the occasions which they were framed to suit, in such a manner that by the mere force of series and connection, the historical and prophetical parts may reciprocally explain and authenticate each other."

The miscellaneous form of the Sacred Books has been often considered by pious and learned men as one principal cause of those difficulties which have given rise to so many commentaries. The great majority of the readers of Scripture are either unable, or unwilling, to undergo the delightful labour of arranging the scattered events in their unbroken and historical order. Much error has arisen from this neglect. The Scripture is too generally perused in detached passages and chapters only. It is but too frequently considered as a collection of unconnected narratives, promises, warnings, prophecies, and miscellaneous remarks on important and interesting subjects. Hence the most opposite doctrines have been taught, and the most inconsistent inferences drawn; and the Christian world, which ought to profess one faith, as it has but one Scripture, one Lord, and one Baptism, is divided into every possible gradation of opinion, each of which is defended by its advocates from detached and misapplied passages of Scripture.

The inspired writers, though living in so many different ages, writing upon various occasions, without communication with each other, of opposite talents, dispositions, circumstances, and education, confirm and support, throughout, one code and system; the general plan of which does not, in any one instance, appear to have been present to their minds when the various books of the Old Testament were penned. Uninspired authors, although educated on the same plan, of the same age and country, writing with the same object, of the same sect and party, and defending the same system of opinions, will frequently vary in their modes of expression, in their statements of arguments, in their ideas of the subject matter; and will be often found to contradict, either through inadvertence or through the defect of language, the positions of their own partisans: whereas, among the inspired writers, there is no contradiction, no opposition, no diversity of sentiment, in any of the difficult and important subjects upon which they treat. The various passages of the history of the world and Church, contained in their united labours, like the links of a

chain, are so interwoven with each other, that they cannot be separated. The precepts, examples, and doctrines they inculcate are so varied, yet so blended, that they form one complete and perfect system of religious ethics.

Let not the pious Christian feel any conscientious scruples against altering the disposition of the sacred text as contained in our common Bibles, or suppose that this Arrangement is intended to supersede the Authorized Version. The four Gospels, which are equally entitled to our veneration with the Old Testament, have been repeatedly arranged in their supposed historical order, in the form of diatessarons and harmonies; and no opposition has ever yet been made on the part of the English Church to the labours of its exemplary divines, who engaged in these useful works. "No variation in the order of the sacred books (Prideaux observes, Connection, vol. ii. p. 477, 10th edit.) is of any moment. in what order soever the books are placed, they are still the word of God; and no change, in this respect, can make any change in that divine authority which is stamped upon them. And that this is a just view of the question is further evident from two very important facts. First: that, although the Church of Christ has long ago fixed the number of the canonical books, neither the Jewish Church before the advent of Christ. nor the Christian Church since his advent, has pronounced the order of these books to be canonical: and, secondly, that though the Old Testament was edited nearly in its present form, so far as relates to the number only of the books, first by Ezra, and afterwards by the great Sanhedrim, yet the collocation of these books is different in the Hebrew, Syriac, Greek, and Latin versions." The position, therefore, of the books could not have been regarded as a matter of essential importance; and it may be justly concluded that an attempt to arrange them in their chronological order ought not to be condemned as an infringement of the sacred canon. The three principal writers who give any light on the subject of the order of the books of the sacred writings as left by Ezra, are Josephus, Origen, and Jerome.

Josephus gives no catalogue of the sacred books: he merely observes (contra Appion, lib. 1, c. 8,) that the Jews had twenty-two sacred books; five composed by Moses; thirteen of prophetic and historical writings; and four which contain hymns to God, and precepts for the direction of the conduct of men. Here is a plain reference to the three great divi-

sions, the Law, the Prophets, and the Hagiographa: but of the order in which these books were consecutively placed, we have no intimation. Origen, who made the Scriptures the study of his life, has made an arrangement of the books of the Old Testament very different from that in our Bibles: he preserves all the canonical books, but with respect to their order he appears to consider it as a matter of indifference. Hebrews, he remarks, (Origen's Works, Benedictine Edition, vol. ii. p. 529,) have twenty-two books: 1. Genesis, 2. Exodus, 3. Leviticus, 4. Numbers, 5. Deuteronomy, 6. Joshua, 7. Judges and Ruth, 8. The first and second books of Kings, or Samuel, 9. Third and fourth of Kings, 10. The first and second of Chronicles, 11. Ezra, or Ezra and Nehemiah, 12. The book of Psalms, 13. Proverbs, 14. Ecclesiastes, 15. Canticles, 16. Isaiah, 17. Jeremiah, the Lamentations, and the Epistle, 18. Daniel, 19. Ezekiel, 20. Job, 21. Esther. By some strange mistake the twentysecond book, that of the minor prophets, has been omitted. Jerome, who translated and wrote a commentary on the Scriptures, and studied in Judea under the most learned Jews, may be supposed to have exhibited the arrangement which obtained in his time. His catalogue may be found in the Benedictine Edition, vol. i. p. 318. He divides the sacred books into the three usual classes, the Law, the Prophets, and the Hagiographa. In the first are contained 1. Genesis, 2. Exodus, 3. Leviticus, 4. Numbers, 5. Deuteronomy. In the second class, 6. Joshua, 7. Judges and Ruth, 8. First and second of Samuel, 9. First and second of Kings, 10. Isaiah, 11. Jeremiah, 12. Ezekiel, 13. The twelve minor prophets, all in one book. The third class contains, 14. Job, 15. The Psalms, in five books, 16. Proverbs, 17. Ecclesiastes, 18. Canticles, 19. Daniel, 20. First and second of Chronicles, 21. Ezra, divided into two books, 22. Esther. Thus twenty-two books are computed, Moses five, the Prophets eight, the Hagiographa nine.

The copies of the Vulgate differ from each other. In some MSS. of the Vulgate, Job, Psalms, Proverbs, Ecclesiastes, and Canticles, are placed after Malachi. The catalogues of Origen and Jerome are most probably nearest to the Esdrine arrangement; yet as these vary from each other, and we have no means of ascertaining which is the most correct, we have reason to suppose either that the arrangement by Ezra is totally lost, or that in the different copies published in his time, and in that of the great Sanhedrim, the order of the books varied: and as the precise order

has in no Church been so far considered of moment as to be made canonical, it may justly be concluded, that no reasonable objection can be made to a connected arrangement of the Sacred Volume.

Almost every commentator has observed the miscellaneous disposition of the contents of the Old Testament; and has pointed out the historical place of many chapters, and passages. Since the time of Lightfoot, biblical literature has been so much the object of general attention, that it was necessary to consult the labours of many modern divines, as well as of those who immediately preceded them. The union of these authorities, it is hoped, will give additional sanction to the work. Where a difference of opinion has prevailed among these various writers, the arranger has been compelled to decide on the validity of opposing arguments; and at other times from a consideration of the internal evidence, the context, the circumstances, and the primary object of a passage, a psalm, or a prophecy, he has been induced to act upon his own judgment, which has occasionally led him to differ from those authorities, on which he has ever been inclined to place the most dependence.

One material alteration has been made in the manner in which Lightfoot has arranged his Chronicle. On his plan, the Old Testament would
have been read as one unbroken history, without any division into chapters,
or any of those breaks, the omission of which is generally supposed to be
the cause of great weariness to the reader. To obviate this difficulty, and
to endeavour to make the Scripture narrative more attractive, and more
easily remembered, the present Arrangement is divided into Periods,
Parts, and Sections. These several portions it was thought would
render the work more useful and interesting to the unlearned reader, or
to the reader who is not accustomed to devote much uninterrupted time to
the perusal of books. By this means he will be enabled, without burthening his memory, to take up and lay down the Old Testament at his
leisure, as he would any other history or narrative.

The First Period contains the history of the world and the church from the Creation to the Deluge: and includes the first nine chapters of Genesis. As the object of Moses in writing the Pentateuch was the preservation of the Israelites from the contagion of the surrounding idolatry, in the notes are pointed out the several reasons of many of those peculiar phrases, supposed to be directed against the prevailing superstitions of his day. The circumstances of this Period are few, the

narrative brief, and the traditions concerning it, scattered among the heathen, obscure and confused: little is related to enable us to judge of the manners and customs of the Antediluvians: yet sufficient is recorded to show us that the world was the same then as at present; divided between the good and the evil, the sons of God and the sons of men; that the latter so prevailed against the former, that the visible Church was reduced to the limits of a single family, and the world was destroyed, that the Church might be preserved. The principal events related in this Period are the divine institution of sacrifice,—the origin of many of the arts and sciences, and a clear and consistent account of the awful destruction of the world by the Deluge, an event, which, though known by tradition among all nations, and commemorated by rites, customs, festivals, and emblems, was so disguised and perverted, that it required the consistent and simple narration we find in Scripture.

In consequence of the brevity of this period, the transpositions of the text are necessarily few.

The Second Period comprises the history of the time between the dispersion, and the birth of Moses; and includes the remainder of Genesis, the book of Job, and the first chapter of Exodus.

The history of the three great heads of the Jewish nation, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, proceeds without much interruption to the close of the Period. The account of the divisions of mankind into their respective families is placed after the event which caused their dispersion; and the narrative, after thus relating the origin of the principal nations of the Gentile world, goes on to the genealogy of Shem, and the history of the family from which the Messiah was to descend. The inspired historian is contented with merely glancing at the annals of other nations, and hastens on to the immediate object he proposed to himself, the submitting to the sacred family of Abraham the origin and early history of their election as the people of God, and their consequent separation from the rest of the sons of Noah, into a visible Church.

It may excite surprise that the narrative is interrupted by inserting the life of Job in the midst of the brief history of the ancestors of Abraham, given by Moses in pursuance of this plan. The authority for assigning to the Arabian Patriarch an earlier date than Abraham, is given in the note. Wherever this book was inserted, it would have been impossible to

have given general satisfaction. The subject has been much controverted; but after reconsidering the subject, and after perusing the valuable remarks of Dr. A. Clarke, the last commentator who has discussed this point, the Editor is unable to come to any other conclusion. He cannot but consider Job to have been the witness to the truth of the pure religion of God, in an age when even the ancestors of Abraham were infected with the increasing contagion of idolatry.

The chief transpositions in this Period are, the harmonizing those parts of the 25th and 26th chapters which relate the circumstances originating in the same famine, and the inserting in their chronological places the births and deaths of the patriarchs. The Period concludes with the oppression of the Israelites by the Egyptians, before the birth of Moses, related in the first chapter of Exodus.

The Third Period extends from the birth to the death of Moses, and comprises the remainder of Exodus to the conclusion of the Pentateuch. With the exception of the insertion of the institution of the Passover in its required place, little transposition is here necessary till we arrive at the eighth Part, which contains the account of the wanderings in the Wilderness. The several encampments of the Israelites are variously arranged by different writers, according to the names of the places mentioned by Moses. The number of their encampments and marches is reckoned by Dr. Hales, after Bishop Clayton, to have been sixty, including the passage over the river Jordan. The map which he has given in his Analysis, and his accompanying account of the wanderings of the Israelites in the Wilderness, are truly valuable. The learned writer's theory, however, has not been adopted, as it was thought the reader would be more satisfied with a still closer adherence to the Scripture account. The sojourning of the Israelites therefore is arranged according to the itinerary of Moses himself, in the thirty-third chapter of Numbers, who distinctly mentions the forty-two journeyings of his people, in which of course all their encampments and stations are included. This method of relating this part of the Scripture history has occasioned more transposition than in the preceding Periods; but the Scripture is so evidently made to corroborate its own account, that the advantages arising from it appeared to justify its adoption. The miracles, and the events of their wanderings, are recorded in the respective journeyings in which they occurred. The account of the several journeys commences with the verse in which each is briefly mentioned in the thirty-third chapter of Numbers.

The principal events in this Period which require transposition, are the arrival of Jethro at the camp of the Israelites—the thirty-third of Numbers already mentioned—and various passages in Numbers and Deuteronomy. As there were not sufficient data to enable me to decide in what particular encampments the various exhortations of Moses, in the first chapters of Deuteronomy, were respectively delivered, I have referred them to the conclusion of the wanderings of the Israelites, when he certainly addressed to them the greater part of the contents of that book.

The Fourth Period comprises the events from the entrance of the Israelites into the Holy Land, to the death of David. It includes the books of Judges, Joshua, Ruth, the first and second of Samuel, the first book of Chronicles, with the exception of the nine first chapters, which are placed in the last section of the last Period, and the two first chapters of the first book of Kings. It comprises also those Psalms which were probably written by David, and which are inserted in their supposed places, according to the events to which they are believed to refer. The people of God having been delivered from their persecutors in Egypt, having escaped all the attacks of their enemies, and the peril of the Wilderness, at length enter into the Promised Land, and establish the religion of the one true God, in the country which their ancestors had traversed; and which God had sworn to Abraham that his descendants should possess. Though they were so entirely successful at their first occupation of the country, that they obtained possession of the whole land, as Moses had predicted, they failed to execute the commands of God; they spared the lives of the idolatrous inhabitants; they then began to associate with them; to be familiar among them; and, at length, to unite with them in their hateful superstitions and idolatry. For these offences they were severely punished. The surrounding nations were armed with extraordinary power to purify the visible church by oppressing and persecuting it, till it had found, by bitter experience, that God always punishes those who forsake his service. These relapses into negligence and idolatry, with their consequent punishments, were continued till the accession of David to the throne of Israel, after the death of Saul. By him the surrounding enemies of God were subdued, and the visible church advanced to its utmost perfection, purity, and glory. David never fell into idolatry, and the effect of his continued perseverance in, and faithful adherence to, the religion of his fathers, was visible in the extent of his dominions, the abundance of his wealth, the liberality of his people, the universal regard to religion throughout his kingdom, and the magnificent preparations for that temple, which Solomon founded and completed.

The transpositions of passages in this Period are more numerous than those in the second and third. In the book of Joshua, the appearance of the angel to the Hebrew leader is formed into a more connected history. Josh. vi. 1; v. 13, to the end; and vi. 2, to the end. The authority of Bp. Horsley is preferred to that of St. Jerome, respecting the time and place of the reading the law of Moses on Mount Ebal and Gerizim. The passage in which this event is related will be found in Joshua viii. 30, to the end. The Israelites, in the preceding verses of the chapter, are represented as being at Gilgal, which was at a great distance from Mount Gerizim; they had not yet possessed the country, and it is not probable that all the people should suddenly leave the seat of the war in which they were then engaged, and proceed to another part of the country, to do that which might with greater convenience, and greater propriety, be done at a later period. Bishop Horsley supposes, therefore, that the law was read to the people after the conquest of the country, when the land rested from war; and upon his authority the transposition of the passage has been made. St. Jerome supposes, that immediately on entering upon the promised land, the law was read on two smaller mountains, named Ebal and Gerizim, near Jericho; an opinion which, though defended by Epiphanius, does not appear to be sufficiently supported.

The twenty-second of Joshua is also transposed. It records the return of the Reubenites, after the end of the war, the conquest of the country, and the reading of the law on Mount Gerizim. Their return is placed after the latter event, and not, as in the canon, after the division of the country. When their service was fully accomplished, they would, of course, be sent home, as Joshua had promised.

The latter chapters of the book of Judges are well known to relate the events which took place during the interregnum, after the death of Joshua. They are accordingly inserted, in this Arrangement, before the first servitude of the Israelites, under Cushan-Rishathaim.

The story of Ruth, on the authority of Bishop Patrick, is referred to the account of the famine in Israel, on the invasion of the Midianites.

To enable the reader to remember with greater accuracy the history of the Judges, the sections are divided according to the several governments of these magistrates.

In the history of Eli, the Bible chronology is followed, and Eli, Samson, and Samuel, are made contemporaries. The Arranger has adopted, except in a few instances, the Bible chronology throughout this work; because it appeared, after much consideration, preferable to any other system. It is consistent with itself, it is sanctioned by authority, having received that almost infallible stamp of excellence, the test of time, and the most diligent and critical inquiry. Valuable as the Analysis of Dr. Hales undoubtedly is, the Editor could not venture to adopt his dates, and his system, till they had been approved by the same authorities, and confirmed by the same criterion of excellence, which have determined the value, and recommended the Bible chronology.

In arranging the very difficult passages which refer to the youth of David, when he conquered Goliath, and played before Saul, he has been guided by the authority of Bishop Horsley, who seems to have considered the subject with much attention, and he has relied with confidence on his decision.

The chief remaining transpositions in this Period, are the several passages in Samuel and Chronicles, which are necessarily changed, to harmonize the general narrative more completely; and the parallel passages are inserted at the end of the respective sections in which they occur in smaller type, so that the reader may always compare the corresponding accounts of the same events by the writers of the two different books. The events of the life of David are so arranged in sections, that the reader will be able to follow his wanderings on the map, and to peruse his history without difficulty. The appeal of the woman of Tekoa to David is put together on the authority of Bishop Horsley; and the escape of Hadad, inserted parenthetically in 1 Kings x., is assigned to its chronological place. One principal cause of the apparent want of order, in the arrangement of the events recorded in the sacred canon, arises from frequent parentheses; in the same way as the account of the death of John the Baptist is an interruption of the narrative of the Evangelists in the New Testament.

The Fifth Period comprises the reign of Solomon, the era of the highest greatness at which the Jewish kingdom arrived; when the visible church attained its utmost splendour, and the promise to Abraham was accomplished, that the country from the Mediterranean to the Euphrates should be subject to the dominion of Israel. This period includes the first chapters in the first book of Kings, which relate the life of Solomon; the nine first chapters of the second book of the Chronicles, which are harmonized with those from the book of Kings; the Psalms, supposed to have been sung or written at the dedication of the temple; and the books of Canticles, Proverbs, and Ecclesiastes.

The chief difficulty of arranging the events of this Period arose from the miscellaneous manner in which the several circumstances of Solomon's life are narrated by the sacred writers. They are enumerated either as they occurred to the minds of the writers, or as they were compiled or abridged from the public registers of the kingdom. It has been endeavoured so to dispose of them, that the events of the reign of this great king may be read in their probable order. The prayer at the dedication of the temple. which is given at greater length in the book of Chronicles than in the Kings, will be seen in its complete form. The book of Canticles is supposed to have been written when Solomon was a young man, at the time he removed the daughter of Pharaoh to his palace in the forest of Leba-The book of Proverbs is placed after the visit of the queen of Sheba, when the wisdom of Solomon was celebrated throughout the It immediately follows the passage which refers to the number of his proverbs. The proverbs which were found in the temple, and were copied out by the men of Hezekiah, are inserted among the rest, and are not placed in the reign of Hezekiah, as recommended by Torshel, because they are not called the proverbs of the men of Hezekiah, but of Solomon. They were neglected till the reign of Hezekiah, when they were discovered among the archives in the temple, but they cannot chronologically be dated from that time. The book of Ecclesiastes comes after the account of the offence of Solomon. It is generally supposed to have been written as a kind of recantation upon his repentance for his errors, before his death.

The Sixth Period comprises the time from the accession of Rehoboam, to the commencement of the Babylonish captivity. It includes the greater part of the books of Chronicles and Kings, which are harmonized

throughout, with some of the Psalms, and the prophecies of Joel, Isaiah, Hosea, Amos, Jonah, Micah, Obadiah, Nahum, Habakkuk, Zephaniah, part of Jeremiah, and part of the first chapter of Daniel. The several predictions or distinct discourses contained in the respective books of the prophets are given in their historical places; and notes are appended to each, explaining the reasons for the dislocation. The difficulties of arranging this period were very great. The intricacies of the chronology, the double line of the kings of Judah and Israel, with the differences of explanation among the authors who were consulted, presented obstacles which at first sight appeared insuperable. Various modes presented themselves of dividing the double line of kings: one, by placing them in two columns, and attaching the common date in the margin; another, of placing the kings of Israel after those of Judah, as a separate Part; and, that which has been adopted, to divide the history of the kings of Judah into Parts, each chapter containing two Portions: the first giving a history of a king of Judah; the second appropriated to the reign of the contemporary king, or kings of the sister kingdom. This plan was selected because it presented two advantages. It enabled the reader to peruse the history of all the kings of Judah as one connected history, by reading through the first Portion of each Part, and the history of the kings of Israel in the same manner, by perusing the second Portion of each Part; and it enabled him also to pass without interruption to the history of the kings of Israel contemporary with the respective kings of Judah. If the first of the plans mentioned had been adopted, much room would have been lost, in consequence of the number of blank spaces left in the columns devoted to the history of the kings of Israel, the history of these kings being given in the inspired writers within much less compass than the history of the kings of Judah; and the Arrangement had already occupied more pages than was expected. If the second plan had been acted upon, the chronological and historical continuity of the narrative would have been destroyed, and the principal design of the Arrangement consequently defeated.

Although this period occasioned more labour and inquiry than the rest, the authorities for inserting particular passages in their appropriate places were sometimes so equally balanced, that it was almost impossible to decide between the merits of the contending arguments. In such cases, the Arranger is open to the charge of want of judgment from those

from whom he may differ. The compass of the work did not admit the insertion of long discussions; he has been contented, therefore, with submitting to his readers, in the several notes, the arguments which have induced him to place the prophecies and the history in their present order.

The Seventh Period comprises the history of the Babylonish captivity. No historical book in the Old Testament contains a complete narrative of the transactions of the seventy years; they are related in various parts of the prophets Jeremiah, Ezekiel, and Daniel, and in the latter passages of the books of Kings and Chronicles. Much difficulty arose in arranging the several events referred to in this Seventh Period, from the circumstance that the prophecies of Ezekiel were delivered to the Jews in the captivity at Babylon, at the same time that Jeremiah was prephesying at Jerusalem and in Egypt. To prevent any confusion in rightly apprehending this part of the sacred history, the events which took place, and the prophecies which were delivered, at Jerusalem, are placed in a different Part from those at Babylon. The transactions in Egypt, when the Jews who escaped from the captivity fled into that country, after the murder of Gedaliah, and took with them Jeremiah the prophet, are given in a separate Part. The reader will thus be enabled to peruse the account of the affairs of the Jews at Jerusalem, Babylon, and Egypt, without confounding either places or dates. The variety of contending authorities respecting the dates and occasions of the several prophecies of Jeremiah caused some embarrassments: the decision to which the Arranger came is submitted, with the result of the labours of Blayney, Lightfoot, and Taylor, in a tabular form to the reader, who will be able to compare the arguments of the various writers on this subject, and to rectify any error which he may suppose has been made. The many interesting circumstances which took place in the siege of Jerusalem are collected into one narration from Jeremiah, Chronicles, and Kings; and few narratives of sieges or battles, in ancient or modern history, are so full of incident, instruction, and variety. The prophecies of Ezekiel, being for the most part dated by the prophet himself, were arranged with little difficulty. The events at Babylon, after the return of Nebuchadnezzar, and prior to the decree of Cyrus, are chiefly related in the historical chapters of the book of Daniel. The account of the wonderful manner in which these events effected the elevation of Daniel, the restoration of the Jews, and thereby the accomplishment of the prophecies of God, may be justly considered as one of the most interesting and beautiful parts of the Old Testament. The Period ends with the decree of Cyrus, as it is contained in the last chapter of the Chronicles, and the first of Ezra.

The Eighth and last Period comprises the events from the termination of the captivity to the probable close of the canon. It includes, besides, several of the Psalms, the books of Ezra, Nehemiah, and Esther, and the prophecies of Zechariah, Haggai, and Malachi. The arrangement of the events of this period has been chiefly made on the authority of Dean Prideaux, whose history is advocated and adopted by Dr. Hales, Dr. A. Clarke, Bishop Tomline, and many other learned and pious authors. Lightfoot's hypothesis of the arrangement of the events of this period is generally considered as incorrect. The very close connection which subsisted between the Holy Land and Persia, after the restoration of the Jews from their captivity, and the manner in which their adversity and prosperity, as well as their progress in the building of the Temple and city were influenced, or rather affected, by the politics of the court of Persia, rendered it impossible to separate the accounts of the two countries; they are incorporated, therefore, into one history, and the prophecies are placed in their respective situations. The principal dislocated passages included in this period are those of Ezra and part of Nehemiah. The whole book concludes with the nine first chapters of the first of Chronicles, and a passage from Nehemiah; both which were either written by the last editors, or verses in them were interpolated by the last editor, that is, by Simon the Just and the great Sanhedrim, as some expressions in them allude to the times of Alexander the Great. The concluding passage from Nehemiah speaks of Jaddua the high priest, who met Alexander; and mentions also Darius, who was conquered by that sovereign, in terms which seem to imply that Darius lived many years before the time when the passage in question was written; and as Alexander died about 324 B.C., and Simon the Just in 291, these passages are dated a few years before the death of the latter, and assigned to the year 300 B.C.

Thus is the biblical reader presented with a complete history of the World and the Church, from the delivery of the promise to our first parents in obscure terms, till the dawn of the day of the Messiah approached. The light of prophecy gradually became clearer, till the

express testimony of Malachi was given, "the Lord whom ye seek shall suddenly come to his temple."

Such is the brief outline of that Arrangement of the contents of the Old Testament, which is now submitted to the judgment and candour of the Christian world. It is designed only to assist the reader of Scripture in his study of that great scheme of Providence, God revealed by Omnipotence. The visible world, so magnificent and so beautiful, is a temple worthy of God the Creator: the spiritual world, described in the pages of Scripture, is a temple equally worthy of God the Redeemer. Both equally demonstrate the mercy and the love of the same all-wise Providence to the bodies and the souls of man. In the privileges and in the certainty of a covenanted redemption, as in the changes of the seasons, and other blessings of the visible creation, every child of Adam is alike interested: and if the researches of science to promote the happiness of the body, or to illustrate the laws and the harmony of the universe, are regarded with favour, in such a manner it is trusted the present attempt will be received, which is intended to promote the happiness of the soul, and to elucidate the great scheme of Almighty God in the moral government of the world.

Considering the subject in this view, it may be justly said that every class and description of the admirers and readers of Scripture are interested in an Arrangement of its sacred contents.

The unlearned will be more able to comprehend those difficulties of Scripture which originate in an ignorance of the occasion on which a Psalm or Prophecy was written. The passages which seem at first sight to contradict each other will, by harmonizing the several accounts, be clear and consistent; those innumerable false interpretations of single texts, the chief source perhaps of popular theological misapprehension, will be obviated, by fixing that primary meaning which was intended to be conveyed to the mind of the persons to whom the passage was originally addressed.

The learned will find his labours lessened in tracing the meaning of peculiar words, the object of obscure expressions, or the intention and scope of passages which require more particular attention. As the meaning of a sentence is better and sooner apprehended when the preceding and subsequent passages of the context are evident, so, also, will the meaning of the obscure difficulties of the inspired narrative be more

VOL. I.

easily discoverable, if the preceding and subsequent events of the connected history are known.

The divine will of all others be most interested in a work of this nature. In expounding the Scripture to his hearers, the primary meaning of a passage is of the utmost importance. As the books of Scripture were all, in some measure, originally designed to accomplish some temporary object before they were committed as a lasting testimony to the Church of God—the spiritual application of every part of the Old Testament to Christians of the present day will be immediately perceived, when the original application to the circumstances of the ancient church has been satisfactorily ascertained. The lessons appointed for every day in the year will become more interesting, in proportion as they are better understood. The beauty and sublimity of many passages will be made evident, when that part of the history of the dispensations of Providence to which they refer is thus more fully developed.

The attendant on public worship, who has but little time, except on the Sunday, for studying the Scriptures, when his attention is arrested by any passage or expression which appears obscure and difficult, if he has not, on his return home, access to commentaries and more valuable and laborious works, will find an Arrangement of the text of the old Testament solve many difficulties, and supply in some degree the place of a more extensive commentary.

The pious mother of a family, who is anxious to lay the foundation of Christian morality upon Christian principles, and endeavours to make her children acquainted with the wisdom "that maketh wise unto salvation," by engaging their tender minds through the medium of connected annals, will be more able to interest them in the finest volume of all history. Many of the most important parts of the Old Testament are with the utmost difficulty made pleasing to children, who do not, and cannot, at a very early age, perceive the connexion, the consistency, and the harmony, that pervade the whole. While their attention is arrested by the beautiful narratives of the Sacred Volume, they are too often embarrassed and confused by the attempts of the anxious parent to explain the connexion between the parts of that variety of interesting matter which makes the Scripture so attractive as well as useful. The best foundation of a good education is a knowledge of Scripture: and that knowledge will be acquired with delight, if the child becomes interested in the Bible

as a complete history. By such an Arrangement, therefore, the labour of the parent is lessened, and the child is at once interested and improved.

The students of history, it may be justly supposed, will be particularly interested in an Arrangement of the Bible. As the history of the world in general has been called "philosophy teaching by examples," the history of the Bible may be called "religion teaching by examples." Without this inestimable collection of records, there would be no foundation for the ancient history of the world: we should be in utter darkness with respect to the most important questions: we should know nothing of the origin of all things-the cause of the mixture of good and evil-the manner in which man began to be, and continues to be, the being that he is: we should know nothing of the origin of nations, or by what means the world was overspread; we should be still ignorant of the primitive condition of society in the patriarchal ages, before the corruptions of the Postdiluvians had introduced, or perfected, the incongruous and detestable system of idolatry which characterized Egypt, and Greece, and Rome, and the whole Pagan world, and which now disgraces the nations of the East in general, and particularly Hindostan. Events which are only hinted at, or referred to in Scripture, are related at length in history. In the Arrangement of the narrative of Scripture the student of history may read the prophecies that foretold events, and in the events recorded in history he will read the accomplishment of those prophecies. History will thus be the commentary on Scripture and on prophecy; and the influence of religion will be confirmed, while the knowledge of the inquirer is increased. The falsely-called philosophical reader of history, who rejects the notion of a particular Providence in overruling the affairs of men, may imagine he can discover adequate causes for the several changes in dominion and power among the ancient monarchies; but he who looks beyond what are called secondary causes perceives that all these powers in their turn were raised up to protect or to punish the visible Church of God; and that when they had accomplished this object, their pride, their greatness, their pomp, and their glory, were annihilated. The history of the Bible alone acquaints us with the real cause of the origin, the decline, and fall, of all the ancient monarchies; and when that history is arranged in its order, a clear explanation is given to many obscurities of ancient history, to the plans of Providence in the government of the world, and to the pre-disposing causes which led to the various circumstances connected with the history of the Church.

Nor will an Arrangement of the Bible be less useful to the general reader, and to the lover of literature; to that large portion of the community who, though they have no objection to peruse works of instruction, uniformly prefer those which promise amusement only. It never ought to be said that the sacred Scriptures are given for our amusement; but while they abound in the most solemn and important lessons, on the observance or neglect of which both our present and our future happiness depends, it is equally true that the lover of poetry may elevate his mind, and kindle his imagination, in admiring ideas which no other book contains, in language which the epic or dramatic power of Greece itself has neither surpassed nor equalled. The literary beauties of the Scriptures, considering those Scriptures only as specimens of composition, are superior to all that can be selected from the tenderest, the sublimest, the most admired efforts of human genius. Those only are worthy to be placed near them, the authors of which have wandered on the heights of Sion's hill, and visited the flowery brooks beneath.

By an Arrangement of the Bible, the lover of literary excellence will be more able to appreciate these invaluable compositions. The jewels of the temple will be set—the apples of gold will be enclosed in the net-work of silver; the man most indifferent to their spiritual value will learn to admire the harmony and simplicity of the narrative, and the magnificence of the poetry. And when he permits the question to propose itself fairly to his consideration, why this wonderful volume was written? Whence was the more than human intellect thus displayed throughout? then it may be, that the same Holy Spirit of God, which gave eloquence and poetry, as well as purity, holiness, and truth, to his servants, may render the impression, which the answer to such a question would suggest, effectual and permanent.

The infidel and the sceptic, who have thoughtlessly or wilfully rejected Revelation, because in truth they have never submitted to the labour of exploring and examining its evidences, may perceive in an Arrangement of the contents of the Old Testament, the most incontrovertible demonstration of the Bible's authenticity, its genuineness, and inspiration.

The absurdities of the deistical Creed are so great, that the wildest

reveries of the most unbridled enthusiasm are sober common sense when compared to them; and the arguments in favour of the Scriptures are so complete and satisfactory, that no additional reasoning can be expected to influence those who have disregarded them: yet a powerful and a novel corroboration of those arguments is afforded by the wonderful harmony which pervades this miscellaneous collection of writings, called the Old Testament. Lord Bacon has observed with equal force and truth, that "The harmony of a science, supporting each part the other, is, and ought to be, the true and brief confutation and suppression of all the smaller sorts of objections." And the remark will apply to the Arrangement of the Bible. The contents of this book were written at different times: the various writers were unknown to each other. Like the writers of the New Testament, the greater part of them were exposed to suffering and persecution on account of their doctrine; the times in which they wrote were remote from each other; their compositions were delivered to the people, and were preserved by the priests in their unconnected form. One primary object was principally intended by each writer, and by every paragraph; yet all these miscellaneous compositions, when they are put together, are found to contain a perfect history, confirmed by the testimony of all other authenticated histories. The researches of the learned and the enterprising have alike contributed to demonstrate the truth of the narrative, which is so wonderfully complete in itself, that ingenuity has been in vain engaged for two thousand years, in attempting to discover some imposition, or to overthrow one recorded fact. The history, therefore, contained in the Bible, is true, and the system of infidelity is consequently false, or all the writers of the Old Testament without exception were impostors, or dupes, and every history of ancient nations is not to be credited, or, what is still more difficult to suppose, all ancient history is uniformly falsified in those particulars which corroborate the sacred Scriptures. These and many similar absurdities unavoidably consequent on any deistical scheme it is needless to confute; and these absurdities, the mere statement of which form their immediate refutation, are made more glaring by perusing the Scripture narrative, in the form of an Arrangement of the sacred text.

The pious and humble Christian, as a member of the Universal Church, cannot but be interested in that portion of sacred history which is related in the Old Testament; and in perusing it in its historical form, he will be

able to perceive more clearly the developement of the plans of Providence. He will there discover in what manner events apparently unconnected all tend in a greater or less degree to the fulfilment of some wonderful events which were previously foretold, but which at the time when these results were delivered appeared impossible to be brought about;—he will perceive that all the circumstances recorded in the Scripture tend to one end, with as much regularity as the incidents in a regular drama bring about the catastrophe. He will see them combine in one purpose, prove one point, develope one mighty scheme, which was planned in the councils of Omnipotence, gradually revealed to mankind, and is still in progress among mankind;—he will perceive that the scheme of prophecy has been in a great measure surely accomplished, and will be more and more convinced that the remaining prophecies shall be all fulfilled; he will hail the day when the curse shall be removed, the house of Israel restored, and the reign of universal righteousness commence: he will learn to apply to himself the doctrine of a peculiar Providence: he will see that though prophecy and miracle have in one sense been discontinued, though the canon of the Scripture be closed, yet the gradual fulfilment of the prophecies it contains may be regarded as a perpetual miracle, appealing to the hearts and to the consciences of all the generations of mankind. same unchangeable God still governs the world and the Church, and orders the events that occur to both according to the purposes of his own will. HE rules over the least as well as the greatest events; and as the beauty of a flower, and the mechanism of an insect, declare the universality of his Providence as loudly and as plainly as the sun in the heavens, or the moon walking in her brightness; so does the declaration of his own immutable Scripture, that not a sparrow falls unpermitted to the ground, convince the Christian who views the stupendous events recorded in his Bible, that he too is not, and cannot be, unnoticed nor neglected in the government of the universe. Happy is he, who, having a hope full of immortality, through Him who has become the propitiation for the sins of man, reads his own lot in the conduct of God towards his Church, and resigned, and contented with the present, rejoices in the prospect of the future.

In this edition, which has been carefully corrected, the marginal references, and various readings, are given. And, in order to render this Arrangement still more extensively useful, the whole has been divided into

Sections, in such a manner, that, by reading one Section daily, the Old Testament (with the exception of the Genealogical Tables, some parts of the Levitical law, and a few other passages) may be read through once in a year. The Tables of Sections, which have been formed chiefly for the USE OF FAMILIES, will be found in the annexed Calendar, which is constructed on the same plan with that prefixed to the Book of Common Prayer, in which the reader is referred to the portion of Scripture appointed for every day throughout the year.

TABLE

OF

PORTIONS FOR DAILY READING.

	JANUARY.				FEBRUARY (continued).	
Day	•	Vol.	Pa.	Day		Vol. Pa.
l	Genesis i. ii. 4, to end	i.	3	3 ້	Genesis xxviii, xxix. 1-20	i. 100
2	Genesis ii. 1, 2, 3; iii. iv. 1—16	i.	6	4	Genesis xxxi. 1, 2, 3. and 17, to	
3	Genesis vi. vii	i.]]		the end	i. 105
4	Genesis viii. ix. 1-17; xi. 1-9	i.	14	5	Genesis xxxii. xxxiii. 1-17	i. 108
5	Job i. ii. iii	i.	23	6	Genesis xxxiii. 18, to the end; and	
6	Job iv. v	i.	27		xxxv. 1—27	i. 110
7	Job vi. vii	i.	29	7	Genesis xxxvii. xxxix. 1—6	i. 116
8	Job viii. ix	i.	31	8	Genesis xl	i. 120
9	Job x. xi	i.	34	9	Genesis xli. 1—45	i. 122
10	Job xii. xiii	i.	36	10	Genesis xli. 46, to the end; xlii	i. 124
11	Job xiv. xv	i.	38	11	Genesis xliii	i. 127
12	Job xvi. xvii	i.	41	12	Genesis xliv	i. 128
13	Job xviii. xix	i.	43	13	Genesis xlv. xlvi. 1-7, and 26, to	
14	Job xx. xxi	i.	45		the end	i. 130
15	Job xxii. xxiii	i.	48	14	Genesis xlvii	i. 133
16	Job xxiv. xxv. xxvi	i.	50	15	Genesis xlviii, and xlix	i. 135
17	Job xxvii. xxviii	i.	53	16	Genesis l	i. 138
18	Job xxix. xxx	i.	55	17	Exodus i	i. 140
19	Job xxxi	i.	57	18	Exodus ii. and Psalm lxxxviii	i. 145
20	Job xxxii. xxxiii	i.	59	19	Exodus iii. iv. 1—28	i. 147
21	Job xxxiv. xxxv	i.	62	20	Exodus iv. 29, to the end; v. vi.	
22	Job xxxvi. xxxvii	i.	64		1—13	i. 151
23	Job xxxviii	i.	67	21	Exodus vii. viii. 1—15	i. 154
24	Job xxxix, xl	i.	68	22	Exodus viii. 16, to the end; ix	i. 157
25	Job xli. xlii	i.	71	23	Exodus x. 1—20	i. 160
26	Genesis xi. 27, to end; xii. xiii	i.	74	24	Exodus xii. 1—20; x. 21—27; xi.	
27	Genesis xiv. xv	i.	77		1-8; x. 28, 29. and xi. 9, 10	i. 162
28	Genesis xvi. xvii	i.	79	25	Exodus xii. 21-42; Numb. xxxiii.	
29	Genesis xviii. xxi	i.	81		1-5; Exod. xii. 37, 38, 39. and	
30	Genesis xxii. 1—19. xxiii	i.	88		43, to the end; xiii. 1—19	i. 165
31	Genesis xxiv	i.	90	26	Numbers xxxiii. 6; Exodus xiii. 20,	
					to the end; Numbers xxxiii. 7;	
					Exodus xiv. 1—18	i. 169
	FEBRUARY.			27	Numbers xxxiii. 8; Exodus xiv. 19,	
					to end; xv. 1—21	i. 171
	Genesis xxv. 19-28. 7-10, 11;			28	Exodus xv. 22-26; Numb. xxxiii.	
	xxv. 29, to the end; Gen. xxvi.				9; Exod. xv. 27; Numb. xxxiii.	
	1-6, and 12, to the end; and				10, 11; Exodus xvi	i. 174
	Gen. xx. 17, 18	i.		29	Numbers xxxiii. 12, 13, 14; Exod.	
	Genesis xxvii.	i.	98		xvii.; Numbers xxxiii. 15	i. 177

	MARCH.		1		APRIL (continued).		
Day			. Pa.	Day	·	Vol.	
1	Exodus xix. xx	i.	178	14	Judges viii. ix. 1—21		470
2	Exodus xxiii. xxiv	i.	184	15	Judges ix. 22, to the end; x. 1-5	i.	473
3	Exodus xxxi. 12, to end; xxxii	i.	199	16	Judges x. 6, to the end; xi	i.	475
4	Exodus xxxiii. xxxiv	i.	202	17	Judges xii. xiii	i.	479
5	Numbers x. 1-10; ix. 15, to end;			18	1 Samuel i. ii	i.	481
	Exod. xviii. 1—26	i.	284	19	1 Sam. iii.; Judges xiv. xv. 1-19;		
6	Numbers xxxiii. 16; x. 11-32;		- 1		1 Sam. ii. 22, to the end	i.	485
	Exod. xviii. 27; Numbers x. 33,		- 1	20	Judges xvi.; 1 Sam. iv	i.	490
	to end	i.	286	21	1 Samuel v. vi. vii	" i.	493
7	Numb. xi. xxxiii. 17; xii. 1—15	i.	228	22	1 Samuel viii. ix	i.	497
8	Numb. xxxiii. 18; xii. 16; xiii	i.	291	23	1 Samuel x. xi	i.	500
9	Numbers xiv.; Psalm xc	i.	293	24	1 Samuel xii. xiii	i.	503
10	Numbers xvi	i.	298	25	1 Samuel xiv	i.	506
11	Numbers xvii. xx. 1-21; xxxiii.			26	1 Samuel xv. xvi. 1—13	i.	509
	40; xxi. 1, 2, 3; xxxiii. 37; xx.			27	1 Samuel xvii	i.	512
	22-28	i.	301	28	1 Samuel xviii. 1-4; Psalm ix.;		
12	Numbers xxxiii. 38, 39; xx. 29;				1 Sam. xviii. 5-9; xvi. 14, to		
	xxxiii. 41; xxi. 4-9; xxxiii. 42,				the end	i.	516
	46; xxi. 12-17; xxi. 21, to end	i.	309	29	I Samuel xviii. 10, to the end; xix.		
13	Numbers xxii	i.	312		1, 2, 3; Psalm xi.; 1 Sam. xix.		
14	Numbers xxiii. xxiv. xxxiii. 49	i.	315		4—17; Psalm lix	i.	518
15	Numbers xxxi		329	30	1 Sam. xix. 18, to the end; xx	i.	522
16	Numbers xxxii. xxxiii. 50, to end .		331				
17	Numbers xxxv		335		MAY.		
18	Deuteronomy i. ii. l		337	1			
19	Deuteronomy ii. 2, to end; iii		340	1	1 Samuel xxi.; Psalm lvi. xxxiv	i.	525
20	Deuteronomy iv.		343	2	1 Sam. xxii. part of ver. 1; Psal.		
21	Deuteronomy v. vi.		346	l	cxlii.; 1 Sam. xx. part of ver. 1,		
22	Deuteronomy vii. viii		349	1	and 2; 1 Chron. xii. ver. 8-18;		
23	Deuteronomy ix. x		352		2 Sam. xxiii. I3-17; 1 Samuel		
24	Deuteronomy xi. xii		355		xxii. 3—19; Psalm lii	i.	528
25	Deuteronomy xiii. xv. xvi. xvii. 1		359	3	Psalm cix. xvii. cxl	i.	532
26	Deuteronomy xviii. 15, to end; xix.		0.05	4	Psalm xxxv. lxiv.; 1 Samuel xxiii.		
·37	XX		367		ver. 1; 1 Samuel xxii. 20, to the		
27 28	Deuteronomy xxvi. xxvii. xxviii		377		end; I Sam. xxiii. 6; I Samuel		
20	Deuteronomy xxix. xxx.; Numbers		2Ω.1	İ	xxiii. 2—5, 7—12	i.	535
29	Numbers xxvii. 12, to end; Deut.		. 384	5	Psalm xxxi.; 1 Sam. xxiii. 13-23;		
20	xxxi. 1—21. & 23—29		387	١	Psalm liv.	i.	539
30	Deuteronomy xxxi. 23. 29. xxxii		390	6	1 Samuel xxiii. ver. 24, to the end;		
31	Deuteronomy xxxiii. xxxiv		393	1	l Samuel xxiv.; Psalm lvii. lviii.		
	zerozonomy manna manta ((())	•		1 _	lxiii.		541
				7	l Samuel xxv.	1.	545
	APRIL.			8	1 Samuel xxvi.; 1 Samuel xxvii. 1;		
	111 101334			l	Psalm cxli.; 1 Sam. xxvii 2—7;		
1	Joshua i. 1-9.; ii. i. 10, to the end	:	. 399	1	1 Chron. xii. 1—7; 1 Sam. xxvii.		5.10
2	Joshua iii. iv. v. 1—12		. 399 . 403	9	ver. 8, to the end	1.	548
$\tilde{3}$	Joshua vi. 1; v. 13, to the end: vi.		400	"	19-22; 1 Sam. xxx. 1-10	;	552
••	2, to the end; vii		408	10	1 Samuel xxx. ver. 11, to the end;	••	002
4	Joshua viii. 1—29; ix		412	1	xxxi.; 1 Chron. x. 13, 14; 2		
5	Joshua x. xi		415		Samuel i	i.	555
6	Joshua viii. 30, to the end; xxii.			11	2 Sam. ii.; 2 Sam. iii. 1, 6, 17, to	••	000
	xii. 1—6		. 420	1	the end	i.	560
7	Joshua xiv. 1-5; xviii. 1-10;			12	2 Sam. iv. v. 1, 2, 3; 1 Chron. xiii.		
-	xix. 49, to end; xx. xxiii. xxiv		425		1-4; Psalm cxxxix	j.	564
8	Judges i. ii. 1—13; xvii. xviii		. 441	13	2 Samuel vi. 1-11; Psalm lxviii;		_
9	Judges iii. 5, to the end; iv	i	455		1 Chron. xv. 1, 2, 11-14; Psal.		
10	Judges v. vi. 1—6	i	. 458		cxxxii	i.	572
11	Ruth i. ii.		. 460		1 Chron. xv. 25, to the end; 1 Chron.		
12	Ruth iii. iv. 1-17		. 463		xvi. $1-4$. and 7, to the end;		
13	Judges vi. 7. to the end: vii.	i	466	1	Psalm ev		577

	MAY (continued).		1	JUNE (continued).
May		Vol. Pa.	Day	Vol. Pa.
15	Psalm xcvi. cvi	i. 581	17	1 Kings xi. 21, 22; 1 Kings v. 1-
16	2 Samuel vii.; 1 Chron. xvii	i. 585	l	12; 2 Chron. ii. 3—16; 1 Kings
17	Psalm ii. xlv. xxii	i. 589		v. 13, to end ; 2 Chron. ii. 17, 18 ;
18	Psalm xvi. cxviii. cx	i. 592	1	1 Kings i. 39, to end; 1 Kings
19	2 Sam. viii. 1-12; 1 Chron. xviii.			iii. 1, 2 ii. 7
	12; 2 Samuel viii. 14, to end;		18	2 Chron. iii. 1; 1 Kings iv. i.; 2
	1 Kings xi. 15-20; Psalm lx.		1	Chron. iii. 2 ii. 12
	cviii.	i. 594	19	2 Chron. vi. 1-39; 1 Kings viii.
20	2 Samuel ix. x.; Psalm xx. xxi	i. 598		50-61; 2 Chron. vi. 40, to end;
21	2 Sam. xii. 1—14; Psalm li. xxxii.	i. 604	1	2 Chron. vii. 1, 2, 3, and 8-10 ii. 20
22	Psalm xxxiii. ciii	i. 60 7	20	Psalm xlvii. xcvii. xcviii. xcix. c ii. 25
23	2 Sam. xii. 15-23; 1 Chron. xx. 1;		21	Psalm cxxxv. cxxxvi ii. 27
	2 Sam. xii. 26, to end; xiii. 23,		22	1 Kings vii. 1—12; 2 Chron. vii. 11,
	to end; xiv. 1-7, 15, 16, 17,		1	to end; 1 Kings ix. 10-14; 2
	8—14, 18—24			Chron. viii. 1—11; 1 Kings ix.
24	2 Sam. xiv. 25, to end; xv. 1-29;		1	24 ii. 32
	Psalm iii	i. 614	23	1 Kings ix. 15, 16; 2 Chron. viii.
25	2 Samuel xvi. 1-14; Psalm vii.			12-16; 1 Kings ix. 25, to end;
	2 Sam. xvi. 15, to end	i. 617	1	2 Chron. viii. 17; 1 Kings x. 14,
26	2 Samuel xvii.; Psalm xlii		1	to end; 1 Kings iv. 26, 27, 28,
27	Psalm xliii. lv. iv.	i. 623	1	24; x. 1—13; iv. 29—31, 33,
28	Psalm v. lxii. cxliii. cxliv	i. 625		32 ii. 41
29	Psalm lxx. lxxi	i. 628	. 1	Proverbs i. ii
30	2 Samuel xviii	i. 630		Proverbs iii. iv ii. 49
31	2 Samuel xix. 1-30	i. 632		Proverbs v. vi ii. 51
			27	Proverbs vii. 1—4; viii ii. 54
			28	Proverbs ix. x ii. 57
	******		29	Proverbs xi. xii
	JUNE.		30	Proverbs xiii. xiv ii. 62
1	2 Sam. xix. 31, to end; 2 Sam. xx 1, 2, 3, 4, to end; xxi. 1—14	i. 634	1	JULY.
2	2 Samuel xxi. 15, to end; xxii		1	00111
3	Psalm xviii.		1	
4	2 Sam. xxiv. 1-19; 1 Chron. xxi		١.	Proverbs xv. xvi
	6, 7; xxvii. 23, 24; 2 Sam. xxiv		1	
	10—15; 1 Chron. xxi. 15, 16		$\begin{vmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{vmatrix}$	Proverbs xvii. xviii
	2 Sam. xxiv. 17; 1 Chron. xxi			Proverbs xxi. xxii. to ver. 16 ii. 72
E	17, to end; Psalm xxx		1	Proverbs xxii. 17, to end; xxiii ii. 74
5 6	1 Kings i. 32, to end; 1 Chron		6	Proverbs xxiv
U	xxiii. 1; 1 Chron. xxviii. 1—10		7	Proverbs xxv. xxvi ii. 78
	Psalm xci			Proverbs xxvii. xxviii ii. 80
7	Psalm cxlv. xl. xli			Proverbs xxix. xxx. to ver. 9 ii. 83
8	Psalm lxi. lxv. lxix			Proverbs xxx. 10, to end; xxxi ii. 85
9	Psalm lxxviii		1	1 Kings xi. to ver. 40 ii. 87
10	Psalm vi. viii. xii. xix. xxiii		12	Ecclesiastes i. ii ii. 89
11	Psalm xxiv. xxviii. xxix. xxxviii	. i. 673	3 13	Ecclesiastes iii. iv ii. 94
12	Psalm xxxix. lxxxvi. xcv. ci	i. 670	14	Ecclesiastes v. vi ii. 96
13	Psalm civ. cxx. cxxi			Ecclesiastes vii. viii ii. 98
14	Psalm cxxii. exxiv. exxxii. exxxiii.		16	Ecclesiastes ix. x ii. 100
	1 Chron. xxix 1—19		17	Ecclesiastes xi. xii.; 1 Kings xi. 41,
15	Psalm lxxii.; I Chron. xxix 20, 26		١	42, 43; 2 Chron. ix. 29, 30, 31 ii. 103
	l Kings ii. 1-9; 2 Sam. xxii		18	1 Kings xiv. 21; xii. 1—24; 2
	1-7; 1 Chron. xxix. 26, to end		.1	Chron. xi. 5, 13, to end; xii. 1;
	1 Kings ii. 10, 11	. i. 68	1	1 Kings xiv. 22, 23, 24; 2 Chron.
16	1 Kings ii. 12; 2 Chron. i. 1;	l	1	xii. 2, to end
	Kings iii. 3; 2 Chron. i. 2-6	;	19	i itingo am ao, a
	1 Kings iii. 5—28; 1 Chron.		20	2 Chron. xiii. 1-21; 1 Kings xv. 3-8; 2 Chron. xiii. 22 ii. 117
	13; 1 Kings ii. 13 -38	. 11.	3	J-0; Z OHOLLAIL ZZ II. 11

	JULY (continued).		!	AUGUST (continued).		
Day		ol. Pa.	Day		Vol	. Pa.
21	2 Chron. xiv. 1; 1 Kings xv. 9, 10,		8	Joel ii. iii.	ii.	190
	11; 2 Chron. xiv. 1, 2, 3; 1 Kings		9	2 Chron. xxvi. 16-21; Isa. i. 1;		
	xv. 13, 14, 15; 2 Chron. xiv. 4,			vi. 11	ii.	193
	to end; 2 Chron. xv. 1-15. 18,		10	Isaiah iii. iv. v.; 2 Chron. xxvi. 22,		
	19; 1 Kings xv. 16-22	ii. 120		23	ii.	196
22	2 Chron. xvi. 7, to end; 1 Kings		11	2 Kings xiv. 25, 26, 27; Hosea i.		
	xiv. xv. 25—31, 32, to end; xvi.		1	ii. iii. ; Amos i	ii.	201
		ii. 123	12	Amos ii. iii. iv	ii.	206
23	1 Kings xvi. 23, to end; xxii. 41-		13	Amos v. vi. vii. 1-9	ii.	209
	44. 46, 47; 2 Chron. xvii. 2, to		14	Jonah i. ii. iii. iv	ii.	212
	end; xviii. $1, 2$; xix. $1-7$; Psal.		15	2 Kings xiv. 28; Amos vii. 10, to		
		ii. 128		end; viii. ix.; 1 Kings xvi. 29;		
24	2 Chron. xix. 8, to end; xx. 1—26;			Hosea iv	ii.	216
		ii. 131	16	2 Kings xv. 8—12, 13, 14, 15, 16		
25	2 Chron. xx. 27-30. 35, to end; 1			-22, 23-26. 32; 2 Chr. xxvii.		
	Kings xxii. 49; 2 Kings viii. 16;			1, 2; 2 Kings xv. 35; Micah i. ii.;		
	2 Chron. xx. 31—34; 2 Kings			2 Chron. xvii.; 2 Kings xv. 37	11.	220
	xxii. 45, 50; 1 Kings xvii		17	2 Kings xv. 27, 28, 29; xvi. 14,		
26	1 Kings xviii	11. 137		5; Isaiah vii. viii	11.	226
27	1 Kings xix. xx. 1—25		18	Isaiah ix. x. 1-4; xvii.; 2 Chron.		201
28	1 Kings xx. 26, to end; xxi		10	4—19		231
29 30		ii. 146	19	Obadiah; Isaiah i. 2, to end		235
.00	1 Kings xxii. 21, to end; 2 Kings i. iii. 1—5; ii	S 140	20	2 Kings xvi. 6—9; Isaiah xxviii	11.	239
31	2 Kings iii. 6, to end; iv		21	2 Chron. xxviii. 20—23; 2 Kings		
***1	Z Kings in. o, to ena, iv	11. 104		xvi. 10—18; 2 Chron. xxviii.		
				24, 25; Hosea v. vi.; 2 Chron. xxviii. 26, 27; Isa. xiv. 28, to end	::	941
	AUGUST.		22	2 Kings xv. 30, 31; xvii. 1, 2; xviii.	11.	441
			44	1-6; 2 Chron. xix. 3, to end	;;	945
1		ii 158	23	2 Chron. xxx. xxxi		249
2	2 Chron. xxi. 1. 5, 6, 7. 2, 3, 4. 11		24	Isaiah xv. xvi.; Micah iii. iv		
	-15. 8, 9, 10. 16, to end; 2		25	Micah v. vi. vii.; 2 Kgs. xviii. 7, 8		
	Kings viii. 23, 24; vi. 24, to end;		26	Isaiah xviii. xix		260
		ii. 161	27	Nahum i. ii. iii.		265
3	2 Kings viii. 1—6. 25; 2 Chron.		28	Isaiah xxiii. x. 5, to end		
	xxii. 1—7; 2 Kings ix. 1; 2		29	Isaiah xi. xii. xiii. xiv. 1—27		
	Chron. xxii. 8, 9; 2 Kings ix. 27,		30	Isaiah xxiv. xxv. xxvi		
	28; 2 Chron. xxii. 9; 2 Kings viii. 7—15; ix. 1—13. 14—26.		31	lsaiah xxvii. xxii. 1-14; xxi		
		ii. 166		,		
A	2 Kings x. 1—11, 12, 13, 14, 15—	11. 100				
•	28; 2 Chron. xxii. 10, 11, 12;			SEPTEMBER.		
	xxiv. 7—11; xxiii. 1—15 i	ii. 172				
5	2 Kings x. 29; xi. 21; xii. 1, 2, 3;		1	2 Chron. xxxii. 1-8; 2 Kings xviii.		
	2 Chron. xxiii. 16, to end; xxiv.		_	13-16; Isaiah xx. xxix	ii.	284
	4, 5; 2 Kings xii. 4. 7; 2 Chron.		2	Isaiah xxx. xxxi		28 8
	xxiv. 6; 2 Kings xii. 7-14; 2		3	2 Chron. xxxii. 24, 25, 26; 2 Kings		
	Chron. xxiv. 12. 15; 2 Kings			xx. 1-11; Isaiah xxxii. xxxiii.	ii.	291
	xii. 15, 16, 17, 18; 2 Chro. xxiv.		4	Isaiah xxxiv. xxxv. xxxviii. 9-20;		
	15-26; 2 Kings xii. 20, 21; 2			2 Kings xx. 12—19	ii.	295
	Chron. xxiv. 27; 2 Kings xii. 19	ii. 176	5	2 Chronicles xxxii. 9-23; 2 Kings		
6	2 Kings x. 30, to end; xiii. 1-9,			xviii. 17, to end; xix. 1-7		298
	10. and 14-21; xiv. 1-6; 2		6	Psalm xliv.; 2 Kings xix. 8—19		
	Chron. xxv. 5-11; 2 Kings xiv.		7	Psalm lxxiii.; 2 Kings xix. 20-35	ii.	303
	7; 2 Chro. xxv. 5-11; 2 Kings		8	Psalm lxxv. lxxvi.; 2 Kings xix. 36,		
	xiv. 7; 2 Chron. xxv. 12-16;			37; Isaiah xl		306
	2 Kings xiv. 8—14: 2 Chr. xxv.		.9	Isaiah xli. xlii		
_		ii. 181	10	Isaiah xliii. xliv		
7	2 Kings xiii. 22, to end; 11, 12, 13.		11	Isaiah xlv. xlvi. xlvii		
	xiv. 15, 16, 23, 24; 2 Chr. xxvi.		12	Isaiah xlviii. xlix		
	1-4; 2 Kings xv. 1; 2 Chron. xxiv. 5-15; Joel i	ii. 186	13	Isaiah I li. lii. 1—12		
	AAIY. U''' AU' BUELL	00	14	ionian in. 144. IU COU : III?, IIV. IV	11.	()ئەدە

TABLE OF PORTIONS FOR DAILY READING. xxix

	SEPTEMBER (continued).		1		OCTOBER (continued).		
Day.		ol.	. Pa.	Day		Vol.	
15	Isaiah lvi. lvii. lviii i			22	Jeremiah xxxii. 26, to end; xxxiii.	ii. 4	174
16	abuluit interest			23	Jer. xxxvii. 5; xlvii. xxxvii. 6—10;		
17			338		xxxiv. 11, to end; xxxvii. 11, to		
18		ii.	342		end; xxi	ii. 4	177
l9	2 Chron. xxxii. 27, to end; 2 Kings		0.40	24	Jer. xxxviii. xxxix. 15, to end; lii.		
			346		5, 6; xxxix. 3; lii. 7—11; xxxix.		400
20		n.	353	05	11—14; lii. 24—27	ii.	182
21	Hosea xiii. xiv.; 2 Kings xvii 5—	••	950	25	Jer. lii. 12, 13, 14. 17—23. 15, 16;	::	405
	20,	11.	356	26	xxxix. 10; Psalm lxxix. lxxiv Psalm lxxxiii. xciv		
22	2 Kings xxi. 1—16; Isa. xxii. 15,		1	27	Lamentations i. ii		
	to end; 2 Chron. xxxiii. 11—20;	::	359	28	Lamentations iii		
20	2 Kings xxi. 17, 18	11.	303	29	Lamentations iv. v.		
23	to end; xxii. 1, 2; 2 Chr. xxxiv.			30	Daniel i. 8, to end; Ezekiel i. ii		
	3-7	ii.	263	31	Ezekiel iii. iv.		
24			365				
2 4 25			372				
26	Zephaniah ii. iii. ; 2 Kings xxiii. 4		-,-		NOVEMBER.		
20		ii.	376				
27	2 Chron. xxxv. 1-19; Jeremiah			1	Ezekiel v. vi. vii	ii.	510
-,	iii. 6, to end	ii.	380	2	Ezekiel viii. ix. x		514
28	Jeremiah iv	ii.	383	3	Ezekiel xi. xii	ii.	518
29	Jeremiah v	ii.	385	4	Ezekiel xiii. xiv. xv	ii.	522
30	Jeremiah vi.; Habakkuk i	ij.	387	5	Ezekiel xvi	ii.	526
				6	Ezekiel xvii. xviii		
				7	Ezekiel xix. xx	11.	533
	OCTOBER.			8	Ezekiel xxi.	11.	
				9	Ezekiel xxii	;;	540 542
1	Habakkuk ii. iii	ii.	391	10	Ezekiel xxiii	ii.	545
2			393	11	Ezekiel xxix. 1—16; xxx. 20, to		0 10
3		11.	3 98	12	end; xxxi		547
4	Jer. xi. xii.; 2 Chr. xxxv. 20-24;			13	2 Kings xxv. 23-26. 22; Jer. xl.		•
	2 Kings xxiii. 25, 26, 27; 2 Chron.	;;	401		xli	ii.	552
5	xxxv. 25, to end	•••		14	Jeremiah xlii. xliii. xlvi. 13, to end		
Ð	31-35, 36, 37; Jeremiah xiii.	ii.	406	15	Jeremiah xliv. lii. 28, 29, 30	ii.	559
6	Jeremiah xiv. xv		410	16	Ezekiel xxxiii. 21, to end; xxv. xxvi.	11.	562
7	Jeremiah xvi. xvii	ji.	. 413	17	Ezekiel xxvii.		
8	Jeremiah xviii. xix	ii.	. 416	18	Ezekiel xxviii. xxxii		569 573
9	Jeremiah xx. xxii. 1-23		. 496		Ezekiel xxxiii. 1—20; xxxiv		577
10	Jeremiah xxvi. xlvi. 1—12; xxxv.	ii.	. 500	20 21	Ezekiel xxxv. xxxvi Ezekiel xxxvii. xxxviii		
11	Jer. xxv. xxxvi. 1—8; xlv.; 2 Kings			22	Ezekiel xxxix	ii.	585
	xxiv. 1; 2 Chron. xxxvi. 6, 7;		505	00	Daniel ii	ji.	607
		11.	. 505	24	Daniel iii	ii.	615
12	Jer. xxxvi. 9, to end; 2 Kings xxiv.			25	Daniel iv.; Jeremiah lii. 31, to end	l ii.	617
	1, 2; 2 Chron. xxxvi. 5; 2 Kgs. xxiv. 5; 2 Chron. xxxvi. 8; 2			26	Daniel vii	ii.	621
	Kings xxiv. 6—9; Jer. xxii. 24,			27	Psalm exxxvii. exxx. lxxx. lxxvii.	. ii.	624
	to end	ii	. 435	28	Psalm xxxvii. lxvii	. 11.	627
13	Jer. xxiii.; 2 Kings xxiv. 10-16;			29	Psalm xlix. liii. l.		
	2 Chron. xxxvi. 9, 10	ii	. 440	30	Psalm x. xiii. xiv. xv. xxv	. 11.	052
14	Jer. lii. 1, 2, 3; xxiv. xxix	ii	. 444				
15	Jeremiah xxx. xxxi	ii	. 447		DECEMBER.		
16	Jeremiah xxvii. xxviii		. 453		Duominini.		
17	Jeremiah xlviii		. 456	1 -	Psalm xxvi. xxvii. xxxvi	. ;;	635
18			. 459 462		Psalm Ixxxix. xcii. xciii. cxxiii		637
19	Jeremiah li		. 462 . 465			ii.	641
20 21	2 Chron. xxxvi. 11-21; 2 Kings		. 400	4	Daniel ix.; Psalm cii		647
21	xxv. 1, 2; Jer. xxxix. 1; xxxvii.			5	Daniel vi.; Ezra i. 1-4; Psaln		•
	1-4; xxxiv. 1-10; xxxii. to 25	ii	. 469	1	cxxvi. lxxxv	. ii.	651

	DECEMBER (continued.)			1	DECEMBER (continued).		
Day	•	Vo	l. Pa.	Day		Vol	. Pa.
	Ezra i. 5, to the end; iii. 1-7;			17	Ezra iv. 6-23; Esther i. ii. 1-14	ii.	702
	Psalm cvii	ii.	659	18	Ezra vii. viii. 21, to end; Esther ii.		
7	Psalm lxxxvii. cxi. cii. cxiii. cxiv	ii.	666		15-20	ii.	707
8	Psalm cxvi. cxvii. cxxv. cxxvii.			19	Ezra ix. x. 1-17; Zechariah ix	ii.	712
	exxviii. exxxiv	ii.	669	20	Zechariah x. to xiii	ii.	719
9	Ezra iii. 8, to end; Psalm lxxxiv.			21	Zechariah xiv.; Esther ii. 21, to		
	lxvi.; Ezra iv. 1-5. 24; Psalm			l	end; iii. iv	ii.	724
	cxxix	ii.	671	22	Esther v. to viii	ii.	728
10	Daniel x. xi	ii.	675	23	Esther ix. x.; Nehemiah i	ii.	732
11	Dan. xii.; Ezra iv. 24; v. 1; Hag.			24	Nehemiah ii. iv. v	ii.	736
	i. 1-11; Ezra v. 2; Haggai i.			25	Nehemiah vi. vii. 1-4; viii	ii.	742
	12, to end; ii. 1-9; Zechariah			26	Nehemiah ix	ii.	752
	i. 1-6; Haggai ii. 10, to end	ii.	680	27	Nehemiah x. 28, to end; xi. 1, 2;		
12	Zechariah i. 7, to end; ii. iii. iv				xii. 44, to end; xiii. 1, 2, 3; Ps.		
13	Zechariah v. vi.; Ezra v. 3, to end	ii.	689		i. cxix. 1—32	ii.	756
14	Ezra vi. 1-13; Psalm cxxxviii.;			28	Psalm cxix. 33—96	ii.	763
	Zechariah vii. viii	ii.	692	29	Psalm exix. 97—152	ii.	767
15	Ezra vi. 14, to end; Psalm xlviii.			30	Psalm exix. 153, to end; Mal. i. ii.	ii.	769
	lxxxi. cxlvi	ii.	696	31	Malachi iii. 1-15; Neh. xiii. 4, to		
16	Psalm cxlvii. cxlviii. cxlix. cl	ii.	699		end; Mal. iii. 16, 17, 18; iv	ii.	774

TABLE OF CONTENTS.

PERIOD THE FIRST.

FROM THE CREATION TO THE DELUGE.

PART

- I. The Creation.
- II. Institution of the Sabbath, and Fall of Man.
- III. History of Adam and his Descendants till the Deluge.
- IV. Genealogy of the Patriarchs.
- V. State of the World immediately preceding the Deluge.
- VI. The Deluge.
- VII. The Covenant with Noah.
- VIII. Noah prophesies the Fate of his Sons.

PERIOD THE SECOND.

- I. The Confusion of Tongues, and Dispersion of Mankind.
- II. The Life of Job.
- III. The Life of Abraham.
- IV. From the Death of Abraham to the Selling of Joseph.
- V. History of Joseph and his Family in Egypt.
- VI. Death of Jacob and of the Patriarchs.

PERIOD THE THIRD.

From the Birth to the Death of Moses.

- I. The Birth and early Life of Moses.
- II. Legation of Moses.
- III. From the Legation of Moses to the Infliction of the Plagues of Egypt.
- IV. Infliction of the first eight Plagues.
- V. Institution of the Passover.
- VI. Conclusion of the ten Plagues.
- VII. The Exodus.
- VIII. The Wandering in the Wilderness.

PERIOD THE FOURTH.

From the Entrance of the Israelites into Canaan, under the Command of Joshua, to the Death of David.

- I. The Conquest of Canaan.
- II. General Division of the Country.
- III. Last Exhortation and Death of Joshua.
- IV. Interregnum after the Death of Joshua.
- V. The Government of the Judges.
- VI. The Reign of Saul.
- VII. The Reign of David.

PERIOD THE FIFTH.

THE REIGN OF SOLOMON.

PART

- I. Reign of Solomon before the Dedication of the Temple.
- II. The Building of the Temple.
- III. The Dedication of the Temple.
- 1V. Other Buildings and Magnificence of Solomon-The Song of Solomon.
- V. Greatness of Solomon-Visit of the Queen of Sheba.
- VI. Wisdom of Solomon-Book of Proverbs.
- VII. Offence of Solomon-Book of Ecclesiastes.
- VIII. The Death of Solomon.

PERIOD THE SIXTH.

FROM THE ELEVATION OF REHOBOAM TO THE BABYLONISH CAPTIVITY.

- Reign of Rehoboam, King of Judah, 17 years, and contemporary Events in the Kingdom of Israel.
- Reign of Abijam, second King of Judah, with the contemporary Events in the Kingdom of Israel, 3 years.
- III. Reign of Asa, third King, &c. &c. 41 years.
- IV. Reign of Jehoshaphat, fourth King, &c. &c. 25 years.
- V. Reign of Jehoram, fifth King, &c. &c. 4 years.
- VI. Reign of Ahaziah, sixth King, &c. &c. 1 year.
- VII. Reign of Athaliah, Queen, &c. &c. 6 years.
- VIII. Reign of Joash, eighth King, &c. &c. 40 years.
 - IX. Reign of Amaziah, ninth King, &c. &c. 29 years.
 - X. Reign of Uzziah, tenth King, &c. &c. 51 years.
- XI. Reign of Jotham, eleventh King, &c. &c. 16 years.
- XII. Reign of Ahaz, twelfth King, &c. &c. 16 years.
- XIII. Reign of Hezekiah, thirteenth King, &c. &c. 29 years.
- XIV. Reign of Manasseh, fourteenth King, &c. &c. 55 years.
- XV. Reign of Amon, fifteenth King, 2 years.
- XVI. Reign of Josiah, sixteenth King, 31 years.
- XVII. Reign of Jehoahaz, seventeenth King, 3 months.
- XVIII. Reign of Jehoiakim, eighteenth King, 11 years.

In the fourth year of whose reign Daniel was taken captive; from which event are computed the seventy years of the Babylonish Captivity.

PERIOD THE SEVENTH.

THE BABYLONISH CAPTIVITY.—SEVENTY YEARS.—FROM 606 TO 536.

- I. Events at Jerusalem, from the Commencement of the Captivity to the Burning of the Temple.
- II. Contemporary Events at Babylon, during the same Period.
- III. History of that Portion of the Jewish Nation, which was not carried Captive to Babylon, after the Burning of the Temple and the Destruction of Jerusalem.
- IV. Events at Babylon, between the Destruction of the Temple and the Return of the Jews from their Captivity, on the Decree of Cyrus.

PERIOD THE EIGHTH.

From the Termination of the Babylonish Captivity, to the Reformation of Worship by Nehemiah, and the Completion of the Canon of the Old Testament by Simon the Just.—From 536 to about 300.

- I. From the Decree of Cyrus to the Dedication of the second Temple.
- II. From the Dedication of the second Temple to the Death of Haman.
- III. The Reformation by Nehemiah, and the Completion of the Canon of the Old Testament by Simon the Just.

PERIOD THE FIRST;

FROM THE CREATION TO THE DELUGE.

Part

- I.—THE CREATION.
- II.—Institution of the Sabbath, and Fall of Man.
- III .- HISTORY OF ADAM AND HIS DESCENDANTS, TILL THE DELUGE.
- IV.—GENEALOGY OF THE PATRIARCHS.
- V.—State of the World immediately preceding the Deluge.
- VI.—THE DELUGE.
- VII.—THE COVENANT WITH NOAH.
- VIII.—Noah Prophesies the Fate of his Sons.

OLD TESTAMENT.

PERIOD THE FIRST 1.

PART I.

The Creation 2.

GENESIS I.

A.C. 40043.

upon the face of the deep. And the Spirit of God moved xvii. 24. Heb. xi. 3. upon the face of the waters. And God said, b Let there be light: b 2 Cor. iv. 6. 4 and there was light. And God saw the light, that it was good: 5 and God divided c the light from the darkness. And God c Heb. be. called the light Day, and the darkness he called Night. d And and between the evening and the morning were the first day. d Heb. And God said, c Let there be a f firmament in the midst the evening was, and the of the waters, and let it divide the waters from the waters. morning was, 7 And God made the firmament, and divided the waters which e Ps. cxxxvi. were under the firmament from the waters which were above 5. Jer. x. 12. ii. 15. s the firmament: and it was so. And God called the firmament f Heb. expan-Heaven. And the evening and the morning were the second day.

In a the beginning God created the heaven and the earth. a Psal. xxxiii. 2 And the earth was without form and void; and darkness was Act xiv. 15.

3 The dates of the Bible chronology are chiefly adopted throughout.

¹ Two objects are continually kept in view throughout the volume of the Old Testament. One is, to turn men from idolatry in all its forms of vice and error; the other, to direct their attention, by the gradual developement of the scheme of prophecy, to the future Messiah. It is my design, in the following notes, not only to give the reader, wherever it may appear necessary, satisfactory references for the arrangement I have adopted; but to point out the wonderful manner in which Infinite Wisdom has manifested itself in the government of the world, in constant reference to these two great objects.

The design of Moses will be better understood, if we consider the state of the world at the time in which the Pentateuch was written. Mankind was absorbed in the grossest idolatry; and that idolatry, for the most part, originated in the neglect, the perversion, or the misapprehension of certain truths, which had once been universally known. Moses therefore commences his narrative, by relating, in simple language, the truths thus disguised, or perverted; and he alludes, in many of his expressions, to the surrounding superstitions. In pursuance of this plan, he relates first, the creation of the world by the one true God, in opposition to the Egyptian doctrines of the necessary eternity of the world, and an infinite succession of similar worlds.—Vide Horsley's Biblical Criticisms, vol. i. p. 3; Faber's Origin of Pagan Idolatry, vol. i. p. 111—152; Hales' Analysis, vol. i. p. 317; with the authorities in Pritchard's Egyptian Mythology, p. 178—187.

A. C. 4004. And God said, g Let the waters under the heaven be ga- 9 g Job xxxviii. thered together unto one place, and let the dry land appear: 8. Ps. xxxiii. and it was so. And God called the dry land Earth; and the 10 gathering together of the waters called he Seas: and God saw that it was good. And God said, Let the earth bring forth 11 h Heb. tender h grass, the herb yielding seed, and the fruit tree yielding fruit grass.

after his kind, whose seed is in itself, upon the earth: and it was so. And the earth brought forth grass, and herb yielding 12 seed after his kind, and the tree yielding fruit, whose seed was in itself, after his kind: and God saw that it was good.

the evening and the morning were the third day.

i Deut. iv. 19. Ps. cxxxvi. 7. the day and between the night.

day, &c.

l Jer. xxxi.

And God said, Let there be i lights in the firmament of 14 jHeb. between the heaven to divide j the day from the night; and let them be for signs, and for seasons, and for days, and years: and 15 let them be for lights in the firmament of the heaven to give light upon the earth: and it was so. And God made two 16 k Heb. for the great lights; the greater light k to rule the day, and the lesser light to rule the night: he made the stars also. And God set 17 them in the firmament of the heaven to give light upon the earth, and to 'rule over the day and over the night, and to 18 divide the light from the darkness: and God saw that it was good. And the evening and the morning were the fourth 19

day.

m 2 Esdr. vi. n Or, creeping. o Heb. soul. the firmament of heaven.

And God said, m Let the waters bring forth abundantly the 20 "moving creature that hath 'life, and fowl that may fly above the earth in the popen firmament of heaven. And God cre- 21 p Heb. face of ated great whales, and every living creature that moveth, which the waters brought forth abundantly, after their kind, and every winged fowl after his kind: and God saw that

it was good. And God blessed them, saying, q Be fruitful, 22 q Chap. viii. 17. ix. 1. and multiply, and fill the waters in the seas, and let fowl multiply in the earth. And the evening and the morning were 23

the fifth day.

And God said, Let the earth bring forth the living creature 24 after his kind, cattle, and creeping thing, and beast of the earth after his kind: and it was so. And God made the 25 beast of the earth after his kind, and cattle after their kind, and be every thing that creepeth upon the earth after his kind: and God saw that it was good.

r Chap. v. 1. ix. 6. Wisd. ii. 23. 1 Cor. iv. 24. Col. iii. 10.

And God said, Let us make man in our image, after our 26 likeness: and let them have dominion over the fish of the sea, xi. 7. Ephes. and over the fowl of the air, and over the cattle, and over all the earth, and over every creeping thing that creepeth upon

4 The sun and moon being objects of worship, Moses here specifies the purposes for which they were created; as if in ridicule of the idolatrous Sabianism of the day.

For the same reason (vide note 4) he mentions the creation of vegetables, reptiles, and inferior animals; many of which were worshipped by the Egyptians; thereby asserting, in the very beginning of his work, the superiority of the God of Israel to the gods of the Egyptians.

27 the earth. So God created man in his own image, in the A.C. 4004. image of God created he him; smale and female created he smatt. xix. 28 them. And God blessed them, and God said unto them, the fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth, and subdue it: and have dominion over the fish of the sea, and over the fowl of the air, and over every living thing that moveth upon the under the earth.

And God said, Behold, I have given you every herb v bearing v Heb. seed-seed, which is upon the face of all the earth, and every tree, in the which is the fruit of a tree yielding seed; w to you it w Chap. ix 3. 30 shall be for meat. And to every beast of the earth, and to every fowl of the air, and to every thing that creepeth upon the earth, wherein there is x life, I have given every green herb x Heb. a living soul. 31 for meat: and it was so. And y God saw every thing that he y Eeclus. had made, and, behold, it was very good. And the evening xxxix. 16. and the morning were the sixth day.

GENESIS II. VER. 4. TO THE END.

These are the generations of the heavens and of the earth when they were created, in the day that the LORD God made 5 the earth and the heavens, and every plant of the field before it was in the earth, and every herb of the field before it grew: for the LORD God had not caused it to rain upon the earth, 6 and there was not a man to till the ground. But a there went a Or, a mist up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the which went up a mist from the earth, and watered the whole face of the from, &c. 7 ground. And the Lord God formed man b of the c dust of b the ground. the ground, and breathed into his nostrils the breath of life; c Ecclus.xvii. and a man became a living soul. And the Lord God planted a garden eastward in Eden; di Cor. xv. 9 and there he put the man whom he had formed. And out of the ground made the LORD God to grow every tree that is pleasant to the sight and good for food; the tree of life also in the midst of the garden, and the tree of knowledge of good 10 and evil. And a river went out of Eden to water the garden; and from thence it was parted, and became into four heads. 11 The name of the first is Pison: that is it which compasseth e Ecclus xxiv. 25, 12 the whole hand of Havilah, where there is gold; and the gold of that land is good: there is bdellium and the onyx stone. 13 And the name of the second river is Gihon: the same is it 14 that compasseth the whole land of f Ethiopia. And the name f Heb. Cush. of the third river is Hiddekel: that is it which goeth g toward g Or, east-15 the east of Assyria. And the fourth river is Euphrates. ria.

And the LORD God took h the man, and put him into the gar-h or, Adum.

commanded the man, saying, Of every tree of the garden i the heating thou shall eat.

16 den of Eden to dress it and to keep it. And the LORD God

⁶ The history of the creation is recapitulated. Moses describes the work of creation through its several stages, as the phenomena would have successively presented themselves to a spectator, had a spectator been in existence.—Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 2.

A.C. 4004, thou mayest freely eat: but of the tree of the knowledge of 17 good and evil, thou shalt not eat of it: for in the day that j Heb. dying thou eatest thereof j thou shalt surely die. And the LORD God said, It is not good that the man should 18 k Heb. as be- be alone; I will make him an help k meet for him. And out of 19 the ground the LORD God formed every beast of the field. 1 Or, the man. and every fowl of the air; and brought them unto 1 Adam to see what he would call them: and whatsoever Adam called. every living creature, that was the name thereof. Adam m gave names to all cattle, and to the fowl of the air, m Heb. calland to every beast of the field; but for Adam there was not ed found an help meet for him. And the LORD God caused a 21 deep sleep to fall upon Adam, and he slept: and he took one of his ribs, and closed up the flesh instead thereof; and the 22 n Heb. build- rib, which the LORD God had taken from man, n made he a ed. woman, and brought her unto the man. And Adam said, 23 This is now bone of my bones, and flesh of my flesh: she o 1 Cor. xi. 8. shall be called Woman, because she was o taken out of Man. p Matt. xix. p Therefore shall a man leave his father and his mother, and 24 1 Cor. vi. 16. shall cleave unto his wife: and they shall be one flesh. And 25 Ephes. v. 31. they were both naked, the man and his wife, and were not

PART II.

Institution of the Sabbath, and Fall of Man.

GENESIS II. VER. 1, 2, 3.

a Exod. xx. 11. xxxi. 17. Deut. v. 14. Heb. iv. 4.

b Heb. cre-

ated to make.

ashamed.

Thus ' the heavens and the earth were finished, and all the 1 host of them. And on the seventh day God ended his work 2 which he had made; and he rested on the seventh day from all his work which he had made. And God blessed the se-3 venth day, and sanctified it: because that in it he had rested from all his work which God created and made.

GENESIS III.

Now the serpent was more subtil than any beast of the 1 field which the LORD God had made. And he said unto the because, &c. woman, Yea, hath God said, Ye shall not eat of every tree

⁷ As Adam and Eve were created on the sixth day, the history of their creation necessarily precedes the account of the institution of the Sabbath. Lightfoot inserts the institution of the Sabbath after the Fall; but we have no proof, from the history, on what day the Fall took place. There is a tradition that our first parents were in Paradise forty days.

There is a tradition, that our first parents were in Paradise forty days.

The history of the Fall, and the account of the garden of Eden, which precedes it, must be taken literally: there is no proof or appearance of allegory; and that they were always so understood, is sufficiently evident from the remains of the traditions of ancient nations. The proofs are too numerous even to be hinted at here; but the curious reader may compare the authorities in Faber's Origin of Pagan Idolatry, with Dean Allix' Reflections on the books of Moses, particularly chapters x—xviii.; in which the Dean shows, that Moses related nothing but what was generally known.

2 of the garden? And the woman said unto the serpent, We A.C. 4004. 3 may eat of the fruit of the trees of the garden: but of the fruit of the tree which is in the midst of the garden, God hath said, Ye shall not eat of it, neither shall ye touch it, 4 lest ye die. b And the serpent said unto the woman, Ye shall b 2 Cor. xi. 3. 5 not surely die: for God doth know that in the day ye eat thereof, then your eyes shall be opened, and ye shall be as 6 gods, knowing good and evil. And when the woman saw that the tree was good for food, and that it was c pleasant to the c Heb. a deeyes, and a tree to be desired to make *one* wise, she took of the description fruit thereof d, and did eat, and gave also unto her husband 24. 1 Tim. ii. 7 with her; and he did eat. And the eyes of them both were 14. opened, and they knew that they were naked; and they sewed s fig leaves together, and made themselves eaprons. And they eor, things to heard the voice of the LORD God walking in the garden in the f cool of the day: and Adam and his wife hid themselves f Heb. wind. from the presence of the Lord God amongst the trees of the 9 garden. And the LORD God called unto Adam, and said unto 10 him, Where art thou? And he said, I heard thy voice in the garden, and I was afraid, because I was naked; and I hid my-11 self. And he said, Who told thee that thou wast naked? Hast thou eaten of the tree, whereof I commanded thee that thou 12 shouldest not eat? And the man said, The woman whom thou gavest to be with me, she gave me of the tree, and I did eat. 13 And the LORD God said unto the woman, What is this that thou hast done? And the woman said, The serpent beguiled 14 me, and I did eat. And the LORD God said unto the serpent, Because thou hast done this, thou art cursed above all cattle, and above every beast of the field; upon thy belly shalt thou 15 go, and dust shalt thou eat all the days of thy life: And I will put enmity between thee and the woman, and between thy seed and her seed, it shall bruise thy head, and thou 16 shalt bruise his heel. Unto the woman he said, I will greatly multiply thy sorrow and thy conception; in sorrow thou shalt g Or, subject bring forth children; and thy desire shall be g to thy husband, to thy hus 17 and he shall h rule over thee. And unto Adam he said, Be-halor. xiv. cause thou hast hearkened unto the voice of thy wife, and hast 34. eaten of the tree, of which I commanded thee, saying, Thou shalt not eat of it: cursed is the ground for thy sake; in sorrow 18 shalt thou eat of it all the days of thy life; thorns also and thistles shall it i bring forth to thee; and thou shalt eat the i Heb. cause 19 herb of the field; in the sweat of thy face shalt thou eat bread, till thou return unto the ground; for out of it wast

⁹ From the moment of the announcement of this promise, the bright and morning star of prophecy, mankind lived in constant, and sometimes in daily, expectation of the Messiah. Their attention was now directed to their future Deliverer; and we shall see their expectations continually renewed, by the long train of prophecies and institutions, till the aged Simeon desired to depart when he beheld the promised salvation.

A.C. 4004. thou taken: for dust thou art, and unto dust shalt thou return.

And Adam called his wife's name j Eve; because she was the 20 mother of all living. Unto Adam also and to his wife did the 21

LORD God 10 make coats of skins, and clothed them.

And the LORD God said, Behold, the man is become as one 22 of us, to know good and evil: and now, lest he put forth his hand, and take also of the tree of life, and eat, and live for ever: therefore the LORD God sent him forth from the garden of 23 Eden, to till the ground from whence he was taken. So 11 he 24 drove out the man; and he placed at the east of the garden of Eden Cherubims, and a flaming sword which turned every way, to keep the way of the tree of life.

PART III.

History of Adam and his Descendants, till the Deluge.

GENESIS IV. VER. 1—16.

AND Adam knew Eve his wife; and she conceived, and 1 bare Cain, and said, I have gotten a man from the LORD 12.

a Heb. Hebet. And she again bare his brother a Abel. And Abel was b a 2 hebe. a feed er.

c Heb. at the end of days.

d Heb. sheep
or goats.

d Heb. sheep
brought of the fruit of the ground an offering unto the LORD. And Abel, he also 4 brought of the firstlings of his d flock and of the fat thereof.

We live in Messiah's world. The divine Personage who is here called the LORD God, and who spoke to Adam in the garden, was the angel Jehovah, who afterwards appeared to the patriarchs, led the Israelites through the wilderness, tabernacled among men in the form of a man, is still the head of his Church, and will again appear to the world. Three things were necessary to be known by man, even in a state of purity; and they appear to have been revealed to him by the angel Jehovah. These were, the right choice of food; the rite of marriage; and the use of language. The angel Jehovah had been the guide and protector of man before his fall, and he afterwards becomes his Mediator and Judge. The angel Jehovah commences a new dispensation, which, when it has passed through its three forms, Patriarchal, Levitical, and Christian, will be terminated by reviving and perfecting the primeval happiness of mankind, in that future Paradise, of which the garden of Eden was but an emblem.—Vide Barrington's Essay on the Dispensations; Burnet's Sermons at Boyle's Lecture, vol. ii.; Law's Theory of Religion, 4th edit. p. 50; and Lowman's Essay on the Shechinah.

Our first parents were now banished from Paradise, and clothed in skins. At this time sacrifices were appointed to be offered. The Deity was pleased to ordain, that "without shedding of blood, is no remission of sins." God therefore commanded, that the blood of animals should be offered mystically, as an acknowledgment of the sins of man. Not that the blood of bulls and of goats "could take away sin;" but that the sacrificer, by offering his bleeding victim, in compliance with the divine ordinance, confessed thereby, that, through sin, he was himself deserving of destruction, and unable of himself to propitiate the Deity. By thus shedding the blood of an innocent victim, he declared his faith and dependence on a better and more perfect atonement. And, as there can be no imaginable connexion between the death of a lamb and the forgiveness of the crime of a man, it is not possible that this plan of worship could have originated in the mind of man.—Vide the authorities on this subject, collected in Abp. Magee's work on the Atonement; in Faber's chapter on the Origin and Purport of Sacrificial Rites, Orig. of Pag. Idol. b. 2. c. viii.; and in Outram de Sacrificiis. Mr. Davison's arguments do not convince me that the opinion which I have here given is erroneous. See his work on Primitive Sacrifice.

¹⁸ In this passage we see the first tokens of the anxious desire of the human race to behold the promised Messiah. The meaning of the exclamation, in the opinion of many divines, is, "I have obtained the man, even Jehovah himself."

And the Lord had 13 e respect unto Abel and to his offering: A.C. 4003. 5 but unto Cain and to his offering he had not respect. And e Heb. xi. 4. 6 Cain was very wroth, and his countenance fell. And the LORD said unto Cain, Why art thou wroth? and why is thy 7 countenance fallen? If thou doest well, shalt thou not f be f Or, have the accepted? and if thou doest not well, sin lieth at the door. And g unto thee shall be his desire, and thou shalt rule over g or, subject And Cain talked with Abel his brother: and it came unto thee. to pass, when they were in the field, that Cain rose up against Abel his brother, and h slew him. And the Lord said unto Cain, Where is Abel thy brother? 35. 1John iii. 10 And he said, I know not: Am I my brother's keeper? And 12. Jude 11. he said, What hast thou done? the voice of thy brother's i blood i Heb. bloods. 11 crieth unto me from the ground. And now art thou cursed from the earth, which hath opened her mouth to receive thy 12 brother's blood from thy hand; when thou tillest the ground, it shall not henceforth yield unto thee her strength; a fugi-13 tive and a vagabond shalt thou be in the earth. And Cain said unto the Lord, j My punishment is greater than I can j Or, Mine iniquity is 14 bear. Behold, thou hast driven me out this day from the greater than face of the earth; and from thy face shall I be hid; and I that it may be forgiven. shall be a fugitive and a vagabond in the earth; and it shall come to pass, that every one that findeth me shall slay me. 15 And the LORD said unto him, Therefore whosoever slayeth Cain, vengeance shall be taken on him sevenfold. And the Lord set a mark upon Cain, lest any finding him should kill him.

16 And Cain went out from the presence of the LORD, and dwelt in the land of Nod, on the east of Eden.

GENESIS IV. VER. 25.

25 And Adam knew his wife again; and she bare a son, and 3874. called his name k Seth: For God, said she, hath appointed me k Heb. Sheth. another seed instead of Abel, whom Cain slew.

GENESIS IV. VER. 17-24.

17 And Cain knew his wife; and she conceived, and bare

1 Enoch: and he builded a city, and called the name of the 1 Heb. Cha18 city, after the name of his son, Enoch. And unto Enoch was

18 born Irad: and Irad begat Mehujael: and Mehujael begat

19 Methusael: and Methusael begat market.

19 And Lamech took unto him two wives: the name of the one

20 was Adah, and the name of the other Zillah. And Adah bare

Jabel: he was the father of such as dwell in tents, and of such

¹³ God had respect to the offering of Abel, because, by it, he declared his faith in the Atonement. He rejected that of Cain, because, as the first deist, he refused to believe in the promised Messiah.—Vide Dr. Hales, Abp. Magee, Kennicott's Dissertation, Bp. Sherlock and Bp. Patrick on the History of Cain and Abel.

A.C. 3874 as have cattle. And his brother's name was Jubal: he was the 21 father of all such as handle the harp and organ. And Zillah, 22 n Heb. whet- she also bare Tubal-cain, an n instructer of every artificer in brass and iron: and the sister of Tubal-cain was Naamah. And 23 Lamech said unto his wives, Adah and Zillah, hear my voice; o Or, I would ye wives of Lamech, hearken unto my speech: for o I have

slay a man in my wound, &c. slain a man to my wounding, and a young man p to my hurt: p Or, in my if Cain shall be avenged sevenfold, truly Lamech seventy and 24 hurt. sevenfold.

GENESIS IV. VER. 26.

3769. And to Seth, to him also there was born a son; and he 26 q Heb. Enosh. called his name q Enos: then began men r to call upon the r Or, to call themselves by the name of the LORD 14. the LORD.

PART IV.

Genealogy of the Patriarchs 15.

GENESIS V.

This is the a book of the generations of Adam. In the i a 1 Chr. i. 1. b Wisd.ii. 23. day that God created man, in the b likeness of God made he him; male and female created he them; and blessed them, and 2 called their name Adam, in the day when they were created.

And Adam lived an hundred and thirty years, and begat a 3 son in his own likeness, after his image; and called his name

Seth: c And the days of Adam after he had begotten Seth 4 c 1 Chr. i. 1. were eight hundred years: and he begat sons and daughters:

3074. And all the days that Adam lived were nine hundred and 5 thirty years: and he died. And Seth lived an hundred and 6 five years, and begat Enos: And Seth lived after he begat 7 Enos eight hundred and seven years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days of Seth were nine hundred and s

2962. twelve years: and he died.

And Enos lived ninety years, and begat d Cainan: And 9 d Heb. Kenan. Enos lived after he begat Cainan eight hundred and fifteen 10 years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days of 11 2864.

Enos were nine hundred and five years: and he died.

And Cainan lived seventy years, and begat . Mahalaleel: 12 e Gr. Male-And Cainan lived after he begat Mahalaleel eight hundred 13 and forty years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the 14 2769.

days of Cainan were nine hundred and ten years: and he died. And Mahalaleel lived sixty and five years, and begat Jared: 15 f Heb. Jered. And Mahalaleel lived after he begat Jared eight hundred and 16

14 The marginal reading is generally supposed to be a more literal translation of the original. Heidegger interprets the phrase thus: "Then began men to be called by the name of the Lord:" that is, the visible church had so diminished, that the faithful of Jehovah were called, by way of distinction, by the name of the Lord.—Heidegger (Sac. Patr. Hist. Exer. 3. § 34.)

15 The several genealogical tables, preserved in the Old Testament, are intended to distinguish

the tribe and family of the Messiah, and to trace his descent from Adam.

17 thirty years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days A.C. 2714. of Mahalaleel were eight hundred ninety and five years: and he died.

And Jared lived an hundred sixty and two years, and he 19 begat Enoch: And Jared lived after he begat Enoch eight 20 hundred years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days of Jared were nine hundred sixty and two years: and he died.

2582.

And Enoch lived sixty and five years, and begat g Methu- g Gr. Mathu-22 selah: And Enoch walked with God after he begat Methu-23 selah three hundred years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days of Enoch were three hundred sixty and five years:

24 And h Enoch walked with God: and he was not 16; for God 3017. took him.

And Methuselah lived an hundred eighty and seven years, 26 and begat I Lamech: And Methuselah lived after he begat I Heb. Le-Lamech seven hundred eighty and two years, and begat sons mech.

27 and daughters: And all the days of Methuselah were nine hundred sixty and nine years: and he died.

2348.

And Lamech lived an hundred eighty and two years, and 29 begat a son: and he called his name i Noah, saying, This Gr. Noc. same shall comfort us concerning our work and toil of our hands, because of the ground which the LORD hath cursed.

31 and five years, and begat sons and daughters: And all the days of Lamech were seven hundred seventy and seven years: 32 and he died. And Noah was five hundred years old: and Noah begat Shem, Ham, and Japheth.

30 And Lamech lived after he begat Noah five hundred ninety

PART V.

State of the World immediately preceding the Deluge.

GENESIS VI.

And it came to pass, when men began to multiply on the 2 face of the earth, and daughters were born unto them, that the sons of God saw the daughters of men that they were fair; and 3 they took them wives of all which they chose. And the Lord said, My spirit shall not always strive with man, for that he also is flesh: yet his days shall be an hundred and twenty years. 4 There were giants in the earth in those days; and also after that, when the sons of God came in unto the daughters of men, and they bare children to them, the same became mighty men which were of old, men of renown.

2468.

16 As the doctrine of the certain existence of another world is one of the chief truths to be enforced. upon man, a visible ascension into heaven has taken place in the three stages of the developement of the great scheme of redemption. Enoch, Elijah, and Christ, proved to the world by their ascension to heaven, the truth of the immortality of the soul, and that its future happiness is the object which God has constantly in view, under every mode of appealing to his creatures.

A.C. 2468. The Hebrew eth not only the imagination, but also the purposes and desires. b Chap. viii. 19. c Heb. every day. d Heb. from man unto

beast. 17. 2 Pet. ii.

g Or, from the earth. h Heb. nests.

And God saw that the wickedness of man was great in the 5 a Or, the whole earth 17, and that every imagination of the thoughts of his b heart was only evil continually. And it repented the LORD that he 6 word signifi- had made man on the earth, and it grieved him at his heart. And 7 the LORD said, I will destroy man whom I have created from the face of the earth; d both man, and beast, and the creeping thing, and the fowls of the air; for it repenteth me that I have made 21. Matt. xv. them. But Noah found grace in the eyes of the LORD.

These are the generations of Noah: Noah was a just man 9 and f perfect in his generations, and Noah walked with God. And Noah begat three sons, Shem, Ham, and Japheth. 10 e Ecclus. xliv. The earth also was corrupt before God, and the earth was 11 filled with violence. And God looked upon the earth, and, 12 for, upright. behold, it was corrupt; for all flesh had corrupted his way upon the earth. And God said unto Noah, The end of all flesh is 13 come before me; for the earth is filled with violence through them; and, behold, I will destroy them g with the earth.

Make thee an ark of gopher wood; h rooms shalt thou make 14 in the ark, and shalt pitch it within and without with pitch. And this is the fashion which thou shalt make it of: The length 15 of the ark shall be three hundred cubits, the breadth of it fifty cubits, and the height of it thirty cubits. A window shalt thou 16 make to the ark, and in a cubit shalt thou finish it above; and the door of the ark shalt thou set in the side thereof; with lower, second, and third stories shalt thou make it. behold, I, even I, do bring a flood of waters upon the earth, to destroy all flesh, wherein is the breath of life, from under heaven; and every thing that is in the earth shall die. with thee will I establish my covenant; and thou shalt come into the ark, thou, and thy sons, and thy wife, and thy sons'

¹⁷ The sacred historian now proceeds to relate the history of the Deluge. The causes for which this terrible judgment of the Almighty was permitted to overwhelm the earth are to be found in the state of mankind at that period. It seems to have been necessary (if the term necessary may be applied to the works of that Being, to whom necessity and chance "approach not") for the preservation of the line of the Messiah, and for the perpetual instruction of mankind. The apostacy was almost universal; the visible church of God was reduced to one family; and it is scarcely possible to suppose, that this single family would long have remained unaffected by the contagion of infidelity around them. The world therefore was destroyed, that the church of God might be preserved; as it is at present only "kept in store," until the numbers of the Christian Church be completed. The Being who utters these words to Noah is the angel Jehovah, the Messiah of the Church: and the words in Gen. vi. 17, "I, even I, do bring a flood of waters," may be considered as an assertion of his divinity, as a declaration of the power which he possessed, as the God of mankind, to destroy, as well as to create and to preserve. That this wonderful event, the Deluge, certainly took place, is confirmed by every proof which could be required by the most incredulous. Its history is written on the surface of the globe, and engrafted into the annals of all nations. If it once took place, it could never have been forgotten; and we accordingly find, that it was commemorated by rites, customs, festivals, and emblems; such as the dove, the serpent, the lotus, the cypselus, the mundane or arkite egg, with many others; all of which, though useful and innocent at first, were afterwards perverted to idolatrous uses. Moses therefore relates this important history at some length, and uses many expressions which evidently allude to the manners and customs of the surrounding idolatrous nations.—(Vide Bryant's Analysis; Maurice's Hindostan; papers in the Asiatic Researches; Faber's Origin of Pagan Idolatry; in which the interesting subjects of the arkite worship, and the traditions of the Deluge, are discussed at great length.)

19 wives with thee. And of every living thing of all flesh, two of every sort shalt thou bring into the ark, to keep them alive
20 with thee; they shall be male and female. Of fowls after their kind, and of cattle after their kind, of every creeping thing of the earth after his kind, two of every sort shall come unto thee,
21 to keep them alive. And take thou unto thee of all food that

is eaten, and thou shalt gather it to thee; and it shall be for
22 food for thee, and for them. Thus did Noah; according to 1 Heb. xi. 7.
all that God commanded him, so did he.

13

GENESIS VII. VER. 1-4.

And the a Lord said unto Noah, Come thou and all thy 2348. house into the ark; for thee have I seen righteous before me in a 2 Pet. ii. 5. 2 this generation. Of every clean beast thou shalt take to thee by b sevens, the male and his female: and of beasts that are not seven. 3 clean by two, the male and his female. Of fowls also of the air by sevens, the male and the female; to keep seed alive 4 upon the face of all the earth. For yet seven days, and I will cause it to rain upon the earth forty days and forty nights; and every living substance that I have made will I c destroy from c Heb. blot off the face of the earth.

PART VI.

The Deluge.

GENESIS VII. VER. 5. TO THE END.

5 And Noah did according unto all that the Lord commanded 6 him. And Noah was six hundred years old when the flood of waters was upon the earth.

waters was upon the earth.

7 And Noah went in, and his sons, and his wife, and his sons' wives with him, into the ark, because of the waters of the flood. s Of clean beasts, and of beasts that are not clean, and of fowls, g and of every thing that creepeth upon the earth, there went in

two and two unto Noah into the ark, the male and the female, 10 as God had commanded Noah. And it came to pass d after d Or, on the seven days, that the waters of the flood were upon the earth.

In the six hundredth year of Noah's life, in the second month, the seventeenth day of the month, the same day were all the fountains of the great deep broken up, and the ewindows e Or, Mood-12 of heaven were opened. And the rain was upon the earth gates.

13 forty days and forty nights. In the self-same day entered Noah, and Shem, and Ham, and Japheth, the sons of Noah,

and Noah's wife, and the three wives of his sons with them, 14 into the ark; they, and every beast after his kind, and all the cattle after their kind, and every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth after his kind, and every fowl after his kind,

15 every bird of every f sort. And they went in unto Noah into f Heb. wing. the ark, two and two of all flesh, wherein is the breath of life.

A.C. 2348. And they that went in, went in male and female of all flesh, 16 as God had commanded him: and the Lord shut him in. And the flood was forty days upon the earth; and the waters 17 increased, and bare up the ark, and it was lift up above the earth. And the waters prevailed, and were increased greatly 18 upon the earth; and the ark went upon the face of the waters. And the waters prevailed exceedingly upon the earth; and all 19 the high hills, that were under the whole heaven, were covered. Fifteen cubits upward did the waters prevail; and the moun- 20 g Wisd. x. 4. tains were covered. g And all flesh died that moved upon the 21 earth, both of fowl, and of cattle, and of beast, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth, and every man: all in whose nostrils was h the breath of life, of all that was in 22 breath of the breath of the dry land, died. And every living substance was destroyed 23

h Heb. the

i Wisd. x. 4. 2 Pet. ii. 5.

GENESIS VIII. VER. 1-12.

prevailed upon the earth an hundred and fifty days.

alive, and they that were with him in the ark. And the waters 24

which was upon the face of the ground, both man, and cattle, and the creeping things, and the fowl of the heaven; and they were destroyed from the earth: and Noah only remained

And God remembered Noah, and every living thing, and 1 all the cattle that was with him in the ark: and God made a wind to pass over the earth, and the waters asswaged. fountains also of the deep and the windows of heaven were stopped, and the rain from heaven was restrained; and the 3 waters returned from off the earth a continually: and after the end of the hundred and fifty days the waters were abated. And the ark rested in the seventh month, on the seventeenth 4 day of the month, upon the mountains of Ararat. And the 5 waters b decreased continually until the tenth month: in the tenth month, on the first day of the month, were the tops of the mountains seen.

And it came to pass at the end of forty days, that Noah 6

a Heb. in going and returning.

b Heb. were in going and decreasing.

c Heb. in going forth and returning.

her to come.

opened the window of the ark which he had made: and he sent 7 forth a raven, which went forth c to and fro, until the waters were dried up from off the earth. Also he sent forth a dove 8 from him, to see if the waters were abated from off the face of the ground; but the dove found no rest for the sole of her 9 foot, and she returned unto him into the ark, for the waters were on the face of the whole earth: then he put forth his d Heb. caused hand, and took her, and d pulled her in unto him into the ark. And he stayed yet other seven days; and again he sent forth 10 the dove out of the ark; and the dove came in to him in 11 the evening; and, lo, in her mouth was an olive leaf pluckt off: so Noah knew that the waters were abated from off the And he stayed yet other seven days; and sent forth 12 the dove; which returned not again unto him any more.

PART VII.

The Covenant with Noah.

GENESIS VIII. VER. 13. TO THE END.

AND it came to pass in the six hundredth and first year, in A.C. 2347. the first month, the first day of the month, the waters were dried up from off the earth: and Noah removed the covering of the ark, and looked, and, behold, the face of the ground was 14 dry. And in the second month, on the seven and twentieth day of the month, was the earth dried.

And God spake unto Noah, saying, Go forth of the ark, 16 thou, and thy wife, and thy sons, and thy sons' wives with thee. 17 Bring forth with thee every living thing that is with thee, of all flesh, both of fowl, and of cattle, and of every creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth; that they may breed abundantly in the earth, and be fruitful, and multiply upon 18 the earth. And Noah went forth, and his sons, and his wife, 19 and his sons' wives with him: every beast, every creeping thing, and every fowl, and whatsoever creepeth upon the earth,

after their ekinds, went forth out of the ark.

And Noah builded an altar unto the Lord; and took of ties. every clean beast, and of every clean fowl, and offered burnt

21 offerings on the altar. And the Lord smelled a f sweet f Heb. a sa-savour; and the Lord said in his heart, I will not again curse the ground any more for man's sake; for the gimagination of g Chap. vi. 5. Matt. xv. 19. man's heart is evil from his youth; neither will I again smite 22 any more every thing living, as I have done. h While the h Heb. As yet earth remaineth, seedtime and harvest, and cold and heat, and all the days of the earth.

e Heb. fami-

GENESIS IX. VER. 1—17.

summer and winter, and day and night shall not cease.

And God blessed Noah and his sons, and said unto them, 2 * Be fruitful, and multiply, and replenish the earth. And the a Chap. i. 28. fear of you and the dread of you shall be upon every beast of the earth, and upon every fowl of the air, upon all that moveth upon the earth, and upon all the fishes of the sea; into your 3 hand are they delivered. Every moving thing that liveth shall be meat for you; even as the b green herb have I given you b Chap. i. 29 4 all things. CBut flesh with the life thereof, which is the blood 10, 11, 14. 5 thereof, shall ye not eat. And surely your blood of your lives and 19. will I require; at the hand of every beast will I require it, and at the hand of man; at the hand of every man's brother will I 6 require the life of man. d Whoso sheddeth man's blood, by d Matt. xxvi. man shall his blood be shed: e for in the image of God made 10.

And you, be ye fruitful, and multiply; bring forth e Chap. i. 27.

abundantly in the earth, and multiply therein. And God spake unto Noah, and to his sons with him, saying, 9 And I, behold, I establish my covenant with you, and with

10 your seed after you; and with every living creature that is

A.C. 2347. with you, of the fowl, of the cattle, and of every beast of the earth with you; from all that go out of the ark, to every beast of the earth. And I will establish my covenant with you; 11 f Isa. liv. 9. neither shall all flesh be cut off any more by the waters of a flood; neither shall there any more be a flood to destroy the earth. And God said, This is the token of the covenant which 12 I make between me and you and every living creature that is with you, for perpetual generations: I do set my bow in the 13 cloud, and it shall be for a token of a covenant between me and the earth. g And it shall come to pass, when I bring a 14 g Ecclus. xliii. 11, 12. cloud over the earth, that the bow shall be seen in the cloud: and I will remember my covenant, which is between me and 15 you and every living creature of all flesh; and the waters shall no more become a flood to destroy all flesh. And the bow 16 shall be in the cloud; and I will look upon it, that I may remember the everlasting covenant between God and every living creature of all flesh that is upon the earth. And God 17 said unto Noah, This is the token of the covenant, which I have established between me and all flesh that is upon the earth.

PART VIII.

Noah prophesies the Fate of his Sons. GENESIS IX. VER. 18. TO THE END.

h Heb. Chenaan.

i Or, servant

to them.

suade.

AND the sons of Noah, that went forth of the ark, were 18 Shem, and Ham, and Japheth: and Ham is the father of ^h Canaan. These are the three sons of Noah: and of them 19 was the whole earth overspread. And Noah began to be an 20 husbandman, and he planted a vineyard: and he drank of the 21 wine, and was drunken; and he was uncovered within his tent. And Ham, the father of Canaan, saw the nakedness of his 22 father, and told his two brethren without. And Shem and 23 Japheth took a garment, and laid it upon both their shoulders, and went backward, and covered the nakedness of their father; and their faces were backward, and they saw not their father's nakedness. And Noah awoke from his wine, and knew what 24 his younger son had done unto him. And he said, Cursed be 25 Canaan; a servant of servants shall he be unto his brethren. And he said, Blessed be the LORD God of Shem; and Canaan 26 shall be i his servant. God shall i enlarge Japheth, and he 27 shall dwell in the tents of Shem; and Canaan shall be his servant.

1 Or, per-And Noah lived after the flood three hundred and fifty years. 28 And all the days of Noah were nine hundred and fifty years: 29

and he died. 18

¹⁸ The death of Noah ought not properly to be inserted at this place: I have not, however, here changed the order of the text, as the Scripture is silent with respect to the subsequent life of Noah, and his probable removal from Nachshevan, in Armenia; where he long lived after the flood: and it was not thought advisable to interrupt the subsequent narrative with the isolated date of the death of this patriarch.

PERIOD THE SECOND;

FROM THE DISPERSION TO THE EXODUS.

Part

- I.—The Confusion of Tongues, and Dispersion of Mankind.
- II.—THE LIFE OF JOB.
- III .- THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM.
- IV .- From the Death of Abraham, to the Selling of Joseph.
 - V .- HISTORY OF JOSEPH, AND HIS FAMILY IN EGYPT.
- VI.—DEATH OF JACOB, AND OF THE PATRIARCHS.

VOL. I. C

PERIOD THE SECOND.

PART I.

The Confusion of Tongues, and Dispersion of Mankind¹.

GENESIS XI. VER. 1—9.

A.C. 2234.

a Heb. lip. b Heb. words. c Or, eastward, as

AND the whole earth was of one a language, and of one 2 sam, vi. 2. 2 b speech. And it came to pass, as they journeyed c from the with 1 Chron. xiii. 6.

¹ Our attention is now directed to an event, on which it has ever been more easy to write volumes than paragraphs. Though it is but briefly related by the sacred historian, its effects are still to be traced in the destinies of the sons of Noah, who even to this time retain the character impressed upon them at the time of the apostacy at Babel. They are still the sport of ambition and religious error. Separated by a variety of languages, which but for this event would not have existed; they seem by their numerous divisions to labour still under that curse, which was inflicted upon them as a punishment for their impious attempt to frustrate the decree of Providence, which had assigned to each of the principal families the boundaries of their inheritance.

That the whole world was of one language, and that their language was that of Noah and his three sons, is acknowledged by all: and Josephus informs us, that mankind long remained together as one family, inhabiting the tops of the mountains, in the country round Ararat. While they were thus united, it is likewise generally allowed, that their future destinations were assigned to them by Noah, speaking under the influence of divine inspiration. Moses mentions this division of the earth (Deut. xxxii. 7, 8.), when the Israelites were in sight of the Holy Land, and reminds them, as of a thing well known, that Canaan had been from the beginning the lot of their inheritance.

So far then all are agreed. With respect to the emigration of mankind from Armenia (for there, according to the best evidence, the ark rested), Mr. Bryant (with others) is of opinion, that some of the families of Noah dispersed in an orderly manner to their respective settlements. This was the first dispersion; and this event he supposes to be related in that most invaluable of all ancient records, the tenth chapter of Genesis. Other families were not, however, equally obedient to the divine will. The sons of Cush, under the command of Nimrod, marched off through the defiles of the lofty Tauric range; passed round the southern extremity of the Caspian Sea, and then turning to the south-west, reached the plain of Shinar. There they built the city and the tower of Babel. Thence they were dispersed by miracle, and scattered over the whole earth. The confusion of tongues, Mr. Bryant supposes, to have been merely the confusion of the lip, or a change of pronunciation only. After this second dispersion, the Cuthim or Hammonians, as they were called, wandered over the earth; established their idolatry, which consisted chiefly of the worship of fire, and of the sun, with the Arkite rites; carried every where science, arts, and commerce; conquered their brethren, planted flourishing colonies, and founded powerful kingdoms.

Mr. Faber supposes, that mankind continued in Armenia till after the death of Noah and his three sons; and endeavours to confirm this position by adopting the chronology of the Samaritan Pentateuch. In the year 559 after the deluge, according to this learned and ingenious author, the whole of the descendants of Noah, under the influence of Nimrod and the family of Cush, who had gradually obtained great influence among their brethren, moved in one large body from Armenia, and, following the course of the Euphrates, at length arrived in Shinar. At this place idolatry, which had insensibly commenced in Armenia, and proceeded till thad almost superseded the worship of the one true God, was perfected. As the human mind never tolerates any violent or sudden change in received and well confirmed opinions, the ancient idolatry is supposed to have originated in slow and imperceptible innovations, alterations, and perversions of the pure patriarchal religion; till it became a strange and monstrous compound of Demonolatry, Sabianism, Materialism, Polytheism, and cruelty. The outward forms of Patriarchism were studiously copied: even the doctrine of the Incarnation was perverted to hero worship: each of their ancestors who had been eminent or useful,

neighbour. e Heb. burn them to a burning.

A.C. 2234. east, that they found a plain in the land of Shinar; and they d Heb. a man dwelt there. And d they said one to another, Go to, let us 3 make brick, and burn them throughly. And they had brick for stone, and slime had they for morter. And they said, Go 4 to, let us build us a city and a tower, whose top may reach unto heaven; and let us make us a name, lest we be scattered abroad upon the face of the whole earth. And the LORD came down 5

was considered as an incarnation of the Deity; and there is abundant reason to believe, that the influence of Nimrod was obtained from this circumstance; that he assumed the title of "the Son;" he named himself, and was believed to be, the expected Incarnate, the angel Jehovah, who sometimes appeared to mankind.

Had this state of things continued, religion would have been again in danger of perishing from off the earth. Mankind continued at Shinar, Mr. Faber endeavours to prove, about seventy-one years. During this period, the whole body of mankind were divided into castes, under the influence of Nimrod, the Maha-Bad, or Maha-Bel, or the great Belus of the Hindoos; and every effort which human wisdom could contrive was exerted, to continue the influence of the sacerdotal and military family of the Cuthim; and to perpetuate, against the commands of God, the unholy union of a corrupt and idolatrous empire.

While the tower, which they intended to be the monument of their glory, was still building, the true Incarnate, the angel Jehovah, appeared to them from heaven; overthrew their tower (according to general tradition) with thunders and lightnings; and confused their language, "so that they left off to build the city.

The Jewish writers believed that seventy-two languages were spoken upon the dispersion from Shinar, corresponding with the number of the heads of families. The learned Joseph Mede supposes there were but sixteen, corresponding with the heads of nations. Sir William Jones, however, seems to have demonstrated that three languages only succeeded to the one language spoken at Shinar: after this event, he is of opinion that the primitive language was entirely lost. Others with great probability affirm, that the Hebrew was the primitive and sacred language.

Language was at first the gift of God. The various disquisitions of learned men have proved that it could not have been the invention of man. It was given by miracle and inspiration.

As the primitive language was thus given, so the three languages to which, according to Sir William Jones, all the dialects of men are to be traced, were three underived, unconnected languages. All mankind is divided into three races, corresponding with the three languages. The three races are denominated by Sir William Jones (speaking generally) Hindoos, Arabs, and Tartars; the three languages, Sanscrit, Arabic, and Sclavonic.

The Indian race comprehends the ancient Persians; the Asiatic and African Ethiopians; the Greeks, Phenicians, Tuscans; the Scuths, or Goths; the Celts; the Chinese, Japanese, Egyptians, Syrians, Burmans, Romans, and Peruvians.

The language of the Indian race was Sanscrit; the parent of the Gothic and Celtic, though blended with another idiom, the Persian, the Armenian, and the old Ethiopic. Sanscrit too is undoubtedly the fountain of the Greek and Latin. The traditions of Homer are to be found in Sanscrit Poems; the idolatry of Greece and Rome was brought into those countries by the Pelasgi, who were but a branch of the Cuthic shepherds, whose language was Sanscrit.

The Arabic race comprehends those who occupy the country between the Red Sea and the Persian Gulf. From the Arabic spring the dialects used by the Jews, Arabs, and Assyrians.

The Tartar race comprehends those who occupy the wide regions of Tartary; who have spread themselves into Russia, Poland, and Hungary. Their language was the Sclavonic, from which originated, so far as Sir William Jones could decide, the various dialects of Northern Asia, and North Eastern Europe.

Bryant, Sir William Jones, and Mr. Faber, are thus more particularly mentioned, because they are not only the best, but the last, of the more eminent writers who have discussed this subject: and they are all intimately acquainted with the learned labours of their predecessors. Our knowledge of the circumstances of the dispersion, and of the manner in which Idolatry was established in the several countries where it most flourished, has been much increased by these authors; particularly by Mr. Faber. But the general conclusion at which they and the earlier writers arrived, is the same: and the question is for ever set at rest, whether all the races of men were descended from one stock: the dark Negro, the white European, and the swarthy Asiatic, being plainly traced to their respective ancestors of the family of Noah. Vide Bryant's Analysis; Faber's Origin of Pagan Idolatry, chiefly B. 6; Papers of Sir Wm. Jones, in the three first volumes of the Asiatic Researches; Mede; Lightfoot; Stillingfleet.

to see the city and the tower, which the children of men A.C. 2234.

6 builded. And the Lord said, Behold, the people is one, and they have all one language; and this they begin to do: and now nothing will be restrained from them, which they have 7 imagined to do. Go to, let us go down, and there confound their language, that they may not understand one another's speech.

8 So the Lord scattered them abroad from thence upon the face 9 of all the earth: and they left off to build the city. Therefore is the name of it called Babel; because the Lord did there that is, confound the language of all the earth: and from thence did gwisd. x. 5. the Lord scatter them abroad upon the face of all the earth.

GENESIS X2.

Now these are the generations of the sons of Noah, Shem, Ham, and Japheth: and unto them were sons born after the 2 flood. *The sons of Japheth; Gomer, and Magog, and Madai, alChron.i. 3 and Javan, and Tubal, and Meshech, and Tiras. And the 4 sons of Gomer; Ashkenaz, and Riphath, and Togarmah. And the sons of Javan; Elishah, and Tarshish, Kittim, and Do-bOr.as some fead it. Rodanim. By these were the isles of the Gentiles divided in Rodanim. their lands; every one after his tongue, after their families, in their nations.

their nations.

6 °And the sons of Ham; Cush, and Mizraim, and Phut, and el Chron. i.

7 Canaan. And the sons of Cush; Seba, and Havilah, and sabtah, and Raamah, and Sabtechah: and the sons of Raamah;

8 Sheba, and Dedan. And Cush begat Nimrod: he began to be

9 a mighty one in the earth. He was a mighty hunter before the Lord: wherefore it is said, Even as Nimrod the mighty

10 hunter before the Lord. And the beginning of his kingdom was dabel, and Erech, and Accad, and Calneh, in the land a Gr. Baby
11 Shinar. Out of that land ewent forth Asshur, and builded on the out into Assignia.

12 Nineveh, and f the city Rehoboth, and Calah, and Resen be
13 tween Nineveh and Calah: the same is a great city. And f Or, the Mizraim begat Ludim, and Anamim, and Lehabim, and Naph
2 city.

Philistim,) and Caphtorim.

15 And Canaan begat ^g Sidon his firstborn, and Heth, and the gHeb. Tzi16 Jebusite, and the Amorite, and the Girgasite, and the Hivite, don.

17 and the Arkite, and the Sinite, and the Arvadite, and the
18 Zemarite, and the Hamathite: and afterward were the families
19 of the Canaanites spread abroad. And the border of the Canaanites was from Sidon, as thou comest to Gerar, unto ^h Gaza; ^h Heb. Azas thou goest, unto Sodom, and Gomorrah, and Admah, and zah.

20 Zeboim, even unto Lasha. These are the sons of Ham, after

² The tenth chapter of Genesis is inserted here, because it relates the history of mankind according to their several languages. It must therefore refer to a period subsequent to that recorded in the beginning of the eleventh chapter, where mankind are represented as speaking but one language.

A.C. 2234 their families, after their tongues, in their countries, and in their nations.

i 1 Chron. i.
17, &c.
j Heb. Arpachshad.
k Heb. Shelah.
l 1 Chron. i.
19.
m That is,
division.

Unto Shem also, the father of all the children of Eber, the 21 brother of Japheth the elder, even to him were children born. The i children of Shem; Elam, and Asshur, and j Arphaxad, 22 and Lud, and Aram. And the children of Aram; Uz, and 23 Hul, and Gether, and Mash. And Arphaxad begat & Salah; 24 and Salah begat Eber. And unto Eber were born two sons: 25 the name of one was "Peleg; for in his days was the earth divided; and his brother's name was Joktan. And Joktan 26 begat Almodad, and Sheleph, and Hazarmaveth, and Jerah, and Hadoram, and Uzal, and Diklah, and Obal, and Abimael, 27 and Sheba, and Ophir, and Havilah, and Jobab: all these were 28 the sons of Joktan. And their dwelling was from Mesha, as 29 thou goest, unto Sephar a mount of the east. These are the 30 sons of Shem, after their families, after their tongues, in their 31 lands, after their nations. These are the families of the sons 32 of Noah, after their generations, in their nations: and by these were the nations divided in the earth after the flood.

The Genealogy of Shem.

GENESIS XI. VER. 10-26.

^a These are the generations of Shem ³: Shem was an hun- 10 2348. a i Chr. i. 17. dred years old, and begat Arphaxad two years after the flood: and Shem lived after he begat Arphaxad five hundred years, 11 and begat sons and daughters. And Arphaxad lived five 12 2311. and thirty years, and begat Salah: and Arphaxad lived after 13 he begat Salah four hundred and three years, and begat sons and daughters. And Salah lived thirty years, and begat Eber:14 2281. and Salah lived after he begat Eber four hundred and three 15 years, and begat sons and daughters. b And Eber lived four 16 2247. b 1 Chr. i. 19. and thirty years, and begat 'Peleg: and Eber lived after he 17 c Called, begat Peleg four hundred and thirty years, and begat sons and Luke iii. 35. Phalec. daughters. And Peleg lived thirty years, and begat Reu: 18 2217. and Peleg lived after he begat Reu two hundred and nine 19 years, and begat sons and daughters. And Reu lived two and 20 2185. thirty years, and begat d Serug: and Reu lived after he begat 21 d Lukeiii. 35. Saruch. Serug two hundred and seven years, and begat sons and daughters. And Serug lived thirty years, and begat Nahor: 22 2155. and Serug lived after he begat Nahor two hundred years, and 23 begat sons and daughters. And Nahor lived nine and twenty 24 e Lukeiii. 34, years, and begat e Terah: and Nahor lived after he begat 25 Thara. Terah an hundred and nineteen years, and begat sons and f Josh. xxiv. daughters. And Terah lived seventy years, and f begat 26 1 Chron.
 26. Abram, Nahor, and Haran.

³ The sacred historian, having related the manner in which the primeval religion was corrupted, proceeds immediately to give an account of the line of the Messiah.

PART II.

The Life of Job 1.

SECTION I.

JOB 1. VER. 1-5.

The holiness, riches, and religious care of Job for his children.

THERE was a man in the land of Uz, whose name was Job; A.C. 2130. and that man was a perfect and upright, and one that feared a ch. ii. 3.

- ¹ The trial of Job is placed before the life of Abraham, on the authority of Dr. Hales. Job himself, or one of his contemporaries, is generally supposed to have been the author of this book; which Moses obtained when in Midian; and, with some alterations, addressed to the Israelites. Dr. Hales' arguments are as follow:
- 1. The silence of this book respecting the Exodus, the passage of the Red Sea, the promulgation of the law, &c. &c. which took place in the vicinity of the country of Job, and which were so apposite in his debate on the ways of Providence, seems to prove that it was written prior to those events.

2. Its silence respecting the destruction of Sodom and Gomorrah, shows that it was written before that event.

3. The longevity of Job places him among the patriarchs which long preceded Abraham. He survived his trial 140 years; and is supposed to have attained to that age before his trial began.

4. The manners and customs are exclusively those of pure and ancient patriarchism. He was the priest in his own family; and the institution of an established priesthood does not appear to have taken place till the days of Abraham.

5. The very ancient custom of prostration, as a mark of respect, does not even appear to have been known in Arabia, in the time of Job. Job was one of "the greatest men of the east," yet we do not find this adoration paid to him. See the marks of respect shown to Job, chap. xxix.

6. The most ancient kind of idolatry seems to have been Zabianism, which, in the time of Job, was regarded with abhorrence, as a novelty deserving judicial punishment. (Job xxxi. 26.)

7. In the time of Job, the stars Chimah and Chesil, or Taurus and Scorpio, (Job ix. 9,) were the cardinal constellations of spring and autumn. Dr. Hales calculates, in the usual manner, from their present position, the probable period of Job's trial.

Such are the arguments of the venerable Dr. Hales, which have induced me to place the history of the life of Job before that of Abraham. They do not, however, appear to fix his exact era; for the mere circumstance, that Job mentions certain stars, does not prove them to have been the cardinal constellations in his day. With Dr. Hales, therefore, I have placed the life of Job before that of Abraham, but have supposed him to have lived about the year 2130 A.C. The postdiluvian patriarchs, who lived the same number of years, were contemporary with each other. Job is said to have lived 280 years; and it is supposed that his life was prolonged on account of his piety and sufferings. If we allow fifty years for this unusual term, his age will be found to be of the same length as that of Serug, the great-grandfather of Abraham, who flourished about this time.

But my chief reason for assigning to the life of Job its present date is derived from a consideration of the manner in which God has condescended to deal with mankind.

Idolatry, as we read in the preceding Part of this Period, had occasioned the dispersion from Babel. It was gradually encroaching still further on every family, which had not yet lost the knowledge of the true God. Whoever has studied the conduct of Providence, will have observed, that God has never left himself without witnesses, in the world, to the truth of his religion. To the old world, Noah was a preacher and a witness; to the latter times of patriarchism, Abraham and his descendants; to the ages of the Levitical law, Moses, David, and the Prophets; and to the first ages of Christianity, the apostles and the martyrs were severally witnesses of the truth of God. But we have no account whatever, unless Job be the man, that any faithful confessor of the one true God arose between the dispersion from Babel and the call of Abraham. If it be said, that the family of Shem was the visible church of that age, it may be answered, that it is doubtful whether even this family were not idolaters; for Joshua tells the Israelites, (Jos. xxiv. 2.) that the ancestors of Abraham were worshippers of images.

Job therefore, in this age of error, may be considered as the faithful witness, in his day, to the hope of the Messiah: he professed the true religion, and his belief in the following important truths:—the creation of the world by one Supreme Being; the government of that world by the Providence of God; the corruption of man, by nature; the necessity of sacrifices to propitiate the Deity; and the certainty of a future resurrection. These were the doctrines of the patriarchal age, as well as of the Jewish and Christian covenants. They are the fundamental truths of that

Are.

A.C. 2130. God, and eschewed evil. And there were born unto him seven 2 b Or, cattle. sons and three daughters. His b substance also was seven 3 thousand sheep, and three thousand camels, and five hundred yoke of oxen, and five hundred she asses, and a very great c Or, husban-c houshold; so that this man was the greatest of all the d men d Heb. sons of of the east. And his sons went and feasted in their houses, 4 the east. every one his day; and sent and called for their three sisters to eat and to drink with them. And it was so, when the days of their 5 feasting were gone about, that Job sent and sanctified them, and rose up early in the morning, and offered burnt offerings 20. ch. xlii. 8. 20. ch f1 Kings xxi. that my sons have sinned, and f cursed God in their hearts. g Heb. all the Thus did Job g continually.

§ 2. First Trial of Job.

JOB I. VER. 6. TO THE END.

Now there was a day when the sons of God came to present 6 themselves before the LORD, and a Satan came also's among adversary.
b Heb. in the them. And the LORD said unto Satan, Whence comest thou? 7 midst of them. Then Satan answered the LORD, and said, From c going to and fro in the earth, and from walking up and down in it. And 8 d Heb. Hast the LORD said unto Satan, d Hast thou considered my servant thou set thy Job, that there is none like him in the earth, a perfect and an heart on. upright man, one that feareth God, and escheweth evil? Then 9 Satan answered the LORD, and said, Doth Job fear God for nought? Hast not thou made an hedge about him, and about 10 his house, and about all that he hath on every side? thou hast blessed the work of his hands, and his e substance is increased in the land. But put forth thine hand now, and touch all that 11 he hath, f and he will curse thee to thy face. And the LORD 12 said unto Satan, Behold, all that he hath is in thy g power; only to thy face.
g Heb. hand. upon himself put not forth thine hand. So Satan went forth from the presence of the Lord.

And there was a day when his sons and his daughters were 13 eating and drinking wine in their eldest brother's house: and 14 there came a messenger unto Job, and said, The oxen were plowing, and the asses feeding beside them: and the Sabeans 15 fell upon them, and took them away; yea, they have slain the servants with the edge of the sword; and I only am escaped alone to tell thee. While he was yet speaking, there came 16 h Or, A great also another, and said, h The fire of God is fallen from heaven. and hath burned up the sheep, and the servants, and consumed them; and I only am escaped alone to tell thee. While he 17 was yet speaking, there came also another, and said. The i Heb. rushed. Chaldeans made out three bands, and i fell upon the camels.

one system of religion, which is alone acceptable to God, by whatever name it may be distinguished in the several ages of the world.—Vide Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 53, &c.; Abp. Magee on the Book of Job; Disc. on the Atonement, vol. ii.; Bishop Patrick on Job.

and have carried them away, yea, and slain the servants with the edge of the sword; and I only am escaped alone to tell sthee. While he was yet speaking, there came also another, and said, Thy sons and thy daughters were eating and drinking wine in their eldest brother's house: and, behold, there came a great wind from the wilderness, and smote the four corners of the house, and it fell upon the young men, and they are dead; and I only am escaped alone to tell thee. Then Job arose, and rent his mantle, and shaved his head, and fell down upon hor, and worshipped, and said, Naked came I out of Lecles v. The ground, and worshipped, and said, Naked came I out of the logical said.

my mother's womb, and naked shall I return thither: the LORD vi. 7.
gave, and the LORD hath taken away; blessed be the name of the
22 LORD. In all this Job sinned not, nor m charged God foolishly. m Or, attri-

§ 3. Second Trial of Job.

JOB 11. VER. 1-10.

- Again there was a day when the sons of God came to present themselves before the LORD, and Satan came also among 2 them to present himself before the LORD. And the LORD said unto Satan, From whence comest thou? And Satan ach. i. 7. answered the Lord, and said, From going to and fro in the 3 earth, and from walking up and down in it. And the LORD said unto Satan, Hast thou considered my servant Job, that there is none like him in the earth, b a perfect and an upright beh. 1. 1, 8. man, one that feareth God, and escheweth evil? and still he holdeth fast his integrity, although thou movedst me against 4 him, c to destroy him without cause. And Satan answered the c Heb. to LORD, and said, Skin for skin, yea, all that a man hath will up. 5 he give for his life. But put forth thine hand now, and touch 6 his bone and his flesh, and he will curse thee to thy face. And the Lord said unto Satan, Behold, he is in thine hand; d but d or, only. save his life.
- 7 So went Satan forth from the presence of the LORD, and smote Job with sore boils from the sole of his foot unto his crown. 8 And he took him a potsherd to scrape himself withal; and he sat down among the ashes.
- 9 Then said his wife unto him, Dost thou still retain thine 10 integrity? curse God, and die. But he said unto her, Thou speakest as one of the foolish women speaketh. What? shall we receive good at the hand of God, and shall we not receive evil? In all this did not Job sin with his lips.

§ 4. The Friends of Job visit him, and hear his Complainings.

JOB II. VER. 11. TO THE END.

Now when Job's three a friends heard of all this evil that was a Prov. xvii. come upon him, they came every one from his own place; 17.

Eliphaz the Temanite, and Bildad the Shuhite, and Zophar the Naamathite: for they had made an appointment together to

A.C. 2130. come to mourn with him and to comfort him. And when they 12 lifted up their eyes afar off, and knew him not, they lifted up their voice, and wept; and they rent every one his mantle, and sprinkled dust upon their heads toward heaven. So they sat 13 down with him upon the ground seven days and seven nights, and none spake a word unto him: for they saw that his grief was very great.

JOB III.

a Heb. answered. After this opened Job his mouth, and cursed his day. And 1 Job a spake, and said:—

b ch. x. 18, 19. Jer. xv. 10. & xx. 14.

b Let the day perish wherein I was born, and the night in 3 which it was said, There is a man child conceived.

Let that day be darkness; let not God regard it from above, 4 neither let the light shine upon it.

c Or, challenge it. d Or, let them terrify it, as those who have a bitter day. e Or, let it not rejoice

Let darkness and the shadow of death c stain it; let a cloud 5 dwell upon it; d let the blackness of the day terrify it.

As for that night, let darkness seize upon it; • let it not be 6 joined unto the days of the year, let it not come into the number of the months.

Lo, let that night be solitary, let no joyful voice come 7 therein.

f Or, a leviathan.

among the

days.

Let them curse it that curse the day, who are ready to raise up s their mourning.

Let the stars of the twilight thereof be dark; let it look for 9 g Heb. the light, but have none; neither let it see g the dawning of the day.

Because it shut not up the doors of my mother's womb, nor 10

hid sorrow from mine eyes.

Why died I not from the womb? why did I not give up the 11 ghost when I came out of the belly?

Why did the knees prevent me; or why the breasts that I 12

should suck?

For now should I have lain still and been quiet, I should 13 have slept: then had I been at rest,

With kings and counsellors of the earth, which built desolate 14 places for themselves;

Or with princes that had gold, who filled their houses with 15 silver:

Or as an hidden untimely birth I had not been; as infants 16 which never saw light.

There the wicked cease from troubling; and there the 17 h weary be at rest.

h Heb. wearied in strength.

There the prisoners rest together; they hear not the voice 18 of the oppressor.

The small and great are there; and the servant is free from 19 his master.

Wherefore is light given to him that is in misery, and life 20 unto the bitter in soul;

- Which i long for death, but it cometh not; and dig for it A.C. 2130. more than for hid treasures;
- Which rejoice exceedingly, and are glad, when they can find the grave?
- 23 Why is light given to a man whose way is hid, j and whom j ch. xix. 8. God hath hedged in?
- For my sighing cometh k before I eat, and my roarings are k Heb. before poured out like the waters.
- For 1 the thing which I greatly feared is come upon me, and 1 Heb. I fearthat which I was afraid of is come unto me.
- 26 I was not in safety, neither had I rest, neither was I quiet, me. yet trouble came.
- § 5. First Controversy between Job and his Friends, begun by Eliphaz; who asserts that the sufferings of Job were the Punishment of his Iniquity.

JOB IV.

- 1 Eliphaz reproveth Job for want of religion. 7 He teacheth God's judgments to be not for the righteous, but for the wicked. 12 His fearful vision, to humble the excellency of creatures before God.
- 1 Then Eliphaz the Temanite answered and said,
- 2 If we assay a to commune with thee, wilt thou be grieved? a Heb. aword.
 but b who can withhold himself from speaking?

 b Heb. who
 can refrain
- 3 Behold, thou hast instructed many, and thou hast strength-fromwords? ened the weak hands.
- 4 Thy words have upholden him that was falling, and thou hast strengthened c the feeble knees.
- But now it is come upon thee, and thou faintest; it toucheth bowing knees. thee, and thou art troubled.
- 6 Is not this thy fear, thy confidence, thy hope, and the uprightness of thy ways?
- 7 Remember, I pray thee, who ever perished, being innocent? or where were the righteous cut off?
- 8 Even as I have seen, d they that plough iniquity, and sow d Prov. xxii. 8. Hos. x. 13. wickedness, reap the same. Gal. vi. 7, 8.
- 9 By the blast of God they perish, and by the breath of his c That is, by nostrils are they consumed.

 18. xxx. 33.
- 10 The roaring of the lion, and the voice of the fierce lion, and the teeth of the young lions, are broken.
- 11 The old lion perisheth for lack of prey, and the stout lion's whelps are scattered abroad.
- 12 Now a thing was f secretly brought to me, and mine ear f Heb. by received a little thereof.
- 13 In thoughts from the visions of the night, when deep sleep falleth on men,
- Fear g came upon me, and trembling, which made hall my g Heb. met bones to shake.

 h Heb. the bones to shake.
- Then a spirit passed before my face; the hair of my flesh multitude of stood up:

A.C. 2130. i Or, I heard a still voice.

j ch. xv. 15. 2 Pet ii. 4.

k Or, nor in

his angels, in whom he put

light. 12 Cor. iv. 7.

& v. 1.

in pieces.

It stood still, but I could not discern the form thereof: an 16 image was before mine eyes, i there was silence, and I heard a voice, saying,

Shall mortal man be more just than God? shall a man be 17 more pure than his maker?

Behold, he j put no trust in his servants; k and his angels he 18

charged with folly:

How much less in them that dwell in houses of clay, whose 19 foundation is in the dust, which are crushed before the moth?

They are m destroyed from morning to evening; they perish 20 m Heb. beulen for ever without any regarding

Doth not their excellency which is in them go away? they 21 die, even without wisdom.

JOB V.

1 The harm of inconsideration. 3 The end of the wicked is misery. 6 God is to be regarded in affliction. 17 The happy end of God's correction.

Call now, if there be any that will answer thee; and to 1 which of the saints wilt thou a turn?

b Or, indignation.

a Or, look.

For wrath killeth the foolish man, and benvy slayeth the 2 silly one.

I have seen the foolish taking root: but suddenly I cursed 3 his habitation.

His children are far from safety, and they are crushed in the 4 gate, neither is there any to deliver them.

Whose harvest the hungry eateth up, and taketh it even out 5 of the thorns, and the robber swalloweth up their substance.

c Or, iniquity.

Although caffliction cometh not forth of the dust, neither 6 d Or, labour. doth trouble spring out of the ground; Yet man is born unto d trouble, as the sparks fly upward.

e Heb. the sons of the burning coal lift up to fly. f ch. ix. 10. Ps. lxxii. 18. Rom. xi. 33. g Heb. and there is no

cause: f Which doeth great things g and unsearchable; marvellous 9 things h without number:

I would seek unto God, and unto God would I commit my 8

Who giveth rain upon the earth, and sendeth waters upon 10

the i fields:

^j To set up on high those that be low; that those which 11 mourn may be exalted to safety.

^k He disappointeth the devices of the crafty, so that their 12

k Neh. iv. 15. hands 1 cannot perform their enterprise.

m He taketh the wise in their own craftiness: and the counsel 13 of the froward is carried headlong.

They o meet with darkness in the day-time, and grope in 14 the noonday as in the night.

But he saveth the poor from the sword, from their mouth, 15 and from the hand of the mighty.

P So the poor hath hope, and iniquity stoppeth her mouth.

search. h Heb. till there be no number. i Heb. out-

places. Ps. cxiii. 7.

Is. viii. 10. 1 Or, cannot perform any thing. m 1 Cor. iii. 19.

n Deut. xxviii. 29. o Or, run into.

p Ps. cvii. 42.

9 Behold, happy is the man whom God correcteth: therefore A.C. 2130. despise not thou the chastening of the Almighty:

For he maketh sore, and bindeth up: he woundeth, and Heb. xii. 5. his hands make whole.

⁵ He shall deliver thee in six troubles: yea, in seven there r Deut. xxxii. shall no evil touch thee.

In famine he shall redeem thee from death: and in war Hos. vi. 1 ^t from the power of the sword.

Thou shalt be hid u from the scourge of the tongue: neither the hands. shalt thou be afraid of destruction when it cometh.

At destruction and famine thou shalt laugh: neither shalt scourgeth. thou be afraid of the beasts of the earth.

v For thou shalt be in league with the stones of the field: v Hos. ii. 18. and the beasts of the field shall be at peace with thee.

And thou shalt know w that thy tabernacle shall be in peace; w or, that and thou shalt visit thy habitation, and shalt not * sin.

Thou shalt know also that thy seed shall be y great, and thine y Or, err. much. offspring as the grass of the earth.

Thou shalt come to thy grave in a full age, like as a shock of corn ² cometh in in his season.

27 Lo this, we have searched it, so it is; hear it, and know thou it a for thy good.

thyself.

§ 6. Reply of Job to Eliphaz.

JOB VI.

- 1 Job sheweth that his complaints are not causeless. 8 He wisheth for death, wherein he is assured of comfort. 14 He reproveth his friends of unkindness.
 - But Job answered and said,
- Oh that my grief were throughly weighed, and my calamity a laid in the balances together!

For now it would be heavier than the sand of the sea: there-up. fore b my words are swallowed up.

^c For the arrows of the Almighty are within me, the poison to express my whereof drinketh up my spirit: the terrors of God do set them- grief. selves in array against me.

Doth the wild ass bray d when he hath grass? or loweth the d Heb. at ox over his fodder?

Can that which is unsavoury be eaten without salt? or is there any taste in the white of an egg?

The things that my soul refused to touch are as my sorrowful meat.

8 Oh that I might have my request; and that God would e Heb. my grant me e the thing that I long for ! expectation.

Even that it would please God to destroy me; that he would let loose his hand, and cut me off!

Then should I yet have comfort; yea, I would harden myself in sorrow: let him not spare; for I have not concealed the words of the Holy One.

Rev. iii. 19. 39.

l Sam. ii. 6. s Ps. xci. 3. t Heb. from

u Or, when

a Heb. for

z Heb. as-

a Heb. lifted

b That is, I want words

What is my strength, that I should hope? and what is mine 11 end, that I should prolong my life?

f Heb. brasen. Is my strength the strength of stones? or is my flesh f of 12 brass?

Is not my help in me? and is wisdom driven quite from 13 me?

g Heb. To him g To him that is afflicted pity should be shewed from his 14 that melleth. friend; but he forsaketh the fear of the Almighty.

My brethren have dealt deceitfully as a brook, and as the 15 stream of brooks they pass away;

Which are blackish by reason of the ice, and wherein the 16 snow is hid:

h Heb. they are cut off. i Heb. in the heat thereof. j Heb. extinguished. What time they wax warm, h they vanish: when it is hot, 17 they are j consumed out of their place.

The paths of their way are turned aside; they go to nothing, 18 and perish.

The troops of Tema looked, the companies of Sheba waited 19 for them.

They were confounded because they had hoped; they came 20 thither, and were ashamed.

k Or, For now ye are like to them. Heb. to it.

l Heb. not.

^k For now ye are ¹ nothing; ye see my casting down, and 21 are afraid.

Did I say, Bring unto me? or, Give a reward for me of 22 your substance?

Or, Deliver me from the enemy's hand? or, Redeem me 23 from the hand of the mighty?

Teach me, and I will hold my tongue: and cause me to 24 understand wherein I have erred.

How forcible are right words! but what doth your arguing 25 reprove?

Do ye imagine to reprove words, and the speeches of one 26 that is desperate, which are as wind?

m Heb. ye cause lo fall upon. Yea, mye overwhelm the fatherless, and ye dig a pit for your 27 friend.

n Heb. before your face. u

Now therefore be content, look upon me; for it is n evident 28 unto you if I lie.

Return, I pray you, let it not be iniquity; yea, return again, 29 O That is, in my righteousness is o in it.

this matter.
p Heb. my
palate.

after.

Is there iniquity in my tongue? cannot pmy taste discern 30 perverse things?

JOB VII.

1 Job excuseth his desire of death. 12 He complaineth of his own restlessness, 17 and God's watchfulness.

Is there not an appointed time to man upon earth? are not be theb. gapeth his days also like the days of an hireling?

As a servant b earnestly desireth the shadow, and as an hire- 2 ling looketh for the reward of his work:

3 So am I made to possess months of vanity, and wearisome A.C. 2130.

nights are appointed to me.

When I lie down, I say, When shall I arise, and the night the be gone? and I am full of tossings to and fro unto the dawning evening be of the day.

My flesh is clothed with worms and clods of dust; my

skin is broken, and become loathsome.

d My days are swifter than a weaver's shuttle, and are spent den xvi. 22.

without hope.

Pa. xc. 6. & constraint of the c

see good.

The eye of him that hath seen me shall see me no more: 12. SNI. 0.

thine eyes are upon me, and g I am not.

12. SNI. 0.

e Heb. shal

out return.

As the cloud is consumed and vanisheth away: so he that f To see, that goeth down to the grave shall come up no more.

g That is, I g T

He shall return no more to his house, neither shall his place tonger.

know him any more.

Therefore I will not refrain my mouth; I will speak in the anguish of my spirit; I will complain in the bitterness of my soul.

12 Am I a sea, or a whale, that thou settest a watch over me?

When I say, My bed shall comfort me, my couch shall ease my complaint;

Then thou scarest me with dreams, and terrifiest me through

visions

15 So that my soul chooseth strangling, and death rather h than h Heb. than my life.

I loathe it; I would not live alway: let me alone; for my

days are vanity.

17 What is man, that thou shouldest magnify him? and that i Ps. viii. 4. & exliv. 3. Heb. ii. 6.

18 And that thou shouldest visit him every morning, and try him every moment?

How long wilt thou not depart from me, nor let me alone

till I swallow down my spittle?

I have sinned; what shall I do unto thee, O thou preserver of men? why hast thou set me as a mark against thee, so that I am a burden to myself?

And why dost thou not pardon my transgression, and take away mine iniquity? for now shall I sleep in the dust; and thou shalt seek me in the morning, but I shall not be.

§ 7. The Argument taken up by Bildad.

JOB VIII.

¹ Bildad sheweth God's justice in dealing with men according to their works. 8 He alledgeth antiquity to prove the certain destruction of the hypocrite. 20 He applieth God's just dealing to Job.

Then answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said,

29

A.C. 2130.

If the scourge slay suddenly, he will laugh at the trial of the 23 innocent.

The earth is given into the hand of the wicked: he 24 covereth the faces of the judges thereof; if not, where, and who is he?

Now my days are swifter than a post: they flee away, they 25 see no good.

k Heb. ships

They are passed away as the k swift ships: as the eagle that 26 of desire: or, ships of Ebeh. hasteth to the prey.

If I say, I will forget my complaint, I will leave off my 27 heaviness, and comfort myself:

I am afraid of all my sorrows, I know that thou wilt not hold 28 me innocent.

If I be wicked, why then labour I in vain?

If I wash myself with snow water, and make my hands never 30 so clean;

Yet shalt thou plunge me in the ditch, and mine own clothes 31 shall labhor me.

1 Or, make me to be ab. horred.

For he is not a man, as I am, that I should answer him, and 32 we should come together in judgment.

m Heb. one that should argue. n Or, umpire.

Neither is there m any daysman betwixt us, that might lay 33 his hand upon us both.

Let him take his rod away from me, and let not his fear 34 terrify me:

o Heb. But I am not so with myself.

Then would I speak, and not fear him; but it is not so with 35 me.

JOB X.

1 Job, taking liberty of complaint, expostulateth with God about his afflictions. 18 He complaineth of life, and craveth a little ease before death.

a Or, cut off while I live.

My soul is a weary of my life; I will leave my complaint 1 upon myself; I will speak in the bitterness of my soul.

I will say unto God, Do not condemn me; shew me where- 2 fore thou contendest with me.

b Heb. the la bour of thine hands.

c Heb. It is upon thy

knowledge. d Heb. took

pains about me.

Is it good unto thee that thou shouldest oppress, that thou 3 shouldest despise b the work of thine hands, and shine upon the counsel of the wicked?

Hast thou eyes of flesh? or seest thou as man seeth? Are thy days as the days of man? are thy years as man's 5 days,

That thou enquirest after mine iniquity, and searchest after 6

my sin?

Thou knowest that I am not wicked; and there is none that 7 can deliver out of thine hand.

Thine hands d have made me and fashioned me together 8 round about; yet thou dost destroy me.

Remember, I beseech thee, that thou hast made me as the 9 clay; and wilt thou bring me into dust again?

e Hast thou not poured me out as milk, and curdled me like A.C. 2130. cheese?

Thou hast clothed me with skin and flesh, and hast fenced 14, 15, 16.

me with bones and sinews.

Thou hast granted me life and favour, and thy visitation hath preserved my spirit.

And these things hast thou hid in thine heart: I know that this is with thee.

If I sin, then thou markest me, and thou wilt not acquit me

from mine iniquity.

- If I be wicked, woe unto me; and if I be righteous, yet will I not lift up my head. I am full of confusion; therefore see thou mine affliction;
- Thou huntest me as a fierce lion: and For it increaseth. again thou shewest thyself marvellous upon me.

Thou renewest g thy witnesses against me, and increasest g That is, t thine indignation upon me; changes and war are against me.

h Wherefore then hast thou brought me forth out of the h ch. iii. 1 womb? Oh that I had given up the ghost, and no eye had seen me!

I should have been as though I had not been; I should have been carried from the womb to the grave.

i Are not my days few? cease then, and let me alone, that i See ch. v I may take comfort a little,

Before I go whence I shall not return, even to the land of darkness and the shadow of death;

A land of darkness, as darkness itself; and of the shadow of death, without any order, and where the light is as darkness.

Zophar takes up the Argument of Eliphaz with great asperity; and urges the necessity of Repentance.

JOB XI.

1 Zophar reproveth Job for justifying himself. 5 God's wisdom is unsearchable. 13 The assured blessing of repentance.

Then answered Zophar the Naamathite, and said,

Should not the multitude of words be answered? and should a a man full of talk be justified?

a Heb. a man

- Should thy b lies make men hold their peace? and when thou b Or, devices. mockest, shall no man make thee ashamed?
- For thou hast said, My doctrine is pure, and I am clean in thine eyes.
- But oh that God would speak, and open his lips against thee;
- And that he would show thee the secrets of wisdom, that they are double to that which is! Know therefore that God exacteth of thee less than thine iniquity deserveth.

Canst thou by searching find out God? canst thou find out the Almighty unto perfection?

It is cas high as heaven; what canst thou do? deeper than 8 A.C. 2130. hell; what canst thou know? c Heb. the heights of hea-

The measure thereof is longer than the earth, and broader 9 11022

than the sea. If he d cut off, and shut up, or gather together, then who 10 can hinder him?

d Or, make a change. e Heb. who can turn him away?

For he knoweth vain men: he seeth wickedness also; will 11 he not then consider it?

f Heb. empty.

For f vain man would be wise, though man be born like a 12 wild ass's colt.

If thou prepare thine heart, and stretch out thine hands 13 toward him;

If iniquity be in thine hand, put it far away, and let not 14 wickedness dwell in thy tabernacles.

For then shalt thou lift up thy face without spot; yea, thou 15 shalt be stedfast, and shalt not fear:

Because thou shalt forget thy misery, and remember it as 16 waters that pass away.

g Heb. shall arise above the noonday.

i Heb. intreat

shall perish

& xviii. 14. Prov. xi. 7.

1 Or, a puff of breath.

thy face. j Heb. flight

And thine age g shall be clearer than the noonday; thou 17 shalt shine forth, thou shalt be as the morning.

And thou shalt be secure, because there is hope; yea, thou 18 h Lev.xxvi.5. shalt dig about thee, and h thou shalt take thy rest in safety.

Also thou shalt lie down, and none shall make thee afraid; 19 yea, many shall i make suit unto thee.

from them, k ch. viii. 14. But the eyes of the wicked shall fail, j and they shall 20 not escape, and k their hope shall be as the giving up of the ghost.

Reply of Job to the whole Argument.

JOB XII.

1 Job maintaineth himself against his friends that reprove him. 7 He acknowledgeth the general doctrine of God's omnipotency.

And Job answered and said,

No doubt but ye are the people, and wisdom shall die with 2

a Heb. an heart. not lower than you. c Heb. with

But I have a understanding as well as you; b I am not in- 3 b Heb. I fall ferior to you: yea, who knoweth not such things as these?

I am as one mocked of his neighbour, who calleth upon 4 E Heb. with God, and he answereth him: the just upright man is laughed such as these? to scorn.

> He that is ready to slip with his feet is as a lamp despised 5 in the thought of him that is at ease.

> The tabernacles of robbers prosper, and they that provoke 6 God are secure; into whose hand God bringeth abundantly.

> But ask now the beasts, and they shall teach thee; and the 7 fowls of the air, and they shall tell thee:

> Or speak to the earth, and it shall teach thee: and the fishes 8 of the sea shall declare unto thee.

Who knoweth not in all these that the hand of the LORD A.C. 2130. hath wrought this?

In whose hand is the d soul of every living thing, and the d Or, life. breath of ^e all mankind.

f Doth not the ear try words? and the g mouth taste his meat? fch. xxxiv. 3.

With the ancient is wisdom; and in length of days under-g Heb. patate.

h With him is wisdom and strength, he hath counsel and un-h That is, derstanding.

Behold, he breaketh down, and it cannot be built again: he i shutteth j up a man, and there can be no opening.

Behold, he withholdeth the waters, and they dry up: also he i Heb. upon. sendeth them out, and they overturn the earth.

With him is strength and wisdom: the deceived and the deceiver are his.

He leadeth counsellors away spoiled, and maketh the judges

He looseth the bond of kings, and girdeth their loins with a

He leadeth princes away spoiled, and overthroweth the

mighty.

He removeth away 1 the speech of the trusty, and taketh k.Ch. xxxii.9. away the understanding of the aged.

He poureth contempt upon princes, and m weakeneth the m Or, looseth strength of the mighty.

Isa. iii. 1, 2, 3. the girdle of

He discovereth deep things out of darkness, and bringeth out to light the shadow of death.

He increaseth the nations, and destroyeth them: he enlargeth the nations, and " straiteneth them again.

n Heb. lead-

He taketh away the heart of the chief of the people of the earth, and causeth them to wander in a wilderness where there is no way.

They grope in the dark without light, and he maketh them to ostagger like a drunken man.

o Heb. wander.

JOB XIII.

- 1 Job reproveth his friends of partiality. 14 He professeth his confidence in God: 20 and intreateth to know his own sins, and God's purpose in afflicting him.
- Lo, mine eye hath seen all this, mine ear hath heard and understood it.
- What ye know, the same do I know also: I am not inferior unto you.
- Surely I would speak to the Almighty, and I desire to reason with God.
- But ye are forgers of lies, ye are all physicians of no value.
- O that ye would altogether hold your peace! and it should be your wisdom.

Hear now my reasoning, and hearken to the pleadings of 6 my lips.

Will ye speak wickedly for God? and talk deceitfully for him? 7 Will ye accept his person? will ye contend for God?

Is it good that he should search you out? or as one man 9 mocketh another, do ye so mock him?

He will surely reprove ye, if you do secretly accept persons. 10 Shall not his excellency make you afraid? and his dread fall 11 upon you?

Your remembrances are like unto ashes, your bodies to 12

bodies of clay.

a Heb. Be silent from me.

or, argue.

c Ps. xxv. 7.

^a Hold your peace, let me alone, that I may speak, and let 13 come on me what will.

Wherefore do I take my flesh in my teeth, and put my life 14 in mine hand?

Though he slay me, yet will I trust in him: but I will 15 b Heb. prove, b maintain mine own ways before him.

> He also shall be my salvation: for an hypocrite shall not 16 come before him.

> Hear diligently my speech, and my declaration with your ears. 17 Behold now, I have ordered my cause; I know that I shall 18 be justified.

> Who is he that will plead with me? for now, if I hold my 19 tongue, I shall give up the ghost.

> Only do not two things unto me: then will I not hide myself 20 from thee.

> Withdraw thine hand far from me: and let not thy dread 21 make me afraid.

> Then call thou, and I will answer: or let me speak, and 22 answer thou me.

> How many are mine iniquities and sins? make me to know 23 my transgression and my sin.

> Wherefore hidest thou thy face, and holdest me for thine 24 enemy?

> Wilt thou break a leaf driven to and fro? and wilt thou 25 pursue the dry stubble?

For thou writest bitter things against me, and c makest me 26

to possess the iniquities of my youth.

Thou puttest my feet also in the stocks, and d lookest nar-27 e Heb. roots. rowly unto all my paths; thou settest a print upon the e heels of my feet.

> And he, as a rotten thing, consumeth, as a garment that is 28 moth eaten.

JOB XIV.

1 Job entreateth God for favour, by the shortness of life, and certainty of death. 7 Though life once lost be irrecoverable, yet he waiteth for his change. 16 By sin the creature is subject to corruption.

a Heb. short Man that is born of a woman is a of few days, and full of trouble. 1 of days.

- b He cometh forth like a flower, and is cut down: he fleeth A.C. 2130. also as a shadow, and continueth not.
- 3 And dost thou open thine eyes upon such an one, and Ps. cii. 11. & bringest me into judgment with thee?

Who d can bring a clean thing out of an unclean? not one. c Heb. Who

Seeing his days are determined, the number of his months distance with thee, thou hast appointed his bounds that he cannot ech. vii. 1. pass;

6 Turn from him, that he may frest, till he shall accomplish, f Heb. cease.

as an hireling, his day.

- 7 For there is hope of a tree, if it be cut down, that it will sprout again, and that the tender branch thereof will not cease.
- 8 Though the root thereof wax old in the earth, and the stock thereof die in the ground;

9 Yet through the scent of water it will bud, and bring forth

boughs like a plant.

But man dieth, and g wasteth away: yea, man giveth up the g Heb. is ghost, and where is he?

11 As the waters fail from the sea, and the flood decayeth and drieth up;

12 So man lieth down, and riseth not: till the heavens be no more, they shall not awake, nor be raised out of their sleep.

O that thou wouldest hide me in the grave, that thou wouldest keep me secret, until thy wrath be past, that thou wouldest appoint me a set time, and remember me!

14 If a man die, shall he live again? all the days of my appointed time will I wait, till my change come.

Thou shalt call, and I will answer thee: thou wilt have a desire to the work of thine hands.

- 16 h For now thou numberest my steps: dost thou not watch h Ps. exxxix. over my sin?
- 17 My transgression is sealed up in a bag, and thou sewest up mine iniquity.

And surely the mountain falling i cometh to nought, and the i Heb. fadeth. rock is removed out of his place.

- The waters wear the stones: thou j washest away the things j Heb. overwhich grow out of the dust of the earth; and thou destroyest fowest. the hope of man.
- Thou prevailest for ever against him, and he passeth: thou changest his countenance, and sendest him away.
- 21 His sons come to honour, and he knoweth it not; and they are brought low, but he perceiveth it not of them.
- 22 But his flesh upon him shall have pain, and his soul within him shall mourn.

§ 11. The Second Controversy between Job and his Friends.

JOB XV.

1 Eliphaz reproveth Job of impiety in justifying himself. 17 He proveth by tradition the unquietness of wicked men.

Then answered Eliphaz the Temanite, and said, A.C. 2130. Should a wise man utter a vain knowledge, and fill his belly 2 a Heb. know-

ledge of wind. with the east wind?

Should be reason with unprofitable talk? or with speeches 3 wherewith he can do no good?

b Heb, thou makest void. c Or, speech. Yea, b thou castest off fear, and restrainest c prayer before 4

d Heb. teacheth.

Prov. xx. 9.

g ch. iv. 18.

h Heb. a

For thy mouth duttereth thine iniquity, and thou choosest 5 the tongue of the crafty.

Thine own mouth condemneth thee, and not I: yea, thine 6 own lips testify against thee.

Art thou the first man that was born? or wast thou made 7 before the hills?

• Hast thou heard the secret of God? and dost thou restrain 8 e Rom. xi. 34. wisdom to thyself?

> What knowest thou, that we know not? what understandest 9 thou, which is not in us?

> With us are both the grayheaded and very aged men, much 10 elder than thy father.

> Are the consolations of God small with thee? is there any 11 secret thing with thee?

> Why doth thine heart carry thee away? and what do thy 12 eyes wink at,

> That thou turnest thy spirit against God, and lettest such 13

words go out of thy mouth?

f What is man, that he should be clean? and he which is born 14 f l Kings vlii. 46. 2 Chr. vi. 36. ch. xiv. 4. of a woman, that he should be righteous? Ps. xiv. 3.

Behold he putteth no trust in his saints; yea, the heavens 15 1 John i. 8, 10. are not clean in his sight.

How much more abominable and filthy is man, which drink-16 eth iniquity like water?

I will shew thee, hear me; and that which I have seen I will 17 declare:

Which wise men have told from their fathers, and have not 18 hid it:

Unto whom alone the earth was given, and no stranger 19 passed among them.

The wicked man travaileth with pain all his days, and the 20 number of years is hidden to the oppressor.

h A dreadful sound is in his ears: in prosperity the destroyer 21 sound of fears. shall come upon him.

> He believeth not that he shall return out of darkness, and 22 he is waited for of the sword.

He wandereth abroad for bread, saying, Where is it? he A.C. 2130. knoweth that the day of darkness is ready at his hand.

4 Trouble and anguish shall make him afraid; they shall pre-

vail against him, as a king ready to the battle.

For he stretcheth out his hand against God, and strengtheneth himself against the Almighty.

6 He runneth upon him, even on his neck, upon the thick

bosses of his bucklers:

27 Because he covereth his face with his fatness, and maketh collops of fat on his flanks.

And he dwelleth in desolate cities, and in houses which no

man inhabiteth, which are ready to become heaps.

He shall not be rich, neither shall his substance continue, neither shall he prolong the perfection thereof upon the earth.

30 He shall not depart out of darkness; the flame shall dry up his branches, and i by the breath of his mouth shall he go away. i ch. iv. 9.

31 Let not him that is deceived trust in vanity: for vanity shall be his recompence.

32 It shall be j accomplished k before his time, and his branch j Or, cut off. shall not be green.

Shall not be green.

Shall not be green.

33 He shall shake off his unripe grape as the vine, and shall cast off his flour as the olive.

34 For the congregation of hypocrites *shall be* desolate, and fire shall consume the tabernacles of bribery.

They conceive mischief, and bring forth m vanity, and their 1 Ps. vii. 14. Isa. lix. 4. m Or, iniquity.

§ 12. Job declares his Innocence.

JOB XVI.

1 Job reproveth his friends of unmercifulness. 7 He sheweth the pitifulness of his case.
17 He maintaineth his innocency.

1 Then Job answered and said,

2 I have heard many such things: a b miserable comforters are a Or, troubleye all.

A property of the some of th

Shall c vain words have an end? or what emboldeneth thee c Heb. words of wind.

that thou answerest?

- I also could speak as ye do: if your soul were in my soul's stead, I could heap up words against you, and shake mine head at you.
- 5 But I would strengthen you with my mouth, and the moving of my lips should asswage your grief.

6 Though I speak, my grief is not asswaged: and though I forbear, d what am I eased?

d Heb. what goeth from

7 But now he hath made me weary: thou hast made desolate me? all my company.

And thou hast filled me with wrinkles, which is a witness against me: and my leanness rising up in me beareth witness to my face.

A.C. 2130.

He teareth me in his wrath, who hateth me: he gnasheth 9 upon me with his teeth; mine enemy sharpeneth his eyes upon me.

They have gaped upon me with their mouth; they have 10 smitten me upon the cheek reproachfully; they have gathered themselves together against me.

e Heb. hath shut me up. God o hath delivered me to the ungodly, and turned me over 11 into the hands of the wicked.

I was at ease, but he hath broken me asunder: he hath also 12 taken me by my neck, and shaken me to pieces, and set me up for his mark.

His archers compass me round about, he cleaveth my reins 13 asunder, and doth not spare; he poureth out my gall upon the

ground.

He breaketh me with breach upon breach, he runneth upon 14 me like a giant.

I have sewed sackcloth upon my skin, and defiled my horn 15 in the dust.

My face is foul with weeping, and on my cyclids is the 16 shadow of death;

Not for any injustice in mine hands: also my prayer is pure. 17 O earth, cover not thou my blood, and let my cry have no 18 place.

Also now, behold, my witness is in heaven, and my record 19 f Heb. in the is f on high.

high places.
g Heb. are my scorners.

My friends g scorn me: but mine eye poureth out tears unto 20 God.

O that one might plead for a man with God, as a man 21 h or, friend. pleadeth for his h neighbour!

i Heb. years of number.

When i a few years are come, then I shall go the way whence 22 I shall not return.

JOB XVII.

1 Job appealeth from men to God. 6 The unmerciful dealing of men with the afflicted may astonish, but not discourage the righteous. 11 His hope is not in life, but in death.

a Or, spirit is spent.

My a breath is corrupt, my days are extinct, the graves are 1 ready for me.

Are there not mockers with me? and doth not mine eye 2 b Heb. lodge. b continue in their provocation?

Lay down now, put me in a surety with thee; who is he 3 that will strike hands with me?

For thou hast hid their heart from understanding: therefore 4 shalt thou not exalt them.

He that speaketh flattery to his friends, even the eyes of his 5 children shall fail.

c Or, before them. He hath made me also a byword of the people; and cafore- 6 time I was as a tabret.

d Or, my Mine eye also is dim by reason of sorrow, and all d my mem- 7 bers are as a shadow.

Upright men shall be astonied at this, and the innocent shall A.C. 2130. stir up himself against the hypocrite.

The righteous also shall hold on his way, and he that hath

clean hands * shall be stronger and stronger. But as for you all, do ye return, and come now: for I cannot add strength.

find one wise man among you.

My days are past, my purposes are broken off, even the fostessions. thoughts of my heart.

They change the night into day: the light is & short because g Heb. near. of darkness.

If I wait, the grave is mine house: I have made my bed in the darkness.

I have b said to corruption, Thou art my father: to the b Heb. cried, or, called. worm, Thou art my mother, and my sister.

And where is now my hope? as for my hope, who shall see it?

They shall go down to the bars of the pit, when our rest together is in the dust.

§ 13. Bildad replies to Job.

JOB XVIII.

1 Bildad reproveth Job of presumption and impatience. 5 The calamities of the wicked.

Then answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said,

How long will it be ere ye make an end of words? mark, and afterwards we will speak.

Wherefore are we counted as beasts, and reputed vile in your sight?

He teareth a himself in his anger: shall the earth be for- a Heb. his saken for thee? and shall the rock be removed out of his place? soul.

Yea, the light of the wicked shall be put out, and the spark of his fire shall not shine.

The light shall be dark in his tabernacle, and his b candle b Or, lamp. shall be put out with him.

The steps of his strength shall be straitened, and his own counsel shall cast him down.

For he is cast into a net by his own feet, and he walketh upon a snare.

The gin shall take him by the heel, and the robber shall prevail against him.

10 The snare is claid for him in the ground, and a trap for him c Heb. hidin the way.

Terrors shall make him afraid on every side, and shall drive dHeb. scatter him to his feet.

His strength shall be hungerbitten, and destruction shall be ready at his side.

It shall devour the estrength of his skin: even the first-born e Heb. bare. of death shall devour his strength.

f His confidence shall be rooted out of his tabernacle, and it fch. viii. 14.

f His confidence shall be rooted out of his tabernacle, and it fch. viii. 19.

cxii. 10. Prov. shall bring him to the king of terrors.

A.C. 2130.

It shall dwell in his tabernacle, because it is none of his: 15 brimstone shall be scattered upon his habitation.

His roots shall be dried up beneath, and above shall his 16

branch be cut off.

g Prov. ii. 22. ⁸ His remembrance shall perish from the earth, and he shall 17 have no name in the street.

h Heb. They shall drive him.

h He shall be driven from light into darkness, and chased out 18 of the world.

He shall neither have son nor nephew among his people, 19 nor any remaining in his dwellings.

They that come after him shall be astonied at his day, as 20

they that i went before j were affrighted.

i Or, lived with him. i Heb. laid hold on hor-

Surely such are the dwellings of the wicked, and this is the 21 place of him that knoweth not God.

§ 14. Job complains of the cruelty of his friends.

JOB XIX.

Job, complaining of his friends' cruelty, sheweth there is misery enough in him to feed their cruelty.
 21, 28 He craveth pity.
 23 He believeth the resurrection.

Then Job answered and said,

How long will ye vex my soul, and break me in pieces with 2 words?

These ten times have ye reproached me: ye are not ashamed 3 a Or, harden that ye a make yourselves strange to me.

And be it indeed that I have erred, mine error remaineth 4 with myself.

If indeed ye will magnify yourselves against me, and plead 5 against me my reproach:

Know now that God hath overthrown me, and hath compassed 6

me with his net.

b Or, violence.

yourselves

against me.

Behold, I cry out of b wrong, but I am not heard: I cry 7 aloud, but there is no judgment.

He hath fenced up my way that I cannot pass, and he hath 8 set darkness in my paths.

He hath stripped me of my glory, and taken the crown from 9 my head.

He hath destroyed me on every side, and I am gone: and 10 mine hope hath he removed like a tree.

He hath also kindled his wrath against me, and he counteth 11 me unto him as one of his enemies.

His troops come together, and raise up their way against me, 12 and encamp round about my tabernacle.

He hath put my brethren far from me, and mine acquaint-13 ance are verily estranged from me.

My kinsfolk have failed, and my familiar friends have for-14 gotten me.

They that dwell in mine house, and my maids, count me for 15 a stranger: I am an alien in their sight.

I called my servant, and he gave me no answer; I intreated A.C. 2130. him with my mouth.

17 My breath is strange to my wife, though I intreated for the children's sake of c mine own body.

Yea, d young children despised me; I arose, and they spake d Or, the against me.

9 • All f my inward friends abhorred me: and they whom I e Ps. xli. 9. & loved are turned against me.

My bone cleaveth to my skin g and to my flesh, and I am secret. escaped with the skin of my teeth.

21 Have pity upon me, have pity upon me, O ye my friends; for the hand of God hath touched me.

22 Why do ye persecute me as God, and are not satisfied with my flesh?

23 h Oh that my words were now written! oh that they were h Heb. Who printed in a book!

24 That they were graven with an iron pen and lead in the rock for ever!

For I know that my redeemer liveth, and that he shall stand at the latter day upon the earth:

26 And though after my skin worms destroy this body, yet in though this body set destroyed, by flesh shall I see God:

27 Whom I shall see for myself, and mine eyes shall behold, out of my and not j another; k though my reins be consumed within me. see God.

But ye should say, "Why persecute we him, seeing the stranger root of the matter is found in me? the stranger k Or, my reins wil.

Be ye afraid of the sword: for wrath bringeth the punish-me are consumed with ments of the sword, that ye may know there is a judgment.

§ 15. Zophar replies to Job.

JOB XX.

Zophar sheweth the state and portion of the wicked.

Then answered Zophar the Naamathite, and said,

Therefore do my thoughts cause me to answer, and for this

a I make haste.

a Heb. my
haste is in me.

I have heard the check of my reproach, and the spirit of my understanding causeth me to answer.

4 Knowest thou not this of old, since man was placed upon earth.

5 b That the triumphing of the wicked is c short, and the joy of b Ps. xxxvii. the hypocrite but for a moment?

That the triumphing of the wicked is c short, and the joy of b Ps. xxxvii. c Heb. from the hypocrite but for a moment?

Though his excellency mount up to the heavens, and his near head reach unto the d clouds;

7 Yet he shall perish for ever like his own dung: they which have seen him shall say, Where is he?

8 He shall fly away as a dream, and shall not be found: yea, he shall be chased away as a vision of the night.

i Or, After I shall awake, body be destroyed, yet k Or, my reins within sumed with earnest desire. [for that day.] l Heb. in my bosom. m ver. 22. n Or, and what root of matter is found in me? A.C. 2130.

The eye also which saw him shall see him no more; neither 9 shall his place any more behold him.

e Or, The poor shall oppress his children.

• His children shall seek to please the poor, and his hands 10 shall restore their goods.

His bones are full of the sin of his youth, which shall lie 11 down with him in the dust.

Though wickedness be sweet in his mouth, though he hide 12 it under his tongue;

Though he spare it, and forsake it not; but keep it still 13 f Heb. in the f within his mouth:

midst of his palate.

Yet his meat in his bowels is turned, it is the gall of asps 14 within him.

He hath swallowed down riches, and he shall vomit them up 15 again: God shall cast them out of his belly.

He shall suck the poison of asps: the viper's tongue shall 16 slay him.

g Or, streaming brooks.

h Heb. according to the

substance of

He shall not see the rivers, g the floods, the brooks of honey 17 and butter.

That which he laboured for shall he restore, and shall not 18 swallow it down: haccording to his substance shall the restitution be, and he shall not rejoice therein.

Because he hath 'oppressed and hath forsaken the poor; 19 because he hath violently taken away an house which he builded

his exchange. i Heb. crushed. j Eccles. v.

^j Surely he shall not ^k feel quietness in his belly, he shall not 20 k Heb. know. save of that which he desired.

1 Or, There shall be none left for his meat.

m Or. trou .

blesome.

13, 14.

There shall none of his meat be left; therefore shall no 21 man look for his goods.

In the fulness of his sufficiency he shall be in straits: every 22 hand of the "wicked shall come upon him.

When he is about to fill his belly, God shall cast the fury 23 of his wrath upon him, and shall rain it upon him while he is eating.

He shall flee from the iron weapon, and the bow of steel 24 shall strike him through.

It is drawn, and cometh out of the body; yea, the glittering 25 sword cometh out of his gall: terrors are upon him.

All darkness shall be hid in his secret places: a fire not 26 blown shall consume him: it shall go ill with him that is left in his tabernacle.

The heaven shall reveal his iniquity; and the earth shall 27 rise up against him.

The increase of his house shall depart, and his goods shall 28 flow away in the day of his wrath.

n Heb. of his decree from God.

This is the portion of a wicked man from God, and the 29 heritage n appointed unto him by God.

§ 16. Reply of Job to Zophar.

JOB XXI.

1 Job sheweth that even in the judgment of man he hath reason to be grieved. 7 Sometimes the wicked do so prosper, as they despise God. 16 Sometimes their destruction is manifest. 22 The happy and unhappy are alike in death. 27 The judgment of the wicked is in another world.

But Job answered and said,

- Hear diligently my speech, and let this be your consolations.
- 3 Suffer me that I may speak; and after that I have spoken, mock on.

As for me, is my complaint to man? and if it were so, why should not my spirit be a troubled?

b Mark me, and be astonished, and lay your hand upon your b Heb. Look mouth.

6 Even when I remember I am afraid, and trembling taketh hold on my flesh.

7 C Wherefore do the wicked live, become old, yea, are mighty c Ps. xvii. 10, in power?

Their seed is established in their sight with them, and their 1. Hab. i. 16.

offspring before their eyes.

Their houses dare safe from fear, neither is the rod of God d Heb. are

upon them.

Their bull gendereth, and faileth not; their cow calveth, and

casteth not her calf.

11 They send forth their little ones like a flock, and their children dance.

12 They take the timbrel and harp, and rejoice at the sound of the organ.

They spend their days e in wealth, and in a moment go down e or, in to the grave.

^f Therefore they say unto God, Depart from us; for we fch. xxii. 17. desire not the knowledge of thy ways.

15 What is the Almighty, that we should serve him? and what profit should we have, if we pray unto him?

16 Lo, their good is not in their hand: the counsel of the wicked is far from me.

17 How oft is the g candle of the wicked put out? and how oft g Or, lamp. cometh their destruction upon them? God distributeth sorrows in his anger.

They are as stubble before the wind, and as chaff that the storm b carrieth away.

storm " carrieth away.

19 God layeth up ' his iniquity for his children: he rewardeth eth away.

19 him, and he shall know it.

10 him, and he shall know it.

10 his over shall see his destruction, and he shall driph of the his iniquity.

His eyes shall see his destruction, and he shall drink of the wrath of the Almighty.

21 For what pleasure *hath* he in his house after him, when the number of his months is cut off in the midst?

A.C. 2130. Shall any teach God knowledge? seeing he judgeth those 22 that are high.

j Heb. in his very perfection, or, in the quiet.
strength of his perfection. k Or, milk pails.

One dieth in his full strength, being wholly at ease and 23

His breasts are full of milk, and his bones are moistened 24 with marrow.

And another dieth in the bitterness of his soul, and never 25 eateth with pleasure.

They shall lie down alike in the dust, and the worms shall 26 cover them.

Behold, I know your thoughts, and the devices which ye 27 wrongfully imagine against me.

For ye say, Where is the house of the prince? and where 28 are 1 the dwelling places of the wicked?

l Heb. the tent of the tabernacles of the wicked.

Have ye not asked them that go by the way? and do ye not 29 know their tokens.

m Prov. xvi. ^m That the wicked is reserved to the day of destruction? 30 they shall be brought forth to "the day of wrath. n Heb. the day of wraths.

Who shall declare his way to his face? and who shall repay 31 him what he hath done?

o Heb. graves. p Heb. watch in the heap.

Yet shall he be brought to the ograve, and shall premain in 32 the tomb.

The clods of the valley shall be sweet unto him, and every 33 man shall draw after him, as there are innumerable before

How then comfort ye me in vain, seeing in your answers 34 q Heb. trans- there remaineth q falsehood? gression.

> The Third Controversy between Job and his Friends—begun by Eliphaz.

JOB XXII.

1 Eliphaz sheweth that man's goodness profiteth not God. 5 He accuseth Job of divers sins. 21 He exhorteth him to repentance, with promises of mercy.

Then Eliphaz the Temanite answered and said, Can a man be profitable unto God, a as he that is wise may 2 able, doth his be profitable unto himself?

good success Is it any pleasure to the Almighty that thou art righteous? 3 depend thereor is it gain to him, that thou makest thy ways perfect?

> Will he reprove thee for fear of thee? will he enter with thee 4 into judgment?

Is not thy wickedness great? and thine iniquities infinite? For thou hast taken a pledge from thy brother for nought, 6 ned the clother and b stripped the naked of their clothing.

Thou hast not given water to the weary to drink, and thou 7 hast withholden bread from the hungry.

But as for c the mighty man, he had the earth; and the 8 countenance. d honourable man dwelt in it.

on? b Heb. strip-

a Or, if he may be profit-

of the naked. c Heb. the man of arm. d Heb. eminent, or, ac-

PART II.] THIRD CONTROVERSY BETWEEN JOB AND HIS FRIENDS. 49

- 9 Thou hast sent widows away empty, and the arms of the A.C. 2130. fatherless have been broken.
- Therefore snares are round about thee, and sudden fear troubleth thee;
- 11 Or darkness, that thou canst not see; and abundance of waters cover thee.
- 12 Is not God in the height of heaven? and behold "the height e Heb. the of the stars, how high they are!
- 13 And thou sayest, f How doth God know? can he judge f Or, what. through the dark cloud?
- 14 Thick clouds are a covering to him, that he seeth not; and he walketh in the circuit of heaven.
- 15 Hast thou marked the old way which wicked men have trodden?
- Which were cut down out of time, g whose foundation was g Heb. a flood overflown with a flood:

 Which were cut down out of time, g whose foundation was g Heb. a flood was poured upon their upon their
- 17 h Which said unto God, Depart from us: and what can the foundation.
 Almighty do i for them?
- 18 Yet he filled their houses with good things: but j the counsel j ch. xxi. 16. of the wicked is far from me.
- 19 k The righteous see it, and are glad: and the innocent laugh k Ps. evii. 42. them to scorn.
- Whereas our ¹ substance is not cut down, but ^m the remnant ¹ or, estate.

 of them the fire consumeth.

 m Or, their
 excellence.
- Acquaint now thyself n with him, and be at peace: thereby n That is, good shall come unto thee.
- 22 Receive, I pray thee, the law from his mouth, and lay up his words in thine heart.
- o If thou return to the Almighty, thou shalt be built up, och. viii. 5, 6. thou shalt put away iniquity far from thy tabernacles.
- Then shalt thou lay up gold P as dust, and the gold of Ophir P Or, on the as the stones of the brooks.
- Yea, the Almighty shall be thy q defence, and thou shalt q Or, gold.

 have r plenty of silver.

 The silver of strength.
- 26 For then shalt thou have thy delight in the Almighty, and shalt lift up thy face unto God.
- 27 Thou shalt make thy prayer unto him, and he shall hear thee, and thou shalt pay thy vows.
- 28 Thou shalt also decree a thing, and it shall be established unto thee: and the light shall shine upon thy ways.
- When men are cast down, then thou shalt say, There is lifting up; and he shall save sthe humble person.
- delivered by the pureness of thine hands.

 \mathbf{E}

s Heb. him that hath low S eyes. t Or, the innocent shall deliver the island. A.C. 2130.

§ 18. Reply of Job.

JOB XXIII.

1 Job longeth to appear before God, 6 in confidence of his mercy. 8 God, who is invisible, observeth our ways. 11 Job's innocency. 13 God's decree is immutable.

Then Job answered and said.

1

Even to day is my complaint bitter: a my stroke is heavier 2 than my groaning.

Oh that I knew where I might find him, that I might come 3

even to his seat!

I would order my cause before him, and fill my mouth with 4 arguments.

I would know the words which he would answer me, and 5

understand what he would say unto me.

Will he plead against me with his great power? No; but 6 he would put strength in me.

There the righteous might dispute with him; so should I be 7

delivered for ever from my judge.

Behold, I go forward, but he is not there; and backward, 8

but I cannot perceive him:

On the left hand, where he doth work, but I cannot behold g him: he hideth himself on the right hand, that I cannot see him:

b Heb. the way that is with me.

But he knoweth the b way that I take: when he hath tried 10 me, I shall come forth as gold.

My foot hath held his steps, his way have I kept, and not 11

declined.

Neither have I gone back from the commandment of his 12 c Heb. I have lips; c I have esteemed the words of his mouth more than d my hid, or, laid necessary food.

d Or, my appointed portion. e Ps. cxv. 3. But he is in one mind, and who can turn him? and what 13 his soul desireth, even that he doeth.

For he performeth the thing that is appointed for me: and 14 many such things are with him.

Therefore am I troubled at his presence: when I consider, 15 I am afraid of him.

For God maketh my heart soft, and the Almighty troubleth 16 me:

Because I was not cut off before the darkness, neither hath 17 he covered the darkness from my face.

JOB XXIV.

1 Wickedness goeth often unpunished. 17 There is a secret judgment for the wicked.

Why, seeing times are not hidden from the Almighty, do 1 they that know him not see his days?

Some remove the "landmarks; they violently take away 2 flocks, and b feed thereof.

a Deut. xix.
14. & xxvii.
17.
b Or, feed
them.

They drive away the ass of the fatherless, they take the A.C. 2130. widow's ox for a pledge.

4 They turn the needy out of the way: the poor of the earth

hide themselves together.

Behold, as wild asses in the desert, go they forth to their work; rising betimes for a prey: the wilderness yieldeth food for them and for their children.

They reap every one his corn in the field: and they gather the min-gled corn, or, They reap every one his contain the little and a great contains, on, areage.

They cause the naked to lodge without clothing, that they wicked gather the vintage. the vintage of the wicked.

have no covering in the cold.

They are wet with the showers of the mountains, and em-

brace the rock for want of a shelter. They pluck the fatherless from the breast, and take a pledge of the poor.

They cause him to go naked without clothing, and they take away the sheaf from the hungry;

Which make oil within their walls, and tread their winepresses, and suffer thirst.

Men groan from out of the city, and the soul of the wounded crieth out: yet God layeth not folly to them.

They are of those that rebel against the light; they know not the ways thereof, nor abide in the paths thereof.

The murderer rising with the light killeth the poor and needy, and in the night is as a thief.

The eye also of the adulterer waiteth for the twilight, saying, No eye shall see me: and disguiseth his face.

In the dark they dig through houses, which they had marked secret. for themselves in the daytime: they know not the light.

For the morning is to them even as the shadow of death: if one know them, they are in the terrors of the shadow of death.

He is swift as the waters; their portion is cursed in the earth: he beholdeth not the way of the vineyards.

Drought and heat f consume the snow waters; so doth the f Heb. vio-

grave those which have sinned.

The womb shall forget him; the worm shall feed sweetly on him; he shall be no more remembered; and wickedness shall be broken as a tree.

He evil entreateth the barren that beareth not: and doeth not good to the widow.

He draweth also the mighty with his power: he riseth up, g and no man is sure of life.

Though it be given him to be in safety, whereon he resteth; own life. yet h his eyes are upon their ways.

They are exalted for a little while, but are gone and brought i Heb. are low; they are j taken out of the way as all other, and cut off as j Heb. closed the tops of the ears of corn.

A.C. 2130. And if it be not so now, who will make me a liar, and make 25 my speech nothing worth?

§ 19. Bildad again takes up the Argument.

JOB XXV.

Bildad sheweth that man cannot be justified before God.

Then answered Bildad the Shuhite, and said,

Dominion and fear are with him, he maketh peace in his 2 high places.

Is there any number of his armies? and upon whom doth 3

not his light arise?

a ch. iv. 17, a How then can man be justified with God? or how can he 4 &c. & xv. 14, be clean that is born of a woman?

Behold even to the moon, and it shineth not; yea, the stars 5 are not pure in his sight.

b Ps. xxii. 6. How much less man, that is b a worm? and the son of man, 6 which is a worm?

§ 20. Job again asserts his Integrity, and contrasts his former Prosperity with his present Adversity.

JOB XXVI.

1 Job, reproving the uncharitable spirit of Bildad, 5 acknowledgeth the power of God to be infinite and unsearchable.

But Job answered and said,

How hast thou helped him that is without power? how savest 2 thou the arm that hath no strength?

How hast thou counselled him that hath no wisdom? and 3 how hast thou plentifully declared the thing as it is?

To whom hast thou uttered words? and whose spirit came 4 from thee?

a Or, with the inhabitDead things are formed from under the waters, and the 5 inhabitants thereof.

b Prov. xv. 11.

b Hell is naked before him, and destruction hath no covering. 6 He stretcheth out the north over the empty place, and 7

hangeth the earth upon nothing.

He bindeth up the waters in his thick clouds; and the cloud s is not rent under them.

He holdeth back the face of his throne, and spreadeth his g cloud upon it.

c Heb. until the end of light with durkness. He hath compassed the waters with bounds, c until the day 10 and night come to an end.

The pillars of heaven tremble and are astonished at his 11 reproof.

He divideth the sea with his power, and by his under-12 d Heb. pride. standing he smiteth through d the proud.

By his spirit he hath garnished the heavens; his hand hath 13 formed the crooked serpent.

Lo, these are parts of his ways: but how little a portion A.C. 2130. is heard of him? but the thunder of his power who can understand?

JOB XXVII.

1 Job protesteth his sincerity. 8 The hypocrite is without hope. 11 The blessings which the wicked have are turned into curses.

Moreover Job a continued his parable, and said,

a Heb. added

As God liveth, who hath taken away my judgment; and the to take up. Almighty, who hath b vexed my soul;

b Heb. made breath which God gave him.

All the while my breath is in me, and c the spirit of God is c That is, the in my nostrils;

My lips shall not speak wickedness, nor my tongue utter deceit.

God forbid that I should justify you: till I die I will not remove mine integrity from me.

My righteousness I hold fast, and will not let it go: my heart shall not reproach me d so long as I live.

d Heb. from

Let mine enemy be as the wicked, and he that riseth up my days. against me as the unrighteous.

e For what is the hope of the hypocrite, though he hath e Matt. xvi.

gained, when God taketh away his soul? f Prov. i. 28. f Will God hear his cry when trouble cometh upon him?

Will he delight himself in the Almighty? will he always call John ix. 31. upon God?

Ezek, viii, 18.

I will teach you g by the hand of God: that which is with g Or, being in the hand, gc. the Almighty will I not conceal.

Behold, all ye yourselves have seen it; why then are ye thus altogether vain?

This is the portion of a wicked man with God, and the heritage of oppressors, which they shall receive of the Almighty.

If his children be multiplied, it is for the sword: and his

offspring shall not be satisfied with bread.

Those that remain of him shall be buried in death: and h his h Ps. lxxviii. widows shall not weep.

Though he heap up silver as the dust, and prepare raiment as the clay;

He may prepare it, but the just shall put it on, and the innocent shall divide the silver.

He buildeth his house as a moth, and as a booth that the keeper maketh.

The rich man shall lie down, but he shall not be gathered: he openeth his eyes, and he is not.

i Terrors take hold on him as waters, a tempest stealeth him i ch. xviii. away in the night.

The east wind carrieth him away, and he departeth: and as a storm hurleth him out of his place.

A.C. 2130. j Heb. in Reeing he would flee.

For God shall cast upon him, and not spare; i he would fain 22 flee out of his hand.

Men shall clap their hands at him, and shall hiss him out of 23 his place.

JOB XXVIII.

1 There is a knowledge of natural things. 12 But wisdom is an excellent gift of God.

a Or, a mine. Surely there is a vein for the silver, and a place for gold 1 where they fine it.

Iron is taken out of the bearth, and brass is molten out of the 2 b Or, dust. stone.

> He setteth an end to darkness, and searcheth out all per- 3 fection: the stones of darkness, and the shadow of death.

> The flood breaketh out from the inhabitant; even the waters 4 forgotten of the foot: they are dried up, they are gone away from men.

> As for the earth, out of it cometh bread: and under it is 5 turned up as it were fire.

c Or, gold ore.

The stones of it are the place of sapphires: and it hath dust 6 of gold.

There is a path which no fowl knoweth, and which the vul- 7 ture's eye hath not seen:

The lion's whelps have not trodden it, nor the fierce lion 8 passed by it.

d Or, flint.

He putteth forth his hand upon the drock; he overturneth 9 the mountains by the roots.

He cutteth out rivers among the rocks; and his eye seeth 10 every precious thing.

e Heb. from weeping.

He bindeth the floods e from overflowing; and the thing that 11 is hid bringeth he forth to light.

But where shall wisdom be found? and where is the place of 12 understanding?

Man knoweth not the price thereof; neither is it found in 13 the land of the living.

f Ver. 22. Rom. xi. 33, g Heb. Fine gold shall not

The depth saith, It is not in me: and the sea saith, It is 14 not with me.

g It h cannot be gotten for gold, neither shall silver be 15 be given for it. weighed for the price thereof. h Prov. iii. It cannot be valued with the gold of Ophir, with the precious 16 13, 14, 15. &

viii. 10, 11, 19. onyx, or the sapphire.

The gold and the crystal cannot equal it: and the exchange 17

of it shall not be for i jewels of fine gold. i Or, vessels of fine gold.
j Or, Ramoth.

No mention shall be made of coral, or of pearls: for the 18 price of wisdom is above rubies.

The topaz of Ethiopia shall not equal it, neither shall it be 19 valued with pure gold.

k Whence then cometh wisdom? and where is the place of 20 k Ver. 12. understanding?

Seeing it is hid from the eyes of all living, and kept close A.C. 2130. from the fowls of the ¹ air.

Destruction and death say, We have heard the fame thereof with our ears.

23 God understandeth the way thereof, and he knoweth the place thereof.

24 For he looketh to the ends of the earth, and seeth under the whole heaven;

To make the weight for the winds; and he weigheth the waters by measure.

When he made a decree for the rain, and a way for the lightning of the thunder:

Then did he see it, and m declare it; he prepared it, yea, m Or, number and searched it out.

And unto man he said, Behold, n the fear of the Lord, that n Ps. cxi. 10.

is wisdom; and to depart from evil is understanding.

& ix. 10.

JOB XXIX.

Job bemoaneth himself of his former prosperity and honour.

Moreover Job ^a continued his parable, and said,

Oh that I were as in months past, as in the days when God to take up.

preserved me;

3 When his b candle shined upon my head, and when by his b Or, lamp. light I walked through darkness;

As I was in the days of my youth, when the secret of God

was upon my tabernacle;

5 When the Almighty was yet with me, when my children were about me;

6 . When I washed my steps with butter, and the rock poured c Heb me.

7 When I went out to the gate through the city, when I prepared my seat in the street!

The young men saw me, and hid themselves: and the aged arose, and stood up.

9 The princes refrained talking, and laid their hand on their mouth.

the roof of their mouth.

d The nobles held their peace, and their tongue cleaved to d Heb. The voice of the nobles was

When the ear heard me, then it blessed me; and when the hid. eye saw me, it gave witness to me:

12 Because I delivered the poor that cried, and the fatherless, and him that had none to help him.

13 The blessing of him that was ready to perish came upon me: and I caused the widow's heart to sing for joy.

I put on righteousness, and it clothed me: my judgment was as a robe and a diadem.

15 I was eyes to the blind, and feet was I to the lame.

A.C. 2130.

I was a father to the poor: and the cause which I knew not 16 I searched out.

e Heb. the the grinders. f Heb. cast.

And I brake e the jaws of the wicked, and f plucked the spoil 17 jaw-teeth, or, out of his teeth.

> Then I said, I shall die in my nest, and I shall multiply my 18 days as the sand.

g Heb. opened.

My root was g spread out by the waters, and the dew lay 19 all night upon my branch.

h Heb. new. i Heb. chang- my hand.

My glory was h fresh in me, and my bow was renewed in 20

Unto me men gave ear, and waited, and kept silence at my 21 counsel.

After my words they spake not again; and my speech 22 dropped upon them.

And they waited for me as for the rain; and they opened 23 their mouth wide as for the latter rain.

If I laughed on them, they believed it not; and the light of 24 my countenance they cast not down.

I chose out their way, and sat chief, and dwelt as a king in 25 the army, as one that comforteth the mourners.

JOB XXX.

1 Job's honour is turned into extreme contempt. 15 His prosperity into calamity.

a Heb. of fewer days than I.

But now they that are a younger than I have me in derision, 1 whose fathers I would have disdained to have set with the dogs of my flock.

Yea, whereto might the strength of their hands profit me, in 2 whom old age was perished?

b Or, dark as the night. c Heb. yesternight.

For want and famine they were b solitary; fleeing into the 3 wilderness c in former time desolate and waste.

Who cut up mallows by the bushes, and juniper roots for 4 their meat.

They were driven forth from among men, (they cried after 5 them as after a thief;)

d Heb. holes.

To dwell in the cliffs of the valleys, in d caves of the earth, 6 and in the rocks.

Among the bushes they brayed; under the nettles they 7 were gathered together.

e Heb men of no name.

They were children of fools, yea, children of base men: 8 they were viler than the earth.

f Ps. xxxv. 15. & lxix.12. g Heb. and withhold not spittle from my face.

And now am I their song, yea, I am their byword. They abhor me, they flee far from me, g and spare not to 10

spit in my face.

Because he hath loosed my cord, and afflicted me, they have 11 also let loose the bridle before me.

Upon my right hand rise the youth; they push away my 12 feet, and they raise up against me the ways of their destruction.

They mar my path, they set forward my calamity, they have A.C. 2130. no helper.

They came upon me as a wide breaking in of waters: in the desolation they rolled themselves upon me.

Terrors are turned upon me: they pursue h my soul as the h Heb. my principal one. wind: and my welfare passeth away as a cloud.

And now my soul is poured out upon me; the days of affliction have taken hold upon me.

17 My bones are pierced in me in the night season: and my sinews take no rest.

By the great force of my disease is my garment changed: it bindeth me about as the collar of my coat.

He hath cast me into the mire, and I am become like dust and ashes.

I cry unto thee, and thou dost not hear me: I stand up, and thou regardest me not.

Thou art i become cruel to me: with j thy strong hand thou i Heb. turned opposest thyself against me.

Thou liftest me up to the wind; thou causest me to ride they hand. upon it, and dissolvest my k substance.

For I know that thou wilt bring me to death, and to the house appointed for all living.

Howbeit he will not stretch out his hand to the grave, 1 Heb. heap. though they cry in his destruction.

m Did not I weep n for him that was in trouble? was not my m Ps. xxxv. soul grieved for the poor? xii. 15.

When I looked for good, then evil came unto me: and when n Heb. for him that was I waited for light, there came darkness. hard of day

My bowels boiled, and rested not: the days of affliction prevented me.

I went mourning without the sun: I stood up, and I cried in the congregation.

^o I am a brother to dragons, and a companion to ^p owls. o Ps. cii. 6.

My skin is black upon me, and my bones are burned with p Or, or heat.

My harp also is turned to mourning, and my organ into the voice of them that weep.

JOB XXXI.

Job maketh a solemn protestation of his integrity in several duties.

I made a covenant with mine eyes; why then should I think upon a maid?

For what portion of God is there from above? and what inheritance of the Almighty from on high?

Is not destruction to the wicked? and a strange punishment a 2 Chr. xvi. to the workers of iniquity?

a Doth not he see my ways, and count all my steps?

9. ch. xxxiv. 21. Prov. v. 21. & xv. 3.

A.C. 2130. If I have walked with vanity, or if my foot hath hasted to 5 deceit:

b Let me be weighed in an even balance, that God may 6 b Heb. Let him weigh me know mine integrity.

justice.

If my step hath turned out of the way, and mine heart 7 walked after mine eyes, and if any blot hath cleaved to mine

Then let me sow, and let another eat; yea, let my offspring 8

be rooted out.

If mine heart have been deceived by a woman, or if I have 9 laid wait at my neighbour's door;

Then let my wife grind unto another, and let others bow 10

down upon her.

For this is an heinous crime; yea, it is an iniquity to be 11 punished by the judges.

For it is a fire that consumeth to destruction, and would 12

root out all mine increase.

If I did despise the cause of my manservant or of my maid-13 servant, when they contended with me;

What then shall I do when God riseth up? and when he 14

visiteth, what shall I answer him?

c Or, did he

Did not he that made me in the womb make him? and c did 15 not fashion us in the womb?

If I have withheld the poor from their desire, or have caused 16 the eyes of the widow to fail;

Or have eaten my morsel myself alone, and the fatherless 17 hath not eaten thereof;

(For from my youth he was brought up with me, as 18 d That is, the with a father, and I have guided dher from my mother's widow. womb:)

If I have seen any perish for want of clothing, or any poor 19

without covering;

If his loins have not blessed me, and if he were not warmed 20 with the fleece of my sheep;

If I have lifted up my hand against the fatherless, when I 21

saw my help in the gate:

Then let mine arm fall from my shoulder blade, and mine 22 arm be broken from the bone.

For destruction from God was a terror to me, and by reason 23 of his highness I could not endure.

If I have made gold my hope, or have said to the fine gold, 24

Thou art my confidence; If I rejoiced because my wealth was great, and because mine 25 hand had f gotten much;

If I beheld g the sun when it shined, or the moon walking 26 light.
h Heb. bright. h in brightness;

And my heart hath been secretly enticed, or i my mouth 27 hath kissed my hand:

e Or, the chanelbone.

f Heb. found much. g Heb. the

i Heb. my hand hath kissed my mouth.

n Heb. weep.

b Heb. his

- This also were an iniquity to be punished by the judge: for I A.C. 2130. should have denied the God that is above.
- 29 If I rejoiced at the destruction of him that hated me, or lifted up myself when evil found him:
- 30 Neither have I suffered j my mouth to sin by wishing a j Heb. my curse to his soul.
- 31 If the men of my tabernacle said not, Oh that we had of his flesh! we cannot be satisfied.
- 32 The stranger did not lodge in the street: but I opened my doors k to the traveller.
- 33 If I covered my transgressions as Adam, by hiding mine 1 Or, after the iniquity in my bosom:

 | Way | Way | Or, after the manner of men.
- Did I fear a great multitude, or did the contempt of families terrify me, that I kept silence, and went not out of the door?
- oh that one would hear me! m behold, my desire is, that m or, behold, the Almighty would answer me, and that mine adversary had mysignis that the Almighty written a book.
- 36 Surely I would take it upon my shoulder, and bind it as a crown to me.
- 37 I would declare unto him the number of my steps; as a prince would I go near unto him.
- 38 If my land cry against me, or that the furrows likewise thereof n complain;
- 39 If I have eaten of the fruits thereof without money, or have o Heb. the strength p caused the owners thereof to lose their life:
- 40 Let thistles grow instead of wheat, and cockle instead of the soul of the barley. The words of Job are ended.

 The words of Job are ended.

 **The words of Job are ended of Job are ended of Job are ended of Job are ended of J
- § 21. Elihu, who had hitherto been silent, takes up the Argument, and weeds: shews that Affliction is sent by God for wise though inscrutable Purposes, and that the Duty of Man is Submission.

JOB XXXII.

- 1 Elihu is angry with Job and his three friends. 6 Because wisdom cometh not from age, he excuseth the boldness of his youth. 11 He reproveth them for not satisfying of Job. 16 His zeal to speak.
 - So these three men ceased a to answer Job, because he was a Heb. from righteous in his own eyes.
- Then was kindled the wrath of Elihu the son of Barachel the Buzite, of the kindred of Ram: against Job was his wrath kindled, because he justified b himself rather than God.
- 3 Also against his three friends was his wrath kindled, because soul. they had found no answer, and yet had condemned Job.
- 4 Now Elihu had c waited till Job had spoken, because they c Heb. expected Job in words.
- 5 When Elihu saw that there was no answer in the mouth of d Heb. elder these three men, then his wrath was kindled.
- 6 And Elihu the son of Barachel the Buzite answered and

A.C. 2130 said, I am 'young, and ye are very old; wherefore I was afraid, e Heb. few of and f durst not show you mine opinion.

I said, Days should speak, and multitude of years should 7 f Heb. feared.

teach wisdom. But there is a spirit in man: and g the inspiration of the 8

g ch. xxxviii. 36. Prov. ii. 6. Dan. i. 17. & ii. 21.

Eccles. ii. 26. Almighty giveth them understanding. Great men are not always wise: neither do the aged under- 9

stand judgment.

Therefore I said, Hearken to me; I also will shew mine 10 opinion.

h Heb. under-

Behold, I waited for your words; I gave ear to your h rea- 11 i Heb. words. sons, whilst ye searched out i what to say.

Yea, I attended unto you, and, behold, there was none of 12 you that convinced Job, or that answered his words:

Lest ye should say, We have found out wisdom: God 13 thrusteth him down, not man.

j Or, ordered his words.

Now he hath not j directed his words against me: neither 14 will I answer him with your speeches.

k Heb. they removed speeches from speaking. themselves.

They were amazed, they answered no more: k they left off 15

When I had waited, (for they spake not, but stood still, and 16 answered no more;)

I said, I will answer also my part, I also will show mine 17 opinion.

l Heb. words. m Heb. the spirit of my belly. n Heb. is not opened.

palate.

For I am full of 1 matter, m the spirit within me constraineth 18

Behold, my belly is as wine which n hath no vent; it is ready 19 to burst like new bottles.

I will speak, o that I may be refreshed: I will open my lips 20 o Heb. that I may breathe. and answer.

Let me not, I pray you, accept any man's person, neither 21 let me give flattering titles unto man.

For I know not to give flattering titles; in so doing my 22 maker would soon take me away.

JOB XXXIII.

1 Elihu offereth himself instead of God, with sincerity and meekness, to reason with Job. 8 He excuseth God from giving man an account of his ways, by his greatness. 14 God calleth man to repentance by visions, 19 by afflictions, 23 and by his ministry. 31 He inciteth Job to attention.

Wherefore, Job, I pray thee, hear my speeches, and hearken 1 to all my words.

Behold, now I have opened my mouth, my tongue hath 2 a Heb. in my spoken a in my mouth.

My words shall be of the uprightness of my heart: and my 3 lips shall utter knowledge clearly.

The Spirit of God hath made me, and the breath of the 4 Almighty hath given me life.

e Heb. in

mine ears.

If thou canst answer me, set thy words in order before me, A.C. 2130. stand up.

^b Behold, I am c according to thy wish in God's stead: I also bch. ix. 34, and formed out of the clay.

am d formed out of the clay.

Behold, my terror shall not make thee afraid, neither shall cording to the my hand be heavy upon thee. mouth. d Heb. cut out Surely thou hast spoken e in mine hearing, and I have heard of the clay.

the voice of thy words, saying, I am clean without transgression, I am innocent; neither is

there iniquity in me. Behold, he findeth occasions against me, he counteth me for

his enemy,

He putteth my feet in the stocks, he marketh all my paths.

Behold, in this thou art not just: I will answer thee, that God is greater than man.

Why dost thou strive against him? for f he giveth not f Heb. he anaccount of any of his matters.

For God speaketh once, yea twice, yet man perceiveth it

In a dream, in a vision of the night, when deep sleep falleth upon men, in slumberings upon the bed;

Then ghe openeth the ears of men, and sealeth their in-g Heb. he restruction, uncovereth.

That he may withdraw man from his h purpose, and hide h Heb. work.

He keepeth back his soul from the pit, and his life i from i Heb. from perishing by the sword. sword.

He is chastened also with pain upon his bed, and the multitude of his bones with strong pain:

^j So that his life abhorreth bread, and his soul k dainty meat. j Ps. cvii. 18. His flesh is consumed away, that it cannot be seen; and his k Heb. meat

bones that were not seen stick out. Yea, his soul draweth near unto the grave, and his life to the

If there be a messenger with him, an interpreter, one among a thousand, to shew unto man his uprightness:

Then he is gracious unto him, and saith, Deliver him from going down to the pit: I have found 1 a ransom.

His flesh shall be fresher m than a child's: he shall return m Heb. than to the days of his youth:

He shall pray unto God, and he will be favourable unto him: and he shall see his face with joy: for he will render n Or, He shall unto man his righteousness.

n He looketh upon men, and if any say, I have sinned, and I have sinned, perverted that which was right, and it profited me not:

o He will deliver his soul from going into the pit, and his delivered my life shall see the light.

Lo, all these things worketh God p oftentimes with man,

1 Or, an

men, and say, o Or, He hath

my life. p Heb. twice and thrice.

A.C. 2130. To bring back his soul from the pit, to be enlightened with 30 the light of the living.

Mark well, O Job, hearken unto me: hold thy peace, and I 31

If thou hast any thing to say, answer me: speak, for I desire 32 to justify thee.

If not, hearken unto me: hold thy peace, and I shall teach 33

thee wisdom.

JOB XXXIV.

1 Elihu accuseth Job for charging God with injustice. 10 God omnipotent cannot be unjust. 31 Man must humble himself unto God. 34 Elihu reproveth Job.

Furthermore Elihu answered and said,

Hear my words, O ye wise men; and give ear unto me, ye 2 that have knowledge.

a ch. xii. 11. b Heb. palate. ^a For the ear trieth words, as the ^b mouth tasteth meat.

Let us choose to us judgment: let us know among ourselves 4 what is good.

For Job hath said, I am righteous: and God hath taken 5

away my judgment.

c Heb. mine arrow, ch. vi.

Should I lie against my right? c my wound is incurable with- 6 out transgression.

What man is like Job, who drinketh up scorning like water? 7 Which goeth in company with the workers of iniquity, and 8 walketh with wicked men.

For he hath said, It profiteth a man nothing that he should 9

delight himself with God.

d Heb. men of heart. & xxxvi. 23.

g Heb. all of

him.

Therefore hearken unto me, ye d men of understanding: 10 of hears. e Deut.xxxii. e far be it from God, that he should do wickedness; and from 4. ch. viii. 3. the Almighty, that he should commit iniquity.

Ps. xcii. 15. Rom. ix. 14. f For the work of a man shall he render unto him, and cause 11

f Ps. lxii. 12. every man to find according to his ways. Prov.xxiv.12.

Yea, surely God will not do wickedly, neither will the 12 Jer. xxxii. 19.

Ezek. xxxiii. Almighty pervert judgment. 20. Matt. xvi. 27. Rom. ii. 6. Who hath given him a ch Who hath given him a charge over the earth? or who hath 13

2 Cor. v. 10. 1 Pet. i. 17. disposed g the whole world? Rev. xxii. 12.

If he set his heart h upon man, if he gather unto himself his 14 spirit and his breath;

h Heb. upon All flesh shall perish together, and man shall turn again 15 i Gen. iii. 19. Eccles. xii. 7. unto dust.

If now thou hast understanding, hear this: hearken to the 16 voice of my words.

Shall even he that hateth right govern? and wilt thou con-17 i Heb. bind. demn him that is most just?

Is it fit to say to a king, Thou art wicked? and to princes, 18 k Deut. x. 17. 2 Chr. xix. 7. Ye are ungodly?

Acts x. 34. How much less to him that accepteth not the persons of 19 Rom. ii. 11. Gal. ii. 6. Ephes. vi. 9. princes, nor regardeth the rich more than the poor? for they Col. iii. 25. all are the work of his hands. 1 Pet. i. 17.

In a moment shall they die, and the people shall be troubled A.C. 2130. at midnight, and pass away: and the mighty shall be taken 1 Heb. they away without hand. shall take

m For his eyes are upon the ways of man, and he seeth all mighty.

m 2 Chron.
xvi. 9. xxxi.

his goings.

There is no darkness, nor shadow of death, where the workers & Prov. v. 21. & xv. 3, Jer. of iniquity may hide themselves.

For he will not lay upon man more than right; that he should n enter into judgment with God.

n Heb. go.

He shall break in pieces mighty men o without number, and o Heb. withset others in their stead.

out searching

Therefore he knoweth their works, and he overturneth them in the night, so that they are p destroyed. p Heb. crush.

He striketh them as wicked men q in the open sight of q Heb. in the others;

place of be-holders.

Because they turned back from him, and would not con- after him. sider any of his ways:

So that they cause the cry of the poor to come unto him, and he heareth the cry of the afflicted.

When he giveth quietness, who then can make trouble? and when he hideth his face, who then can behold him? whether it be done against a nation, or against a man only:

That the hypocrite reign not, lest the people be ensnared.

Surely it is meet to be said unto God, I have borne chastisement, I will not offend any more:

That which I see not teach thou me: if I have done iniquity, I will do no more.

Should it be according to thy mind? he will recompense it, Heb.Should it be from whether thou refuse, or whether thou choose; and not I: there- with thee? fore speak what thou knowest.

Let men t of understanding tell me, and let a wise man t Heb. of

hearken unto me.

Job hath spoken without knowledge, and his words were without wisdom.

" My desire is that Job may be tried unto the end because u or, My faof his answers for wicked men.

For he addeth rebellion unto his sin, he clappeth his hands among us, and multiplieth his words against God.

JOB XXXV.

- 1 Comparison is not to be made with God, because our good or evil cannot extend unto him. 9 Many cry in their afflictions, but are not heard for want of faith.
 - Elihu spake moreover, and said,
 - Thinkest thou this to be right, that thou saidst, My righteousness is more than God's?
 - For thou saidst, What advantage will it be unto thee? and, more than by What profit shall I have, a if I be cleansed from my sin?

^b I will answer thee, and thy companions with thee.

a Or, by it b Heb. I will return to thee spords.

A.C. 2130. Look unto the heavens, and see; and behold the clouds which 5 are higher than thou.

If thou sinnest, what doest thou against him? or if thy trans- 6

gressions be multiplied, what doest thou unto him?

c ch. xxii. 2. 3. Ps. xvi. 2. Prov. ix. 12. Rom. xi. 35.

c If thou be righteous, what givest thou him? or what 7 receiveth he of thine hand?

Thy wickedness may hurt a man as thou art; and thy 8 righteousness may profit the son of man.

By reason of the multitude of oppressions they make the 9 oppressed to cry: they cry out by reason of the arm of the mighty.

But none saith, Where is God my maker, who giveth songs 10 in the night;

Who teacheth us more than the beasts of the earth, and 11 maketh us wiser than the fowls of heaven?

There they cry, but none giveth answer, because of the 12

pride of evil men. d ch. xxvii. 9.

d Surely God will not hear vanity, neither will the Almighty 13 regard it.

Is. i. 15. Jer. xi. 11. Although thou sayest thou shalt not see him, yet judgment is 14 before him; therefore trust thou in him.

e That is, f That is, Job.

Prov. xv. 29.

But now, because it is not so, e he hath visited in his anger; 15 yet f he knoweth it not in great extremity:

Therefore doth Job open his mouth in vain; he multiplieth 16 words without knowledge.

JOB XXXVI.

1 Elihu sheweth how God is just in his ways. 16 How Job's sins hinder God's blessings. 24 God's works are to be magnified.

Elihu also proceeded, and said, Suffer me a little, and I will show thee a that I have yet to 2

a Heb. that there are yet

words for God. speak on God's behalf. I will fetch my knowledge from afar, and will ascribe righte- 3

ousness to my Maker.

For truly my words shall not be false: he that is perfect in 4 knowledge is with thee.

Behold, God is mighty, and despiseth not any: he is mighty 5 b Heb. heart. in strength and b wisdom.

He preserveth not the life of the wicked: but giveth right 6 c Or, afflicted. to the c poor.

d Ps. xxxiv. 15.

d He withdraweth not his eyes from the righteous: but with 7 kings are they on the throne; yea, he doth establish them for ever, and they are exalted.

And if they be bound in fetters, and be holden in cords of 8 affliction;

Then he sheweth them their work, and their transgressions 9 that they have exceeded.

He openeth also their ear to discipline, and commandeth that 10 they return from iniquity.

g Heb. Their

l Heb. turn

thee aside.

If they obey and serve him, they shall e spend their days in A.C. 2130. prosperity, and their years in pleasures.

But if they obey not, f they shall perish by the sword, and f Heb. they

they shall die without knowledge. away by the But the hypocrites in heart heap up wrath: they cry not sword. when he bindeth them.

g They die in youth, and their life is among the h unclean.

soul dieth. He delivereth the i poor in his affliction, and openeth their h Or, sodomxxiii. 17. ears in oppression. i Or, afflicted.

Even so would he have removed thee out of the strait into a broad place, where there is no straitness; and j that which should j Heb. the table. be set on thy table should be full of fatness.

But thou hast fulfilled the judgment of the wicked: k judg-k Or, judg-ment and justice should ment and justice take hold on thee. uphold thee.

Because there is wrath, beware lest he take thee away with

his stroke: then a great ransom cannot 1 deliver thee.

Will he esteem thy riches? no, not gold, nor all the forces of strength.

Desire not the night, when people are cut off in their place.

Take heed, regard not iniquity: for this hast thou chosen rather than affliction.

Behold, God exalteth by his power: who teacheth like him?

Who hath enjoined him his way? or who can say, Thou hast wrought iniquity?

Remember that thou magnify his work, which men behold.

Every man may see it; man may behold it afar off. 25

Behold, God is great, and we know him not, neither can the number of his years be searched out.

For he maketh small the drops of water: they pour down rain according to the vapour thereof:

Which the clouds do drop and distil upon man abundantly.

Also can any understand the spreadings of the clouds, or the noise of his tabernacle?

Behold, he spreadeth his light upon it, and covereth m the m Heb. the roots. bottom of the sea.

For by them judgeth he the people; he giveth meat in abundance.

With clouds he covereth the light; and commandeth it not to shine by the cloud that cometh betwixt.

The noise thereof sheweth concerning it, the cattle also concerning n the vapour.

n Heb. that which goeth

JOB XXXVII.

- 1 God is to be feared because of his great works. 15 His wisdom is unsearchable in
- At this also my heart trembleth, and is moved out of his place.

VOL. I.

A. C. 2130. ^a Hear attentively the noise of his voice, and the sound that 2 a Heb. Hear goeth out of his mouth.

in hearing. - b Heb. light. c Heb. wings of the earth.

He directeth it under the whole heaven, and his b lightning 3 unto the c ends of the earth.

After it a voice roareth: he thundereth with the voice of his 4 excellency; and he will not stay them when his voice is heard.

God thundereth marvellously with his voice; great things 5 doeth he, which we cannot comprehend.

d Ps. exlvii. 16, 17.

For d he saith to the snow, Be thou on the earth; e likewise 6 e Heb. and to to the small rain, and to the great rain of his strength.

the shower of rain, and to rain of his strength.

He sealeth up the hand of every man; that all men may 7 the showers of know his work.

f Heb. Out of the chamber, g Heb. scattering winds.

Then the beasts go into dens, and remain in their places. Out of the south cometh the whirlwind: and cold out of the 9 g north.

By the breath of God frost is given: and the breadth of the 10 waters is straitened.

Also by watering he wearieth the thick cloud: he scattereth 11 h his bright cloud:

h Heb. the cloud of his light.

And it is turned round about by his counsels: that they may 12 do whatsoever he commandeth them upon the face of the world in the earth.

i Heb. a rod.

He causeth it to come, whether for correction, or for his 13 land, or for mercy.

Hearken unto this, O Job: stand still, and consider the 14 wondrous works of God.

Dost thou know when God disposed them, and caused the 15 light of his cloud to shine?

Dost thou know the balancings of the clouds, the wondrous 16 works of him which is perfect in knowledge?

How thy garments are warm, when he quieteth the earth 17 by the south wind?

Hast thou with him spread out the sky, which is strong, and 18 as a molten looking glass?

Teach us what we shall say unto him; for we cannot order 19 our speech by reason of darkness.

Shall it be told him that I speak? if a man speak, surely he 20 shall be swallowed up.

And now men see not the bright light which is in the clouds: 21 but the wind passeth, and cleanseth them.

j Heb. Gold.

Fair weather cometh out of the north: with God is terrible 22 majesty.

Touching the Almighty, we cannot find him out: he is ex-23 cellent in power, and in judgment, and in plenty of justice: he will not afflict.

Men do therefore fear him: he respecteth not any that are 24 wise of heart.

§ 22. God appeareth to Job and his Friends.

JOB XXXVIII.

- 1 God challengeth Job to answer. 4 God, by his mighty works, convinceth Job of ignorance, 31 and of imbecility.
 - Then the LORD answered Job out of the whirlwind, and A.C. 2130.
 - Who is this that darkeneth counsel by words without know-ledge?
- 3 Gird up now thy loins like a man; for I will demand of thee, and answer thou me.
- thee, and a answer thou me.

 b Where wast thou when I laid the foundations of the earth?

 declare, c if thou hast understanding.

 a Heb. make
 me know.
 b Ps. civ. 5.
 Prov. xxx. 6.
 c Heb. if thou
- 5 Who hath laid the measures thereof, if thou knowest? or knowest understanding. who hath stretched the line upon it?
- 6 Whereupon are the d foundations thereof e fastened? or who dHeb.sockets. laid the corner stone thereof;
- 7 When the morning stars sang together, and all the sons of God shouted for joy?
- 8 f Or who shut up the sea with doors, when it brake forth, as f Ps. civ. 9. if it had issued out of the womb?
- 9 When I made the cloud the garment thereof, and thick darkness a swaddlingband for it,
- 10 And g brake up for it my decreed place, and set bars and g Or, estadoors, government of the doors, and set bars and g Or, established my decree upon it.
- doors,

 And said, Hitherto shalt thou come, but no further: and
- here shall h thy proud waves be stayed?

 12 Hast thou commanded the morning since thy days; and waves.

 caused the dayspring to know his place;
- 13 That it might take hold of the i ends of the earth, that the i Heb. wings. wicked might be shaken out of it?
- 14 It is turned as clay to the seal; and they stand as a garment.
- 15 And from the wicked their light is withholden, and the high arm shall be broken.
- 16 Hast thou entered into the springs of the sea? or hast thou walked in the search of the depth?
- 17 Have the gates of death been opened unto thee? or hast thou seen the doors of the shadow of death?
- 18 Hast thou perceived the breadth of the earth? declare if thou knowest it all.
- 19 Where is the way where light dwelleth? and as for darkness, where is the place thereof,
- That thou shouldest take it j to the bound thereof, and that j or, at. thou shouldest know the paths to the house thereof?
- 21 Knowest thou it, because thou wast then born? or because the number of thy days is great?

A. C. 2130. Hast thou entered into the treasures of the snow? or hast 22 thou seen the treasures of the hail,

> Which I have reserved against the time of trouble, against 23 the day of battle and war?

> By what way is the light parted, which scattereth the east 24 wind upon the earth?

> Who hath divided a watercourse for the overflowing of 25 waters, or a way for the lightning of thunder;

> To cause it to rain on the earth, where no man is; on the 26 wilderness, wherein there is no man;

> To satisfy the desolate and waste ground; and to cause the 27 bud of the tender herb to spring forth?

> Hath the rain a father? or who hath begotten the drops of 28 dew?

> Out of whose womb came the ice? and the hoary frost of 29 heaven, who hath gendered it?

> The waters are hid as with a stone, and the face of the deep 30 k is frozen.

k Heb. is taken. 1 Or, the seven stars. Heb. Cimah. m Heb. Cesil. n Or, the twelve signs. o Heb. guide

Canst thou bind the sweet influences of Pleiades, or loose 31 the bands of m Orion?

Canst thou bring forth ⁿ Mazzaroth in his season? or canst 32 thou oguide Arcturus with his sons?

Knowest thou the ordinances of heaven? canst thou set the 33 dominion thereof in the earth?

Canst thou lift up thy voice to the clouds, that abundance 34 of waters may cover thee?

Canst thou send lightnings, that they may go, and say unto 35 p Heb. Behold thee, p Here we are?

^q Who hath put wisdom in the inward parts? or who hath 36

r Heb. who can cause to lie down.

Who can number the clouds in wisdom? or who can stay 37 the bottles of heaven,

s Or. When the dust is turned into mire. t Heb. is poured. u Ps. civ. 21. v Heb. the

⁸ When the dust ¹ groweth into hardness, and the clods cleave 38 fast together?

of the voung lions,

^u Wilt thou hunt the prey for the lion? or fill v the appetite 39 When they couch in their dens, and abide in the covert to 40

lie in wait?

life. w Ps. cxlvii. 9. Matt. vi. 26.

w Who provideth for the raven his food? when his young 41 ones cry unto God, they wander for lack of meat.

JOB XXXIX.

1 Of the wild goats and hinds. 5 Of the wild ass. 9 The unicorn. 13 The peacock, stork, and ostrich. 19 The horse. 26 The hawk. 27 The eagle.

Knowest thou the time when the wild goats of the rock bring 1 2 Ps. xxix. 9 forth? or canst thou mark when a the hinds do calve?

Canst thou number the months that they fulfil? or knowest 2 thou the time when they bring forth?

They bow themselves, they bring forth their young ones, A.C. 2130. they cast out their sorrows.

Their young ones are in good liking, they grow up with

corn; they go forth, and return not unto them.

Who hath sent out the wild ass free? or who hath loosed the bands of the wild ass?

Whose house I have made the wilderness, and the b barren b Heb. salt land his dwellings.

He scorneth the multitude of the city, neither regardeth he the crying c of the driver.

c Heb, of the

The range of the mountains is his pasture, and he searcheth exactor. after every green thing.

Will the unicorn be willing to serve thee, or abide by thy crib?

Canst thou bind the unicorn with his band in the furrow? or will he harrow the valleys after thee?

Wilt thou trust him because his strength is great? or wilt thou leave thy labour to him?

Wilt thou believe him, that he will bring home thy seed, and gather it into thy barn?

Gavest thou the goodly wings unto the peacocks? or d wings d Or, the feaand feathers unto the ostrich?

Which leaveth her eggs in the earth, and warmeth them in trich. dust,

And forgetteth that the foot may crush them, or that the wild beast may break them.

She is hardened against her young ones, as though they were not her's: her labour is in vain without fear;

Because God hath deprived her of wisdom, neither hath he imparted to her understanding.

What time she lifteth up herself on high, she scorneth the horse and his rider.

Hast thou given the horse strength? hast thou clothed his neck with thunder?

Canst thou make him afraid as a grasshopper? the glory of his nostrils e is terrible.

e Heb. terf He paweth in the valley, and rejoiceth in his strength: B he f Or, His feet oeth on to meet the h armed men.

He mocketh at fear, and is not affrighted; neither turneth heb. the armour. goeth on to meet the harmed men.

he back from the sword.

The quiver rattleth against him, the glittering spear and the shield.

He swalloweth the ground with fierceness and rage: neither believeth he that it is the sound of the trumpet.

He saith among the trumpets, Ha, ha; and he smelleth the battle afar off, the thunder of the captains, and the shouting.

Doth the hawk fly by thy wisdom, and stretch her wings toward the south?

phant. as

Doth the eagle mount up i at thy command, and make her 27 i Heb. by thy nest on high?

She dwelleth and abideth on the rock, upon the crag of the 28

rock, and the strong place.

From thence she seeketh the prey, and her eyes behold afar 29

Her young ones also suck up blood: and j where the slain 30 j Matt. xxiv. 28. Lukexvii. are, there is she.

JOB XL. VER. 1, 2.

Moreover the LORD answered Job, and said, Shall he that contendeth with the Almighty instruct him? 2 he that reproveth God, let him answer it.

§ 23. Self Abasement of Job.

JOB XL. VER. 3, 4, 5.

Then Job answered the Lord, and said,

Behold, I am vile; what shall I answer thee? I will lay mine 4 hand upon my mouth.

Once have I spoken; but I will not answer: yea, twice; but 5 I will proceed no further.

§ 24. Address of God to Job concluded.

JOB XL. VER. 6, TO THE END.

Then answered the LORD unto Job out of the whirlwind, 6 and said,

* Gird up thy loins now like a man: I will demand of thee, 7 a ch. xxxviii. and declare thou unto me.

b Wilt thou also disannul my judgment? wilt thou condemn 8 b Ps. li. 4. Rom. iii. 4. me, that thou mayest be righteous?

Hast thou an arm like God? or canst thou thunder with a 9 voice like him?

^c Deck thyself now with majesty and excellency; and array 10 c Ps. civ. 1. thyself with glory and beauty.

Cast abroad the rage of thy wrath: and behold every one 11 that is proud, and abase him.

Look on every one that is proud, and bring him low; and 12 tread down the wicked in their place.

Hide them in the dust together; and bind their faces in 13 secret.

Then will I also confess unto thee that thine own right hand 14 can save thee.

Behold now d behemoth, which I made with thee: he eateth 15 d Or, the elegrass as an ox. some think.

Lo now, his strength is in his loins, and his force is in the 16 navel of his belly.

e He moveth his tail like a cedar: the sinews of his stones A.C. 2130. are wrapped together. e Or, He set-

His bones are as strong pieces of brass; his bones are like teth up. bars of iron.

He is the chief of the ways of God: he that made him can make his sword to approach unto him.

Surely the mountains bring him forth food, where all the beasts of the field play.

He lieth under the shady trees, in the covert of the reed, and fens.

The shady trees cover him with their shadow; the willows of the brook compass him about.

Behold, f he drinketh up a river, and hasteth not: he trusteth oppreneth. that he can draw up Jordan into his mouth.

g He taketh it with his eyes: his nose pierceth through g Or, Will any snares.

his sight, or, bore his nose

JOB XLI.

Of God's great power in the leviathan.

Canst thou draw out a leviathan with an hook? or his tongue a That is, a whale, or, a with a cord b which thou lettest down?

whirlpool. b Heb. which

Canst thou put an hook into his nose? or bore his jaw thou drownthrough with a thorn?

Will he make many supplications unto thee? will he speak soft words unto thee?

- Will he make a covenant with thee? wilt thou take him for a servant for ever?
- Wilt thou play with him as with a bird? or wilt thou bind him for thy maidens?
- Shall thy companions make a banquet of him? shall they part him among the merchants?
- Canst thou fill his skin with barbed irons? or his head with fish spears?
- Lay thine hand upon him, remember the battle, do no more.
- Behold, the hope of him is in vain: shall not one be cast down even at the sight of him?
- None is so fierce that dare stir him up: who then is able to stand before me?
- Who hath prevented me, that I should repay him? cwhat-cPs. xxiv. 1. 22. 1 Cor. soever is under the whole heaven is mine.
- I will not conceal his parts, nor his power, nor his comely proportion.
- Who can discover the face of his garment? or who can come to him d with his double bridle?
- Who can open the doors of his face? his teeth are terrible round about.

A.C. 2130. His escales are his pride, shut up together as with a close 15 e Heb. strong seal.

pieces of shields.

One is so near to another, that no air can come between 16 them.

They are joined one to another, they stick together, that 17 they cannot be sundered.

By his neesings a light doth shine, and his eyes are like the 18 eyelids of the morning.

Out of his mouth go burning lamps, and sparks of fire leap 19

Out of his nostrils goeth smoke, as out of a seething pot or 20 caldron.

His breath kindleth coals, and a flame goeth out of his 21 mouth.

f Heb. sorrow rejoiceth.

In his neck remaineth strength, and f sorrow is turned into 22 joy before him.

g Heb. The fallings.

The flakes of his flesh are joined together: they are firm 23 in themselves; they cannot be moved.

His heart is as firm as a stone; yea, as hard as a piece of the 24 nether millstone.

When he raiseth up himself, the mighty are afraid: by 25 reason of breakings they purify themselves.

The sword of him that layeth at him cannot hold: the spear, 26 the dart, nor the h habergeon.

He esteemeth iron as straw, and brass as rotten wood.

The arrow cannot make him flee: slingstones are turned 28 with him into stubble.

Darts are counted as stubble: he laugheth at the shaking of 29 a spear.

i Heb. Sharp pieces of potsherd.

h Or, breast-

plate.

¹Sharp stones are under him: he spreadeth sharp pointed 30 things upon the mire.

He maketh the deep to boil like a pot: he maketh the sea 31 like a pot of ointment.

He maketh a path to shine after him; one would think the 32 deep to be hoary.

j Or, who behave themselves without fear.

Upon earth there is not his like, who is made without 33 fear.

He beholdeth all high things: he is a king over all the 34 children of pride.

§ 25. Entire Submission of Job.

JOB XLII. 1-6.

Then Job answered the Lord, and said,

I know that thou canst do every thing, and that a no thought 2

thindered.

I know that thou canst do every thing, and that a no thought 2

can be withholden from thee.

bch. xxxviii. b Who is he that hideth counsel without knowledge? there- 3

fore have I uttered that I understood not; things too wonderful A.C. 2130. for me, which I knew not.

Hear, I beseech thee, and I will speak: I will demand of thee, and declare thou unto me.

I have heard of thee by the hearing of the ear: but now mine eye seeth thee.

Wherefore I abhor myself, and repent in dust and ashes.

§ 26. Restoration of Job's Prosperity.

JOB XLII. 7, TO THE END.

And it was so, that after the LORD had spoken these words unto Job, the LORD said to Eliphaz the Temanite, My wrath is kindled against thee, and against thy two friends: for ye have not spoken of me the thing that is right, as my servant s Job hath. Therefore take unto you now seven bullocks and seven rams, and go to my servant Job, and offer up for yourselves a burnt offering; and my servant Job shall pray for you: for chim will I accept: lest I deal with you after your folly, in c Heb. his face, or, perthat ye have not spoken of me the thing which is right, like my son. 9 servant Job. So Eliphaz the Temanite and Bildad the Shuhite and Zophar the Naamathite went, and did according as the LORD commanded them: the LORD also accepted d Job. face of Job. 10 And the Lord turned the captivity of Job, when he prayed for his friends: also the Lord e gave Job twice as much as he e Heb. added 11 had before. Then came there unto him all his brethren, and been to Job all his sisters, and all they that had been of his acquaintance unto the double. before, and did eat bread with him in his house: and they bemoaned him, and comforted him over all the evil that the LORD had brought upon him: every man also gave him a piece of 12 money, and every one an earring of gold. So the LORD blessed the latter end of Job more than his beginning: for he had fourteen thousand sheep, and six thousand camels, and a 13 thousand yoke of oxen, and a thousand she asses. He had also 14 seven sons and three daughters. And he called the name of the first, Jemima; and the name of the second, Kezia; and the 15 name of the third, Keren-happuch. And in all the land were no women found so fair as the daughters of Job: and their 16 father gave them inheritance among their brethren. After this lived Job an hundred and forty years, and saw his sons, and his 17 sons' sons, even four generations. So Job died, being old and full of days.

PART III.

The Life of Abraham 5.

§ 1. From the Birth and Call of Abram till his Return from Egypt.

GENESIS XI. VER. 27, TO THE END.

A.C. 1996.

Now these are the generations of Terah: Terah begat 27 Abram, Nahor, and Haran; and Haran begat Lot. And 28 Haran died before his father Terah in the land of his nativity, in Ur of the Chaldees. And Abram and Nahor took them 29 wives: the name of Abram's wife was Sarai; and the name of Nahor's wife, Milcah, the daughter of Haran, the father of Milcah, and the father of Iscah. But Sarai was barren; she 30 had no child. And Terah took Abram his son, and Lot the 31 son of Haran his son's son, and Sarai his daughter in law, his son Abram's wife; and they went forth with them from a Ur of

a Neh. ix. 7. Judith v. 7. Acts vii. 4.

the Chaldees, to go into the land of Canaan; and they came unto Haran, and dwelt there. And the days of Terah were 32 two hundred and five years: and Terah died in Haran.

GENESIS XII.

1 God calleth Abram, and blesseth him with a promise of Christ. 4 He departeth with Lot from Haran. 6 He journeyeth through Canaan, 7 which is promised him in a vision. 10 He is driven by a famine into Egypt. 11 Fear maketh him feign his wife to be his sister. 14 Pharaoh, having taken her from him, by plagues is compelled to restore her.

a Acts vii. 3. Now the a LORD had said unto Abram, Get thee out of thy 1 country, and from thy kindred, and from thy father's house,

being introductory to it. Though the knowledge of the One True God was not entirely banished from the world; yet it seems to have been so generally united with idolatrous corruptions, that God selected one family from the rest of mankind, to preserve uninterruptedly, by a course of laws and institutions, purity of religion, and belief in the Messiah. For this purpose the family of Abraham was chosen. His father's house was infected with the prevalent idolatry: but God, the angel Jehovah (Acts vii. 2, &c.), appeared to Abraham, and commanded him to leave his country, and kindred, to seek another home. Abraham at this time dwelt at Ur, in Chaldæa, and in obedience to the Divine will he proceeded immediately to Haran in Mesopotamia, where his father Terah died. After the death of his father, the angel Jehovah again appeared to him, and assured him in his seed all "the families of the earth should be blessed." He then commanded him to leave Haran, and to wander over the earth as he should be directed by future revelations.

If we consult the map of the countries through which Abraham passed; and consider at the same time the probable amount of the population of the earth at this period; we shall find that Abraham, in complying with the Divine command, preached the true religion to the great majority of mankind. And how impressive must have been the spectacle he presented to the world! A rich and powerful prince, attended with a large retinue of servants and retainers, traverses the earth, not for the purposes of war and conquest, as so many various tribes were then doing; but to preach the recovery of man from the effects of the Fall. So great was the check given to idolatry by this dispensation of Providence, that the effect of his preaching remained in some families till the age of Moses. And so universally was the fame of this great man extended, and so abundant is the evidence for the truth of this part of the narration of Moses, that the ancient Persians, the Hindoos, the Jews, the Lacedemonians, and the Arabians, have at various times united in celebrating his name, and declaring that their religion in its purity was the religion of Abraham.—Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 124.—Vide Heidegger, Exerc. 3. vol. ii. De Abrahamo; Bp. Cumberland's Origines Gent. p. 434, &c.; Calmet, art. Abraham; Bayle's Dict.; Witsius Ægyptiacorum, lib. 3. cap. 12. § 6, &c. &c.; Law's Theory of Religion, p. 65; Revelation examined with Candour, vol. ii. p. 216.

2 unto a land that I will shew thee: and I will make of thee a A.C. 1936. great nation, and I will bless thee, and make thy name great; 3 and thou shalt be a blessing: and I will bless them that bless thee, and curse him that curseth thee: b and in thee shall all b ch. xviii. 4 families of the earth be blessed. So Abram departed, as the 18. LORD had spoken unto him, and Lot went with him: and Abram Gal. iii. 8. was seventy and five years old when he departed out of Haran. 5 And Abram took Sarai his wife, and Lot his brother's son, and all their substance that they had gathered, and the souls that they had gotten in Haran; and they went forth to go into the land of Canaan: and into the land of Canaan they came. And Abram passed through the land unto the place of Sichem, unto the plain of Moreh. And the Canaanite was 7 then in the land. And the Lord appeared unto Abram, and said, c Unto thy seed will I give this land: and there builded c ch. xiii. 15. s he an daltar unto the LORD, who appeared unto him. And dch. xiii. 4. he removed from thence unto a mountain on the east of Bethel, and pitched his tent, having Beth-el on the west, and Hai on the east: and there he builded an altar unto the LORD, and g called upon the name of the LORD. And Abram journeyed, e Heb. in goegoing on still toward the south. ing and jour-And there was a famine in the land: and Abram went down neging. into Egypt to sojourn there; for the famine was grievous in 11 the land. And it came to pass, when he was come near to enter into Egypt, that he said unto Sarai his wife, Behold now, 12 I know that thou art a fair woman to look upon; therefore it shall come to pass, when the Egyptians shall see thee, that they shall say, This is his wife: and they will kill me, but 13 they will save thee alive. Say, I pray thee, thou art my sister: that it may be well with me for thy sake; and my soul shall live because of thee. And it came to pass, that, when Abram was come into Egypt, 15 the Egyptians beheld the woman that she was very fair. princes also of Pharaoh saw her, and commended her before Pharaoh: and the woman was taken into Pharaoh's house. 16 And he entreated Abram well for her sake: and he had sheep, and oxen, and he asses, and menservants, and maidservants, 17 and she asses, and camels. And the LORD plagued Pharaoh and his house with great plagues because of Sarai Abram's And Pharaoh called Abram, and said, What is this that 18 wife. thou hast done unto me? why didst thou not tell me that she 19 was thy wife? Why saidst thou, She is my sister? so I might

have taken her to me to wife: now therefore behold thy wife, 20 take her, and go thy way. And Pharaoh commanded his men concerning him: and they sent him away, and his wife, and all

that he had.

A.C. 1920.

a ch. xii. 7.

GENESIS XIII. VER. 1-4.

Abram and Lot return out of Egypt.

And Abram went up out of Egypt, he, and his wife, and all 1 that he had, and Lot with him, into the south. And Abram 2 was very rich in cattle, in silver, and in gold. And he went 3 on his journeys from the south even to Beth-el, unto the place where his tent had been at the beginning, between Beth-el and Hai; unto the a place of the altar, which he had made 4 there at the first: and there Abram called on the name of the LORD.

§ 2. Separation of Abram and Lot.

GENESIS XIII. VER. 5-13.

And Lot also, which went with Abram, had flocks, and 5 herds, and tents. And the land was not able to bear them, 6 that they might dwell together, for their substance was great, so that they could not dwell together. And there was a strife 7 between the herdmen of Abram's cattle and the herdmen of Lot's cattle: and the Canaanite and the Perizzite dwelled then in the land. And Abram said unto Lot, Let there be no 8 strife, I pray thee, between me and thee, and between my herdmen and thy herdmen; for we be brethren. Is not the 9 whole land before thee? separate thyself, I pray thee, from me: if thou wilt take the left hand, then I will go to the right; or if thou depart to the right hand, then I will go to the left. And Lot lifted up his eyes, and beheld all the plain of Jordan, 10 that it was well watered every where, before the LORD destroyed Sodom and Gomorrah, even as the garden of the LORD, like the land of Egypt, as thou comest unto Zoar. Then Lot 11 chose him all the plain of Jordan; and Lot journeyed east: and they separated themselves the one from the other. Abram 12 dwelled in the land of Canaan, and Lot dwelled in the cities of the plain, and pitched his tent toward Sodom. But the 13 men of Sodom were wicked and sinners before the LORD exceedingly.

§ 3. Renewal of the Promise.

GENESIS XIII. VER. 14. TO THE END.

And the LORD said unto Abram, after that Lot was sepa-14 rated from him, Lift up now thine eyes, and look from the place where thou art northward, and southward, and eastward, and westward: for all the land which thou seest, c to thee will 15 as the dust of the earth: so that if a man can number the dust of the earth, then shall thy seed also be numbered. Arise, 17 walk through the land in the length of it and in the breadth of

b Heb. men brethren.

1912.

18 it; for I will give it unto thee. Then Abram removed his A.C. 1920. tent, and came and dwelt in the d plain of Mamre, which is in dHeb. plains. Hebron, and built there an altar unto the LORD.

§ 4. War with the five Kings.

GENESIS XIV. VER. 1-17.

And it came to pass in the days of Amraphel king of Shinar, Arioch king of Ellasar, Chedorlaomer king of Elam, and 2 Tidal king of nations; that these made war with Bera king of Sodom, and with Birsha king of Gomorrah, Shinab king of Admah, and Shemeber king of Zeboiim, and the king of Bela, 3 which is Zoar. All these were joined together in the vale of Twelve years they served 4 Siddim, which is the salt sea. 5 Chedorlaomer, and in the thirteenth year they rebelled. And in the fourteenth year came Chedorlaomer, and the kings that were with him, and smote the Rephaims in Ashteroth Karnaim, and the Zuzims in Ham, and the Emims in a Shaveh Kiriath- a Or, the 6 aim, and the Horites in their mount Seir, unto b El-paran, Kiriathaim. b Or, the 7 which is by the wilderness. And they returned, and came to plain of En-mishpat, which is Kadesh, and smote all the country of the Paran. Amalekites, and also the Amorites, that dwelt in Hazezon-And there went out the king of Sodom, and the king of Gomorrah, and the king of Admah, and the king of Zeboiim, and the king of Bela, (the same is Zoar;) and they joined 9 battle with them in the vale of Siddim; with Chedorlaomer the king of Elam, and with Tidal king of nations, and Amraphel king of Shinar, and Arioch king of Ellasar; four kings 10 with five. And the vale of Siddim was full of slimepits; and the kings of Sodom and Gomorrah fled, and fell there; and 11 they that remained fled to the mountain. And they took all the goods of Sodom and Gomorrah, and all their victuals, and 12 went their way. And they took Lot, Abram's brother's son, who dwelt in Sodom, and his goods, and departed.

And there came one that had escaped, and told Abram the Hebrew; for he dwelt in the plain of Mamre the Amorite, brother of Eschol, and brother of Aner: and these were con-

14 federate with Abram. And when Abram heard that his brother was taken captive, he carmed his d trained servants, born in his cor, led own house, three hundred and eighteen, and pursued them unto dor, in-

And he divided himself against them, he and his servants, by night, and smote them, and pursued them unto 16 Hobah, which is on the left hand of Damascus.

brought back all the goods, and also brought again his brother 17 Lot, and his goods, and the women also, and the people. And the king of Sodom went out to meet him after his return from the slaughter of Chedorlaomer, and of the kings that were with

him, at the valley of Shaveh, which is the e king's dale.

§ 5. Blessing of Melchizedek.

GENESIS XIV. VER. 18, TO THE END.

And Melchizedek king of Salem brought forth bread and 18 1 Heb. vii. 1. wine: and he was the priest of the most high God. And he 19 blessed him, and said, Blessed be Abram of the most high God, possessor of heaven and earth: and blessed be the most high 20 God, which hath delivered thine enemies into thy hand. g Heb. vii. 4. he gave him g tithes of all. And the king of Sodom said unto 21 h Heb. souls. Abram, Give me the h persons, and take the goods to thyself. And Abram said to the king of Sodom, I have lift up mine 22 hand unto the LORD, the most high God, the possessor of heaven and earth, that I will not take from a thread even to a 23 shoelatchet, and that I will not take any thing that is thine, lest thou shouldest say, I have made Abram rich: save only that 24 which the young men have eaten, and the portion of the men which went with me, Aner, Eshcol, and Mamre; let them take their portion.

§ 6. The Covenant of God with Abram.

GENESIS XV.

After these things the word of the Lord came unto Abram 1 in a vision, saying, Fear not, Abram: I am thy shield, and thy exceeding a great reward. And Abram said, Lord God, 2 what wilt thou give me, seeing I go childless, and the steward of my house is this Eliezer of Damascus? And Abram said, 3 Behold, to me thou hast given no seed: and, lo, one born in my house is mine heir. And, behold, the word of the LORD 4 came unto him, saying, This shall not be thine heir; but he that shall come forth out of thine own bowels shall be thine heir. And he brought him forth abroad, and said, Look now 5 toward heaven, and tell the stars, if thou be able to number them: and he said unto him, b So shall thy seed be. b Rom. iv. c believed in the LORD; and he counted it to him for rightec Rom. iv. 3. Gal. iii. 6. And he said unto him, I am the LORD that brought 7 James ii. 23. thee out of Ur of the Chaldees, to give thee this land to inherit it. And he said, Lord God, whereby shall I know that I s shall inherit it? And he said unto him, Take me an heifer of 9 three years old, and a she goat of three years old, and a ram of three years old, and a turtle dove, and a young pigeon. he took unto him all these, and divided them in the midst, and laid each piece one against another: but the birds divided he And when the fowls came down upon the carcases, 11 Abram drove them away. And when the sun was going down, 12 a deep sleep fell upon Abram; and, lo, an horror of great darkness fell upon him. And he said unto Abram, Know of a 13 d Acts vii. 6. surety d that thy seed shall be a stranger in a land that is not

their's, and shall serve them; and they shall afflict them four A.C. 1912. 14 hundred years; and also that nation whom they shall serve. will I judge: and afterward shall they come out with great 15 substance. And thou shalt go to thy fathers in peace; thou 16 shalt be buried in a good old age. But in the fourth generation they shall come hither again: for the iniquity of the Amorites 17 is not yet full. And it came to pass, that, when the sun went down, and it was dark, behold a smoking furnace, and e a e Heb. a lamp 18 burning lamp that passed between those pieces. In the same of fire. day, the Lord made a covenant with Abram, saying, f Unto f ch. xii. 7. & xiii. 15. thy seed have I given this land, from the river of Egypt, unto a xxvi. 4. 19 the great river, the river Euphrates: the Kenites, and the 4. 20 Kenizzites, and the Kadmonites, and the Hittites, and the 21 Perizzites, and the Rephaims, and the Amorites, and the Canaanites, and the Girgashites, and the Jebusites.

§ 7. Birth of Ishmael.

GENESIS XVI.

Now Sarai Abram's wife bare him no children: and she had 2 an handmaid, an Egyptian, whose name was Hagar. And Sarai said unto Abram, Behold now, the LORD hath restrained me from bearing: I pray thee, go in unto my maid; it may be that I may a obtain children by her. And Abram hearkened a Heb. be 3 to the voice of Sarai. And Sarai Abram's wife took Hagar builded by her maid the Egyptian, after Abram had dwelt ten years in the land of Canaan, and gave her to her husband Abram to 4 be his wife. And he went in unto Hagar, and she conceived: and when she saw that she had conceived, her mistress was 5 despised in her eyes. And Sarai said unto Abram, My wrong be upon thee; I have given my maid into thy bosom; and when she saw that she had conceived, I was despised in her 6 eyes: the Lord judge between me and thee. But Abram said unto Sarai, Behold, thy maid is in thy hand; do to her b as it pleaseth thee. And when Sarai c dealt hardly with her, b Heb. that which is good 7 she fled from her face. And the angel of the Lord found her in thine eyes. by a fountain of water in the wilderness, by the fountain in c Heb. affict-8 the way to Shur. And he said, Hagar, Sarai's maid, whence camest thou? and whither wilt thou go? And she said, I flee 9 from the face of my mistress Sarai. And the angel of the LORD said unto her, Return to thy mistress, and submit thy-10 self under her hands. And the angel of the LORD said unto her, I will multiply thy seed exceedingly, that it shall not be 11 numbered for multitude. And the angel of the LORD said unto her, Behold, thou art with child, and shalt bear a son, and shalt call his name d Ishmael; because the LORD hath d That is, God 12 heard thy affliction. And he will be a wild man; his hand shall hear. will be against every man, and every man's hand against him;

1911.

A.C. 1911. she called the name of the Lord that spake unto her, Thou God seest me: for she said, Have I also here looked after him fch. xxiv. 62. that seeth me? Wherefore the well was called fg Beer-lahai-14 g That is, the roi; behold, it is between Kadesh and Bered. And Hagar 15 bare Abram a son: and Abram called his son's name, which that liveth and seeth me. Hagar bare, Ishmael. And Abram was fourscore and six 16 1910. years old, when Hagar bare Ishmael to Abram.

§ 8. Renewal of the Covenant.

GENESIS XVII. VER. 1-8.

1897. And when Abram was ninety years old and nine, the LORD 1 appeared to Abram, and said unto him, I am the Almighty God; a walk before me, and be thou perfect. And I will 2 a ch. v. 22. b Or, upright, make my covenant between me and thee, and will multiply or, sincere. thee exceedingly. And Abram fell on his face: and God 3 talked with him, saying, as for me, behold, my covenant is 4 with thee, and thou shalt be a father of c many nations. c Heb. multitude of ther shall thy name any more be called Abram, but thy name nations. d Rom. iv.17. shall be Abraham; d for a father of many nations have I made thee. And I will make thee exceeding fruitful, and I will 6 make nations of thee, and kings shall come out of thee. And 7 I will establish my covenant between me and thee and thy seed after thee in their generations for an everlasting covenant, to be a God unto thee, and to thy seed after thee. And 8 I will give unto thee, and to thy seed after thee, the land e Heb. of thy e wherein thou art a stranger, all the land of Canaan, for an sojournings. everlasting possession; and I will be their God.

Institution of Circumcision.

GENESIS XVII. VER. 9, TO THE END.

And God said unto Abraham, Thou shalt keep my cove- 9 nant therefore, thou, and thy seed after thee in their generations. This is my covenant, which ye shall keep, between 10 me and you and thy seed after thee; f Every man child among g Acts vii. 8. of your foreskin; and it shall be g a token of the covenant h Heb. a son betwixt me and you. And h he that is sight January you shall be circumcised. And ye shall circumcise the flesh 11 betwixt me and you. And h he that is eight days old i shall be 12 circumcised among you, every man child in your generations, he that is born in the house, or bought with money of any stranger, which is not of thy seed. He that is born in thy 13 house, and he that is bought with thy money, must needs be circumcised: and my covenant shall be in your flesh for an everlasting covenant. And the uncircumcised man child whose 14 flesh of his foreskin is not circumcised, that soul shall be cut off from his people; he hath broken my covenant.

And God said unto Abraham, As for Sarai thy wife, thou 15 shalt not call her name Sarai, but Sarah shall her name be. And I will bless her, and give thee a son also of her: yea, I 16

of eight days. i Lev. xii. 3. Luke ii. 21. John vii. 22.

will bless her, and she shall be a mother of nations; kings of A.C. 1897. 17 people shall be of her. Then Abraham fell upon his face, 1 Heb. she and laughed, and said in his heart, Shall a child be born unto shall become him that is an hundred years old? and shall Sarah, that is 18 ninety years old, bear? And Abraham said unto God, O 19 that Ishmael might live before thee! And God said, k Sarah k ch. xviii. thy wife shall bear thee a son indeed; and thou shalt call his name Isaac: and I will establish my covenant with him for an 20 everlasting covenant, and with his seed after him. And as for Ishmael, I have heard thee: Behold, I have blessed him, and will make him fruitful, and will multiply him exceedingly; 1 twelve princes shall be beget, and I will make him a 1 ch. xxv. 16. 21 great nation. But my covenant will I establish with Isaac, which Sarah shall bear unto thee at this set time in the next 22 year. And he left off talking with him, and God went up

And Abraham took Ishmael his son, and all that were born in his house, and all that were bought with his money, every male among the men of Abraham's house; and circumcised the flesh of their foreskin in the selfsame day, as God had said 24 unto him. And Abraham was ninety years old and nine, when 25 he was circumcised in the flesh of his foreskin. And Ishmael his son was thirteen years old, when he was circumcised in the 26 flesh of his foreskin. In the selfsame day was Abraham cir-27 cumcised, and Ishmael his son. And all the men of his house, born in the house, and bought with money of the stranger, were circumcised with him.

§ 10. Promise of a Son.

GENESIS XVIII. VER. 1-15.

And the Lord appeared unto him in the plains of Mamre: 2 and he sat in the tent door in the heat of the day; and he lift a Heb. xiii. 2. up his eyes and looked, and, lo, three men stood by him: and when he saw them, he ran to meet them from the tent door, 3 and bowed himself toward the ground, and said, My Lord, if now I have found favour in thy sight, pass not away, I pray 4 thee, from thy servant: let a little water, I pray you, be fetched, and wash your feet, and rest yourselves under the 5 tree: and I will fetch a morsel of bread, and b comfort ye b Heb. stay. your hearts; after that ye shall pass on: for therefore care ye c Heb. you come to your servant. And they said, So do, as thou hast And Abraham hastened into the tent unto Sarah, and said, d Make ready quickly three measures of fine meal, knead Hasten, 7 it, and make cakes upon the hearth. And Abraham ran unto the herd, and fetcht a calf tender and good, and gave it unto a 8 young man; and he hasted to dress it. And he took butter, and milk, and the calf which he had dressed, and set it before them; and he stood by them under the tree, and they did eat.

VOL. I.

A.C. 1899. destroy this place, because the d cry of them is waxen great before the face of the LORD; and the Lord hath sent us to dch. xviii. destroy it. And Lot went out, and spake unto his sons in 14 law, which married his daughters, and said, Up, get you out of this place; for the LORD will destroy this city. But he seemed as one that mocked unto his sons in law.

And when the morning arose, then the angels hastened Lot, 15 saying, Arise, take thy wife, and thy two daughters, which e are here; lest thou be consumed in the finiquity of the city. for, punish- And g while he lingered, the men laid hold upon his hand, 16 ment. g Wisd. x. 6. and upon the hand of his wife, and upon the hand of his two daughters; the Lord being merciful unto him: and they brought him forth, and set him without the city.

About 1899.

e Heb. are

found.

And it came to pass, when they had brought them forth 17 abroad, that he said, Escape for thy life; look not behind thee, neither stay thou in all the plain; escape to the mountain, lest thou be consumed. And Lot said unto them, Oh, not so, my 18 Lord: behold now, thy servant hath found grace in thy sight, 19 and thou hast magnified thy mercy, which thou hast showed unto me in saving my life; and I cannot escape to the mountain, lest some evil take me, and I die: behold now, this city 20 is near to flee unto, and it is a little one: Oh, let me escape thither, (is it not a little one?) and my soul shall live. he said unto him, See, I have accepted h thee concerning this thing also, that I will not overthrow this city, for the which thou hast spoken. Haste thee, escape thither; for I cannot 22 do any thing till thou be come thither. Therefore the name of the city was called Zoar.

h Heb. thy face.

i Heb. gone The sun was irisen upon the earth when Lot entered into 23 forth. k Deut. xxix. Zoar. Then k the LORD rained upon Sodom and upon Gomor-24 rah brimstone and fire from the LORD out of heaven; and he 25 Isa. xiii. 19. Jer. l. 40. Amos iv. 11. overthrew those cities, and all the plain, and all the inhabitants Luke xvii.29. of the cities, and that which grew upon the ground. Jude 7

But his wife looked back from behind him, and she became 26

a pillar of salt.

And Abraham gat up early in the morning to the place 27 where he stood before the LORD; and he looked toward Sodom 28 and Gomorrah, and toward all the land of the plain, and beheld, and, lo, the smoke of the country went up as the smoke of a furnace.

And it came to pass, when God destroyed the cities of the 29 plain, that God remembered Abraham, and sent Lot out of the midst of the overthrow, when he overthrew the cities in the . which Lot dwelt.

§ 12. Lot and his two Daughters.

GENESIS XIX. VER. 30 TO THE END.

And Lot went up out of Zoar, and dwelt in the mountain, 30

and his two daughters with him; for he feared to dwell in A.C. 1899. 31 Zoar: and he dwelt in a cave, he and his two daughters. And the firstborn said unto the younger, Our father is old, and there is not a man in the earth to come in unto us after the 32 manner of all the earth: come, let us make our father drink wine. and we will lie with him, that we may preserve seed of our And they made their father drink wine that night: and the firstborn went in, and lay with her father; and he per-34 ceived not when she lay down, nor when she arose. came to pass on the morrow, that the firstborn said unto the younger, Behold, I lay yesternight with my father: let us make him drink wine this night also; and go thou in, and lie 35 with him, that we may preserve seed of our father. And they made their father drink wine that night also: and the younger arose, and lay with him; and he perceived not when she lay 36 down, nor when she arose. Thus were both the daughters of 37 Lot with child by their father. And the firstborn bare a son. and called his name Moab: the same is the father of the 38 Moabites unto this day. And the younger, she also bare a son, and called his name Ben-ammi; the same is the father of the children of Ammon unto this day.

1898.

§ 13. Abraham at Gerar.

GENESIS XX.

And Abraham journeyed from thence toward the south country, and dwelled between Kadesh and Shur, and sojourned 2 in Gerar. And Abraham said of Sarah his wife, She is my sister: and Abimelech king of Gerar sent, and took Sarah. 3 But God came to Abimelech in a dream by night, and said to him, Behold, thou art but a dead man, for the woman which 4 thou hast taken; for she is a a man's wife. But Abimelech had a Heb. married to an not come near her: and he said, Lord, wilt thou slay also a husband. 5 righteous nation? Said he not unto me, She is my sister? and she, even she herself said, He is my brother: in the binte-city, or, singrity of my heart and innocency of my hands have I done this. cerity. 6 And God said unto him in a dream, Yea, I know that thou didst this in the integrity of thy heart; for I also withheld thee from sinning against me: therefore suffered I thee not to touch Now therefore restore the man his wife; for he is a prophet, and he shall pray for thee, and thou shalt live: and if thou restore her not, know thou that thou shalt surely die, thou, s and all that are thine. Therefore Abimelech rose early in the morning, and called all his servants, and told all these things in 9 their ears: and the men were sore afraid. Then Abimelech called Abraham, and said unto him, What hast thou done unto us? and what have I offended thee, that thou hast brought on me and on my kingdom a great sin? thou hast done deeds unto 10 me that ought not to be done. And Abimelech said unto

1897.

And Abraham, What sawest thou, that thou hast done this thing?

And Abraham said, Because I thought, Surely the fear of God 11 is not in this place; and they will slay me for my wife's sake.

And yet indeed she is my sister; she is the daughter of my 12 father, but not the daughter of my mother; and she became my wife. And it came to pass, when God caused me to wander 13 from my father's house, that I said unto her, This is thy kindness which thou shalt shew unto me; at every place whither

c ch. xii. 13. we shall come, c say of me, He is my brother. And Abimelech 14 took sheep, and oxen, and menservants, and womenservants, and gave them unto Abraham, and restored him Sarah his wife.

d Heb. as is good in thine eyes.

And Abimelech said, Behold, my land is before thee: dwell 15 dwhere it pleaseth thee. And unto Sarah he said, Behold, I 16 have given thy brother a thousand pieces of silver: behold, he is to thee a covering of the eyes, unto all that are with thee, and with all other: thus she was reproved.

So Abraham prayed unto God: and God healed Abimelech, 17 and his wife, and his maidservants; and they bare *children*. For the LORD had fast closed up all the wombs of the house of 18 Abimelech, because of Sarah Abraham's wife.

§ 14. The Birth of Isaac.

GENESIS XXI. VER. 1-8.

And the Lord visited Sarah as he had said, and the Lord 1

a ch. xvii. 19. did unto Sarah as he had spoken. For Sarah conceived, 2

b Acts vii. 8. and bare Abraham a son in his old age, at the set time of the did in the set time of the set in the

an hundred years old, when his son Isaac was born unto him.

And Sarah said, God hath made me to laugh, so that all that 6 hear will laugh with me. And she said, Who would have said 7 unto Abraham, that Sarah should have given children suck? for I have borne him a son in his old age. And the child 8 grew, and was weaned: and Abraham made a great feast the same day that Isaac was weaned.

§ 15. Casting out of Hagar and Ishmael.

GENESIS XXI. VER. 9-21.

And Sarah saw the son of Hagar the Egyptian, which she had 9 born unto Abraham, mocking. Wherefore she said unto Abra-10 ham, a Cast out this bondwoman and her son: for the son of this bondwoman shall not be heir with my son, even with Isaac.

1892. And the thing was very grievous in Abraham's sight because 11 of his son.

And God said unto Abraham, Let it not be grievous in thy 12 sight because of the lad, and because of thy bondwoman; in all

Philistines.

that Sarah hath said unto thee, hearken unto her voice; for in A.C. 1892. 13 Isaac shall thy seed be called. And also of the son of the 14 bondwoman will I make a nation, because he is thy seed. And Abraham rose up early in the morning, and took bread, and a bottle of water, and gave it unto Hagar, putting it on her shoulder, and the child, and sent her away: and she departed, 15 and wandered in the wilderness of Beersheba. And the water was spent in the bottle, and she cast the child under one of the shrubs. 16 And she went, and sat her down over against him a good way off, as it were a bowshot: for she said, Let me not see the death of the child. And she sat over against him, and lift up her voice, 17 and wept. And God heard the voice of the lad; and the angel of God called to Hagar out of heaven, and said unto her, What aileth thee, Hagar? fear not; for God hath heard the voice of 18 the lad where he is. Arise, lift up the lad, and hold him in 19.thine hand; for I will make him a great nation. opened her eyes, and she saw a well of water; and she went, 20 and filled the bottle with water, and gave the lad drink. God was with the lad; and he grew, and dwelt in the wilder-21 ness, and became an archer. And he dwelt in the wilderness of Paran: and his mother took him a wife out of the land of Egypt.

§ 16. Covenant with Abimelech.

GENESIS XXI. VER. 22, TO THE END.

22 And it came to pass at that time, that Abimelech and Phichol the chief captain of his host spake unto Abraham, saying, God 23 is with thee in all that thou doest: now therefore swear unto me here by God athat thou wilt not deal falsely with me, a Heb. if thou shalt lice nor with my son, nor with my son's son: but according to the unto me. kindness that I have done unto thee, thou shalt do unto me, 24 and to the land wherein thou hast sojourned. And Abraham 25 said, I will swear. And Abraham reproved Abimelech because of a well of water, which Abimelech's servants had violently 26 taken away. And Abimelech said, I wot not who hath done this thing: neither didst thou tell me, neither yet heard I of 27 it, but to day. And Abraham took sheep and oxen, and gave them unto Abimelech; and both of them made a covenant. 28 And Abraham set seven ewe lambs of the flock by themselves. 29 And Abimelech said unto Abraham, What mean these seven 30 ewe lambs which thou hast set by themselves? And he said, For these seven ewe lambs shalt thou take of my hand, that they may be a witness unto me, that I have digged this well. 31 Wherefore he called that place b Beer-sheba; because there b That is, 32 they sware both of them. Thus they made a covenant at the vall.

they sware both of them. Thus they made a covenant at the well. Beer-sheba: then Abimelech rose up, and Phichol the chief captain of his host, and they returned into the land of the

A.C. 1892.

And Abraham planted a c grove in Beer-sheba, and called 33 there on the name of the Lord, the everlasting God. And 34 Abraham sojourned in the Philistines' land many days.

§ 17. Temptation of Abraham 7.

GENESIS XXII. VER. 1-19.

1871. a Heb. xi. 17. b Heb. Behold me.

And it came to pass after these things that a God did tempt 1 Abraham, and said unto him, Abraham: and he said, Behold, here I am. And he said, Take now thy son, thine only son 2 Isaac, whom thou lovest, and get thee into the land of Moriah; and offer him there for a burnt offering upon one of the mountains which I will tell thee of.

And Abraham rose up early in the morning, and saddled 3 his ass, and took two of his young men with him, and Isaac his son, and clave the wood for the burnt offering, and rose up, and went unto the place of which God had told him. Then 4 on the third day Abraham lifted up his eyes, and saw the place afar off. And Abraham said unto his young men, Abide ye 5 here with the ass; and I and the lad will go vonder and worship, and come again to you. And Abraham took the wood 6 of the burnt offering, and laid it upon Isaac his son; and he took the fire in his hand, and a knife; and they went both of them together. And Isaac spake unto Abraham his father, 7 and said, My father: and he said, c Here am I, my son. And he said, Behold the fire and the wood: but where is the dlamb for a burnt offering? And Abraham said, My son, God will s provide himself a lamb for a burnt offering: so they went both of them together. And they came to the place which God 9

c Heb. Behold me. d Or, kid.

⁷ It was not by means of prophecy alone that the Almighty directed the attention of mankind to the future Messiah; the types of the Old Testament were rendered subservient to the same wise and useful purpose. A type has been well defined, to be "a prefigurative action or occurrence, in which one event, person, or circumstance, is intended to represent another similar to it in certain respects, but future and distant."-" To constitute one thing the type of another, (remarks the learned Bishop Marsh) something more is wanted than mere resemblance. The former must not only resemble the latter, but it must have been designed so to resemble it, in its original institution." --- And there is no other rule by which we can distinguish a real from a pretended type, than that of Scripture itself." For these reasons I have not insisted on the resemblances between the Messiah and many of the eminent characters in the Old Testament. Though it is both a pleasant and profitable employment to discover allusions to the Son of God in every page of Scripture, we are by no means justified in asserting that one person, or event, is undoubtedly the type of another; unless, as in the instances of Adam, Abel, Noah, the passover, and other chief institutions of the Levitical law, we can shew, from Scripture, that the resemblance was originally designed, and was not merely a coincidence. The sacrifice of Isaac by his father was so evidently typical of the sacrifice of Christ, that there can be no doubt of the design which was to be answered by this otherwise mysterious event. On the very spot where Christ was afterwards crucified, Abraham is commanded to slay his son. It is needless to recapitulate the coincidences between the sacrifice of Isaac and of Christ: they are to be found in every commentary. That the meaning of all the circumstances of this mystical sacrifice of his son was revealed to Abraham, that he learnt from them that the promised Messiah should in like manner bear the wood of the cross, and die for mankind, and that Abraham, in obeying the divine command, rejoiced to see the day of Christ, and he then saw it and was glad, is well argued by Bishop Warburton.—Vide Bp. Van Mildert's Bampton Lectures, p. 237.—Bishop Marsh's Lectures, part 4, page 113 to 115 .- Warburton's Div. Legat. v. 6. s. 5 .- M'Ewen on the

had told him of; and Abraham built an altar there, and laid A.C. 1871. the wood in order, and bound Isaac his son, and e laid him on e James ii.21. 10 the altar upon the wood. And Abraham stretched forth his 11 hand, and took the knife to slay his son. And the angel of the LORD called unto him out of heaven, and said, Abraham, 12 Abraham: and he said, Here am I. And he said, Lay not thine hand upon the lad, neither do thou any thing unto him: for now I know that thou fearest God, seeing thou hast not 13 withheld thy son, thine only son, from me. And Abraham lifted up his eyes, and looked, and behold behind him a ram caught in a thicket by his horns: and Abraham went and took the ram, and offered him up for a burnt offering in the stead of 14 his son. And Abraham called the name of that place 'Jeho-That is, the vah-jireh: as it is said to this day, In the mount of the Lord see, or, proit shall be seen.

And the angel of the LORD called unto Abraham out of 16 heaven the second time, and said, g By myself have I sworn, g Ps. cv. 9. saith the Lord, for because thou hast done this thing, and hast 21. 17 not withheld thy son, thine only son: that in blessing I will Luke i. 73. Heb. vi. 13. bless thee, and in multiplying I will multiply thy seed as the stars of the heaven, and as the sand which is upon the sea h shore; h Heb. lin. 18 and thy seed shall possess the gate of his enemies; i and in thy i ch. xii. 3. seed shall all the nations of the earth be blessed; because thou Ecclus. xliv. 19 hast obeyed my voice. So Abraham returned unto his young 22. Acts iii. 8. 25. Gal. iii. 8.

Abraham dwelt at Beer-sheba.

Death and Burial of Sarah.

men, and they rose up and went together to Beer-sheba; and

GENESIS XXIII.

And Sarah was an hundred and seven and twenty years old: 2 these were the years of the life of Sarah. And Sarah died in Kirjath-arba; the same is Hebron in the land of Canaan: and Abraham came to mourn for Sarah, and to weep for her.

And Abraham stood up from before his dead, and spake 4 unto the sons of Heth, saying, I am a stranger and a sojourner with you: give me a possession of a buryingplace with you, 5 that I may bury my dead out of my sight. And the children 6 of Heth answered Abraham, saying unto him, Hear us, my lord: thou art a a mighty prince among us: in the choice of a Heb. a our sepulchres bury thy dead; none of us shall withhold from 7 thee his sepulchre, but that thou mayest bury thy dead. And Abraham stood up, and bowed himself to the people of the s land, even to the children of Heth. And he communed with them, saying, If it be your mind that I should bury my dead out of my sight; hear me, and intreat for me to Ephron the 9 son of Zohar, that he may give me the cave of Machpelah, which he hath, which is in the end of his field; for bas much b Heb. full

1859.

money as it is worth he shall give it me for a possession of a money.

A.C. 1859, buryingplace amongst you. And Ephron dwelt among the 10 children of Heth: and Ephron the Hittite answered Abraham c Heb. ears. in the caudience of the children of Heth, even of all that went in at the gate of his city, saying, Nay, my lord, hear me: the 11 field give I thee, and the cave that is therein, I give it thee; in the presence of the sons of my people give I it thee: bury thy dead. And Abraham bowed down himself before the 12 people of the land. And he spake unto Ephron in the audience 13 of the people of the land, saying, But if thou wilt give it, I pray thee, hear me: I will give thee money for the field; take it of me, and I will bury my dead there. And Ephron answered 14 Abraham, saying unto him, My lord, hearken unto me: the 15 land is worth four hundred shekels of silver; what is that betwixt me and thee? bury therefore thy dead. And Abraham 16 hearkened unto Ephron; and Abraham weighed to Ephron the silver, which he had named in the audience of the sons of Heth, four hundred shekels of silver, current money with the merchant.

And the field of Ephron, which was in Machpelah, which 17 was before Mamre, the field, and the cave which was therein, and all the trees that were in the field, that were in all the borders round about, were made sure unto Abraham for a posses-18 sion in the presence of the children of Heth, before all that went in at the gate of his city. And after this, Abraham 19 buried Sarah his wife in the cave of the field of Machpelah before Mamre: the same is Hebron in the land of Canaan. And the field, and the cave that is therein, were made sure 20 unto Abraham for a possession of a buryingplace by the sons of Heth.

§ 19. Family of Rebekah.

GENESIS XXII. VER. 20, TO THE END.

And it came to pass after these things, that it was told Abra- 20 ham, saying, Behold, Milcah, she hath also born children unto thy brother Nahor; Huz his firstborn, and Buz his brother, 21 and Kemuel the father of Aram, and Chesed, and Hazo, and 22 Pildash, and Jidlaph, and Bethuel. And Bethuel begat 23 ^a Rebekah: these eight Milcah did bear to Nahor, Abraham's brother. And his concubine, whose name was Reumah, she 24 bare also Tebah, and Gaham, and Thahash, and Maachah.

a Called, Rom. ix. 10. Rebecca.

Marriage of Isaac and Rebekah. § 20.

GENESIS XXIV.

And Abraham was old, and well stricken in age: and the 1 1856. a Heb. gone LORD had blessed Abraham in all things. And Abraham said 2 unto his eldest servant of his house, that ruled over all that he bch xlvii. 20. had, b Put, I pray thee, thy hand under my thigh: and I will 3

make thee swear by the LORD, the God of heaven, and the A.C. 1856. God of the earth, that thou shalt not take a wife unto my son 4 of the daughters of the Canaanites, among whom I dwell: but thou shalt go unto my country, and to my kindred, and take a 5 wife unto my son Isaac. And the servant said unto him, Peradventure the woman will not be willing to follow me unto this land: must I needs bring thy son again unto the land from 6 whence thou camest? And Abraham said unto him, Beware 7 that thou bring not my son thither again. The LORD God of heaven, which took me from my father's house, and from the land of my kindred, and which spake unto me, and that sware unto me, saying, c Unto thy seed will I give this land; he c ch. xii. 7. & xiii. 15. & shall send his angel before thee, and thou shalt take a wife unto xv. 18. & 8 my son from thence. And if the woman will not be willing to follow thee, then thou shalt be clear from this my oath: only 9 bring not my son thither again. And the servant put his hand under the thigh of Abraham his master, and sware to him concerning that matter. And the servant took ten camels of the camels of his master, and departed; d for all the goods of his master were in his hand: d or, and. and he arose, and went to Mesopotamia, unto the city of Nahor. 11 And he made his camels to kneel down without the city by a well of water at the time of the evening, even the time e that e Heb. that 12 women go out to draw water. And he said, O Lond God of women which my master Abraham, I pray thee, send me good speed this day, go forth. 13 and shew kindness unto my master Abraham. Behold, f I f ver. 43. stand here by the well of water; and the daughters of the men 14 of the city come out to draw water: and let it come to pass, that the damsel to whom I shall say, Let down thy pitcher, I

behold, Rebekah came out, who was born to Bethuel, son of Milcah, the wife of Nahor, Abraham's brother, with her pitcher 16 upon her shoulder. And the damsel was givery fair to look given upon, a virgin, neither had any man known her: and she went nance. 17 down to the well, and filled her pitcher, and came up. And the servant ran to meet her, and said, Let me, I pray thee, 18 drink a little water of thy pitcher. And she said, Drink, my lord: and she hasted, and let down her pitcher upon her 19 hand, and gave him drink. And when she had done giving him drink, she said, I will draw water for thy camels 20 also, until they have done drinking. And she hasted, and emptied her pitcher into the trough, and ran again unto the well 21 to draw water, and drew for all his camels. And the man wondering at her held his peace, to wit whether the Lord had

pray thee, that I may drink; and she shall say, Drink, and I will give thy camels drink also: let the same be she that thou hast appointed for thy servant Isaac; and thereby shall I know

And it came to pass, before he had done speaking, that,

that thou hast shewed kindness unto my master.

h Or, jewel for the fore-head.

A.C. 1856. made his journey prosperous or not. And it came to pass, as 22 the camels had done drinking, that the man took a golden h earring of half a shekel weight, and two bracelets for her hands of ten shekels weight of gold; and said, Whose daughter art 23 thou? tell me, I pray thee: is there room in thy father's house for us to lodge in? And she said unto him, I am the daughter 24 of Bethuel the son of Milcah, which she bare unto Nahor. She said moreover unto him, We have both straw and provender 25 enough, and room to lodge in. And the man bowed down his 26 head, and worshipped the LORD. And he said, Blessed be the 27 LORD God of my master Abraham, who hath not left destitute my master of his mercy and his truth: I being in the way, the LORD led me to the house of my master's brethren. And the 28 damsel ran, and told them of her mother's house these things.

> And Rebekah had a brother, and his name was Laban: and 29 Laban ran out unto the man, unto the well. And it came to 30 pass, when he saw the earring and bracelets upon his sister's hands, and when he heard the words of Rebekah his sister, saying, Thus spake the man unto me; that he came unto the man; and, behold, he stood by the camels at the well. he said, Come in, thou blessed of the Lord; wherefore standest thou without? for I have prepared the house, and room for the camels.

> And the man came into the house: and he ungirded his 32 camels, and gave straw and provender for the camels, and water to wash his feet, and the men's feet that were with him. And 33 there was set meat before him to eat: but he said, I will not eat, until I have told mine errand. And he said, Speak on. And 34 he said, I am Abraham's servant. And the Lord hath blessed 35 my master greatly; and he is become great: and he hath given him flocks, and herds, and silver, and gold, and menservants, and maidservants, and camels, and asses. Sarah my master's wife bare a son to my master when she was old: and unto him hath he given all that he And my master made me swear, saying, Thou shalt 37 not take a wife to my son of the daughters of the Canaanites, in whose land I dwell: but thou shalt go unto my father's 38 house, and to my kindred, and take a wife unto my son. And 39 I said unto my master, Peradventure the woman will not follow And he said unto me, The LORD, before whom I walk, 40 will send his angel with thee, and prosper thy way; and thou shalt take a wife for my son of my kindred, and of my father's house: then shalt thou be clear from this my oath, when thou 41 comest to my kindred; and if they give not thee one, thou shalt be clear from my oath. And I came this day unto the well, 42 and said, O Lord God of my master Abraham, if now thou do prosper my way which I go: i behold, I stand by the well of 43 water; and it shall come to pass that when the virgin cometh

forth to draw water, and I say to her, Give me, I pray thee, a A.C. 1856. 44 little water of thy pitcher to drink; and she say to me, Both drink thou, and I will also draw for thy camels: let the same be the woman whom the LORD hath appointed out for my 45 master's son. And before I had done speaking in mine heart, behold, Rebekah came forth with her pitcher on her shoulder; and she went down unto the well, and drew water: and I said 46 unto her, Let me drink, I pray thee. And she made haste, and let down her pitcher from her shoulder, and said, Drink, and I will give thy camels drink also: so I drank, and she 47 made the camels drink also. And I asked her, and said, Whose daughter art thou? And she said, The daughter of Bethuel, Nahor's son, whom Milcah bare unto him: and I put the ear-48 ring upon her face, and the bracelets upon her hands. And I bowed down my head, and worshipped the LORD, and blessed the LORD God of my master Abraham, which had led me in the right way to take my master's brother's daughter unto his 49 son. And now if ye will deal kindly and truly with my master, tell me: and if not, tell me; that I may turn to the right hand, 50 or to the left. Then Laban and Bethuel answered and said, The thing proceedeth from the LORD: we cannot speak unto 51 thee bad or good. Behold, Rebekah is before thee, take her, and go, and let her be thy master's son's wife, as the Lord 52 hath spoken. And it came to pass, that, when Abraham's servant heard their words, he worshipped the Lord, bowing himself 53 to the earth. And the servant brought forth jewels of j Heb. venets. silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment, and gave them to Rebekah: he gave also to her brother and to her mother pre-54 cious things. And they did eat and drink, he and the men that were with him, and tarried all night; and they rose up in the morning, and he said, k Send me away unto my master. k ver. 56, 59. 55 And her brother and her mother said, Let the damsel abide with us 1 a few days, at the least ten; after that she shall go. 1 or, a full 56 And he said unto them, Hinder me not, seeing the Lord hath year, or, ten prospered my way; send me away that I may go to my master. 57 And they said, We will call the damsel, and enquire at her 58 mouth. And they called Rebekah, and said unto her, Wilt 59 thou go with this man? And she said, I will go. And they sent away Rebekah their sister, and her nurse, and Abraham's 60 servant, and his men. And they blessed Rebekah, and said unto her, Thou art our sister, be thou the mother of thousands

And Rebekah arose, and her damsels, and they rode upon the camels, and followed the man: and the servant took 62 Rebekah, and went his way. And Isaac came from the way of the m well Lahai-roi; for he dwelt in the south country. m ch. xvi. 14. 63 And Isaac went out n to meditate in the field at the eventide: & xxv. 11.

of millions, and let thy seed possess the gate of those which

hate them.

A.C. 1856. and he lifted up his eyes, and saw, and, behold, the camels were coming. And Rebekah lifted up her eyes, and when she saw 64 Isaac, she lighted off the camel. For she had said unto the 65 servant, What man is this that walketh in the field to meet us? And the servant had said, It is my master: therefore she took a vail, and covered herself. And the servant told Isaac all 66 things that he had done. And Isaac brought her into his 67 mother Sarah's tent, and took Rebekah, and she became his wife; and he loved her: and Isaac was comforted after his mother's death.

§ 21. Marriage of Abraham with Keturah.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 1-6.

Then again Abraham took a wife, and her name was 1 Keturah. And she bare him Zimran, and Jokshan, and 2 Medan, and Midian, and Ishbak, and Shuah. And Jokshan 3 begat Sheba, and Dedan. And the sons of Dedan were Asshurim, Letushim, and Leummim. And the sons of Midian; 4 Ephah, and Epher, and Hanoch, and Abidah, and Eldaah. All these were the children of Keturah.

And Abraham gave all that he had unto Isaac. But unto 5 the sons of the concubines, which Abraham had, Abraham gave 6 gifts, and sent them away from Isaac his son, while he yet lived, eastward, unto the east country.

§ 22. Birth of Esau and Jacob.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 19-28.

And these are the generations of Isaac, Abraham's son: 19 Abraham begat Isaac: and Isaac was forty years old when he 20 took Rebekah to wife, the daughter of Bethuel the Syrian of Padan-aram, the sister to Laban the Syrian. And Isaac in-21 treated the Lord for his wife, because she was barren; and the Lord was intreated of him, and Rebekah his wife conceived. And the children struggled together within her; and 22 she said, If it be so, why am I thus? and she went to enquire of the Lord. And the Lord said unto her, Two nations are 23 in thy womb, and two manner of people shall be separated from thy bowels; and the one people shall be stronger than the other people; and the elder shall serve the younger.

And when her days to be delivered were fulfilled, behold, 24 there were twins in her womb. And the first came out red, all 25 over like an hairy garment; and they called his name Esau.

Esau's heel; and his name was called Jacob: and Isaac was threescore years old when she bare them. And the boys grew: 27 and Esau was a cunning hunter, a man of the field; and Jacob c Heb. veni- was a plain man, dwelling in tents. And Isaac loved Esau, 28

was in his because che did eat of his venison: but Rebekah loved Jacob.

a l Chr. xxiii. l.

1836.

a Rom. ix.

§ 23. Death of Abraham.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 7-10.

And these are the days of the years of Abraham's life which A.C. 1821.

8 he lived, an hundred threescore and fifteen years. Then Abraham gave up the ghost, and died in a good old age, an old 9 man, and full of years; and was gathered to his people. And his sons Isaac and Ishmael buried him in the cave of Machpelah, in the field of Ephron the son of Zohar the Hittite, which is 10 before Mamre; athe field which Abraham purchased of the sons ach exciii. 16. of Heth: there was Abraham buried, and Sarah his wife.

PART IV.

From the Death of Abraham, to the selling of Joseph by his Brethren.

§ 1. Esau sells his Birthright; Covenant of Isaac with Abimelech at Gerar; Death of Ishmael.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 11.

11 And it came to pass after the death of Abraham, that God blessed his son Isaac; and Isaac dwelt by the a well Lahai-roi. a.ch. xvi. 14. & xxiv. 62.

GENESIS XXVI. FORMER PART OF VER. 1.

1 And there was a famine in the land, beside the first famine 1804. that was in the days of Abraham.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 29, TO THE END.

And Jacob sod pottage: and Esau came from the field, and so he was faint: And Esau said to Jacob, Feed me, I pray thee,

a with that same red pottage; for I am faint: therefore was his a Heb. with 11 name called Edom. And Jacob said, Sell me this day thy that red pot 12 birthright. And Esau said, Behold, I am b at the point to tage. 13 die: and what profit shall this birthright do to me? And to die.

Jacob said, Swear to me this day; and he sware unto him:
34 and che sold his birthright unto Jacob. Then Jacob gave cheb xii.
Esau bread and pottage of lentiles; and he did eat and drink, and rose up, and went his way: thus Esau despised his birthright.

GENESIS XXVI. LATTER PART OF VER. 1, TO THE END.

1 And Isaac went unto Abimelech king of the Philistines unto

⁸ The same famine, which compelled Isaac to go to Gerar, (Gen. xxvi. 1.) caused Esau to sell his birthright. Some powerful reason seems to be necessary to account for this absurd, and wicked exchange of the privileges of the birthright for a mess of lentile pottage, the commonest food of the country. Esau was the eldest son of a Prince or Emir; and the situation of the country must have been deplorable, when such a man, on his return from hunting, could not find in his father's tent sufficient food to appease the cravings of hunger. Esau, for this mess of pottage, yielding to the temptation of the moment, renounced, both for himself and his descendants, all the privileges of primogeniture, and the covenant which God made with Abraham, that from him the Messiah should descend.—Lightfoot, Stackhouse.

A.C. 1804. Gerar. And the Lord appeared unto him, and said, Go not 2 down into Egypt; dwell in the land which I shall tell thee of: sojourn in this land, and I will be with thee, and will bless 3 a ch. xiii. 15. thee; for unto thee, and unto thy seed, a I will give all these countries, and I will perform the oath which I sware unto Abraham thy father: and I will make thy seed to multiply as 4 the stars of heaven, and will give unto thy seed all these countries; and in thy seed shall all the nations of the earth be b blessed; because that Abraham obeyed my voice, and kept 5 b ch. xii. 3. my charge, my commandments, my statutes, and my laws.

& xxii. 18.

And Isaac dwelt in Gerar: and the men of the place asked 6 him of his wife; and he said, She is my sister: for he feared 7 to say, She is my wife: lest, said he, the men of the place should kill me for Rebekah; because she was fair to look upon. And it came to pass, when he had been there a long time, that 8 Abimelech king of the Philistines looked out at a window, and saw, and, behold, Isaac was sporting with Rebekah his wife. And Abimelech called Isaac, and said, Behold, of a surety she 9 is thy wife: and how saidst thou, She is my sister? And Isaac said unto him, Because I said, Lest I die for her. And Abi- 10 melech said, What is this thou hast done unto us? one of the people might lightly have lien with thy wife, and thou shouldest have brought guiltiness upon us. And Abimelech charged all 11 his people, saying, He that toucheth this man or his wife shall surely be put to death. Then Isaac sowed in that land, and 12 c Heb. found. c received in the same year an hundredfold: and the LORD d Heb. went blessed him: And the man waxed great, and d went forward, 13 and grew until he became very great: for he had possession of 14 e Or, husban-flocks, and possession of herds, and great store of e servants: and the Philistines envied him. For all the wells which his 15 father's servants had digged in the days of Abraham his father, the Philistines had stopped them, and filled them with earth. And Abimelech said unto Isaac, Go from us; for thou art 16 much mightier than we.

dry.

going.

And Isaac departed thence, and pitched his tent in the 17 valley of Gerar, and dwelt there. And Isaac digged again the 18 wells of water, which they had digged in the days of Abraham his father; for the Philistines had stopped them after the death of Abraham: and he called their names after the names by which his father had called them. And Isaac's servants digged 19 f Heb. Living. in the valley, and found there a well of f springing water. And 20 the herdmen of Gerar did strive with Isaac's herdmen, saying, The water is our's: and he called the name of the well g Esek;

g That is, Contention.

h That is, Hatred.

i That is. Room.

because they strove with him. And they digged another well, 21 and strove for that also: and he called the name of it h Sitnah. And he removed from thence, and digged another well; and 22 for that they strove not: and he called the name of it Rehoboth; and he said, For now the LORD hath made room for us.

23 and we shall be fruitful in the land. And he went up from A.C. 1804. 24 thence to Beersheba. And the LORD appeared unto him the same night, and said, I am the God of Abraham thy father: fear not, for I am with thee, and will bless thee, and multiply 25 thy seed for my servant Abraham's sake. And he builded an altar there, and called upon the name of the LORD, and pitched his tent there: and there Isaac's servants digged a well. 26 Then Abimelech went to him from Gerar, and Ahuzzath one 27 of his friends, and Phichol the chief captain of his army. And Isaac said unto them, Wherefore come ye to me, seeing ye 28 hate me, and have sent me away from you? And they said, We saw certainly that the Lord was with thee: and we said, we saw.

Let there be now an oath betwixt us, even betwixt us and thee, 29 and let us make a covenant with thee; k that thou wilt do us k Hch. if thou wilt do us k Hch. if thou wilt do us k Hch. if thou no hurt, as we have not touched thee, and as we have done unto thee nothing but good, and have sent thee away in peace:

30 thou art now the blessed of the LORD. And he made them a 31 feast, and they did eat and drink. And they rose up betimes in the morning, and sware one to another: and Isaac sent

32 them away, and they departed from him in peace. And it came to pass the same day, that Isaac's servants came, and told him concerning the well which they had digged, and said 1 That is, An 33 unto him, We have found water. And he called it 1 Shebah: m That is,

therefore the name of the city is m Beer-sheba unto this day. And Esau was forty years old when he took to wife Judith

the daughter of Beeri the Hittite, and Bashemath the daughter 35 of Elon the Hittite: which were o a grief of mind unto Isaac n ch. xxvii. and to Rebekah.

The well of the oath. 1796.

o Heb. bitter. ness of spirit.

Death of Ishmael.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 17, 18.

And these are the years of the life of Ishmael, an hundred 1773. and thirty and seven years: and he gave up the ghost and 18 died; and was gathered unto his people. And they dwelt from Havilah unto Shur, that is before Egypt, as thou goest toward Assyria: and he p died in the presence of all his p Heb. fell. brethren.

Family of Ishmael.

GENESIS XXV. VER. 12-16.

Now these are the generations of Ishmael, Abraham's son, whom Hagar the Egyptian, Sarah's handmaid, bare unto 13 Abraham: and 4 these are the names of the sons of Ishmael, 4 1 Chr. 1. 29. by their names, according to their generations: the firstborn of

A constant intercourse was maintained between the Patriarch and the angel Jehovah, the protecting God of his family, so far as it was necessary either to revive the remembrance of the Promise, or to encourage his dependence upon God.

VOL. I.

A.C. 1773. Ishmael, Nebajoth; and Kedar, and Adbeel, and Mibsam, and 14 Mishma, and Dumah, and Massa, Hadar, and Tema, Jetur, 15 Naphish, and Kedemah: these are the sons of Ishmael, and 16 these are their names, by their towns, and by their castles; twelve princes according to their nations.

§ 2. Jacob obtains the Blessing from his Father.

GENESIS XXVII.

were dim, so that he could not see, he called Esau his eldest son, and said unto him, My son: and he said unto him, Behold, here am I. And he said, Behold now, I am old, I know not 2 the day of my death: Now therefore take, I pray thee, thy 3 weapons, thy quiver and thy bow, and go out to the field, and

a take me some venison; and make me savoury meat, such as 4 I love, and bring it to me, that I may eat; that my soul may bless thee before I die. And Rebekah heard when Isaac spake 5 to Esau his son. And Esau went to the field to hunt for veni-

son, and to bring it.

And Rebekah spake unto Jacob her son, saying, Behold, I 6 heard thy father speak unto Esau thy brother, saying, Bring 7 me venison, and make me savoury meat, that I may eat, and bless thee before the LORD before my death. Now therefore, 8 my son, obey my voice according to that which I command thee. Go now to the flock, and fetch me from thence two 9 good kids of the goats; and I will make them savoury meat for thy father, such as he loveth: and thou shalt bring it to thy 10 father, that he may eat, and that he may bless thee before his death. And Jacob said to Rebekah his mother, Behold, Esau 11 my brother is a hairy man, and I am a smooth man: My father 12 peradventure will feel me, and I shall seem to him as a deceiver; and I shall bring a curse upon me, and not a bless-And his mother said unto him, Upon me be thy curse, 13 my son: only obey my voice, and go fetch me them. And he 14 went, and fetched, and brought them to his mother: and his mother made savoury meat, such as his father loved. Rebekah took b goodly raiment of her eldest son Esau, which were with her in the house, and put them upon Jacob her younger son: And she put the skins of the kids of the goats 16 upon his hands, and upon the smooth of his neck. And she 17 gave the savoury meat and the bread, which she had prepared, into the hand of her son Jacob. And he came unto his father, 18 and said, My father: and he said, Here am I; who art thou, my son? And Jacob said unto his father, I am Esau thy first-19 born; I have done according as thou badest me: arise, I pray thee, sit and eat of my venison, that thy soul may bless me. And Isaac said unto his son, How is it that thou hast found it 20 so quickly, my son? And he said, Because the LORD thy

b Heb. desirable. 21 God brought it ° to me. And Isaac said unto Jacob, Come A.C. 1760. near, I pray thee, that I may feel thee, my son, whether thou c Heb. before 22 be my very son Esau or not. And Jacob went near unto Isaac me. his father; and he felt him, and said, The voice is Jacob's 23 voice, but the hands are the hands of Esau. And he discerned him not, because his hands were hairy, as his brother Esau's 24 hands: so he blessed him. And he said, Art thou my very 25 son Esau? And he said, I am. And he said, Bring it near to me, and I will eat of my son's venison, that my soul may And he brought it near to him, and he did eat: 26 and he brought him wine, and he drank. And his father Isaac 27 said unto him, Come near now, and kiss me, my son. And he came near, and kissed him: and he smelled the smell of his raiment, and blessed him, and said, See, the smell of my son is 28 as the smell of a field which the LORD hath blessed: Therefore d God give thee of the dew of heaven, and the fatness of the d Heb. xi. 20. 29 earth, and plenty of corn and wine: let people serve thee, and nations bow down to thee: be lord over thy brethren, and let thy mother's sons bow down to thee: cursed be every one that curseth thee, and blessed be he that blesseth thee. And it came to pass, as soon as Isaac had made an end of blessing Jacob, and Jacob was yet scarce gone out from the presence of Isaac his father, that Esau his brother came in 31 from his hunting. And he also had made savoury meat, and brought it unto his father, and said unto his father, Let my father arise, and eat of his son's venison, that thy soul may And Isaac his father said unto him, Who art thou? 33 And he said, I am thy son, thy firstborn Esau. And Isaac e trembled very exceedingly, and said, Who? where is he that e Heb. trem-hath taken venison, and brought it me, and I have eaten of great tremall before thou camest, and have blessed him? yea, and he bling greatly. 34 shall be blessed. And when Esau heard the words of his ed. father, he cried with a great and exceeding bitter cry, and said 35 unto his father, Bless me, even me also, O my father. And he said, Thy brother came with subtilty, and hath taken away thy 36 blessing. And he said, Is not he rightly named g Jacob? for g That is, A he hath supplanted me these two times: he took away my supplanter. birthright; and, behold, now he hath taken away my blessing. 37 And he said, Hast thou not reserved a blessing for me? And Isaac answered and said unto Esau, Behold, I have made him thy lord, and all his brethren have I given to him for servants; and with corn and wine have I h sustained him: and what shall h Or, support-38 I do now unto thee, my son? And Esau said unto his father, Hast thou but one blessing, my father? bless me, even me also, 39 O my father. And Esau lifted up his voice, i and wept. Isaac his father answered and said unto him, Behold, thy jver. 28. dwelling shall be k the fatness of the earth, and of the dew of k or, of the

l Obad. 10.

d Heb. were evil in the eyes, &c.

A.C. 1760. shalt serve thy brother; and it shall come to pass when thou shalt have the dominion, that thou shalt break his yoke from off thy neck.

And Esau hated Jacob because of the blessing wherewith 41 his father blessed him: and Esau said in his heart, The days of mourning for my father are at hand; then will I slay my bro-And these words of Esau her elder son were told 42 to Rebekah: and she sent and called Jacob her younger son, and said unto him, Behold, thy brother Esau, as touching thee, doth comfort himself, purposing to kill thee. Now therefore, 43 my son, obey my voice; and arise, flee thou to Laban my brother to Haran; and tarry with him a few days, until thy 44 brother's fury turn away; until thy brother's anger turn away 45 from thee, and he forget that which thou hast done to him: then I will send, and fetch thee from thence: why should I be deprived also of you both in one day? And Rebekah said to 46 mch.xxvi.35. Isaac, m I am weary of my life because of the daughters of Heth: if Jacob take a wife of the daughters of Heth, such as these which are of the daughters of the land, what good shall my life do me?

§ 3. Journey of Jacob to Padan-aram.

GENESIS XXVIII.

And Isaac called Jacob, and blessed him, and charged him, 1 and said unto him, Thou shalt not take a wife of the daughters a Hos. xii. 12. of Canaan. a Arise, go to Padan-aram, to the house of Bethuel 2 thy mother's father; and take thee a wife from thence of the daughters of Laban thy mother's brother. And God Almighty 3 bless thee, and make thee fruitful, and multiply thee, that thou b Heb. an as- mayest be b a multitude of people; and give thee the blessing 4 sembly of people. of Abraham, to thee, and to thy seed with thee; that thou c Heb. of thy mayest inherit the land c wherein thou art a stranger, which sojournings. God gave unto Abraham. And Isaac sent away Jacob: and 5 he went to Padan-aram unto Laban, son of Bethuel the Syrian, the brother of Rebekah, Jacob's and Esau's mother. When Esau saw that Isaac had blessed Jacob, and sent him 6

away to Padan-aram, to take him a wife from thence; and that as he blessed him he gave him a charge, saying, Thou shalt not take a wife of the daughters of Canaan; and that Jacob 7 obeyed his father and his mother, and was gone to Padanaram; and Esau seeing that the daughters of Canaan d pleased 8 not Isaac his father; then went Esau unto Ishmael, and took 9 unto the wives which he had Mahalath the daughter of Ishmael Abraham's son, the sister of Nebajoth, to be his wife.

And Jacob went out from Beer-sheba, and went toward 10 e Called, Acts e Haran. And he lighted upon a certain place, and tarried 11 there all night, because the sun was set; and he took of the

stones of that place, and put them for his pillows, and lay down A.C. 1760.

12 in that place to sleep. And he dreamed, and behold a ladder set up on the earth, and the top of it reached to heaven: and behold the angels of God ascending and descending on it.

13 f And, behold, the Lord stood above it, and said, I am the fch. xxxv. 1.

Lord God of Abraham thy father, and the God of Isaac: the land whereon thou liest, to thee will I give it, and to thy seed;

14 and thy seed shall be as the dust of the earth, and thou shalt spread abroad to the hwest, and to the east, and to the north, sheet and to the south: and in thee and in thy seed shall all the hout. xii.

15 families of the earth be blessed. And, behold, I am with thee, on inch xii. Is and will keep thee in all places whither thou goest, and will xiii. 18.

bring thee again into this land; for I will not leave thee, until xxvi. 4.

I have done that which I have spoken to thee of.

16 And Jacob awaked out of his sleep, and he said, Surely the 17 LORD is in this place; and I knew it not. And he was afraid, and said, How dreadful is this place! this is none other but 18 the house of God, and this is the gate of heaven. And Jacob rose up early in the morning, and took the stone that he had put for his pillows, and set it up for a pillar, and poured oil 19 upon the top of it. And he called the name of that place

j Beth-el: but the name of that city was called Luz at the first. j That is, The 20 And Jacob vowed a vow, saying, If God will be with me, and will keep me in this way that I go, and will give me bread to 21 eat, and raiment to put on, so that I come again to my father's

22 house in peace; then shall the Lord be my God: and this stone, which I have set for a pillar, shall be God's house: and of all that thou shalt give me I will surely give the tenth unto thee.

GENESIS XXIX. VER. 1-8.

Jacob cometh to the well of Haran.

Then Jacob k went on his journey, and came into the land k Heb. lift 2 of the 1 people of the east. And he looked, and behold a well 1 Heb. chilin the field, and, lo, there were three flocks of sheep lying by dren. it; for out of that well they watered the flocks: and a great 3 stone was upon the well's mouth. And thither were all the flocks gathered: and they rolled the stone from the well's mouth, and watered the sheep, and put the stone again upon 4 the well's mouth in his place. And Jacob said unto them, My brethren, whence be ye? And they said, Of Haran are we. 5 And he said unto them, Know ye Laban the son of Nahor? 6 And they said, We know him. And he said unto them, m Is he m Heb. Is well? And they said, He is well: and, behold, Rachel his to him? 7 daughter cometh with the sheep. And he said, Lo, n it is yet n Heb. yet the day is high day, neither is it time that the cattle should be gathered great. s together: water ye the sheep, and go and feed them. they said, We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together,

A.C. 1760 and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep.

§ 4. Residence of Jacob with Laban.

GENESIS XXIX. VER. 9. TO THE END.

And while he yet spake with them, Rachel came with her 9 father's sheep: for she kept them. And it came to pass, when 10 Jacob saw Rachel the daughter of Laban his mother's brother, and the sheep of Laban his mother's brother, that Jacob went near, and rolled the stone from the well's mouth, and watered the flock of Laban his mother's brother. And Jacob kissed 11 Rachel, and lifted up his voice, and wept. And Jacob told 12 Rachel that he was her father's brother, and that he was Rebekah's son: and she ran and told her father. And it came 13 to pass, when Laban heard the atidings of Jacob his sister's son, that he ran to meet him, and embraced him, and kissed him, and brought him to his house. And he told Laban all these things. And Laban said to him, Surely thou art my 14 bone and my flesh. And he abode with him b the space of a month.

a Heb. hearing.

b Heb. a month of days.

And Laban said unto Jacob, Because thou art my brother, 15 shouldest thou therefore serve me for nought? tell me, what shall thy wages be? And Laban had two daughters: the 16 name of the elder was Leah, and the name of the younger was Rachel. Leah was tender eyed; but Rachel was beautiful 17 and well favoured. And Jacob loved Rachel; and said, I will 18 serve thee seven years for Rachel thy younger daughter. And 19 Laban said, It is better that I give her to thee, than that I should give her to another man: abide with me. And Jacob 20 served seven years for Rachel; and they seemed unto him but a few days for the love he had to her.

1752.

And Jacob said unto Laban, Give me my wife, for my days 21 are fulfilled, that I may go in unto her. And Laban gathered 22 together all the men of the place, and made a feast. And it 23 came to pass in the evening, that he took Leah his daughter, and brought her to him; and he went in unto her. And Laban 24 gave unto his daughter Leah Zilpah his maid for an handmaid. And it came to pass, that in the morning, behold it was Leah: 25 and he said to Laban, What is this thou hast done unto me? did not I serve with thee for Rachel? wherefore then hast thou beguiled me? And Laban said, It must not be so done in 26 c Heb. place. our country, to give the younger before the firstborn. Fulfil 27 her week, and we will give thee this also for the service which thou shalt serve with me yet seven other years. And Jacob 28 did so, and fulfilled her week: and he gave him Rachel his daughter to wife also. And Laban gave to Rachel his daughter 29 Bilhah his handmaid to be her maid. And he went in also 30 unto Rachel, and he loved also Rachel more than Leah, and A.C. 1752. served with him yet seven other years.

And when the LORD saw that Leah was hated, he opened 1758. 32 her womb: but Rachel was barren. And Leah conceived, and bare a son, and she called his name d Reuben: for she d That is, See said, Surely the LORD hath looked upon my affliction; now

33 therefore my husband will love me. And she conceived again, and bare a son; and said, Because the LORD hath heard that I was hated, he hath therefore given me this son also: and she 34 called his name e Simeon. And she conceived again, and bare e That is,

1757.

a son; and said, Now this time will my husband be joined unto me, because I have born him three sons: therefore was 35 his name called f Levi. And she conceived again, and bare a f That is, Joined.

g That is, Praise.

Matt. i. 2. h Heb. stood

from bearing.

son: and she said, Now will I praise the LORD: therefore she called his name g Judah; and h left bearing.

GENESIS XXX.

1 Rachel, in grief for her barrenness, giveth Bilhah her maid unto Jacob. 5 She beareth Dan and Naphtali. 9 Leah giveth Zilpah her maid, who beareth Gad and Asher. 14 Reuben findeth mandrakes, with which Leah buyeth her husband of Rachel. 17 Leah beareth Issachar, Zebulun, and Dinah. 22 Rachel beareth Joseph. 25 Jacob desireth to depart. 27 Laban stayeth him on a new covenant. 37 Jacob's policy, whereby he became rich.

And when Rachel saw that she bare Jacob no children, Rachel envied her sister; and said unto Jacob, Give me child-2 ren, or else I die. And Jacob's anger was kindled against Rachel: and he said, Am I in God's stead, who hath withheld 3 from thee the fruit of the womb? And she said, Behold my

maid Bilhah, go in unto her; and she shall bear upon my 4 knees, that I may also have children by her. And she gave i Heb. be him Bilhah her handmaid to wife: and Jacob went in unto built by her.

5 her. And Bilhah conceived, and bare Jacob a son. And 6 Rachel said, God hath judged me, and hath also heard my

voice, and hath given me a son: therefore called she his name 7 Dan. And Bilhah Rachel's maid conceived again, and bare j That is,

8 Jacob a second son. And Rachel said, With k great wrestlings 1753. have I wrestled with my sister, and I have prevailed: and she k Heb. wrest-lings of God. called his name 1 Naphtali.

When Leah saw that she had left bearing, she took Zilpah That is, My wrestling.

10 her maid, and gave her Jacob to wife. And Zilpah Leah's Called, Matt.

11 maid here Leah's Called, Matt. 11 maid bare Jacob a son. And Leah said, A troop cometh: and thalim 12 she called his name m Gad. And Zilpah Leah's maid bare m That is, A 13 Jacob a second son. And Leah said, h Happy am I, for the troop, or, daughters will call me blessed: and she called his name is ixv. 11.

And Reuben went in the days of wheat harvest, and found happiness. mandrakes in the field, and brought them unto his mother Happy. Leah. Then Rachel said to Leah, Give me, I pray thee, of 15 thy son's mandrakes. And she said unto her, Is it a small

ch. xxiii. 6. 1751.

A.C. 1751. matter that thou hast taken my husband? and wouldest thou take away my son's mandrakes also? And Rachel said, Therefore he shall lie with thee to night for thy son's man-And Jacob came out of the field in the evening, and 16 Leah went out to meet him, and said, Thou must come in unto me; for surely I have hired thee with my son's mandrakes. And he lay with her that night. And God hearkened unto 17

1750.

Leah, and she conceived, and bare Jacob the fifth son. And 18 Leah said, God hath given me my hire, because I have given p That is, An my maiden to my husband: and she called his name p Issachar.

1749.

And Leah conceived again, and bare Jacob the sixth son. 19 And Leah said, God hath endued me with a good dowry; now 20 will my husband dwell with me, because I have born him six sons: and she called his name q Zebulun. And afterwards 21 Dwelling. Called, Matt. she bare a daughter, and called her name Dinah.

q That is, iv. 13. Zabuton.

r That is, Judgment. 1745. s That is,

Adding.

And God remembered Rachel, and God hearkened to her, 22 and opened her womb. And she conceived, and bare a son; and 23 said, God hath taken away my reproach: and she called his 24 name 8 Joseph; and said, The LORD shall add to me another son. And it came to pass, when Rachel had born Joseph, that 25

Jacob said unto Laban, Send me away, that I may go unto mine own place, and to my country. Give me my wives and my 26 children, for whom I have served thee, and let me go: for thou knowest my service which I have done thee. And Laban said 27 unto him, I pray thee, If I have found favour in thine eyes, tarry: for I have learned by experience that the LORD hath blessed me for thy sake. And he said, Appoint me thy wages, 28 and I will give it. And he said unto him, Thou knowest 29 how I have served thee, and how thy cattle was with me. For 30 it was little which thou hadst before I came, and it is now t Heb. broken t increased unto a multitude; and the Lord hath blessed thee u Heb. at my u since my coming; and now when shall I provide for mine own house also? And he said, What shall I give thee? And 31 Jacob said, Thou shalt not give me any thing: if thou wilt do this thing for me, I will again feed and keep thy flock: I will 32 pass through all thy flock to day, removing from thence all the speckled and spotted cattle, and all the brown cattle among the sheep, and the spotted and speckled among the goats: and of such shall be my hire. So shall my righteousness 33 answer for me v in time to come, when it shall come for my hire before thy face: every one that is not speckled and spotted among the goats, and brown among the sheep, that shall be counted stolen with me. And Laban said, Behold, 34 I would it might be according to thy word. And he removed 35 that day the he goats that were ringstraked and spotted, and

> all the she goats that were speckled and spotted, and every one that had some white in it, and all the brown among the sheep, and gave them into the hand of his sons. And he set three 36

foot.

▼ Heb. tomorrow.

days' journey betwixt himself and Jacob: and Jacob fed the A.C. 1745. rest of Laban's flocks.

And Jacob took him rods of green poplar, and of the hazel and chesnut tree; and pilled white strakes in them, and made 38 the white appear which was in the rods. And he set the rods which he had pilled before the flocks in the gutters in the watering troughs when the flocks came to drink, that they 39 should conceive when they came to drink. And the flocks conceived before the rods, and brought forth cattle ringstraked, 40 speckled, and spotted. And Jacob did separate the lambs, and set the faces of the flocks toward the ringstraked, and all the brown in the flock of Laban; and he put his own flocks by 41 themselves, and put them not unto Laban's cattle. came to pass, whensoever the stronger cattle did conceive, that Jacob laid the rods before the eyes of the cattle in the gutters, 42 that they might conceive among the rods. But when the cattle were feeble, he put them not in: so the feeble were 43 Laban's, and the stronger Jacob's. And the man increased exceedingly, and had much cattle, and maidservants, and menservants, and camels, and asses.

§ 5. Jacob leaves Laban.

GENESIS XXXI.

1 Jacob upon displeasure departeth secretly. 19 Rachel stealeth her father's images. 22 Laban pursueth after him, 26 and complaineth of the wrong. 34 Rachel's policy to hide the images. 36 Jacob's complaint of Laban. 43 The covenant of Laban and Jacob at Galeed.

And he heard the words of Laban's sons, saying, Jacob hath taken away all that was our father's; and of that which was our 2 father's hath he gotten all this glory. And Jacob beheld the countenance of Laban, and, behold, it was not toward him 3 as before. And the LORD said unto Jacob, Return unto the a Heb. as land of thy fathers, and to thy kindred; and I will be with thee. yesterday and I will be with thee. theday before. 4 And Jacob sent and called Rachel and Leah to the field unto 5 his flock, and said unto them, I see your father's countenance, that it is not toward me as before; but the God of my father 6 hath been with me. And ye know that with all my power I 7 have served your father. And your father hath deceived me, and changed my wages ten times; but God suffered him not s to hurt me. If he said thus, The speckled shall be thy wages; then all the cattle bare speckled: and if he said thus, The

9 straked. Thus God hath taken away the cattle of your father, 10 and given them to me. And it came to pass at the time that the cattle conceived, that I lifted up mine eyes, and saw in a dream, and, behold, the brams which leaped upon the cattle b Or, he-11 were ring-straked, speckled, and grisled. And the angel of goats.

ringstraked shall be thy hire; then bare all the cattle ring-

God spake unto me in a dream, saying, Jacob: and I said,

1739.

c ch. xxviii. 18, 19, 20.

A.C. 1739. Here am I. And he said, Lift up now thine eyes, and see, 12 all the rams which leap upon the cattle are ringstraked, speckled, and grisled: for I have seen all that Laban doeth unto thee. I am the God of Beth-el, c where thou anointedst the pillar, 13 and where thou vowedst a vow unto me: now arise, get thee out from this land, and return unto the land of thy kindred. And Rachel and Leah answered and said unto him, Is there 14 yet any portion or inheritance for us in our father's house? Are we not counted of him strangers? for he hath sold us, 15 and hath quite devoured also our money. For all the riches 16 which God hath taken from our father, that is our's, and our children's: now then, whatsoever God hath said unto thee, do.

Then Jacob rose up, and set his sons and his wives upon 17 camels; and he carried away all his cattle, and all his goods 18 which he had gotten, the cattle of his getting, which he had gotten in Padan-aram, for to go to Isaac his father in the land of Canaan. And Laban went to shear his sheep: and Rachel 19 had stolen the dimages that were her father's. And Jacob 20 stole away e unawares to Laban the Syrian, in that he told him not that he fled. So he fled with all that he had; and he rose 21 up, and passed over the river, and set his face toward the mount Gilead. And it was told Laban on the third day that 22 Jacob was fled. And he took his brethren with him, and pur- 23 sued after him seven days' journey; and they overtook him in the mount Gilead. And God came to Laban the Syrian in a 24 dream by night, and said unto him, Take heed that thou speak not to Jacob feither good or bad.

f Heb. from good to bad.

d Heb. teraphim.

e Heb. the heart of

Laban.

g Heb. hast stolen me.

Then Laban overtook Jacob. Now Jacob had pitched his 25 tent in the mount: and Laban with his brethren pitched in the mount of Gilead. And Laban said to Jacob, What hast thou 26 done, that thou hast stolen away unawares to me, and carried away my daughters, as captives taken with the sword? Where-27 fore didst thou flee away secretly, and g steal away from me; and didst not tell me, that I might have sent thee away with mirth, and with songs, with tabret, and with harp? And hast 28 not suffered me to kiss my sons and my daughters? thou hast now done foolishly in so doing. It is in the power of my hand 29 to do you hurt: but the God of your father spake unto me yesternight, saying, Take thou heed that thou speak not to Jacob either good or bad. And now, though thou wouldest 30 needs be gone, because thou sore longedst after thy father's house, yet wherefore hast thou stolen my gods? And Jacob 31 answered and said to Laban, Because I was afraid: for I said, Peradventure thou wouldest take by force thy daughters from me. With whomsoever thou findest thy gods, let him not live: 32 before our brethren discern thou what is thine with me, and take it to thee. For Jacob knew not that Rachel had stolen them. And Laban went into Jacob's tent, and into Leah's 33

tent, and into the two maidservants' tents; but he found them A.C. 1739. Then went he out of Leah's tent, and entered into

34 Rachel's tent. Now Rachel had taken the images, and put them in the camels' furniture, and sat upon them. And Laban

35 h searched all the tent, but found them not. And she said to h Heb. felt. her father, Let it not displease my lord that I cannot rise up before thee; for the custom of women is upon me. And he searched, but found not the images.

And Jacob was wroth, and chode with Laban: and Jacob answered and said to Laban, What is my trespass? what is my 37 sin, that thou hast so hotly pursued after me? Whereas thou hast searched all my stuff, what hast thou found of all thy houshold stuff? set it here before my brethren and thy brethren, 38 that they may judge betwixt us both. This twenty years have I been with thee; thy ewes and thy she goats have not cast 39 their young, and the rams of thy flock have I not eaten. That

which was torn of beasts I brought not unto thee; I bare the loss of it; of i my hand didst thou require it, whether stolen by i Ex. xxii. 12.

40 day, or stolen by night. Thus I was; in the day the drought consumed me, and the frost by night; and my sleep departed

41 from mine eyes. Thus have I been twenty years in thy house; I served thee fourteen years for thy two daughters, and six years for thy cattle: and thou hast changed my wages

42 ten times. Except the God of my father, the God of Abraham, and the fear of Isaac, had been with me, surely thou hadst sent me away now empty. God hath seen mine affliction and the labour of my hands, and rebuked thee yesternight.

And Laban answered and said unto Jacob, These daughters are my daughters, and these children are my children, and these cattle are my cattle, and all that thou seest is mine: and what can I do this day unto these my daughters, or unto their

44 children which they have born? Now therefore come thou, let us make a covenant, I and thou; and let it be for a witness 45 between me and thee. And Jacob took a stone, and set it up

46 for a pillar. And Jacob said unto his brethren, Gather stones; and they took stones and made an heap: and they did eat there

47 upon the heap. And Laban called it Jegar-sahadutha: but J That is, The 48 Jacob called it Galeed. And Laban said, This heap is a ness chald.

witness between me and thee this day. Therefore was the 49 name of it called Galeed; and 1 Mizpah; for he said, The ness Heb. 1 That is, A

LORD watch between me and thee, when we are absent one beacon, or, 50 from another. If thou shalt afflict my daughters, or if thou watch-tower.

shalt take other wives beside my daughters, no man is with us; 51 see, God is witness betwixt me and thee. And Laban said to Jacob, Behold this heap, and behold this pillar, which I have

52 cast betwixt me and thee; this heap be witness, and this pillar be witness, that I will not pass over this heap to thee, and that thou shalt not pass over this heap and this pillar unto me, for

m Or, killed

A.C. 1739. harm. The God of Abraham, and the God of Nahor, the God 53 of their father, judge betwixt us. And Jacob sware by the fear of his father Isaac. Then Jacob m offered sacrifice upon 54 the mount, and called his brethren to eat bread: and they did eat bread, and tarried all night in the mount. And early in 55 the morning Laban rose up, and kissed his sons and his daughters, and blessed them: and Laban departed, and returned unto his place.

§ 6. Journey of Jacob to Succoth, after the Covenant with Laban. GENESIS XXXII.

1 Jacob's vision at Mahanaim. 3 His message to Esau. 6. He is afraid of Esau's coming. 9 He prayeth for deliverance. 13 He sendeth a present to Esau. 24 He wrestleth with an angel at Peniel, where he is called Israel. 31 He halteth.

And Jacob went on his way, and the angels of God met him. 1 And when Jacob saw them, he said, This is God's host: and 2 he called the name of that place a Mahanaim.

a That is, Two hosts, or, camps.

b Heb. field.

And Jacob sent messengers before him to Esau his brother 3 unto the land of Seir, the b country of Edom. And he com- 4 manded them, saying, Thus shall ye speak unto my lord Esau: Thy servant Jacob saith thus, I have sojourned with Laban, and stayed there until now: and I have oxen, and asses, flocks, 5 and menservants, and womenservants: and I have sent to tell my lord, that I may find grace in thy sight. And the mes- 6 sengers returned to Jacob, saying, We came to thy brother Esau, and also he cometh to meet thee, and four hundred men with him. Then Jacob was greatly afraid and distressed: and 7 he divided the people that was with him, and the flocks, and herds, and the camels, into two bands; and said, If Esau come 8 to the one company, and smite it, then the other company which is left shall escape.

1738.

c ch. xxxi. 3,

d Heb. I am less than all, &c.

And Jacob said, O God of my father Abraham, and God of 9 my father Isaac, the Lord which saidst unto me, Return unto thy country, and to thy kindred, and I will deal well with thee: d I am not worthy of the least of all the mercies, and of 10 all the truth, which thou hast shewed unto thy servant; for with my staff I passed over this Jordan; and now I am become two bands. Deliver me, I pray thee, from the hand of my brother, 11 from the hand of Esau: for I fear him, lest he will come and smite me, and the mother e with the children. And thou 12 saidst, I will surely do thee good, and make thy seed as the sand of the sea, which cannot be numbered for multitude.

And he lodged there that same night; and took of that which 13 came to his hand a present for Esau his brother; two hundred 14 she goats, and twenty he goats, two hundred ewes, and twenty rams, thirty milch camels with their colts, forty kine, and ten 15 bulls, twenty she asses, and ten foles. And he delivered them 16 into the hand of his servants, every drove by themselves; and

said unto his servants, Pass over before me, and put a space A.C. 1738. 17 betwixt drove and drove. And he commanded the foremost. saying, When Esau my brother meeteth thee, and asketh thee. saying, Whose art thou? and whither goest thou? and whose 18 are these before thee? Then thou shalt say, They be thy servant Jacob's; it is a present sent unto my lord Esau: and, 19 behold, also he is behind us. And so commanded he the second, and the third, and all that followed the droves, saying, On this manner shall ye speak unto Esau, when ye find him. 20 And say ye moreover, Behold, thy servant Jacob is behind us. For he said, I will appease him with the present that goeth before me, and afterward I will see his face; peradventure he 21 will accept f of me. So went the present over before him: f Heb. my face. 22 and himself lodged that night in the company. And he rose up that night, and took his two wives, and his two womenservants, and his eleven sons, and passed over the ford Jabbok. 23 And he took them, and g sent them over the brook, and sent gHeb. caused to pass. over that he had. And Jacob was left alone; and there wrestled a man with 25 him until the h breaking of the day. And when he saw that h Heb. ashe prevailed not against him, he touched the hollow of his morning. thigh; and the hollow of Jacob's thigh was out of joint, as he 26 wrestled with him. And he said, Let me go, for the day breaketh. And he said, I will not let thee go, except thou i Hos. xii. 4. 27 bless me. And he said unto him, What is thy name? And he 28 said, Jacob. And he said, ^j Thy name shall be called no more ^j ch. xxxv. Jacob, but ^k Israel: for as a prince hast thou power with God ^{lo.} That is. A 29 and with men, and hast prevailed. And Jacob asked him, prince of God. and said, Tell me, I pray thee, thy name. And he said, Wherefore is it that thou dost ask after my name? And he 30 blessed him there. And Jacob called the name of the place Peniel: for I have seen God face to face, and my life is pre- 1 That is, The face of God. 31 served. And as he passed over Penuel the sun rose upon 32 him, and he halted upon his thigh. Therefore the children of

GENESIS XXXIII. VER. 1-17.

hollow of Jacob's thigh in the sinew that shrank.

Israel eat not of the sinew which shrank, which is upon the hollow of the thigh, unto this day: because he touched the

1 The kindness of Jacob and Esau at their meeting. 17 Jacob cometh to Succoth.

1 And Jacob lifted up his eyes, and looked, and, behold, Esau came, and with him four hundred men. And he divided the children unto Leah, and unto Rachel, and unto the two hand2 maids. And he put the handmaids and their children foremost, and Leah and her children after, and Rachel and Joseph 3 hindermost. And he passed over before them, and bowed himself to the ground seven times, until he came near to his 4 brother. And Esau ran to meet him, and embraced him, and

m Heb. to

A.C. 1738. fell on his neck, and kissed him: and they wept. And he 5 lifted up his eyes, and saw the women and the children; and said, Who are those "with thee? And he said, The children which God hath graciously given thy servant. Then the 6 handmaidens came near, they and their children, and they bowed themselves. And Leah also with her children came 7 near, and bowed themselves: and after came Joseph near and n Heb. What Rachel, and they bowed themselves. And he said, n What 8 band to thee? meanest thou by all this drove which I met? And he said,

to thee that is thine.

These are to find grace in the sight of my lord. And Esau 9 o Heb. be that said, I have enough, my brother; okeep that thou hast unto And Jacob said, Nay, I pray thee, if now I have 10 thyself. found grace in thy sight, then receive my present at my hand: for therefore I have seen thy face, as though I had seen the face of God, and thou wast pleased with me. Take, I pray 11 thee, my blessing that is brought to thee; because God hath dealt graciously with me, and because I have enough. he urged him, and he took it. And he said, Let us take our 12 journey, and let us go, and I will go before thee. And he 13 said unto him, My lord knoweth that the children are tender, and the flocks and herds with young are with me: and if men should overdrive them one day, all the flock will die. Let my 14 lord, I pray thee, pass over before his servant: and I will lead on softly, according p as the cattle that goeth before me and the children be able to endure, until I come unto my lord unto

p Heb. according to the foot of the work, &c. and according to the foot of the children. q Heb. set, or, place. r Heb. Where-

fore is this? s That is, Booths.

let me find grace in the sight of my lord. So Esau returned that day on his way unto Seir. And Jacob 16 journeyed to Succoth, and built him an house, and made booths 17 for his cattle: therefore the name of the place is called 8 Succoth.

Seir. And Esau said, Let me now q leave with thee some of 15

the folk that are with me. And he said, "What needeth it?

Transactions at Shalem, or Shechem.

GENESIS XXXIII. VER. 18, TO THE END.

1736. Sychem.

And Jacob came to Shalem a city of Shechem, which is 18 a Called, Acts in the land of Canaan, when he came from Padan-aram; and pitched his tent before the city. And he bought a parcel of a 19 field, where he had spread his tent, at the hand of the children b Called, Acts of b Hamor, Shechem's father, for an hundred c pieces of money. And he erected there an altar, and called it d El-elohe- 20 Israel.

vii. 16. Emmor. c Or, lambs. d That is. God the God of Israel.

GENESIS XXXVIII. VER. 1-5.

1 Judah begetteth Er, Onan, and Shelah.

And it came to pass at that time, that Judah went down from 1 his brethren, and turned in to a certain Adullamite, whose name was Hirah. And Judah saw there a daughter of a certain 2

Canaanite, whose name was e Shuah; and he took her, and A.C. 1735. 3 went in unto her. And she conceived, and bare a son; and he el Chr. ii. 3. 4 called his name Er. And she conceived again, and bare a son: 5 and she called his name f Onan. And she yet again conceived, fch. xlvi. 12. Num. xxvi. and bare a son; and called his name Shelah: and he was at 19. Chezib, when she bare him.

GENESIS XXXIV.

1 Dinah is ravished by Shechem. 4 He sueth to marry her. 13 The sons of Jacob offer the condition of circumcision to the Shechemites. 20 Hamor and Shechem persuade them to accept it. 25 The sons of Jacob upon that advantage slay them, 27 and spoil their city. 30 Jacob reproveth Simeon and Levi.

And Dinah the daughter of Leah, which she bare unto Jacob, 2 went out to see the daughters of the land. And when Shechem the son of Hamor the Hivite, prince of the country, saw her,

3 he took her, and lay with her, and g defiled her. And his soul g Heb. humclave unto Dinah the daughter of Jacob, and he loved the bled her.

4 damsel, and spake h kindly unto the damsel. And Shechem h Heb. to the spake unto his lither Hamor, saying, Get me this damsel to damsel.

11 wife. And Jac v. heard that he had defiled Dinah his daughter: now his sons were with his cattle in the field: and Jacob held his peace until they were come.

And Hamor the father of Shechem went out unto Jacob to 7 commune with him. And the sons of Jacob came out of the field when they heard it: and the men were grieved, and they were very wroth, because he had wrought folly in Israel in lying with Jacob's daughter; which thing ought not to be 8 done. And Hamor communed with them, saying, The soul of my son Shechem longeth for your daughter: I pray you give 9 her him to wife. And make ye marriages with us, and give 10 your daughters unto us, and take our daughters unto you. And ye shall dwell with us: and the land shall be before you; dwell 11 and trade ye therein, and get you possessions therein. Shechem said unto her father and unto her brethren, Let me find grace in your eyes, and what ye shall say unto me I will 12 give. Ask me never so much dowry and gift, and I will give according as ye shall say unto me: but give me the damsel to And the sons of Jacob answered Shechem and Hamor his father deceitfully, and said, because he had defiled Dinah 14 their sister: and they said unto them, We cannot do this thing, to give our sister to one that is uncircumcised; for that were a 15 reproach unto us: but in this will we consent unto you: If ye 16 will be as we be, that every male of you be circumcised; then will we give our daughters unto you, and we will take your daughters to us, and we will dwell with you, and we will become 17 one people. But if ye will not hearken unto us, to be circumcised; then will we take our daughter, and we will be gone. 18 And their words pleased Hamor, and Shechem Hamor's son. 19 And the young man deferred not to do the thing, because he

1732.

A.C. 1732. had delight in Jacob's daughter: and he was more honourable than all the house of his father.

> And Hamor and Shechem his son came unto the gate of 20 their city, and communed with the men of their city, saying, These men are peaceable with us; therefore let them dwell in 21 the land, and trade therein; for the land, behold, it is large enough for them; let us take their daughters to us for wives, and let us give them our daughters. Only herein will the men 22 consent unto us for to dwell with us, to be one people, if every male among us be circumcised, as they are circumcised. not their cattle and their substance and every beast of their's be our's? only let us consent unto them, and they will dwell with us. And unto Hamor and unto Shechem his son heark-24 ened all that went out of the gate of his city; and every male was circumcised, all that went out of the gate of his

6, 7.

j Heb. mouth.

And it came to pass on the third day, when there sore, 25 1 ch. xlix. 5, that two of the sons of Jacob, 1 Simeon ai Levi, Dinah's brethren, took each man his sword, and cameon the city boldly, and slew all the males. And they slew Hainor and 26 Shechem his son with the jedge of the sword, and took Dinah out of Shechem's house, and went out. The sons of Jacob 27 came upon the slain, and spoiled the city, because they had defiled their sister. They took their sheep, and their oxen, 28 and their asses, and that which was in the city, and that which was in the field. And all their wealth, and all their little ones, 29 and their wives took they captive, and spoiled even all that was in the house. And Jacob said to Simeon and Levi, Ye have troubled 30 me to make me to stink among the inhabitants of the land, among the Canaanites and the Perizzites: and I being few in number, they shall gather themselves together against me, and slay me; and I shall be destroyed, I and my house. And they said, 31 Should he deal with our sister as with an harlot?

> § 8. Events between the Flight of Jacob from Shechem till his Return to his Father.

GENESIS XXXV. VER. 1-27.

1 God sendeth Jacob to Beth-el. 2 He purgeth his house of idols. 6 He buildeth an altar at Beth-el. 8 Deborah dieth at Allon-bachuth. 9 God blesseth Jacob at Beth-el. 16 Rachel travaileth of Benjamin, and dieth in the way to Edar. 22 Reuben lieth with Bilhah. 23 The sons of Jacob. 27 Jacob cometh to Isaac at

1729.

And God said unto Jacob, Arise, go up to Beth-el, and dwell 1 there: and make there an altar unto God, that appeared unto thee a when thou fleddest from the face of Esau thy brother. Then Jacob said unto his houshold, and to all that were with 2 him, Put away the strange gods that are among you, and be clean, and change your garments: and let us arise, and go up 3 to Beth-el; and I will make there an altar unto God, who

answered me in the day of my distress, and was with me in the A.C. 1729. 4 way which I went. And they gave unto Jacob all the strange gods which were in their hand, and all their earrings which were in their ears; and Jacob hid them under the oak which was by 5 Shechem. And they journeyed: and the terror of God was upon the cities that were round about them, and they did not pursue after the sons of Jacob. So Jacob came to Luz, which is in the land of Canaan, that 7 is, Beth-el, he and all the people that were with him. And he

built there an altar, and b called the place c El-beth-el: because beth exxiii. there God appeared unto him, when he fled from the face of c That is. 8 his brother. But Deborah Rebekah's nurse died, and she was Bethet. buried beneath Beth-el under an oak: and the name of it was called d Allon-bachuth.

d That is,

And God appeared unto Jacob again, when he came out of weeping. 10 Padan-aram, and blessed him. And God said unto him, Thy name is Jacob: thy name shall not be called any more Jacob, but Israel shall be thy name: and he called his name Israel. ech. xxxii. 11 And God said unto him, I am God Almighty: be fruitful and multiply; a nation and a company of nations shall be of thee,

12 and kings shall come out of thy loins; and the land which I gave Abraham and Isaac, to thee I will give it, and to thy seed 13 after thee will I give the land. And God went up from him 14 in the place where he talked with him. And Jacob set up a pillar in the place where he talked with him, even a pillar of stone: and he poured a drink offering thereon, and he poured And Jacob called the name of the place where

God spake with him, Beth-el.

And they journeyed from Beth-el; and there was but fa f Heb. a little way to come to Ephrath: and Rachel travailed, and she of ground. 17 had hard labour. And it came to pass, when she was in hard labour, that the midwife said unto her, Fear not; thou shalt 18 have this son also. And it came to pass, as her soul was in departing, (for she died) that she called his name g Ben-oni: g That is, 19 but his father called him h Benjamin. And Rachel died, and sorrow. h That is, 20 was buried in the way to Ephrath, which is Beth-lehem. And The son of the Jacob set a pillar upon her grave: that is the pillar of Rachel's right hand. grave unto this day.

And Israel journeyed, and spread his tent beyond the tower 22 of Edar. And it came to pass, when Israel dwelt in that land, that Reuben went and i lay with Bilhah his father's concubine: i ch. xlix. 4.

23 and Israel heard it. Now the sons of Jacob were twelve: The sons of Leah; Reuben, Jacob's firstborn, and Simeon, and 24 Levi, and Judah, and Issachar, and Zebulun: 'I'he sons of 25 Rachel; Joseph, and Benjamin: And the sons of Bilhah, 26 Rachel's handmaid; Dan, and Naphtali: And the sons of

Zilpah, Leah's handmaid; Gad, and Asher: these are the sons of Jacob, which were born to him in Padan-aram.

And Jacob came unto Isaac his father unto Mamre, unto 27 the city of Arbah, which is Hebron, where Abraham and Isaac sojourned.

The Family of Esau. § 9.

GENESIS XXXVI.

Now these are the generations of Esau, who is Edom. Esau took his wives of the daughters of Canaan; Adah the 2 daughter of Elon the Hittite, and Aholibamah the daughter of Anah the daughter of Zibeon the Hivite; and Bashemath 3 a 1 Chr. 1. 35. Ishmael's daughter, sister of Nebajoth. And a Adah bare to 4 Esau Eliphaz; and Bashemath bare Reuel; and Aholibamah 5 bare Jeush, and Jaalam, and Korah: these are the sons of Esau. which were born unto him in the land of Canaan. And Esau 6 took his wives, and his sons, and his daughters, and all the b Heb. souls. b persons of his house, and his cattle, and all his beasts, and all his substance, which he had got in the land of Canaan; and went into the country from the face of his brother Jacob. For their riches were more than that they might dwell to- 7 gether; and the land wherein they were strangers could not c Josh. xxiv. bear them because of their cattle. Thus dwelt Esau in c mount 8

Seir: Esau is Edom.

d Heb. Edom. And these are the generations of Esau the father of d the 9 Edomites in Mount Seir: these are the names of Esau's sons; 10 e 1 Chr. i. 35, e Eliphaz the son of Adah the wife of Esau, Reuel the son of Bashemath the wife of Esau. And the sons of Eliphaz were 11 Teman, Omar, Zepho, and Gatam, and Kenaz. And Timna 12 was concubine to Eliphaz Esau's son; and she bare to Eliphaz Amalek: these were the sons of Adah Esau's wife. And these 13 are the sons of Reuel; Nahath, and Zerah, Shammah, and Mizzah: these were the sons of Bashemath Esau's wife.

And these were the sons of Aholibamah, the daughter of 14 Anah the daughter of Zibeon, Esau's wife: and she bare to Esau Jeush, and Jaalam, and Korah.

These were dukes of the sons of Esau: the sons of Eliphaz 15 the firstborn son of Esau; duke Teman, duke Omar, duke Zepho, duke Kenaz, duke Korah, duke Gatam, and duke Amalek: 16 these are the dukes that came of Eliphaz in the land of Edom; these were the sons of Adah.

And these are the sons of Reuel Esau's son; duke Nahath, 17 duke Zerah, duke Shammah, duke Mizzah: these are the dukes that came of Reuel in the land of Edom; these are the sons of Bashemath Esau's wife.

And these are the sons of Aholibamah Esau's wife; duke 18 Jeush, duke Jaalam, duke Korah: these were the dukes that came of Aholibamah the daughter of Anah, Esau's wife. These 19 are the sons of Esau, who is Edom, and these are their dukes.

These are the sons of Seir the Horite, who inhabited the A.C. 1729.

I land; Lotan, and Shobal, and Zibeon, and Anah, and Dishon, fi Chr. i. 38.

and Ezer, and Dishan: these are the dukes of the Horites, the
children of Seir in the land of Edom. And the children of

Lotan were Hori and Hemam; and Lotan's sister was Timna. 23 And the children of Shobal were these; Alvan, and Manahath, 24 and Ebal, Shepho, and Onam. And these are the children of

24 and Ebal, Shepho, and Onam. And these are the children of Zibeon; both Ajah, and Anah: this was that Anah that found the mules in the wilderness, as he fed the asses of Zibeon his g See Lev. xix. 19.

25 father. And the children of Anah were these; Dishon, and

26 Aholibamah the daughter of Anah. And these are the children of Dishon; Hemdan, and Eshban, and Ithran, and Cheran. 27 The children of Ezer are these; Bilhan, and Zaavan, and

28 Akan. The children of Dishan are these; Uz, and Aran.

29 These are the dukes that came of the Horites; duke Lotan, 30 duke Shobal, duke Zibeon, duke Anah, duke Dishon, duke Ezer, duke Dishan: these are the dukes that came of Hori,

among their dukes in the land of Seir.

And these are the kings that reigned in the land of Edom, before there reigned any king over the children of Israel.

32 And Bela the son of Beor reigned in Edom: and the name of

32 And Bela the son of Beor reigned in Edom: and the name of 33 his city was Dinhabah. And Bela died, and Jobab the son of Zerah of Bozrah reigned in his stead.

34 And Jobab died, and Husham of the land of Temani reigned in his stead.

And Husham died, and Hadad the son of Bedad, who smote Midian in the field of Moab, reigned in his stead: and the name of his city was Avith.

36 And Hadad died, and Samlah of Masrekah reigned in his stead.

37 And Samlah died, and Saul of Rehoboth by the river reigned in his stead.

38 And Saul died, and Baal-hanan the son of Achbor reigned in his stead.

And Baal-hanan the son of Achbor died, and Hadar reigned in his stead: and the name of his city was Pau; and his wife's name was Mehetabel, the daughter of Matred, the daughter of Mezahab.

And these are the names of the dukes that came of Esau, according to their families, after their places, by their names; 41 duke Timnah, duke Alvah, duke Jetheth, duke Aholibamah, 42 duke Elah, duke Pinon, duke Kenaz, duke Teman, duke

43 Mibzar, duke Magdiel, duke Iram: these be the dukes of Edom, according to their habitations in the land of their possessions: he is Esau the father of h the Edomites.

h Heb Edom.

PART V.

History of Joseph and his Family in Egypt.

§ 1. Joseph sold into Egypt 10.

GENESIS XXXVII.

And Jacob dwelt in the land a wherein his father was a 1 A.C. 1728. stranger, in the land of Canaan. a Heb. of his These are the generations of Jacob.

father's sojournings.

b Or, pieces.

Joseph, being seventeen years old, was feeding the flock with his brethren; and the lad was with the sons of Bilhah, and with the sons of Zilpah, his father's wives: and Joseph brought unto his father their evil report. Now Israel loved Joseph 3 more than all his children, because he was the son of his old age: and he made him a coat of many b colours. And when his 4 brethren saw that their father loved him more than all his brethren, they hated him, and could not speak peaceably unto him.

And Joseph dreamed a dream, and he told it his brethren: 5 and they hated him yet the more. And he said unto them, 6 Hear, I pray you, this dream which I have dreamed: For, 7 behold, we were binding sheaves in the field, and, lo, my sheaf arose, and also stood upright; and, behold, your sheaves stood round about, and made obeisance to my sheaf. And his brethren 8 said to him, Shalt thou indeed reign over us? or shalt thou indeed have dominion over us? And they hated him yet the more for his dreams, and for his words.

And he dreamed yet another dream, and told it his brethren, 9 and said, Behold, I have dreamed a dream more; and, behold, the sun and the moon and the eleven stars made obeisance to And he told it to his father, and to his brethren: and his 10 father rebuked him, and said unto him, What is this dream that thou hast dreamed? Shall I and thy mother and thy brethren indeed come to bow down ourselves to thee to the earth? And his brethren envied him; but his father observed the 11 saving.

And his brethren went to feed their father's flock in Shechem. 12 And Israel said unto Joseph, Do not thy brethren feed the 13 flock in Shechem? come, and I will send thee unto them. And he said to him, Here am I. And he said to him, Go, I pray 14

¹⁰ In the history of Joseph and his brethren, a train of events, apparently natural, and arising out of each other, is overruled to the accomplishment of the purposes and prophecies of God, without any interference with, or control over, the free agency of man; and the history furnishes us with a complete specimen of the mode in which an all-wise Providence still governs the world. The ambition, the wars, the pride, and the restlessness of man, are still accomplishing the prophecies of the Almighty; and generations yet unborn will see that the transactions of the present, and of the few last centuries, are overruled to the fulfilment of the predictions of Revelation, -as plainly as we can ourselves trace the manner in which the wars of the Romans, and the subjugation of the world by those proud masters, prepared the way for the Prince of Peace.

thee, c see whether it be well with thy brethren, and well with A.C. 1728. the flocks: and bring me word again. So he sent him out of cHeb. see the the vale of Hebron, and he came to Shechem.

peace of thy brethren, &c.

And a certain man found him, and, behold, he was wandering in the field: and the man asked him, saying, What seekest 16 thou? And he said, I seek my brethren: tell me, I pray 17 thee, where they feed their flocks. And the man said, They are departed hence; for I heard them say, Let us go to Dothan. And Joseph went after his brethren, and found them in Dothan. 18 And when they saw him afar off, even before he came near 19 unto them, they conspired against him to slay him. And they 20 said one to another, Behold, this dreamer cometh. Come now d Heb. master therefore, and let us slay him, and cast him into some pit, and we will say, Some evil beast hath devoured him: and we shall

21 see what will become of his dreams. And e Reuben heard it, e ch. xlii. 22. and he delivered him out of their hands; and said, Let us not 22 kill him. And Reuben said unto them, Shed no blood, but cast him into this pit that is in the wilderness, and lay no hand upon him; that he might rid him out of their hands, to deliver him

to his father again.

And it came to pass, when Joseph was come unto his brethren, that they stript Joseph out of his coat, his coat of many 24 f colours that was on him; and they took him, and cast him into f Or, pieces. 25 a pit: and the pit was empty, there was no water in it. And they sat down to eat bread: and they lifted up their eyes and looked, and, behold, a company of Ishmeelites came from Gilead with their camels bearing spicery and balm and myrrh, 26 going to carry it down to Egypt. And Judah said unto his brethren, What profit is it if we slay our brother, and conceal 27 his blood? Come, and let us sell him to the Ishmeelites, and let not our hand be upon him; for he is our brother and our 28 flesh. And his brethren g were content. Then there passed by Midianites merchantmen; and they drew and lifted up Joseph out of the pit; hand sold Joseph to the Ishmeelites for twenty h Ps. cv. 17. pieces of silver: and they brought Joseph into Egypt.

Wisd. x. 13.

And Reuben returned unto the pit; and, behold, Joseph was 30 not in the pit; and he rent his clothes. And he returned unto his brethren, and said, The child is not; and I, whither shall I 31 go? And they took Joseph's coat, and killed a kid of the 32 goats, and dipped the coat in the blood; and they sent the coat of many colours, and they brought it to their father; and said, This have we found: know now whether it be thy son's coat or And he knew it, and said, It is my son's coat; an i evil i ch. xliv. 28. beast hath devoured him; Joseph is without doubt rent in 34 pieces. And Jacob rent his clothes, and put sackcloth upon 35 his loins, and mourned for his son many days. And all his sons

and all his daughters rose up to comfort him; but he refused to be comforted; and he said, For I will go down into the

signify not only eunuchs, but also chamber lains, courtiers, and officers. Esth. l Heb. chief

of the slaugh-

termen, or,

shal.

A.C. 1728. grave unto my son mourning. Thus his father wept for him.

And the Midianites sold him into Egypt unto Potiphar, an 36 nuch: but the k officer of Pharaoh's, 1 and captain of the guard.

GENESIS XXXIX. VER. 1-6.

Joseph advanced in Potiphar's house.

And Joseph was brought down to Egypt; and Potiphar, an 1 officer of Pharaoh, captain of the guard, an Egyptian, bought him of the hands of the Ishmeelites, which had brought him executioners. down thither. And the Lord was with Joseph, and he was a 2 prosperous man; and he was in the house of his master the And his master saw that the LORD was with him, 3 Egyptian. and that the Lord made all that he did to prosper in his hand. And Joseph found grace in his sight, and he served him: and 4 he made him overseer over his house, and all that he had he put into his hand. And it came to pass from the time that he 5 had made him overseer in his house, and over all that he had, that the Lord blessed the Egyptian's house for Joseph's sake; and the blessing of the Lord was upon all that he had in the house, and in the field. And he left all that he had in Joseph's 6 hand; and he knew not ought he had, save the bread which he And Joseph was a goodly person, and well favoured.

The Family of Judah. δ 2.

GENESIS XXXVIII. VER. 6, TO THE END.

1713.

And Judah took a wife for Er his firstborn, whose name was 6 a Num. xxvi. Tamar. And a Er, Judah's firstborn, was wicked in the sight 7 of the Lord; and the Lord slew him. And Judah said unto 8 Onan, Go in unto thy brother's wife, and marry her, and raise up seed to thy brother. And Onan knew that the seed should 9 not be his; and it came to pass, when he went in unto his brother's wife, that he spilled it on the ground, lest that he should give seed to his brother. And the thing which he did 10 b displeased the LORD: wherefore he slew him also. said Judah to Tamar his daughter in law, Remain a widow at thy father's house, till Shelah my son be grown: for he said, Lest peradventure he die also, as his brethren did. And Tamar went and dwelt in her father's house.

b Heb. was evil in the eyes of the LORD.

c Heb. the days were multiplied.

And cin process of time the daughter of Shuah Judah's 12 wife died; and Judah was comforted, and went up unto his sheepshearers to Timnath, he and his friend Hirah the Adul-And it was told Tamar, saying, Behold thy father in 13 law goeth up to Timnath to shear his sheep. And she put her 14 widow's garments off from her, and covered her with a vail, and wrapped herself, and sat in an open place, which is by the way to Timnath; for she saw that Shelah was grown, and she was not given unto him to wife. When Judah saw her, he 15 thought her to be an harlot; because she had covered her face.

d Heb. the door of eyes, or, of Enajim.

Zarah.

16 And he turned unto her by the way, and said, Go to, I pray A.C. 1718. thee, let me come in unto thee; (for he knew not that she was his daughter in law.) And she said, What wilt thou give me, 17 that thou mayest come in unto me? And he said, I will send thee ea kid from the flock. And she said, Wilt thou give me a e Heb. a kid 18 pledge, till thou send it? And he said, What pledge shall I of the goats. give thee? And she said, Thy signet, and thy bracelets, and thy staff that is in thine hand. And he gave it her, and came 19 in unto her, and she conceived by him. And she arose, and went away, and laid by her vail from her, and put on the gar-20 ments of her widowhood. And Judah sent the kid by the hand of his friend the Adullamite, to receive his pledge from Then he asked the 21 the woman's hand: but he found her not. men of that place, saying, Where is the harlot, that was fopenly for, in Enaby the way side? And they said, There was no harlot in this jim. And he returned to Judah, and said, I cannot find her; and also the men of the place said, that there was no harlot in 23 this place. And Judah said, Let her take it to her, lest we g be g Heb. become shamed: behold, I sent this kid, and thou hast not found her. And it came to pass about three months after, that it was told Judah, saying, Tamar thy daughter in law hath played the harlot; and also, behold, she is with child by whoredom. 25 And Judah said, Bring her forth, and let her be burnt. When she was brought forth, she sent to her father in law, saying, By the man, whose these are, am I with child: and she said, Discern, I pray thee, whose are these, the signet, and bracelets, 26 and staff. And Judah acknowledged them, and said, She hath been more righteous than I; because that I gave her not to Shelah my son. And he knew her again no more. And it came to pass in the time of her travail, that, behold, 28 twins were in her womb. And it came to pass, when she travailed, that the one put out his hand: and the midwife took and

behold, his brother came out: and she said, h How hast thou hor, Wherebroken forth? this breach be upon thee: therefore his name made this 30 was called i Pharez. And afterward came out his brother, that against thee? had the scarlet thread upon his hand: and his name was called in That is, A breach. 1 Chr. ii. 4. Matt. i 3.

Imprisonment of Joseph.

bound upon his hand a scarlet thread, saying, This came out 29 first. And it came to pass, as he drew back his hand, that,

GENESIS XXXIX. VER. 7, TO THE END.

And it came to pass after these things, that his master's wife s cast her eyes upon Joseph; and she said, Lie with me. But he refused, and said unto his master's wife, Behold, my master wotteth not what is with me in the house, and he hath commit-9 ted all that he hath to my hand; there is none greater in this house than I; neither hath he kept any thing back from me

A.C. 1718, but thee, because thou art his wife: how then can I do this great wickedness, and sin against God? And it came to pass, 10 as she spake to Joseph day by day, that he hearkened not unto her, to lie by her, or to be with her. And it came to pass 11 about this time, that Joseph went into the house to do his business; and there was none of the men of the house there within. And she caught him by his garment, saying, Lie 12 with me: and he left his garment in her hand, and fled, and got him out. And it came to pass, when she saw that he had 13 left his garment in her hand, and was fled forth, that she called 14 unto the men of her house, and spake unto them, saying, See, he hath brought in an Hebrew unto us to mock us; he came a Heb. great. in unto me to lie with me, and I cried with a a loud voice: and it came to pass, when he heard that I lifted up my voice 15 and cried, that he left his garment with me, and fled, and got him out. And she laid up his garment by her, until his lord 16 And she spake unto him according to these 17 came home. words, saying, The Hebrew servant, which thou hast brought unto us, came in unto me to mock me: and it came to pass, 18 as I lifted up my voice and cried, that he left his garment with me, and fled out. And it came to pass, when his master 19 heard the words of his wife, which she spake unto him, saying, After this manner did thy servant to me; that his wrath was kindled. And Joseph's master took him, and put him into 20 the prison, a place where the king's prisoners were bound: and

b Heb. extended kindness unto him.

But the LORD was with Joseph 11, and b shewed him mercy, 21 and gave him favour in the sight of the keeper of the prison. And the keeper of the prison committed to Joseph's hand all 22 the prisoners that were in the prison; and whatsoever they did there, he was the doer of it. The keeper of the prison looked 23 not to any thing that was under his hand; because the LORD was with him, and that which he did, the LORD made it to prosper.

he was there in the prison.

§ 4. Joseph interprets the Dreams of his Fellow-Prisoners. GENESIS XL.

And it came to pass after these things, that the butler of the 1 1717. king of Egypt and his baker had offended their lord the king of Egypt. And Pharaoh was wroth against two of his officers, 2 against the chief of the butlers, and against the chief of the And he put them in ward in the house of the captain 3 of the guard, into the prison, the place where Joseph was

¹¹ It will be observed that Joseph obtains the blessing by his virtue, which his elder brothers Judah and Reuben lost by the opposite vice. Reuben and Judah were deprived of the blessing by their incontinence; Simeon and Levi by their cruelty. Joseph therefore became the head of the family, as the elder son of Rachel. Such was the manner in which moral lessons were enforced upon the Jews .- Vide Lightfoot in loc.

4 bound. And the captain of the guard charged Joseph with A.C. 1717. them, and he served them: and they continued a season in ward. And they dreamed a dream both of them, each man his dream in one night, each man according to the interpretation of his dream, the butler and the baker of the king of Egypt, 6 which were bound in the prison. And Joseph came in unto them in the morning, and looked upon them, and, behold, they 7 were sad. And he asked Pharaoh's officers that were with him in the ward of his lord's house, saying, Wherefore a look ye so a Heb. are s sadly to day? And they said unto him, We have dreamed a good soul? dream, and there is no interpreter of it. And Joseph said unto them, Do not interpretations belong to God? tell me them, I 9 pray you. And the chief butler told his dream to Joseph, and 10 said to him, In my dream, behold, a vine was before me; and in the vine were three branches: and it was as though it budded, and her blossoms shot forth; and the clusters thereof brought 11 forth ripe grapes: and Pharaoh's cup was in my hand: and I took the grapes, and pressed them into Pharaoh's cup, and I 12 gave the cup into Pharaoh's hand. And Joseph said unto him, This is the interpretation of it: The three branches are three 13 days. Yet within three days shall Pharaoh b lift up thine head, b Or, reckon. and restore thee unto thy place: and thou shalt deliver Pharaoh's cup into his hand, after the former manner when thou 14 wast his butler. But c think on me when it shall be well with c Heb. rethee, and shew kindness, I pray thee, unto me, and make with thee. mention of me unto Pharaoh, and bring me out of this house: 15 for indeed I was stolen away out of the land of the Hebrews: and here also have I done nothing that they should put me 16 into the dungeon. When the chief baker saw that the interpretation was good, he said unto Joseph, I also was in my dream, and, behold, I had three d white baskets on my head: d Or, full of 17 and in the uppermost basket there was of all manner of e bake-e Heb. meat meats for Pharaoh; and the birds did eat them out of the bas-of Pharaoh, the work of a 18 ket upon my head. And Joseph answered and said, This is baker, or, the interpretation thereof: The three baskets are three days: 19 Yet within three days shall Pharaoh f lift up thy head from off for, reckon thee, and shall hang thee on a tree; and the birds shall eat thy thee, and take thy office flesh from off thee. And it came to pass the third day, which was Pharaoh's birthday, that he made a feast unto all his servants: and he g lifted up the head of the chief butler and of the chief baker g Or, reckon-21 among his servants. And he restored the chief butler unto his ed. butlership again; and he gave the cup into Pharaoh's hand: 22 but he hanged the chief baker: as Joseph had interpreted to

23 them. Yet did not the chief butler remember Joseph, but

forgat him.

§ 5. The Death of Isaac.

GENESIS XXXV. VER. 28, 29.

And the days of Isaac were an hundred and fourscore years. 28 a ch. xxv. 8. And Isaac gave up the ghost, and died, and a was gathered unto 29 his people, being old and full of days: and his sons Esau and Jacob buried him.

§ 6. Elevation of Joseph.

GENESIS XLI. VER. 1-45.

And it came to pass at the end of two full years, that Pha- 1 1715. raoh dreamed: and, behold, he stood by the river. And, 2 behold, there came up out of the river seven well favoured kine and fatfleshed; and they fed in a meadow. And, behold, 3 seven other kine came up after them out of the river, ill favoured and leanfleshed; and stood by the other kine upon the brink of the river. And the ill favoured and leanfleshed 4 kine did eat up the seven well favoured and fat kine. Pharaoh awoke. And he slept and dreamed the second time, 5 and, behold, seven cars of corn came up upon one stalk, a rank a Heb. fat. and good. And, behold, seven thin ears and blasted with the 6 east wind sprung up after them. And the seven thin ears 7 devoured the seven rank and full ears. And Pharaoh awoke, and, behold, it was a dream. And it came to pass in the morn- 8 ing that his spirit was troubled; and he sent and called for all the magicians of Egypt, and all the wise men thereof: and Pharaoh told them his dream; but there was none that could interpret them unto Pharaoh.

> Then spake the chief butler unto Pharaoh, saying, I do 9 remember my faults this day: Pharaoh was wroth with his 10 servants, and put me in ward in the captain of the guard's house, both me and the chief baker: and we dreamed a dream 11 in one night, I and he; we dreamed each man according to the interpretation of his dream. And there was there with us a 12 young man, an Hebrew, servant to the captain of the guard; and we told him, and he binterpreted to us our dreams; to each man according to his dream he did interpret. And it 13 came to pass, as he interpreted to us, so it was; me he restored

unto mine office, and him he hanged.

^c Then Pharaoh sent and called Joseph, and they ^d brought 14 him hastily out of the dungeon: and he shaved himself, and changed his raiment, and came in unto Pharaoh. And Pha-15 raoh said unto Joseph, I have dreamed a dream, and there is none that can interpret it: and I have heard say of thee, that * thou canst understand a dream to interpret it. And Joseph 16 a dream thou answered Pharaoh, saying, It is not in me: God shall give Pharaoh an answer of peace. And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, 17

b ch. xl. 12.

c Ps. cv. 20. d Heb. made him run.

e Or, when thou hearest canst interpret it.

18 In my dream, behold, I stood upon the bank of the river: and, A.C. behold, there came up out of the river seven kine, fatfleshed 19 and well favoured; and they fed in a meadow: and, behold, seven other kine came up after them, poor and very ill favoured and leanfleshed, such as I never saw in all the land of Egypt 20 for badness: and the lean and the ill favoured kine did eat up 21 the first seven fat kine: and when they had featen them up, f Heb. come to the inward it could not be known that they had eaten them; but they parts of them. 22 were still ill favoured, as at the beginning. So I awoke. And I saw in my dream, and, behold, seven ears came up in one 23 stalk, full and good: and, behold, seven ears, g withered, thin, g Or, small. 24 and blasted with the east wind, sprung up after them: and the thin ears devoured the seven good ears: and I told this unto the magicians; but there was none that could declare it to me. And Joseph said unto Pharaoh, The dream of Pharaoh is 26 one: God hath shewed Pharaoh what he is about to do. seven good kine are seven years; and the seven good ears are 27 seven years: the dream is one. And the seven thin and ill favoured kine that came up after them are seven years; and the seven empty ears blasted with the east wind shall be seven 28 years of famine. This is the thing which I have spoken unto Pharaoh: What God is about to do he sheweth unto Pharaoh. 29 Behold, there come seven years of great plenty throughout all 30 the land of Egypt: and there shall arise after them seven years of famine; and all the plenty shall be forgotten in the 31 land of Egypt; and the famine shall consume the land; and the plenty shall not be known in the land by reason of that 32 famine following: for it shall be very h grievous. And for that h Heb. heavy. the dream was doubled unto Pharaoh twice; it is because the thing is i established by God, and God will shortly bring it to i Or, pre-33 pass. Now therefore let Pharaoh look out a man discreet and pared of God. 34 wise, and set him over the land of Egypt. Let Pharaoh do this, and let him appoint k officers over the land, and take up k or, overthe fifth part of the land of Egypt in the seven plenteous years. 35 And let them gather all the food of those good years that come, and lay up corn under the hand of Pharaoh, and let 36 them keep food in the cities. And that food shall be for store to the land against the seven years of famine, which shall be in the land of Egypt; that the land 1 perish not through the 1 Heb. be not famine. And the thing was good in the eyes of Pharaoh, and in 38 the eyes of all his servants. And Pharaoh said unto his servants, Can we find such a one as this is, a man in whom the 39 Spirit of God is? And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, Forasmuch as God hath shewed thee all this, there is none so discreet and m Ps. cv. 21, 40 wise as thou art: m thou shalt be over my house, and according 1 Mac. ii. 53. Acts vii. 10. unto thy word shall all my people m be ruled: only in the n Heb. be

41 throne will I be greater than thou. And Pharaoh said unto armed, or,

o Or, silk.

p Or, Tender

father.

q Heb. Abrech.

A.C. 1715. Joseph, See, I have set thee over all the land of Egypt. Pharaoh took off his ring from his hand, and put it upon Joseph's hand, and arrayed him in vestures of o fine linen, and put a gold chain about his neck; and he made him to ride 43 in the second chariot which he had; and they cried before him, pq Bow the knee: and he made him ruler over all the land of Egypt. And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, I am Pharaoh, and 44 without thee shall no man lift up his hand or foot in all the land of Egypt. And Pharaoh called Joseph's name Zaph-45 nath paaneah; and he gave him to wife Asenath the daughter of Poti-pherah spriest of On. And Joseph went out over all the land of Egypt.

r Which in the Coptic signities, A revealer of secrets, or, The man to whom secrets are revealed. s Or, prince.

§ 7. The Famine in Egypt, and first Journey of the Brothers of Joseph to buy Corn.

GENESIS XLI. VER. 46, TO THE END.

1707.

And Joseph was thirty years old when he stood before Pha-46 raoh king of Egypt. And Joseph went out from the presence of Pharaoh, and went throughout all the land of Egypt. And 47 in the seven plenteous years the earth brought forth by handfuls. And he gathered up all the food of the seven years, 48 which were in the land of Egypt, and laid up the food in the cities: the food of the field, which was round about every city, laid he up in the same. And Joseph gathered corn as the sand 49 of the sea, very much, until he left numbering; for it was without number.

ach. xlvi. 20. & xlviii. 5. b Or, prince, ver. 45.

c That is, Forgetting.

d That is, Fruitful.

^a And unto Joseph were born two sons before the years of 50 famine came, which Asenath the daughter of Poti-pherah priest of On bare unto him. And Joseph called the name of the first-51 born ^c Manasseh: For God, said he, hath made me forget all my toil, and all my father's house. And the name of the second 52 called he d Ephraim: For God hath caused me to be fruitful in the land of my affliction.

e Ps. cv. 16.

And the seven years of plenteousness, that was in the land of 53 Egypt, were ended. e And the seven years of dearth began to 54 come, according as Joseph had said: and the dearth was in all lands; but in all the land of Egypt there was bread. when all the land of Egypt was famished, the people cried to Pharaoh for bread: and Pharaoh said unto all the Egyptians, Go unto Joseph; what he saith to you, do. And the famine 56 was over all the face of the earth: And Joseph opened fall the storehouses, and sold unto the Egyptians; and the famine waxed sore in the land of Egypt. And all countries came 57 into Egypt to Joseph for to buy corn; because that the famine was so sore in all lands.

f Heb. all wherein was.

GENESIS XLII.

1 Jacob sendeth his ten sons to buy corn in Egypt. 16 They are imprisoned by Joseph for spies. 18 They are set at liberty, on condition to bring Benjamin. 21 They have remorse for Joseph. 24 Simeon is kept for a pledge. 25 They return with corn, and their money. 29 Their relation to Jacob. 36 Jacob refuseth to send Beniamin.

Now when g Jacob saw that there was corn in Egypt, Jacob A.C. 1707. 2 said unto his sons, Why do ye look one upon another? he said, Behold, I have heard that there is corn in Egypt: get you down thither, and buy for us from thence; that we may live, and not die.

And g Acts vii. 12.

And Joseph's ten brethren went down to buy corn in Egypt. 4 But Benjamin, Joseph's brother, Jacob sent not with his breth-5 ren; for he said, Lest peradventure mischief befall him. And the sons of Israel came to buy corn among those that came: for 6 the famine was in the land of Canaan. And Joseph was the governor over the land, and he it was that sold to all the people of the land: and Joseph's brethren came, and bowed down 7 themselves before him with their faces to the earth. And Joseph saw his brethren, and he knew them, but made himself strange unto them, and spake hroughly unto them; and he h Heb. hard things with said unto them, Whence come ye? And they said, From the them. s land of Canaan to buy food. And Joseph knew his brethren, 9 but they knew not him. And Joseph i remembered the dreams ich. xxxvii. which he dreamed of them, and said unto them, Ye are spies; 10 to see the nakedness of the land ye are come. And they said unto him, Nay, my lord, but to buy food are thy servants come. 11 We are all one man's sons; we are true men, thy servants are 12 no spies. And he said unto them, Nay, but to see the naked-13 ness of the land ye are come. And they said, Thy servants are twelve brethren, the sons of one man in the land of Canaan; and, behold, the youngest is this day with our father, and one is And Joseph said unto them, That is it that I spake unto 15 you, saying, Ye are spies: Hereby ye shall be proved: By the life of Pharaoh ye shall not go forth hence, except your 16 youngest brother come hither. Send one of you, and let him fetch your brother, and ye shall be k kept in prison, that your k Heb. words may be proved, whether there be any truth in you: or 17 else by the life of Pharaoh surely ye are spies. And he 1 put 1 Heb. 18 them all together into ward three days. And Joseph said unto 19 them the third day, This do, and live; for I fear God: If ye be true men, let one of your brethren be bound in the house of your prison: go ye, carry corn for the famine of your 20 houses: but bring your youngest brother unto me; so shall your words be verified, and ye shall not die. And they

And they said one to another, We are verily guilty con-

A.C. 1707. cerning our brother, in that we saw the anguish of his soul, when he besought us, and we would not hear; therefore is this distress come upon us. And Reuben answered them, saying, 22 m ch. xxxvii. Spake m I not unto you, saying, Do not sin against the child; and ye would not hear? therefore, behold, also his blood is required. And they knew not that Joseph understood them; 23 n Heb. an in- for n he spake unto them by an interpreter. And he turned 24 terpreter was between them, himself about from them, and wept; and returned to them again, and communed with them, and took from them Simeon,

and bound him before their eyes.

Then Joseph commanded to fill their sacks with corn, and 25 to restore every man's money into his sack, and to give them provision for the way: and thus did he unto them. And they 26 laded their asses with the corn, and departed thence. And as 27 one of them opened his sack to give his ass provender in the inn, he espied his money; for, behold, it was in his sack's mouth. And he said unto his brethren, My money is restored; 28 and, lo, it is even in my sack: and their heart of failed them, and they were afraid, saying one to another, What is this that God hath done unto us?

o Heb. went forth.

p Heb. with us hard things. And they came unto Jacob their father unto the land of 29 Canaan, and told him all that befell unto them; saying, The 30 man, who is the lord of the land, spake proughly to us, and took us for spies of the country. And we said unto him, We 31 are true men; we are no spies: we be twelve brethren, sons 32 of our father; one is not, and the youngest is this day with our father in the land of Canaan. And the man, the lord of 33 the country, said unto us, Hereby shall I know that ye are true men; leave one of your brethren here with me, and take food for the famine of your housholds, and be gone: and bring 34 your youngest brother unto me: then shall I know that ye are no spies, but that ye are true men: so will I deliver you your brother, and ye shall traffic in the land.

And it came to pass as they emptied their sacks, that, behold, 35 every man's bundle of money was in his sack: and when both they and their father saw the bundles of money, they were afraid. And Jacob their father said unto them, Me have ye 36 bereaved of my children: Joseph is not, and Simeon is not, and ye will take Benjamin away: all these things are against me. And Reuben spake unto his father, saying, Slay my two sons, 37 if I bring him not to thee: deliver him into my hand, and I will bring him to thee again. And he said, My son shall not 38 go down with you; for his brother is dead, and he is left alone: if mischief befall him by the way in the which ye go, then shall ye bring down my gray hairs with sorrow to the grave.

§ 8. Continuation of the Famine. Second Descent of the Brethren of Joseph into Egypt, followed by their Father.

GENESIS XLIII.

And the famine was sore in the land. And it came to pass, A.C. 1706. 2 when they had eaten up the corn which they had brought out of Egypt, their father said unto them, Go again, buy us a little And Judah spake unto him, saying, The man a did a Heb. prosolemnly protest unto us, saying, b Ye shall not see my face, tested. 4 except your brother be with you. If thou wilt send our bro- & xliv. 23. 5 ther with us, we will go down and buy thee food: but if thou wilt not send him, we will not go down: for the man said unto us, Ye shall not see my face, except your brother be with you. 6 And Israel said, Wherefore dealt ye so ill with me, as to tell 7 the man whether ye had yet a brother? And they said, The man c asked us straitly of our state, and of our kindred, saying, c Heb. asking Is your father yet alive? have ye another brother? and we told him according to the d tenor of these words: e could we d Heb. mouth. certainly know that he would say, Bring your brother down? ing could we know? 8 And Judah said unto Israel his father, Send the lad with me, and we will arise and go; that we may live, and not die, both 9 we, and thou, and also our little ones. I will be surety for him; of my hand shalt thou require him: if I bring him not unto thee, and set him before thee, then let me bear the blame 10 for ever: for except we had lingered, surely now we had 11 returned fthis second time. And their father Israel said unto for, twice by them, If it must be so now, do this; take of the best fruits in the land in your vessels, and carry down the man a present, a little balm, and a little honey, spices, and myrrh, nuts, and 12 almonds: and take double money in your hand; and the money that was brought again in the mouth of your sacks, carry it again in your hand; peradventure it was an oversight: 13 take also your brother, and arise, go again unto the man: 14 and God Almighty give you mercy before the man, that he may send away your other brother, and Benjamin. g If I be g or, And I, bereaved of my children, I am bereaved. And the men took that present, and they took double money in their hand, and Benjamin; and rose up, and went 16 down to Egypt, and stood before Joseph. And when Joseph saw Benjamin with them, he said to the ruler of his house, Bring these men home, and h slay, and make ready; for these h Heb. kill a 17 men shall i dine with me at noon. And the man did as Joseph i Heb. eat. bade; and the man brought the men into Joseph's house. 18 And the men were afraid, because they were brought into Joseph's house; and they said, Because of the money that was returned in our sacks at the first time are we brought in; k Heb. roll that he may k seek occasion against us, and fall upon us, and himself upon

l ch. xlii. 3, m Heb. coming down we came down.

A.C. 1706. take us for bondmen, and our asses. And they came near to 19 the steward of Joseph's house, and they communed with him at the door of the house, and said, O sir, 1m we came indeed 20 down at the first time to buy food: and it came to pass, when 21 we came to the inn, that we opened our sacks, and, behold, every man's money was in the mouth of his sack, our money in full weight: and we have brought it again in our hand. other money have we brought down in our hands to buy food: we cannot tell who put our money in our sacks. And he said, 23 Peace be to you, fear not: your God, and the God of your father, hath given you treasure in your sacks: n I had your And he brought Simeon out unto them. And the 24 man brought the men into Joseph's house, and gave them water, and they washed their feet: and he gave their asses provender. And they made ready the present against Joseph came at 25 noon: for they heard that they should eat bread there.

n Heb. your money came to me.

ch. xxxvii. 14. q Heb. Is 7, 10.

And when Joseph came home, they brought him the present 26 och xxxvii. which was in their hand into the house, and o bowed themselves p Heb. peace. to him to the earth. And he asked them of their p welfare, 27 and said, ^q Is your father well, the old man of whom ye spake? Is he yet alive? And they answered, Thy servant our father 28 gour father? is in good health, he is yet alive. That they bowed down their heads, and made obeisance. And he lifted up his eyes, 29 and saw his brother Benjamin, his mother's son, and said, Is this your younger brother, of whom ye spake unto me? And he said, God be gracious unto thee, my son. And Joseph 30 made haste; for his bowels did yern upon his brother: and he sought where to weep; and he entered into his chamber, and wept there. And he washed his face, and went out, and re-31 frained himself, and said, Set on bread. And they set on for 32 him by himself, and for them by themselves, and for the Egyptians, which did eat with him, by themselves: because the Egyptians might not eat bread with the Hebrews; for that is an abomination unto the Egyptians. And they sat before 33 him, the firstborn according to his birthright, and the youngest according to his youth: and the men marvelled one at another. And he took and sent messes unto them from before him: but 34 Benjamin's mess was five times so much as any of their's. And they drank, and were merry with him.

s Heb. drank largely: See Hag. i. 6. John il. 10.

GENESIS XLIV.

1 Joseph's policy to stay his brethren. 14 Judah's humble supplication to Joseph.

And he commanded the steward of his house, saying, Fill 1 t Heb. him the men's sacks with food, as much as they can carry, and put that was over his house. every man's money in his sack's mouth. And put my cup, the 2 silver cup, in the sack's mouth of the youngest, and his corn money. And he did according to the word that Joseph had spoken. As soon as the morning was light, the men were sent 3

4 away, they and their asses. And when they were gone out of A.C. 1706. the city, and not yet far off, Joseph said unto his steward, Up, follow after the men; and when thou dost overtake them, say 5 unto them, Wherefore have ye rewarded evil for good? Is not this it in which my lord drinketh, and whereby indeed he u divineth? ye have done evil in so doing.

And he overtook them, and he spake unto them these same And they said unto him, Wherefore saith my lord these words? God forbid that thy servants should do accords ing to this thing: behold, the money, which we found in our sacks' mouths, we brought again unto thee out of the land of Canaan: how then should we steal out of thy lord's house sil-9 ver or gold? With whomsoever of thy servants it be found, 10 both let him die, and we also will be my lord's bondmen. And he said, Now also let it be according unto your words: he with whom it is found shall be my servant; and ye shall be blame-Then they speedily took down every man his sack to 12 the ground, and opened every man his sack. And he searched, and began at the eldest, and left at the youngest: and the cup 13 was found in Benjamin's sack. Then they rent their clothes, and laded every man his ass, and returned to the city.

And Judah and his brethren came to Joseph's house; for he 15 was yet there: and they fell before him on the ground. And Joseph said unto them, What deed is this that ye have done? 16 wot ye not that such a man as I can certainly x divine? And x Or, make Judah said, What shall we say unto my lord? what shall we speak? or how shall we clear ourselves? God hath found out

the iniquity of thy servants: behold, we are my lord's servants, 17 both we, and he also with whom the cup is found. And he said, God forbid that I should do so: but the man in whose hand the cup is found, he shall be my servant; and as for you, get you up in peace unto your father.

Then Judah came near unto him, and said, Oh my lord, let thy servant, I pray thee, speak a word in my lord's ears, and let not thine anger burn against thy servant: for thou art even My lord asked his servants, saying, Have ye a 20 father, or a brother? And we said unto my lord, We have a father, an old man, and a child of his old age, a little one; and his brother is dead, and he alone is left of his mother, and his 21 father leveth him. And thou saidst unto the servants, Bring 22 him down unto me, that I may set mine eyes upon him. And we said unto my lord, The lad cannot leave his father: for if 23 he should leave his father, his father would die. And thou saidst unto thy servants, y Except your youngest brother come y ch. xliii. 24 down with you, ye shall see my face no more. And it came to pass when we came up unto thy servant my father, we told

25 him the words of my lord. And our father said, Go again, 26 and buy us a little food. And we said, We cannot go down:

A.C. 1706. if our youngest brother be with us, then will we go down: for we may not see the man's face, except our youngest brother be with us. And thy servant my father said unto us, Ye 27 know that my wife bare me two sons: and the one went out 28 z ch. xxxvii. from me, and I said, z Surely he is torn in pieces; and I saw him not since: and if ye take this also from me, and mischief 29 befall him, ye shall bring down my gray hairs with sorrow to the grave. Now therefore when I come to thy servant my 30 father, and the lad be not with us; seeing that his life is bound up in the lad's life; it shall come to pass, when he seeth that 31 the lad is not with us, that he will die: and thy servants shall bring down the gray hairs of thy servant our father with sorrow to the grave. For thy servant became surety for the lad 32 unto my father, saying, a If I bring him not unto thee, then I a ch. xliii.9. shall bear the blame to my father for ever. Now therefore, I 33 pray thee, let thy servant abide instead of the lad a bondman to my lord; and let the lad go up with his brethren. For how 34 shall I go up to my father, and the lad be not with me? lest peradventure I see the evil that shall b come on my father.

b Heb. find my father.

GENESIS XLV.

1 Joseph maketh himself known to his brethren. 5 He comforteth them in God's providence. 9 He sendeth for his father. 16 Pharaoh confirmeth it. 21 Joseph furnisheth them for their journey, and exhorteth them to concord. 25 Jacob is revived with the

Then Joseph could not refrain himself before all them that 1 stood by him; and he cried, Cause every man to go out from And there stood no man with him, while Joseph made himself known unto his brethren. And he ewept aloud: and 2 the Egyptians and the house of Pharaoh heard. And Joseph 3 d Acts vii. 13. said unto his brethren, d I am Joseph; doth my father yet live? And his brethren could not answer him; for they were e troubled at his presence. And Joseph said unto his brethren, 4 Come near to me, I pray you. And they came near. he said, I am Joseph your brother, whom ye sold into Egypt. Now therefore be not grieved, f nor angry with yourselves, 5 anger in your that ye sold me hither: g for God did send me before you to preserve life. For these two years hath the famine been in the 6 land: and yet there are five years, in the which there shall neih Heb. to put ther be earing nor harvest. And God sent me before you h to 7 preserve you a posterity in the earth, and to save your lives by a great deliverance. So now it was not you that sent me hither, & but God: and he hath made me a father to Pharaoh, and lord of all his house, and a ruler throughout all the land of Egypt. Haste ye, and go up to my father, and say unto him, Thus 9 saith thy son Joseph, God hath made me lord of all Egypt: come down unto me, tarry not: and thou shalt dwell in the 10 land of Goshen, and thou shalt be near unto me, thou, and

c Heb. gave forth his voice in weeping.

e Or, terrified.

f Heb. neither Let there be g ch. l. 20.

for you a remnant.

thy children, and thy children's children, and thy flocks, and

11 thy herds, and all that thou hast: and there will I nourish A.C. 1706. thee; for yet there are five years of famine; lest thou, and thy 12 houshold, and all that thou hast, come to poverty. behold, your eyes see, and the eyes of my brother Benjamin, 13 that it is my mouth that speaketh unto you. And ye shall tell my father of all my glory in Egypt, and of all that ye have seen; and ye shall haste and bring down my father hither. 14 And he fell upon his brother Benjamin's neck, and wept; and 15 Benjamin wept upon his neck. Moreover he kissed all his

brethren, and wept upon them: and after that his brethren talked with him.

And the fame thereof was heard in Pharaoh's house, saying, Joseph's brethren are come: and it i pleased Pharaoh well, and i Heb. was 17 his servants. And Pharaoh said unto Joseph, Say unto thy eyes of Phabrethren, This do ye; lade your beasts, and go, get you unto raoh. 18 the land of Canaan; and take your father and your housholds, and come unto me: and I will give you the good of the 19 land of Egypt, and ye shall eat the fat of the land. Now thou

art commanded, this do ye; take you wagons out of the land of Egypt for your little ones, and for your wives, and bring 20 your father, and come. Also k regard not your stuff; for the k Heb. let not

21 good of all the land of Egypt is yours. And the children of spare, &c. Israel did so: and Joseph gave them wagons, according to the 1 commandment of Pharaoh, and gave them provision for the 1 Heb. mouth.

To all of them he gave each man changes of raiment; but to Benjamin he gave three hundred pieces of silver, and

23 five changes of raiment. And to his father he sent after this manner; ten asses m laden with the good things of Egypt, and m Heb. carten she asses laden with corn and bread and meat for his father So he sent his brethren away, and they 24 by the way.

departed: and he said unto them, See that ye fall not out by

the way. And they went up out of Egypt, and came into the land of 26 Canaan unto Jacob their father, and told him, saying, Joseph is yet alive, and he is governor over all the land of Egypt.

27 And ⁿ Jacob's heart fainted, for he believed them not. And ⁿ Heb. his. they told him all the words of Joseph, which he had said unto them: and when he saw the wagons which Joseph had sent to 28 carry him, the spirit of Jacob their father revived: and Israel said, It is enough; Joseph my son is yet alive: I will go and

see him before I die.

GENESIS XLVI.

1 Jacob is comforted by God at Beer-sheba: 5 Thence he with his company goeth into Egypt. 8 The number of his family that went into Egypt. 28 Joseph meeteth Jacob. 31 He instructeth his brethren how to answer Pharaoh.

And Israel took his journey with all that he had, and came to Beer-sheba, and offered sacrifices unto the God of his father

A.C. 1706. Isaac. And God spake unto Israel in the visions of the night, 2 and said, Jacob, Jacob. And he said, Here am I. And he 3 said, I am God, the God of thy father: fear not to go down into Egypt; for I will there make of thee a great nation: I 4 will go down with thee into Egypt; and I will also surely bring thee up again: and Joseph shall put his hand upon thine And Jacob rose up from Beer-sheba: and the sons of 5 Israel carried Jacob their father, and their little ones, and their wives, in the wagons which Pharaoh had sent to carry him. And they took their cattle, and their goods, which they had 6

o Deut. xxvi. gotten in the land of Canaan, and came into Egypt, o Jacob, 5. Josh, xxiv. 4. Ps. cv. 23. and all his seed with him: his sons, and his sons sons with 7 him, his daughters, and his sons' daughters, and all his seed Is. lii. 4. brought he with him into Egypt.

p Ex. i. 1. & vi. 14. P And these are the names of the children of Israel, which 8 5. 1 Chr. v. 1.

q Num. xxvi. came into Egypt, Jacob and his sons: q Reuben, Jacob's firstborn. And the sons of Reuben; Hanoch, and Phallu, and 9 Hezron, and Carmi.

And the sons of Simeon; Jemuel, and Jamin, and Ohad, 10 r Ex. vi. 15. 1 Chr. iv. 24. and Jachin, and Zohar, and Shaul the son of a Canaanitish woman.

8 1 Chr. vi.1. 16. And the sons of * Levi; Gershon, Kohath, and Merari. And the sons of 'Judah; Er, and Onan, and Shelah, and 12 t 1 Chr. ii. 3. & iv. 21. uch. xxxviii. Pharez, and Zarah: but uEr and Onan died in the land of 3. 7. 10. And the sons of Pharez were Hezron and Hamul. x 1 Chr. vii.

* And the sons of Issachar; Tola, and Phuvah, and Job, and 13 Shimron.

And the sons of Zebulun; Sered, and Elon, and Jahleel. These be the sons of Leah, which she bare unto Jacob in 15 Padan-aram, with his daughter Dinah: all the souls of his sons and his daughters were thirty and three.

And the sons of Gad; Ziphion, and Haggi, Shuni, and 16

Ezbon, Eri, and Arodi, and Areli.

y l Chr. vii. y And the sons of Asher; Jimnah, and Ishuah, and Isui, and 17 Beriah, and Serah their sister: and the sons of Beriah; Heber, and Malchiel.

> These are the sons of Zilpah, whom Laban gave to Leah 18 his daughter, and these she bare unto Jacob, even sixteen souls.

> The sons of Rachel Jacob's wife; Joseph, and Benjamin. And unto Joseph in the land of Egypt were born Manasseh 20 and Ephraim, which Asenath the daughter of Poti-pherah

a Or, prince. * priest of On bare unto him. b l Chr. vii.

z ch. xli. 50.

6. & viii. 1.

b And the sons of Benjamin were Belah, and Becher, and 21 Ashbel, Gera, and Naaman, Ehi, and Rosh, Muppim, and Huppim, and Ard.

These are the sons of Rachel, which were born to Jacob: 22

all the souls were fourteen.

And the sons of Dan: Hushim.

- And the sons of Naphtali; Jahzeel, and Guni, and Jezer, A.C. 1706. and Shillem.
- These are the sons of Bilhah, which Laban gave unto Rachel his daughter, and she bare these unto Jacob: all the souls were seven.
- All the souls that came with Jacob into Egypt, which came out of his cloins, besides Jacob's son's wives, all the souls were c Heb. thigh. threescore and six:
- And the sons of Joseph, which were born him in Egypt, were two souls: dall the souls of the house of Jacob, which d Deut. x. 22. came into Egypt, were threescore and ten.
- And he sent Judah before him unto Joseph, to direct his face unto Goshen; and they came into the land of Goshen. 29 And Joseph made ready his chariot, and went up to meet Israel his father, to Goshen, and presented himself unto him; and he fell on his neck, and wept on his neck a good while. 30 And Israel said unto Joseph, Now let me die, since I have seen 31 thy face, because thou art yet alive. And Joseph said unto his brethren, and unto his father's house, I will go up, and shew Pharaoh, and say unto him, My brethren, and my father's house, which were in the land of Canaan, are come unto me: 32 and the men are shepherds, for e their trade hath been to feed e Heb. they are men of cattle; and they have brought their flocks, and their herds, and cattle. 33 all that they have. And it shall come to pass, when Pharaoh 34 shall call you, and shall say, What is your occupation? That ye shall say, Thy servants' trade hath been about cattle from our youth even until now, both we, and also our fathers: that

GENESIS XLVII. VER. 1-12.

abomination unto the Egyptians.

ye may dwell in the land of Goshen; for every shepherd is an

- Then Joseph came and told Pharaoh, and said, My father and my brethren, and their flocks, and their herds, and all that they have, are come out of the land of Canaan; and, behold, 2 they are in the land of Goshen. And he took some of his brethren, even five men, and presented them unto Pharaoh. 3 And Pharaoh said unto his brethren, What is your occupation? And they said unto Pharaoh, Thy servants are shepherds, both 4 we, and also our fathers. They said moreover unto Pharaoh, For to sojourn in the land are we come; for thy servants have no pasture for their flocks; for the famine is sore in the land of Canaan: now therefore, we pray thee, let thy servants dwell in the land of Goshen.
- And Pharaoh spake unto Joseph, saying, Thy father and 6 thy brethren are come unto thee: the land of Egypt is before thee; in the best of the land make thy father and brethren to dwell; in the land of Goshen let them dwell: and if thou

A.C. 1706. knowest any men of activity among them, then make them rulers over my cattle.

And Joseph brought in Jacob his father, and set him before 7 Pharaoh: and Jacob blessed Pharaoh. And Pharaoh said 8 f Heb. How many are the unto Jacob, How old art thou? And Jacob said unto Pha- 9 raoh, g The days of the years of my pilgrimage are an hundred and thirty years: few and evil have the days of the years of g Heb. xi. 9. my life been, and have not attained unto the days of the years 13. Ps. xxxix. of the life of my fathers in the days of their pilgrimage. Jacob blessed Pharaoh, and went out from before Pharaoh.

> And Joseph placed his father and his brethren, and gave 11 them a possession in the land of Egypt, in the best of the land, in the land of Rameses, as Pharaoh had commanded. And 12 Joseph nourished his father, and his brethren, and all his father's houshold, with bread, haccording to their families.

h Or, as a little child is nourished. Heb. according to the little ones.

1704.

days of the years of thy

life?

§ 9. Government of Egypt by Joseph.

GENESIS XLVII. VER. 13-26. And there was no bread in all the land; for the famine was 13

very sore, so that the land of Egypt and all the land of Canaan fainted by reason of the famine. And Joseph gathered up all 14 the money that was found in the land of Egypt, and in the land of Canaan, for the corn which they bought: and Joseph brought the money into Pharaoh's house. And when money 15 failed in the land of Egypt, and in the land of Canaan, all the Egyptians came unto Joseph, and said, Give us bread: for why should we die in thy presence? for the money faileth. And Joseph said, Give your cattle; and I will give you for 16 your cattle, if money fail. And they brought their cattle unto 17 Joseph: and Joseph gave them bread in exchange for horses, and for the flocks, and for the cattle of the herds, and for the asses: and he a fed them with bread for all their cattle for that year. When that year was ended, they came unto him the 18 second year, and said unto him, We will not hide it from my lord, how that our money is spent; my lord also hath our herds of cattle; there is not ought left in the sight of my lord, but our bodies and our lands: Wherefore shall we die before thine 19 eyes, both we and our land? buy us and our land for bread, and we and our land will be servants unto Pharaoh: and give us seed, that we may live, and not die, that the land be not

raoh; for the Egyptians sold every man his field, because the famine prevailed over them: so the land became Pharaoh's. And as for the people, he removed them to cities from one end 21 of the borders of Egypt even to the other end thereof. Only 22

portion assigned them of Pharaoh, and did eat their portion which Pharaoh gave them: wherefore they sold not their

And Joseph bought all the land of Egypt for Pha-20

a Heb. ted them.

1703.

1702.

b Or, princes the land of the b priests bought he not; for the priests had a

23 lands. Then Joseph said unto the people, Behold, I have A.C. 1702. bought you this day and your land for Pharaoh: lo, here is 24 seed for you, and ye shall sow the land. And it shall come to pass in the increase, that ye shall give the fifth part unto Pharaoh, and four parts shall be your own, for seed of the field, and for your food, and for them of your housholds, and for 25 food for your little ones. And they said, Thou hast saved our lives: let us find grace in the sight of my lord, and we will be 26 Pharaoh's servants. And Joseph made it a law over the land of Egypt unto this day, that Pharaoh should have the fifth part; except the land of the c priests only, which became not c Or, princes. Pharaoh's.

PART VI.

Death of Jacob and of the Patriarchs.

§ 1. Death of Jacob, and his Blessing on his Sons.

GENESIS XLVII. VER. 27, TO THE END.

And Israel dwelt in the land of Egypt, in the country of Goshen; and they had possessions therein, and grew, and 28 multiplied exceedingly. And Jacob lived in the land of Egypt seventeen years: so a the whole age of Jacob was an hundred a Heb. the forty and seven years. years of his

1689.

And the time drew nigh that Israel must die: and he called 9. his son Joseph, and said unto him, If now I have found grace in thy sight, b put, I pray thee, thy hand under my thigh, and b ch. xxiv. 2. deal kindly and truly with me; bury me not, I pray thee, in 30 Egypt: but I will lie with my fathers, and thou shalt carry me

out of Egypt, and bury me in their buryingplace. And he 31 said, I will do as thou hast said. And he said, Swear unto me.

And he sware unto him. And c Israel bowed himself upon the c Heb. xi. 21. bed's head.

GENESIS XLVIII.

1 Joseph with his sons visiteth his sick father. 2 Jacob strengtheneth himself to bless them. 3 He repeateth the promise. 5 He taketh Ephraim and Manasseh as his own. 7 He telleth Joseph of his mother's grave. 9 He blesseth Ephraim and Manasseh. 17 He preferreth the younger before the elder. 21 He prophesieth their return to Canaan.

And it came to pass after these things, that one told Joseph, Behold, thy father is sick: and he took with him his two sons, 2 Manasseh and Ephraim. And one told Jacob, and said, Behold, thy son Joseph cometh unto thee: and Israel strengthened 3 himself, and sat upon the bed. And Jacob said unto Joseph,

God Almighty appeared unto me at d Luz in the land of d ch. xxviii. 4 Canaan, and blessed me, and said unto me, Behold, I will xxxv. 6.9. make thee fruitful, and multiply thee, and I will make of thee a multitude of people; and will give this land to thy seed after thee for an everlasting possession.

& xiv. 4.

And now thy etwo sons, Ephraim and Manasseh, which 5 ech. xii. 50. were born unto thee in the land of Egypt before I came unto & xlvi. 20. Josh, xiii, 7, thee into Egypt, are mine; as Reuben and Simeon, they shall be mine. And thy issue, which thou begettest after them, shall 6 be thine, and shall be called after the name of their brethren in their inheritance. And as for me, when I came from Padan, 7 Rachel died by me in the land of Canaan in the way, when yet there was but a little way to come unto Ephrath: and I buried her there in the way of Ephrath; the same is Bethlehem.

fch. xxxv. 9. 16. 19.

> And Israel beheld Joseph's sons, and said, Who are these? 8 And Joseph said unto his father, They are my sons, whom God 9 hath given me in this place. And he said, Bring them, I pray thee, unto me, and I will bless them. Now the eves of Israel 10

g Heb. heavy. were g dim for age, so that he could not see. And he brought them near unto him; and he kissed them, and embraced them. And Israel said unto Joseph, I had not thought to see thy face: 11 and, lo, God hath shewed me also thy seed. And Joseph 12 brought them out from between his knees, and he bowed himself with his face to the earth. And Joseph took them both, 13 Ephraim in his right hand toward Israel's left hand, and Manasseh in his left hand, toward Israel's right hand, and brought them near unto him. And Israel stretched out his 14 right hand, and laid it upon Ephraim's head, who was the younger, and his left hand upon Manasseh's head, guiding his hands wittingly; for Manasseh was the firstborn.

And h he blessed Joseph, and said, God, before whom my 15 fathers Abraham and Isaac did walk, the God which fed me all my life long unto this day, the Angel which redeemed me from 16 all evil, bless the lads; and let my name be named on them, and the name of my fathers Abraham and Isaac; and let them i grow into a multitude in the midst of the earth. And when 17 Joseph saw that his father laid his right hand upon the head of Ephraim, it displeased him: and he held up his father's hand, to remove it from Ephraim's head unto Manasseh's head. And Joseph said unto his father, Not so, my father: for this is 18 the firstborn; put thy right hand upon his head. And his 19 father refused, and said, I know it, my son, I know it: he also shall become a people, and he also shall be great: but truly his younger brother shall be greater than he, and his seed shall become a k multitude of nations. And he blessed them that 20 day, saying, In thee shall Israel bless, saving, God make thee as Ephraim and as Manasseh: and he set Ephraim before

Ashes do increase: sce Num. xxvi. 34. 37.

i Heb. as

k Heb. fulness.

Manasseh.

And Israel said unto Joseph, Behold, I die: but God shall 21 be with you, and bring you again unto the land of your fathers. Moreover I have given to thee one portion above thy brethren, 22 which I took out of the hand of the Amorite with my sword and with my bow.

GENESIS XLIX 12.

- 1 Jacob calleth his sons to bless them. 3 Their blessing in particular. 29 He chargeth them about his burial. 33 He dieth.
- And Jacob called unto his sons, and said, Gather yourselves A.C. 1689. together, that I may tell you that which shall befall you in the 2 last days. Gather yourselves together, and hear, ye sons of

Jacob; and hearken unto Israel your father.

Reuben, thou art my firstborn, my might, and the beginning of my strength, the excellency of dignity, and the excellency

4 of power: unstable as water, 1 thou shalt not excel: because 1 Heb. do not thou m wentest up to thy father's bed; then defiledst thou it: thou excel. m ch. xxxv. n he went up to my couch.

Simeon and Levi are brethren; o instruments of cruelty are xxvii. 20. 6 in their habitations. O my soul, come not thou into their secret; nor, my couch is gone. unto their assembly, mine honour, be not thou united: for in o Or, their swords are their anger they slew a man, and in their selfwill they p digged weapons of 7 down a wall. Cursed be their anger, for it was fierce; and their p Or, houghed wrath, for it was cruel: I will divide them in Jacob, and scatter oxen. them in Israel.

Judah, thou art he whom thy brethren shall praise: thy hand shall be in the neck of thine enemies; thy father's children shall 9 bow down before thee. Judah is a lion's whelp: from the prey, my son, thou art gone up: he stooped down, he couched 10 as a lion, and as an old lion; who shall rouse him up? The sceptre shall not depart from Judah, nor a lawgiver from between his feet, until Shiloh come; and unto him shall the 11 gathering of the people be. Binding his fole unto the vine, and his ass's colt unto the choice vine; he washed his garments 12 in wine, and his clothes in the blood of grapes: his eyes shall be red with wine, and his teeth white with milk.

Zebulun shall dwell at the haven of the sea; and he shall be for an haven of ships; and his border shall be unto Zidon.

Issachar is a strong ass couching down between two burdens: 15 And he saw that rest was good, and the land that it was pleasant; and bowed his shoulder to bear, and became a servant unto tribute.

¹² Jacob, in this address, prophesies the destiny of each of his sons, and predicts, in still clearer terms, the advent of the Messiah. It is important to observe the manner in which the future Deliverer of the world is gradually revealed, as well as the manner in which the line of the Messiah is gradually limited to the descendants of those patriarchs, on whom it pleased the Almighty to confer this part of the blessings of the birthright.—He is first represented in general terms, as "the seed of the woman." It is predicted that he shall descend from Shem. From among the sons of Shem, Abraham is selected: from the sons of Abraham, Isaac is chosen: of the two sons of Isaac, Jacob obtains the blessing: from the twelve sons of Jacob, Judah is announced as the ancestor of the Deliverer of man: and from all the numerous descendants of Judah, it is at length predicted that the Messiah shall spring from the line of David. By these gradual revelations the providence of God perpetually kept up the attention, and preserved the faith of man in the expected Mediator; and the prophecy of Jacob was eminently useful to strengthen the faith of the Israelites in that gloomy season of bondage and distress, which began after the death of Joseph, and continued till the Exodus.

A.C. 1689. q Heb. an arrowinake.

Dan shall judge his people, as one of the tribes of Israel. 16 Dan shall be a serpent by the way, an adder in the path, 17 that biteth the horse heels, so that his rider shall fall back-I have waited for thy salvation, O LORD.

Gad, a troop shall overcome him: but he shall overcome at 19 the last.

Out of Asher his bread shall be fat, and he shall yield royal 20

dainties. Naphtali is a hind let loose: he giveth goodly words.

Joseph is a fruitful bough, even a fruitful bough by a well; 22 r Heb. daugh- whose r branches run over the wall: the archers have sorely 23 grieved him, and shot at him, and hated him: but his bow 24 abode in strength, and the arms of his hands were made strong by the hands of the mighty God of Jacob; (from thence is the shepherd, the stone of Israel:) even by the God of thy father, 25 who shall help thee; and by the Almighty, who shall bless thee with blessings of heaven above, blessings of the deep that lieth under, blessings of the breasts, and of the womb: the blessings 26 of thy father have prevailed above the blessings of thy progenitors unto the utmost bound of the everlasting hills: they shall be on the head of Joseph, and on the crown of the head of him that was separate from his brethren.

Benjamin shall ravin as a wolf: in the morning he shall 27

devour the prey, and at night he shall divide the spoil.

All these are the twelve tribes of Israel: and this is it that 28 their father spake unto them, and blessed them; every one according to his blessing he blessed them. And he charged 29 them, and said unto them, I am to be gathered unto my peosch.xlvii.30. ple: s bury me with my fathers in the cave that is in the field of Ephron the Hittite, in the cave that is in the field of Mach- 30 tch. xxiii. 16. pelah, which is before Mamre, in the land of Canaan, t which Abraham bought with the field of Ephron the Hittite for a possession of a buryingplace. There they buried Abraham 31 and Sarah his wife; there they buried Isaac and Rebekah his wife; and there I buried Leah.

> The purchase of the field and of the cave that is therein 32 was from the children of Heth.

> And when Jacob had made an end of commanding his sons, 33 he gathered up his feet into the bed, and yielded up the ghost, and was gathered unto his people.

§ 2. Funeral of Jacob. Death of Joseph.

GENESIS L.

And Joseph fell upon his father's face, and wept upon him, 1

¹ The mourning for Jucob. 4 Joseph getteth leave of Pharach to go to bury him. 7 The funeral. 15 Joseph comforteth his brethren, who craved his pardon. 22 His age. 23 He seeth the third generation of his sons. 24 He prophesieth unto his brethren of their return. 25 He taketh an oath of them for his bones. 26 He dieth, and is chested.

Mamre.

And Joseph commanded his servants the A.C. 1689. 2 and kissed him. physicians to embalm his father: and the physicians embalmed 3 Israel. And forty days were fulfilled for him; for so are fulfilled the days of those which are embalmed: and the Egyptians a mourned for him threescore and ten days.

a Heb. wept.

And when the days of his mourning were past, Joseph spake unto the house of Pharaoh, saying, If now I have found grace in your eyes, speak, I pray you, in the ears of Pharaoh, 5 saying, b My father made me swear, saying, Lo, I die: in my b ch. xlvii. grave which I have digged for me in the land of Canaan, there 29. shalt thou bury me. Now therefore let me go up, I pray thee,

6 and bury my father, and I will come again. And Pharaoh said, Go up, and bury thy father, according as he made thee swear.

And Joseph went up to bury his father: and with him went up all the servants of Pharaoh, the elders of his house, and all s the elders of the land of Egypt, and all the house of Joseph, and his brethren, and his father's house: only their little ones, and their flocks, and their herds, they left in the land of And there went up with him both chariots and 10 horsemen: and it was a very great company. And they came to the threshing-floor of Atad, which is beyond Jordan, and there they mourned with a great and very sore lamentation: 11 and he made a mourning for his father seven days. And when the inhabitants of the land, the Canaanites, saw the mourning in the floor of Atad, they said, This is a grievous mourning to the Egyptians: wherefore the name of it was called c Abel- c That is, The 12 mizraim, which is beyond Jordan. And his sons did unto him the Egypt 13 according as he commanded them: for d his sons carried him d Acts vii. 16. into the land of Canaan, and buried him in the cave of the field of Machpelah, which Abraham e bought with the field for ech. xxiii. a possession of a buryingplace of Ephron the Hittite, before

And Joseph returned into Egypt, he and his brethren, and all that went up with him to bury his father, after he had buried his father.

And when Joseph's brethren saw that their father was dead, they said, Joseph will peradventure hate us, and will certainly 16 requite us all the evil which we did unto him. And they f sent a messenger unto Joseph, saying, Thy father did com-f Heb. chang-17 mand before he died, saying, So shall ye say unto Joseph, Forgive, I pray thee now, the trespass of thy brethren, and

their sin; for they did unto thee evil: and now, we pray thee, forgive the trespass of the servants of the God of thy 18 father. And Joseph wept when they spake unto him. And his brethren also went and fell down before his face; and they 19 said, Behold, we be thy servants. And Joseph said unto them,

20 g Fear not: for am I in the place of God? But as for you, ye gen. xiv. 5.

A.C. 1689. thought evil against me; but God meant it unto good, to bring to pass, as it is this day, to save much people alive. Now 21 therefore fear ye not: I will nourish you, and your little ones. h Heb. to And he comforted them, and spake h kindly unto them.

their hearts. 1635.

m Ex. xiii.

in Egypt.

And Joseph dwelt in Egypt, he, and his father's house: and 22 Joseph lived an hundred and ten years. And Joseph saw 23 i Num.xxxii. Ephraim's children of the third generation: i the children also of Machir the son of Manasseh were k brought up upon Joseph's knees. And Joseph said unto his brethren, I die: 24 1 Heb. xi. 22. and 1 God will surely visit you, and bring you out of this land unto the land which he sware to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob. And ^m Joseph took an oath of the children of Israel, 25 saying, God will surely visit you, and ye shall carry up my bones from hence. So Joseph died, being an hundred and ten 26 years old: and they embalmed him, and he was put in a coffin

> § 3. Oppression of the Israelites after the Death of Joseph. EXODUS I.

Now a these are the names of the children of Israel, which 1 a Gen. xlvi. 8. ch. vi. 14. came into Egypt; every man and his houshold came with Jacob. Reuben, Simeon, Levi, and Judah, Issachar, Zebulun, 2 and Benjamin, Dan, and Naphtali, Gad, and Asher. And 3, 4 b Heb. thigh, all the souls that came out of the b loins of Jacob were c seventy 5 c Gen. xivi. 26, 27, ver.20. souls: for Joseph was in Egypt already. And Joseph died, 6 Deut. x. 22. and all his brethren, and all that generation.

d Acts vii 17.

1577.

d And the children of Israel were fruitful, and increased 7 abundantly, and multiplied, and waxed exceeding mighty; and the land was filled with them. Now there arose up a new 8 king over Egypt, which knew not Joseph. And he said unto 9 his people, Behold, the people of the children of Israel are more and mightier than we: come on, let us deal wisely with 10 them; lest they multiply, and it come to pass, that, when there falleth out any war, they join also unto our enemies, and fight against us, and so get them up out of the land. There-11 fore they did set over them taskmasters to afflict them with their burdens. And they built for Pharaoh treasure cities, e Heb. And as Pithom and Raamses. e But the more they afflicted them, 12 the more they multiplied and grew. And they were grieved because of the children of Israel. And the Egyptians made 13 the children of Israel to serve with rigour: and they made 14 their lives bitter with hard bondage, in morter, and in brick, and in all manner of service in the field: all their service, wherein they made them serve, was with rigour.

they afflicted them, so they multiplied, άc.

> And the king of Egypt spake to the Hebrew midwives, of 15 which the name of the one was Shiphrah, and the name of the other Puah: and he said, When ye do the office of a midwife 16 to the Hebrew women, and see them upon the stools; if it be

a son, then ye shall kill him: but if it be a daughter, then she A.C. 1577. 17 shall live. But the midwives feared God, and did not as the king of Egypt commanded them, but saved the men children 18 alive. And the king of Egypt called for the midwives, and said unto them, Why have ye done this thing, and have saved 19 the men children alive? And the midwives said unto Pharaoh, Because the Hebrew women are not as the Egyptian women: for they are lively, and are delivered ere the midwives come 20 in unto them. Therefore God dealt well with the midwives: 21 and the people multiplied, and waxed very mighty. And it came to pass, because the midwives feared God, that he made 22 them houses. And Pharaoh charged all his people, saying, Every son that is born ye shall cast into the river, and every daughter ye shall save alive.

1573.

PERIOD THE THIRD;

FROM THE BIRTH TO THE DEATH OF MOSES.

Part

- I.—THE BIRTH AND EARLY LIFE OF MOSES.
- II.—LEGATION OF Moses.
- III.—From the Legation of Moses to the Infliction of the Plagues of Egypt.
- IV.—Infliction of the first eight Plagues.
- V.—Institution of the Passover.
- VI.—Conclusion of the Ten Plagues.
- VII.—THE EXODUS.
- VIII .- THE WANDERING IN THE WILDERNESS.

PERIOD THE THIRD.

PART I.

The Birth and early Life of Moses.

EXODUS II.

1 Moses is born, 3 and in an ark cast into the flags. 5 He is found, and brought up by Pharaoh's daughter. 11 He slayeth an Egyptian. 13 He reproveth an Hebrew. 15 He fleeth into Midian. 21 He marrieth Zipporah. 22 Gershom is born. 23 God respecteth the Israelites' cry.

And there went a man of the house of Levi, and took to A.C. 1571. 2 wife a daughter of Levi. And the woman conceived, and bare a a ch. vi. 20. son: and bwhen she saw him that he was a goodly child, she hid 500 km. xxvi. And when she could not longer hide him, b Acts vii. 20. Heb. xi. 23. 3 him three months. she took for him an ark of bulrushes, and daubed it with slime

and with pitch, and put the child therein; and she laid it in 4 the flags by the river's brink. And his sister stood afar off, to wit what would be done to him.

And the daughter of Pharaoh came down to wash herself at the river; and her maidens walked along by the river's side; and when she saw the ark among the flags, she sent her maid 6 to fetch it. And when she had opened it, she saw the child: and, behold, the babe wept. And she had compassion on him, 7 and said, This is one of the Hebrews' children. Then said his sister to Pharaoh's daughter, Shall I go and call to thee a nurse of the Hebrew women, that she may nurse the child for thee? 8 And Pharaoh's daughter said to her, Go. And the maid went 9 and called the child's mother. And Pharaoh's daughter said unto her, Take this child away, and nurse it for me, and I will And the woman took the child, and give thee thy wages. And the child grew, and she brought him unto Pharaoh's daughter, and he became her son. And she called his name c Moses: and she said, Because I drew him out of c That is, the water.

Drawn out.

And it came to pass in those days, when Moses was grown, 11 that he went out unto his brethren, and looked on their burdens: and he spied an Egyptian smiting an Hebrew, one of 12 his brethren. And he looked this way and that way, and when he saw that there was no man, he slew the Egyptian, and hid him And when he went out the second day, behold, two men of the Hebrews strove together: and he said to him 14 that did the wrong, Wherefore smitest thou thy fellow? And

1531.

A.C. 1531. he said, Who made thee da prince and a judge over us? in
a Heb. a man, tendest thou to kill me, as thou killedst the Egyptian? And

Moses feared, and said, Surely this thing is known. Now 15

when Pharaoh heard this thing, he sought to slay Moses. But

Moses fled from the face of Pharaoh, and dwelt in the land of

Moses fled from the face of Pharaoh, and dwelt in the land of Midian: and he sat down by a well. Now the priest of 16 Midian had seven daughters: and they came and drew water, and filled the troughs to water their father's flock. And the 17 shepherds came and drove them away: but Moses stood up and helped them, and watered their flock. And when they 18 came to Reuel their father, he said, How is it that ye are come so soon to day? And they said, An Egyptian delivered 19 us out of the hand of the shepherds, and also drew water enough for us, and watered the flock. And he said unto his daugh-20 ters, And where is he? why is it that ye have left the man? call him, that he may eat bread. And Moses was content to 21 dwell with the man: and he gave Moses Zipporah his daugh-

fch. xviii. 3. ter. And she bare him a son, and he called his name f Ger-22 shom: for he said, I have been a stranger in a strange land.

And it came to pass in process of time, that the king of 23 Egypt died: and the children of Israel sighed by reason of the bondage, and they cried, and their cry came up unto God by reason of the bondage. And God heard their groaning, 24 and God remembered his grovenant with Abraham, with Isaac,

g Gen. xv. 14. and God remembered his g covenant with Abraham, with Isaac, and with Jacob. And God looked upon the children of Israel, 25 h Heb. knew. and God h had respect unto them.

PSALM LXXXVIII.

A prayer containing a grievous complaint.

i Or, of. k Or, A Psalm of Heman the Ezrahite, giving instruction. A Song or Psalm ¹ for the sons of Korah, to the chief Musician upon Mahalath Leannoth, ^k Maschil of ¹ Heman the Ezrahite.

O LORD God of my salvation, I have cried day and night 1 before thee:

Let my prayer come before thee: incline thine ear unto my 2 cry:

For my soul is full of troubles: and my life draweth nigh 3 unto the grave.

I am counted with them that go down into the pit: I am as 4 a man that hath no strength:

Free among the dead, like the slain that lie in the grave, 5

Lightfoot supposes that Heman who composed the eighty-eighth Psalm, and Heman the singer, (1 Chron. vi. 33.) were not the same person. The former was the immediate son of Gerah, the descendant of Judah; and lived in Egypt, during the time of the affliction of the Israelites. (1 Chron. ii. 6.) Witsius differs from Lightfoot in this opinion; and many of the commentators suppose the Psalm to have been written during the Babylonish captivity. But we do not read that any persons of the name of Heman flourished at that time; and the Psalm is therefore inserted here, as well on the authority of Lightfoot, who repeatedly asserts this to be its proper place, as from its internal evidence, and the probable allusion (Exod. ii. 23.) to some compositions of this kind, which were penned by the Israelites in this mournful period of suffering and distress.—Lightfoot's Works, vol. i. p. 23. 70. 699; Witsius Misc. Sac. p. 170, &c.; Dr. Wells's Commentary, vol. iii. in loc.

1491.

whom thou rememberest no more: and they are cut off 1 from A.C. 1531. thy hand. l Or, by thy

Thou hast laid me in the lowest pit, in darkness, in the hand.

Thy wrath lieth hard upon me, and thou hast afflicted me

with all thy waves. Selah.

- Thou hast put away mine acquaintance far from me; thou hast made me an abomination unto them: I am shut up, and I cannot come forth.
- Mine eye mourneth by reason of affliction: LORD, I have called daily upon thee, I have stretched out my hands unto
- Wilt thou show wonders to the dead? shall the dead arise and praise thee? Selah.
- Shall thy lovingkindness be declared in the grave? or thy faithfulness in destruction?
- Shall thy wonders be known in the dark? and thy righteousness in the land of forgetfulness?
- But unto thee have I cried, O LORD; and in the morning shall my prayer prevent thee.
- LORD, why castest thou off my soul? why hidest thou thy face from me?
- I am afflicted and ready to die from my youth up: while I suffer thy terrors I am distracted.

Thy fierce wrath goeth over me; thy terrors have cut me off.

They came round about me m daily like water; they com-m or, all the passed me about together.

Lover and friend hast thou put far from me, and mine acquaintance into darkness.

PART II.

Legation of Moses.

EXODUS III.

- 1 Moses keepeth Jethro's flock. 2 God appeareth to him in a burning bush. 9 He sendeth him to deliver Israel. 14 The name of God. 15 His message to Israel.
- Now Moses kept the flock of Jethro his father in law, the priest of Midian: and he led the flock to the backside of the

2 desert, and came to the mountain of God, even to Horeb. And

the a angel of the LORD appeared unto him in a flame of fire a Acts vii. 30.

The angel Jehovah, the guardian of the church, had frequently appeared to the patriarchs; but we have no account of his manifesting himself after the death of Jacob, till he was revealed to Moses in the bush. As this Divine Being, however, had uniformly commissioned the patriarchs to preach the true religion, the people would naturally expect that the prophet, who should declare himself

² After the death of Joseph, and of the patriarchs, the Israelites began to depart from the worship of the God of their fathers. Many of them were contaminated by the idolatry of Egypt (Josh. xxiv. 14; Ezek. xx. 8.); others had neglected circumcision (Josh. v. 9.); and some had intermarried with the Egyptians. (Lev. xxiv. 10.) The majority, however, had not forsaken their ancient religion; and in this period of distress and bondage, by which they were justly punished, they cried unto the Lord. The time of the fulfilment of the promise (Gen. i. 24.) drew nigh, and "The Lord remembered his covenant with Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob.

A.C. 1491. out of the midst of a bush: and he looked, and, behold, the bush burned with fire, and the bush was not consumed. And 3 Moses said, I will now turn aside, and see this great sight, why the bush is not burnt. And when the LORD saw that he 4 turned aside to see, God called unto him out of the midst of the bush, and said, Moses, Moses. And he said, Here am I. 5 And he said, Draw not nigh hither: b put off thy shoes from off thy feet, for the place whereon thou standest is holy ground. Moreover he said, c I am the God of thy father, the God of 6 Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob. And Moses hid his face: for he was afraid to look upon God.

b Josh. v. 15. Acts vii. 33. c Matt. xxii. 32. Acts vii. 32.

> And the Lord said, I have surely seen the affliction of my 7 people which are in Egypt, and have heard their cry by reason of their taskmasters; for I know their sorrows; and I am come 8 down to deliver them out of the hand of the Egyptians, and to bring them up out of that land unto a good land and a large, unto a land flowing with milk and honey; unto the place of the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Amorites, and the Perizzites, and the Hivites, and the Jebusites. Now therefore, 9 behold, the cry of the children of Israel is come unto me: and I have also seen the oppression wherewith the Egyptians oppress them. Come now therefore, and I will send thee unto 10 Pharoah, that thou mayest bring forth my people the children

of Israel out of Egypt.

And Moses said unto God, Who am I, that I should go unto 11 Pharaoh, and that I should bring forth the children of Israel out of Egypt? And he said, Certainly I will be with thee; and this 12 shall be a token unto thee, that I have sent thee: When thou hast brought forth the people out of Egypt, ye shall serve God upon this mountain. And Moses said unto God, Behold, when I come 13 unto the children of Israel, and shall say unto them, The God of your fathers hath sent me unto you; and they shall say to me, What is his name? what shall I say unto them? God said unto Moses, I AM THAT I AM: and he said, Thus shalt thou say unto the children of Israel, I AM hath sent me unto you. And God said moreover unto Moses, Thus 15 shalt thou say unto the children of Israel, The LORD God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath sent me unto you: this is my name for ever, and this is my memorial unto all generations. Go, and 16 gather the elders of Israel together, and say unto them, The

the lawgiver and deliverer, would be appointed by the same authority. This we accordingly find to have been the case. Moses, when feeding the flock of Jethro at Horeb, observes a copse, or thicket, burning with fire; while the branches and leaves appeared unconsumed and uninjured. Astonished at the phenomenon, he approaches the thicket. The angel Jehovah, the God of the patriarchal dispensation, was seen; and Moses receives from him his commission. The diffidence, the delay, the scruples of the prophet, are overcome by miraculous proofs of his divine legation; which at the same time convince him, that, by his means, the Israelites should be delivered from Egypt.—Lightfoot, vol. i. p. 22; Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 182; Horæ Mosaicæ, vol. ii. p. 99.

LORD God of your fathers, the God of Abraham, of Isaac, and A.C. 1491. of Jacob, appeared unto me, saying, I have surely visited you. 17 and seen that which is done to you in Egypt: and I have said, I will bring you up out of the affliction of Egypt unto the land of the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Amorites, and the Perizzites, and the Hivites, and the Jebusites, unto a land 18 flowing with milk and honey. And they shall hearken to thy voice: and thou shalt come, thou and the elders of Israel, unto the king of Egypt, and ye shall say unto him, The LORD God of the Hebrews hath met with us: and now let us go, we beseech thee, three days' journey into the wilderness, that we may sacrifice to the Lord our God.

And I am sure that the king of Egypt will not let you go, 20 d no, not by a mighty hand. And I will stretch out my hand, d Or, but by and smite Egypt with all my wonders which I will do in the strong hand. 21 midst thereof: and after that he will let you go. And I will give this people favour in the sight of the Egyptians: and it shall come to pass, that, when ye go, ye shall not go empty: 22 but every woman shall borrow of her neighbour, and of her ech. xi. 2.

that sojourneth in her house, jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment: and ye shall put them upon your sons, and upon your daughters; and ye shall spoil f the Egyptians. f Or, Egypt.

EXODUS IV. VER. 1-28.

1 Moses' rod is turned into a serpent. 6 His hand is leprous. 10 He is loth to be sent. 14 Aaron is appointed to assist him. 18 Moses departeth from Jethro. 21 God's message to Pharaoh. 24 Zipporah circumciseth her son. 27 Aaron is sent to meet Moses.

And Moses answered and said, But, behold, they will not believe me, nor hearken unto my voice: for they will say, The 2 LORD hath not appeared unto thee. And the LORD said unto 3 him, What is that in thine hand? And he said, A rod. he said, Cast it on the ground. And he cast it on the ground, 4 and it became a serpent; and Moses fled from before it. And the LORD said unto Moses, Put forth thine hand, and take it by the tail. And he put forth his hand, and caught it, and it 5 became a rod in his hand: that they may believe that the LORD God of their fathers, the God of Abraham, the God of Isaac, and the God of Jacob, hath appeared unto thee.

And the LORD said furthermore unto him, Put now thine hand into thy bosom. And he put his hand into his bosom: and when he took it out, behold, his hand was leprous as snow. 7 And he said, Put thine hand into thy bosom again. And he put his hand into his bosom again; and plucked it out of his bosom, and, behold, it was turned again as his other flesh. 8 And it shall come to pass, if they will not believe thee, neither hearken to the voice of the first sign, that they will believe the 9 voice of the latter sign. And it shall come to pass, if they will not believe also these two signs, neither hearken unto thy

A.C. 1491. voice, that thou shalt take of the water of the river, and pour it upon the dry land: and the water which thou takest out of the

g Heb. shall river g shall become blood upon the dry land.

be and shall be. And Moses said unto the Lord, O my Lord, I am not 10 h Heb. a man h eloquent, neither i heretofore, nor since thou hast spoken unto of words. i Heb. since thy servant: but I am slow of speech, and of a slow tongue. yesterday, nor since the third And the Lord said unto him, Who hath made man's mouth? 11 day.

or who maketh the dumb, or deaf, or the seeing, or the blind?

K Matt. x. 19. have not I the Lord? Now therefore go, and I will be k with 12 Mark xiii. 11.

Mark xiii. 11. have not I the LORD? Now therefore go, and I will be with 12 Luke xii. 11. thy mouth, and teach thee what thou shalt say. And he said, 13 O my Lord, send, I pray thee, by the hand of him whom thou

O'my Lord, send, I pray thee, by the hand of him whom thou will send. And the anger of the Lord was kindled against 14 Moses, and he said, Is not Aaron the Levite thy brother? I know that he can speak well. And also, behold, he cometh forth to meet thee: and when he seeth thee, he will be glad in his heart. And thou shalt speak unto him, and put words in 15 his mouth: and I will be with thy mouth, and with his mouth, and will teach you what ye shall do. And he shall be thy 16 spokesman unto the people: and he shall be, even he shall be

m ch. vii. 1. to thee instead of a mouth, and m thou shalt be to him instead of God. And thou shalt take this rod in thine hand, wherewith 17 thou shalt do signs 3.

And Moses went and returned to Jethro his father in law, 18 and said unto him, Let me go, I pray thee, and return unto my brethren which are in Egypt, and see whether they be yet alive. And Jethro said to Moses, Go in peace. And the 19 LORD said unto Moses in Midian, Go, return into Egypt: for all the men are dead which sought thy life. And Moses took 20 his wife and his sons, and set them upon an ass, and he returned to the land of Egypt: and Moses took the rod of God in his And the LORD said unto Moses, When thou goest to 21 return into Egypt, see that thou do all those wonders before Pharaoh, which I have put in thine hand: but I will harden his heart, that he shall not let the people go. And thou shalt say 22 unto Pharaoh, Thus saith the Lord, Israel is my son, even my firstborn: and I say unto thee, Let my son go, that he may 23 serve me: and if thou refuse to let him go, behold, I will slav thy son, even thy firstborn.

And it came to pass by the way in the inn, that the LORD 24

Moses was the first teacher of religion to whom the power of working miracles appears to have been granted. The patriarchal dispensation was of divine appointment; but Moses was now chosen to abrogate that mode of instructing mankind, and to institute another in its place. Miracles were not necessary to Adam, or to Noah, as they each possessed sufficient evidence of the truths they taught: they were not necessary to Abraham, as he was the reformer only of the religion of Noah: but when a legislator ventured to assert that a law, which was originally divinely appointed, was now about to be annulled, it was absolutely essential that he should be able to produce the most incontrovertible evidence in support of his authority. Moses therefore was empowered to work miracles, for the purpose of establishing a new dispensation. In the same manner, Christ, the prophet "like unto Moses," wrought his wonderful miracles, to convince the world of the dissolution of the Levitical dispensation, in favour of the Christian covenant.—Horse Mossicæ, vol. ii. p. 222, &c.

25 met him, and sought to kill him. Then Zipporah took a sharp A.C. 1491.

1 stone, and cut off the foreskin of her son, and cast it at his nor, knife.
26 feet, and said, Surely a bloody husband art thou to me. So he touch.

1 let him go: then she said, A bloody husband thou art, because of the circumcision.

27 And the LORD said to Aaron, Go into the wilderness to meet Moses. And he went, and met him in the mount of God, 28 and kissed him. And Moses told Aaron all the words of the LORD who had sent him, and all the signs which he had commanded him.

PART III.

From the Mission of Moses to the Infliction of the Plagues of Egypt.

EXODUS IV. VER. 29, TO THE END.

AND Moses and Aaron went and gathered together all the 30 elders of the children of Israel: and Aaron spake all the words which the LORD had spoken unto Moses, and did the signs in 31 the sight of the people 4. And the people believed: and when they heard that the LORD had visited the children of Israel, and that he had looked upon their affliction, then they bowed their heads and worshipped.

EXODUS V.

- 1 Pharaoh chideth Moses and Aaron for their message. 5 He increaseth the Israelites' task. 15 He checketh their complaints. 19 They cry out upon Moses and Aaron. 22 Moses complaineth to God.
 - And afterward Moses and Aaron went in, and told Pharaoh,
- 4 Moses was either a true prophet, an enthusiast, a dupe, or an impostor. That he was not an enthusiast, may be argued from his learning; he was versed in all the learning of Egypt-from his education among the courtiers of Pharaoh-from the diffidence with which he received the first annunciation of his mission-from the admirable suitableness of his law to the accomplishment of the object proposed—the knowledge therein displayed of human nature—the connexion of laws politically necessary with religion, &c. &c. He could not have been a dupe; for if the appearance in the burning bush had not been real-if he had been deceived in the evidences of his missionif the miracles wrought to convince him that he was the chosen prophet of God, had been only natural phenomena, he could not have inferred from them that he was to be the legislator and deliverer of the Jews. Neither was he an impostor. An impostor would not have chosen to suffer affliction with a degraded race, rather than to indulge in the gaieties and fascinations of a court-an impostor would not have exposed himself to the danger of death, by vindicating the cause of the oppressed—he would not, if banished to a desert, be contented with his lot—forget his schemes of ambition, intermarry among the natives of an obscure province, and calmly sink into the condition of a shepherd. Even if he were at length to rouse from this strange lethargy, and resolve to deliver his countrymen, or perish in the attempt, an impostor would have proceeded with some address, and policy-he would not enter abruptly into the presence of an absolute sovereign, and peremptorily insist on the liberation of a race of 'useful slaves:' neither would an impostor commit himself, by predicting a series of miraculous judgments, if these slaves were not permitted to emigrate. If Moses, too, had been any of these, he could not have conquered armies without fighting, or impressed a whole nation with imaginary terrors—or guided or fed a whole nation for forty years, in the wilderness;—he could not have compelled, and he could not have persuaded, the Egyptians and their king to resign their dominion over the Israelites, unless he had been possessed of powers more than human. That is, he was a true prophet—he wrought miracles—he was the character he pro-fessed to be. The mere fact, that Moses was not a true prophet, and yet delivered the Israelites, would be a much greater miracle than any he is related to have performed.-Horæ Mosaicæ (from which the above note is chiefly abridged), vol. i. p. 209-301; Dean Graves on the Pentateuch; Bryant's Plagues, p. 344; Michaelis' Commentary on the Law of Moses, vol. i. p. 42, &c.

A.C. 1491. Thus saith the LORD God of Israel, Let my people go, that they may hold a feast unto me in the wilderness. And 2 Pharaoh said, Who is the LORD, that I should obey his voice to let Israel go? I know not the LORD, neither will I let a ch. iii. 18. Israel go. And they said 3, The God of the Hebrews hath 3 met with us: let us go, we pray thee, three days' journey into the desert, and sacrifice unto the LORD our God; lest he fall upon us with pestilence, or with the sword. And the king of 4 Egypt said unto them, Wherefore do ye, Moses and Aaron, let the people from their works? get you unto your burdens. And Pharaoh said, Behold, the people of the land now are 5 many, and ye make them rest from their burdens. And Pharaoh 6 commanded the same day the taskmasters of the people, and their officers, saying, Ye shall no more give the people straw to 7 make brick, as heretofore: let them go and gather straw for And the tale of the bricks, which they did make 8 heretofore, ye shall lay upon them; ye shall not diminish ought thereof: for they be idle; therefore they cry, saying, Let us b Heb. Let the go and sacrifice to our God. b Let there more work be laid upon 9 work be heavy 50 that sacrines to our course more more with the men, that they may labour therein; and let them not regard vain words.

And the taskmasters of the people went out, and their 10 officers, and they spake to the people, saying, Thus saith Pharaoh, I will not give you straw. Go ye, get you straw 11 where ye can find it: yet not ought of your work shall be diminished. So the people were scattered abroad throughout 12 all the land of Egypt to gather stubble instead of straw. And the taskmasters hasted them, saying, Fulfil your works, 13 your c daily tasks, as when there was straw. And the officers 14 of the children of Israel, which Pharaoh's taskmasters had set over them, were beaten, and demanded, Wherefore have ye not fulfilled your task in making brick both yesterday and to

day, as heretofore?

Then the officers of the children of Israel came and cried 15 unto Pharaoh, saying, Wherefore dealest thou thus with thy servants? There is no straw given unto thy servants, and they 16 say to us, Make brick: and, behold, thy servants are beaten; but the fault is in thine own people. But he said, Ye are idle, 17 ye are idle: therefore ye say, Let us go and do sacrifice to the Lord. Go therefore now, and work; for there shall no straw 18 be given you, yet shall ye deliver the tale of bricks. And the 19 officers of the children of Israel did see that they were in evil case, after it was said, Ye shall not minish ought from your bricks of your daily task.

And they met Moses and Aaron, who stood in the way, as 20 they came forth from Pharaoh: and they said unto them, The 21 Lord look upon you, and judge; because ye have made our savour d to be abhorred in the eyes of Pharoah, and in the eyes

d Heb. to

ter of a day in his day.

22 of his servants, to put a sword in their hand to slay us. And A.C. 1491. Moses returned unto the LORD, and said, Lord, wherefore hast thou so evil intreated this people? why is it that thou hast

23 sent me? For since I came to Pharaoh to speak in thy name, he hath done evil to this people; eneither hast thou delivered election the hath done thy people at all.

hast not delivered.

EXODUS VI.

1 God reneweth his promise by his name JEHOVAH. 14 The genealogy of Reuben, 15 of Simeon, 16 of Levi, of whom came Moses and Aaron.

Then the LORD said unto Moses, Now shalt thou see what I will do to Pharaoh: for with a strong hand shall he let them go, and with a strong hand shall he drive them out of his land. 2 And God spake unto Moses, and said unto him, I am the 3 LORD: and I appeared unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and unto Jacob, by the name of God Almighty, but by my name JEHOVAH 4 was I not known to them 5. And I have also established my covenant with them, to give them the land of Canaan, the land 5 of their pilgrimage, wherein they were strangers. And I have also heard the groaning of the children of Israel, whom the Egyptians keep in bondage; and I have remembered my 6 covenant. Wherefore say unto the children of Israel, I am the Lord, and I will bring you out from under the burdens of the Egyptians, and I will rid you out of their bondage, and I will redeem you with a stretched out arm, and with great judg-7 ments: and I will take you to me for a people, and I will be to you a God: and ye shall know that I am the LORD your God, which bringeth you out from under the burdens of the 8 Egyptians. And I will bring you in unto the land, concerning

the which I did swear to give it to Abraham, to Isaac, and s Heb. lift up to Jacob; and I will give it you for an heritage: I am the my hand. Lord.

And Moses spake so unto the children of Israel: but they hearkened not unto Moses for ganguish of spirit, and for g Heb. short-10 cruel bondage. And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, ness, or, straitness. 11 Go in, speak unto Pharaoh king of Egypt, that he let the 12 children of Israel go out of his land. And Moses spake before the LORD, saying, Behold, the children of Israel have not hearkened unto me; how then shall Pharaoh hear me, who am 13 of uncircumcised lips? And the Lord spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, and gave them a charge unto the children of Israel, and unto Pharaoh king of Egypt, to bring the children of Israel out of the land of Egypt.

These be the heads of their fathers' houses: h The sons of h Gen. xlvi.

⁵ The general interpretation of this verse is; "I was known to the patriarchs, as a God all sufficient; having given them every blessing of which they stood in need; but I was not known by them as the observer of the promises, which had been so often made. I will now be known by the name Jehovah; as a God faithful to his promise: as such I will deliver my people Israel according to the promise which I made to their fathers."

A.C. 1491. Reuben the firstborn of Israel; Hanoch, and Pallu, Hezron, i 1 Chr. iv. 24. and Carmi: these be the families of Reuben. And the sons 15 of Simeon; Jemuel, and Jamin, and Ohad, and Jachin, and Zohar, and Shaul the son of a Canaanitish woman: these are the families of Simeon.

k Num. iii. And these are the names of k the sons of Levi according to 16 their generations; Gershon, and Kohath, and Merari: and the 1 Chr. vi. 1. years of the life of Levi were an hundred thirty and seven

years. The sons of Gershon; Libni, and Shimi, according to 17 1 Num. xxvi. their families. And 1 the sons of Kohath; Amram, and Izhar, 18 and Hebron, and Uzziel: and the years of the life of Kohath were an hundred thirty and three years. And the sons of 19 Merari; Mahali and Mushi: these are the families of Levi

m ch. ii. 1, 2. according to their generations. And m Amram took him 20 Jochebed his father's sister to wife; and she bare him Aaron and Moses: and the years of the life of Amram were an hundred and thirty and seven years.

And the sons of Izhar; Korah, and Nepheg, and Zithri. 21 And the sons of Uzziel; Mishael, and Elzaphan, and Zithri. 22 And Aaron took him Elisheba, daughter of Amminadab, sister 23 of Naashon, to wife; and she bare him Nadab, and Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar. And the sons of Korah; Assir, and 24 Elkanah, and Abiasaph: these are the families of the Korhites. And Eleazar Aaron's son took him one of the daughters of 25 Putiel to wife; and n she bare him Phinehas: these are the heads of the fathers of the Levites according to their families. These are that Aaron and Moses, to whom the LORD said, 26 Bring out the children of Israel from the land of Egypt according to their armies. These are they which spake to Pharaoh 27 king of Egypt, to bring out the children of Israel from Egypt: these are that Moses and Aaron.

And it came to pass on the day when the LORD spake unto 28 Moses in the land of Egypt, that the LORD spake unto Moses, 29 saying, I am the LORD: speak thou unto Pharaoh king of Egypt all that I say unto thee. And Moses said before the 30 LORD, Behold, I am of uncircumcised lips, and how shall Pharaoh hearken unto me?

EXODUS VII. VER. 1-13.

1 Moses is encouraged to go to Pharaoh. 7 His age. 8 His rod is turned into a serpent. 11 The sorcerers do the like. 13 Pharaoh's heart is hardened.

And the Lord said unto Moses, See, I have made thee a 1 god to Pharaoh: and Aaron thy brother shall be thy prophet. Thou shalt speak all that I command thee: and Aaron thy 2 brother shall speak unto Pharaoh, that he send the children of Israel out of his land. And I will harden Pharaoh's heart, and 3 multiply my signs and my wonders in the land of Egypt. But 4 Pharaoh shall not hearken unto you, that I may lay my hand

n Num. xxv. 7.11.

upon Egypt, and bring forth mine armies, and my people the A.C. 1491. children of Israel, out of the land of Egypt by great judgments.

5 And the Egyptians shall know that I am the LORD, when I stretch forth mine hand upon Egypt, and bring out the children 6 of Israel from among them. And Moses and Aaron did as the 7 LORD commanded them, so did they. And Moses was four-score years old, and Aaron fourscore and three years old, when they spake unto Pharaoh.

8 And the LORD spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 9 When Pharaoh shall speak unto you, saying, Shew a miracle for you: then thou shalt say unto Aaron, Take thy rod, and

cast it before Pharaoh, and it shall become a serpent.

10 And Moses and Aaron went in unto Pharaoh, and they did so as the Lord had commanded: and Aaron cast down his rod before Pharaoh, and before his servants, and it became a sertin pent. Then Pharaoh also called the wise men and the sorcerers: now the magicians of Egypt, they also did in like 12 manner with their enchantments. For they cast down every man his rod, and they became serpents: but Aaron's rod 13 swallowed up their rods. And he hardened Pharaoh's heart, that he hearkened not unto them; as the Lord had said.

PART IV.

Infliction of the first eight Plagues.

THE FIRST PLAGUE-WATER TURNED INTO BLOOD 6.

EXODUS VII. VER. 14, TO THE END.

14 And the Lord said unto Moses, Pharaoh's heart is hardened, 15 he refuseth to let the people go. Get thee unto Pharaoh in the morning; lo, he goeth out unto the water; and thou shalt stand by the river's brink against he come; and the rod which was 16 turned to a serpent shalt thou take in thine hand. And thou shalt say unto him, The Lord God of the Hebrews hath sent me unto thee, saying, Let my people go, that they may serve me in the wilderness: and, behold, hitherto thou wouldest not 17 hear. Thus saith the Lord, In this thou shalt know that I am the Lord: behold, I will smite with the rod that is in mine hand upon the waters which are in the river, and they shall be 18 turned to blood. And the fish that is in the river shall die, and

The first plague demonstrated the superiority of Jehovah over their imaginary river-gods; the Nile was turned into blood, which was an object of peculiar abhorrence to the Egyptians.

⁶ The manner in which the Divine Head of the Jewish Church appealed to the common sense of the Israelites against the idolatry of Egypt is wonderfully exemplified in the history of the plagues of Egypt. The miracles of Moses had now arrested their attention, and their hopes of an early deliverance from their bondage must have been proportionably excited. Yet many of the Israelites were still followers of the surrounding idolatry, and the mercy of Providence displayed itself in proving to them the utter worthlessness of all the idols, and false gods, on whom the proud, the learned, and the scientific Egyptians so vainly depended.

A.C. 1491, the river shall stink; and the Egyptians shall lothe to drink of the water of the river.

> And the LORD spake unto Moses, Say unto Aaron, Take 19 thy rod, and stretch out thine hand upon the waters of Egypt, upon their streams, upon their rivers, and upon their ponds, and upon all their a pools of water, that they may become blood; and that there may be blood throughout all the land of Egypt,

a Heb. gathering of their waters.

both in vessels of wood, and in vessels of stone. And Moses 20 b ch. xvii. 5. and Aaron did so, as the LORD commanded; and he b lifted up the rod, and smote the waters that were in the river, in the sight of Pharaoh, and in the sight of his servants; and all the

c.Ps. lxxviii. c waters that were in the river were turned to blood. And the 21 fish that was in the river died; and the river stank, and the Egyptians could not drink of the water of the river; and there d Wisd xvii. was blood throughout all the land of Egypt. d And the magi- 22 heart was hardened, neither did he hearken unto them; as the

cians of Egypt did so with their enchantments: and Pharaoh's LORD had said. And Pharaoh turned and went into his house, 23 neither did he set his heart to this also. And all the Egyptians 24 digged round about the river for water to drink; for they could not drink of the water of the river. And seven days were 25 fulfilled, after that the LORD had smitten the river.

THE SECOND PLAGUE-FROGS 7.

EXODUS VIII. VER. 1-15.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, Go unto Pharaoh, and 1 say unto him, Thus saith the LORD, Let my people go, that they may serve me. And if thou refuse to let them go, behold, 2 I will smite all thy borders with flogs: and the river shall 3 bring forth frogs abundantly, which shall go up and come into thine house, and into thy bedchamber, and upon thy bed, and into the house of thy servants, and upon thy people, and into thine ovens, and into thy ekneadingtroughs: and the frogs 4 shall come up both on thee, and upon thy people, and upon all thy servants.

e Or, dough.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, Say unto Aaron, Stretch 5 forth thine hand with thy rod over the streams, over the rivers, and over the ponds, and cause frogs to come up upon the land of Egypt. And Aaron stretched out his hand over the waters 6 of Egypt; and the frogs came up, and covered the land of f Wisd. xvii. Egypt. f And the magicians did so with their enchantments, 7 and brought up frogs upon the land of Egypt.

Then Pharaoh called for Moses and Aaron, and said, Intreat 8

⁷ The second effort of power on the part of Moses filled the holy river with frogs, and its streams by this means became a second time polluted, to the utter confusion both of their gods and priests. The land also was equally defiled: and they had no way to cleanse themselves, for every stream and every lake, was in a state of pollution. The frog was held sacred by the Egyptians, and was regarded as an emblem of preservation in floods and inundations.

the Lord, that he may take away the frogs from me, and from A.C. 1491. my people; and I will let the people go, that they may do 9 sacrifice unto the Lord. And Moses said unto Pharaoh, ^g Glory gor. Have over me: ^h when shall I intreat for thee, and for thy servants, over me, &c. and for thy people, i to destroy the frogs from thee and thy hor, against the longes, that they may remain in the river only? And he said, i Heb. to cut k'To morrow. And he said, Be it according to thy word: that k or, Against thou mayest know that there is none like unto the Lord our to morrow. 11 God. And the frogs shall depart from thee, and from thy houses, and from thy servants, and from thy people; they shall 12 remain in the river only. And Moses and Aaron went out from Pharaoh: and Moses cried unto the LORD because of the 13 frogs which he had brought against Pharaoh. And the LORD did according to the word of Moses; and the frogs died out of 14 the houses, out of the villages, and out of the fields. And they gathered them together upon heaps: and the land stank. 15 But when Pharaoh saw that there was respite, he hardened his heart, and hearkened not unto them; as the LORD had said.

THE THIRD PLAGUE-LICE 8.

EXODUS VIII. VER. 16-19.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Say unto Aaron, Stretch out thy rod, and smite the dust of the land, that it may become 17 lice throughout all the land of Egypt. And they did so; for Aaron stretched out his hand with his rod, and smote the dust of the earth, and it became lice in man, and in beast; all the dust of the land became lice throughout all the land of Egypt. 18 And the magicians did so with their enchantments to bring forth lice, but they could not: so there were lice upon man, 19 and upon beast. Then the magicians said unto Pharaoh, This is the finger of God: and Pharaoh's heart was hardened, and he hearkened not unto them; as the LORD had said.

THE FOURTH PLAGUE-FLIES 9. EXODUS VIII, VER. 20, TO THE END.

20 And the LORD said unto Moses, Rise up early in the morning, and stand before Pharaoh; lo, he cometh forth to the water; and say unto him, Thus saith the LORD, Let my 21 people go, that they may serve me. Else, if thou wilt not lor, a mix-let my people go, behold, I will send swarms of flies upon ture of noithee, and upon thy servants, and upon thy people, and into some beasts,

The fourth plague must have convinced the Egyptians, who were worshippers of zebub, the god-fly, that their own gods were converted into instruments of torment in the hand of a superior Power.

⁸ The plague of lice reproved the absurd superstition which demanded external purity alone.— The Egyptians considered it a great profanation of the temple if they entered it with any animalculæ of this sort upon them. The people in general wore a linen garment over another of linen; but they laid aside the former when they approached their deities, for fear it should harbour vermin; and although their rites were most filthy and contemptible, yet they were carried on with a most scrupulous shew of purity and cleanliness.

m Heb. a re-

A.C. 1491. thy houses: and the houses of the Egyptians shall be full of swarms of flies, and also the ground whereon they are. And I 22 will sever in that day the land of Goshen, in which my people dwell, that no swarms of flies shall be there; to the end thou mayest know that I am the LORD in the midst of the earth. And I will put ma division between my people and thy people: 23 n to morrow shall this sign be. And the LORD did so; and 24 othere came a grievous swarm of flies into the house of Pharaoh, and into his servants' houses, and into all the land of Egypt: the land was p corrupted by reason of the swarm of

n Or, by to o Wisd. xvi.

demption.

p Or, de-stroyed.

flies.

And Pharaoh called for Moses and for Aaron, and said, Go 25 ye, sacrifice to your God in the land. And Moses said, It is 26 not meet so to do; for we shall sacrifice the abomination of the Egyptians to the Lord our God: lo, shall we sacrifice the abomination of the Egyptians before their eyes, and will they not stone us? We will go q three days' journey into the wilder- 27 ness, and sacrifice to the LORD our God, as he shall com-And Pharoah said, I will let you go, that ye may 28 sacrifice to the Lord your God in the wilderness; only ye shall not go very far away: intreat for me. And Moses said, Behold, 29 I go out from thee, and I will intreat the LORD that the swarms of flies may depart from Pharaoh, from his servants, and from his people, to morrow: but let not Pharaoh deal deceitfully any more in not letting the people go to sacrifice to the LORD. And Moses went out from Pharaoh, and intreated the Lord. 30 And the LORD did according to the word of Moses; and he 31 removed the swarms of flies from Pharaoh, from his servants, and from his people; there remained not one. And Pharaoh 32 hardened his heart at this time also, neither would he let the people go.

EXODUS IX. VER. 1-7.

Then the Lord said unto Moses, Go in unto Pharaoh, and 1 tell him, Thus saith the LORD God of the Hebrews, Let my people go, that thay may serve me. For if thou refuse to let 2 them go, and wilt hold them still, behold, the hand of the LORD 3 is upon thy cattle which is in the field, upon the horses, upon the asses, upon the camels, upon the oxen, and upon the sheep: there shall be a very grievous murrain. And the LORD shall 4 sever between the cattle of Israel and the cattle of Egypt: and there shall nothing die of all that is the children's of Israel.

¹⁰ The fifth plague destroyed the living objects of their stupid worship. The sacred bull, the ram, the heifer, and the he-goat, fell dead before their worshippers, as if in ridicule of their vain incense. This judgment must have likewise had a great effect on the Israelites, and must have tended to wean their affections from those gods of the country to which they had before attached themselves.

r ch. iv. 21.

5 And the Lord appointed a set time, saying, To morrow the A.C. 1491.
6 Lord shall do this thing in the land. And the Lord did that thing on the morrow, and all the cattle of Egypt died:
7 but of the cattle of the children of Israel died not one. And Pharaoh sent, and, behold, there was not one of the cattle of the Israelites dead. And the heart of Pharaoh was hardened, and he did not let the people go.

THE SIXTH PLAGUE—THE BOIL¹¹. EXODUS IX. VER. 8—12.

8 And the Lord said unto Moses and unto Aaron, Take to you handfuls of ashes of the furnace, and let Moses sprinkle it 9 toward the heaven in the sight of Pharaoh. And it shall become small dust in all the land of Egypt, and shall be a boil breaking forth with blains upon man, and upon beast, 10 throughout all the land of Egypt. And they took ashes of the furnace, and stood before Pharaoh; and Moses sprinkled it up toward heaven; and it became a boil breaking forth with 11 blains upon man, and upon beast. And the magicians could not stand before Moses because of the boils; for the boil was 12 upon the magicians, and upon all the Egyptians. And the Lord hardened the heart of Pharaoh, and he hearkened not unto them; ras the Lord had spoken unto Moses.

THE SEVENTH PLAGUE—HAIL¹².

EXODUS IX. VER. 13, TO THE END.

13 And the Lord said unto Moses, Rise up early in the morning, and stand before Pharaoh, and say unto him, Thus saith the Lord God of the Hebrews, Let my people go that they 14 may serve me. For I will at this time send all my plagues upon thine heart, and upon thy servants, and upon thy people; that thou mayest know that there is none like me in all the 15 earth. For now I will stretch out my hand, that I may smite thee and thy people with pestilence; and thou shalt be cut off 16 from the earth. And in very deed for sthis cause have I srom.ix. 17.

traised thee up, for to shew in thee my power; and that my theb. made 17 name may be declared throughout all the earth. As yet thee stand. exaltest thou thyself against my people, that thou wilt not let 18 them go? Behold, to morrow about this time I will cause it to rain a very grievous hail, such as hath not been in Egypt 19 since the foundation thereof even until now. Send therefore

¹¹ The sixth plague was the boil produced by the ashes of the furnaces, in which they had offered human sacrifices, probably some of the Israelites themselves: they were accustomed to scatter the ashes, to obtain a blessing from their gods: this very rite became the means of their present torment.

¹² The seventh plague demonstrated that neither Isis, who presided over water, nor Osiris, the lord of fire, was able to protect the fields and the climate of Egypt from the thunder, the rain, and the fire of Jehovah. These phenomena of nature seldom disturbed at any period of the year the climate of Egypt. On this occasion they happened at a time when the air was generally most calm and serene.

A.C. 1491. now, and gather thy cattle, and all that thou hast in the field; for upon every man and beast which shall be found in the field, and shall not be brought home, the hail shall come down upon them, and they shall die. He that feared the word of the 20 LORD among the servants of Pharaoh made his servants and u Heb. set not his cattle flee into the houses: and he that u regarded not the 21 his heart unto. word of the LORD left his servants and his cattle in the field.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Stretch forth thine hand 22 toward heaven, that there may be hail in all the land of Egypt, upon man, and upon beast, and upon every herb of the field, throughout the land of Egypt. And Moses stretched forth his 23 rod toward heaven: and the LORD sent thunder and hail, and the fire ran along upon the ground; and the Lord rained hail upon the land of Egypt. So there was hail, and fire mingled 24 with the hail, very grievous, such as there was none like it in all the land of Egypt since it became a nation. And the hail 25 smote throughout all the land of Egypt all that was in the field, both man and beast; and the hail smote every herb of the field, and brake every tree of the field. Only in the land 26

of Goshen, where the children of Israel were, was there no hail. And Pharaoh sent, and called for Moses and Aaron, and 27 said unto them, I have sinned this time: the LORD is righteous,

of God.

den, or, dark.

a Heb. by the had spoken a by Moses.

and I and my people are wicked. Intreat the Lord (for it is 28 x Heb. voices enough) that there be no more x mighty thunderings and hail; and I will let you go, and ye shall stay no longer. And Moses 29 said unto him, As soon as I am gone out of the city, I will spread abroad my hands unto the LORD; and the thunder shall cease, neither shall there be any more hail; that thou mayest y Ps. xxiv. 1. know how that the y earth is the Lord's. But as for thee and 30 thy servants, I know that ye will not yet fear the LORD God. And the flax and the barley was smitten: for the barley was 31 in the ear, and the flax was bolled. But the wheat and the 32 rye were not smitten: for they were z not grown up. And 33 Moses went out of the city from Pharaoh, and spread abroad his hands unto the LORD: and the thunders and hail ceased, and the rain was not poured upon the earth. when Pharaoh saw that the rain and the hail and the thunders were ceased, he sinned yet more, and hardened his heart, he and his servants. And the heart of Pharaoh was hardened, 35 neither would he let the children of Israel go; as the LORD

THE EIGHTH PLAGUE-LOCUSTS 13.

EXODUS X. VER. 1-20.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Go in unto Pharaoh: b for 1 b ch. iv. 21.

¹⁸ In the eighth plague, of locusts, the Egyptians undoubtedly offered up their prayers to Isis and Serapis, who were the conservators of all plenty. They would likewise naturally invoke those deities, who were supposed to have power over these destructive creatures. But their very deities

I have hardened his heart, and the heart of his servants, that A.C. 1491. 2 I might shew these my signs before him: and that thou mayest tell in the ears of thy son, and of thy son's son, what things I have wrought in Egypt, and my signs which I have done among them; that ye may know how that I am the LORD. 3 And Moses and Aaron came in unto Pharaoh, and said unto him, Thus saith the LORD God of the Hebrews, How long wilt thou refuse to humble thyself before me? let my people 4 go, that they may serve me. Else, if thou refuse to let my people go, behold, to morrow will I bring the clocusts into Wisd. xvi. 5 thy coast: and they shall cover the d face of the earth, that d Heb. eye. one cannot be able to see the earth: and they shall eat the residue of that which is escaped, which remaineth unto you from the hail, and shall eat every tree which groweth for you 6 out of the field: and they shall fill thy houses, and the houses of all thy servants, and the houses of all the Egyptians; which neither thy fathers, nor thy fathers' fathers have seen, since the day that they were upon the earth unto this day. And he 7 turned himself, and went out from Pharaoh. And Pharaoh's servants said unto him, How long shall this man be a snare unto us? let the men go, that they may serve the LORD their 8 God: knowest thou not yet that Egypt is destroyed? And Moses and Aaron were brought again unto Pharaoh: and he said unto them, Go, serve the LORD your God: but e who are e Heb. who. and who, &c. 9 they that shall go? And Moses said, We will go with our young and with our old, with our sons and with our daughters, with our flocks and with our herds will we go; for we must 10 hold a feast unto the LORD. And he said unto them, Let the LORD be so with you, as I will let you go, and your little ones: 11 look to it; for evil is before you. Not so: go now ye that are men, and serve the LORD; for that ye did desire. And they were driven out from Pharaoh's presence.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Stretch out thine hand over the land of Egypt for the locusts, that they may come up upon the land of Egypt, and eat every herb of the land, even all that 13 the hail hath left. And Moses stretched forth his rod over the land of Egypt, and the Lord brought an east wind upon the land all that day, and all that night; and when it was morning, 14 the east wind brought the locusts. And the locusts went up over all the land of Egypt, and rested in all the coasts of Egypt: very grievous were they; before them there were no 15 such locusts as they, neither after them shall be such. For they covered the face of the whole earth, so that the land was

could not stand before Moses. The winds they venerated were made the instruments of their destruction; and the sea, which they regarded as their defence against the locusts, could not protect them. An east wind (ver. 13.) prevailed all that day, and all that night; this wind must have brought the locusts from Arabia, and borne them, contrary to their nature, over the Red Sea; which proved no barrier to their progress.

A.C. 1491. darkened; and they did eat every herb of the land, and all the fruit of the trees which the hail had left: and there remained not any green thing in the trees, or in the herbs of the field, through all the land of Egypt.

f Heb. hastened to call.

Then Pharaoh f called for Moses and Aaron in haste: and 16 he said, I have sinned against the Lord your God, and against you. Now therefore forgive, I pray thee, my sin only this 17 once, and intreat the LORD your God, that he may take away from me this death only. And he went out from Pharaoh, 18 and intreated the LORD. And the LORD turned a mighty 19 strong west wind, which took away the locusts, and g cast them into the Red sea; there remained not one locust in all the coasts of Egypt. But the LORD hardened Pharaoh's heart, 20 so that he would not let the children of Israel go.

g Heb fastened.

PART V.

Institution of the Passover 14.

EXODUS XII. VER. 1-20.

1 The beginning of the year is changed. 3 The passover is instituted. 11 The rite of the passover. 15 Unleavened bread.

AND the LORD spake unto Moses and Aaron in the land of 1 Egypt, saying, This month shall be unto you the beginning of 2

14 The account of the passover is put together (in Exod. chap. xii.) to connect the history of its institution with that of its observance. It is, however, evident from Exod. xii. 3, that the command for its observance was given on the tenth day of the month Nisan; and, in commemoration of this fact, the Jews were accustomed to select their victim for sacrifice four days before it was slain. By observing the arrangement of the events related in this fifth Part, we shall more clearly discern the very wonderful manner in which the wisdom of Providence impressed the Israelites with a contempt and hatred of idolatry, and directed their attention, at the same time, to their future

The eight plagues, which had now been inflicted upon the Egyptians, must have convinced the Israelites of the vanity and folly of the Egyptian idolatry, and the certainty that their God was the only true God. While the effect of these eight judgments was still powerful, the people were ordered to prepare the passover. On the very day in which the command was issued, the plague of darkness began; while the children of Israel had light in their dwellings. Amid the silence and the terror of this fearful pause, they selected their victim, and made ready their passover. Time was afforded them for reflection on the meaning of those ceremonies with which their victim was to be offered. The lamb was a propitiatory sacrifice; and its blood was to be sprinkled upon the door, that the sword of the avenging angel might be turned aside from their families. Upon this sacrifice too they feasted; and the lamb was so to be slain, and so to be eaten, that they must have been conscious that their legislator was either acting from an arbitrary and useless caprice, or that each piacular rite and ceremony must have been ordained with some specific object. They could not have suspected their great prophet, at this terrible moment, of acting with caprice; neither is it probable that they would have inquired in vain concerning the object of each ceremony. They must then have seen, through the clouds and shadows of the typical institutions, the brightness of that truth, "Christ our passover is (to be) slain for us; therefore let us keep the feast." They must have known, that, by partaking of this feast, they entered into covenant with God, and that the sacrifice itself was exclusively mystical, referring to the future Great Sacrifice, the more perfect atonement, by means of faith in which they were to be delivered from a worse bondage than even this of Egypt. Such, (and many more of the same nature) were the reflections of the Israelites during the continuance of the plague of darkness. On the morning of the fourteenth they prepare their victim for the knife: between the two evenings, that is, between the ninth and eleventh hours of the day, the very hour on which Christ died, the sacrifice is slain-the blood is sprinkled on the door post — the passover is eaten, and the Israelites, with their loins girded, their shoes on

3 months: it shall be the first month of the year to you. Speak A.C. 1491. ye unto all the congregation of Israel, saying, In the tenth day of this month they shall take to them every man a lamb, according to the house of their fathers, a lamb for an house: 4 and if the houshold be too little for the lamb, let him and his neighbour next unto his house take it according to the number of the souls; every man according to his eating shall make your count for the lamb.

Your lamb shall be without blemish, a male of the first year: 6 ye shall take it out from the sheep, or from the goats: and ye shall keep it up until the fourteenth day of the same month: and the whole assembly of the congregation of Israel shall 7 kill it in the evening. And they shall take of the blood, and strike it on the two side posts and on the upper door post of 8 the houses, wherein they shall eat it. And they shall eat the flesh in that night, roast with fire, and unleavened bread; and 9 with bitter herbs they shall eat it. Eat not of it raw, nor sodden at all with water, but roast with fire; his head with his 10 legs, and with the purtenance thereof. And ye shall let nothing of it remain until the morning; and that which remaineth of it until the morning ye shall burn with fire.

And thus shall ye eat it; with your loins girded, your shoes on your feet, and your staff in your hand; and ye shall eat it 12 in haste: it is the Lord's passover. For I will pass through the land of Egypt this night, and will smite all the firstborn in the land of Egypt, both man and beast; and against all the a gods of Egypt I will execute judgment: I am the Lord, a Or, princes.

13 And the blood shall be to you for a token upon the houses where ye are: and when I see the blood, I will pass over you, and the plague shall not be upon you b to destroy you, when b Heb. for a destruction.

I smite the land of Egypt.

And this day shall be unto you for a memorial; and ye shall keep it a feast to the Lord throughout your generations; ye 15 shall keep it a feast by an ordinance for ever. Seven days shall ye eat unleavened bread; even the first day ye shall put away leaven out of your houses: for whosoever eateth leavened bread from the first day until the seventh day, that soul 16 shall be cut off from Israel. And in the first day there shall be an holy convocation, and in the seventh day there shall be an holy convocation to you; no manner of work shall be done in them, save that which every c man must eat, that only may be c Heb. soul.

their feet, and their staff in their hand, ready for their journey, only await the signal to leave the land of Egypt. That signal is given; at midnight the firstborn are slain; and, amidst the universal distress and agony of the Egyptians, the promise to the Patriarchs is accomplished, and the Israelites leave the land of bondage, with all the calmness and solemnity of a religious procession.—Vide Cudworth's True Notion of the Lord's Supper; Abp. Magee on the Atonement, vol. i. p. 309, &c.; Witsius Œcon. fed. lib. 4. c. 9. s. 35. 58; Hales' Anal. vol. ii. p. 198; Lightfoot in loc. and vol. i. p. 707; on the two Evenings, vide (Pfeiffer Diffic. loc. SS. Cent. Prim. p. 225); for the last sentence of the note, vide Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 92; and Pfeiffer in loc. Cent. Prim. p. 229.

done of you. And ye shall observe the feast of unleavened 17 bread; for in this selfsame day have I brought your armies out of the land of Egypt: therefore shall ye observe this day in your generations by an ordinance for ever.

d Lev. xxiii.

d In the first month, on the fourteenth day of the month at 18 Num. xxviii. even, ye shall eat unleavened bread, until the one and twentieth day of the month at even. Seven days shall there be no 19 leaven found in your houses: for whosoever eateth that which is leavened, even that soul shall be cut off from the congregation of Israel, whether he be a stranger, or born in the land. Ye shall eat nothing leavened; in all your habitations 20 shall ve eat unleavened bread.

PART VI.

Conclusion of the Ten Plaques.

THE NINTH PLAGUE -THREE DAYS' DARKNESS 15.

EXODUS X. VER. 21-27.

a Heb. that one may feel dar kness.

AND the LORD said unto Moses, Stretch out thine hand 21 toward heaven, that there may be darkness over the land of Egypt, a even darkness which may be felt. And Moses 22 stretched forth his hand toward heaven; and there was a thick darkness in all the land of Egypt three days: they saw not 23 one another, neither rose any from his place for three days: b but all the children of Israel had light in their dwellings.

b Wisd. xviii

And Pharaoh called unto Moses, and said, Go ye, serve the 24 LORD; only let your flocks and your herds be stayed: let your little ones also go with you. And Moses said, Thou must 25 give us calso sacrifices and burnt offerings, that we may sacrifice unto the LORD our God. Our cattle also shall go with 26 us; there shall not an hoof be left behind; for thereof must we take to serve the LORD our God; and we know not with what we must serve the LORD, until we come thither. But 27 the LORD hardened Pharaoh's heart, and he would not let them go.

c Heb. into our hands.

THE TENTH PLAGUE-THE FIRSTBORN SLAIN 16.

The Death of the Firstborn threatened.

EXODUS XI. VER. 1-8.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Yet will I bring one plague 1 more upon Pharaoh, and upon Egypt; afterwards he will let

⁵ The ninth plague asserted the same truths. The heavenly host were the favourite objects of adoration with the Egyptians. Yet neither sun, nor moon, nor stars, could preserve them from this supernatural darkness.

¹⁶ The tenth plague was an assertion of the right of Jehovah to the firstborn. In the patriarchal dispensation, which the Egyptians had perverted, the firstborn were devoted to God; in addition to which. Moses had declared Israel to be the firstborn of Jehovah. The true God therefore demanded

you go hence: when he shall let you go, he shall surely thrust 2 you out hence altogether. Speak now in the ears of the people, and let every man borrow of his neighbour, and every woman of her neighbour, a jewels of silver, and jewels of gold. A ch. iii. 22.

3 And the Lord gave the people favour in the sight of the Egyptians. Moreover the man be Moses was very great in the land of Egypt, in the sight of Pharaoh's servants, and in the sight of the people. And Moses said, Thus saith the Lord, 5 hout midnight will I go out into the midst of Egypt: and ch. xii. 29. all the firstborn in the land of Egypt shall die, from the firstborn of Pharaoh that sitteth upon his throne, even unto the firstborn of the maidservant that is behind the mill; and all the firstborn of beasts. And there shall be a great cry throughout all the land of Egypt, such as there was none like it, nor shall be like it any more. But against any of the children of Israel shall not a dog move his tongue, against man or beast:

that ye may know how that the LORD doth put a difference s between the Egyptians and Israel. And all these thy servants shall come down unto me, and bow down themselves unto me, saying, Get thee out, and all the people that follow thee: and after that I will go out. And he went out from Pharaoh in a great anger.

17 EXODUS X. VER. 28, 29.

And Pharaoh said unto him, Get thee from me, take heed to thyself, see my face no more; for in *that* day thou seest my face thou shalt die. And Moses said, Thou hast spoken well, I will see thy face again no more.

EXODUS XI. VER. 9, 10.

9 And the Lord said unto Moses, Pharaoh shall not hearken unto you; that my wonders may be multiplied in the land of 10 Egypt. And Moses and Aaron did all these wonders before Pharaoh: and the Lord hardened Pharaoh's heart, so that he would not let the children of Israel go out of his land.

The Passover eaten.

EXODUS XII. VER. 21-28.

Then Moses called for all the elders of Israel, and said unto

those of the children of the Egyptians who ought to have been dedicated to his service. He destroyed them in a moment, at midnight. The Israelites were saved, by eating the god whom the Egyptians worshipped. The terrors of that moment have never been equalled by any scene of distress which has since been recorded in history. It was the custom of the Egyptians to rush from the house into the street, to bewail the dead with loud and bitter outcries; and every member of the family united in the expression of sorrow: what must the scene have been, when, at midnight, the Lord smote all the firstborn of the land of Egypt, from the firstborn of Pharaoh on the throne, to the firstborn of the captive in the dungeon: when the king, and his servants, and all the people, rose up in the night: and "there was a great cry in Egypt; for there was not a house where there was not one dead!"

—Bryant on the Plagues, &c.; Bishop Gleig's Dissertation, in Stackhouse, vol. i. p. 472; Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 186—199.

17 These two verses are inserted here on the authority of Dr. Hales, (Anal. vol. ii. p. 197.) the

rest of the arrangement of this Part is made on the authority of Lightfoot.

a Or, kid.

A.C. 1491. them, Draw out and take you a a lamb according to your families, and kill the passover. b And ye shall take a bunch of 22 b Heb. xi. 28. hyssop, and dip it in the blood that is in the bason, and strike the lintel and the two side posts with the blood that is in the bason; and none of you shall go out at the door of his house until the morning. For the LORD will pass through to smite 23 the Egyptians; and when he seeth the blood upon the lintel, and on the two side posts, the LORD will pass over the door, and will not suffer the destroyer to come in unto your houses to smite you. And ye shall observe this thing for an ordinance 24 to thee and to thy sons for ever. And it shall come to pass, 25 when ye be come to the land which the LORD will give you, according as he hath promised, that ye shall keep this service. c Josh iv. 6. c And it shall come to pass, when your children shall say unto 26

you, What mean ye by this service? that ye shall say, It is the 27 sacrifice of the Lord's passover, who passed over the houses of the children of Israel in Egypt, when he smote the Egyptians, and delivered our houses. And the people bowed the head and worshipped. And the children of Israel went away, and 28 did as the LORD had commanded Moses and Aaron, so did they.

The Firstborn slain.

EXODUS XII. VER. 29, 30.

a ch. xi. 5. Wisd. xviii.

And it came to pass, that at midnight athe Lord smote all 29 the firstborn in the land of Egypt, from the firstborn of Pharaoh that sat on his throne unto the firstborn of the captive that was in the bdungcon; and all the firstborn of cattle. And Pharaoh 30 rose up in the night, he, and all his servants, and all the Egyptians; and there was a great cry in Egypt; for there was not a house where there was not one dead.

b Heb. house of the pit.

PART VII.

The Exodus.

EXODUS XII. VER. 31-36.

And he called for Moses and Aaron by night, and said, 31 Rise up, and get you forth from among my people, both ye and the children of Israel; and go, serve the LORD, as ye have said. Also take your flocks and your herds, as ye have said, 32 and be gone: and bless me also. And the Egyptians were 33 urgent upon the people, that they might send them out of the land in haste; for they said, We be all dead men. And the 34 people took their dough before it was leavened, their a kneading troughs being bound up in their clothes upon their shoulders. And the children of Israel did according to the 35 word of Moses; and they borrowed of the Egyptians b jewels of silver, and jewels of gold, and raiment. And the LORD 36

a Or, dough.

b ch. iii. 22. & xi. 2.

gave the people favour in the sight of the Egyptians, so that A.C. 1491. they lent unto them such things as they required. And they spoiled the Egyptians.

EXODUS XII. VER. 40, 41, 42.

Now the sojourning of the children of Israel, who dwelt in 41 Egypt, was continuous four hundred and thirty years. And it came to community pears at the end of the four hundred and thirty years, even the Acts vii. 6. Gal. iii. 17.

selfsame day it came to pass, that all the hosts of the Lord 42 went out from the land of Egypt. It is d a night to be much d Heb. a observed unto the Lord for bringing them out from the land servations. of Egypt: this is that night of the Lord to be observed of all the children of Israel in their generations.

PART VIII.

The Wandering in the Wilderness.

The first Journey-From Rameses to Succoth.

¹⁸ NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 1—5.

Two and forty journeys of the Israelites.

THESE are the journeys of the children of Israel, which went forth out of the land of Egypt with their armies under the hand 2 of Moses and Aaron. And Moses wrote their goings out according to their journeys by the commandment of the Lord: and these are their journeys according to their goings out.

3 And they a departed from Rameses in the first month, on the a Ex. xii. 37. fifteenth day of the first month; on the morrow after the pass-

over the children of Israel went out with an high hand in the 4 sight of all the Egyptians. For the Egyptians buried all their firstborn, which the Lord had smitten among them: upon

5 their gods also the Lord executed judgments. And the children of Israel removed from Rameses, and pitched in Succoth.

EXODUS XII. VER. 37, 38, 39.

37 And b the children of Israel journeyed from Rameses to b Num. Succoth, about six hundred thousand on foot that were men, 38 beside children. And c a mixed multitude went up also with c Heb. a great mixed them; and flocks, and herds, even very much cattle. And they lure. baked unleavened cakes of the dough which they brought forth

¹⁸ For the sake of greater clearness, the wanderings of the Israelites in the wilderness are arranged according to the itinerary of Moses, (Num. xxxiii.) in forty-two journeyings. The Israelites might have entered Canaan within the space of forty days, instead of forty years. They were, however, commanded to wander in the wilderness during that length of time for the wisest purposes. They were by this means gradually inured to war, and prepared for obtaining possession of the promised land—they were not in so much danger of relapsing into idolatry—the old generation, which had been corrupted by Egyptian superstition would have died away—and the rising generation, supported by continued miracles, would be trained up in obedience to the God of their fathers.—Burnet's Boyle's Lecture, vol. ii. p. 193.

out of Egypt, for it was not leavened; because they were thrust out of Egypt, and could not tarry, neither had they prepared for themselves any victual.

EXODUS XII. VER. 43, TO THE END.

The Command for observing the Passover is renewed.

And the LORD said unto Moses and Aaron, This is the 43

ordinance of the passover: there shall no stranger eat thereof: but every man's servant that is bought for money, when thou 44 hast circumcised him, then shall he eat thereof. A foreigner 45 and an hired servant shall not eat thereof. In one house shall 46 it be eaten; thou shalt not carry forth ought of the flesh abroad d Num.ix.12. out of the house; d neither shall ye break a bone thereof. All 47 John xix.36. e Heb. do it. the congregation of Israel shall e keep it. And when a stranger 48 shall sojourn with thee, and will keep the passover to the Lord, let all his males be circumcised, and then let him come near and keep it; and he shall be as one that is born in the land: for no uncircumcised person shall eat thereof. One law shall 49 be to him that is homeborn, and unto the stranger that Thus did all the children of Israel; 50 sojourneth among you. as the LORD commanded Moses and Aaron, so did they. And it came to pass the selfsame day, that the LORD did 51 bring the children of Israel out of the land of Egypt by their

EXODUS XIII. VER. 1-19.

1 The firstborn are sanctified to God. 3 The memorial of the passover is commanded.
11 The firstlings of beasts are set apart. 17 The Israelites go out of Egypt, and carry Joseph's bones with them.

f ch. xxii. 29. & xxxiv. 19. Lev. xxvii. 26. Num. iii. 13. & viii. 16. Luke ii. 23. g Heb. servants.

armies.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, ^f Sanctify unto 1, 2 me all the firstborn, whatsoever openeth the womb among the children of Israel, *both* of man and of beast: it *is* mine.

And Moses said unto the people, Remember this day, in 3 which ye came out from Egypt, out of the house of g bondage; for by strength of hand the LORD brought you out from this place: there shall no leavened bread be eaten. This day came 4 ye out in the month Abib.

And it shall be when the LORD shall bring thee into the 5 land of the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Amorites, and the Hivites, and the Jebusites, which he sware unto thy fathers to give thee, a land flowing with milk and honey, that thou shalt keep this service in this month. Seven days thou shalt 6 eat unleavened bread, and in the seventh day shall be a feast to the LORD. Unleavened bread shall be eaten seven days; 7 and there shall no leavened bread be seen with thee, neither shall there be leaven seen with thee in all thy quarters.

And thou shalt shew thy son in that day, saying, This is a done because of that which the LORD did unto me when I came

9 forth out of Egypt. And it shall be for a sign unto thee upon A.C. 1491. thine hand, and for a memorial between thine eyes, that the LORD's law may be in thy mouth: for with a strong hand hath 10 the Lord brought thee out of Egypt. Thou shalt therefore keep this ordinance in his season from year to year.

And it shall be when the LORD shall bring thee into the land of the Canaanites, as he sware unto thee and to thy fathers,

12 and shall give it thee, h that thou shalt i set apart unto the Lord h ch. xxii. 29.
all that openeth the matrix, and every firstling that cometh of & xxxiv. 19.
Ezek. xliv. 13 a beast which thou hast; the males shall be the LORD's. And 30. i Heb. cause every firstling of an ass thou shalt redeem with a k lamb; and to pass over. if thou wilt not redeem it, then thou shalt break his neck: and all the firstborn of man among thy children shalt thou redeem.

And it shall be when thy son asketh thee 1 in time to come, 1 Heb. to saying, What is this? that thou shalt say unto him, By strength morrow. of hand the Lord brought us out from Egypt, from the house 15 of bondage: and it came to pass, when Pharaoh would hardly let us go, that the Lord slew all the firstborn in the land of Egypt, both the firstborn of man, and the firstborn of beast: therefore I sacrifice to the LORD all that openeth the matrix, being males; but all the firstborn of my children I redeem. 16 And it shall be for a token upon thine hand, and for frontlets between thine eyes: for by strength of hand the Lord brought

us forth out of Egypt. And it came to pass, when Pharaoh had let the people go, that God led them not through the way of the land of the Philistines, although that was near; for God said, Lest peradventure the people repent when they see war, and they return to. 18 Egypt: but God led the people about, through the way of the

wilderness of the Red sea: and the children of Israel went up 19 m harnessed out of the land of Egypt. And Moses took the mor, by five bones of Joseph with him: for he had straitly sworn the children in a rank. of Israel, saying, n God will surely visit you; and ye shall carry n Gen. 1. 25. up my bones away hence with you.

The second Journey—From Succoth to Etham.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 6.

And they departed from a Succoth, and pitched in Etham, a Ex. xiii. 20. which is in the edge of the wilderness.

EXODUS XIII. VER. 20, TO THE END.

And they took their journey from Succoth, and encamped 21 in Etham, in the edge of the wilderness. And b the Lord 14. Deut. i. went before them by day in a pillar of a cloud, to lead them 33. Neh. ix. 19. the way; and by night in a pillar of fire, to give them light; Ps. lxxviii. 22 to go by day and night: he took not away the pillar of the 14.1 Cor. x.

A.C. 1491. cloud by day, nor the pillar of fire by night, from before the people.

a Num. xxxiii. 7. The third Journey—From Etham to Pi-hahiroth.

Pharaoh's Army approaches.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 7.

And they removed from Etham, and turned again unto Pi- 7 hahiroth, which is before Baal-zephon: and they pitched before Migdol.

EXODUS XIV. VER. 1-18.

God instructeth the Israelites in their journey.
 Pharaoh pursueth after them.
 The Israelites murmur.
 Moses comforteth them.
 God instructeth Moses.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 1, 2 children of Israel, that they turn and encamp before a Pi-hahiroth, between Migdol and the sea, over against Baal-zephon: before it shall ye encamp by the sea. For Pharaoh will say 3 of the children of Israel, They are entangled in the land, the wilderness hath shut them in. And I will harden Pharaoh's 4 heart, that he shall follow after them; and I will be honoured upon Pharaoh, and upon all his host; that the Egyptians may know that I am the Lord. And they did so.

And it was told the king of Egypt that the people fled: and 5 the heart of Pharaoh and of his servants was turned against the people, and they said, Why have we done this, that we have let Israel go from serving us? And he made ready his 6 chariot, and took his people with him 19: And he took six hun-7

19 Idolatry, in its grossest and most odious forms, had not been long established in Egypt prior to the time of the Exodus. The Egyptians, that is, the ancient Misraim, who received the people with great kindness, and whom the Israelites were therefore directed to consider with esteem and gratitude, do not appear to have been idolaters of this description in the time of Joseph. It is not improbable that the preaching of Abraham might have had great effect, and preserved the Misraim from the surrounding contagion. They were, for a long time, patriarchal Monotheists. The wonderful miracles wrought among them by Moses, the destruction of their army and their sovereign in the Red Sea, and the final expulsion, by the native Misraim, of the shepherd kings who had introduced idolatry, contributed, in spite of the absurdities which characterized the superstitions of Egypt, to perpetuate those juster notions of a Deity, which are collected by Cudworth, in his INTELLECTUAL SYSTEM, and alluded to by Witsius (Ægyptiaca, lib. i. c. 2, 3, 4, &c.) The oppressors of the Israelites were not the native Misraim, but the shepherd kings; the history of whom has given rise to so much discussion. The following brief outline of that history will illustrate the part of the sacred narrative which we are now considering.

The Hursos, or shepherd kings, originally settled, after the dispersion from Babel, near the Indian Caucasus; from whence they descended to Babylonia. About the time of the death of Serug, they left their settlements in that province; and, proceeding round the Arabian desert, invaded Canaan from the north. There they left colonies, which, in subsequent ages, were known as the maritime Phoenicians, the Rephaim, the Perizzim, &c. At length they invaded Egypt, where they made Avaris, or Goshen, their chief residence. This event took place six years before the birth of Abraham. Abimelech is supposed to have been a feudatory chief of this race: after the conference with Abraham, he returned to Avaris. The shepherd kings were expelled from Egypt by the native Misraim, about fifteen years before Joseph was sold into Egypt; and the province of Goshen, which was thus left vacant, was assigned to the family of Jacob, in the second year of the famine. So did the providence of God render the contests of nations, and the ambition of their princes, subservient to the welfare of the visible Church.

The shepherd kings, however, were not to be diverted from their designs. About thirty-seven

dred chosen chariots, and all the chariots of Egypt, and cap-A.C. 1491. 8 tains over every one of them. And the LORD hardened the heart of Pharaoh king of Egypt, and he pursued after the children of Israel: and the children of Israel went out with an

9 high hand. But the b Egyptians pursued after them, all the b Josh. xxiv. horses and chariots of Pharaoh, and his horsemen, and his 6.1 Macc. army, and overtook them encamping by the sea, beside Pi-

hahiroth, before Baal-zephon.

And when Pharaoh drew nigh, the children of Israel lifted up their eyes, and, behold, the Egyptians marched after them; and they were sore afraid: and the children of Israel cried out 11 unto the LORD. And they said unto Moses, Because there were no graves in Egypt, hast thou taken us away to die in the wilderness? wherefore hast thou dealt thus with us, to carry

12 us forth out of Egypt? c Is not this the word that we did tell c ch. vi. 9. thee in Egypt, saying, Let us alone, that we may serve the Egyptians? For it had been better for us to serve the Egyptians, than that we should die in the wilderness?

13 And Moses said unto the people, Fear ye not, stand still, and see the salvation of the LORD, which he will shew to you to day: d for the Egyptians whom ye have seen to day, ye d Or, for whereas ye taken again no more for ever. The Lord shall fight have seen the Egyptians to

for you, and ye shall hold your peace.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Wherefore criest thou unto me? speak unto the children of Israel, that they go forward: 16 but lift thou up thy rod, and stretch out thine hand over the sea, and divide it: and the children of Israel shall go on dry 17 ground through the midst of the sea. And I, behold, I will harden the hearts of the Egyptians, and they shall follow them: and I will get me honour upon Pharaoh, and upon all his host, 18 upon his chariots, and upon his horsemen. And the Egyptians shall know that I am the LORD, when I have gotten me honour upon Pharaoh, upon his chariots, and upon his horsemen.

Journey the fourth—From Pi-hahiroth, through the Red Sea, and the Wilderness of Etham or Shur, to Marah.

Passage of the Red Sea.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 8.

And they departed from before Pi-hahiroth, and a passed a Ex. xv. 22. through the midst of the sea into the wilderness, and went

years after the death of Joseph, they again invade Egypt, and reduce at once to servitude the native Misraim, and the Israelites. They establish idolatry in its most odious forms; build the pyramids; destroy the infants of the Israelites; and, after enduring the ten plagues before they release their slaves from bondage, they are overwhelmed in the Red Sea; a terrible monument, to their kindred in Palestine, of the power of the God of Israel. So much were they weakened by this calamity, that the remainder were soon expelled by the native Misraim; and, under the guidance of Cadmus, Danaus, Cecrops, and others, retired to Greece, Phonicia, Colchis, and other places. - See Faber's Origin of Idolatry, book vi. chap. 5. "On the Shepherd Kings of Egypt."

A.C. 1491. three days' journey in the wilderness of Etham, and pitched in Marah.

EXODUS XIV. VER. 19, TO THE END.

And the angel of God, which went before the camp of 19 Israel, removed and went behind them; and the pillar of the cloud went from before their face, and stood behind them: and 20 it came between the camp of the Egyptians and the camp of Israel; and it was a cloud and darkness to them, but it gave light by night to these: so that the one came not near the other all the night. And Moses stretched out his hand over the sea; 21 and the LORD caused the sea to go back by a strong east wind all that night, and made the sea dry land, and the waters were b Josh iv. 23. b divided. And c the children of Israel went into the midst of 22 c Ps. lxxviii. the sea upon the dry ground: and the waters were a wall unto Heb. xi. 29. them on their right hand, and on their left.

Ps. cxiv. 3.

And the Egyptians pursued, and went in after them to the 23 midst of the sea, even all Pharaoh's horses, his chariots, and his horsemen. And it came to pass, that in the morning watch the 24 Lord looked unto the host of the Egyptians through the pillar of fire and of the cloud, and troubled the host of the Egyptians, and took off their chariot wheels, d that they drave them hea- 25 vily: so that the Egyptians said, Let us flee from the face of Israel; for the Lord fighteth for them against the Egyptians.

d Or, and made them to go heavily.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Stretch out thine hand over 26 the sea, that the waters may come again upon the Egyptians, upon their chariots, and upon their horsemen. And Moses 27 stretched forth his hand over the sea, and the sea returned to his strength when the morning appeared; and the Egyptians e Heb. shook fled against it; and the LORD e overthrew the Egyptians in f Ps. cvi. 11. the midst of the sea. And the waters returned, and f covered 28 the chariots, and the horsemen, and all the host of Pharaoh that came into the sea after them; there remained not so much as one of them. But the children of Israel walked upon dry land 29 in the midst of the sea; and the waters were a wall unto them on their right hand, and on their left. Thus the LORD saved 30 Israel that day out of the hand of the Egyptians; and Israel saw the Egyptians dead upon the sea shore. And Israel saw 31 g Heb. hand. that great g work which the LORD did upon the Egyptians: and the people feared the LORD, and believed the LORD, and his servant Moses.

EXODUS XV. VER. 1-21.

Moses' Song.

Then sang h Moses and the children of Israel this song unto 1 h Wisd. x. 20. the Lord, and spake, saying,

I will sing unto the LORD, for he hath triumphed gloriously: the horse and his rider hath he thrown into the sea.

i Or, repos-

- The Lord is my strength and song, and he is become my A.C. 1491. salvation: he is my God, and I will prepare him an habitation; my father's God, and I will exalt him.
- 3 The LORD is a man of war: the LORD is his name.
- 4 Pharaoh's chariots and his host hath he cast into the sea: his chosen captains also are drowned in the Red sea.
- 5 The depths have covered them: they sank into the bottom as a stone.
- 6 Thy right hand, O Lord, is become glorious in power: thy right hand, O Lord, hath dashed in pieces the enemy.
- 7 And in the greatness of thine excellency thou hast overthrown them that rose up against thee: thou sentest forth thy wrath, which consumed them as stubble.
- 8 And with the blast of thy nostrils the waters were gathered together, the floods stood upright as an heap, and the depths were congealed in the heart of the sea.
- 9 The enemy said, I will pursue, I will overtake, I will divide the spoil; my lust shall be satisfied upon them; I will draw my sword, my hand shall i destroy them.

Thou didst blow with thy wind, the sea covered them: they sess. sank as lead in the mighty waters.

Who is like unto thee, O LORD, among the k gods? who k Or, mighty is like thee, glorious in holiness, fearful in praises, doing wonders?

- 12 Thou stretchedst out thy right hand, the earth swallowed them.
- 13 Thou in thy mercy hast led forth the people which thou hast redeemed: thou hast guided them in thy strength unto thy holy habitation.
- 14 The people shall hear, and be afraid: sorrow shall take hold 1 Deut. ii. 25. on the inhabitants of Palestina.

 Josh. ii. 9, 10.
- 15 Then the dukes of Edom shall be amazed; the mighty men of Moab, trembling shall take hold upon them; all the inhabitants of Canaan shall melt away.
- of thine arm they shall be as still as a stone; till thy people 25. Josh. ii. 9. pass over, O Lord, till the people pass over, which thou hast purchased.
- Thou shalt bring them in, and plant them in the mountain of thine inheritance, in the place, O Lord, which thou hast made for thee to dwell in, in the Sanctuary, O Lord, which thy hands have established.
- 18 The Lord shall reign for ever and ever.
- 19 For the horse of Pharaoh went in with his chariots and with his horsemen into the sea, and the Lord brought again the waters of the sea upon them; but the children of Israel went on dry land in the midst of the sea.
- 20 And Miriam the prophetess, the sister of Auron, took a

A.C. 1491. timbrel in her hand; and all the women went out after her with timbrels and with dances. And Miriam answered them, 21 Sing ye to the LORD, for he hath triumphed gloriously; the horse and his rider hath he thrown into the sea.

Murmuring at Marah.

EXODUS XV. VER. 22-26.

So Moses brought Israel from the Red sea, and they went 22 out into the wilderness of Shur; and they went three days in the wilderness, and found no water.

a That is, Bitterness. b Ecclus. xxxviii. 5. And when they came to Marah, they could not drink of the 23 waters of Marah, for they were bitter: therefore the name of it was called a Marah. And the people murmured against 24 Moses, saying, What shall we drink? And he cried unto 25 the Lord; and the Lord shewed him a b tree, which when he had cast into the waters, the waters were made sweet: there he made for them a statute and an ordinance, and there he proved them, and said, If thou wilt diligently hearken to 26 the voice of the Lord thy God, and wilt do that which is right in his sight, and wilt give ear to his commandments, and keep all his statutes, I will put none of these diseases upon thee, which I have brought upon the Egyptians: for I am the Lord that healeth thee.

The fifth Journey—From Marah to Elim.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 9.

a Ex. xv. 27. And they removed from Marah, and a came unto Elim: and 9 in Elim were twelve fountains of water, and threescore and ten palm trees; and they pitched there.

EXODUS XV. VER. 27.

b Num. xxxiii. 9. ^b And they came to Elim, where were twelve wells of water, 27 and threescore and ten palm trees: and they encamped there by the waters.

The sixth Journey-From Elim to the Encampment by the Red Sea.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 10.

And they removed from Elim, and encamped by the Red 10 sea.

The seventh Journey—To the Wilderness of Sin.

The people murmur for Bread.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 11.

And they removed from the Red sea, and encamped in the 11 a Ex. xvi. 1. a wilderness of Sin.

EXODUS XVI.

And they took their journey from Elim, and all the congre- A.C. 1491. gation of the children of Israel came unto the wilderness of Sin, which is between Elim and Sinai, on the fifteenth day of the second month after their departing out of the land of Egypt. 2 And the whole congregation of the children of Israel murmured 3 against Moses and Aaron in the wilderness: And the children of Israel said unto them, Would to God we had died by the hand of the Lord in the land of Egypt, when we sat by the flesh pots, and when we did eat bread to the full; for ye have brought us forth into this wilderness, to kill this whole assembly with hunger.

Then said the Lord unto Moses, Behold, I will rain bread from heaven for you; and the people shall go out and gather ba certain rate every day, that I may prove them, whether they b Heb. the 5 will walk in my law, or no. And it shall come to pass, that on day in his

the sixth day they shall prepare that which they bring in; and day. 6 it shall be twice as much as they gather daily. And Moses

and Aaron said unto all the children of Israel, At even, then ve shall know that the Lord hath brought you out from the land 7 of Egypt: and in the morning, then ye shall see the glory of the LORD; for that he heareth your murmurings against the LORD:

s and what are we, that ye murmur against us? And Moses said, This shall be, when the Lord shall give you in the evening flesh to eat, and in the morning bread to the full; for that the Lord heareth your murmurings which ye murmur against him: and what are we? your murmurings are not against us.

but against the Lord.

And Moses spake unto Aaron, Say unto all the congregation of the children of Israel, Come near before the Lord: for he 10 hath heard your murmurings. And it came to pass, as Aaron spake unto the whole congregation of the children of Israel, that they looked toward the wilderness, and, behold, the glory of the Lord cappeared in the cloud.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, I have heard the murmurings of the children of Israel: speak unto them, saying, At even ye shall eat flesh, and in the morning ye shall be filled with bread; and ye shall know that I am the LORD

13 your God. And it came to pass, that at even d the quails d Num. xi. came up, and covered the camp: and in the morning the dew

14 lay round about the host. And when e the dew that lay was e Num. xi. 7. Ps. lxxviii. gone up, behold, upon the face of the wilderness there lay a 24. Wisd.xvi. 20. small round thing, as small as the hoar frost on the ground.

15 And when the children of Israel saw it, they said one to another, f It is manna: for they wist not what it was.

Moses said unto them, g This is the bread which the Lord a portion.

g John vi. 31.
1 Cor. x. 3. another, f It is manna: for they wist not what it was. And f Or, What is this f or, it is

c ch. xiii. 21,

This is the thing which the LORD hath commanded, Gather 16 of it every man according to his eating, an homer i for every i Heb. by the man, according to the number of your k persons; take ye every k Heb. souls. man for them which are in his tents. And the children of 17 Israel did so, and gathered, some more, some less. And when 18 they did mete it with an omer, he that gathered much had nothing over, and he that gathered little had no lack; they gathered every man according to his eating. And Moses said, 19 Let no man leave of it till the morning. Notwithstanding they 20 hearkened not unto Moses; but some of them left of it until the morning, and it bred worms, and stank: and Moses was wroth with them. And they gathered it every morning, every man ac-21 cording to his eating: and when the sun waxed hot, it melted.

> And it came to pass, that on the sixth day they gathered 22 twice as much bread, two omers for one man: and all the rulers of the congregation came and told Moses. And he said unto 23 them, This is that which the Lord hath said, To morrow is the rest of the holy sabbath unto the Lord: bake that which ye will bake to day, and see the that ye will see the; and that which remaineth over lay up for you to be kept until the morning. And they laid it up till the morning, as Moses bade: 24 and it did not stink, neither was there any worm therein. And 25 Moses said, Eat that to day; for to day is a sabbath unto the LORD: to day ye shall not find it in the field. Six days ye 26 shall gather it; but on the seventh day, which is the sabbath, in it there shall be none.

> And it came to pass, that there went out some of the people 27 on the seventh day for to gather, and they found none. And 28 the Lord said unto Moses, How long refuse ye to keep my commandments and my laws? See, for that the LORD hath 29 given you the sabbath, therefore he giveth you on the sixth day the bread of two days: abide ye every man in his place, let no man go out of his place on the seventh day. So the 30 people rested on the seventh day. And the house of Israel 31 called the name thereof Manna: and it was like coriander seed, white; and the taste of it was like wafers made with honey.

And Moses said, This is the thing which the LORD com- 32 mandeth, Fill an omer of it to be kept for your generations; that they may see the bread wherewith I have fed you in the wilderness, when I brought you forth from the land of Egypt. And Moses said unto Aaron, Take a pot, and put an omer full 33 of manna therein, and lay it up before the LORD, to be kept for your generations. As the LORD commanded Moses, so 34 Aaron laid it up before the Testimony, to be kept. And the 35 m Josh v. 12. children of Israel did eat manna m forty years, until they came to a land inhabited; they did eat manna, until they came unto the borders of the land of Canaan. Now an omer is the tenth 36 part of an ephah.

Neh. ix, 15.

The eighth Journey—From Sin to Dophkah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 12.

And they took their journey out of the wilderness of Sin, A.C. 1491. and encamped in Dophkah.

The ninth Journey—From Dophkah to Alush.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 13.

And they departed from Dophkah, and encamped in Alush. 13

The tenth Journey—From Alush to Rephidim.

The people murmur for Water; War with Amalek.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 14.

And they removed from Alush, and encamped at a Rephi- a Ex. avii. 1. dim, where was no water for the people to drink.

EXODUS XVII.

And all the congregation of the children of Israel journeved from the wilderness of Sin, after their journeys, according to the commandment of the Lord, and pitched in Rephi-2 dim: and there was no water for the people to drink. Where-

fore the people did chide with Moses, and said, Give us water that we may drink. And Moses said unto them, Why chide 3 ye with me? wherefore do ye tempt the Lord? And the people thirsted there for water; and the people murmured against Moses, and said, Wherefore is this that thou hast brought us up out of Egypt, to kill us and our children and 4 our cattle with thirst? And Moses cried unto the LORD, saying, What shall I do unto this people? they be almost ready 5 to stone me. And the LORD said unto Moses, Go on before the people, and take with thee of the elders of Israel; and thy rod, wherewith b thou smotest the river, take in thine hand, b ch. vii. 20. 6 and go. c Behold, I will stand before thee there upon the c Num. xx. rock in Horeb; and thou shalt smite the rock, and there shall Ps. lxxyiii. come water out of it, that the people may drink. And Moses 41. 15, 20, & cv. 7 did so in the sight of the elders of Israel. And he called the Wisd. xi. 4. name of the place d Massah, and Meribah, because of the d That is, chiding of the children of Israel, and because they tempted the e That is, LORD, saying, Is the LORD among us, or not? f Then came Amalek, and fought with Israel in Rephidim. f Deut. xxv. 17. Wisd. xi.

Moses had said to him, and fought with Amalek: and Moses, 11 Aaron, and Hur went up to the top of the hill. And it came to pass, when Moses held up his hand, that Israel prevailed: VOL. I.

9 And Moses said unto g Joshua, Choose us out men, and go 3.
out, fight with Amalek: to morrow I will stand on the top of g Called Je.

10 the hill with the rod of God in mine hand. So Joshua did as 45.

A.C. 1491. and when he let down his hand, Amalek prevailed. But 12 Moses' hands were heavy; and they took a stone, and put it under him, and he sat thereon; and Aaron and Hur stayed up his hands, the one on the one side, and the other on the other side; and his hands were steady until the going down of the And Joshua discomfited Amalek and his people with the 13 edge of the sword. And the LORD said unto Moses, Write 14 this for a memorial in a book, and rehearse it in the ears of h Num. xxiv. Joshua: for h I will utterly put out the remembrance of Amalek 20. 1 Sam. xv. from under heaven. And Moses built an altar, and called the 15 i That is. The name of it 1 Jehovah-nissi: for he said, k Because 1 the Lord 16 LORD my vanner. k Or, Because hath sworn that the LORD will have war with Amalek from generation to generation.

the hand of Amalek is against the throne of the LORD, therefore, &c, 1 Heb. the hand upon the throne of the LORD.

The eleventh Journey—From Rephidim to Sinai.

Giving of the Law.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 15.

m Ex. xix. 1 And they departed from Rephidim, and pitched in the m wil- 15 derness of Sinai.

EXODUS XIX.

1 The people come to Sinai. 3 God's message by Moses unto the people out of the mount. 8 The people's answer returned again. 10 The people are prepared against the third day. 12 The mountain must not be touched. 16 The fearful presence of God upon the mount.

In the third month, when the children of Israel were gone 1 forth out of the land of Egypt, the same day came they into the wilderness of Sinai. For they were departed from Rephidim, and were come to the desert of Sinai, and had pitched in the wilderness; and there Israel camped before the mount.

*Acts vii. 38. And *Moses went up unto God, and the LORD called unto 3

him out of the mountain, saying, Thus shalt thou say to the b Dout. xxix. house of Jacob, and tell the children of Israel; b Ye have seen 4

what I did unto the Egyptians, and how I bare you on eagles' c Dout. v. 2. wings, and brought you unto myself. Now c therefore, if ye 5 will obey my voice indeed, and keep my covenant, then ye

d Deut. x. 14. shall be a peculiar treasure unto me above all people: for dall Ps. xxiv. 1.
1 Pet. ii. 9. the earth is mine: and ye shall be unto me a kingdom of 6 priests, and an holy nation. These are the words which thou shalt speak unto the children of Israel.

And Moses came and called for the elders of the people, and 7 laid before their faces all these words which the Lord comech. xxiv. 3. manded him. And call the people answered together, and said, 8 7. Deut. v. 27. All that the Lord hath spoken we will do. And Moses returned the words of the people unto the Lord. And the 9 Lord said unto Moses, Lo, I come unto thee in a thick cloud, that the people may hear when I speak with thee, and believe

thee for ever. And Moses told the words of the people unto A.C. 1491. the Lord.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Go unto the people, and sanctify them to day and to morrow, and let them wash their 11 clothes, and be ready against the third day: for the third day the LORD will come down in the sight of all the people upon 12 mount Sinai. And thou shalt set bounds unto the people round about, saying, take heed to yourselves, that ye go not up into the mount, or touch the border of it: 1 whosoever toucheth f Heb. xii. 20.

13 the mount shall be surely put to death: there shall not an hand touch it, but he shall surely be stoned, or shot through; whether it be beast or man, it shall not live: when the g trumpet g Or, cornet. soundeth long, they shall come up to the mount.

And Moses went down from the mount unto the people, and sanctified the people; and they washed their clothes 20. 15 And he said unto the people, Be ready against the third day:

come not at your wives.

And it came to pass on the third day in the morning, that there were thunders and lightnings, and a thick cloud upon the mount, and the voice of the trumpet exceeding loud; so that 17 all the people that was in the camp trembled. And Moses brought forth the people out of the camp to meet with God; 18 and they stood at the nether part of the mount. And h mount h Deut. iv. 11. Sinai was altogether on a smoke, because the LORD descended

upon it in fire: and the smoke thereof ascended as the smoke 19 of a furnace, and the whole mount quaked greatly. And when the voice of the trumpet sounded long, and waxed louder and 20 louder, Moses spake, and God answered him by a voice. And the LORD came down upon mount Sinai, on the top of the mount: and the LORD called Moses up to the top of the

21 mount; and Moses went up. And the Lord said unto Moses, Go down, i charge the people, lest they break through unto i Heb. con-22 the LORD to gaze, and many of them perish. And let the

priests also, which come near to the Lord, sanctify themselves, 23 lest the Lord break forth upon them. And Moses said unto the Lord, The people cannot come up to mount Sinai: for thou chargedst us, saying, Set bounds about the mount, and 24 sanctify it. And the LORD said unto him, Away, get thee down, and thou shalt come up, thou, and Aaron with thee: but

let not the priests and the people break through to come up 25 unto the LORD, lest he break forth upon them. So Moses went down unto the people, and spake unto them.

²⁰ The glory of the Angel Jehovah, which was now seen, was the same as that in which he had frequently appeared: and it is by no means improbable (as his future appearance at the close of the present dispensation is uniformly described, as a manifestation of himself in a human form,) that he will again come in the same Shechinah, the glory of the Lord, as when he was then seen by the elders of Israel.—Vide Mede's 15th Epistle, (Works, b. 4. p. 762.) on the great day of judgment.—Scott's Christian Life, 9th edit. folio, p. 526. Lowman on the Shechinah.

Promulgation of the Moral Law.

EXODUS XX.

1 The ten commandments. 18 The people are afraid. 20 Moses comforteth them.
22 Idolatry is forbidden. 24 Of what sort the altar should be.

22 Idolatry is forbidden. 24 Of what sort the altar should be.	
the land of Egypt, out of the house of bondage.	1 2
	3
^c Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any	4
likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the	
LORD thy God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the	
of them that hate me; and shewing mercy unto thousands of	6
them that love me, and keep my commandments.	
	7
name in vain.	
Remember the sabbath day, to keep it holy. ^e Six days 8,	9
shalt thou labour, and do all thy work: But the seventh day is	0
work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy manservant, nor	
	. 1
	ı 2
	13
Thou shalt not commit adultery.	14
	15
Thou shalt not bear false witness against thy neighbour.	16
And k all the people saw the thunderings, and the lightnings,	18
	*I am the Lord thy God, which have brought thee out of the land of Egypt, out of the house of b bondage. Thou shalt have no other gods before me. *Thou shalt not make unto thee any graven image, or any likeness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth beneath, or that is in the water under the earth: Thou shalt not bow down thyself to them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children unto the third and fourth generation of them that hate me; and shewing mercy unto thousands of them that love me, and keep my commandments. *Thou shalt not take the name of the Lord thy God in vain; for the Lord will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name in vain. Remember the sabbath day, to keep it holy. *Six days s, shalt thou labour, and do all thy work: But the seventh day is the sabbath of the Lord thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, thy manservant, nor thy maidservant, nor thy cattle, nor thy stranger that is within thy gates: for fin six days the Lord made heaven and earth, the sea, and all that in them is, and rested the seventh day: wherefore the Lord blessed the sabbath day, and hallowed it. *Honour thy father and thy mother, that thy days may be long upon the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee. *Thou shalt not commit adultery. Thou shalt not commit adultery. Thou shalt not tot the the missing that is thy neighbour's house, thou shalt not covet thy neighbour's wife, nor his manservant, nor his maidservant, nor his ox, nor his ass, nor any thing that is thy neighbour's.

and the noise of the trumpet, and the mountain smoking: and when the people saw it, they removed, and stood afar off. And 19 they said unto Moses, 1 Speak thou with us, and we will hear: but let not God speak with us, lest we die. And Moses said 20 unto the people, Fear not: for God is come to prove you, and that his fear may be before your faces, that ye sin not. And the 21 people stood afar off, and Moses drew near unto the thick darkness where God was.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Thus thou shalt say unto A.C. 1491. the children of Israel, Ye have seen that I have talked with 23 you from heaven. Ye shall not make with me gods of silver, neither shall ye make unto you gods of gold.

An altar of earth thou shalt make unto me, and shalt sacrifice thereon thy burnt offerings, and thy peace offerings, thy sheep, and thine oxen: in all places where I record my name I will.

25 come unto thee, and I will bless thee. And m if thou wilt make m Deut. me an altar of stone, thou shalt not n build it of hewn stone: xxvii. 5. Josh. viii. 31. 26 for if thou lift up thy tool upon it, thou hast polluted it. Neither in Heb. build them with shalt thou go up by steps unto mine altar, that thy nakedness hewing. be not discovered thereon.

The Judicial Law.

EXODUS XXI.

1 Laws for menservants. 5 For the servant whose ear is bored. 7 For womenservants. 12 For manslaughter. 16 For stealers of men. 17 For cursers of parents. 18 For smiters. 22 For a hurt by chance. 28 For an ox that goreth. 33 For him that is an occasion of harm.

Now these are the judgments which thou shalt set before 2 them. ^a If thou buy an Hebrew servant, six years he shall ^{a Lev. xxv.} 3 serve: and in the seventh he shall go out free for nothing. If ^{12. Jer.} he came in ^b by himself, he shall go out by himself: if he were b Heb. with 4 married, then his wife shall go out with him. If his master his body. have given him a wife, and she have born him sons or daughters; the wife and her children shall be her master's, and he 5 shall go out by himself. And if the servant c shall plainly say, c Heb. saying shall say. I love my master, my wife, and my children; I will not go out 6 free: then his master shall bring him unto the judges; he shall also bring him to the door, or unto the door post; and his master shall bore his ear through with an aul; and he shall serve him for ever.

And if a man sell his daughter to be a maidservant, she shall 8 not go out as the menservants do. If she d please not her d Heb. be evil master, who hath betrothed her to himself, then shall he let her &c. be redeemed: to sell her unto a strange nation he shall have 9 no power, seeing he hath dealt deceitfully with her. And if he hath betrothed her unto his son, he shall deal with her after the 10 manner of daughters. If he take him another wife; her food, her raiment, and her duty of marriage, shall he not diminish. 11 And if he do not these three unto her, then shall she go out free without money.

^e He that smiteth a man, so that he die, shall be surely put to e Lev. xxiv. 13 death. And if a man lie not in wait, but God deliver him into his hand; then I will appoint thee a place whither he shall Deut. xix.

14 flee. But if a man come presumptuously upon his neighbour, to slay him with guile; thou shalt take him from mine altar, that he may die.

A.C. 1491.

And he that smiteth his father, or his mother, shall be 15 surely put to death.

And he that stealeth a man, and selleth him, or if he be 16

found in his hand, he shall surely be put to death.

g Lev. xx. 9. Prov. xx. 20. Matt. xv. 4. Mark vii. 10. h Or, revileth.
i Or, his

neighbour. k 2 Sam. iii. l Heb. his ceasiny.

And g he that h curseth his father, or his mother, shall surely 17 be put to death.

And if men strive together, and one smite another with a 18 stone, or with his fist, and he die not, but keepeth his bed: If 19 he rise again, and walk abroad k upon his staff, then shall he that smote him be quit: only he shall pay for 1 the loss of his time, and shall cause him to be thoroughly healed.

m Heb. uvenged.

And if a man smite his servant, or his maid, with a rod, and 20 he die under his hand; he shall be surely m punished. Not-21 withstanding, if he continue a day or two, he shall not be punished: for he is his money.

If men strive, and hurt a woman with child, so that her fruit 22 depart from her, and yet no mischief follow: he shall be surely punished, according as the woman's husband will lay upon him; and he shall pay as the judges determine. And if any mischief 23 follow, then thou shalt give life for life, " eye for eye, tooth for 24

tooth, hand for hand, foot for foot, burning for burning, wound 25

Matt. v. 38. for wound, stripe for stripe. And if a man smite the eye of his servant, or the eye of his 26 maid, that it perish; he shall let him go free for his eye's sake. And if he smite out his manservant's tooth, or his maidservant's 27 tooth; he shall let him go free for his tooth's sake.

o Gen. ix. 5,

n Lev. xxiv.

20. Deut. xix. 21.

> If an ox gore a man or a woman, that they die: then o the 28 ox shall be surely stoned, and his flesh shall not be eaten; but the owner of the ox shall be quit. But if the ox were wont to 29 push with his horn in time past, and it hath been testified to his owner, and he hath not kept him in, but that he hath killed a man or a woman; the ox shall be stoned, and his owner also shall be put to death. If there be laid on him a sum of money, 30 then he shall give for the ransom of his life whatsoever is laid Whether he have gored a son, or have gored a 31 daughter, according to this judgment shall it be done unto him. If the ox shall push a manservant or a maidservant; he shall 32 give unto their master thirty shekels of silver, and the ox shall be stoned.

> And if a man shall open a pit, or if a man shall dig a pit, 33 and not cover it, and an ox or an ass fall therein; the owner 34 of the pit shall make it good, and give money unto the owner of them; and the dead beast shall be his.

> And if one man's ox hurt another's, that he die; then they 35 shall sell the live ox, and divide the money of it; and the dead ox also they shall divide. Or if it be known that the ox hath 36 used to push in time past, and his owner hath not kept him

in; he shall surely pay ox for ox; and the dead shall be his A.C. 1491.

EXODUS XXII.

- Of theft. 5 Of damage. 7 Of trespasses. 14 Of borrowing. 16 Of fornication.
 18 Of witchcraft. 19 Of beastiality. 20 Of idolatry. 21 Of strangers, widows, and fatherless. 25 Of usury. 26 Of pledges. 28 Of reverence to magistrates.
 29 Of the firstfruits.
- If a man shall steal an ox, or a p sheep, and kill it, or sell it; p Or, goal. he shall restore five oxen for an ox, and q four sheep for a q 2 sam. xii. sheep.
- 2 If a thief be found breaking up, and be smitten that he die, 3 there shall no blood be shed for him. If the sun be risen upon him, there shall be blood shed for him; for he should make full restitution; if he have nothing, then he shall be sold for his 4 theft. If the theft be certainly found in his hand alive, whether it be ox, or ass, or sheep; he shall restore double.
- If a man shall cause a field or vineyard to be eaten, and shall put in his beast, and shall feed in another man's field; of the best of his own field, and of the best of his own vineyard, shall he make restitution.
- 6 If fire break out, and catch in thorns, so that the stacks of corn, or the standing corn, or the field, be consumed therewith; he that kindled the fire shall surely make restitution.
- 7 If a man shall deliver unto his neighbour money or stuff to keep, and it be stolen out of the man's house; if the thief be 8 found, let him pay double. If the thief be not found, then the master of the house shall be brought unto the judges, to see 9 whether he have put his hand unto his neighbour's goods. For all manner of trespass, whether it be for ox, for ass, for sheep, for raiment, or for any manner of lost thing, which another challengeth to be his, the cause of both parties shall come before the judges; and whom the judges shall condemn, he shall pay 10 double unto his neighbour. If a man deliver unto his neighbour an ass, or an ox, or a sheep, or any beast, to keep; and it 11 die, or be hurt, or driven away, no man seeing it: then shall an oath of the Lord be between them both, that he hath not
- put his hand unto his neighbour's goods; and the owner of it
 12 shall accept thereof, and he shall not make it good. And r if r Gen. xxxiit be stolen from him, he shall make restitution unto the owner
 13 thereof. If it be torn in pieces, then let him bring it for wit-

13 thereof. If it be torn in pieces, then let him bring it for witness, and he shall not make good that which was torn.

14 And if a man borrow ought of his neighbour, and it be hurt, or die, the owner thereof being not with it, he shall surely 15 make it good. But if the owner thereof be with it, he shall not make it good: if it be an hired thing, it came for his hire.

And if a man entice a maid that is not betrothed, and lie s Deut. xxii. 17 with her, he shall surely endow her to be his wife. If her

A.C. 1491. father utterly refuse to give her unto him, he shall t pay money t Heb. weigh. according to the dowry of virgins. Gen. xxiii.16.

Thou shalt not suffer a witch to live.

18

u Deut. xiii.

Whosoever lieth with a beast shall surely be put to death. "He that sacrificeth unto any god, save unto the Lord only, 20 13, 14, 15, & last such that such th

x Lev. xix.

*Thou shalt neither vex a stranger, nor oppress him: for ye 21 were strangers in the land of Egypt.

y Zech. vii.

y Ye shall not afflict any widow, or fatherless child. If thou 22 afflict them in any wise, and they cry at all unto me, I will 23 surely hear their cry; and my wrath shall wax hot, and I will 24 kill you with the sword; and your wives shall be widows, and your children fatherless.

z Lev. xxv. 36, 37. Deut. xxiii. 19. Ps. xv. 5.

² If thou lend money to any of my people that is poor by 25 thee, thou shalt not be to him as an usurer, neither shalt thou lay upon him usury. If thou at all take thy neighbour's rai- 26 ment to pledge, thou shalt deliver it unto him by that the sun goeth down: for that is his covering only, it is his raiment 27 for his skin: wherein shall he sleep? and it shall come to pass, when he crieth unto me, that I will hear; for I am gracious.

a Acts xxiii. b Or, judges. ver. 8, 9. Ps.

lxxxii. 6.

c Heb. thu fulness.

d ch. xxiii. 16. 19. Prov. iii. 9. ^a Thou shalt not revile the ^b gods, nor curse the ruler of thy 28

people.

Thou shalt not delay to offer cd the first of thy ripe fruits, 29 and of thy eliquors: fthe firstborn of thy sons shalt thou give unto me. Likewise shalt thou do with thine oxen, and with 30 thy sheep: seven days it shall be with his dam; on the eighth e Heb. tear. day thou shalt give it me.

f ch. xiii. 2. And ye shall be holy men unto me: g neither shall ye eat 31 12. & xxxiv. g Lev. xxii. 8. any flesh that is torn of beasts in the field; ye shall cast it to Ezek. xliv. the doors

the dogs.

EXODUS XXIII.

 Of slander and false witness.
 6 Of justice.
 Of charitableness.
 Of the year of rest.
 Of the sabbath.
 Of idolatry.
 Of the three feasts.
 Of the blood and the fat of the sacrifice. 20 An Angel is promised, with a blessing, if they obey him.

h Or, receive.

Thou shalt not h raise a false report: put not thine hand 1 with the wicked to be an unrighteous witness.

Thou shalt not follow a multitude to do evil; neither shalt 2 iHeb.answer. thou i speak in a cause to decline after many to wrest judgment:

Neither shalt thou countenance a poor man in his cause. k Deut. xxii. If thou meet thine enemy's ox or his ass going astray, thou 4 1 or, witt thou shalt surely bring it back to him again. k If thou see the ass 5 cease to help him? or, and of him that hateth thee lying under his burden, land wouldest wouldest cease forbear to help him, thou shalt surely help with him. shalt not wrest the judgment of thy poor in his cause. business for him; thou thee far from a false matter; and the innocent and righteous shalt surely leave it to join slay thou not: for I will not justify the wicked.

8 And m thou shalt take no gift: for the gift blindeth n the A.C. 1491. wise, and perverteth the words of the righteous. Also thou shalt not oppress a stranger: for ye know the xx. 29. heart of a stranger, seeing ye were strangers in the land of n Heb. the 10 Egypt. And p six years thou shalt sow thy land, and shalt o Heb. soul. 11 gather in the fruits thereof: but the seventh year thou shalt let 3.4. it rest and lie still; that the poor of thy people may eat: and what they leave the beasts of the field shall eat. In like manner thou shalt deal with thy vineyard, and with thy q olive- q or, olive 12 yard. Six days thou shalt do thy work, and on the seventh rch. xx. 8, 9. day thou shalt rest: that thine ox and thine ass may rest, and Luke xiii. 14. the son of thy handmaid, and the stranger, may be refreshed. 13 And in all things that I have said unto you be circumspect: and make no mention of the name of other gods, neither let it be heard out of thy mouth. ⁸ Three times thou shalt keep a feast unto me in the year. ⁸ Deut. xvi. 15 t Thou shalt keep the feast of unleavened bread: (thou shalt tch. xiii. 6. eat unleavened bread seven days, as I commanded thee, in & xxxiv. 18. the time appointed of the month Abib; for in it thou camest out from Egypt: "and none shall appear before me empty:) "Deut.xvi. 16. Ecclus." 16 and the feast of harvest, the firstfruits of thy labours, which xxxv. 4. thou hast sown in thy field: and the feast of ingathering, which is in the end of the year, when thou hast gathered in 17 thy labours out of the field. Three times in the year all thy 18 males shall appear before the LORD God. Thou shalt not offer the blood of my sacrifice with leavened bread; neither shall 19 the fat of my x sacrifice remain until the morning. Y The first x Or, feast. of the firstfruits of thy land thou shalt bring into the house of ych. xxxiv. the Lord thy God. Thou shalt not see the a kid in his 2 Deut. xiv. mother's milk. ^a Behold, I send an Angel before thee, to keep thee in the ach xxxiii. way, and to bring thee into the place which I have prepared. 21 Beware of him, and obey his voice, provoke him not; for he will not pardon your transgressions: for my name is in him. 22 But if thou shalt indeed obey his voice, and do all that I speak; then I will be an enemy unto thine enemies, and ban adversary b Or, I will 23 unto thine adversaries. c For mine Angel shall go before thee, that afflict and d bring thee in unto the Amorites, and the Hittites, and thee. and thee. the Perizzites, and the Canaanites, the Hivites, and the Jebu-2. 24 sites: and I will cut them off. Thou shalt not bow down to ii. their gods, nor serve them, nor do after their works: e but thou e Deut. vii. shalt utterly overthrow them, and quite break down their 25. And ye shall serve the LORD your God, and he shall bless thy bread, and thy water; and I will take sickness away from the midst of thee.

^fThere shall nothing cast their young, nor be barren, in thy f Deut. vii. 27 land: the number of thy days I will fulfil. I will send my fear before thee, and will destroy all the people to whom thou shalt

A.C. 1491. come, and I will make all thine enemies turn their gbacks unto g Heb. neck. thee. And h I will send hornets before thee, which shall drive 28 out the Hivite, the Canaanite, and the Hittite, from before I will not drive them out from before thee in one year; 29 lest the land become desolate, and the beast of the field multiply against thee. By little and little I will drive them out 30 from before thee, until thou be increased, and inherit the land. And I will set thy bounds from the Red sea even unto the 31 sea of the Philistines, and from the desert unto the river: for I will deliver the inhabitants of the land into your hand; and thou shalt drive them out before thee. Thou shalt make no 32 covenant with them, nor with their gods. They shall not 33 dwell in thy land, lest they make thee sin against me: for if thou serve their gods, kit will surely be a snare unto thee.

i ch. xxxiv. 15. Deut. vii.

k Deut. vii. 16. Josh. xxiii, 13. Judg. ii. 3.

Moses goes up into the Mountain.

EXODUS XXIV.

 Moses is called up into the mountain.
 The people promise obedience.
 Moses buildeth an altar, and twelve pillars.
 He sprinkleth the blood of the covenant. 9 The glory of God appeareth. 14 Aaron and Hur have the charge of the people. 15 Moses goeth into the mountain, where he continueth forty days and forty nights.

And he said unto Moses, Come up unto the Lord, thou, 1 and Aaron, Nadab, and Abihu, and seventy of the elders of Israel; and worship ve afar off. And Moses alone shall come 2 near the LORD: but they shall not come nigh; neither shall the people go up with him.

a ch. xix. 8, Deut. v. 27.

And Moses came and told the people all the words of the 3 LORD, and all the judgments: and all the people answered with one voice, and said, a All the words which the LORD hath said will we do. And Moses wrote all the words of the LORD, 4 and rose up early in the morning, and builded an altar under the hill, and twelve pillars, according to the twelve tribes of Israel. And he sent young men of the children of Israel, 5 which offered burnt offerings, and sacrificed peace offerings of oxen unto the LORD. And Moses took half of the blood, and 6 put it in basons; and half of the blood he sprinkled on the And he took the book of the covenant, and read in the 7 audience of the people: and they said, b All that the LORD hath said will we do, and be obedient. And Moses took the 8 c Hob. ix. 20. blood, and sprinkled it on the people, and said, Behold c the blood of the covenant, which the LORD hath made with you concerning all these words.

1 Pet. i. 2.

h ver. 3.

Then went up Moses, and Aaron, Nadab, and Abihu, and 9 seventy of the elders of Israel: and they saw the God of 10 Israel: and there was under his feet as it were a paved work of a sapphire stone, and as it were the body of heaven in his clearness. And upon the nobles of the children of Israel he 11 laid not his hand: also they saw God, and did eat and drink.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Come up to me into the A.C. 1491. mount, and be there: and I will give thee tables of stone, and a law, and commandments which I have written; that thou 13 mayest teach them. And Moses rose up, and his minister 14 Joshua: and Moses went up into the mount of God. And he said unto the elders, Tarry ye here for us, until we come again unto you: and, behold, Aaron and Hur are with you: if any 15 man have any matters to do, let him come unto them. And Moses went up into the mount, and a cloud covered the mount. 16 And the glory of the LORD abode upon mount Sinai, and the cloud covered it six days: and the seventh day he called unto 17 Moses out of the midst of the cloud. And the sight of the glory of the LORD was like devouring fire on the top of the 18 mount in the eyes of the children of Israel. And Moses went into the midst of the cloud, and gat him up into the mount: and d Moses was in the mount forty days and forty nights.

d ch. xxxiv. 28. Deut. ix.

Promulgation of the Ceremonial Law 21; Structure of the Tabernacle.

EXODUS XXV.

What the Israelites must offer for the making of the tabernacle.
 The form of the ark.
 The mercy seat, with the cherubims.
 The table, with the furniture thereof.
 The candlestick, with the instruments thereof.

1 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 2 children of Israel, that they a bring me an b offering: c of every for me. man that giveth it willingly with his heart ye shall take my b Or, heave offering. And this is the offering which ye shall take of them; cch. xxxv. 5. 4 gold, and silver, and brass, and blue, and purple, and scarlet, 5 and d fine linen, and goats' hair, and rams' skins dyed red, and d Or, silk.

²¹ The institutions of the levitical law closely resemble, in many particulars, the religious ceremonial in use among the Gentiles. The numerous coincidences mentioned by Spencer, in his treatise De Legibus Hebræorum, shew that this resemblance is not accidental, but arbitrary and systematic.

This apparent identity has been accounted for in three ways. The first theory is, that the religion of the Jews was borrowed from that of the Gentiles: this hypothesis was maintained by Maimonides, Marsham, Spencer, and Warburton; and is strenuously opposed by Witsius, in his Egyptiaca. The second theory is, that the ceremonial of the Gentiles was borrowed from that of the Jews: an opinion supported by Gale in his Court of the Gentiles, by Dickenson in his Delphi Phenicizantes, by Stillingfleet in his Origines Sacræ, and others. The third is, that the ancient ceremonial of the pagans, and the levitical law of the Jews, were both derived in great measure from the early patriarchal ritual, which at one period was common to all the descendants of Noah. The heathen nations perverted it to idolatry and superstition, the Jews received it in a new form and with more solemn sanctions from Moses; who was divinely inspired to alter, reform, add to, or take away from it, as was most suitable to the genius of the people, the object of Providence, the customs of the surrounding nations, or the accomplishment of his various designs, as the legislator and judge of Israel. This theory, which is espoused by Calmet, and strenuously defended by Faber (Orig. of Pagan Idol. vol. iii. p. 630, &c.), appears to be by far the most consistent and correct; and it solves nearly all the phenomena. Many of the laws and customs of the Hindoos, who are the most ancient nation on earth, except perhaps the Jews and Chinese, are the same which prevailed among the family of Abraham, before the institution of the levitical law: and they coincide with several arbitrary enactments of the law of Moses, which were derived from that source. Vide, in addition to the above authorities, Calmet, art. Ceremonies, and Fragments, No. 85; Ward on the Hindoos; Michaelis' Comment. vol. i. p. 9, &c.

A.C. 1491. badgers' skins, and shittim wood, oil for the light, spices for 6 anointing oil, and for sweet incense, onyx stones, and stones to 7 ech. xxviii. be set in the e ephod, and in the f breastplate. And let them 8 make me a sanctuary; that I may dwell among them. Accord- 9 ing to all that I show thee, after the pattern of the tabernacle, and the pattern of all the instruments thereof, even so shall ye make it.

g ch. xxxvii.

g And they shall make an ark of shittim wood: two cubits 10 and a half shall be the length thereof, and a cubit and a half the breadth thereof, and a cubit and a half the height thereof. And thou shalt overlay it with pure gold, within and without 11 shalt thou overlay it, and shalt make upon it a crown of gold round about. And thou shalt cast four rings of gold for it, 12 and put them in the four corners thereof; and two rings shall be in the one side of it, and two rings in the other side of it. And thou shalt make staves of shittim wood, and overlay them 13 with gold. And thou shalt put the staves into the rings by the 14 sides of the ark, that the ark may be borne with them. The 15 staves shall be in the rings of the ark: they shall not be taken from it. And thou shalt put into the ark the testimony which 16 I shall give thee. And thou shalt make a mercy seat of pure 17 gold: two cubits and a half shall be the length thereof, and a cubit and a half the breadth thereof. And thou shalt make 18 two cherubims of gold, of beaten work shalt thou make them, in the two ends of the mercy seat. And make one cherub on 19 the one end, and the other cherub on the other end: even h of the mercy seat shall ye make the cherubims on the two ends And the cherubims shall stretch forth their wings on 20 high, covering the mercy seat with their wings, and their faces shall look one to another; toward the mercy seat shall the faces of the cherubims be. And thou shalt put the mercy seat above 21 upon the ark; and in the ark thou shalt put the testimony that I shall give thee. And there I will meet with thee, and I will 22 commune with thee from above the mercy seat, from i between the two cherubims which are upon the ark of the testimony, of all things which I will give thee in commandment unto the children of Israel.

h Or, of the matter of the mercy seat.

i Num. vii.

k ch. xxxvii.

k Thou shalt also make a table of shittim wood: two cubits 23 shall be the length thereof, and a cubit the breadth thereof, and a cubit and a half the height thereof. And thou shalt overlay 24 it with pure gold, and make thereto a crown of gold round about. Aud thou shalt make unto it a border of an hand 25 breadth round about, and thou shalt make a golden crown to the border thereof round about. And thou shalt make for it 26 four rings of gold, and put the rings in the four corners that are on the four feet thereof. Over against the border shall the 27 rings be for places of the staves to bear the table. And thou 28 shalt make the staves of shittim wood, and overlay them with

29 gold, that the table may be borne with them. And thou shalt A.C. 1491. make the dishes thereof, and spoons thereof, and covers thereof, and bowls thereof, 1 to cover withal: of pure gold shalt thou 1 Or, to pour And thou shalt set upon the table shewbread out withal. 30 make them. before me alway.

m And thou shalt make a candlestick of pure gold: of beaten mch. xxxvii. work shall the candlestick be made: his shaft, and his branches, his bowls, his knops, and his flowers, shall be of the same. 32 And six branches shall come out of the sides of it; three branches of the candlestick out of the one side, and three 33 branches of the candlestick out of the other side: three bowls made like unto almonds, with a knop and a flower in one branch; and three bowls made like almonds in the other branch, with a knop and a flower: so in the six branches that 34 come out of the candlestick. And in the candlestick shall be four bowls made like unto almonds, with their knops and their 35 flowers. And there shall be a knop under two branches of the same, and a knop under two branches of the same, and a knop under two branches of the same, according to the six branches 36 that proceed out of the candlestick. Their knops and their branches shall be of the same: all of it shall be one beaten

37 work of pure gold. And thou shalt make the seven lamps thereof: and they shall " light the lamps thereof, that they may n Or, cause 38 give light over against oit. And the tongs thereof, and the to ascend. 39 snuff-dishes thereof, shall be of pure gold. Of a talent of pure face of it. 40 gold shall he make it, with all these vessels. And plook that Heb. viii. 5. thou make them after their pattern, q which was shewed thee in q Heb. which thou wast the mount.

caused to see.

EXODUS XXVI.

1 The ten curtains of the tabernacle. 7 The eleven curtains of goats' hair. 14 The covering of rams' skins. 15 The boards of the tabernacle, with their sockets and bars. 31 The vail for the ark. 36 The hanging for the door.

Moreover thou shalt make the tabernacle with ten curtains of fine twined linen, and blue, and purple, and scarlet: with che-2 rubims r of cunning work shalt thou make them. The length r Heb. the of one curtain shall be eight and twenty cubits, and the breadth work of a cun-3 of one curtain four cubits: and every one of the curtains shall man, or, emhave one measure. The five curtains shall be coupled together one to another; and other five curtains shall be coupled one 4 to another. And thou shalt make loops of blue upon the edge of the one curtain from the selvedge in the coupling; and likewise shalt thou make in the uttermost edge of another cur-5 tain, in the coupling of the second. Fifty loops shalt thou make in the one curtain, and fifty loops shalt thou make in the edge of the curtain that is in the coupling of the second; that 6 the loops may take hold one of another. And thou shalt make fifty taches of gold, and couple the curtains together with the taches: and it shall be one tabernacle.

A.C. 1491.

And thou shalt make curtains of goats' hair to be a covering 7 upon the tabernacle; eleven curtains shalt thou make. The 8 length of one curtain shall be thirty cubits, and the breadth of one curtain four cubits: and the eleven curtains shall be all of one measure. And thou shalt couple five curtains by them- 9 selves, and six curtains by themselves, and shalt double the sixth curtain in the forefront of the tabernacle. And thou shalt 10 make fifty loops on the edge of the one curtain that is outmost in the coupling, and fifty loops in the edge of the curtain which And thou shalt make fifty taches of 11 coupleth the second. brass, and put the taches into the loops, and couple the stent together, that it may be one. And the remnant that remain-12 eth of the curtains of the tent, the half curtain that remaineth, shall hang over the backside of the tabernacle. And a cubit 13 t Heb. in the on the one side, and a cubit on the other side t of that which remaineth in the length of the curtains of the tent, it shall

> hang over the sides of the tabernacle on this side and on that side, to cover it. And thou shalt make a covering for the tent 14 of rams' skins dyed red, and a covering above of badgers' skins. And thou shalt make boards for the tabernacle of shittim 15 wood standing up. Ten cubits shall be the length of a board, 16 and a cubit and a half shall be the breadth of one board. Two 17

B Or, covering.

remainder, or surplusagé.

u Heb. bands. u tenons shall there be in one board, set in order one against another: thus shalt thou make for all the boards of the taber-And thou shalt make the boards for the tebernacle, 18 twenty boards on the south side southward. And thou shalt 19 make forty sockets of silver under the twenty boards; two sockets under one board for his two tenons, and two sockets under another board for his two tenons. And for the second 20 side of the tabernacle on the north side there shall be twenty boards: and their forty sockets of silver; two sockets under 21 one board, and two sockets under another board. And for the 22 sides of the tabernacle westward thou shalt make six boards. And two boards shalt thou make for the corners of the taber-23 nacle in the two sides. And they shall be x coupled together 24 beneath, and they shall be coupled together above the head of it unto one ring: thus shall it be for them both; they shall

x Heb.

And thou shalt make bars of shittim wood; five for the 26 boards of the one side of the tabernacle, and five bars for the 27 boards of the other side of the tabernacle, and five bars for the boards of the side of the tabernacle, for the two sides west-And the middle bar in the midst of the boards shall 28 reach from end to end. And thou shalt overlay the boards 29 with gold, and make their rings of gold for places for the bars: and thou shalt overlay the bars with gold. And thou shalt rear 30

be for the two corners. And they shall be eight boards, and 25 their sockets of silver, sixteen sockets; two sockets under one

board, and two sockets under another board.

up the tabernacle y according to the fashion thereof which was A.C. 1491? shewed thee in the mount.

And thou shalt make a vail of blue, and purple, and scarlet, 40. Acts vii. and fine twined linen of cunning work: with cherubims shall 5.

32 it be made: and thou shalt hang it upon four pillars of shittim wood overlaid with gold: their hooks shall be of gold, upon the four sockets of silver.

And thou shalt hang up the vail under the taches, that thou mayest bring in thither within the vail the ark of the testimony: and the vail shall divide unto you between the holy 34 place and the most holy. And thou shalt put the mercy seat 35 upon the ark of the testimony in the most holy place. thou shalt set the table without the vail, and the candlestick over against the table on the side of the tabernacle toward the 36 south: and thou shalt put the table on the north side. thou shalt make an hanging for the door of the tent, of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen, wrought with 37 needlework. And thou shalt make for the hanging five pillars of shittim wood, and overlay them with gold, and their hooks shall be of gold: and thou shalt cast five sockets of brass for them.

EXODUS XXVII.

1 The altar of burnt offering, with the vessels thereof. 9 The court of the tabernacle inclosed with hangings and pillars. 18 The measure of the court. 20 The oil for the

And thou shalt make an altar of shittim wood, five cubits long, and five cubits broad; the altar shall be four-square: and 2 the height thereof shall be three cubits. And thou shalt make the horns of it upon the four corners thereof: his horns shall 3 be of the same: and thou shalt overlay it with brass. thou shalt make his pans to receive his ashes, and his shovels, and his basons, and his fleshhooks, and his fire-pans: all the 4 vessels thereof thou shalt make of brass. And thou shalt make for it a grate of network of brass; and upon the net shalt thou 5 make four brasen rings in the four corners thereof. And thou shalt put it under the compass of the altar beneath, that the net 6 may be even to the midst of the altar. And thou shalt make staves for the altar, staves of shittim wood, and overlay them 7 with brass. And the staves shall be put into the rings, and the staves shall be upon the two sides of the altar, to bear it. 8 Hollow with boards shalt thou make it: z as it was shewed z Heb. be shewed. thee in the mount, so shall they make it.

And thou shalt make the court of the tabernacle: for the south side southward there shall be hangings for the court of 10 fine twined linen of an hundred cubits long for one side: and the twenty pillars thereof and their twenty sockets shall be of brass; the hooks of the pillars and their fillets shall be of silver. 11 And likewise for the north side in length there shall be hang-

A.C. 1491. ings of an hundred cubits long, and his twenty pillars and their twenty sockets of brass; the hooks of the pillars and their fillets of silver.

And for the breadth of the court on the west side shall be 12 hangings of fifty cubits: their pillars ten, and their sockets ten. And the breadth of the court on the east side eastward shall be 13 fifty cubits. The hangings of one side of the gate shall be fif-14 teen cubits: their pillars three, and their sockets three. And 15 on the other side shall be hangings fifteen cubits: their pillars three, and their sockets three.

And for the gate of the court shall be an hanging of twenty 16 cubits, of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen, wrought with needlework: and their pillars shall be four, and their sockets four. All the pillars round about the court shall 17 be filleted with silver; their hooks shall be of silver, and their sockets of brass.

The length of the court shall be an hundred cubits, and the 18 breadth a fifty everywhere, and the height five cubits of fine twined linen, and their sockets of brass. All the vessels of the 19 tabernacle in all the service thereof, and all the pins thereof, and all the pins of the court, shall be of brass.

b Heb. to ascend up.

a Heb. fifty

by fifty.

And thou shalt command the children of Israel, that they 20 bring thee pure oil olive beaten for the light, to cause the lamp b to burn always. In the tabernacle of the congregation with-21 out the vail, which is before the testimony, Aaron and his sons shall order it from evening to morning before the LORD: it shall be a statute for ever unto their generations on the behalf of the children of Israel.

Aaron and his Sons set apart, &c.

EXODUS XXVIII.

1 Aaron and his sons are set apart for the priest's office. 2 Holy garments are appointed. 6 The ephod. 15 The breastplate with twelve precious stones. 30 The Urim and Thummim. 31 The robe of the ephod, with pomegranates and bells. 36 The plate of the mitre. 39 The embroidered coat. 40 The garments for Aaron's sons.

And take thou unto thee Aaron thy brother, and his sons 1 with him, from among the children of Israel, that he may minister unto me in the priest's office, even Aaron, Nadab and Abihu, Eleazar and Ithamar, Aaron's sons. And thou shalt 2 make holy garments for Aaron thy brother for glory and for beauty. And thou shalt speak unto all that are wise hearted, 3 whom I have filled with the spirit of wisdom, that they may make Aaron's garments to consecrate him, that he may minister unto me in the priest's office. And these are the gar- 4 ments which they shall make; a breastplate, and an ephod, and a robe, and a broidered coat, a mitre, and a girdle: and they shall make holy garments for Aaron thy brother, and his sons, that he may minister unto me in the priest's office. And they 5 shall take gold, and blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine A.C. 1491. linen.

And they shall make the ephod of gold, of blue, and of purple, of scarlet, and fine twined linen, with cunning work. 7 It shall have the two shoulderpieces thereof joined at the two 8 edges thereof; and so it shall be joined together. And the a curious girdle of the ephod, which is upon it, shall be of the a Or, emsame, according to the work thereof; even of gold, of blue, and broidered. 9 purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen. And thou shalt take two onyx stones, and grave on them the names of the 10 children of Israel: six of their names on one stone, and the other six names of the rest on the other stone, according to 11 their birth. b With the work of an engraver in stone, like the b Wisd. xviii. engravings of a signet, shalt thou engrave the two stones with the names of the children of Israel: thou shalt make them to 12 be set in ouches of gold. And thou shalt put the two stones upon the shoulders of the ephod for stones of memorial unto the children of Israel: and Aaron shall bear their names before the Lord upon his two shoulders for a memorial.

And thou shalt make ouches of gold; and two chains of pure gold at the ends; of wreathen work shalt thou make them, and fasten the wreathen chains to the ouches.

And thou shalt make the breastplate of judgment with cunning work; after the work of the ephod thou shalt make it; of gold, of blue, and of purple, and of scarlet, and of fine twined 16 linen, shalt thou make it. Foursquare it shall be being doubled; a span shall be the length thereof, and a span shall be the 17 breadth thereof. And thou shalt c set in it settings of stones, c Heb. fill it even four rows of stones: the first row shall be a d sardius, a stone. 18 topaz, and a carbuncle: this shall be the first row. And the dor, ruby. second row shall be an emerald, a sapphire, and a diamond.

20 the fourth row a beryl, and an onyx, and a jasper: they shall 21 be set in gold in their einclosings. And the stones shall be e Heb. fillwith the names of the children of Israel, twelve, according to their names, like the engravings of a signet; every one with his name shall they be according to the twelve tribes.

19 And the third row a ligure, an agate, and an amethyst.

And thou shalt make upon the breastplate chains at the ends 23 of wreathen work of pure gold. And thou shalt make upon the breastplate two rings of gold, and shalt put the two rings on 24 the two ends of the breastplate. And thou shalt put the two wreathen chains of gold in the two rings which are on the ends 25 of the breastplate. And the other two ends of the two wreathen chains thou shalt fasten in the two ouches, and put them on the shoulderpieces of the ephod before it.

And thou shalt make two rings of gold, and thou shalt put them upon the two ends of the breastplate in the border thereof, 27 which is in the side of the ephod inward. And two other rings A.C. 1491. of gold thou shalt make, and shalt put them on the two sides of the ephod underneath, toward the forepart thereof, over against the other coupling thereof, above the curious girdle of the ephod. And they shall bind the breastplate by the rings 28 thereof unto the rings of the ephod with a lace of blue, that it may be above the curious girdle of the ephod, and that the breastplate be not loosed from the ephod. And Aaron shall 29 bear the names of the children of Israel in the breastplate of judgment upon his heart, when he goeth in unto the holy place,

for a memorial before the Lord continually.

And thou shalt put in the breastplate of judgment the Urim 30 and the Thummim; and they shall be upon Aaron's heart, when he goeth in before the LORD: and Aaron shall bear the judgment of the children of Israel upon his heart before the

Lord continually.

And thou shalt make the robe of the ephod all of blue. 31 And there shall be an hole in the top of it, in the midst 32 thereof: it shall have a binding of woven work round about the hole of it, as it were the hole of an habergeon, that it be not rent.

f Or, skirts.

And beneath upon the f hem of it thou shalt make pome-33 granates of blue, and of purple, and of scarlet, round about the hem thereof; and bells of gold between them round about: a golden bell and a pomegranate, a golden bell and a pome-34 g Ecclus. xlv. granate, upon the hem of the robe round about. g And it shall 35 be upon Aaron to minister: and his sound shall be heard when he goeth in unto the holy place before the LORD, and when he cometh out, that he die not.

And thou shalt make a plate of pure gold, and grave upon 36 it, like the engravings of a signet, HOLINESS TO THE LORD. And thou shalt put it on a blue lace, that it may be 37 upon the mitre; upon the forefront of the mitre it shall be. And it shall be upon Aaron's forehead, that Aaron may bear 38 the iniquity of the holy things, which the children of Israel shall hallow in all their holy gifts; and it shall be always upon his forehead, that they may be accepted before the LORD.

And thou shalt embroider the coat of fine linen, and thou 39 shalt make the mitre of fine linen, and thou shalt make the girdle of needlework.

And for Aaron's sons thou shalt make coats, and thou shalt 40 make for them girdles, and bonnets shalt thou make for them, for glory and for beauty. And thou shalt put them upon 41 Aaron thy brother, and his sons with him; and shalt anoint them, and h consecrate them, and sanctify them, that they may minister unto me in the priest's office. And thou shalt make 42 them linen breeches to cover i their nakedness; from the loins even unto the thighs they shall k reach: and they shall be 43

h Heb. flll their hand. i Heb. flesh of their nakedness. k Heb. be.

upon Aaron, and upon his sons, when they come in unto the A.C. 1491. tabernacle of the congregation, or when they come near unto the altar to minister in the holy place; that they bear not iniquity, and die: it shall be a statute for ever unto him and his seed after him.

EXODUS XXIX.

1 The sacrifice and ceremonies of consecrating the priests. 38 The continual burnt

offering. 45 God's promise to dwell among the children of Israel. And this is the thing that thou shalt do unto them to hallow them, to minister unto me in the priest's office: ¹Take one 1 Lev. viii. 2. 2 young bullock, and two rams without blemish, and unleavened bread, and cakes unleavened tempered with oil, and wafers unleavened anointed with oil: of wheaten flour shalt thou 3 make them. And thou shalt put them into one basket, and bring them in the basket, with the bullock and the two rams. 4 And Aaron and his sons thou shalt bring unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and shalt wash them with water. 5 And thou shalt take the garments, and put upon Aaron the coat, and the robe of the ephod, and the ephod, and the breast-6 plate, and gird him with the curious girdle of the ephod: and thou shalt put the mitre upon his head, and put the holy crown 7 upon the mitre. Then shalt thou take the anointing m oil, and m ch. xxx. 8 pour it upon his head, and anoint him. And thou shalt bring 9 his sons, and put coats upon them. And thou shalt gird them with girdles, Aaron and his sons, and n put the bonnets on n Heb. bind. them: and the priest's office shall be their's for a perpetual statute: and thou shalt op consecrate Aaron and his sons. o Heb. fill the 10 And thou shalt cause a bullock to be brought before the taber-pch.xxviii. nacle of the congregation: and q Aaron and his sons shall put q Lev. i. 4. 11 their hands upon the head of the bullock. And thou shalt kill the bullock before the LORD, by the door of the tabernacle of 12 the congregation. And thou shalt take of the blood of the bullock, and put it upon the horns of the altar with thy finger, 13 and pour all the blood beside the bottom of the altar. And r thou shalt take all the fat that covereth the inwards, and 8 the r Lev. iii. 3. caul that is above the liver, and the two kidneys, and the fat by Anatomy, 14 that is upon them, and burn them upon the altar. But the brew Doctors, flesh of the bullock, and his skin, and his dung, shalt thou burn to be the midwith fire without the camp: it is a sin offering. Thou shalt also take one ram; and Aaron and his sons shall 16 put their hands upon the head of the ram. And thou shalt slay the ram, and thou shalt take his blood, and sprinkle it round 17 about upon the altar. And thou shalt cut the ram in pieces,

is a sweet savour, an offering made by fire unto the LORD. 02

and wash the inwards of him, and his legs, and put them unto 18 his pieces, and tunto his head. And thou shalt burn the whole t Or, upon. ram upon the altar: it is a burnt offering unto the LORD: it

And thou shalt take the other ram; and Aaron and his sons 19

A.C. 1491.

shall put their hands upon the head of the ram. Then shalt 20 thou kill the ram, and take of his blood, and put it upon the tip of the right ear of Aaron, and upon the tip of the right ear of his sons, and upon the thumb of their right hand, and upon the great toe of their right foot, and sprinkle the blood upon the altar round about. And thou shalt take of the blood that 21 is upon the altar, and of the anointing oil, and sprinkle it upon Aaron, and upon his garments, and upon his sons, and upon the garments of his sons with him: and he shall be hallowed, and his garments, and his sons, and his sons' garments with him. Also thou shalt take of the ram the fat and 22 the rump, and the fat that covereth the inwards, and the caul above the liver, and the two kidneys, and the fat that is upon them, and the right shoulder; for it is a ram of consecration: and one loaf of bread, and one cake of oiled bread, and one 23 wafer out of the basket of the unleavened bread that is before the LORD: and thou shalt put all in the hands of Aaron, and 24 in the hands of his sons; and shalt "wave them for a wave offering before the LORD. And thou shalt receive them of their 25 hands, and burn them upon the altar for a burnt offering, for a sweet savour before the LORD: it is an offering made by fire unto the LORD. And thou shalt take the breast of the ram of 26 Aaron's consecration, and wave it for a wave offering before the LORD: and it shall be thy part. And thou shalt sanctify 27 the breast of the wave offering, and the shoulder of the heave offering, which is waved, and which is heaved up, of the ram of the consecration, even of that which is for Aaron, and of that which is for his sons: and it shall be Aaron's and his sons' by a 28 statute for ever from the children of Israel: for it is an heave offering: and it shall be an heave offering from the children of Israel of the sacrifice of their peace offerings, even their heave offering unto the Lord.

u Heb. shake to and fro.

his sons.

And the holy garments of Aaron shall be his sons' after 29 him, to be anointed therein, and to be consecrated in them. x Heb. he of And x that son that is priest in his stead shall put them on 30 seven days, when he cometh into the tabernacle of the congregation to minister in the holy place.

And thou shalt take the ram of the consecration, and y seethe 31 his flesh in the holy place. And Aaron and his sons shall eat 32 z Matt. xii. 4. the flesh of the ram, and the z bread that is in the basket, by the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And they shall eat 33 those things wherewith the atonement was made, to consecrate and to sanctify them: but a stranger shall not eat thereof, because they are holy. And if ought of the flesh of the con- 34 secrations, or of the bread, remain unto the morning, then thou shalt burn the remainder with fire: it shall not be eaten, because it is holy. And thus shalt thou do unto Aaron, and to 35

his sons, according to all things which I have commanded thee: A.C. 1491.

36 seven days shalt thou consecrate them. And thou shalt offer every day a bullock for a sin offering for atonement: and thou shalt cleanse the altar, when thou hast made an atonement for it, and thou shalt anoint it, to sanctify it. Seven days thou shalt make an atonement for the altar, and sanctify it; and it shall be an altar most holy: whatsoever toucheth the altar shall be holy.

Now this is that which thou shalt offer upon the altar; a two a Num.

Now this is that which thou shalt offer upon the altar; "two 39 lambs of the first year day by day continually. The one lamb thou shalt offer in the morning; and the other lamb thou shalt 40 offer at even: and with the one lamb a tenth deal of flour mingled with the fourth part of an hin of beaten oil; and the 41 fourth part of an hin of wine for a drink offering. And the

41 fourth part of an hin of wine for a drink offering. And the other lamb thou shalt offer at even, and shalt do thereto according to the meat offering of the morning, and according to the drink offering thereof, for a sweet savour, an offering made

42 by fire unto the LORD. This shall be a continual burnt-offering throughout your generations at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation before the LORD: where I will meet 43 you, to speak there unto thee. And there I will meet with the

children of Israel, and b the tabernacle shall be sanctified by my b Or, Israel. 44 glory. And I will sanctify the tabernacle of the congregation, and the altar: I will sanctify also both Aaron and his sons, to

minister to me in the priest's office.

And c I will dwell among the children of Israel, and will be c Lev. xxvi. 46 their God. And they shall know that I am the Lord their is.

God, that brought them forth out of the land of Egypt, that I may dwell among them: I am the Lord their God.

EXODUS XXX.

1 The altar of incense. 11 The ransom of souls. 17 The brasen lawer. 22 The holy anointing oil. 34 The composition of the perfume.

And thou shalt make an altar to burn incense upon: of shit-2 tim wood shalt thou make it. A cubit shall be the length thereof, and a cubit the breadth thereof; foursquare shall it be: and two cubits shall be the height thereof: the horns thereof 3 shall be of the same. And thou shalt overlay it with pure gold, the d top thereof, and the e sides thereof round about, and the d Heb. roof. horns thereof; and thou shalt make unto it a crown of gold 4 round about. And two golden rings shalt thou make to it under the crown of it, by the two f corners thereof, upon the f Heb. ribe. two sides of it shalt thou make it; and they shall be for places 5 for the staves to bear it withal. And thou shalt make the 6 staves of shittim wood, and overlay them with gold. And thou shalt put it before the vail that is by the ark of the testimony, before the mercy seat that is over the testimony, where I will 7 meet with thee. And Aaron shall burn thereon g sweet incense g Heb. incense of spices. every morning: when he dresseth the lamps, he shall burn

evens.

And when Aaron hilighteth the lamps kat 8 A.C. 1491. incense upon it. h Or, setteth even, he shall burn incense upon it, a perpetual incense before the LORD throughout your generations. Ye shall offer no 9 eth to ascend. strange incense thereon, nor burnt sacrifice, nor meat offering; tween the two neither shall ye pour drink offering thereon. And Aaron shall 10 make an atonement upon the horns of it once in a year with the blood of the sin offering of atonements: once in the year shall he make atonement upon it throughout your generations: it is most holy unto the Lord.

l Num. i. 2.5. numbered.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, When thou takest 11 m Heb. them the sum of the children of Israel after m their number, then shall 12 they give every man a ransom for his soul unto the LORD, when thou numberest them; that there be no plague among them, when thou numberest them. This they shall give, every 13 one that passeth among them that are numbered, half a shekel n Lev. xxvii. after the shekel of the sanctuary: (na shekel is twenty gerahs:) an half shekel shall be the offering of the Lord. Every one 14 that passeth among them that are numbered, from twenty years old and above, shall give an offering unto the LORD. rich shall not ogive more, and the poor shall not pgive less p Heb. dimi- than half a shekel, when they give an offering unto the LORD, to make an atonement for your souls. And thou shalt take the 16 atonement money of the children of Israel, and shalt appoint it for the service of the tabernacle of the congregation; that it may be a memorial unto the children of Israel before the LORD, to make an atonement for your souls.

25. Num. iii. 47. Ezek. xlv. 12.

o Heb. mul-

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Thou shalt also 17 make a layer of brass, and his foot also of brass, to wash withal: 18 and thou shalt put it between the tabernacle of the congregation and the altar, and thou shalt put water therein. For 19 Aaron and his sons shall wash their hands and their feet thereat: when they go into the tabernacle of the congregation, 20 they shall wash with water, that they die not; or when they come near to the altar to minister, to burn offering made by fire unto the Lord: so they shall wash their hands and their 21 feet, that they die not; and it shall be a statute for ever to them, even to him and to his seed throughout their generations.

Moreover the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Take thou 22 also unto thee principal spices, of pure myrrh five hundred 23 shekels, and of sweet cinnamon half so much, even two hundred and fifty shekels, and of sweet calamus two hundred and fifty shekels, and of cassia five hundred shekels, after the shekel of 24 the sanctuary, and of oil olive an qhin: and thou shalt make 25 it an oil of holy ointment, an ointment compound after the art of the rapothecary: it shall be an holy anointing oil. thou shalt anoint the tabernacle of the congregation therewith, and the ark of the testimony. And the table and all his ves- 27

qch. xxix. 40.

r Or, perfumer.

sels, and the candlestick and his vessels, and the altar of incense, A.C. 1491. 28 and the altar of burnt offering with all his vessels, and the 29 layer and his foot. And thou shalt sanctify them, that they may be most holy: whatsoever toucheth them shall be holy. 30 And thou shalt anoint Aaron and his sons, and consecrate them, that they may minister unto me in the priest's office. 31 And thou shalt speak unto the children of Israel, saying, This shall be an holy anointing oil unto me throughout your gene-32 rations. Upon man's flesh shall it not be poured, neither shall ye make any other like it, after the composition of it: it is holy, 33 and it shall be holy unto you. Whosoever compoundeth any like it, or whosoever putteth any of it upon a stranger, shall even be cut off from his people.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Take unto thee sweet spices, stacte, and onycha, and galbanum; these sweet spices with pure frankincense: of each shall there be a like weight: 35 and thou shalt make it a perfume, a confection after the art of 36 the apothecary, stempered together, pure and holy: and thou s Heb. salled. shalt beat some of it very small, and put of it before the testimony in the tabernacle of the congregation, where I will meet 37 with thee: it shall be unto you most holy. And as for the perfume which thou shalt make, ye shall not make to yourselves according to the composition thereof: it shall be unto 38 thee holy for the LORD. Whosoever shall make like unto that, to smell thereto, shall even be cut off from his people.

EXODUS XXXI.

1 Bezaleel and Aholiab are called and made meet for the work of the tabernacle. 12 The observation of the sabbath is again commanded. 18 Moses receiveth the two

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, See, I have called 2 by name Bezaleel the tson of Uri, the son of Hur, of the tribe t1 Chr. ii. 20. 3 of Judah: and I have filled him with the spirit of God, in wisdom, and in understanding, and in knowledge, and in all 4 manner of workmanship, to devise cunning works, to work 5 in gold, and in silver, and in brass, and in cutting of stones, to set them, and in carving of timber, to work in all manner of 6 workmanship. And I, behold, I have given with him Aholiab, the son of Ahisamach, of the tribe of Dan: and in the hearts of all that are wise hearted I have put wisdom, that they may 7 make all that I have commanded thee; the tabernacle of the congregation, and the ark of the testimony, and the mercy seat that is thereupon, and all the "furniture of the tabernacle, u Heb. vessels. 8 and the table and his furniture, and the pure candlestick with 9 all his furniture, and the altar of incense, and the altar of burnt 10 offering with all his furniture, and the laver and his foot, and the cloths of service, and the holy garments for Aaron the priest, and the garments of his sons, to minister in the priest's 11 office, and the anointing oil, and sweet incense for the holy

A.C. 1491. place: according to all that I have commanded thee shall

they do.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak thou 12, 13 also unto the children of Israel, saying, Verily my sabbaths ye shall keep: for it is a sign between me and you throughout your generations; that ye may know that I am the Lord that doth sanctify you. *Ye shall keep the sabbath therefore; for 14

x ch. xx. 8. Deut. v. 12.

Deut. v. 12.

Deut. v. 12.

it is holy unto you: every one that defileth it shall surely be put to death: for whosoever doeth any work therein, that soul shall be cut off from among his people. Six days may work 15

shall be cut off from among his people. Six days may work 15 be done; but in the seventh is the sabbath of rest, holy to the Lord: whosoever doeth any work in the sabbath day, he shall surely be put to death. Wherefore the children of Israel 16 shall keep the sabbath, to observe the sabbath throughout their generations, for a perpetual covenant. It is a sign between 17

me and the children of Israel for ever: for z in six days the Lord made heaven and earth, and on the seventh day he rested, and was refreshed.

And he gave unto Moses, when he had made an end of 18 a Deut. ix.10. communing with him upon mount Sinai, a two tables of testimony, tables of stone, written with the finger of God.

The Golden Calf.

EXODUS XXXII. VER. 1-6.

The people, in the absence of Moses, cause Aaron to make a calf.

And when the people saw that Moses delayed to come down out of the mount, the people gathered themselves together unto Aaron, and said unto him, a Up, make us gods, which shall go before us; for as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of Egypt, we wot not what is become of him. And Aaron said unto them, Break off the golden earrings, which are in the ears of your wives, of your sons, and of your daughters, and bring them unto me. And all the people brake off the golden earrings which were in their ears, and brought them unto Aaron. And he received them at their hand, and fashioned it with a graving tool, after he had made it a molten

fashioned it with a graving tool, after he had made it a molten calf: and they said, These be thy gods, O Israel, which brought thee up out of the land of Egypt. And when Aaron saw it, 5 he built an altar before it; and Aaron made proclamation, and said, To morrow is a feast to the Lord. And they rose up 6 early on the morrow, and offered burnt offerings, and brought

c 1 Cor. x. 7. peace offerings; and the c people sat down to eat and to drink, and rose up to play.

Tables of the Law broken.

EXODUS XXXII. VER. 7, TO THE END.

a Deut. ix.12. And the LORD said unto Moses, a Go, get thee down; for 7 thy people, which thou broughtest out of the land of Egypt,

8 have corrupted themselves: They have turned aside quickly A.C. 1491. out of the way which I commanded them: they have made them a molten calf, and have worshipped it, and have sacrificed thereunto, and said, These be thy gods, O Israel, which 9 have brought thee up out of the land of Egypt. And the LORD said unto Moses, b I have seen this people, and, behold, b ch. xxxiii. 3. Deut. ix. 10 it is a stiffnecked people: Now therefore let me alone, that 13. my wrath may wax hot against them, and that I may consume 11 them: and I will make of thee a great nation. CAnd Moses 1, 2. & cvi. 23. besought the Lord his God, and said, Lord, why doth thy the the wrath wax hot against thy people, which thou hast brought LORD. forth out of the land of Egypt with great power, and with a 12 mighty hand? Wherefore should the Egyptians speak, e Num. xiv. and say, For mischief did he bring them out, to slay them in the mountains, and to consume them from the face of the Turn from thy fierce wrath, and repent of this evil 13 against thy people. Remember Abraham, Isaac, and Israel, thy servants, to whom thou swarest by thine own self, and saidst unto them, 1 will multiply your seed as the stars of f Gen. xii. 7. heaven, and all this land that I have spoken of will I give unto 14 your seed, and they shall inherit it for ever. And the LORD repented of the evil which he thought to do unto his people. And Moses turned, and went down from the mount, and the two tables of the testimony were in his hand: the tables were written on both their sides; on the one side and on the 16 other were they written. And the gtables were the work of gch. xxxi. God, and the writing was the writing of God, graven upon the 17 tables. And when Joshua heard the noise of the people as they shouted, he said unto Moses, There is a noise of war in 18 the camp. And he said, It is not the voice of them that shout for mastery, neither is it the voice of them that cry for h being hear. weakovercome: but the noise of them that sing do I hear. And it came to pass, as soon as he came nigh unto the camp, that he saw the calf, and the dancing: and Moses' anger waxed hot, and he cast the tables out of his hands, and brake them 20 beneath the mount. i And he took the calf which they had i Deut. ix 21. made, and burnt it in the fire, and ground it to powder, and strawed it upon the water, and made the children of Israel

21 drink of it. And Moses said unto Aaron, What did this people unto thee, that thou hast brought so great a sin upon them? 22 And Aaron said, Let not the anger of my lord wax hot: thou 23 knowest the people, that they are set on mischief. For they said unto me, Make us gods, which shall go before us: for as for this Moses, the man that brought us up out of the land of 24 Egypt, we wot not what is become of him. And I said unto them, Whosoever hath any gold, let them break it off. So they gave it me: then I cast it into the fire, and there came

out this calf.

A.C. 1491. k Heb. those that rose up against them.

And when Moses saw that the people were naked; (for 25 Aaron had made them naked unto their shame among k their enemies:) then Moses stood in the gate of the camp, and 26 said. Who is on the LORD's side? let him come unto me. And all the sons of Levi gathered themselves together unto him. And he said unto them, Thus saith the LORD God of Israel, 27 Put every man his sword by his side, and go in and out from gate to gate throughout the camp, and slay every man his brother, and every man his companion, and every man his neighbour. And the children of Levi did according to the word of 28 Moses: and there fell of the people that day about three thou-¹Or, And Mo-sand men. ¹ For Moses had said, ^m Consecrate yourselves to 29 day to the LORD, even every man upon his son, and upon his selves to day, to the LORD, brother; that he may be stow upon you a blessing this day.

ses said, Consecrate yourbecause every man hath been against his son, and against his brother, &c. m Heb. Fill your hands.

o Deut. vii.

22. Josh.

xxiv. 11.

And it came to pass on the morrow, that Moses said unto 30 the people. Ye have sinned a great sin: and now I will go up unto the Lord; peradventure I shall make an atonement for your sin. And Moses returned unto the LORD, and said, Oh, 31 this people have sinned a great sin, and have made them gods of gold. Yet now, if thou wilt forgive their sin —; and if 32 not, blot me, I pray thee, out of thy book which thou hast And the LORD said unto Moses, Whosoever hath 33 sinned against me, him will I blot out of my book. Therefore 34 now go, lead the people unto the place of which I have spoken unto thee: behold, mine Angel shall go before thee: nevertheless in the day when I visit I will visit their sin upon them. And the LORD plagued the people, because they made the 35 calf, which Aaron made.

EXODUS XXXIII.

1 The Lord refuseth to go as he had promised with the people. 4 The people murmur thereat. 7 The tabernacle is removed out of the camp. 9 The Lord talketh familiarly with Moses. 12 Moses desireth to see the glory of God.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Depart, and go up hence, 1

thou and the people which thou hast brought up out of the land of Egypt, unto the land which I sware unto Abraham, to Isaac, n Gen. xii. 7. and to Jacob, saying, 1 Unto thy seed will I give it: and I 2 will send an angel before thee; o and I will drive out the Canaanite, the Amorite, and the Hittite, and the Perizzite, the Hivite, and the Jebusite: unto a land flowing with milk and 3 honey: for I will not go up in the midst of thee; for thou art

pch. xxxii.9. a p stiffnecked people: lest I consume thee in the way.

And when the people heard these evil tidings, they mourned: 4 and no man did put on him his ornaments. For the LORD had 5 said unto Moses, Say unto the children of Israel, Ye are a stiffnecked people: I will come up into the midst of thee in a moment, and consume thee: therefore now put off thy ornaments from thee, that I may know what to do unto thee. And 6

the children of Israel stripped themselves of their ornaments A.C. 1491. 7 by the mount Horeb. And Moses took the tabernacle, and pitched it without the camp, afar off from the camp, and called it the Tabernacle of the congregation. And it came to pass, that every one which sought the LORD went out unto the tabernacle of the congregation, which was without the camp. 8 And it came to pass, when Moses went out unto the tabernacle, that all the people rose up, and stood every man at his tent door, and looked after Moses, until he was gone into the g tabernacle. And it came to pass, when Moses entered into the tabernacle, the cloudy pillar descended, and stood at the door of the tabernacle, and the LORD talked with Moses. 10 And all the people saw the cloudy pillar stand at the tabernacle door: and all the people rose up and worshipped, every 11 man in his tent door. And the LORD spake unto Moses face to face, as a man speaketh unto his friend. And he turned again into the camp: but his servant Joshua, the son of Nun, a young man, departed not out of the tabernacle.

And Moses said unto the LORD, See, thou sayest unto me, Bring up this people: and thou hast not let me know whom thou wilt send with me. Yet thou hast said, I know thee by 13 name, and thou hast also found grace in my sight. therefore, I pray thee, if I have found grace in thy sight, shew me now thy way, that I may know thee, that I may find grace 14 in thy sight: and consider that this nation is thy people. And he said, My presence shall go with thee, and I will give thee 15 rest. And he said unto him, If thy presence go not with me, 16 carry us not up hence. For wherein shall it be known here that I and thy people have found grace in thy sight? is it not in that thou goest with us? so shall we be separated, I and thy people, from all the people that are upon the face of the earth. 17 And the Lord said unto Moses, I will do this thing also that thou hast spoken: for thou hast found grace in my sight, and I 18 know thee by name. And he said, I beseech thee, shew me 19 thy glory. And he said, I will make all my goodness pass before thee, and I will proclaim the name of the Lord before thee; q and will be gracious to whom I will be gracious, and q Rom. ix.15. 20 will shew mercy on whom I will shew mercy. And he said, Thou canst not see my face: for there shall no man see me, And the Lord said, Behold, there is a place by me, 22 and thou shalt stand upon a rock: and it shall come to pass, while my glory passeth by, that I will put thee in a clift of the 23 rock, and will cover thee with my hand while I pass by: and I will take away mine hand, and thou shalt see my back parts: but my face shall not be seen.

The Tables of the Law renewed.

EXODUS XXXIV.

1 The tables are renewed. 5 The name of the LORD proclaimed. 8 Moses intreateth God to go with them. 10 God maketh a covenant with them, repeating certain duties of the first table. 28 Moses, after forty days in the mount, cometh down with the tables. 29 His face shineth, and he covereth it with a vail.

And the LORD said unto Moses, a Hew thee two tables of 1 a Deut. x. 1. stone like unto the first: and I will write upon these tables the words that were in the first tables, which thou brakest. be ready in the morning, and come up in the morning unto mount Sinai, and present thyself there to me in the top of the mount. And no man shall b come up with thee, neither let any 3 b ch. xix. 12.

man be seen throughout all the mount; neither let the flocks nor herds feed before that mount.

and take us for thine inheritance.

And he hewed two tables of stone like unto the first; and 4 Moses rose up early in the morning, and went up unto mount Sinai, as the LORD had commanded him, and took in his hand the two tables of stone. And the LORD descended in the 5 cloud, and stood with him there, and proclaimed the name of And the Lord passed by before him, and pro- 6 claimed, The LORD, The LORD God, merciful and gracious, long-suffering, and abundant in goodness and truth, keeping 7 mercy for thousands, forgiving iniquity and transgression and sin, and that will by no means clear the guilty; visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children, and upon the children's children, unto the third and to the fourth generation. And 8 Moses made haste, and bowed his head toward the earth, and worshipped. And he said, If now I have found grace in thy 9 sight, O Lord, let my Lord, I pray thee, go among us; for it is a stiffnecked people; and pardon our iniquity and our sin,

c ch. xx. 6. Deut. v. 10. Jer. xxxii.18.

d Deut. v. 2.

And he said, Behold, d I make a covenant: before all thy 10 people I will do marvels, such as have not been done in all the earth, nor in any nation: and all the people among which thou art shall see the work of the LORD: for it is a terrible thing that I will do with thee. Observe thou that which I command 11 thee this day: behold, I drive out before thee the Amorite, and the Canaanite, and the Hittite, and the Perizzite, and the Hivite, and the Jebusite. e Take heed to thyself, lest thou 12 make a covenant with the inhabitants of the land whither thou goest, lest it be for a snare in the midst of thee: but ye shall 13 destroy their altars, break their images, and cut down their groves: for thou shalt worship no other god: for the LORD, 14 whose name is Jealous, is a gjealous God: lest thou make a 15 covenant with the inhabitants of the land, and they go a whor-

e ch. xxiii. 32. Deut. vii.

f Heb. sta. tues.

g ch. xx. 5.

ing after their gods, and do sacrifice unto their gods, and one h 1 Kin. xi. 2. call thee, and thou eat of his sacrifice; and thou take of h their 16

```
daughters unto thy sons, and their daughters go a whoring after A.C. 1491.
    their gods, and make thy sons go a whoring after their gods.
 17 Thou shalt make thee no molten gods.
      The feast of iunleavened bread shalt thou keep. Seven ich. xxiii.15.
    days thou shalt eat unleavened bread, as I commanded thee, in
    the time of the month Abib: for in the k month Abib thou k ch. xiii. 4.
 19 camest out from Egypt. 1 All that openeth the matrix is mine; 1ch. xxii. 29.
    and every firstling among thy cattle, whether ox or sheep, that 30.
 20 is male. But the firstling of an ass thou shalt redeem with a
   m lamb: and if thou redeem him not, then shalt thou break his m or, kid.
           All the firstborn of thy sons thou shalt redeem.
                                                                   n ch. xxiii.15.
   none shall appear before me nempty.
      <sup>o</sup> Six days thou shalt work, but on the seventh day thou shalt <sup>o.ch.</sup> xxiii.12. Deut. v. 12.
   rest: in earing time and in harvest thou shalt rest.
                                                                   Luke xiii. 14.
      P And thou shalt observe the feast of weeks, of the firstfruits p ch. xxiii.
   of wheat harvest, and the feast of ingathering at the q year's q Heb. revo-
                                                                   lution of the
      Thrice in the year shall all your menchildren appear before reh. xxiii.
 24 the Lord God, the God of Israel. For I will cast out the Deut. xvi. 16.
   nations before thee, and enlarge thy borders: neither shall
   any man desire thy land, when thou shalt go up to appear
 25 before the LORD thy God thrice in the year. 8 Thou shalt not 18.
   offer the blood of my sacrifice with leaven; neither shall the
   sacrifice of the feast of the passover be left unto the morning.
 26 The first of the firstfruits of thy land thou shalt bring unto the
   house of the Lord thy God. Thou shalt not see the a kid in tch. xxiii. 19. Deut. xiv. 21.
 27 his mother's milk. And the LORD said unto Moses, Write
   thou "these words: for after the tenor of these words I have "Deut.iv.13.
28 made a covenant with thee and with Israel. * And he was 18. Deut. ix.
   there with the Lord forty days and forty nights; he did nei-9.
   ther eat bread, nor drink water. And he wrote upon the
   tables the words of the covenant, the ten y commandments.
   And it came to pass, when Moses came down from mount
   Sinai with the two tables of testimony in Moses' hand, when
   he came down from the mount, that Moses wist not that the
30 skin of his face shone while he talked with him. And when
   Aaron and all the children of Israel saw Moses, behold, the
   skin of his face shone; and they were afraid to come nigh him.
31 And Moses called unto them; and Aaron and all the rulers of
  the congregation returned unto him: and Moses talked with
         And afterward all the children of Israel came nigh:
  and he gave them in commandment all that the LORD had
33 spoken with him in mount Sinai. And till Moses had done
34 speaking with them, he put z a vail on his face. But when z 2 Cor. iii.
  Moses went in before the Lord to speak with him, he took the
  vail off, until he came out. And he came out, and spake unto
35 the children of Israel that which he was commanded. And the
  children of Israel saw the face of Moses, that the skin of
```

Moses' face shone: and Moses put the vail upon his face again, until he went in to speak with him.

Offerings of the People for the Erection of the Tabernacle.—Furniture, and Completion of the Tabernacle.

EXODUS XXXV.

 The sabbath. 4 The free gifts for the tabernacle. 20 The readiness of the people to offer. 30 Bezaleel and Aholiab are called to the work.

1490.

a ch. xx. 9.
Lev. xxiii. 3.
Deut. v. 12.
Luke xiii. 14.
b Heb. holi-

And Moses gathered all the congregation of the children of 1 Israel together, and said unto them, These are the words which the Lord hath commanded, that ye should do them. ^a Six 2 days shall work be done, but on the seventh day there shall be to you ^b an holy day, a sabbath of rest to the Lord: whose-ever doeth work therein shall be put to death. Ye shall kindle 3

no fire throughout your habitations upon the sabbath day.

And Moses spake unto all the congregation of the children 4

of Israel, saying, This is the thing which the Lord commanded, saying, Take ye from among you an offering unto the 5 cch. xxv. 2. Lord: "whosoever is of a willing heart, let him bring it, an offering of the Lord; gold, and silver, and brass, and blue, 6 and purple, and scarlet, and fine linen, and goats' hair, and 7 rams' skins dyed red, and badgers' skins, and shittim wood, and 8 oil for the light, and spices for anointing oil, and for the sweet incense, and onyx stones, and stones to be set for the ephod, 9 and for the breastplate. And every wise hearted among you 10 shall come, and make all that the Lord hath commanded;

d ch. xxvi. 1, d the tabernacle, his tent, and his covering, his taches, and his 11 boards, his bars, his pillars, and his sockets, the ark, and the 12 staves thereof, with the mercy seat, and the vail of the covering, the table, and his staves, and all his vessels, and the shew- 13 bread, the candlestick also for the light, and his furniture, and 14

and his staves, and the anointing oil, and the sweet incense, and the hanging for the door at the entering in of the taberna-

of the court, his pillars, and their sockets, and the hanging for the door of the court, the pins of the tabernacle, and the pins 18 of the court, and their cords, the cloths of service, to do service 19 in the holy place, the holy garments for Aaron the priest, and the garments of his sons, to minister in the priest's office.

And all the congregation of the children of Israel departed 20 from the presence of Moses. And they came, every one whose 21 heart stirred him up, and every one whom his spirit made willing, and they brought the Lord's offering to the work of the tabernacle of the congregation, and for all his service, and for the holy garments. And they came, both men and women, as 22 many as were willing hearted, and brought bracelets, and ear-

rings, and rings, and tablets, all jewels of gold: and every man A.C. 1490. 23 that offered offered an offering of gold unto the LORD. And every man, with whom was found blue, and purple, and scarlet. and fine linen, and goats' hair, and red skins of rams, and 24 badgers' skins, brought them. Every one that did offer an offering of silver and brass brought the Lord's offering: and every man, with whom was found shittim wood for any work 25 of the service, brought it. And all the women that were wise hearted did spin with their hands, and brought that which they had spun, both of blue, and of purple, and of scarlet, and of 26 fine linen. And all the women whose heart stirred them up in 27 wisdom spun goats' hair. And the rulers brought onyx stones, and stones to be set, for the ephod, and for the breastplate; 28 and g spice, and oil for the light, and for the anointing oil, and g ch. xxx 23. 29 for the sweet incense. The children of Israel brought a willing offering unto the LORD, every man and woman, whose heart made them willing to bring for all manner of work, which the LORD had commanded to be made by the hand of Moses. And Moses said unto the children of Israel, See, h the Lord h ch. xxxi. 2, hath called by name Bezaleel the son of Uri, the son of &c. 31 Hur, of the tribe of Judah; and he hath filled him with the spirit of God, in wisdom, in understanding, and in knowledge, 32 and in all manner of workmanship; and to devise curious 33 works, to work in gold, and in silver, and in brass, and in the cutting of stones, to set them, and in carving of wood, to make 34 any manner of cunning work. And he hath put in his heart

EXODUS XXXVI.

cunning work.

that he may teach, both he, and Aholiab, the son of Ahisamach, 35 of the tribe of Dan. Them hath he filled with wisdom of heart, to work all manner of work, of the engraver, and of the cunning workman, and of the embroiderer, in blue, and in purple, in scarlet, and in fine linen, and of the weaver, even of them that do any work, and of those that devise

1 The offerings are delivered to the workmen. 5 The liberality of the people is restrained. 8 The curtains of cherubims. 14 The curtains of goats' hair. 19 The covering of skins. 20 The boards with their sockets. 31 The bars. 35 The vail. 37 The hanging for the door.

Then wrought Bezaleel and Aholiab, and every wise hearted man, in whom the Lord put wisdom and understanding to know how to work all manner of work for the service of the sanctuary, according to all that the LORD had commanded. 2 And Moses called Bezaleel and Aholiab, and every wise hearted man, in whose heart the LORD had put wisdom, even every one whose heart stirred him up to come unto the work 3 to do it: and they received of Moses all the offering, which the children of Israel had brought for the work of the service

A.C. 1490. of the sanctuary, to make it withal. And they brought yet unto him free offerings every morning.

> And all the wise men, that wrought all the work of the 4 sanctuary, came every man from his work which they made; and they spake unto Moses, saying, The people bring much 5 more than enough for the service of the work, which the LORD commanded to make. And Moses gave commandment, and 6 they caused it to be proclaimed throughout the camp, saying, Let neither man nor woman make any more work for the offering of the sanctuary. So the people were restrained from bringing. For the stuff they had was sufficient for all the work 7 to make it, and too much.

ich. xxvi. 1.

i And every wise hearted man among them that wrought the 8 work of the tabernacle made ten curtains of fine twined linen, and blue, and purple, and scarlet: with cherubims of cunning work made he them. The length of one curtain was twenty 9 and eight cubits, and the breadth of one curtain four cubits: the curtains were all of one size. And he coupled the five 10 curtains one unto another: and the other five curtains he coupled one unto another. And he made loops of blue on the 11 edge of one curtain from the selvedge in the coupling: likewise he made in the uttermost side of another curtain, in the jeh. xxvi. 5. coupling of the second. j Fifty loops made he in one curtain, 12 and fifty loops made he in the edge of the curtain which was in the coupling of the second: the loops held one curtain to another. And he made fifty taches of gold, and coupled 13 the curtains one unto another with the taches: so it became one tabernacle.

> And he made curtains of goats' hair for the tent over the 14 tabernacle: eleven curtains he made them. The length of one 15 curtain was thirty cubits, and four cubits was the breadth of one curtain: the eleven curtains were of one size. And he 16 coupled five curtains by themselves, and six curtains by themselves. And he made fifty loops upon the uttermost edge of 17 the curtain in the coupling, and fifty loops made he upon the edge of the curtain which coupleth the second. And he made 18 fifty taches of brass to couple the tent together, that it might be one. And he made a covering for the tent of rams' skins 19 dyed red, and a covering of badgers' skins above that.

> And he made boards for the tabernacle of shittim wood, 20 standing up. The length of a board was ten cubits, and the 21 breadth of a board one cubit and a half. One board had two 22 tenons, equally distant one from another: thus did he make for all the boards of the tabernacle. And he made boards for 23 the tabernacle; twenty boards for the south side southward: and forty sockets of silver he made under the twenty boards; 24 two sockets under one board for his two tenons, and two sockets under another board for his two tenons. And for the other 25

side of the tabernacle, which is toward the north corner, he A.C. 1490. 26 made twenty boards, and their forty sockets of silver; two sockets under one board, and two sockets under another board. 27 And for the sides of the tabernacle westward he made six And two boards made he for the corners of the taber-29 nacle in the two sides. And they were k coupled beneath, and k Heb. coupled together at the head thereof, to one ring: thus he did 30 to both of them in both the corners. And there were eight boards; and their sockets were sixteen sockets of silver, 1 under 1 Heb. two every board two sockets.

And he made m bars of shittim wood; five for the boards m ch. xxvi. 32 of the one side of the tabernacle, and five bars for the boards 26. of the other side of the tabernacle, and five bars for the boards 33 of the tabernacle for the sides westward. And he made the middle bar to shoot through the boards from the one end to the And he overlaid the boards with gold, and made their rings of gold to be places for the bars, and overlaid the bars with gold.

And he made a vail of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen: with cherubims made he it of cunning work. 36 And he made thereunto four pillars of shittim wood, and overlaid them with gold: their hooks were of gold; and he cast for 37 them four sockets of silver. And he made an hanging for the tabernacle door of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined

38 linen, n of needlework; and the five pillars of it with their n Heb. the hooks: and he overlaid their chapiters and their fillets with work of a needleworker, gold: but their five sockets were of brass.

or, embroid-

EXODUS XXXVII.

- 1 The ark. 6 The mercy scat with cherubims. 10 The table with his vessels. 17 The candlestick with his lamps and instruments. 25 The altar of incense. 29 The anointing oil and sweet incense.
- And Bezaleel made othe ark of shittim wood: two cubits och. xxv. 10. and a half was the length of it, and a cubit and a half the 2 breadth of it, and a cubit and a half the height of it: and he overlaid it with pure gold within and without, and made a
- 3 crown of gold to it round about. And he cast for it four rings of gold, to be set by the four corners of it; even two rings upon
- 4 the one side of it, and two rings upon the other side of it. And he made staves of shittim wood, and overlaid them with gold.
- 5 And he put the staves into the rings by the sides of the ark, to bear the ark.
- And he made the p mercy seat of pure gold: two cubits and p ch. xxv. 17. a half was the length thereof, and one cubit and a half the 7 breadth thereof. And he made two cherubims of gold, beaten
- out of one piece made he them, on the two ends of the mercy q Or, out of, 8 seat; one cherub q on the end on this side, and another cherub r on the other end on that side: out of the mercy seat made he r Or, out of,

VOL. I.

spread out their wings on high, and covered with their wings over the mercy seat, with their faces one to another; even to the mercy seat-ward were the faces of the cherubims.

And he made the table of shittim wood: two cubits was the 10 length thereof, and a cubit the breadth thereof, and a cubit and a half the height thereof: and he overlaid it with pure gold, 11 and made thereunto a crown of gold round about. Also he 12 made thereunto a border of an hand breadth round about; and made a crown of gold for the border thereof round about. And 13 he cast for it four rings of gold, and put the rings upon the four corners that were in the four feet thereof. Over against 14 the border were the rings, the places for the staves to bear the table. And he made the staves of shittim wood, and overlaid 15 them with gold, to bear the table. And he made the vessels 16 sch. xxv. 29. which were upon the table, his s dishes, and his spoons, and tor, to pour his bowls, and his covers t to cover withal, of pure gold.

t Or, to pour out withat. uch. xxv. 31.

And he made the $^{\rm u}$ candlestick of pure gold: of beaten work 17 made he the candlestick; his shaft, and his branch, his bowls, his knops, and his flowers, were of the same: and six branches 18 going out of the sides thereof; three branches of the candlestick out of the one side thereof, and three branches of the candlestick out of the other side thereof: three bowls made 19 after the fashion of almonds in one branch, a knop and a flower; and three bowls made like almonds in another branch, a knop and a flower: so throughout the six branches going out of the candlestick. And in the candlestick were four bowls 20 made like almonds, his knops, and his flowers: and a knop 21 under two branches of the same, and a knop under two branches of the same, and a knop under two branches of the same, according to the six branches going out of it. Their knops and 22 their branches were of the same: all of it was one beaten work of pure gold. And he made his seven lamps, and his snuffers, 23 and his snuffdishes, of pure gold. Of a talent of pure gold 24 made he it, and all the vessels thereof.

xch xxx. 1. X And he made the incense altar of shittim wood: the length 25 of it was a cubit, and the breadth of it a cubit; it was four-square; and two cubits was the height of it; the horns thereof were of the same. And he overlaid it with pure gold, both the 26 top of it, and the sides thereof round about, and the horns of it: also he made unto it a crown of gold round about. And 27 he made two rings of gold for it under the crown thereof, by the two corners of it, upon the two sides thereof, to be places for the staves to bear it withal. And he made the staves of 28 shittim wood, and overlaid them with gold.

And he made y the holy anointing oil, and the pure incense 29 of sweet spices, according to the work of the apothecary.

EXODUS XXXVIII.

8 The laver of brass. 9 The court. 21 The sum of 1 The altar of burnt offering. that the people offered.

And z he made the altar of burnt offering of shittim wood: A.C. 1490. five cubits was the length thereof, and five cubits the breadth zeh. xxvii. 1. thereof; it was foursquare; and three cubits the height thereof. 2 And he made the horns thereof on the four corners of it; the horns thereof were of the same: and he overlaid it with brass. 3 And he made all the vessels of the altar, the pots, and the shovels, and the basons, and the fleshhooks, and the firepans: 4 all the vessels thereof made he of brass. And he made for the altar a brasen grate of network under the compass thereof

5 beneath unto the midst of it. And he cast four rings for the 6 four ends of the grate of brass, to be places for the staves. And he made the staves of shittim wood, and overlaid them with And he put the staves into the rings on the sides of

the altar, to bear it withal; he made the altar hollow with boards. And he made the laver of brass, and the foot of it of brass,

of the a lookingglasses of the women b assembling, which assem- a or, brasen 9 bled at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. he made the court: on the south side southward the hangings troops. 10 of the court were of fine twined linen, an hundred cubits: their pillars were twenty, and their brasen sockets twenty; the hooks 11 of the pillars and their fillets were of silver. And for the north side the hangings were an hundred cubits, their pillars were twenty, and their sockets of brass twenty; the hooks of the 12 pillars and their fillets of silver. And for the west side were hangings of fifty cubits, their pillars ten, and their sockets ten; 13 the hooks of the pillars and their fillets of silver. And for 14 the east side eastward fifty cubits. The hangings of the one side of the gate were fifteen cubits; their pillars three, and their 15 sockets three. And for the other side of the court gate, on this hand and that hand, were hangings of fifteen cubits; their 16 pillars three, and their sockets three. All the hangings of the 17 court round about were of fine twined linen. And the sockets for the pillars were of brass; the hooks of the pillars and their fillets of silver; and the overlaying of their chapiters of silver; 18 and all the pillars of the court were filleted with silver. And the hanging for the gate of the court was needlework, of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen: and twenty cubits was the length, and the height in the breadth was five 19 cubits, answerable to the hangings of the court. And their pillars were four, and their sockets of brass four; their hooks of silver, and the overlaying of their chapiters and their fillets

20 of silver. And all the c pins of the tabernacle, and of the court 19. xxvii. round about, were of brass.

A.C. 1490.

This is the sum of the tabernacle, even of the tabernacle of 21 testimony, as it was counted, according to the commandment of Moses, for the service of the Levites, by the hand of Ithamar, son to Aaron the priest. And Bezaleel the son of Uri, 22 the son of Hur, of the tribe of Judah, made all that the LORD commanded Moses. And with him was Aholiab, son of Ahi-23 samach, of the tribe of Dan, an engraver, and a cunning workman, and an embroiderer in blue, and in purple, and in scarlet, and fine linen. All the gold that was occupied for the work 24 in all the work of the holy place, even the gold of the offering, was twenty and nine talents, and seven hundred and thirty shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary. And the silver of 25 them that were numbered of the congregation was an hundred talents, and a thousand seven hundred and threescore and fifteen shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary: a bekah for 26 d Heb. a poll. d every man, that is, half a shekel, after the shekel of the sanctuary, for every one that went to be numbered, from twenty years old and upward, for six hundred thousand and three thousand and five hundred and fifty men. And of the hundred 27 talents of silver were cast the sockets of the sanctuary, and the sockets of the vail; an hundred sockets of the hundred talents. a talent for a socket. And of the thousand seven hundred 28 seventy and five *shehels* he made hooks for the pillars, and overlaid their chapiters, and filleted them. And the brass of the 29 offering was seventy talents, and two thousand and four hundred shekels. And therewith he made the sockets to the door 30 of the tabernacle of the congregation, and the brasen altar, and the brasen grate for it, and all the vessels of the altar, and the 31 sockets of the court round about, and the sockets of the court gate, and all the pins of the tabernacle, and all the pins of the

EXODUS XXXIX.

1 The cloths of service and holy garments. 2 The ephod. 8 The breastplate. 22 The robe of the ephod. 27 The coats, mitre, and girdle of fine linen. 30 The plate of the holy crown. 32 All is viewed and approved by Moses.

e ch. xxxi.) 10. & xxxv. court round about.

And of the blue, and purple, and scarlet, they made e cloths 1 of service, to do service in the holy place, and made the holy garments for Aaron; as the LORD commanded Moses. he made the ephod of gold, blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen. And they did beat the gold into thin plates, 3 and cut it into wires, to work it in the blue, and in the purple, and in the scarlet, and in the fine linen, with cunning work. They made shoulderpieces for it, to couple it together: by the 4 two edges was it coupled together. And the curious girdle of 5 his ephod, that was upon it, was of the same, according to the work thereof; of gold, blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine twined linen; as the LORD commanded Moses.

f And they wrought onyx stones inclosed in ouches of gold, A.C. 1490. graven, as signets are graven, with the names of the children fch. xxviii.9. 7 of Israel. And he put them on the shoulders of the ephod, that they should be stones for a gmemorial to the children of gch. xxviii.

Israel; as the Lord commanded Moses. And he made the breastplate of cunning work, like the work of the ephod; of gold, blue, and purple, and scarlet, and fine 9 twined linen. It was foursquare; they made the breastplate double: a span was the length thereof, and a span the breadth 10 thereof, being doubled. And they set in it four rows of stones: the first row was a h sardius, a topaz, and a carbuncle: this was h or, ruby. 11 the first row. And the second row, an emerald, a sapphire, and 12 a diamond. And the third row, a ligure, an agate, and an 13 amethyst. And the fourth row, a beryl, an onyx, and a jasper: 14 they were inclosed in ouches of gold in their inclosings. And the stones were according to the names of the children of Israel, twelve, according to their names, like the engravings of a signet, every one with his name, according to the twelve And they made upon the breastplate chains at the 16 ends, of wreathen work of pure gold. And they made two ouches of gold, and two gold rings; and put the two rings in 17 the two ends of the breastplate. And they put the two wreathen chains of gold in the two rings on the ends of the 18 breastplate. And the two ends of the two wreathen chains they fastened in the two ouches, and put them on the shoulder-19 pieces of the ephod, before it. And they made two rings of gold, and put them on the two ends of the breastplate, upon the 20 border of it, which was on the side of the ephod inward. And they made two other golden rings, and put them on the two sides of the ephod underneath, toward the forepart of it, over

21 the ephod. And they did bind the breastplate by his rings unto the rings of the ephod with a lace of blue, that it might be above the curious girdle of the ephod, and that the breastplate might not be loosed from the ephod; as the LORD commanded Moses. And he made the robe of the ephod of woven work, all of

against the other coupling thereof, above the curious girdle of

And there was an hole in the midst of the robe, as the hole of an habergeon, with a band round about the hole, that it 24 should not rend. And they made upon the hems of the robe pomegranates of blue, and purple, and scarlet, and twined

linen. And they made i bells of pure gold, and put the bells i ch. xxviii. between the pomegranates upon the hem of the robe, round

26 about between the pomegranates; a bell and a pomegranate, a bell and a pomegranate, round about the hem of the robe to minister in; as the Lord commanded Moses.

And they made coats of fine linen of woven work for Aaron, 28 and for his sons, and a mitre of fine linen, and goodly bonnets

A.C. 1490. of fine linen, and k linen breeches of fine twined linen, and a 29 girdle of fine twined linen, and blue, and purple, and scarlet, of needlework; as the LORD commanded Moses.

l ch. xxviii.

And they made the plate of the holy crown of pure gold, 30 and wrote upon it a writing, like to the engravings of a signet, HOLINESS TO THE LORD. And they tied unto it a 31 lace of blue, to fasten it on high upon the mitre; as the LORD commanded Moses.

Thus was all the work of the tabernacle of the tent of the 32 congregation finished: and the children of Israel did according to all that the LORD commanded Moses, so did they.

And they brought the tabernacle unto Moses, the tent, and 33 all his furniture, his taches, his boards, his bars, and his pillars, and his sockets, and the covering of rams' skins dyed red, and 34 the covering of badgers' skins, and the vail of the covering, the ark of the testimony, and the staves thereof, and the mercy 35 seat, the table, and all the vessels thereof, and the shewbread, 36 the pure candlestick, with the lamps thereof, even with the 37 lamps to be set in order, and all the vessels thereof, and the oil for light, and the golden altar, and the anointing oil, and m the 38 sweet incense, and the hanging for the tabernacle door, the 39 brasen altar, and his grate of brass, his staves, and all his vessels, the laver and his foot, the hangings of the court, his 40 pillars, and his sockets, and the hanging for the court gate, his cords, and his pins, and all the vessels of the service of the tabernacle, for the tent of the congregation, the cloths of ser-41 vice to do service in the holy place, and the holy garments for Aaron the priest, and his sons' garments, to minister in the priest's office. According to all that the LORD commanded 42 Moses, so the children of Israel made all the work. And 43 Moses did look upon all the work, and, behold, they had done it as the Lord had commanded, even so had they done it: and Moses blessed them.

incense of sweet spices.

nı Heb. the

EXODUS XL.

1 The tabernacle is commanded to be reared, 9 and anointed. 13 Aaron and his sons to be sanctified. 16 Moses performeth all things accordingly. 34 A cloud covereth the tabernacle.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, on the first day of 1 the first month shalt thou set up the tabernacle of the tent of 2 the congregation. And thou shalt put therein the ark of the 3 n.ch.xxvi.35. testimony, and cover the ark with the vail. And n thou shalt 4 order thereof bring in the table, and set in order the things that are to be set in order upon it; and thou shalt bring in the candlestick, and light the lamps thereof. And thou shalt set the altar of 5 gold for the incense before the ark of the testimony, and put the hanging of the door to the tabernacle. And thou shalt set 6 the altar of the burnt offering before the door of the tabernacle of the tent of the congregation. And thou shalt set the 7

laver between the tent of the congregation and the altar, and A.C. 1490. 8 shalt put water therein. And thou shalt set up the court round 9 about, and hang up the hanging at the court gate. And thou shalt take the anointing oil, and anoint the tabernacle, and all that is therein, and shalt hallow it, and all the vessels thereof: 10 and it shall be holy. And thou shalt anoint the altar of the burnt offering, and all his vessels, and sanctify the altar: and

11 it shall be an altar p most holy. And thou shalt anoint the p Heb. holi-12 laver and his foot, and sanctify it. And thou shalt bring Aaron nesses.

and his sons unto the door of the tabernacle of the congrega-13 tion, and wash them with water. And thou shalt put upon Aaron the holy garments, and anoint him, and sanctify him;

14 that he may minister unto me in the priest's office. 15 shalt bring his sons, and clothe them with coats: and thou shalt anoint them, as thou didst anoint their father, that they may minister unto me in the priest's office: for their anointing shall surely be an everlasting priesthood throughout their gene-Thus did Moses: according to all that the LORD 16 rations.

commanded him, so did he.

And it came to pass in the first month in the second year, on the first day of the month, that the q tabernacle was reared up. q Num. vii 1

18 And Moses reared up the tabernacle, and fastened his sockets, and set up the boards thereof, and put in the bars thereof, and

19 reared up his pillars. And he spread abroad the tent over the tabernacle, and put the covering of the tent above upon it; as the Lord commanded Moses.

And he took and put the testimony into the ark, and set the staves on the ark, and put the mercy seat above upon the ark:

21 and he brought the ark into the tabernacle, and r set up the rch, xxxv. vail of the covering, and covered the ark of the testimony; as the Lord commanded Moses.

And he put the table in the tent of the congregation, upon 23 the side of the tabernacle northward, without the vail. And he set the bread in order upon it before the Lord; as the Lord had commanded Moses.

And he put the candlestick in the tent of the congregation, over against the table, on the side of the tabernacle southward.

25 And he lighted the lamps before the Lord, as the Lord commanded Moses.

And he put the golden altar in the tent of the congregation 27 before the vail: and he burnt sweet incense thereon; as the Lord commanded Moses.

And he set up the hanging at the door of the tabernacle. 29 And he put the altar of burnt offering by the door of the tabernacle of the tent of the congregation, and soffered upon it the sch. xxix. burnt offering and the meat offering; as the Lord commanded

And he set the laver between the tent of the congregation 30

A.C. 1490., and the altar, and put water there, to wash withal. And Moses 31 and Aaron and his sons washed their hands and their feet thereat: when they went into the tent of the congregation, 32 and when they came near unto the altar, they washed; as the LORD commanded Moses. And he reared up the court round 33 about the tabernacle and the altar, and set up the hanging of the court gate. So Moses finished the work.

t Num. ix. 15. 1 Kin. viii. 10.

u Heb. jour-

neyed.

^t Then a cloud covered the tent of the congregation, and the 34 glory of the LORD filled the tabernacle. And Moses was not 35 able to enter into the tent of the congregation, because the cloud abode thereon, and the glory of the LORD filled the tabernacle. And when the cloud was taken up from over the 36 tabernacle, the children of Israel u went onward in all their journeys: but if the cloud were not taken up, then they journeyed 37 not till the day that it was taken up. For the cloud of the 38 LORD was upon the tabernacle by day, and fire was on it by night, in the sight of all the house of Israel, throughout all their journeys.

Laws concerning Sacrifices 22. LEVITICUS I.

1 The burnt offerings. 3 Of the herd, 10 of the flocks, 13 of the fowls.

And the LORD called unto Moses, and spake unto him out 1 of the tabernacle of the congregation, saying, Speak unto the 2 children of Israel, and say unto them, If any man of you bring an offering unto the Lord, ye shall bring your offering of the cattle, even of the herd, and of the flock. If his offering 3 be a burnt sacrifice of the herd, let him offer a male without blemish: he shall offer it of his own voluntary will at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation before the LORD. ^a And he shall put his hand upon the head of the burnt offer- 4 ing; and it shall be accepted for him to make atonement for him. And he shall kill the bullock before the LORD: and the 5 priests, Aaron's sons, shall bring the blood, and sprinkle the blood round about upon the altar that is by the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And he shall flay the burnt 6

a Ex. xxix.

²² It would be impossible, in these brief and cursory notes, to point out the peculiar object of each enactment of the law of Moses. It must be sufficient to remark, that each was intended, either to inculcate the necessity of personal purity and holiness—to typify the future great sacrifice of Christ -to declare the absolute necessity of a vicarious atonement for sin-or to defend the people against the surrounding idolatry, by compelling them to venerate those things which the idolaters hated, or to detest those which the idolaters adored. The laws of Moses taught the doctrine of a future state, and of admission into a spiritual Eden, by means of the blood of the true paschal Lamb. It was the schoolmaster to bring the Israelites to Christ; the middle wall of partition to the Jews and Gentiles, which St. Paul tells us the Messiah was to break down. The law of Moses was the standing evidence of the truth of prophecy, of the providence of God, and of the harmony of the divine dispensations: for nothing was taught in the Gospel, which had not previously been inculcated by the law .-- Vide the Faith of the ancient Jews, by Bate; Lowman on the Hebrew Ritual; the Epistle to the Hebrews; the various Commentators on the Levitical Law; Dr. Young's 'Religion designed to prevent Superstition,' an admirable, though neglected work.

7 offering, and cut it into his pieces. And the sons of Aaron A.C. 1490. the priest shall put fire upon the altar, and lay the wood in 8 order upon the fire: and the priests, Aaron's sons, shall lay the parts, the head, and the fat, in order upon the wood that is on 9 the fire which is upon the altar: but his inwards and his legs shall he wash in water: and the priests shall burn all on the altar, to be a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord.

And if his offering be of the flocks, namely, of the sheep, or of the goats, for a burnt sacrifice; he shall bring it a male 11 without blemish. And he shall kill it on the side of the altar northward before the LORD: and the priests, Aaron's sons, 12 shall sprinkle his blood round about upon the altar. shall cut it into his pieces, with his head and his fat: and the priest shall lay them in order on the wood that is on the fire 13 which is upon the altar: but he shall wash the inwards and the legs with water: and the priest shall bring it all, and burn it upon the altar: it is a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord.

And if the burnt sacrifice for his offering to the Lord be of fowls, then he shall bring his offering of turtledoves, or of 15 young pigeons. And the priest shall bring it unto the altar, and b wring off his head, and burn it on the altar; and the b Or, pinch off 16 blood thereof shall be wrung out at the side of the altar: and the nail. he shall pluck away his crop with chis feathers, and cast it cor, the fluth beside the altar on the east part, by the place of the ashes: thereof. 17 and he shall cleave it with the wings thereof, but shall not divide it asunder: and the priest shall burn it upon the altar, upon the wood that is upon the fire: it is a burnt sacrifice, an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord.

LEVITICUS II.

And if thou bring an oblation of a meat offering baken in the oven, it shall be unleavened cakes of fine flour mingled with oil, or unleavened wafers anointed with oil.

the offerings of the Lord made by fire.

¹ The meat offering of flour with oil and incense, 4 either baken in the oven, 5 or on a plate, 7 or in a fryingpan, 12 or of the firstfruits in the ear. 13 The salt of the meat offering.

And when any will offer a meat offering unto the Lord, his offering shall be of fine flour; and he shall pour oil upon it, 2 and put frankincense thereon: And he shall bring it to Aaron's sons the priests: and he shall take thereout his handful of the flour thereof, and of the oil thereof, with all the frankincense thereof; and the priest shall burn the memorial of it upon the altar, to be an offering made by fire, of a sweet 3 savour unto the LORD: And d the remnant of the meat offer-d Ecclus. vii. ing shall be Aaron's and his sons': it is a thing most holy of 31.

And if thy oblation be a meat offering baken e in a pan, 5 e Or, on a stat it shall be of fine flour unleavened, mingled with oil. Thou 6 plate, or, slice. shalt part it in pieces, and pour oil thereon: it is a meat

offering.

And if thy oblation be a meat offering baken in the frying- 7 pan, it shall be made of fine flour with oil. And thou shalt 8 bring the meat offering that is made of these things unto the LORD: and when it is presented unto the priest, he shall bring it unto the altar. And the priest shall take from the 9 meat offering fa memorial thereof, and shall burn it upon the altar: it is an goffering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord. And that which is left of the meat offering shall be 10 Aaron's and his sons': it is a thing most holy of the offerings of the LORD made by fire. No meat offering, which ye shall 11 bring unto the LORD, shall be made with leaven: for ye shall burn no leaven, nor any honey, in any offering of the Lord made by fire.

f ver. 2. g Ex. xxix.

h Heb. ascend.

As for the oblation of the firstfruits, ye shall offer them unto 12 the Lord: but they shall not h be burnt on the altar for a eena. i Markix, 49, sweet savour. And every oblation of thy meat offering i shalt 13 thou season with salt; neither shalt thou suffer the salt of the covenant of thy God to be lacking from thy meat offering: with all thine offerings thou shalt offer salt. And if thou offer 14 a meat offering of thy firstfruits unto the LORD, thou shalt offer for the meat offering of thy firstfruits green ears of corn dried by the fire, even corn beaten out of full ears. And thou 15 shalt put oil upon it, and lay frankincense thereon: it is a And the priest shall burn the memorial of it, 16 part of the beaten corn thereof, and part of the oil thereof, with all the frankincense thereof: it is an offering made by fire unto the Lord.

LEVITICUS III.

1 The meat offering of the herd, 6 of the flock, 7 either a lamb, 12 or a goat.

And if his oblation be a sacrifice of peace offering, if he 1 offer it of the herd; whether it be a male or female, he shall offer it without blemish before the LORD. And he shall lay 2 his hand upon the head of his offering, and kill it at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation: and Aaron's sons the priests shall sprinkle the blood upon the altar round about. And he shall offer of the sacrifice of the peace offering an 3 offering made by fire unto the LORD; k the fat that covereth the inwards, and all the fat that is upon the inwards. And the 4 two kidneys, and the fat that is on them, which is by the flanks, m or, midriff and the m caul above the liver, with the kidneys, it shall he over the liver, and over the take away. And Aaron's sons shall burn it on the altar upon 5 the burnt sacrifice, which is upon the wood that is on the

k Ex. xxix. l Or, suet.

fire: it is an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the A.C. 1490.

And if his offering for a sacrifice of peace offering unto the LORD be of the flock; male or female, he shall offer it without 7 blemish. If he offer a lamb for his offering, then shall he offer 8 it before the LORD. And he shall lay his hand upon the head of his offering, and kill it before the tabernacle of the congregation: and Aaron's sons shall sprinkle the blood thereof round 9 about upon the altar. And he shall offer of the sacrifice of the peace offering an offering made by fire unto the LORD; the fat thereof, and the whole rump, it shall he take off hard by the backbone; and the fat that covereth the inwards, and all 10 the fat that is upon the inwards, and the two kidneys, and the fat that is upon them, which is by the flanks, and the caul 11 above the liver, with the kidneys, it shall he take away. And the priest shall burn it upon the altar: it is the food of the offering made by fire unto the LORD.

12 And if his offering be a goat, then he shall offer it before the 13 Lord. And he shall lay his hand upon the head of it, and kill it before the tabernacle of the congregation: and the sons of Aaron shall sprinkle the blood thereof upon the altar round 14 about. And he shall offer thereof his offering, even an offering made by fire unto the Lord; the fat that covereth the inwards, 15 and all the fat that is upon the inwards, and the two kidneys, and the fat that is upon them, which is by the flanks, and the caul above the liver, with the kidneys, it shall he take away.

16 And the priest shall burn them upon the altar: it is the food of the offering made by fire for a sweet savour: n all the fat is n ch. vii 25.

17 the Lond's. It shall be a perpetual statute for your generations throughout all your dwellings, that ye eat neither fat nor oblood.

o Gen. ix. 4. ch. vii. 26. & xvii. 14.

LEVITICUS IV.

- 1 The sin offering of ignorance, 3 for the priest, 13 for the congregation, 22 for the ruler, 27 for any of the people.
- And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 2 children of Israel, saying, If a soul shall sin through ignorance against any of the commandments of the Lord concerning things which ought not to be done, and shall do against any of 3 them: if the priest that is anointed do sin according to the sin of the people; then let him bring for his sin, which he hath sinned, a young bullock without blemish unto the Lord for a 4 sin offering. And he shall bring the bullock unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation before the Lord; and shall lay his hand upon the bullock's head, and kill the bullock 5 before the Lord. And the priest that is anointed shall take of the bullock's blood, and bring it to the tabernacle of the 6 congregation: and the priest shall dip his finger in the blood,

p ch. v. 9.

A.C. 1490. and sprinkle of the blood seven times before the LORD, before the vail of the sanctuary. And the priest shall put some of the 7 blood upon the horns of the altar of sweet incense before the LORD, which is in the tabernacle of the congregation; and shall pour pall the blood of the bullock at the bottom of the altar of the burnt offering, which is at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And he shall take off from it all 8 the fat of the bullock for the sin offering; the fat that covereth the inwards, and all the fat that is upon the inwards. And the 9 two kidneys, and the fat that is upon them, which is by the flanks, and the caul above the liver, with the kidneys, it shall he take away, as it was taken off from the bullock of the sacri-10 fice of peace offerings: and the priest shall burn them upon the altar of the burnt offering. q And the skin of the bullock, 11 and all his flesh, with his head, and with his legs, and his inwards, and his dung, even the whole bullock shall he carry 12 forth without the camp unto a clean place, where the ashes are poured out, and s burn him on the wood with fire: t where the ashes are poured out shall he be burnt.

q Ex. xxix. 14. Num. xix. 5.

r Heb. to without the camp. s Heb. xiii. t Heb. at the pouring out of the ashes. u ch. v. 2, 3,

And if the whole congregation of Israel sin through igno-13 rance, u and the thing be hid from the eyes of the assembly, and they have done somewhat against any of the commandments of the LORD concerning things which should not be done, and are guilty; when the sin, which they have sinned against 14 it, is known, then the congregation shall offer a young bullock for the sin, and bring him before the tabernacle of the congregation. And the elders of the congregation shall lay their 15 hands upon the head of the bullock before the LORD: and the bullock shall be killed before the LORD. And the priest that 16 is anointed shall bring of the bullock's blood to the tabernacle of the congregation: and the priest shall dip his finger in some 17 of the blood, and sprinkle it seven times before the Lord, even before the vail. And he shall put *some* of the blood upon the 18 horns of the altar which is before the LORD, that is in the tabernacle of the congregation, and shall pour out all the blood at the bottom of the altar of the burnt offering, which is at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And he shall take 19 all his fat from him, and burn it upon the altar. And he shall 20 do with the bullock as he did with the bullock for a sin offering, so shall he do with this: and the priest shall make an atonement for them, and it shall be forgiven them. And he 21 shall carry forth the bullock without the camp, and burn him as he burned the first bullock: it is a sin offering for the congregation.

When a ruler hath sinned, and done somewhat through 22 ignorance against any of the commandments of the LORD his God concerning things which should not be done, and is guilty; or if his sin, wherein he hath sinned, come to his knowledge; 23

he shall bring his offering, a kid of the goats, a male without A.C. 1490. 24 blemish: and he shall lay his hand upon the head of the goat, and kill it in the place where they kill the burnt offering before 25 the LORD: it is a sin offering. And the priest shall take of the blood of the sin offering with his finger, and put it upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out his 26 blood at the bottom of the altar of burnt offering. And he shall burn all his fat upon the altar, as the fat of the sacrifice of peace offerings: and the priest shall make an atonement for him as concerning his sin, and it shall be forgiven him.

And if x any one of the y common people sin through x Heb. any ignorance, while he doeth somewhat against any of the com- y Heb. people mandments of the LORD concerning things which ought not to be of the land

28 done, and be guilty; or if his sin, which he hath sinned, come to his knowledge: then he shall bring his offering, a kid of the goats, a female without blemish, for his sin which he hath And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the sin 29 sinned. offering, and slay the sin offering in the place of the burnt 30 offering. And the priest shall take of the blood thereof with his finger, and put it upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out all the blood thereof at the bottom

31 of the altar. And z he shall take away all the fat thereof, as the z ch. iii. 14. fat is taken away from off the sacrifice of peace offerings; and the priest shall burn it upon the altar for a a sweet savour a Ex. xxix. unto the LORD; and the priest shall make an atonement for

32 him, and it shall be forgiven him. And if he bring a lamb for a sin offering, he shall bring it a female without blemish. 33 And he shall lay his hand upon the head of the sin offering, and slay it for a sin offering in the place where they kill the 34 burnt offering. And the priest shall take of the blood of the sin offering with his finger, and put it upon the horns of the altar of burnt offering, and shall pour out all the blood thereof 35 at the bottom of the altar: and he shall take away all the fat thereof, as the fat of the lamb is taken away from the sacrifice of the peace offerings; and the priest shall burn them upon the altar, according to the offerings made by fire unto the

LEVITICUS V.

he hath committed, and it shall be forgiven him.

Lord: and the priest shall make an atonement for his sin that

¹ He that sinneth in concealing his knowledge, 2 in touching an unclean thing, 4 or in making an oath. 6 His trespass offering, of the flock, 7 of fowls, 11 or of flour. 14 The trespass offering in sacrilege, 17 and in sins of ignorance.

And if a soul sin, and hear the voice of swearing, and is a witness, whether he hath seen or known of it; if he do not 2 utter it, then he shall bear his iniquity. Or if a soul touch any unclean thing, whether it be a carcase of an unclean beast, or a carcase of unclean cattle, or the carcase of unclean creep-

A.C. 1490 ing things, and if it be hidden from him; he also shall be unclean, and guilty. Or if he touch the uncleanness of man, 3 whatsoever uncleanness it be that a man shall be defiled withal, and it be hid from him; when he knoweth of it, then he shall be guilty. Or if a soul swear, pronouncing with his lips to do 4 evil, or to do good, whatsoever it be that a man shall pronounce with an oath, and it be hid from him; when he knoweth of it, then he shall be guilty in one of these. And it shall be, when 5 he shall be guilty in one of these things, that he shall confess that he hath sinned in that thing: and he shall bring his tres- 6 pass offering unto the LORD for his sin which he hath sinned, a female from the flock, a lamb or a kid of the goats, for a sin offering; and the priest shall make an atonement for him concerning his sin. And if b he be not able to bring a lamb, 7 then he shall bring for his trespass, which he hath committed, two turtledoves, or two young pigeons, unto the Lord; one for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering. shall bring them unto the priest, who shall offer that which is for the sin offering first, and c wring off his head from his neck, but shall not divide it asunder: and he shall sprinkle of the 9 blood of the sin offering upon the side of the altar; and the rest of the blood shall be wrung out at the bottom of the altar: it is a sin offering. And he shall offer the second for a burnt 10 offering, according to the d manner: and the priest shall make an atonement for him for his sin which he hath sinned, and it shall be forgiven him.

c ch. i. 15

b Heb. his

hand cannot

reach to the sufficiency of

a lamb.

d Or. ordinance.

e ch. ii. 2.

f ch. iv. 35.

But if he be not able to bring two turtledoves, or two young 11 pigeons, then he that sinned shall bring for his offering the tenth part of an ephah of fine flour for a sin offering; he shall put no oil upon it, neither shall he put any frankincense thereon: for it is a sin offering. Then shall he bring it to the 12 priest, and the priest shall take his handful of it, e even a memorial thereof, and burn it on the altar, faccording to the offerings made by fire unto the Lord: it is a sin offering. And the priest shall make an atonement for him as touch- 13 ing his sin that he hath sinned in one of these, and it shall be forgiven him: and the remnant shall be the priest's, as a meat offering.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, If a soul14, 15 commit a trespass, and sin through ignorance, in the holy things of the LORD; then he shall bring for his trespass unto the LORD a ram without blemish out of the flocks, with thy estimation by shekels of silver, after the shekel of the sanctuary, for a trespass offering: and he shall make amends for 16 the harm that he hath done in the holy thing, and shall add the fifth part thereto, and give it unto the priest: and the priest shall make an atonement for him with the ram of the trespass offering, and it shall be forgiven him.

And if a goul sin, and commit any of these things which A.C. 1490. are forbidden to be done by the commandments of the Lord; gch. iv. 2. though he wist it not, yet is he guilty, and shall bear his 18 iniquity. And he shall bring a ram without blemish out of the flock, with thy estimation, for a trespass offering, unto the priest: and the priest shall make an atonement for him concerning his ignorance wherein he erred and wist it not, and it 19 shall be forgiven him. It is a trespass offering: he hath certainly trespassed against the Lord.

LEVITICUS VI.

1 The trespass offering for sins done wittingly. 8 The law of the burnt offering, 14 and of the meat offering. 19 The offering at the consecration of a priest. 24 The law of the sin offering. 1, 2 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, If a soul sin, and

commit a trespass against the LORD, and lie unto his neighbour in that which was delivered him to keep, or in hi fellowship, h or, in dealing. or in a thing taken away by violence, or hath deceived his i Heb. put-3 neighbour; or have found that which was lost, and lieth con- ting of the hand. cerning it, and sweareth falsely; in any of all these that a 4 man doeth, sinning therein: then it shall be, because he hath sinned, and is guilty, that he shall restore that which he took violently away, or the thing which he hath deceitfully gotten, or that which was delivered him to keep, or the lost 5 thing which he found, or all that about which he hath sworn falsely; he shall even k restore it in the principle, and shall k ch. v. 16. add the fifth part more thereto, and give it unto him to whom 6 it appertaineth, 1 m in the day of his trespass offering. And he 1 or, in the shall bring his trespass offering unto the Lord, a ram without being found blemish out of the flock, n with thy estimation, for a trespass m Heb. in the 7 offering, unto the priest: and the priest shall make an day of his trespass.

atonement for him before the LORD: and it shall be for-nch. v. 15. given him for any thing of all that he hath done in trespassing

8, 9 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Command Aaron and his sons, saying, This is the law of the burnt offering: It is the burnt offering, o because of the burning upon the altar o Ox, for the all night unto the morning, and the fire of the altar shall be burning. 10 burning in it. And the priest shall put on his linen garment,

therein.

and his linen breeches shall he put upon his flesh, and take up the ashes which the fire hath consumed with the burnt offering 11 on the altar, and he shall put them beside the altar. shall put off his garments, and put on other garments, and carry forth the ashes without the camp unto a clean place.

12 And the fire upon the altar shall be burning in it; it shall not be put out: and the priest shall burn wood on it every morning, and lay the burnt offering in order upon it; and he 13 shall burn thereon the fat of the peace offerings. The fire shall ever be burning upon the altar; it shall never go out.

A.C. 1490. p ch. ii. 1. Num. xv. 4.

P And this is the law of the meat offering: the sons of 14 Aaron shall offer it before the Lord, before the altar. And 15 he shall take of it his handful, of the flour of the meat offering, and of the oil thereof, and all the frankincense which is upon the meat offering, and shall burn it upon the altar for a sweet savour, even the amemorial of it, unto the Lord. And the 16

q ch. ii. 9.

remainder thereof shall Aaron and his sons eat: with unleavened bread shall it be eaten in the holy place; in the court of the tabernacle of the congregation they shall eat it. It shall not be baken with leaven. I have given it unto them 17 for their portion of my offerings made by fire; it is most holy, as is the sin offering, and as the trespass offering. All the 18 males among the children of Aaron shall eat of it. It shall be a statute for ever in your generations concerning the offerings of the Lord made by fire: every one that toucheth them shall be holy.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, This is the 19, 20 offering of Aaron and of his sons, which they shall offer unto the Lord in the day when he is anointed; the tenth part of an sephah of fine flour for a meat offering perpetual, half of it in the morning, and half thereof at night. In a pan it shall 21 be made with oil; and when it is baken, thou shalt bring it in: and the baken pieces of the meat offering shalt thou offer for a sweet savour unto the Lord. And the priest of his sons that 22 is anointed in his stead shall offer it: it is a statute for ever unto the Lord; it shall be wholly burnt. For every meat 23 offering for the priest shall be wholly burnt: it shall not be eaten.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 24, 25 Aaron and to his sons, saying, This is the law of the sin offering: In the place where the burnt offering is killed shall the sin offering be killed before the Lord; it is most holy. The 26 priest that offereth it for sin shall eat it: in the holy place shall it be eaten, in the court of the tabernacle of the congregation. Whatsoever shall touch the flesh thereof shall be holy: and 27 when there is sprinkled of the blood thereof upon any garment, thou shalt wash that whereon it was sprinkled in the holy place.

t ch. x1. 33.

But the earthen vessel wherein it is sodden the broken: 28 and if it be sodden in a brasen pot, it shall be both scoured, and rinsed in water. All the males among the priests shall eat 29 thereof: it is most holy. "And no sin offering, whereof any 30 of the blood is brought into the tabernacle of the congregation to reconcile withal in the holy place, shall be eaten: it shall be burnt in the fire.

u Heb. xiii.

LEVITICUS VII.

1 The law of the trespass offering, 11 and of the peace offerings, 12 whether it be for a thanksgiving, 16 or a vow, or a freewill offering. 22 The fat, 26 and the blood, are forbidden. 28 The priests' portion in the peace offerings.

Likewise this is the law of the trespass offering: it is 2 most holy. In the place where they kill the burnt offering A.C. 1490. shall they kill the trespass offering: and the blood thereof 3 shall he sprinkle round about upon the altar. shall offer of it all the fat thereof; the rump, and the fat 4 that covereth the inwards, and the two kidneys, and the fat that is on them, which is by the flanks, and the caul that is 5 above the liver, with the kidneys, it shall he take away: and the priest shall burn them upon the altar for an offering made 6 by fire unto the Lord: it is a trespass offering. Every male among the priests shall eat thereof: it shall be eaten in the 7 holy place: it is most holy. As the sin offering is, so is the trespass offering: there is one law for them: the priest that 8 maketh atonement therewith shall have it. And the priest that offereth any man's burnt offering, even the priest shall have to himself the skin of the burnt offering which he hath 9 offered. And all the meat offering that is baken in the oven, and all that is dressed in the fryingpan, and x in the pan, shall x Or, on the 10 be the priest's that offereth it. And every meat offering, slice. mingled with oil, and dry, shall all the sons of Aaron have, one 11 as much as another. And this is the law of the sacrifice of 12 peace offerings, which he shall offer unto the LORD. If he offer it for a thanksgiving, then he shall offer with the sacrifice of thanksgiving unleavened cakes mingled with oil, and unleavened wafers anointed with oil, and cakes mingled with oil, 13 of fine flour, fried. Besides the cakes, he shall offer for his offering leavened bread with the sacrifice of thanksgiving of 14 his peace offerings. And of it he shall offer one out of the whole oblation for an heave offering unto the Lord, and it shall be the priest's that sprinkleth the blood of the peace 15 offerings. And the flesh of the sacrifice of his peace offerings for thanksgiving shall be eaten the same day that it is offered; 16 he shall not leave any of it until the morning. But if the sacrifice of his offering be a vow, or a voluntary offering, it shall be eaten the same day that he offereth his sacrifice: and 17 on the morrow also the remainder of it shall be eaten: but the remainder of the flesh of the sacrifice on the third day shall 18 be burnt with fire. And if any of the flesh of the sacrifice of his peace offerings be eaten at all on the third day, it shall not be accepted, neither shall it be imputed unto him that offereth it: it shall be an abomination, and the soul that eateth 19 of it shall bear his iniquity. And the flesh that toucheth any unclean thing shall not be eaten; it shall be burnt with fire:

y ch. xv. 3.

and as for the flesh, all that be clean shall eat thereof. the soul that eateth of the flesh of the sacrifice of peace offerings, that pertain unto the LORD, y having his uncleanness upon him, even that soul shall be cut off from his people. Moreover the soul that shall touch any unclean thing, as the 21 uncleanness of man, or any unclean beast, or any abominable unclean thing, and eat of the flesh of the sacrifice of peace offerings, which pertain unto the LORD, even that soul shall be cut off from his people.

z ch. iii. 17. a Heb. carcase.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 22, 23 the children of Israel, saying, ^z Ye shall eat no manner of fat, of ox, or of sheep, or of goat. And the fat of the ^a beast that 24 dieth of itself, and the fat of that which is torn with beasts, may be used in any other use: but ye shall in no wise eat of it. For whosoever eateth the fat of the beast, of which men offer 25 an offering made by fire unto the LORD, even the soul that eateth it shall be cut off from his people. b Moreover ye shall 26 eat no manner of blood, whether it be of fowl or of beast, in any of your dwellings. Whatsoever soul it be that eateth 27 any manner of blood, even that soul shall be cut off from

b Gen. ix. 4. ch. iii. 17.

his people.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 28, 29 the children of Israel, saying, He that offereth the sacrifice of his peace offerings unto the LORD shall bring his oblation unto the LORD of the sacrifice of his peace offerings. His own 30 hands shall bring the offerings of the Lorn made by fire, the fat with the breast, it shall he bring, that c the breast may be waved for a wave offering before the LORD. And the priest 31 shall burn the fat upon the altar: but the breast shall be Aaron's and his sons'. And the right shoulder shall ye give unto the 32 priest for an heave offering of the sacrifices of your peace offerings. He among the sons of Aaron, that offereth the 33 blood of the peace offerings, and the fat, shall have the right shoulder for his part. For the wave breast and the heave 34 shoulder have I taken of the children of Israel from off the sacrifices of their peace offerings, and have given them unto Aaron the priest and unto his sons by a statute for ever from among the children of Israel.

This is the portion of the anointing of Aaron, and of the 35 anointing of his sons, out of the offerings of the Lord made by fire, in the day when he presented them to minister unto the LORD in the priest's office; which the LORD commanded to be 36 given them of the children of Israel, in the day that he anointed them, by a statute for ever throughout their generations. This 37 is the law of the burnt offering, of the meat offering, and of the sin offering, and of the trespass offering, and of the consecrations, and of the sacrifice of the peace offerings; which the 38 Lord commanded Moses in mount Sinai, in the day that he

c Ex. xxix.

commanded the children of Israel to offer their oblations unto A.C. 1490. the Lord, in the wilderness of Sinai.

Institution of the Priesthood—Consecration of Aaron, and Acceptance of his Offering.

LEVITICUS VIII.

```
    Moses consecrateth Aaron and his sons.
    Their sin offering.
    The ram of consecration.
    The place and time of their consecration.

      And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Take Aaron and
  his sons with him, and a the garments, and b the anointing oil, a Ex. xxviii.
  and a bullock for the sin offering, and two rams, and a basket b Ex. xxx.24.
 3 of unleavened bread; and gather thou all the congregation
  together unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation.
 4 And Moses did as the LORD commanded him; and the as-
  sembly was gathered together unto the door of the tabernacle
 5 of the congregation. And Moses said unto the congregation,
  This is the thing which the LORD commanded to be done. c Ex. xxix. 4.
 6 And Moses brought Aaron and his sons, and washed them
 7 with water. And he put upon him the coat, and girded him
  with the girdle, and clothed him with the robe, and put the
  ephod upon him, and he girded him with the curious girdle of
 8 the ephod, and bound it unto him therewith. And he put the
  breastplate upon him: also he d put in the breastplate the d Ex. xxviii.
 9 Urim and the Thummim. And he put the mitre upon his
  head; also upon the mitre, even upon his forefront, did he put
  the golden plate, the holy crown; as the LORD commanded e Ex. xxviii.
10 Moses. And Moses took the anointing oil, and anointed the
11 tabernacle and all that was therein, and sanctified them. And
  he sprinkled thereof upon the altar seven times, and anointed
  the altar and all his vessels, both the laver and his foot, to
12 sanctify them. And he f poured of the anointing oil upon f Ps. exxxiii.
13 Aaron's head, and anointed him, to sanctify him. And Moses xiv. 15.
  brought Aaron's sons, and put coats upon them, and girded
  them with girdles, and g put bonnets upon them; as the LORD g Heb. bound.
14 commanded Moses. h And he brought the bullock for the sin h Ex. xxix.
  offering: and Aaron and his sons laid their hands upon the
15 head of the bullock for the sin offering. And he slew it; and
  Moses took the blood, and put it upon the horns of the altar
  round about with his finger, and purified the altar, and poured
  the blood at the bottom of the altar, and sanctified it, to make
16 reconciliation upon it. And he took all the fat that was upon
  the inwards, and the caul above the liver, and the two kidneys,
17 and their fat, and Moses burned it upon the altar. But the
  bullock, and his hide, his flesh, and his dung, he burnt
  with fire without the camp; as the LORD commanded i Ex. xxix.
```

18 And he brought the ram for the burnt offering: and Aaron 19 and his sons laid their hands upon the head of the ram. And

A.C. 1490 he killed it; and Moses sprinkled the blood upon the altar round about. And he cut the ram into pieces; and Moses 20 burnt the head, and the pieces, and the fat. And he washed 21 the inwards and the legs in water; and Moses burnt the whole ram upon the altar: it was a burnt sacrifice for a sweet savour, and an offering made by fire unto the LORD; as the LORD commanded Moses.

k Ex. xxix.

And k he brought the other ram, the ram of consecration: 22 and Aaron and his sons laid their hands upon the head of the And he slew it; and Moses took of the blood of it, and 23 put it upon the tip of Aaron's right ear, and upon the thumb of his right hand, and upon the great toe of his right foot. And he brought Aaron's sons, and Moses put of the blood 24 upon the tip of their right ear, and upon the thumbs of their right hands, and upon the great toes of their right feet: and Moses sprinkled the blood upon the altar round about. he took the fat, and the rump, and all the fat that was upon the inwards, and the caul above the liver, and the two kidneys, and their fat, and the right shoulder: and out of the basket of 26 unleavened bread, that was before the LORD, he took one unleavened cake, and a cake of oiled bread, and one wafer, and put them on the fat, and upon the right shoulder: and he put 27 all upon Aaron's hands, and upon his sons' hands, and waved them for a wave offering before the LORD. And Moses took 28 them from off their hands, and burnt them on the altar upon the burnt offering: they were consecrations for a sweet savour: it is an offering made by fire unto the LORD. And Moses 29 took the breast, and waved it for a wave offering before the LORD; for of the ram of consecration it was Moses' m part; as the LORD commanded Moses. And Moses took of the anoint-30 ing oil, and of the blood which was upon the altar, and sprinkled it upon Aaron, and upon his garments, and upon his sons, and upon his sons' garments with him; and sanctified Aaron, and his garments, and his sons, and his sons' garments with him.

l Ex. xxix.

24. &c.

n Ex. xxix.

And Moses said unto Aaron and to his sons, n Boil the flesh 31 at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation: and there eat it with the bread that is in the basket of consecrations, as I commanded, saying, Aaron and his sons shall eat it. And that 32 which remaineth of the flesh and of the bread shall ye burn with fire. And ye shall not go out of the door of the taber- 33 nacle of the congregation in seven days, until the days of your consecration be at an end: for o seven days shall be consecrate As he hath done this day, so the LORD hath commanded 34 to do, to make an atonement for you. Therefore shall ye 35 abide at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation day and night seven days, and keep the charge of the LORD, that ye die not: for so I am commanded. So Aaron and his sons 36

o Ex. xxix.

did all things which the LORD commanded by the hand of A.C. 1490. Moses.

LEVITICUS 1X.

1 The first offerings of Aaron, for himself and the people. 8 The sin offering, 12 and the burnt offering for himself. 15 The offerings for the people. 23 Moses and Aaron bless the people. 24 Fire cometh from the Lord, upon the altar.

And it came to pass on the eighth day, that Moses called 2 Aaron and his sons, and the elders of Israel; and he said unto Aaron, P Take thee a young calf for a sin offering, and a P Ex. xxix. 1. ram for a burnt offering, without blemish, and offer them before

3 the LORD. And unto the children of Israel thou shalt speak, saying, Take ye a kid of the goats for a sin offering; and a calf and a lamb, both of the first year, without blemish, for a 4 burnt offering; also a bullock and a ram for peace offerings,

to sacrifice before the LORD; and a meat offering mingled with oil: for to day the LORD will appear unto you.

And they brought that which Moses commanded before the tabernacle of the congregation: and all the congregation drew 6 near and stood before the LORD. And Moses said, This is the thing which the Lord commanded that ye should do: and the 7 glory of the Lord shall appear unto you. And Moses said unto Aaron, Go unto the altar, and offer thy sin offering, and thy burnt offering, and make an atonement for thyself, and for the people: and offer the offering of the people, and make an atonement for them; as the LORD commanded.

Aaron therefore went unto the altar, and slew the calf of 9 the sin offering, which was for himself. And the sons of Aaron brought the blood unto him: and he dipped his finger in the blood, and put it upon the horns of the altar, and poured out 10 the blood at the bottom of the altar: but the fat, and the kidneys, and the caul above the liver of the sin offering, he 11 burnt upon the altar; as the Lord commanded Moses. the flesh and the hide he burnt with fire without the camp. 12 And he slew the burnt offering; and Aaron's sons presented unto him the blood, which he sprinkled round about upon the 13 altar. And they presented the burnt offering unto him, with the pieces thereof, and the head: and he burnt them upon the And he did wash the inwards and the legs, and burnt them upon the burnt offering on the altar.

And he brought the people's offering, and took the goat, which was the sin offering for the people, and slew it, and

16 offered it for sin, as the first. And he brought the burnt offer-17 ing, and offered it according to the q manner. And he brought q Or, ordinance. the meat offering, and r took an handful thereof, and burnt it r Heb. filled his hand out

18 upon the altar, 8 beside the burnt sacrifice of the morning. He of it. slew also the bullock and the ram for a sacrifice of peace offer-3. ings, which was for the people: and Aaron's sons presented unto him the blood, which he sprinkled upon the altar round

A.C. 1490. about, and the fat of the bullock and of the ram, the rump, and 19 that which covereth the inwards, and the kidneys, and the caul above the liver: and they put the fat upon the breasts, and he 20 burnt the fat upon the altar: and the breasts and the right 21 shoulder Aaron waved for a wave offering before the LORD; as Moses commanded. And Aaron lifted up his hand toward 22 the people, and blessed them, and came down from offering of the sin offering, and the burnt offering, and peace offerings. And Moses and Aaron went into the tabernacle of the congre-23 gation, and came out, and blessed the people: and the glory of the Lord appeared unto all the people. And the altar l. 2 Mac. ii. the burnt offering and the fat: which when all the people saw, of the LORD appeared unto all the people. And there came 24 they shouted, and fell on their faces.

Destruction of Nadab and Abihu.

LEVITICUS X.

1 Nadab and Abihu, for offering of strange fire, are burnt by fire. 6 Aaron and his sons are forbidden to mourn for them. 8 The priests are forbidden wine when they are to go into the tabernacle. 12 The law of eating the holy things. 16 Aaron's excuse for transgressing thereof.

a Num. iii. 4. & xxvi. 61. I Chr. xxiv.

And a Nadab and Abihu, the sons of Aaron, took either of 1 them his censer, and put fire therein, and put incense thereon, and offered strange fire before the Lord, which he commanded And there went out fire from the LORD, and de- 2 voured them, and they died before the LORD. Then Moses 3 said unto Aaron, This is it that the Lord spake, saying, I will be sanctified in them that come nigh me, and before all the people I will be glorified. And Aaron held his peace. And 4 Moses called Mishael and Elzaphan, the sons of Uzziel the uncle of Aaron, and said unto them, Come near, carry your brethren from before the sanctuary out of the camp. So they 5 went near, and carried them in their coats out of the camp; as Moses had said. And Moses said unto Aaron, and unto Ele- 6 azar and unto Ithamar, his sons, Uncover not your heads, neither rend your clothes; lest ye die, and lest wrath come upon all the people: but let your brethren, the whole house of Israel, bewail the burning which the LORD hath kindled. And ye shall not go out from the door of the tabernacle of the 7 congregation, lest ye die: for the anointing oil of the LORD is upon you. And they did according to the word of Moses.

And the LORD spake unto Aaron, saying, Do not drink 8 wine nor strong drink, thou, nor thy sons with thee, when ye 9 go into the tabernacle of the congregation, lest ye die: it shall be a statute for ever throughout your generations: and that ye 10 may put difference between holy and unholy, and between unclean and clean; and that ye may teach the children of 11 Israel all the statutes which the LORD hath spoken unto them

12 by the hand of Moses. And Moses spake unto Aaron, and A.C. 1490. unto Eleazar and unto Ithamar, his sons that were left, Take the meat offering that remaineth of the offerings of the Lord made by fire, and eat it without leaven beside the altar: for it 13 is most holy: and ye shall eat it in the holy place, because it is thy due, and thy sons' due, of the sacrifices of the Lord 14 made by fire: for so I am commanded. b And the wave breast b Ex. xxix. and heave shoulder shall ye eat in a clean place; thou, and thy sons, and thy daughters with thee; for they be thy due, and thy sons' due, which are given out of the sacrifices of peace 15 offerings of the children of Israel. The heave shoulder and the wave breast shall they bring with the offerings made by fire of the fat, to wave it for a wave offering before the LORD; and it shall be thine, and thy sons' with thee, by a statute for ever; as the Lord hath commanded. And Moses diligently sought the goat of the sin offering, and, behold, it was burnt: and he was angry with Eleazar and Ithamar, the sons of Aaron which were left alive, saying, 17 Wherefore have ye not eaten the sin offering in the holy place, seeing it is most holy, and God hath given it you to bear the iniquity of the congregation, to make atonement for them 18 before the LORD? Behold, the blood of it was not brought in within the holy place: ye should indeed have eaten it in the 19 holy place, cas I commanded. And Aaron said unto Moses, cch. vi. 26. Behold, this day have they offered their sin offering and their burnt offering before the Lord; and such things have befallen me: and if I had eaten the sin offering to day, should it have 20 been accepted in the sight of the LORD? And when Moses

Second Passover.

heard that, he was content.

NUMBERS IX. VER. 1-1423.

1 The passover is commanded again. 6 A second passover allowed for them that were unclean or absent.

And the LORD spake unto Moses in the wilderness of Sinai, in the first month of the second year after they were come out 2 of the land of Egypt, saying, Let the children of Israel also 3 keep a the passover at his appointed season. In the fourteenth a Ex. xii. 1, day of this month, bat even, ye shall keep it in his appointed xxiii. 5. season: according to all the rites of it, and according to all the ch. xxviii. 16. 4 ceremonies thereof, shall ye keep it. And Moses spake unto 2. Heb. be-5 the children of Israel, that they should keep the passover. And tween the two they kept the passover on the fourteenth day of the first month at even in the wilderness of Sinai: according to all that the LORD commanded Moses, so did the children of Israel.

²³ That this passage is to be inserted here, is plain from the text, Num. ix. 1.—Vide Lightfoot in loc. vol. i. p. 30.

A.C. 1490.

And there were certain men, who were defiled by the dead 6 body of a man, that they could not keep the passover on that day: and they came before Moses and before Aaron on that day: and those men said unto him, We are defiled by the dead 7 body of a man: wherefore are we kept back, that we may not offer an offering of the Lord in his appointed season among the children of Israel? And Moses said unto them, Stand 8 still, and I will hear what the LORD will command concerning you.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 9 children of Israel, saying, If any man of you or of your pos-10 terity shall be unclean by reason of a dead body, or be in a journey afar off, yet he shall keep the passover unto the LORD. The fourteenth day of the second month at even they shall 11 keep it, and eat it with unleavened bread and bitter herbs.

c Ex. xii. 46. John xix. 36.

They shall leave none of it unto the morning, c nor break any 12 bone of it: according to all the ordinances of the passover they shall keep it. But the man that is clean, and is not in a jour- 13 ney, and forbeareth to keep the passover, even the same soul shall be cut off from among his people: because he brought not the offering of the Lord in his appointed season, that man shall bear his sin. And if a stranger shall sojourn among you, 14 and will keep the passover unto the LORD; according to the ordinance of the passover, and according to the manner thered Ex. xii. 49. of, so shall he do: d ye shall have one ordinance, both for the stranger, and for him that was born in the land.

Laws concerning Purifications.

LEVITICUS XI.

1 What beasts may, 4 and what may not be eaten. 9 What fishes. 13 What fowls. 29 The creeping things which are unclean.

And the Lord spake unto Moses and to Aaron, saying unto 1 a Deut. xiv. 4. Acts x. 14. them, Speak unto the children of Israel, saying, a These are 2 the beasts which ye shall eat among all the beasts that are on the earth. Whatsoever parteth the hoof, and is clovenfooted, 3 and cheweth the cud, among the beasts, that shall ye eat. Nevertheless these shall ye not eat of them that chew the cud, 4 or of them that divide the hoof: as the camel, because he cheweth the cud, but divideth not the hoof; he is unclean unto you. And the coney, because he cheweth the cud, but divideth 5 not the hoof; he is unclean unto you. And the hare, because 6 he cheweth the cud, but divideth not the hoof; he is unclean And b the swine, though he divide the hoof, and 7 be clovenfooted, yet he cheweth not the cud; he is unclean to you. Of their flesh shall ye not eat, and their carcase shall ye 8 not touch; they are unclean to you.

b 2 Mac. vi.

These shall ye eat of all that are in the waters: whatsoever 9 hath fins and scales in the waters, in the seas, and in the rivers,

10 them shall ye eat. And all that have not fins and scales in the A.C. 1490. seas, and in the rivers, of all that move in the waters, and of any living thing which is in the waters, they shall be an aboundation unto you; they shall be even an abomination unto you; ye shall not eat of their flesh, but ye shall have their 12 carcases in abomination. Whatsoever hath no fins nor scales in the waters, that shall be an abomination unto you.

And these are they which ye shall have in abomination among the fowls; they shall not be eaten, they are an abomi-14 nation: the eagle, and the ossifrage, and the ospray, and the 15 vulture, and the kite after his kind; every raven after his kind; 16 and the owl, and the night hawk, and the cuckow, and the 17 hawk after his kind, and the little owl, and the cormorant, and 18 the great owl, and the swan, and the pelican, and the gier 19 eagle, and the stork, the heron after her kind, and the lapwing, 20 and the bat. All fowls that creep, going upon all four, shall be 21 an abomination unto you. Yet these may ye eat of every flying creeping thing that goeth upon all four, which have legs 22 above their feet, to leap withal upon the earth; even these of them ye may eat; the locust after his kind, and the bald locust after his kind, and the beetle after his kind, and the grasshop-23 per after his kind. But all other flying creeping things, which 24 have four feet, shall be an abomination unto you. And for these ve shall be unclean: whosoever toucheth the carcase of 25 them shall be unclean until the even. And whosoever beareth ought of the carcase of them shall wash his clothes, and be 26 unclean until the even. The carcases of every beast which divideth the hoof, and is not clovenfooted, nor cheweth the cud, are unclean unto you: every one that toucheth them shall be 27 unclean. And whatsoever goeth upon his paws, among all manner of beasts that go on all four, those are unclean unto you: whoso toucheth their carcase shall be unclean until the 28 even. And he that beareth the carcase of them shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the even: they are unclean unto

These also shall be unclean unto you among the creeping things that creep upon the earth; the weasel, and the mouse, 30 and the tortoise after his kind, and the ferret, and the chame-31 leon, and the lizard, and the snail, and the mole. These are unclean to you among all that creep: whosoever doth touch them, when they be dead, shall be unclean until the even. 32 And upon whatsoever any of them, when they are dead, doth fall, it shall be unclean; whether it be any vessel of wood, or raiment, or skin, or sack, whatsoever vessel it be, wherein any work is done, it must be put into water, and it shall be unclean 33 until the even; so it shall be cleansed. And every earthen vessel, whereinto any of them falleth, whatsoever is in it shall

34 be unclean; and 'ye shall break it. Of all meat which may ccli. vi. 28.

A.C. 1490. be eaten, that on which such water cometh shall be unclean:

and all drink that may be drunk in every such vessel shall be unclean. And every thing whereupon any part of their carcase 35 falleth shall be unclean; whether it be oven, or ranges for pots, they shall be broken down: for they are unclean, and shall be unclean unto you. Nevertheless a fountain or pit, dwherein 36 thering toge-ther of waters, there is plenty of water, shall be clean: but that which toucheth their carcase shall be unclean. And if any part of their 37 carcase fall upon any sowing seed which is to be sown, it shall be clean. But if any water be put upon the seed, and any part 38 of their carcase fall thereon, it shall be unclean unto you. And 39 if any beast, of which ye may eat, die; he that toucheth the carcase thereof shall be unclean until the even. eateth of the carcase of it shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the even: he also that beareth the carcase of it shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the even. And every creep-41 ing thing that creepeth upon the earth shall be an abomination; it shall not be eaten. Whatsoever goeth upon the belly, and 42 whatsoever goeth upon all four, or whatsoever e hath more feet multiply feet. among all creeping things that creep upon the earth, them ye shall not eat; for they are an abomination. Ye shall not make 43 yourselves f abominable with any creeping thing that creepeth,

e Heb. dolh

f Heb. souls.

g ch. xix. 2. & xx. 7.

neither shall ye make yourselves unclean with them, that ye should be defiled thereby. For I am the LORD your God: 44 ye shall therefore sanctify yourselves, and g ye shall be holy; for I am holy: neither shall ve defile yourselves with any manner of creeping thing that creepeth upon the earth. For 45 I am the Lord that bringeth you up out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: ye shall therefore be holy, for I am holy. This is the law of the beasts, and of the fowl, and of every 46 living creature that moveth in the waters, and of every creature that creepeth upon the earth: to make a difference 47 between the unclean and the clean, and between the beast that may be eaten and the beast that may not be eaten.

LEVITICUS XII.

1 The purification of a woman after childbirth. 6 Her offerings for her purifying.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 1 h ch. xv. 19. children of Israel, saying, If a h woman have conceived seed, 2 and born a man child: then she shall be unclean seven days; according to the days of the separation for her infirmity shall i Luke ii. 21. she be unclean. And in the i eighth day the flesh of his fore- 3 skin shall be circumcised. And she shall then continue in the 4 blood of her purifying three and thirty days; she shall touch no hallowed thing, nor come into the sanctuary, until the days of her purifying be fulfilled. But if she bear a maid child, 5 then she shall be unclean two weeks, as in her separation: and she shall continue in the blood of her purifying threescore and

John vii. 22.

And when the days of her purifying are fulfilled, A.C. 1490. for a son, or for a daughter, she shall bring a lamb k of the first k Heb. a son year for a burnt offering, and a young pigeon, or a turtle dove, of his year. for a sin offering, unto the door of the tabernacle of the con-7 gregation, unto the priest: who shall offer it before the Lord, and make an atonement for her; and she shall be cleansed from the issue of her blood. This is the law for her that hath

8 born a male or a female. And if m she be not able to bring a 1 Luke ii. 24. lamb, then she shall bring two turtles, or two young pigeons; in Heb. her the one for the burnt offering, and the other for a sin offering: sufficiency of and the priest shall make an atonement for her, and she shall be clean.

LEVITICUS XIII.

The laws and tokens whereby the priest is to be guided in discerning the leprosy.

And the Lord spake unto Moses and Aaron, saying, When 2 a man shall have in the skin of his flesh a rising, a scab, or nor, swelling. bright spot, and it be in the skin of his flesh like the plague of leprosy; then he shall be brought unto Aaron the priest, or 3 unto one of his sons the priests: and the priest shall look on the plague in the skin of the flesh: and when the hair in the plague is turned white, and the plague in sight be deeper than the skin of his flesh, it is a plague of leprosy: and the priest 4 shall look on him, and pronounce him unclean. If the bright spot be white in the skin of his flesh, and in sight be not deeper than the skin, and the hair thereof be not turned white; then the priest shall shut up him that hath the plague seven days: 5 and the priest shall look on him the seventh day: and, behold, if the plague in his sight be at a stay, and the plague spread not in the skin; then the priest shall shut him up seven days 6 more: and the priest shall look on him again the seventh day: and, behold, if the plague be somewhat dark, and the plague spread not in the skin, the priest shall pronounce him clean: it is but a scab: and he shall wash his clothes, and be clean. 7 But if the scab spread much abroad in the skin, after that he hath been seen of the priest for his cleansing, he shall be seen 8 of the priest again: and if the priest see that, behold, the scab spreadeth in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is a leprosy.

When the plague of leprosy is in a man, then he shall be 10 brought unto the priest; and the priest shall see him: and, behold, if the rising be white in the skin, and it have turned 11 the hair white, and there be o quick raw flesh in the rising; it is a state of an old leprosy in the skin of his flesh, and the priest shall pro- ii g flesh. nounce him unclean, and shall not shut him up: for he is 12 unclean. And if a leprosy break out abroad in the skin, and the leprosy cover all the skin of him that hath the plague from 13 his head even to his foot, wheresoever the priest looketh; then

A.C. 1490 the priest shall consider: and, behold, if the leprosy have covered all his flesh, he shall pronounce him clean that hath the plague: it is all turned white: he is clean. But when raw 14 flesh appeareth in him, he shall be unclean. And the priest 15 shall see the raw flesh, and pronounce him to be unclean: for the raw flesh is unclean: it is a leprosy. Or if the raw flesh 16 turn again, and be changed unto white, he shall come unto the priest; and the priest shall see him: and, behold, if the plague 17 be turned into white; then the priest shall pronounce him clean that hath the plague: he is clean.

> The flesh also, in which, even in the skin thereof, was a boil, 18 and is healed, and in the place of the boil there be a white 19 rising, or a bright spot, white, and somewhat reddish, and it be shewed to the priest; and if, when the priest seeth it, behold, 20 it be in sight lower than the skin, and the hair thereof be turned white; the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is a plague of leprosy broken out of the boil. But if the priest look 21 on it, and, behold, there be no white hairs therein, and if it be not lower than the skin, but be somewhat dark; then the priest shall shut him up seven days: and if it spread much abroad 22 in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean; it is a plague. But if the bright spot stay in his place, and spread 23 not, it is a burning boil; and the priest shall pronounce him clean.

p Heb. α burning of

Or if there be any flesh, in the skin whereof there is p a hot 24 burning, and the quick *flesh* that burneth have a white bright spot, somewhat reddish, or white; then the priest shall look 25 upon it: and, behold, if the hair in the bright spot be turned white, and it be in sight deeper than the skin; it is a leprosy broken out of the burning: wherefore the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is the plague of leprosy. But if the priest 26 look on it, and, behold, there be no white hair in the bright spot, and it be no lower than the other skin, but be somewhat dark; then the priest shall shut him up seven days: and the 27 priest shall look upon him the seventh day: and if it be spread much abroad in the skin, then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is the plague of leprosy. And if the bright spot 28 stay in his place, and spread not in the skin, but it be somewhat dark; it is a rising of the burning, and the priest shall pronounce him clean: for it is an inflammation of the burning.

If a man or woman have a plague upon the head or the 29 beard; then the priest shall see the plague: and, behold, if it 30 be in sight deeper than the skin; and there be in it a yellow thin hair; then the priest shall pronounce him unclean: it is a dry scall, even a leprosy upon the head or beard. And if the priest 31 look on the plague of the scall, and, behold, it be not in sight deeper than the skin, and that there is no black hair in it; then the priest shall shut up him that hath the plague of the scall

32 seven days: and in the seventh day the priest shall look on the A.C. 1490. plague: and, behold, if the scall spread not, and there be in it no yellow hair, and the scall be not in sight deeper than the 33 skin; he shall be shaven, but the scall shall he not shave; and the priest shall shut up him that hath the scall seven days more: 34 and in the seventh day the priest shall look on the scall: and, behold, if the scall be not spread in the skin, nor be in sight deeper than the skin; then the priest shall pronounce him 35 clean: and he shall wash his clothes, and be clean. But if the 36 scall spread much in the skin after his cleansing; then the priest shall look on him: and, behold, if the scall be spread in the skin, the priest shall not seek for yellow hair; he is unclean. 37 But if the scall be in his sight at a stay, and that there is black hair grown up therein; the scall is healed, he is clean: and the priest shall pronounce him clean.

If a man also or a woman have in the skin of their flesh 39 bright spots, even white bright spots; then the priest shall look: and, behold, if the bright spots in the skin of their flesh be darkish white; it is a freckled spot that groweth in the skin; 40 he is clean. And the man whose q hair is fallen off his head, q Heb. head

41 he is bald; yet is he clean. And he that hath his hair fallen off from the part of his head toward his face, he is forehead

42 bald: yet is he clean. And if there be in the bald head, or bald forehead, a white reddish sore; it is a leprosy sprung up

43 in his bald head, or his bald forehead. Then the priest shall look upon it: and, behold, if the rising of the sore be white reddish in his bald head, or in his bald forehead, as the leprosy 44 appeareth in the skin of the flesh; he is a leprous man, he is

unclean: the priest shall pronounce him utterly unclean; his 45 plague is in his head. And the leper in whom the plague is, his clothes shall be rent, and his head bare, and he shall put a

covering upon his upper lip, and shall cry, Unclean, unclean. 46 All the days wherein the plague shall be in him he shall be defiled; he is unclean: he shall dwell alone; r without the camp r Num. v. 2. Kin. xv. 5.

shall his habitation be.

The garment also that the plague of leprosy is in, whether it 48 be a woollen garment, or a linen garment; whether it be in the warp, or woof; of linen, or of woollen; whether in a skin, or

49 in any sthing made of skin; and if the plague be greenish or sHeb. work reddish in the garment, or in the skin, either in the warp, or in the woof, or in any thing of skin; it is a plague of leprosy, the word, or in any thing of skin; it is a plague of leprosy, the word, or in any thing of skin; it is a plague of leprosy, the word, or in any thing of skin; it is a plague of leprosy, the word of the word o 50 and shall be shewed unto the priest: and the priest shall look ment.

upon the plague, and shut up it that hath the plague seven

51 days: and he shall look on the plague on the seventh day: if the plague be spread in the garment, either in the warp, or in the woof, or in a skin, or in any work that is made of skin; the 52 plague is a fretting leprosy; it is unclean. He shall therefore burn that garment, whether warp or woof, in woollen or in

in the head

thereof, or in

the forehead thereof.

A.C. 1490. linen, or any thing of skin, wherein the plague is: for it is a fretting leprosy; it shall be burnt in the fire. And if the 53 priest shall look, and, behold, the plague be not spread in the garment, either in the warp, or in the woof, or in any thing of skin; then the priest shall command that they wash the thing 54 wherein the plague is, and he shall shut it up seven days more: and the priest shall look on the plague, after that it is washed: 55 and, behold, if the plague have not changed his colour, and the plague be not spread; it is unclean; thou shalt burn it in the u neo. whether it be bare within or without. And if the priest look, and, behold, the plague be somewhat 56 dark after the washing of it; then he shall rend it out of the garment, or out of the skin, or out of the warp, or out of the woof: and if it appear still in the garment, either in the warp, 57 or in the woof, or in any thing of skin; it is a spreading plaque: thou shalt burn that wherein the plague is with fire. garment, either warp, or woof, or whatsoever thing of skin it be, which thou shalt wash, if the plague be departed from them, then it shall be washed the second time, and shall be clean. This is the law of the plague of leprosy in a garment of wool-59 len or linen, either in the warp, or woof, or any thing of skins,

LEVITICUS XIV.

to pronounce it clean, or to pronounce it unclean.

1 The rites and sacrifices in cleansing of the leper. 33 The signs of leprosy in a house. 43 The cleansing of that house.

2. Mark i. 40. Luke v. 12.

y Or, spar-

rows.

z Heb. upon the face of the field.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, This shall be the 1, 2 x Matt. viii. law of the leper in the day of his cleansing: He x shall be brought unto the priest: and the priest shall go forth out of 3 the camp; and the priest shall look, and, behold, if the plague of leprosy be healed in the leper; then shall the priest com- 4 mand to take for him that is to be cleansed two y birds alive and clean, and cedar wood, and scarlet, and hyssop: and the priest 5 shall command that one of the birds be killed in an earthen vessel over running water: as for the living bird, he shall take 6 it, and the cedar wood, and the scarlet, and the hyssop, and shall dip them and the living bird in the blood of the bird that was killed over the running water: and he shall sprinkle upon 7 him that is to be cleansed from the leprosy seven times, and shall pronounce him clean, and shall let the living bird loose z into the open field. And he that is to be cleansed shall wash 8 his clothes, and shave off all his hair, and wash himself in water. that he may be clean: and after that he shall come into the camp, and shall tarry abroad out of his tent seven days. But 9 it shall be on the seventh day, that he shall shave all his hair off his head and his beard and his eyebrows, even all his hair he shall shave off: and he shall wash his clothes, also he shall wash his flesh in water, and he shall be clean. And on the 10

eighth day he shall take two he lambs without blemish, and one A.C. 1490. ewe lamb a of the first year without blemish, and three tenth a Heb. the deals of fine flour for a meat offering, mingled with oil, and daughter of her year. 11 one log of oil. And the priest that maketh him clean shall present the man that is to be made clean, and those things, before the LORD, at the door of the tabernacle of the congre-12 gation: and the priest shall take one he lamb, and offer him for a trespass offering, and the log of oil, and b wave them for a b Ex. xxix. 13 wave offering before the LORD: and he shall slay the lamb in the place where he shall kill the sin offering and the burnt offering, in the holy place: for cas the sin offering is the cch. vii. 7. 14 priest's, so is the trespass offering: it is most holy: and the priest shall take some of the blood of the trespass offering, and the priest shall put it upon the tip of the right ear of him that is to be cleansed, and upon the thumb of his right hand, and 15 upon the great toe of his right foot: and the priest shall take some of the log of oil, and pour it into the palm of his own left 16 hand: and the priest shall dip his right finger in the oil that is in his left hand, and shall sprinkle of the oil with his finger seven 17 times before the LORD: and of the rest of the oil that is in his hand shall the priest put upon the tip of the right ear of him that is to be cleansed, and upon the thumb of his right hand, and upon the great toe of his right foot, upon the blood of the trespass 18 offering: and the remnant of the oil that is in the priest's hand he shall pour upon the head of him that is to be cleansed: and the priest shall make an atonement for him before the LORD. 19 And the priest shall offer the sin offering, and make an atonement for him that is to be cleansed from his uncleanness; and 20 afterward he shall kill the burnt offering: and the priest shall offer the burnt offering and the meat offering upon the altar: and the priest shall make an atonement for him, and he shall 21 be clean. And if he be poor, and d cannot get so much; then d Heb. his he shall take one lamb for a trespass offering e to be waved, to hand reach not. make an atonement for him, and one tenth deal of fine flour e Heb. for a 22 mingled with oil for a meat offering, and a log of oil; and two turtledoves, or two young pigeons, such as he is able to get; and the one shall be a sin offering, and the other a burnt offering. 23 And he shall bring them on the eighth day for his cleansing unto the priest, unto the door of the tabernacle of the congre-24 gation, before the LORD. And the priest shall take the lamb of the trespass offering, and the log of oil, and the priest shall 25 wave them for a wave offering before the LORD: and he shall kill the lamb of the trespass offering, and the priest shall take some of the blood of the trespass offering, and put it upon the tip of the right ear of him that is to be cleansed, and upon the thumb of his right hand, and upon the great toe of his right 26 foot: and the priest shall pour of the oil into the palm of his 27 own left hand: and the priest shall sprinkle with his right

A.C. 1490. finger some of the oil that is in his left hand seven times before the LORD: and the priest shall put of the oil that is in 28 his hand upon the tip of the right ear of him that is to be cleansed, and upon the thumb of his right hand, and upon the great toe of his right foot, upon the place of the blood of the trespass offering: and the rest of the oil that is in the priest's 29 hand he shall put upon the head of him that is to be cleansed, to make an atonement for him before the LORD. And he 30 shall offer the one of the turtledoves, or of the young pigeons, such as he can get; even such as he is able to get, the one for 31 a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering, with the meat offering: and the priest shall make an atonement for him that is to be cleansed before the LORD. This is the law of him 32 in whom is the plague of leprosy, whose hand is not able to get that which pertaineth to his cleansing. And the Lord spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 33

When ye be come into the land of Canaan, which I give to 34

you for a possession, and I put the plague of leprosy in a house of the land of your possession; and he that owneth the house 35 shall come and tell the priest, saying, It seemeth to me there is as it were a plague in the house: then the priest shall com- 36 for, prepare, mand that they fempty the house, before the priest go into it to see the plague, that all that is in the house be not made unclean: and afterward the priest shall go in to see the house: and he shall look on the plague, and, behold, if the plague be 37 in the walls of the house with hollow strakes, greenish or reddish, which in sight are lower than the wall; then the priest 38 shall go out of the house to the door of the house, and shut up the house seven days: and the priest shall come again the 39 seventh day, and shall look: and, behold, if the plague be spread in the walls of the house; then the priest shall com-40 mand that they take away the stones in which the plague is, and they shall cast them into an unclean place without the city: and he shall cause the house to be scraped within round 41 about, and they shall pour out the dust that they scrape off without the city into an unclean place: and they shall take 42 other stones, and put them in the place of those stones; and he shall take other morter, and shall plaister the house. And 43 if the plague come again, and break out in the house, after that he hath taken away the stones, and after he hath scraped the house, and after it is plaistered; then the 44 priest shall come and look, and, behold, if the plague be spread in the house, it is a fretting leprosy in the house: it is unclean. And he shall break down the house, the stones 45 of it, and the timber thereof, and all the morter of the house; and he shall carry them forth out of the city into an unclean place. Moreover he that goeth into the house all 46 the while that it is shut up shall be unclean until the even.

47 And he that lieth in the house shall wash his clothes; and he A.C. 1490. 48 that eateth in the house shall wash his clothes. And if the priest g shall come in, and look upon it, and, behold, the plague hath g Heb. in not spread in the house, after the house was plaistered: then shall come the priest shall pronounce the house clean, because the plague in, &c. 49 is healed. And he shall take to cleanse the house two birds, 50 and cedar wood, and scarlet, and hyssop: and he shall kill the 51 one of the birds in an earthen vessel over running water: and he shall take the cedar wood, and the hyssop, and the scarlet, and the living bird, and dip them in the blood of the slain bird, and in the running water, and sprinkle the house seven times: 52 and he shall cleanse the house with the blood of the bird, and with the running water, and with the living bird, and with the 53 cedar wood, and with the hyssop, and with the scarlet: but he shall let go the living bird out of the city into the open fields, and make an atonement for the house: and it shall be clean. 54 This is the law for all manner of plague of leprosy, and h scall, h ch. xiii. 30. 55,56 and for the leprosy of a garment, and of a house, and for 57 a rising, and for a scab, and for a bright spot: to teach i when it is unclean, and when it is clean: this is the law of Heb. in the unclean, and leprosy. in the day of

LEVITICUS XV.

1 The uncleanness of men in their issues. 13 The cleansing of them. 19 The uncleanness of women in their issues. 28 Their cleansing.

And the Lord spake unto Moses and to Aaron, saying, 2 Speak unto the children of Israel, and say unto them, When any man hath a k running issue out of his flesh, because of his k Or, running of the reins. 3 issue he is unclean. And this shall be his uncleanness in his issue: whether his flesh run with his issue, or his flesh be 4 stopped from his issue, it is his uncleanness. Every bed, whereon he lieth that hath the issue, is unclean: and every 5 thing, whereon he sitteth, shall be unclean. And whosoever I Heb. vessel. toucheth his bed shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in 6 water, and be unclean until the even. And he that sitteth on any thing whereon he sat that hath the issue shall wash his clothes, and bathe *himself* in water, and be unclean until And he that toucheth the flesh of him that hath the issue shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, s and be unclean until the even. And if he that hath the issue spit upon him that is clean; then he shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and be unclean until the even. 9 And what saddle soever he rideth upon that hath the issue 10 shall be unclean. And whosoever toucheth any thing that was under him shall be unclean until the even: and he that beareth any of those things shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself 11 in water, and be unclean until the even. And whomsoever he toucheth that hath the issue, and hath not rinsed his hands

the clean.

A.C. 1490. in water, he shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, mch. vi. 28. and be unclean until the even. And the m vessel of earth, 12 that he toucheth which hath the issue, shall be broken: and every vessel of wood shall be rinsed in water. And when he 13 that hath an issue is cleansed of his issue; then he shall number to himself seven days for his cleansing, and wash his clothes, and bathe his flesh in running water, and shall be clean. And on the eighth day he shall take to him two turtle-14 doves, or two young pigeons, and come before the Lord unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and give them unto the priest: and the priest shall offer them, the one 15 for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering; and the priest shall make an atonement for him before the LORD for his issue. And if any man's seed of copulation go out from 16 him, then he shall wash all his flesh in water, and be unclean until the even. And every garment, and every skin, whereon 17 is the seed of copulation, shall be washed with water, and be unclean until the even. The woman also with whom man shall 18 lie with seed of copulation, they shall both bathe themselves in water, and be unclean until the even.

n Heb. in her separation.

And if a woman have an issue, and her issue in her flesh be 19 blood, she shall be "put apart seven days: and whosoever toucheth her shall be unclean until the even. And every thing 20 that she lieth upon in her separation shall be unclean: every thing also that she sitteth upon shall be unclean. And who-21 soever toucheth her bed shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and be unclean until the even. And whosoever 22 toucheth any thing that she sat upon shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and be unclean until the even. And if it be on her bed, or on any thing whereon she sitteth, 23 when he toucheth it, he shall be unclean until the even. And 24 if any man lie with her at all, and her flowers be upon him, he shall be unclean seven days; and all the bed whereon he lieth shall be unclean. And if a woman have an issue of her 25 blood many days out of the time of her separation, or if it run beyond the time of her separation; all the days of the issue of her uncleanness shall be as the days of her separation: she shall be unclean. Every bed whereon she lieth all the days of 26 her issue shall be unto her as the bed of her separation: and whatsoever she sitteth upon shall be unclean, as the uncleanness of her separation. And whosoever toucheth those things 27 shall be unclean, and shall wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and be unclean until the even. But if she be cleansed 28 of her issue, then she shall number to herself seven days, and after that she shall be clean. And on the eighth day she shall 29 take unto her two turtles, or two young pigeons, and bring them unto the priest, to the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And the priest shall offer the one for a sin offer-30

ing, and the other for a burnt offering; and the priest shall A.C. 1490. make an atonement for her before the Lord for the issue of 31 her uncleanness. Thus shall ye separate the children of Israel from their uncleanness; that they die not in their uncleanness, 32 when they defile my tabernacle that is among them. This is the law of him that hath an issue, and of him whose seed goeth 33 from him, and is defiled therewith; and of her that is sick of her flowers, and of him that hath an issue, of the man, and of the woman, and of him that lieth with her that is unclean.

Law of the Sacrifices for atonement.

LEVITICUS XVI.

How the high priest must enter into the holy place.
 The sin offering for himself.
 The sin offering for the people.
 The scapegoat.
 The yearly feast of the expiations.

And the LORD spake unto Moses after a the death of the a ch. x. 1, 2. two sons of Aaron, when they offered before the LORD, and 2 died; and the Lord said unto Moses, Speak unto Aaron thy brother, that he b come not at all times into the holy place bEx. xxx. 10. within the vail before the mercy seat, which is upon the ark; that he die not: for I will appear in the cloud upon the mercy 3 seat. Thus shall Aaron come into the holy place: with a young bullock for a sin offering, and a ram for a burnt offer-4 ing. He shall put on the holy linen coat, and he shall have the linen breeches upon his flesh, and shall be girded with a linen girdle, and with the linen mitre shall he be attired: these are holy garments; therefore shall he wash his flesh in 5 water, and so put them on. And he shall take of the congregation of the children of Israel two kids of the goats for a sin 6 offering, and one ram for a burnt offering. And Aaron shall offer his bullock of the sin offering, which is for himself, and 7 c make an atonement for himself, and for his house. And he c Heb. ix. 7. shall take the two goats, and present them before the LORD 8 at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And Aaron shall cast lots upon the two goats; one lot for the Lord, and 9 the other lot for the d scapegoat. And Aaron shall bring the d Heb. Azagoat upon which the LORD's lot e fell, and offer him for a sin e Heb. went 10 offering. But the goat, on which the lot fell to be the scape-up. goat, shall be presented alive before the Lord, to make an atonement with him, and to let him go for a scapegoat into 11 the wilderness. And Aaron shall bring the bullock of the sin offering, which is for himself, and shall make an atonement for himself, and for his house, and shall kill the bullock of the 12 sin offering which is for himself: and he shall take a censer full of burning coals of fire from off the altar before the LORD, and his hands full of sweet incense beaten small, and bring it 13 within the vail: and he shall put the incense upon the fire

g ch. iv. 6.

A.C. 1490. before the LORD, that the cloud of the incense may cover the mercy seat that is upon the testimony, that he die not: and 14 f Heb. ix. 18. f he shall take of the blood of the bullock, and g sprinkle it with his finger upon the mercy seat eastward; and before the mercy seat shall he sprinkle of the blood with his finger seven times.

Then shall he kill the goat of the sin offering, that is for 15

the people, and bring his blood within the vail, and do with that blood as he did with the blood of the bullock, and sprinkle it upon the mercy seat, and before the mercy seat: and he 16 shall make an atonement for the holy place, because of the uncleanness of the children of Israel, and because of their transgressions in all their sins: and so shall he do for the tabernacle h Heb. dwell- of the congregation, that h remaineth among them in the midst i Luke i. 10. of their uncleanness. And there shall be no man in the taber-17 nacle of the congregation when he goeth in to make an atonement in the holy place, until he come out, and have made an atonement for himself, and for his houshold, and for all the congregation of Israel. And he shall go out unto the altar 18 that is before the LORD, and make an atonement for it; and shall take of the blood of the bullock, and of the blood of the goat, and put it upon the horns of the altar round about. And 19

> he shall sprinkle of the blood upon it with his finger seven times, and cleanse it, and hallow it from the uncleanness of the

And when he hath made an end of reconciling the holy 20

k Heb. a man of opportunity. l Heb. of separation. children of Israel.

place, and the tabernacle of the congregation, and the altar, he shall bring the live goat: and Aaron shall lay both his hands 21 upon the head of the live goat, and confess over him all the iniquities of the children of Israel, and all their transgressions in all their sins, putting them upon the head of the goat, and shall send him away by the hand of k a fit man into the wilderness: and the goat shall bear upon him all their iniquities unto 22 a land 1 not inhabited: and he shall let go the goat in the wilderness. And Aaron shall come into the tabernacle of the 23 congregation, and shall put off the linen garments, which he put on when he went into the holy place, and shall leave them there: and he shall wash his flesh with water in the holy place, 24 and put on his garments, and come forth, and offer his burnt offering, and the burnt offering of the people, and make an atonement for himself, and for the people. And the fat of the 25 sin offering shall he burn upon the altar. And he that let go 26 the goat for the scapegoat shall wash his clothes, and bathe his m ch. vi. 30. flesh in water, and afterward come into the camp. m And the 27 bullock for the sin offering, and the goat for the sin offering, whose blood was brought in to make atonement in the holy place, shall one carry forth without the camp; and they shall burn in the fire their skins, and their flesh, and their dung.

Heb. xiii. 11.

28 And he that burneth them shall wash his clothes, and bathe his A.C. 1490. flesh in water, and afterward he shall come into the camp.

And this shall be a statute for ever unto you: that in the seventh month, on the tenth day of the month, ye shall afflict your souls, and do no work at all, whether it be one of your own 30 country, or a stranger that sojourneth among you: for on that day shall the priest make an atonement for you, to cleanse you, 31 that ye may be clean from all your sins before the LORD. It shall be a sabbath of rest unto you, and ye shall afflict your 32 souls, by a statute for ever. And the priest, whom he shall anoint, and whom he shall n consecrate to minister in the n Heb. fill his hand. priest's office in his father's stead, shall make the atonement, and shall put on the linen clothes, even the holy garments: 33 and he shall make an atonement for the holy sanctuary, and he shall make an atonement for the tabernacle of the congregation, and for the altar, and he shall make an atonement for the 34 priests, and for all the people of the congregation. And this shall be an everlasting statute unto you, to make an atonement for the children of Israel for all their sins once a year.

And o Ex. xxx.

Miscellaneous, Moral, and Ceremonial Laws.

he did as the Lord commanded Moses.

LEVITICUS XVII.

1 The blood of all slain beasts must be offered to the Lord at the door of the tabernacle. 7 They must not offer to devils. 10 All eating of blood is forbidden, 15 and all that dieth alone, or is torn.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 2 Aaron, and unto his sons, and unto all the children of Israel, and say unto them; This is the thing which the LORD hath 3 commanded, saying, What man soever there be of the house of Israel, that killeth an ox, or lamb, or goat, in the camp, or that 4 killeth it out of the camp, and bringeth it not unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, to offer an offering unto the LORD before the tabernacle of the LORD; blood shall be imputed unto that man; he hath shed blood; and that man 5 shall be cut off from among his people: to the end that the children of Israel may bring their sacrifices, which they offer in the open field, even that they may bring them unto the LORD, unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, unto the priest, and offer them for peace offerings unto the 6 LORD. And the priest shall sprinkle the blood upon the altar of the LORD at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, 7 and aburn the fat for a sweet savour unto the Lord.

And a Ex xxix. they shall no more offer their sacrifices unto devils, after whom 18. ch. iv. 31. they have gone a whoring. This shall be a statute for ever

unto them throughout their generations. And thou shalt say unto them, Whatsoever man there be of the house of Israel, or of the strangers which sojourn among

A.C. 1490, you, that offereth a burnt offering or sacrifice, and bringeth 9 it not unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, to offer it unto the LORD; even that man shall be cut off from

among his people.

bear his iniquity.

And whatsoever man there be of the house of Israel, or of 10 the strangers that sojourn among you, that eateth any manner of blood; I will even set my face against that soul that eateth blood, and will cut him off from among his people. For the 11 life of the flesh is in the blood: and I have given it to you upon the altar to make an atonement for your souls: for it is the blood that maketh an atonement for the soul. Therefore 12 I said unto the children of Israel, No soul of you shall eat blood, neither shall any stranger that sojourneth among you eat blood. And whatsoever man there be of the children of 13 Israel, or of the strangers that sojourn among you, b which hunteth and catcheth any beast or fowl that may be eaten; he shall even pour out the blood thereof, and cover it with dust. c Gen. ix. 4. c For it is the life of all flesh: the blood of it is for the life 14 thereof: therefore I said unto the children of Israel, Ye shall

b Heb. that hunteth any hunting.

the blood thereof: whosoever eateth it shall be cut off. d Heb. a car- every soul that eateth d that which died of itself, or that which case. was torn with beasts, whether it be one of your own country, or a stranger, he shall both wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and be unclean until the even: then shall he be clean.

LEVITICUS XVIII.

But if he wash them not, nor bathe his flesh; then he shall 16

eat the blood of no manner of flesh: for the life of all flesh is

1 Unlawful marriages. 19 Unlawful lusts.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 1 children of Israel, and say unto them, I am the LORD your 2 After the doings of the land of Egypt, wherein ye 3 dwelt, shall ye not do: and after the doings of the land of Canaan, whither I bring you, shall ye not do: neither shall ye walk in their ordinances. Ye shall do my judgments, and 4 keep mine ordinances, to walk therein: I am the LORD your God. Ye shall therefore keep my statutes, and my judgments: 5 e which if a man do, he shall live in them: I am the LORD.

e Ezek. xx. 11. Rom. x.5. Gal. iii. 12. f Heb. remainder of his flesh.

None of you shall approach to any that is f near of kin to 6 him, to uncover their nakedness: I am the Lord. The naked-7 ness of thy father, or the nakedness of thy mother, shalt thou not uncover: she is thy mother; thou shalt not uncover her nakedness. g The nakedness of thy father's wife shalt thou not 8 uncover: it is thy father's nakedness. The nakedness of thy 9 sister, the daughter of thy father, or daughter of thy mother, whether she be born at home, or born abroad, even their nakedness thou shalt not uncover. The nakedness of thy son's 10

daughter, or of thy daughter's daughter, even their nakedness A.C. 1490. thou shalt not uncover: for their's is thine own nakedness. 11 The nakedness of thy father's wife's daughter, begotten of thy father, she is thy sister, thou shalt not uncover her nakedness. 12 h Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of thy father's sister: h ch. xx. 19. 13 she is thy father's near kinswoman. Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of thy mother's sister: for she is thy mother's 14 near kinswoman. Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of ich. xx 20. thy father's brother, thou shalt not approach to his wife: she is 15 thine aunt. * Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of thy k ch. xx. 12. daughter in law: she is thy son's wife; thou shalt not uncover 16 her nakedness. Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of thy 1 ch. xx. 21. 17 brother's wife: it is thy brother's nakedness. Thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of a woman and her daughter, neither shalt thou take her son's daughter, or her daughter's daughter, to uncover her nakedness; for they are her near kinswomen: 18 it is wickedness. Neither shalt thou take ma wife to her sis- m Or, one ter, to vex her, to uncover her nakedness, beside the other in wife to another. 19 her life time. Also thou shalt not approach unto a woman to n ch. xx. 18. uncover her nakedness, as long as she is put apart for her un-20 cleanness. Moreover thou shalt not lie carnally with thy neigh-21 bour's wife, to defile thyself with her. And thou shalt not let any of thy seed pass through the fire to ° Molech, neither shalt o called, 22 thou profane the name of thy God: I am the Lord. Thou shalt Moloch. not lie with mankind, as with womankind: it is abomination. 23 P Neither shalt thou lie with any beast to defile thyself there-pch. xx. 15. with: neither shall any woman stand before a beast to lie down 24 thereto: it is confusion. Defile not ye yourselves in any of these things: for in all these the nations are defiled which I 25 cast out before you: and the land is defiled: therefore I do visit the iniquity thereof upon it, and the land itself vomiteth out 26 her inhabitants. Ye shall therefore keep my statutes and my judgments, and shall not commit any of these abominations; neither any of your own nation, nor any stranger that sojourneth 27 among you: (for all these abominations have the men of the land done, which were before you, and the land is defiled;) 28 that the land spue not you out also, when ye defile it, as it 29 spued out the nations that were before you. For whosoever shall commit any of these abominations, even the souls that 30 commit them shall be cut off from among their people. Therefore shall ye keep mine ordinance, that ye commit not any one of these abominable customs, which were committed before you, and that ye defile not yourselves therein: I am the LORD. your God.

LEVITICUS XIX.

A repetition of sundry laws.

1,2 And the LORD spake unto Moses saying, Speak unto all

q ch. xi. 44. & xx. 7, 26. 1 Pet. i. 16.

the congregation of the children of Israel, and say unto them, ^q Ye shall be holy: for I the LORD your God am holy.

Ye shall fear every man his mother, and his father, and keep 3 my sabbaths: I am the Lord your God.

Turn ye not unto idols, nor make to yourselves molten gods: 4 I am the Lord your God.

And if ye offer a sacrifice of peace offerings unto the LORD, 5 ye shall offer it at your own will. It shall be eaten the same 6 day ye offer it, and on the morrow: and if ought remain until the third day, it shall be burnt in the fire. And if it be eaten 7 at all on the third day, it is abominable: it shall not be accepted. Therefore every one that eateth it shall bear his 8 iniquity, because he hath profaned the hallowed thing of the LORD: and that soul shall be cut off from among his people.

r ch. xxiii. 22.

And when ye reap the harvest of your land, thou shalt not 9 wholly reap the corners of thy field, neither shalt thou gather the gleanings of thy harvest. And thou shalt not glean thy 10 vineyard, neither shalt thou gather every grape of thy vineyard; thou shalt leave them for the poor and stranger: I am the Lord your God.

Ye shall not steal, neither deal falsely, neither lie one to 11 another.

s Ex. xx. 7. Deut. v. 11. Matt. v. 33. James v. 12. t Ecclus. x.6. Tob. iv. 14.

And ye shall not swear by my name falsely, neither shalt 12 thou profane the name of thy God: I am the LORD.

^t Thou shalt not defraud thy neighbour, neither rob him: 13 uDeut, xxiv. u the wages of him that is hired shall not abide with thee all night until the morning.

x Deut.xxvii. 18.

Thou shalt not curse the deaf, x nor put a stumbling-14 block before the blind, but shalt fear thy God: I am the Lord.

y Ex. xxiii. 2, 3. Deut. i. Prov. xxiv. 23. James ii.

y Ye shall do no unrighteousness in judgment: thou shalt 15 17. & xvi. 19. not respect the person of the poor, nor honour the person of the mighty; but in righteousness shalt thou judge thy neighbour.

> Thou shalt not go up and down as a talebearer among thy 16 people: neither shalt thou stand against the blood of thy neighbour: I am the LORD.

z I John ii. 13. Matt. xviii. 15. b Or, that

² Thou shalt not hate thy brother in thine heart: ² thou 17 a Ecclus xix. shalt in any wise rebuke thy neighbour, band not suffer sin upon him.

thou bear not sin for him. c Matt. v. 43. & xxii. 39. Rom. xiii. 9. Gal. v. 14. Jamesii. 8.

Thou shalt not avenge, nor bear any grudge against the chil- 18 dren of thy people, but thou shalt love thy neighbour as thyself: I am the LORD.

Ye shall keep my statutes. Thou shalt not let thy cattle 19 gender with a diverse kind: thou shalt not sow thy field with mingled seed: neither shall a garment mingled of linen and woollen come upon thee.

And whosoever lieth carnally with a woman, that is a bond- 20

maid, de betrothed to an husband, and not at all redeemed, nor A.C. 1490. freedom given her; fg she shall be scourged; they shall not be dor, abused 21 put to death, because she was not free. And he shall bring his by any. trespass offering unto the Lord, unto the door of the tabernacle proached by, 22 of the congregation, even a ram for a trespass offering. And for, they.

the priest shall make an atonement for him with the ram of the shall be a trespass offering before the Lord for his sin which he hath scourging. done: and the sin which he hath done shall be forgiven him.

23 And when ye shall come into the land, and shall have planted all manner of trees for food, then ye shall count the fruit thereof as uncircumcised: three years shall it be as uncircumcised unto

24 you: it shall not be eaten of. But in the fourth year all the

25 fruit thereof shall be holy to praise the Lord withal. And in h Heb. hotithe fifth year shall ye eat of the fruit thereof, that it may yield ness of praises unto you the increase thereof: I am the Lord your God.

Ye shall not eat any thing with the blood; neither shall ye

27 use enchantment, nor observe times. Ye shall not round the i ch. xxi. 5. corners of your heads, neither shalt thou mar the corners of thy

28 beard. Ye shall not k make any cuttings in your flesh for the k Deut. xiv. dead, nor print any marks upon you: I am the Lord.

Do not prostitute thy daughter, to cause her to be a whore: 1 Heb. prolest the land fall to whoredom, and the land become full of wickedness.

30 Ye shall keep my sabbaths, and reverence my sanctuary: I am the Lord.

Regard not them that have familiar spirits, neither seek after wizards, to be defiled by them: I am the LORD your God.

Thou shalt rise up before the hoary head, and honour the face of the old man, and fear thy God: I am the LORD.

And m if a stranger sojourn with thee in your land, ye shall m Ex. xxii.

34 not n vex him. But the stranger that dwelleth with you shall n or, oppress.

be unto you as one born among you, and thou shalt love him as 49.

thyself; for ye were strangers in the land of Egypt: 1 am the Lord your God.

Ye shall do no unrighteousness in judgment, in meteyard, in 36 weight, or in measure. P Just balances, just weights, a just p Prov. xl. 1. ephah, and a just hin, shall ye have: I am the Lord your God, x xx. 10. 37 which brought you out of the land of Egypt. Therefore shall

ye observe all my statutes, and all my judgments, and do them: I am the Lord.

LEVITICUS XX.

Of him that giveth of his seed to Molech.
 going to wizards.
 Of sanctification.
 Of him that favoureth such an one.
 Of of him that curseth his parents.
 Of of him that curseth his parents.
 Of beastiality.
 Of beastiality.
 Of beastiality.
 Of with holiness.
 Wizards must be put to death.

1,2 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Again, 24 thou

²⁴ Idolatry was punished by the Mosaic law, because it was treason and rebellion against their Sovereign. God assumed the title of King of Israel, that adherence to his worship might be a proof

A.C. 1490. shalt say to the children of Israel, Whosoever he be of the chilrch. xviii. 21. dren of Israel, or of the strangers that sojourn in Israel, that giveth any of his seed unto Molech; he shall surely be put to death: the people of the land shall stone him with stones. And 3 I will set my face against that man, and will cut him off from among his people; because he hath given of his seed unto Molech, to defile my sanctuary, and to profane my holy name. And if the people of the land do any ways hide their eyes from 4 the man, when he giveth of his seed unto Molech, and kill him not: then I will set my face against that man, and against 5 his family, and will cut him off, and all that go a whoring after him, to commit whoredom with Molech, from among their people.

And the soul that turneth after such as have familiar spirits, 6 and after wizards, to go a whoring after them, I will even set my face against that soul, and will cut him off from among his people.

8 ch. xi. 44. & xix. 2.

⁸ Sanctify yourselves therefore, and be ye holy: for I am the 7 LORD your God. And ye shall keep my statutes, and do them: 8 I am the LORD which sanctify you.

t Ex. xxi. 17, Prov. xx. 20.

1 Pet. i. 16.

^t For every one that curseth his father or his mother shall be 9 Matt. xv. 4. surely put to death: he hath cursed his father or his mother; his blood shall be upon him.

And "the man that committeth adultery with another man's 10

u Deut. xxii. 22. John viii. 4. 5.

wife, even he that committeth adultery with his neighbour's wife, the adulterer and the adulteress shall surely be put to x ch. xviii. 8. death. x And the man that lieth with his father's wife hath 11 uncovered his father's nakedness: both of them shall surely be put to death; their blood shall be upon them. y And if a man lie 12 with his daughter in law, both of them shall surely be put to death: they have wrought confusion; their blood shall be upon y ch. xviii. 22. them. y If a man also lie with mankind, as he lieth with a 13 woman, both of them have committed an abomination: they shall surely be put to death; their blood shall be upon them. And if a man take a wife and her mother, it is wickedness: 14 they shall be burnt with fire, both he and they; that there be no wickedness among you. Z And if a man lie with a beast, 15 he shall surely be put to death: and ye shall slay the beast. And if a woman approach unto any beast, and lie down thereto, 16 thou shalt kill the woman, and the beast: they shall surely be

z ch. xviii. 23.

ach, xviii, 9, put to death; their blood shall be upon them. a And if a man 17

of allegiance, and idolatry be more certainly and rigorously prohibited. And the justice and wisdom of this dispensation will be more evident, if we consider that the idolatry of the nations which surrounded Israel did not consist in speculative opinions only, but in acts of open homage to the personified powers of nature, or to the spirits of deified men; and murder and every abomination were enumerated among the proofs of homage to these false gods. Human sacrifices - offering up their children, and passing them through the fire to Moloch—the prostitution of their young women—the shameful rites of Baal Peor, &c. &c. were crimes deserving of death, in every well-ordered community. Vide Michaelis, Com. &c. b. v. ch. ii. art. 246.

shall take his sister, his father's daughter, or his mother's A.C. 1490. daughter, and see her nakedness, and she see his nakedness; it is a wicked thing; and they shall be cut off in the sight of their people: he hath uncovered his sister's nakedness; he 18 shall bear his iniquity. b And if a man shall lie with a woman bch. xviii. having her sickness, and shall uncover her nakedness; he hath c discovered her fountain, and she hath uncovered the fountain c Heb. made of her blood: and both of them shall be cut off from among 19 their people. And thou shalt not uncover the nakedness of thy mother's sister, nor of thy father's sister: for he uncovereth his 20 near kin: they shall bear their iniquity. And if a man shall lie with his uncle's wife, he hath uncovered his uncle's naked-21 ness: they shall bear their sin; they shall die childless. if a man shall take his brother's wife, it is d an unclean thing: d Heb. a sehe hath uncovered his brother's nakedness; they shall be paration. childless.

Ye shall therefore keep all my e statutes, and all my judg-ech. xviii. ments, and do them: that the land, whither I bring you to 26.

23 dwell therein, f spue you not out. And ye shall not walk in fch. xviii. the manners of the nation, which I cast out before you: for 25. they committed all these things, and g therefore I abhorred g Deut. ix. 5.

24 them. But I have said unto you, Ye shall inherit their land, and I will give it unto you to possess it, a land that floweth with milk and honey: I am the LORD your God, which have

25 separated you from other people. h Ye shall therefore put h ch. xi. 47. Deut. xiv. 4. difference between clean beasts and unclean, and between unclean fowls and clean: and ye shall not make your souls abominable by beast, or by fowl, or by any manner of living thing that i creepeth on the ground, which I have separated i Or, moveth.

26 from you as unclean. And ye shall be holy unto me: k for I the k ver. 7. LORD am holy, and have severed you from other people, that 1 Pet. i. 16. ye should be mine.

A man also or woman that hath a familiar spirit, or that is 1 Deut. xviii. a wizard, shall surely be put to death: they shall stone them xxviii, 7. with stones: their blood shall be upon them.

LEVITICUS XXI.

- 1 Of the priests' mourning. 6 Of their holiness. 8 Of their estimation. 7. 13 Of their marriages. 17 The priests that have blemishes must not minister in the sanc-
- And the Lord said unto Moses, Speak unto the priests the sons of Aaron, and say unto them, There shall none be defiled 2 for the dead among his people: but for his kin, that is near unto him, that is, for his mother, and for his father, and for his 3 son, and for his daughter, and for his brother, and for his sister an husband
- a virgin, that is nigh unto him, which hath had no husband; among his 4 for her may he be defiled. But m he shall not defile himself, shall not defile being a chief man among his people, to profane himself. himself for his wife, &c

A.C. 1490. n They shall not make baldness upon their head, neither shall 5 n ch. xix. 27. they shave off the corner of their beard, nor make any cuttings in their flesh. They shall be holy unto their God, and not 6 profane the name of their God: for the offerings of the Lord made by fire, and the bread of their God, they do offer: therefore they shall be holy. They shall not take a wife that 7 is a whore, or profane; neither shall they take a woman put away from her husband: for he is holy unto his God. Thou s shalt sanctify him therefore; for he offereth the bread of thy God: he shall be holy unto thee: for I the LORD, which sanctify you, am holy.

And the daughter of any priest, if she profane herself by 9 playing the whore, she profaneth her father: she shall be burnt with fire. And he that is the high priest among his brethren, 10 upon whose head the anointing oil was poured, and that is consecrated to put on the garments, shall not uncover his head, nor rend his clothes; neither shall he go in to any dead body, 11 nor defile himself for his father, or for his mother; neither 12 shall he go out of the sanctuary, nor profane the sanctuary of his God: for the crown of the anointing oil of his God is upon him: I am the LORD. And he shall take a wife in her 13 virginity. A widow, or a divorced woman, or profane, or an 14 harlot, these shall he not take: but he shall take a virgin of his own people to wife. Neither shall he profane his seed 15

among his people: for I the Lord do sanctify him. And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 16, 17 Aaron, saying, Whosoever he be of thy seed in their genera-

tions that hath any blemish, let him not approach to offer the o bread of his God. For whatsoever man he be that hath a 18

o Or. food. q Or, too

stender.

blemish, he shall not approach: a blind man, or a lame, or he p ch. xxii. 23. that hath a flat nose, or any thing p superfluous. Or a man 19 that is brokenfooted, or brokenhanded, or crookbackt, or q a 20 dwarf, or that hath a blemish in his eye, or be scurvy, or scabbed, or hath his stones broken; no man that hath a blemish 21 of the seed of Aaron the priest shall come nigh to offer the offerings of the Lord made by fire: he hath a blemish; he shall not come nigh to offer the bread of his God. He shall 22 eat the bread of his God, both of the most holy, and of the holy. Only he shall not go in unto the vail, nor come nigh 23 unto the altar, because he hath a blemish; that he profane not my sanctuaries: for I the LORD do sanctify them. And Moses 24 told it unto Aaron, and to his sons, and unto all the children of Israel.

LEVITICUS XXII.

1 The priests in their uncleanness must abstain from the holy things. 6 How they shall be cleansed. 10 Who of the priest's house may eat of the holy things. 17 The sacrifices must be without blemish. 26 The age of the sacrifice. 29 The law of eating the sacrifice of thanksgiving.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto A.C. 1490. Aaron and to his sons, that they separate themselves from the holy things of the children of Israel, and that they profane not my holy name in those things which they hallow unto me: I 3 am the Lord. Say unto them, Whosoever he be of all your

seed among your generations, that goeth unto the holy things, which the children of Israel hallow unto the LORD, having his uncleanness upon him, that soul shall be cut off from my

4 presence: I am the Lord. What man soever of the seed of Aaron is a leper, or hath ras running issue; he shall not eat of rch. xv. 2. the holy things, until he be clean. And whoso toucheth any ning of the thing that is unclean by the dead, or a man whose seed goeth reins.

5 from him; or whosoever toucheth any creeping thing, whereby he may be made unclean, or a man of whom he may take 6 uncleanness, whatsoever uncleanness he hath; the soul which

hath touched any such shall be unclean until even, and shall not eat of the holy things, unless he wash his flesh with water.

7 And when the sun is down, he shall be clean, and shall after-8 ward eat of the holy things; because it is his food. t That Ex. xxii. 31 Ezek. xliv. which dieth of itself, or is torn with beasts, he shall not eat to 31.

9 defile himself therewith: I am the Lord. They shall therefore keep mine ordinance, lest they bear sin for it, and die there-10 fore, if they profane it: I the Lord do sanctify them. There shall no stranger eat of the holy thing: a sojourner of the

11 priest, or an hired servant, shall not eat of the holy thing. But if the priest buy any soul u with his money, he shall eat of it, u Heb. with and he that is born in his house: they shall eat of his meat. of his money.

12 If the priest's daughter also be married unto x a stranger, she x Heb. a man 13 may not eat of an offering of the holy things. But if the

priest's daughter be a widow, or divorced, and have no child, and is returned unto her father's house, yas in her youth, y ch. x. 14. she shall eat of her father's meat: but there shall no stranger eat thereof.

And if a man eat of the holy thing unwittingly, then he shall put the fifth part thereof unto it, and shall give it unto 15 the priest with the holy thing. And they shall not profane the holy things of the children of Israel, which they offer unto

16 the LORD; or z suffer them to bear the iniquity of trespass, z Or, lade when they eat their holy things: for I the Lord do sanctify with the inithem.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto Aaron, eating. 18 and to his sons, and unto all the children of Israel, and say

A.C. 1490. unto them, Whatsoever he be of the house of Israel, or of the strangers in Israel, that will offer his oblation for all his vows, and for all his freewill offerings, which they will offer unto the Lord for a burnt offering; ye shall offer at your own will 19 a male without blemish, of the beeves, of the sheep, or of the goats. But whatsoever hath a blemish, that shall ye not offer: 20 for it shall not be acceptable for you. And whosoever offereth 21 a sacrifice of peace offerings unto the Lord to accomplish his vow, or a freewill offering in beeves or b sheep, it shall be perfect to be accepted; there shall be no blemish therein. Blind, 22 or broken, or maimed, or having a wen, or scurvy, or scabbed, ye shall not offer these unto the Lord, nor make an offering by fire of them upon the altar unto the Lord. Either a 23

c Or, kid. d ch. xxi. 18. by fire of them upon the altar unto the Lord. Either a 23 bullock or a clamb that hath any thing d superfluous or lacking in his parts, that mayest thou offer for a freewill offering; but for a vow it shall not be accepted. Ye shall not offer unto the 24 Lord that which is bruised, or crushed, or broken, or cut; neither shall ye make any offering thereof in your land. Nei-25 ther from a stranger's hand shall ye offer the bread of your God of any of these; because their corruption is in them, and blemishes be in them: they shall not be accepted for you.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, When a bullock, 26

or a sheep, or a goat, is brought forth, then it shall be seven 27 days under the dam; and from the eighth day and thenceforth it shall be accepted for an offering made by fire unto the cor, she goat. Lord. And whether it be cow or cewe, ye shall not kill it 28 f Deut. xxii. f and her young both in one day. And when ye will offer a 29 sacrifice of thanksgiving unto the Lord, offer it at your own will. On the same day it shall be eaten up; ye shall leave 30 g ch. vii. 15. g none of it until the morrow: I am the Lord. Therefore 31 shall ye keep my commandments, and do them: I am the Lord. Neither shall ye profane my holy name; but h I will 32 be hallowed among the children of Israel: I am the Lord which hallow you, that brought you out of the land of Egypt, 33 to be your God: I am the Lord.

Laws concerning Festivals, Vows, Things devoted, and Tithes.

LEVITICUS XXIII.

The feasts of the Lord.
 The sabbath.
 The passover.
 The sheaf of firstfruits.
 The feast of Pentecost.
 Gleanings to be left for the poor.
 The feast of trumpets.
 The day of atonement.
 The feast of tabernacles.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 1 children of Israel, and say unto them, Concerning the feasts of 2 the Lord, which ye shall proclaim to be holy convocations, a Ex. xx. 9. even these are my feasts. a Six days shall work be done: but 3 Deut. v. 13. Luke xiii. 14. the seventh day is the sabbath of rest, an holy convocation; ye shall do no work therein: it is the sabbath of the Lord in all your dwellings.

These are the feasts of the Lord, even holy convocations, A.C. 1490. 5 which ye shall proclaim in their seasons. b In the fourteenth b Ex. xii. 18. 6 day of the first month at even is the Lord's passover. And Num. xxviii. on the fifteenth day of the same month is the feast of unleavened bread unto the Lord: seven days ye must eat un-7 leavened bread. In the first day ye shall have an holy con-8 vocation; ye shall do no servile work therein. But ye shall offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord seven days: in the seventh day is an holy convocation: ye shall do no servile

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 10 children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye be come into the land which I give unto you, and shall reap the harvest thereof, then ye shall bring a c sheaf of the firstfruits of your cor, handful. 11 harvest unto the priest: and he shall wave the sheaf before the Lord, to be accepted for you: on the morrow after the 12 sabbath the priest shall wave it. And ye shall offer that day when ye wave the sheaf an he lamb without blemish of the 13 first year for a burnt offering unto the Lord. And the meat

offering thereof shall be two tenth deals of fine flour mingled with oil, an offering made by fire unto the Lord for a sweet sayour: and the drink offering thereof shall be of wine, the 14 fourth part of an hin. And ye shall eat neither bread, nor parched corn, nor green ears, until the selfsame day that ye

have brought an offering unto your God: it shall be a statute for ever throughout your generations in all your dwellings.

And d ye shall count unto you from the morrow after the d Deut. xvi. sabbath, from the day that ye brought the sheaf of the wave ". 16 offering; seven sabbaths shall be complete: even unto the

morrow after the seventh sabbath shall ye number fifty days; 17 and ye shall offer a new meat offering unto the Lord. Ye shall bring out of your habitations two wave loaves of two tenth deals: they shall be of fine flour; they shall be baken

18 with leaven; they are the firstfruits unto the Lord. And ye shall offer with the bread seven lambs without blemish of the first year, and one young bullock, and two rams: they shall be for a burnt offering unto the Lord, with their meat offering, and their drink offerings, even an offering made by fire,

19 of sweet savour unto the LORD. Then ye shall sacrifice one kid of the goats for a sin offering, and two lambs of the first 20 year for a sacrifice of peace offerings. And the priest shall

wave them with the bread of the firstfruits for a wave offering before the LORD, with the two lambs: they shall be holy to

21 the LORD for the priest. And ye shall proclaim on the selfsame day, that it may be an holy convocation unto you: ye shall do no servile work therein: it shall be a statute for ever in all your dwellings throughout your generations.

And e when we reap the harvest of your land, thou shalt not ech. xix. 9.

i Heb. rest.

A.C. 1490 make clean riddance of the corners of thy field when thou Deut. xxiv. reapest, neither shalt thou gather any gleaning of thy harvest: thou shalt leave them unto the poor, and to the stranger: I am the LORD your God.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 23 g Num xxix children of Israel, saying, In the g seventh month, in the first 24 day of the month, shall ve have a sabbath, a memorial of blowing of trumpets, an holy convocation. Ye shall do no servile 25 work therein: but ye shall offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, h Also on the 26, 27 h ch. xvi. 30. Num. xxix.7. tenth day of this seventh month there shall be a day of atonement: it shall be an holy convocation unto you; and ye shall afflict your souls, and offer an offering made by fire unto the LORD. And ye shall do no work in that same day: for it is 28 a day of atonement, to make an atonement for you before the LORD your God. For whatsoever soul it be that shall not be 29 afflicted in that same day, he shall be cut off from among his people. And whatsoever soul it be that doeth any work in that 30 same day, the same soul will I destroy from among his people. Ye shall do no manner of work: it shall be a statute for ever 31 throughout your generations in all your dwellings. It shall be 32 unto you a sabbath of rest, and ye shall afflict your souls: in the ninth day of the month at even, from even unto even, shall ye i celebrate your sabbath. And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 33, 34

month shall be the feast of tabernacles for seven days unto the On the first day shall be an holy convocation: ye shall 35 do no servile work therein. Seven days ye shall offer an offer- 36 1 John vii. 37. ing made by fire unto the LORD: 1 on the eighth day shall be an holy convocation unto you; and ye shall offer an offering m Heb. day of made by fire unto the LORD: it is a m solemn assembly; and restraint. ye shall do no servile work therein. These are the feasts of 37 the Lord, which ye shall proclaim to be holy convocations, to offer an offering made by fire unto the Lord, a burnt offering, and a meat offering, a sacrifice, and drink offerings, every thing upon his day: beside the sabbaths of the LORD, and 38 beside your gifts, and beside all your vows, and beside all your freewill offerings, which ye give unto the LORD. Also in the 39 fifteenth day of the seventh month, when ye have gathered in the fruit of the land, ye shall keep a feast unto the LORD seven days: on the first day shall be a sabbath, and on the eighth day shall be a sabbath. And ye shall take you on the 40 first day the n boughs of goodly trees, branches of palm trees,

and the boughs of thick trees, and willows of the brook; and ye shall rejoice before the LORD your God seven days. And 41 ve shall keep it a feast unto the LORD seven days in the year.

k Num. xxix. children of Israel, saying, k The fifteenth day of this seventh

It shall be a statute for ever in your generations: ve shall cele- A.C. 1490. 42 brate it in the seventh month. Ye shall dwell in booths seven 43 days; all that are Israelites born shall dwell in booths: that your generations may know that I made the children of Israel to dwell in booths, when I brought them out of the land of 44 Egypt: I am the LORD your God. And Moses declared unto the children of Israel the feasts of the LORD.

LEVITICUS XXIV.

1 The oil for the lamps. 5 The shewbread. 10 Shelomith's son blasphemeth. 13 The law of blasphemy. 17 Of murder. 18 Of damage. 23 The blasphemer is stoned.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Command the children of Israel, that they bring unto thee pure oil olive beaten for the light, o to cause the lamps to burn continually. o Heb. to

3 Without the vail of the testimony, in the tabernacle of the con-ascend. gregation, shall Aaron order it from the evening unto the morning before the Lord continually: it shall be a statute for ever in

4 your generations. He shall order the lamps upon p the pure p Ex. xxxi.

candlestick before the Lord continually.

And thou shalt take fine flour, and bake twelve q cakes thereof: q Ex. xxv.30.

6 two tenth deals shall be in one cake. And thou shalt set them in two rows, six on a row, upon the pure table before the LORD.

7 And thou shalt put pure frankincense upon each row, that it may be on the bread for a memorial, even an offering made by

8 fire unto the Lord. Every sabbath he shall set it in order before the Lord continually, being taken from the children of

9 Israel by an everlasting covenant. And tit shall be Aaron's r Matt. xii. 4. and his son's; s and they shall eat it in the holy place: for it is s Ex. xxix. most holy unto him of the offerings of the Lord made by fire 33. ch. viii. 3.

by a perpetual statute.

And the son of an Israelitish woman, whose father was an Egyptian, went out among the children of Israel: and this son of the Israelitish woman and a man of Israel strove together in 11 the camp; and the Israelitish woman's son blasphemed the name of the LORD, and cursed. And they brought him unto Moses: (and his mother's name was Shelomith, the daughter of

12 Dibri, of the tribe of Dan:) and they tput him in ward, u that t Num. xv. 13 the mind of the Lord might be shewed them. And the Lord u Heb. to

14 spake unto Moses, saying, Bring forth him that hath cursed expound unto them accord-

without the camp; and let all that heard him x lay their hands ing to the 15 upon his head, and let all the congregation stone him. And LORD. thou shalt speak unto the children of Israel, saying, Whosoever x Deut. xiii.

16 curseth his God shall bear his sin. And he that blasphemeth the name of the LORD, he shall surely be put to death, and all the congregation shall certainly stone him: as well the stranger, y Ex. xxi. 12. as he that is born in the land, when he blasphemeth the name Deut. xix. of the LORD, shall be put to death.

y And he that z killeth any man shall surely be put to death. a man.

A.C. 1490. And he that killeth a beast shall make it good; a beast for beast. 18 And if a man cause a blemish in his neighbour; as b he hath 19 a Heb. life for life. b Ex. xxi. 24. done, so shall it be done to him; breach for breach, eye for 20 Deut. xix. 21. eye, tooth for tooth: as he hath caused a blemish in a man, so shall it be done to him again. And he that killeth a beast, he 21 shall restore it: and he that killeth a man, he shall be put to Ex. xii. 49. death. Ye shall have cone manner of law, as well for the 22

stranger, as for one of your own country: for I am the LORD your God.

And Moses spake to the children of Israel, that they should 23 bring forth him that had cursed out of the camp, and stone him with stones. And the children of Israel did as the LORD com-

manded Moses.

LEVITICUS XXV.

 The sabbath of the seventh year.
 The jubile in the fiftieth year.
 Of oppression.
 A blessing of obedience.
 The redemption of land, 29 of houses.
 Compassion of the poor. 39 The usage of bondmen. 47 The redemption of servants.

And the Lord spake unto Moses in mount Sinai, saying, 1

Speak unto the children of Israel, and say unto them, When 2 ye come into the land which I give you, then shall the land d keep ea sabbath unto the Lond. Six years thou shalt sow 3 thy field, and six years thou shalt prune thy vineyard, and gather in the fruit thereof; but in the seventh year shall be a 4 sabbath of rest unto the land, a sabbath for the LORD: thou shalt neither sow thy field, nor prune thy vineyard. which groweth of its own accord of thy harvest thou shalt not reap, neither gather the grapes f of thy vine undressed; for it is a year of rest unto the land. And the sabbath of the land shall 6 be meat for you; for thee, and for thy servant, and for thy maid, and for thy hired servant, and for thy stranger that sojourneth with thee, and for thy cattle, and for the beast that 7 are in thy land, shall all the increase thereof be meat.

g Heb. loud of sound.

d Heb. rest." e Ex. xxiii.

separation.

10.

And thou shalt number seven sabbaths of years unto thee, 8 seven times seven years; and the space of the seven sabbaths of years shall be unto thee forty and nine years. Then shalt 9 thou cause the trumpet g of the jubile to sound on the tenth day of the seventh month, in the day of atonement shall ye make the trumpet sound throughout all your land. shall hallow the fiftieth year, and proclaim liberty throughout all the land unto all the inhabitants thereof: it shall be a jubile unto you; and ye shall return every man unto his possession, and ye shall return every man unto his family. A jubile shall 11 that fiftieth year be unto you: ye shall not sow, neither reap that which groweth of itself in it, nor gather the grapes in it of thy vine undressed. For it is the jubile; it shall be holy unto 12 you: ye shall eat the increase thereof out of the field. In the 13 year of this jubile ye shall return every man unto his possession.

14 And if thou sell ought unto thy neighbour, or buyest ought of A.C. 1490. 15 thy neighbour's hand, ye shall not oppress one another: according to the number of years after the jubile thou shalt buy of thy neighbour, and according unto the number of years of the fruits 16 he shall sell unto thee: according to the multitude of years thou shalt increase the price thereof, and according to the fewness of years thou shalt diminish the price of it: for according to the number of the years of the fruits doth he sell unto thee. 17 Ye shall not therefore oppress one another; but thou shalt fear thy God: for I am the LORD your God.

Wherefore ye shall do my statutes, and keep my judgments, 19 and do them; and ye shall dwell in the land in safety. And the land shall yield her fruit, and ye shall eat your fill, and dwell 20 therein in safety. And if ye shall say, What shall we eat the seventh year? behold, we shall not sow, nor gather in our in-21 crease: then I will command my blessing upon you in the 22 sixth year, and it shall bring forth fruit for three years. And ye shall sow the eighth year, and eat yet of old fruit until the ninth year; until her fruits come in ye shall eat of the old store.

The land shall not be sold for ever: hi for the land is h Or, to be And in quite cut off. 24 mine; for ye are strangers and sojourners with me. all the land of your possession ye shall grant a redemption for cutting off. the land.

If thy brother be waxen poor, and hath sold away some of his possession, and if any of his kin come to redeem it, then shall 26 he redeem that which his brother sold. And if the man have 27 none to redeem it, and k himself be able to redeem it; then let k Heb. him him count the years of the sale thereof, and restore the overplus attained and unto the man to whom he sold it; that he may return unto his found sufficiency. 28 possession. But if he be not able to restore it to him, then that which is sold shall remain in the hand of him that hath bought it until the year of jubile: and in the jubile it shall go out, and 29 he shall return unto his possession. And if a man sell a dwelling house in a walled city, then he may redeem it within a whole 30 year after it is sold; within a full year may be redeem it. And if it be not redeemed within the space of a full year, then the house that is in the walled city shall be established for ever to him that bought it throughout his generations: it shall not go 31 out in the jubile. But the houses of the villages which have no wall round about them shall be counted as the fields of the country: 1 they may be redeemed, and they shall go out in the 1 Heb. re-

32 jubile. Notwithstanding the cities of the Levites, and the demption behouses of the cities of their possession, may the Levites redeem ".

33 at any time. And if m a man purchase of the Levites, then the m Or, one of house that was sold, and the city of his possession, shall go out deem them. in the year of jubile: for the houses of the cities of the Levites

34 are their possession among the children of Israel. But the field

A.C. 1490. of the suburbs of their cities may not be sold; for it is their perpetual possession.

n Heb. his hand faileth. o Heb. strengthen. p Ex. xxii. 25. Deut. xxiii. 19. 8. Ezek.xviii. 8. 13. 17. &.

And if thy brother be waxen poor, and n fallen in decay with 35 thee; then thou shalt orelieve him: yea, though he be a stranger, or a sojourner; that he may live with thee. P Take thou no 36 usury of him, or increase: but fear thy God; that thy brother Prov. xxviii. may live with thee. Thou shalt not give him thy money upon 37 usury, nor lend him thy victuals for increase. I am the LORD 38 your God, which brought you forth out of the land of Egypt, to give you the land of Canaan, and to be your God.

q Ex. xxi. 2. Deut. xv. 12. Jer. xxxiv. r Heb. serve thyself with him with the service, &c.

xxii. 12.

And q if thy brother that dwelleth by thee be waxen poor, 39 and be sold unto thee; thou shalt not rcompel him to serve as a bondservant: but as an hired servant, and as a sojourner, 40 he shall be with thee, and shall serve thee unto the year of jubile: and then shall he depart from thee, both he and his 41 children with him, and shall return unto his own family, and unto the possession of his fathers shall he return. For they 42 are my servants, which I brought forth out of the land of Egypt: they shall not be sold as bondmen. ^t Thou shalt not 43 rule over him with rigour; but shalt fear thy God. Both thy 44 bondmen, and thy bondmaids, which thou shalt have, shall be of the heathen that are round about you; of them shall ye buy bondmen and bondmaids. Moreover of the children of the 45 strangers that do sojourn among you, of them shall ye buy, and of their families that are with you, which they begat in your land: and they shall be your possession. And ye shall 46 take them as an inheritance for your children after you, to inherit them for a possession; "they shall be your bondmen for ever: but over your brethren the children of Israel, ye shall not rule one over another with rigour.

s Heb. with the sale of a bondman. t Eph. vi. 9. Col. iv. 1.

u Heb. ye shall serve yourselves with them.

x Heb. his hand obtain, &c.

And if a sojourner or stranger x wax rich by thee, and thy 47 brother that dwelleth by him wax poor, and sell himself unto the stranger or sojourner by thee, or to the stock of the stranger's family: after that he is sold he may be redeemed again; 48 one of his brethren may redeem him: either his uncle, or his 49 uncle's son, may redeem him, or any that is nigh of kin unto him of his family may redeem him; or if he be able, he may redeem himself. And he shall reckon with him that bought 50 him from the year that he was sold to him unto the year of jubile: and the price of his sale shall be according unto the number of years, according to the time of an hired servant shall it be with him. If there be yet many years behind, accord-51 ing unto them he shall give again the price of his redemption out of the money that he was bought for. And if there remain 52 but few years unto the year of jubile, then he shall count with him, and according unto his years shall he give him again the price of his redemption. And as a yearly hired servant shall 53 he be with him: and the other shall not rule with rigour over

54 him in thy sight. And if he be not redeemed y in these years, A.C. 1490. then he shall go out in the year of jubile, both he, and his chil- y Or, by 55 dren with him. For unto me the children of Israel are servants; these means. they are my servants whom I brought forth out of the land of Egypt: I am the Lord your God.

Prophetic Threatenings and Curses.

LEVITICUS XXVI.

1 Of idolatry. 2 Religiousness. 3 A blessing to them that keep the commandments. 14 A curse to those that break them. 40 God promiseth to remember them that repent.

Ye shall make you a no idols nor graven image, neither rear a Ex. xx. 4. you up a b standing image, neither shall ye set up any cd image & xvi. 22. of stone in your land, to bow down unto it: for I am the LORD bor, pillar, your God your God.

e Ye shall keep my sabbaths, and reverence my sanctuary: dHeb. a stone

I am the Lord.

f If ye walk in my statutes, and keep my commandments, f Deut. 4 and do them; then I will give you rain in due season, and the land shall yield her increase, and the trees of the field shall 5 yield their fruit. And your threshing shall reach unto the

vintage, and the vintage shall reach unto the sowing time: and ye shall eat your bread to the full, and g dwell in your land g Job xi. 18. 6 safely. And I will give peace in the land, and h ye shall lie h Job xi. 19.

down, and none shall make you afraid: and I will i rid evil i Heb. cause beasts out of the land, neither shall the sword go through your

And ye shall chase your enemies, and they shall fall

8 before you by the sword. And k five of you shall chase an k Josh. xxiii. hundred, and an hundred of you shall put ten thousand to flight: and your enemies shall fall before you by the sword.

9 For I will have respect unto you, and make you fruitful, and 10 multiply you, and establish my covenant with you. And ye shall eat old store, and bring forth the old because of the new.

111 And I will set my tabernacle among you: and my soul shall 1 Ezek. 12 not abhor you. m And I will walk among you, and will be m 2 Cor. vi.

13 your God, and ye shall be my people. I am the LORD your 16. God, which brought you forth out of the land of Egypt, that ye should not be their bondmen; and I have broken the bands of your yoke, and made you go upright.

ⁿ But if ye will not hearken unto me, and will not do all n Deut. 15 these commandments; and if ye shall despise my statutes, or if Lam. ii. 17. your soul abhor my judgments, so that 'ye will not do all my Mal. ii. 2.

16 commandments, but that ye break my covenant: I also will do this unto you; I will even appoint o over you terror, consump- o Heb. upon tion, and the burning ague, that shall consume the eyes, and you. cause sorrow of heart: and ye shall sow your seed in vain, for

17 your enemies shall eat it. And I will set my face against you, and ye shall be slain before your enemies: they that hate you

c Or, figured stone.

of picture.

p Prov. xxviii. 1.

A.C. 1490. shall reign over you; and p ye shall flee when none pursueth And if ye will not yet for all this hearken unto me, then 18 I will punish you seven times more for your sins. And I will 19 break the pride of your power; and I will make your heaven as iron, and your earth as brass: and your strength shall be 20 spent in vain: for your land shall not yield her increase, neither shall the trees of the land yield their fruits. And if ye walk q contrary unto me, and will not hearken 21

according to your sins. I will also send wild beasts among 22

for your sins. And I will bring a sword upon you, that shall 25 avenge the quarrel of my covenant: and when ye are gathered together within your cities, I will send the pestilence among you; and ye shall be delivered into the hand of the enemy. And when I have broken the staff of your bread, ten women 26 shall bake your bread in one oven, and they shall deliver you your bread again by weight: and ye shall eat, and not be

q Or, at all adventures adventures with me, and unto me; I will bring seven times more plagues upon you so ver. 24.

you, which shall rob you of your children, and destroy your cattle, and make you few in number; and your high ways shall be desolate. And if ye will not be reformed by me by 23 r 2 Sam. xxii. these things, but will walk contrary unto me; r then will I also 24 walk contrary unto you, and will punish you yet seven times

27. Ps. xviii.

s Deut. xxviii. 53.

t 2 Chr. xxxiv. 5.

And if ye will not for all this hearken unto me, but 27 walk contrary unto me; then I will walk contrary unto you 28 also in fury; and I, even I, will chastise you seven times for 8 And ye shall eat the flesh of your sons, and the 29 flesh of your daughters shall ve eat. And I will destroy your 30 high places, and cut down your images, and t cast your carcases upon the carcases of your idols, and my soul shall abhor you. And I will make your cities waste, and bring your sanctuaries 31 unto desolation, and I will not smell the savour of your sweet And I will bring the land into desolation: and your 32 enemies which dwell therein shall be astonished at it. will scatter you among the heathen, and will draw out a sword after you: and your land shall be desolate, and your cities waste. Then shall the land enjoy her sabbaths, as long as it 34 lieth desolate, and ye be in your enemies' land; even then shall the land rest, and enjoy her sabbaths. As long as it lieth 35 desolate it shall rest; because it did not rest in your sabbaths, when ye dwelt upon it. And upon them that are left alive of 36 you I will send a faintness into their hearts in the lands of their uHeb. driven. enemies; and the sound of a ushaken leaf shall chase them; and they shall flee, as fleeing from a sword; and they shall fall when none pursueth. And they shall fall one upon another, 37

as it were before a sword, when none pursueth: and ye shall have no power to stand before your enemies. And ye shall 38 perish among the heathen, and the land of your enemies shall eat you up. And they that are left of you shall pine away in 39

their iniquity in your enemies' lands; and also in the iniquities A.C. 1490. 40 of their fathers shall they pine away with them. If they shall confess their iniquity, and the iniquity of their fathers, with their trespass which they trespassed against me, and that also 41 they have walked contrary unto me; and that I also have walked contrary unto them, and have brought them into the land of their enemies; if then their uncircumcised hearts be humbled, and they then accept of the punishment of their 42 iniquity: then will I remember my covenant with Jacob, and also my covenant with Isaac, and also my covenant with Abraham will I remember; and I will remember the land. 43 The land also shall be left of them, and shall enjoy her sabbaths, while she lieth desolate without them: and they shall accept of the punishment of their iniquity: because, even because they despised my judgments, and because their soul 44 abhorred my statutes. And yet for all that, when they be in the land of their enemies, x I will not cast them away, neither x Deut. iv. 31. Rom. xi. 2. 45 will I abhor them, to destroy them utterly, and to break my covenant with them: for I am the LORD their God. But I will for their sakes remember the covenant of their ancestors, whom I brought forth out of the land of Egypt in the sight of the heathen, that I might be their God: I am the LORD. 46 These are the statutes and judgments and laws, which the LORD made between him and the children of Israel in mount Sinai by the hand of Moses.

LEVITICUS XXVII.

 He that maketh a singular vow must be the Lord's.
 The estimation of the person.
 Of a beast given by vow.
 Of a house.
 Of a field, and the redemption thereof.
 No devoted thing may be redeemed.
 The tithe may not be changed. And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 2 children of Israel, and say unto them, When a man shall make a singular vow, the persons shall be for the LORD by thy esti-3 mation. And thy estimation shall be of the male from twenty years old even unto sixty years old, even thy estimation shall be fifty shekels of silver, after the shekel of the sanctuary. 4 And if it be a female, then thy estimation shall be thirty 5 shekels. And if it be from five years old even unto twenty years old, then thy estimation shall be of the male twenty 6 shekels, and for the female ten shekels. And if it be from a month old even unto five years old, then thy estimation shall be of the male five shekels of silver, and for the female thy 7 estimation shall be three shekels of silver. And if it be from sixty years old and above; if it be a male, then thy estimation s shall be fifteen shekels, and for the female ten shekels. But if he be poorer than thy estimation, then he shall present himself before the priest, and the priest shall value him; according 9 to his ability that vowed shall the priest value him. And if it be a beast, whereof men bring an offering unto the LORD,

A.C. 1490. all that any man giveth of such unto the Lord shall be holy. He shall not alter it, nor change it, a good for a bad, or a bad 10 for a good: and if he shall at all change beast for beast, then it and the exchange thereof shall be holy. And if it be any 11 unclean beast, of which they do not offer a sacrifice unto the LORD, then he shall present the beast before the priest: and 12 the priest shall value it, whether it be good or bad: yas thou valuest it, who art the priest, so shall it be. But if he will at 13 all redeem it, then he shall add a fifth part thereof unto thy estimation.

y Heb. ac cording to thy estimation. O priest, &c.

> And when a man shall sanctify his house to be holy unto the 14 LORD, then the priest shall estimate it, whether it be good or bad: as the priest shall estimate it, so shall it stand. he that sanctifieth it will redeem his house, then he shall add the fifth part of the money of thy estimation unto it, and it shall be his. And if a man shall sanctify unto the LORD some 16

z Or, the land Sc.

part of a field of his possession, then thy estimation shall be according to the seed thereof: z an homer of barley seed shall be valued at fifty shekels of silver. If he sanctify his field from 17 the year of jubile, according to thy estimation it shall stand. But if he sanctify his field after the jubile, then the priest 18 shall reckon unto him the money according to the years that remain, even unto the year of the jubile, and it shall be abated from thy estimation. And if he that sanctifieth the field 19 will in any wise redeem it, then he shall add the fifth part of the money of thy estimation unto it, and it shall be assured to him. And if he will not redeem the field, or if he have sold 20 the field to another man, it shall not be redeemed any more. But the field, when it goeth out in the jubile, shall be holy 21 unto the Lord, as a field devoted; the possession thereof shall be the priest's. And if a man sanctify unto the Lord a field 22 which he hath bought, which is not of the fields of his possession; then the priest shall reckon unto him the worth of thy 23 estimation, even unto the year of the jubile: and he shall give thine estimation in that day, as a holy thing unto the LORD. In the year of the jubile the field shall return unto him of 24 whom it was bought, even to him to whom the possession of the land did belong. And all thy estimations shall be according 25 a Ex. xxx.13. to the shekel of the sanctuary: a twenty gerahs shall be the

Num. iii. 47. shekel. & xviii. 16. Ezek. xlv.12. b Heb. first-

born, &c.

Only the bifirstling of the beasts, which should be the 26 LORD's firstling, no man shall sanctify it; whether it be ox, or sheep: it is the LORD's. And if it be of an unclean beast, 27 then he shall redeem it according to thine estimation, and shall add a fifth part of it thereto: or if it be not redeemed, c Josh. vi. 19, then it shall be sold according to thy estimation. c Notwith-28 standing no devoted thing, that a man shall devote unto the

LORD of all that he hath, both of man and beast, and of the

field of his possession, shall be sold or redeemed: every A.C. 1490.

29 devoted thing is most holy unto the Lord. None devoted, which shall be devoted of men, shall be redeemed; but shall 30 surely be put to death. And all the tithe of the land, whether of the seed of the land, or of the fruit of the tree, is the 31 Lord's: it is holy unto the Lord. And if a man will at all redeem ought of his tithes, he shall add thereto the fifth part 32 thereof. And concerning the tithe of the herd, or of the flock, even of whatsoever passeth under the rod, the tenth shall be 33 holy unto the Lord. He shall not search whether it be good or bad, neither shall he change it: and if he change it at all, then both it and the change thereof shall be holy; it shall not 34 be redeemed. These are the commandments, which the Lord commanded Moses for the children of Israel in mount Sinai.

Numbering of the People.

NUMBERS I.

- God commandeth Moses to number the people.
 The princes of the tribes.
 The number of every tribe.
 The Levites are exempted for the service of the Lord.
- And the Lord spake unto Moses in the wilderness of Sinai, in the tabernacle of the congregation, on the first day of the
- second month, in the second year after they were come out of 2 the land of Egypt, saying, a Take ye the sum of all the con-a Ex. xxx. gregation of the children of Israel, after their families, by the 12.
- house of their fathers, with the number of their names, every 3 male by their polls; from twenty years old and upward, all that are able to go forth to war in Israel: thou and Aaron
- 4 shall number them by their armies. And with you there shall be a man of every tribe; every one head of the house of his fathers.
- 5 And these are the names of the men that shall stand with you: of the tribe of Reuben; Elizur the son of Shedeur.
- 6 Of Simeon; Shelumiel the son of Zurishaddai.
- 7 Of Judah; Nahshon the son of Amminadab.
- 8 Of Issachar; Nethaneel the son of Zuar.
- 9 Of Zebulun; Eliab the son of Helon.
- 10 Of the children of Joseph: of Ephraim; Elishama the son of Ammihud: of Manasseh; Gamaliel the son of Pedahzur.
- Of Benjamin; Abidan the son of Gideoni.
- 12 Of Dan; Ahiezer the son of Ammishaddai.
- 13 Of Asher; Pagiel the son of Ocran.
- 14 Of Gad; Eliasaph the son of Deuel.
- 15 Of Naphtali; Ahira the son of Enan.
- 16 These were the renowned of the congregation, princes of the tribes of their fathers, heads of thousands in Israel.
- 17 And Moses and Aaron took these men which are expressed 18 by their names: and they assembled all the congregation together on the first day of the second month, and they declared

A.C. 1490. their pedigrees after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, by their polls. As the Lord commanded Moses, 19 so he numbered them in the wilderness of Sinai. And the 20 children of Reuben, Israel's eldest son, by their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, by their polls, every male from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the 21 tribe of Reuben, were forty and six thousand and five hundred.

> Of the children of Simeon, by their generations, after their 22 families, by the house of their fathers, those that were numbered of them, according to the number of the names, by their polls, every male from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of 23 them, even of the tribe of Simeon, were fifty and nine thousand and three hundred.

> Of the children of Gad, by their generations, after their 24 families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, 25 even of the tribe of Gad, were forty and five thousand six hundred and fifty.

> Of the children of Judah, by their generations, after their 26 families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, 27 even of the tribe of Judah, were threescore and fourteen thousand and six hundred.

> Of the children of Issachar, by their generations, after their 28 families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, 29 even of the tribe of Issachar, were fifty and four thousand and four hundred.

> Of the children of Zebulun, by their generations, after their 30 families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even 31 of the tribe of Zebulun, were fifty and seven thousand and four hundred.

> Of the children of Joseph, namely, of the children of Ephraim, 32 by their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Ephraim, 33 were forty thousand and five hundred.

- of the children of Manasseh, by their generations, after their A.C. 1490. families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were sable to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Manasseh, were thirty and two thousand and two hundred.
- 36 Of the children of Benjamin, by their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were 37 able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Benjamin, were thirty and five thousand and four hundred.
- 38 Of the children of Dan, by their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were 39 able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Dan, were threescore and two thousand and seven hundred.
- 40 Of the children of Asher, by their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, all that were 41 able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Asher, were forty and one thousand and five hundred.
- 42 Of the children of Naphtali, throughout their generations, after their families, by the house of their fathers, according to the number of the names, from twenty years old and upward, 43 all that were able to go forth to war; those that were numbered of them, even of the tribe of Naphtali, were fifty and three thou-44 sand and four hundred. These are those that were numbered, which Moses and Aaron numbered, and the princes of Israel, being twelve men: each one was for the house of his fathers. 45 So were all those that were numbered of the children of
- Israel, by the house of their fathers, from twenty years old and 46 upward, all that were able to go forth to war in Israel; even all they that were numbered were six hundred thousand and three thousand and five hundred and fifty.
- But the Levites after the tribe of their fathers were not num48 bered among them. For the Lord had spoken unto Moses,
 49 saying, Only thou shalt not number the tribe of Levi, neither
 50 take the sum of them among the children of Israel: but thou
 shalt appoint the Levites over the tabernacle of testimony, and
 over all the vessels thereof, and over all things that belong to it:
 they shall bear the tabernacle, and all the vessels thereof; and
 they shall minister unto it, and shall encamp round about the
 51 tabernacle. And when the tabernacle setteth forward, the
 Levites shall take it down: and when the tabernacle is to be
 pitched, the Levites shall set it up: and the stranger that

b Heb. over against.

A.C. 1490. cometh nigh shall be put to death. And the children of Israel 52 shall pitch their tents, every man by his own camp, and every man by his own standard, throughout their hosts. But the 53 Levites shall pitch round about the tabernacle of testimony, that there be no wrath upon the congregation of the children of Israel: and the Levites shall keep the charge of the tabernacle of testimony. And the children of Israel did according to all 54 that the LORD commanded Moses, so did they.

NUMBERS II.

The order of the tribes in their tents.

And the LORD spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 1 Every man of the children of Israel shall pitch by his own stan- 2 dard, with the ensign of their father's house: b far off about the tabernacle of the congregation shall they pitch. And on the 3 east side toward the rising of the sun shall they of the standard of the camp of Judah pitch throughout their armies: and Nahshon the son of Amminadab shall be captain of the children of And his host, and those that were numbered of them, 4 were threescore and fourteen thousand and six hundred. those that do pitch next unto him shall be the tribe of Issachar: and Nethaneel the son of Zuar shall be captain of the children of Issachar. And his host, and those that were numbered 6 thereof, were fifty and four thousand and four hundred. the tribe of Zebulun: and Eliab the son of Helon shall be captain of the children of Zebulun. And his host, and those that 8 were numbered thereof, were fifty and seven thousand and four hundred. All that were numbered in the camp of Judah were 9 an hundred thousand and fourscore thousand and six thousand and four hundred, throughout their armies. These shall first set forth.

On the south side shall be the standard of the camp of Reuben 10 according to their armies: and the captain of the children of Reuben shall be Elizur the son of Shedeur. And his host, and 11 those that were numbered thereof, were forty and six thousand and five hundred. And those which pitch by him shall be the 12 tribe of Simeon: and the captain of the children of Simeon shall be Shelumiel the son of Zurishaddai. And his host, and those 13 that were numbered of them, were fifty and nine thousand and three hundred. Then the tribe of Gad: and the captain of the 14 sons of Gad shall be Eliasaph the son of c Reuel. And his host, 15 and those that were numbered of them, were forty and five thousand and six hundred and fifty. All that were numbered in the 16 camp of Reuben were an hundred thousand and fifty and one thousand and four hundred and fifty, throughout their armies. And they shall set forth in the second rank.

Then the tabernacle of the congregation shall set forward 17 with the camp of the Levites in the midst of the camp: as they

Deuel.

encamp, so shall they set forward, every man in his place by A.C. 1490. their standards.

On the west side shall be the standard of the camp of Ephraim according to their armies: and the captain of the sons of Eph-19 raim shall be Elishama the son of Ammihud. And his host, and those that were numbered of them, were forty thousand and 20 five hundred. And by him shall be the tribe of Manasseh: and the captain of the children of Manasseh shall be Gamaliel the 21 son of Pedahzur. And his host, and those that were numbered 22 of them, were thirty and two thousand and two hundred. Then the tribe of Benjamin: and the captain of the sons of Benja-23 min shall be Abidan the son of Gideoni. And his host, and those that were numbered of them, were thirty and five thou-24 sand and four hundred. All that were numbered of the camp of Ephraim were an hundred thousand and eight thousand and an hundred, throughout their armies. And they shall go forward in the third rank.

25 The standard of the camp of Dan shall be on the north side by their armies: and the captain of the children of Dan shall be 26 Ahiezer the son of Ammishaddai. And his host, and those that were numbered of them, were threescore and two thousand 27 and seven hundred. And those that encamp by him shall be the tribe of Asher: and the captain of the children of Asher 28 shall be Pagiel the son of Ocran. And his host, and those that were numbered of them, were forty and one thousand and five hundred.

Then the tribe of Naphtali: and the captain of the children 30 of Naphtali shall be Ahira the son of Enan. And his host, and those that were numbered of them, were fifty and three thousand 31 and four hundred. All they that were numbered in the camp of Dan were an hundred thousand and fifty and seven thousand and six hundred. They shall go hindmost with their standards.

These are those which were numbered of the children of Israel by the house of their fathers: all those that were numbered of the camps throughout their hosts were six hundred 33 thousand and three thousand and five hundred and fifty. But the Levites were not numbered among the children of Israel; 34 as the Lord commanded Moses. And the children of Israel did according to all that the Lord commanded Moses: so they pitched by their standards, and so they set forward, every one after their families, according to the house of their fathers.

NUMBERS III.

 The sons of Aaron.
 The Levites are given to the priests for the service of the tabernacle,
 instead of the firstborn.
 The Levites are numbered by their families. 21 The families, number, and charge of the Gershonites, 27 of the Kohathites, 33 of the Merarites. 38 The place and charge of Moses and Aaron. 40 The firstborn are freed by the Levites. 44 The overplus are redeemed.

A.C. 1490.

1 Chr. xxiv.

These also are the generations of Aaron and Moses in the 1 day that the LORD spake with Moses in mount Sinai. And 2 d Ex. vi. 23. these are the names of the sons of Aaron; Nadab the d firstborn, and Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar. These are the names 3 e Heb. whose of the sons of Aaron, the priests which were anointed, e whom hand he filled. he consecrated to minister in the priest's office. f And Nadab 4 ch. xxvi. 61. and Abihu died before the LORD, when they offered strange fire before the Lord, in the wilderness of Sinai, and they had no children: and Eleazar and Ithamar ministered in the priest's

office in the sight of Aaron their father.

And the Lord spake unto Moses saying, Bring the tribe 5, 6 of Levi near, and present them before Aaron the priest, that they may minister unto him. And they shall keep his charge, 7 and the charge of the whole congregation before the tabernacle of the congregation, to do the service of the tabernacle. And they shall keep all the instruments of the tabernacle of 8 the congregation, and the charge of the children of Israel, to do the service of the tabernacle. And thou shalt give the 9 Levites unto Aaron and to his sons: they are wholly given unto him out of the children of Israel. And thou shalt appoint 10 Aaron and his sons, and they shall wait on their priest's office: and the stranger that cometh nigh shall be put to death. the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, And I, behold, I have 12 taken the Levites from among the children of Israel instead of all the firstborn that openeth the matrix among the children g Ex. xiii. 2. of Israel: therefore the Levites shall be mine; because gall 13 the firstborn are mine; for on the day that I smote all the firstborn in the land of Egypt I hallowed unto me all the firstborn in Israel, both man and beast: mine shall they be: I am

Lev. xxvii. 26. ch. viii. 16. Luke ii. 23.

the Lord.

And the Lord spake unto Moses in the wilderness of Sinai, 14 saying, Number the children of Levi after the house of their 15 fathers, by their families: every male from a month old and upward shalt thou number them. And Moses numbered them 16

1 Chr. vi. 1.

h Heb. mouth. according to the h word of the LORD, as he was commanded. i Gen. xlvi. 11. Ex. vi. 16. i And these were the sons of Levi by their names; Gershon, 17 ch. xxvi. 57. and Kohath, and Merari. And these are the names of the 18 sons of Gershon by their families; Libni, and Shimei. the sons of Kohath by their families; Amram, and Izehar, Hebron, and Uzziel. And the sons of Merari by their families; 20 Mahli, and Mushi. These are the families of the Levites according to the house of their fathers. Of Gershon was the 21

family of the Libnites, and the family of the Shimites: these A.C. 1490. 22 are the families of the Gershonites. Those that were numbered of them, according to the number of all the males, from a month old and upward, even those that were numbered of them 23 were seven thousand and five hundred. The families of the 24 Gershonites shall pitch behind the tabernacle westward. And the chief of the house of the father of the Gershonites shall be 25 Eliasaph the son of Lael. And the charge of the sons of Gershon in the tabernacle of the congregation shall be the tabernacle, and the tent, the covering thereof, and the hanging 26 for the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And the hangings of the court, and the curtain for the door of the court, which is by the tabernacle, and by the altar round about, and the cords of it for all the service thereof.

And of Kohath was the family of the Amramites, and the family of the Izeharites, and the family of the Hebronites, and the family of the Uzzielites: these are the families of the 28 Kohathites. In the number of all the males, from a month old and upward, were eight thousand and six hundred, keeping 29 the charge of the sanctuary. The families of the sons of Kohath shall pitch on the side of the tabernacle southward. 30 And the chief of the house of the father of the families of the 31 Kohathites shall be Elizaphan the son of Uzziel. And their charge shall be the ark, and the table, and the candlestick, and the altars, and the vessels of the sanctuary wherewith they 32 minister, and the hanging, and all the service thereof. And Eleazar the son of Aaron the priest shall be chief over the chief of the Levites, and have the oversight of them that keep the charge of the sanctuary.

Of Merari was the family of the Mahlites, and the family of 34 the Mushites: these are the families of Merari. And those that were numbered of them, according to the number of all the males, from a month old and upward, were six thousand and 35 two hundred. And the chief of the house of the father of the families of Merari was Zuriel the son of Abihail: these shall

36 pitch on the side of the tabernacle northward. And k under k Heb. the the custody and charge of the sons of Merari shall be the boards charge. of the tabernacle, and the bars thereof, and the pillars thereof, and the sockets thereof, and all the vessels thereof, and all that 37 serveth thereto, and the pillars of the court round about, and their sockets, and their pins, and their cords.

But those that encamp before the tabernacle toward the east, even before the tabernacle of the congregation eastward, shall be Moses, and Aaron and his sons, keeping the charge of the sanctuary for the charge of the children of Israel; and the 39 stranger that cometh nigh shall be put to death. All that were numbered of the Levites, which Moses and Aaron numbered at the commandment of the Lord, throughout their families, all

16. Ezek.

xlv. 12.

A.C. 1490. the males from a month old and upward, were twenty and two thousand.

> And the LORD said unto Moses, Number all the firstborn of 40 the males of the children of Israel from a month old and upward, and take the number of their names. And thou shalt 41 take the Levites for me (I am the LORD) instead of all the firstborn among the children of Israel; and the cattle of the Levites instead of all the firstlings among the cattle of the children of Israel. And Moses numbered, as the LORD com-42 manded him, all the firstborn among the children of Israel. And all the firstborn males by the number of names, from a 43 month old and upward, of those that were numbered of them, were twenty and two thousand two hundred and threescore and thirteen.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Take the 44, 45 Levites instead of all the firstborn among the children of Israel, and the cattle of the Levites instead of their cattle: and the Levites shall be mine: I am the LORD. And for those 46 that are to be redeemed of the two hundred and threescore and thirteen of the firstborn of the children of Israel, which are more than the Levites; thou shalt even take five shekels 47 apiece by the poll, after the shekel of the sanctuary shalt 1 Ex. xxx.13 thou take them: (1 the shekel is twenty gerahs:) and thou 48 Lev. xxvii. 25. ch. xviii. shalt give the money, wherewith the odd number of them is to be redeemed, unto Aaron and to his sons. And Moses 49 took the redemption money of them that were over and above them that were redeemed by the Levites: of the firstborn of 50 the children of Israel took he the money; a thousand three hundred and threescore and five shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary: and Moses gave the money of them that were 51 redeemed unto Aaron and to his sons, according to the word of the LORD, as the LORD commanded Moses.

Laws for the removal of the Tabernacle.

NUMBERS IV.

 The age and time of the Levites' service.
 The carriage of the Kohathites, when the priests have taken down the tabernacle.
 The charge of Eleazar.
 The office of the priests. 21 The carriage of the Gershonites. 29 The carriage of the Merarites. 34 The number of the Kohathites, 38 of the Gershonites, 42 and of the Merarites.

And the LORD spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 1 Take the sum of the sons of Kohath from among the sons of 2 Levi, after their families, by the house of their fathers, from 3 thirty years old and upward even until fifty years old, all that enter into the host, to do the work in the tabernacle of the congregation. This shall be the service of the sons of Kohath 4 in the tabernacle of the congregation, about the most holy

And when the camp setteth forward, Aaron shall come, and 5

his sons, and they shall take down the covering vail, and cover A.C. 1490. 6 the ark of testimony with it: and shall put thereon the covering of badgers' skins, and shall spread over it a cloth 7 wholly of blue, and shall put in the staves thereof. And upon the a table of shewbread they shall spread a cloth of blue, and a Ex. xxv. 30. put thereon the dishes, and the spoons, and the bowls, and covers to b cover withal: and the continual bread shall be b Or. pour 8 thereon: and they shall spread upon them a cloth of scarlet, and cover the same with a covering of badgers' skins, and 9 shall put in the staves thereof. And they shall take a cloth of blue, and cover the candlestick of the light, and his Ex.xxv.31. lamps, and his tongs, and his snuffdishes, and all the oil 37, 38. 10 vessels thereof, wherewith they minister unto it: and they shall put it and all the vessels thereof within a covering of 11 badgers' skins, and shall put it upon a bar. And upon the golden altar they shall spread a cloth of blue, and cover it with a covering of badgers' skins, and shall put to the staves 12 thereof: and they shall take all the instruments of ministry. wherewith they minister in the sanctuary, and put them in a cloth of blue, and cover them with a covering of badgers' skins, 13 and shall put them on a bar: and they shall take away the 14 ashes from the altar, and spread a purple cloth thereon: and they shall put upon it all the vessels thereof, wherewith they minister about it, even the censers, the fleshhooks, and the shovels, and the e basons, all the vessels of the altar; and they e or, bowls. shall spread upon it a covering of badgers' skins, and put to 15 the staves of it. And when Aaron and his sons have made an end of covering the sanctuary, and all the vessels of the sanctuary, as the camp is to set forward; after that, the sons of Kohath shall come to bear it: but they shall not touch any holy thing, lest they die. These things are the burden of the sons of Kohath in the tabernacle of the congregation.

And to the office of Eleazar the son of Aaron the priest pertaineth the oil for the light, and the fsweet incense, and the fex.xxx.34. daily meat offering, and the sanointing oil, and the oversight gex.xxx. of all the tabernacle, and of all that therein is, in the sanctuary,

and in the vessels thereof.

17 And the Lord spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 18 Cut ye not off the tribe of the families of the Kohathites from 19 among the Levites: but thus do unto them, that they may live, and not die, when they approach unto the most holy things: Aaron and his sons shall go in, and appoint them every one to 20 his service and to his burden: but they shall not go in to see when the holy things are covered, lest they die.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Take also the 22 sum of the sons of Gershon, throughout the houses of their 23 fathers, by their families; from thirty years old and upward

VOL. I.

the warfare.

i Or. carriage.

A.C. 1490, until fifty years old shalt thou number them; all that enter in h Heb. to war h to perform the service, to do the work in the tabernacle of the congregation. This is the service of the families of the Ger-24 shonites, to serve, and for i burdens: and they shall bear the 25 curtains of the tabernacle, and the tabernacle of the congregation, his covering, and the covering of the badgers' skins that is above upon it, and the hanging for the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and the hangings of the court, and the 26 hanging for the door of the gate of the court, which is by the tabernacle and by the altar round about, and their cords, and all the instruments of their service, and all that is made for

kHeb.mouth. them: so shall they serve. At the kappointment of Aaron 27 and his sons shall be all the service of the sons of the Gershonites, in all their burdens, and in all their service: and ye shall appoint unto them in charge all their burdens. the service of the families of the sons of Gershon in the tabernacle of the congregation: and their charge shall be under the hand of Ithamar the son of Aaron the priest.

l Heb. war-

As for the sons of Merari, thou shalt number them after 29 their families, by the house of their fathers; from thirty years 30 old and upward even unto fifty years old shalt thou number them, every one that entereth into the 1 service, to do the work of the tabernacle of the congregation. And this is the charge 31 of their burden, according to all their service in the tabernacle of the congregation; m the boards of the tabernacle, and the bars thereof, and the pillars thereof, and sockets thereof, and 32 the pillars of the court round about, and their sockets, and their pins, and their cords, with all their instruments, and with all their service: and by name ye shall reckon the instruments of the charge of their burden. This is the service of the families 33 of the sons of Merari, according to all their service, in the tabernacle of the congregation, under the hand of Ithamar the son of Aaron the priest.

And Moses and Aaron and the chief of the congregation 34 numbered the sons of the Kohathites after their families, and after the house of their fathers, from thirty years old and 35 upward even unto fifty years old, every one that entereth into the service, for the work in the tabernacle of the congregation: and those that were numbered of them by their families were 36 two thousand seven hundred and fifty. These were they that 37 were numbered of the families of the Kohathites, all that might do service in the tabernacle of the congregation, which Moses and Aaron did number according to the commandment of the LORD by the hand of Moses. And those that were 38 numbered of the sons of Gershon, throughout their families, and by the house of their fathers, from thirty years old and 39 upward even unto fifty years old, every one that entereth into the service, for the work in the tabernacle of the congregation.

40 even those that were numbered of them, throughout their A.C. 1490. families, by the house of their fathers, were two thousand and 41 six hundred and thirty. These are they that were numbered of the families of the sons of Gershon, of all that might do service in the tabernacle of the congregation, whom Moses and Aaron did number according to the commandment of the

And those that were numbered of the families of the sons of Merari, throughout their families, by the house of their fathers, 43 from thirty years old and upward even unto fifty years old, every one that entereth into the service, for the work in the 44 tabernacle of the congregation, even those that were numbered of them after their families, were three thousand and two hun-These be those that were numbered of the families of 45 dred. the sons of Merari, whom Moses and Aaron numbered accord-46 ing to the word of the Lord by the hand of Moses. those that were numbered of the Levites, whom Moses and Aaron and the chief of Israel numbered, after their families, 47 and after the house of their fathers, from thirty years old and upward even unto fifty years old, every one that came to do the service of the ministry, and the service of the burden in 48 the tabernacle of the congregation, even those that were numbered of them, were eight thousand and five hundred and four-According to the commandment of the Lord they were numbered by the hand of Moses, every one according to his service, and according to his burden: thus they were numbered of him, as the LORD commanded Moses.

Institution of various legal Ceremonies.

NUMBERS V.

- 1 The unclean are removed out of the camp. 5 Restitution is to be made in trespasses.

 11 The trial of jealousy.
- 1 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Command the 2 children of Israel, that they put out of the camp every a leper, a Lev. xiii. 3.
- and every one that hath an b issue, and whosoever is defiled by b Lev. xv. 2.
- 3 the c dead: both male and female shall ye put out, without the c Lev. xxi 1.
 camp shall ye put them; that they defile not their camps, in
 4 the midst whereof I dwell. And the children of Israel did so
- 4 the midst whereof I dwell. And the children of Israel did so, and put them out without the camp: as the LORD spake unto Moses, so did the children of Israel.
- 5,6 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, ^d When a man or woman shall commit any ^d Lev. vi. 2,3. sin that men commit, to do a trespass against the LORD, and
- 7 that person be guilty; then they shall confess their sin which they have done: and he shall recompense his trespass e with e Lev. vi. 5. the principal thereof, and add unto it the fifth part thereof,
- 8 and give it unto him against whom he hath trespassed. But if the man have no kinsman to recompense the trespass unto,

f Or, heave offering.

A.C. 1490. let the trespass be recompensed unto the LORD, even to the priest; beside the ram of the atonement, whereby an atonement shall be made for him. And every foffering of all the 9 holy things of the children of Israel, which they bring unto the priest, shall be his. And every man's hallowed things shall 10 be his: whatsoever any man giveth the priest, it shall be

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 11, 12

g Lev. x. 13. g his.

the children of Israel, and say unto them, If any man's wife go aside, and commit a trespass against him, and a man lie 13 with her carnally, and it be hid from the eyes of her husband, and be kept close, and she be defiled, and there be no witness against her, neither she be taken with the manner; and the 14 spirit of jealousy come upon him, and he be jealous of his wife, and she be defiled: or if the spirit of jealousy come upon him, and he be jealous of his wife, and she be not defiled: then 15 shall the man bring his wife unto the priest, and he shall bring her offering for her, the tenth part of an ephah of barley meal; he shall pour no oil upon it, nor put frankincense thereon; for it is an offering of jealousy, an offering of memorial, bringing iniquity to remembrance. And the priest shall bring her near, 16 and set her before the LORD: and the priest shall take holy 17 water in an earthen vessel; and of the dust that is in the floor of the tabernacle the priest shall take, and put it into the water: and the priest shall set the woman before the LORD, 18 and uncover the woman's head, and put the offering of memorial in her hands, which is the jealousy offering: and the priest shall have in his hand the bitter water that causeth the curse: and the priest shall charge her by an oath, and say unto the 19 woman, If no man have lain with thee, and if thou hast not h Or, being in gone aside to uncleanness h with another instead of thy husband, the power of thy husband. be thou free from this bitter water that causeth the curse: but 20 Heb. under thy husband. if thou hast gone aside to another instead of thy husband, and if thou be defiled, and some man have lain with thee beside thine husband: then the priest shall charge the woman with 21 an oath of cursing, and the priest shall say unto the woman, The LORD make thee a curse and an oath among thy people, when the Lord doth make thy thigh to irot, and thy belly to swell; and this water that causeth the curse shall go into thy 22 bowels, to make thy belly to swell, and thy thigh to rot: and the woman shall say, Amen, amen. And the priest shall write 23 these curses in a book, and he shall blot them out with the bitter water: and he shall cause the woman to drink the bitter 24 water that causeth the curse: and the water that causeth the curse shall enter into her, and become bitter. Then the priest 25 shall take the jealousy offering out of the woman's hand, and shall wave the offering before the LORD, and offer it upon the altar: and the priest shall take an handful of the offering, even 26

i Heb. fall.

the memorial thereof, and burn it upon the altar, and afterward A C. 1490. 27 shall cause the woman to drink the water. And when he hath made her to drink the water, then it shall come to pass, that, if she be defiled, and have done trespass against her husband, that the water that causeth the curse shall enter into her, and become bitter, and her belly shall swell, and her thigh shall rot: 28 and the woman shall be a curse among her people. And if the woman be not defiled, but be clean; then she shall be free, 29 and shall conceive seed. This is the law of jealousies, when a wife goeth aside to another instead of her husband, and is de-30 filed; or when the spirit of jealousy cometh upon him, and he be jealous over his wife, and shall set the woman before the 31 LORD, and the priest shall execute upon her all this law. Then shall the man be guiltless from iniquity, and this woman shall bear her iniquity.

NUMBERS VI.

1 The law of the Nazarites. 22 The form of blessing the people.

1, 2 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, and say unto them, When either man or woman shall k separate themselves to yow a yow of a Nazarite, k Or, make 3 to separate themselves unto the Lord: he shall separate himself themselves from wine and strong drink, and shall drink no vinegar of wine, or vinegar of strong drink, neither shall he drink any 4 liquor of grapes, nor eat moist grapes, or dried. All the days of his 1 separation shall he eat nothing that is made of the 1 Or, Naza-5 m vine tree, from the kernels even to the husk. All the days m Heb. vine of the vow of his separation there shall no "razor come upon of the wine." n Judg. xiii. his head: until the days be fulfilled, in the which he sepa- 5.18am.i.ii. rateth himself unto the Lord, he shall be holy, and shall let 6 the locks of the hair of his head grow. All the days that he separateth himself unto the Lord he shall come at no dead 7 body. He shall not make himself unclean for his father, or for his mother, for his brother, or for his sister, when they die: because the oconsecration of his God is upon his head. o Heb. sepa-8,9 All the days of his separation he is holy unto the LORD. And if any man die very suddenly by him, and he hath defiled the head of his consecration; then he shall shave his head in the day of his cleansing, on the seventh day shall he shave it. 10 And on the eighth day he shall bring two turtles, or two young pigeons, to the priest, to the door of the tabernacle of the 11 congregation: and the priest shall offer the one for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering, and make an atonement for him, for that he sinned by the dead, and shall hallow his 12 head that same day. And he shall consecrate unto the LORD the days of his separation, and shall bring a lamb of the first year for a trespass offering: but the days that were before shall p be lost, because his separation was defiled.

p Heb. fall.

A. C. 1490.

And this is the law of the Nazarite, when the days of his 13 separation are fulfilled: he shall be brought unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation: and he shall offer his offer-14 ing unto the LORD, one he lamb of the first year without blemish for a burnt offering, and one ewe lamb of the first year without blemish for a sin offering, and one ram without blemish for peace offerings, and a basket of unleavened bread, 15 cakes of fine flour mingled with oil, and wafers of unleavened bread anointed with oil, and their meat offering, and their drink offerings. And the priest shall bring them before the 16 LORD, and shall offer his sin offering, and his burnt offering: and he shall offer the ram for a sacrifice of peace offerings 17 unto the LORD, with the basket of unleavened bread: the priest shall offer also his meat offering, and his drink offering. ^q And the Nazarite shall shave the head of his separation at 18 the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and shall take the hair of the head of his separation, and put it in the fire which is under the sacrifice of the peace offerings. And the 19 priest shall take the sodden shoulder of the ram, and one unleavened cake out of the basket, and one unleavened wafer, and shall put them upon the hands of the Nazarite, after the hair of his separation is shaven: and the priest shall wave 20 them for a wave offering before the Lord: this is holy for the priest, with the wave breast and heave shoulder: and after that the Nazarite may drink wine. This is the law of the 21 Nazarite who hath vowed, and of his offering unto the Lord for his separation, beside that that his hand shall get: according to the vow which he vowed, so he must do after the law of

r Ex. xxix. 27, 28.

q Acts xxi.

his separation.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 22, 23

Aaron and unto his sons, saying, On this wise ye shall bless
the children of Israel, saying unto them,

The Lord bless thee and keep thee: the Lord make 24, 25 his face shine upon thee, and be gracious unto thee: the 26 Lord lift up his countenance upon thee, and give thee peace.

And they shall put my name upon the children of Israel; 27 and I will bless them.

NUMBERS VII.

1 The offering of the princes at the dedication of the tabernacle. 10 Their several offerings at the dedication of the altar. 89 God speaketh to Moses from the mercy seat.

5 Ex. xl. 18.

And it came to pass on the day that Moses had fully set 1 up the tabernacle, and had anointed it, and sanctified it, and all the instruments thereof, both the altar and all the vessels thereof, and had anointed them, and sanctified them; that the 2 princes of Israel, heads of the house of their fathers, who were the princes of the tribes, tand were over them that were num-

t Heb. who

3 bered, offered: and they brought their offering before the A.C. 1490.

Lord, six covered wagons, and twelve oxen; a wagon for two of the princes, and for each one an ox: and they brought 4 them before the tabernacle. And the Lord spake unto Moses, 5 saying, Take it of them, that they may be to do the service of the tabernacle of the congregation; and thou shalt give them unto the Levites, to every man according to his service. 6 And Moses took the wagons and the oxen, and gave them 7 unto the Levites. Two wagons and four oxen he gave unto 8 the sons of Gershon, according to their service: and four wagons and eight oxen he gave unto the sons of Merari, according unto their service, under the hand of Ithamar the 9 son of Aaron the priest. But unto the sons of Kohath he gave none: because the service of the sanctuary belonging unto them was that they should bear upon their shoulders.

And the princes offered for dedicating of the altar in the day that it was anointed, even the princes offered their offering the before the altar. And the Lord said unto Moses, They shall offer their offering, each prince on his day, for the dedicating

of the altar.

12 And he that offered his offering the first day was Nahshon
13 the son of Amminadab, of the tribe of Judah: and his offering
was one silver charger, the weight thereof was an hundred and
thirty shehels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the
shekel of the sanctuary; both of them were full of fine flour
14 mingled with oil for a " meat offering: one spoon of ten she-u Lev. ii. 1.

15 kels of gold, full of incense: one young bullock, one ram, one

16 lamb of the first year, for a burnt offering: one kid of the

17 goats for a * sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, * Lev. iv. 23. two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Nahshon the son of Amminadab.

On the second day Nethaneel the son of Zuar, prince of 19 Issachar, did offer: he offered for his offering one silver charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary: both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for 20 a meat offering: one spoon of gold of ten shekels, full of incense: 21 one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a 22, 23 burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Nethaneel the son of Zuar.

On the third day Eliab the son of Helon, prince of the children 25 of Zebulun, did offer: his offering was one silver charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering:

A.C. 1490. one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: one young 26, 27 bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacri-28,29 fice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Eliab the son of Helon.

> On the fourth day Elizur the son of Shedeur, prince of the 30 children of Reuben, did offer: his offering was one silver 31 charger of the weight of an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: 32 one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a 33 burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and 34, 35 for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Elizur the son of Shedeur.

> On the fifth day Shelumiel the son of Zurishaddai, prince of 36 the children of Simeon, did offer: his offering was one silver 37 charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of in-38 cense: one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, 39 for a burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: 40 and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five 41 he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Shelumiel the son of Zurishaddai.

> On the sixth day Eliasaph the son of Deuel, prince of the 42 children of Gad, offered: his offering was one silver charger of 43 the weight of an hundred and thirty shehels, a silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering: one 44 golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: one young bullock, 45 one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a burnt offering: one 46 kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace 47 offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Eliasaph the son of Deuel.

> On the seventh day Elishama the son of Ammihud, prince 48 of the children of Ephraim, offered: his offering was one silver 49 charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of in-50 cense: one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, 51 for a burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: 52

53 and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five A.C. 1490. he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Elishama the son of Ammihud.

On the eighth day offered Gamaliel the son of Pedahzur, 55 prince of the children of Manasseh: his offering was one silver charger of the weight of an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offer-56, 57 ing: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a burnt 58, 59 offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Gamaliel the son of Pedahzur.

60 On the ninth day Abidan the son of Gideoni, prince of the 61 children of Benjamin, offered: his offering was one silver charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shehels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a 62 meat offering: one golden spoon of ten shehels, full of incense: 63 one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a 64,65 burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Abidan the son of Gideoni.

On the tenth day Ahiezer the son of Ammishaddai, prince of 67 the children of Dan, offered: his offering was one silver charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offer-68, 69 ing: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a burnt 70,71 offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Ahiezer the son of Ammishaddai.

On the eleventh day Pagiel the son of Ocran, prince of the 73 children of Asher, offered: his offering was one silver charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shehels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offer-74, 75 ing: one golden spoon of ten shehels, full of incense: one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a burnt 76,77 offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Pagiel the son of Ocran.

78 On the twelfth day Ahira the son of Enan, prince of the

A.C. 1490. children of Naphtali, offered: his offering was one silver 79 charger, the weight whereof was an hundred and thirty shekels, one silver bowl of seventy shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary; both of them full of fine flour mingled with oil for a meat offering: one golden spoon of ten shekels, full of incense: so one young bullock, one ram, one lamb of the first year, for a 81 burnt offering: one kid of the goats for a sin offering: and 82,83 for a sacrifice of peace offerings, two oxen, five rams, five he goats, five lambs of the first year: this was the offering of Ahira the son of Enan.

This was the dedication of the altar, in the day when it was 84 anointed, by the princes of Israel: twelve chargers of silver, twelve silver bowls, twelve spoons of gold: each charger of 85 silver weighing an hundred and thirty shekels, each bowl seventy: all the silver vessels weighed two thousand and four hundred shekels, after the shekel of the sanctuary: the golden 86 spoons were twelve, full of incense, weighing ten shekels apiece, after the shekel of the sanctuary: all the gold of the spoons was an hundred and twenty shekels. All the oxen for the burnt 87 offering were twelve bullocks, the rams twelve, the lambs of the first year twelve, with their meat offering: and the kids of the goats for sin offering twelve. And all the oxen for the sacri-88 fice of the peace offerings were twenty and four bullocks, the rams sixty, the he goats sixty, the lambs of the first year sixty. This was the dedication of the altar, after that it was anointed. And when Moses was gone into the tabernacle of the congre-89 gation to speak with y him, then he heard the voice of one speaking unto him from off the mercy seat that was upon the ark of testimony, from between the two cherubims: and he spake unto him.

y That is. God.

Consecration of the Levites.

NUMBERS VIII.

1 How the lamps are to be lighted. 5 The consecration of the Levites. 23 The age and time of their service.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 1, 2 a Ex. xxv.37. Aaron, and say unto him, When thou a lightest the lamps, the & xl. 25. seven lamps shall give light over against the candlestick. And 3 Aaron did so; he lighted the lamps thereof over against the

b Ex. xxv. 31. candlestick, as the LORD commanded Moses. b And this work 4 of the candlestick was of beaten gold, unto the shaft thereof,

c Ex. xxv. 18. unto the flowers thereof, was c beaten work: according unto the pattern which the LORD had shewed Moses, so he made the candlestick.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Take the Levites 5,6 from among the children of Israel, and cleanse them. And 7 them cause a thus shalt thou do unto them, to cleanse them: Sprinkle water razor to pass of purifying upon them, and a let them shave all their flesh, and

let them wash their clothes, and so make themselves clean, A.C. 1490. 8 Then let them take a young bullock with his meat offering, even fine flour mingled with oil, and another young bullock 9 shalt thou take for a sin offering. And thou shalt bring the Levites before the tabernacle of the congregation: and thou shalt gather the whole assembly of the children of Israel 10 together: and thou shalt bring the Levites before the LORD: and the children of Israel shall put their hands upon the 11 Levites: and Aaron shall e offer the Levites before the LORD e Heb. ware. for an foffering of the children of Israel, that g they may ex-f Heb. wave 12 ecute the service of the LORD. And the Levites shall lay their g Heb. they hands upon the heads of the bullocks: and thou shalt offer the may be to execute, &c. one for a sin offering, and the other for a burnt offering, unto 13 the LORD, to make an atonement for the Levites. shalt set the Levites before Aaron, and before his sons, and 14 offer them for an offering unto the Lord. Thus shalt thou separate the Levites from among the children of Israel: and the 15 Levites shall be h mine. And after that shall the Levites go h ch. iii. 45. in to do the service of the tabernacle of the congregation: and 16 thou shalt cleanse them, and offer them for an offering. they are wholly given unto me from among the children of Israel; instead of such as open every womb, even instead of the firstborn of all the children of Israel, have I taken them unto i For all the firstborn of the children of Israel are mine, i Ex. xiii. 2. both man and beast: on the day that I smote every firstborn in Lukeii. 23. 18 the land of Egypt I sanctified them for myself. And I have taken the Levites for all the firstborn of the children of Israel. 19 And I have given the Levites as k a gift to Aaron and to his k Heb. given. sons from among the children of Israel, to do the service of the children of Israel in the tabernacle of the congregation, and to make an atonement for the children of Israel: that there be no plague among the children of Israel, when the children of 20 Israel come nigh unto the sanctuary. And Moses, and Aaron, and all the congregation of the children of Israel, did to the Levites according unto all that the LORD commanded Moses concerning the Levites, so did the children of Israel unto them. 21 And the Levites were purified, and they washed their clothes; and Aaron offered them as an offering before the LORD; and 22 Aaron made an atonement for them to cleanse them. And after that went the Levites in to do their service in the tabernacle of the congregation before Aaron, and before his sons: as the LORD had commanded Moses concerning the Levites, so did they unto them. And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, This is it that belongeth unto the Levites: from twenty and five years old and l Heb. to war upward they shall go in l to wait upon the service of the taber- of, &c. 25 nacle of the congregation: and from the age of fifty years turn from the they shall m cease waiting upon the service thereof, and shall warfare of the service. A.C. 1490. serve no more: but shall minister with their brethren in the 26 tabernacle of the congregation, to keep the charge, and shall do no service. Thus shalt thou do unto the Levites touching their charge.

Use of the Silver Trumpets.

NUMBERS X. VER. 1—10.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Make thee two 1, 2 trumpets of silver; of a whole piece shalt thou make them: that thou mayest use them for the calling of the assembly, and for the journeying of the camps. And when they shall blow 3 with them, all the assembly shall assemble themselves to thee at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And if they 4 blow but with one trumpet, then the princes, which are heads of the thousands of Israel, shall gather themselves unto thee. When ye blow an alarm, then the camps that lie on the east 5 parts shall go forward. When ye blow an alarm the second 6 time, then the camps that lie on the south side shall take their journey: they shall blow an alarm for their journeys. But 7 when the congregation is to be gathered together, ye shall blow, but ye shall not sound an alarm. And the sons of Aaron, 8 the priests, shall blow with the trumpets; and they shall be to you for an ordinance for ever throughout your generations. And if ye go to war in your land against the enemy that 9 oppresseth you, then ye shall blow an alarm with the trumpets; and ye shall be remembered before the LORD your God, and ye shall be saved from your enemies. Also in the day of your 10 gladness, and in your solemn days, and in the beginnings of your months, ye shall blow with the trumpets over your burnt offerings, and over the sacrifices of your peace offerings; that they may be to you for a memorial before your God: I am the LORD your God.

Manner in which the Cloud guided the People.

NUMBERS IX. VER. 15, TO THE END.

And a on the day that the tabernacle was reared up the 15 a Ex. xl. 34. cloud covered the tabernacle, namely, the tent of the testimony: and at even there was upon the tabernacle as it were the appearance of fire, until the morning. So it was alway: 16 the cloud covered it by day, and the appearance of fire by night. And when the cloud was taken up from the tabernacle, then 17 after that the children of Israel journeyed: and in the place where the cloud abode, there the children of Israel pitched their tents. At the commandment of the Lord the children 18 of Israel journeyed, and at the commandment of the LORD they pitched: b as long as the cloud abode upon the tabernacle they rested in their tents. And when the cloud c tarried long 19 c Heb. proupon the tabernacle many days, then the children of Israel tonged.

20 kept the charge of the LORD, and journeyed not. And so it A.C. 1490. was, when the cloud was a few days upon the tabernacle; according to the commandment of the LORD they abode in their tents, and according to the commandment of the LORD 21 they journeyed. And so it was, when the cloud d abode from d Heb. was. even unto the morning, and that the cloud was taken up in the morning, then they journeyed: whether it was by day or by night that the cloud was taken up, they journeyed. 22 Or whether it were two days, or a month, or a year, that the cloud tarried upon the tabernacle, remaining thereon, the children of Israel e abode in their tents, and journeyed not: e Ex. xl. 36, 23 but when it was taken up, they journeyed. At the command- 37. ment of the LORD they rested in the tents, and at the commandment of the Lord they journeyed: they kept the charge of the LORD, at the commandment of the LORD by the hand of Moses.

Arrival of Jethro.

EXODUS XVIII. VER. 1-26 25.

1 Jethro bringeth to Moses his wife and two sons. 7 Moses entertaineth him. 13 Jethro's counsel is accepted.

When a Jethro, the priest of Midian, Moses' father in law, a ch. ii. 16. heard of all that God had done for Moses, and for Israel his people, and that the Lord had brought Israel out of Egypt; 2 then Jethro, Moses' father in law, took Zipporah, Moses' wife, 3 after he had sent her back. And her two sons; of which the b name of the one was c Gershom; for he said, I have been an b ch. ii. 22. That is, 4 alien in a strange land: and the name of the other was A stranger d Eliezer; for the God of my father, said he, was mine help, there, d That is, 5 and delivered me from the sword of Pharaoh: and Jethro, My God is Moses' father in law, came with his sons and his wife unto Moses into the wilderness, where he encamped at the mount 6 of God: and he said unto Moses, I thy father in law Jethro am come unto thee, and thy wife, and her two sons with her.

7 And Moses went out to meet his father in law, and did

7 And Moses went out to meet his father in law, and did obeisance, and kissed him; and they asked each other of their 8° welfare; and they came into the tent. And Moses told his e Heb. peace. father in law all that the Lord had done unto Pharoah and to the Egyptians for Israel's sake, and all the travail that had fcome upon them by the way, and how the Lord delivered them. 9 them. And Jethro rejoiced for all the goodness which the Lord had done to Israel, whom he had delivered out of the 10 hand of the Egyptians. And Jethro said, Blessed be the Lord, who hath delivered you out of the hand of the Egyp-

²⁵ Both Horsley and Lightfoot concur in placing the account of the arrival of Jethro in this part of the narrative. Vide Horsley's Biblical Criticism, vol. i. p. 98; Lightfoot, vol. i. p. 33; see, too, Simon's Critical History of the Old Testament, vol. i. book 1. chap. v.

A.C. 1490. tians, and out of the hand of Pharaoh, who hath delivered the people from under the hand of the Egyptians. Now I know 11 gch.i. 10. 16. that the LORD is greater than all gods: g for in the thing 22. & v. 2. 7. that the Lord to greater the was above them. And Jethro, 12 & xiv. 8. 18. wherein they dealt proudly he was above them. And Jethro, 12 Moses' father in law, took a burnt offering and sacrifices for God: and Aaron came, and all the elders of Israel, to eat bread with Moses' father in law before God.

And it came to pass on the morrow, that Moses sat to judge 13 the people: and the people stood by Moses from the morning unto the evening. And when Moses' father in law saw all that 14 he did to the people, he said, What is this thing that thou doest to the people? why sittest thou thyself alone, and all the people stand by thee from morning unto even? And Moses said unto 15 his father in law, Because the people come unto me to enquire of God: when they have a matter, they come unto me; and I 16 h Heb. aman judge between h one and another, and I do make them know

the statutes of God, and his laws. And Moses' father in law 17 i Heb. Fading said unto him, The thing that thou doest is not good. i Thou 18 thou will fade.

wilt surely wear away, both thou, and this people that is with k Deut. i. 9. thee: for this thing is too heavy for thee; k thou art not able to perform it thyself alone. Hearken now unto my voice, I 19 will give thee counsel, and God shall be with thee: Be thou for the people to Godward, that thou mayest bring the causes unto God: and thou shalt teach them ordinances and laws, and shalt 20 shew them the way wherein they must walk, and the work that they must do. Moreover thou shalt provide out of all the 21 people able men, such as fear God, men of truth, hating covetousness; and place such over them, to be rulers of thousands, and rulers of hundreds, rulers of fifties, and rulers of tens: and let them judge the people at all seasons: and it 22 shall be, that every great matter they shall bring unto thee, but every small matter they shall judge: so shall it be easier for thyself, and they shall bear the burden with thee. thou shalt do this thing, and God command thee so, then thou shalt be able to endure, and all this people shall also go to their place in peace. So Moses hearkened to the voice 24 of his father in law, and did all that he had said. And Moses 25 chose able men out of all Israel, and made them heads over the people, rulers of thousands, rulers of hundreds, rulers of fifties, and rulers of tens. And they judged the people at 26 all seasons: the hard causes they brought unto Moses, but every small matter they judged themselves.

The twelfth Journey—From Sinai to Kibroth-hattaavah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 16.

And they removed from the desert of Sinai, and pitched at 16 b That is, The graves of lust. b Kibroth-hattaavah.

Order of the March.

NUMBERS X. VER. 11-28.

- And it came to pass on the twentieth day of the second A.C. 1490. month, in the second year, that the cloud was taken up from 12 off the tabernacle of the testimony. And the children of Israel took their journeys out of the wilderness of Sinai: and the 13 cloud rested in the wilderness of Paran. And they first took their journey according to the commandment of the LORD by
- the hand of Moses.
- a In the first place went the standard of the camp of the ach. ii. 3.9. children of Judah according to their armies: and over his host
- 15 was b Nahshon the son of Amminadab. And over the host of b ch. i. 7. the tribe of the children of Issachar was Nethaneel the son of
- And over the host of the tribe of the children of Zebu-17 lun was Eliab the son of Helon. And the tabernacle was taken down; and the sons of Gershon and the sons of Merari set forward, bearing the tabernacle.
- And the standard of the camp of Reuben set forward according to their armies: and over his host was Elizur the son of And over the host of the tribe of the children of 19 Shedeur. 20 Simeon was Shelumiel the son of Zurishaddai. And over the
- host of the tribe of the children of Gad was Eliasaph the son 21 of Deuel. And the Kohathites set forward, bearing the c sanc- c ch. iv. 4. tuary: and dthe other did set up the tabernacle against they came. d That is, The
- And the standard of the camp of the children of Ephraim set Gershonites and the Meforward according to their armies: and over his host was Eli-rarites: See 23 shama the son of Ammihud. And over the host of the tribe

of the children of Manasseh was Gamaliel the son of Pedahzur. 24 And over the host of the tribe of the children of Benjamin

was Abidan the son of Gideoni.

And the standard of the camp of the children of Dan set forward, which was the rereward of all the camps throughout their hosts: and over his host was Ahiezer the son of Ammi-26 shaddai. And over the host of the tribe of the children of

27 Asher was Pagiel the son of Ocran. And over the host of the tribe of the children of Naphtali was Ahira the son of

28 Enan. e Thus were the journeyings of the children of Israel e Heb. These. according to their armies, when they set forward.

Jethro returns to Midian.

NUMBERS X. VER. 29-32.

And Moses said unto Hobab, the son of Raguel, the Midianite, Moses' father in law, We are journeying unto the place of which the LORD said, I will give it you: come thou with us, and we will do thee good: for the LORD hath spoken good 30 concerning Israel. And he said unto him, I will not go; but 31 I will depart to mine own land, and to my kindred. And he said, Leave us not, I pray thee; forasmuch as thou knowest how we are to encamp in the wilderness, and thou mayest be

A.C. 1490 to us instead of eyes. And it shall be, if thou go with us, yea, 32 it shall be, that what goodness the Lord shall do unto us, the same will we do unto thee.

EXODUS XVIII. VER. 27.

And Moses let his father in law depart; and he went his 27 way into his own land.

Blessing of Moses at the removal and resting of the Ark.

NUMBERS X. VER. 33, TO THE END.

And they departed from the mount of the Lord three days' 33 journey: and the ark of the covenant of the Lord went before them in the three days' journey, to search out a resting place for them. And the cloud of the Lord was upon them by day, 34 when they went out of the camp. And it came to pass, when 35 the ark set forward, that Moses said, a Rise up, Lord, and let thine enemies be scattered; and let them that hate thee flee before thee. And when it rested, he said, Return, O Lord, 36 unto the b many thousands of Israel.

b Heb. ten thousand thousands.

a Ps. lxviii. 1, 2.

The Burning at Taberah.

NUMBERS XI. VER. 1, 2, 3.

a Or, were as it were complained, b it displeased the Lord: 1 and the Lord heard it; c and his anger was kindled; and the b Heb. it was fire of the Lord burnt among them, and consumed them that were in the uttermost parts of the camp. And the people 2 c Ps. lxviii.

21. cried unto Moses; and when Moses prayed unto the Lord, d Heb. sunk. the fire d was quenched. And he called the name of the place 3 e That is, A e Taberah: because the fire of the Lord burntag.

The People murmur for Flesh.

NUMBERS XI. VER. 4, TO THE END.

a As Ex. xii. And the a mixt multitude that was among them b fell a lust
38, b Heb. lusted ing: and the children of Israel also c wept again, and said, a lust. c Heb. returned and weept. which we did eat in Egypt freely; the cucumbers, and the weept.

4 Cor. x. 6. melons, and the leeks, and the onions, and the garlick: but 6

now our soul is dried away: there is nothing at all, beside this e Ex. xvi. 14. manna, before our eyes. And c the manna was as coriander 7

31. f Heb. eye of seed, and the colour thereof as the colour of bdellium. And 8

if as the eye of the people went about, and gathered it, and ground it in mills, or beat it in a mortar, and baked it in pans, and made cakes of it: and the taste of it was as the taste of fresh oil. And 9

when the dew fell upon the camp in the night, the manna fell upon it.

Then Moses heard the people weep throughout their fami-10 lies, every man in the door of his tent: and the anger of the LORD was kindled greatly: Moses also was displeased. And 11 Moses said unto the LORD, Wherefore hast thou afflicted thy

servant? and wherefore have I not found favour in thy sight, A.C. 1490. 12 that thou layest the burden of all this people upon me? Have I conceived all this people? have I begotten them, that thou shouldest say unto me, Carry them in thy bosom, as a nursing father beareth the sucking child, unto the land which thou 13 swarest unto their fathers? Whence should I have flesh to give unto all this people? for they weep unto me, saying, 14 Give us flesh, that we may eat. I am not able to bear all this 15 people alone, because it is too heavy for me. And if thou deal thus with me, kill me, I pray thee, out of hand, if I have found favour in thy sight; and let me not see my wretchedness.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Gather unto me seventy men of the elders of Israel, whom thou knowest to be the elders of the people, and officers over them; and bring them unto the tabernacle of the congregation, that they may stand there 17 with thee. And I will come down and talk with thee there: and I will take of the spirit which is upon thee, and will put it upon them; and they shall bear the burden of the people 18 with thee, that thou bear it not thyself alone. And say thou unto the people, Sanctify yourselves against to morrow, and ye shall eat flesh: for ye have wept in the ears of the LORD, saying, Who shall give us flesh to eat? for it was well with us in Egypt: therefore the LORD will give you flesh, and ye shall Ye shall not eat one day, nor two days, nor five days, 20 neither ten days, nor twenty days; but even a g whole month, g Heb. month until it come out at your nostrils, and it be loathsome unto you: of days. because that ye have despised the Lord which is among you, and have wept before him, saying, Why came we forth out of 21 Egypt? And Moses said, The people, among whom I am, are six hundred thousand footmen; and thou hast said, I will 22 give them flesh, that they may eat a whole month. Shall the flocks and the herds be slain for them, to suffice them? or

shall all the fish of the sea be gathered together for them, to 23 suffice them? And the LORD said unto Moses, h Is the LORD's h Is. 1. 2. & hand waxed short? thou shalt see now whether my word shall lix. 1. come to pass unto thee or not. And Moses went out, and told the people the words of the

LORD, and gathered the seventy men of the elders of the peo-25 ple, and set them round about the tabernacle. And the LORD came down in a cloud, and spake unto him, and took of the spirit that was upon him, and gave it unto the seventy elders: and it came to pass, that, when the spirit rested upon them, they 26 prophesied, and did not cease. But there remained two of the men in the camp, the name of the one was Eldad, and the name of the other Medad: and the spirit rested upon them; and they were of them that were written, but went not out unto the 27 tabernacle: and they prophesied in the camp. And there ran

a young man, and told Moses, and said, Eldad and Medad do prophesy in the camp. And Joshua the son of Nun, the ser-28 vant of Moses, one of his young men, answered and said, My lord Moses, forbid them. And Moses said unto him, Enviest 29 thou for my sake? would God that all the Lord's people were prophets, and that the Lord would put his spirit upon them!

And Moses gat him into the camp, he and the elders of 30 Israel.

i Ex. xvi. 13. Ps. lxxviii. 26. k Heb. as it were the way of u day.

And there went forth a wind from the Lord, and brought 31 quails from the sea, and let them fall by the camp, k as it were a day's journey on this side, and as it were a day's journey on the other side, round about the camp, and as it were two cubits high upon the face of the earth. And the people stood up all 32 that day, and all that night, and all the next day, and they gathered the quails: he that gathered least gathered ten homers: and they spread them all abroad for themselves round about the camp. And while the 1 flesh was yet between their 33 teeth, ere it was chewed, the wrath of the LORD was kindled against the people, and the LORD smote the people with a very great plague. And he called the name of that place m Kibroth-34 hattaavah: because there they buried the people that lusted. And the people journeyed from Kibroth-hattaavah unto Haze- 35 roth; and nabode at Hazeroth.

l Ps. lxxviii. 30, 31.

m That is, The graves of lust.

n Heb. they were in, &c.

The thirteenth Journey—From Kibroth-hattaavah to Hazeroth.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 17.

a ch. xi. 35. And they departed from Kibroth-hattaavah, and a encamped 17 at Hazeroth.

Leprosy of Miriam.

NUMBERS XII. VER. 1-15.

And Miriam and Aaron spake against Moses because of the 1 a Or, Cushile. a Ethiopian woman whom he had married: for he had b married an Ethiopian woman. And they said, Hath the Lord indeed 2 spoken only by Moses? hath he not spoken also by us? And c Ecclus. xlv. the Lord heard it. (Now the man Moses was every meek, 3 above all the men which were upon the face of the earth.) And the Lord spake suddenly unto Moses, and unto Aaron, 4 and unto Miriam, Come out ye three unto the tabernacle of the congregation. And they three came out. And the LORD 5 came down in the pillar of the cloud, and stood in the door of the tabernacle, and called Aaron and Miriam: and they both And he said, Hear now my words: If there be a 6 prophet among you, I the LORD will make myself known unto him in a vision, and will speak unto him in a dream. servant Moses is not so, d who is faithful in all mine house. d Heb. iii. 2. e Ex. xxxiii. With him will I speak e mouth to mouth, even apparently, and 8 not in dark speeches; and the similitude of the LORD shall he

behold: wherefore then were ye not afraid to speak against my A.C. 1490.

9 servant Moses? And the anger of the Lord was kindled

10 against them; and he departed. And the cloud departed from
off the tabernacle; and, behold, Miriam became leprous, white as
snow: and Aaron looked upon Miriam, and, behold, she was

11 leprous. And Aaron said unto Moses, Alas, my lord, I beseech thee, lay not the sin upon us, wherein we have done fool12 ishly, and wherein we have sinned. Let her not be as one
dead, of whom the flesh is half consumed when he cometh out
13 of his mother's womb. And Moses cried unto the Lord, saying, Heal her now, O God, I beseech thee.

14 And the LORD said unto Moses, If her father had but spit in her face, should she not be ashamed seven days? let her be f shut out from the camp seven days, and after that let her be f Lev. xiii. 15 received in again. And Miriam was shut out from the camp 46. seven days: and the people journeyed not till Miriam was brought in again.

The fourteenth Journey—From Hazeroth to Rithmah, (Num. xxxiii. 18.); or Paran, (Num. xii. 16.); or Kadesh-barnea, (Num. xxxii. 8.)

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 18.

18 And they departed from Hazeroth, and pitched in Rithmah.

NUMBERS XII. VER. 16.

16 And afterward the people removed from Hazeroth, and pitched in the wilderness of Paran.

The Spies sent out.

NUMBERS XIII.

1,2 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Send thou men, that they may search the land of Canaan, which I give unto the children of Israel: of every tribe of their fathers shall ye send 3 a man, every one a ruler among them. And Moses by the commandment of the LORD sent them from the wilderness of Paran: all those men were heads of the children of Israel.

4 And these were their names:—of the tribe of Reuben, Shammua the son of Zaccur.

Of the tribe of Simeon, Shaphat the son of Hori.

- 6 Of the tribe of Judah, Caleb the son of Jephunneh.
- 7 Of the tribe of Issachar, Igal the son of Joseph.
- 8 Of the tribe of Ephraim, Oshea the son of Nun.
- 9 Of the tribe of Benjamin, Palti the son of Raphu.
- 10 Of the tribe of Zebulun, Gaddiel the son of Sodi.
- 11 Of the tribe of Joseph, namely, of the tribe of Manasseh, Gaddi the son of Susi.
- 12 Of the tribe of Dan, Ammiel the son of Gemalli.
- 13 Of the tribe of Asher, Sethur the son of Michael.
- 14 Of the tribe of Naphtali, Nahbi the son of Vophsi.

1489.

A.C. 1489.

Of the tribe of Gad, Geuel the son of Machi.

These are the names of the men which Moses sent to spy 16 And Moses called Oshea the son of Nun out the land. Jehoshua.

And Moses sent them to spy out the land of Canaan, and 17 said unto them, Get you up this way southward, and go up into the mountain: and see the land, what it is; and the people 18 that dwelleth therein, whether they be strong or weak, few or many; and what the land is that they dwell in, whether it be 19 good or bad; and what cities they be that they dwell in, whether in tents, or in strong holds; and what the land is, whether it be 20 fat or lean, whether there be wood therein, or not. And be ye of good courage, and bring of the fruit of the land. time was the time of the first ripe grapes.

So they went up, and searched the land from the wilderness 21 of Zin unto Rehob, as men come to Hamath. And they as-22 cended by the south, and came unto Hebron; where Ahiman, Sheshai, and Talmai, the children of Anak, were. Hebron was built seven years before Zoan in Egypt.) they came unto the a brook of Eshcol, and cut down from thence a branch with one cluster of grapes, and they bare it between two upon a staff; and they brought of the pomegra-The place was called the brook of 24 nates, and of the figs. ^c Eshcol, because of the cluster of grapes which the children of Israel cut down from thence. And they returned from search- 25 ing of the land after forty days.

And they went and came to Moses, and to Aaron, and to all 26

cluster of

the congregation of the children of Israel, unto the wilderness of Paran, to Kadesh; and brought back word unto them, and unto all the congregation, and shewed them the fruit of the And they told him, and said, We came unto the land 27 d Ex. xxxiii. whither thou sentest us, and surely it floweth with d milk and honey; and this is the fruit of it. Nevertheless the people be 28 strong that dwell in the land, and the cities are walled, and very great: and moreover we saw the children of Anak there. The 29 Amalekites dwell in the land of the south: and the Hittites, and the Jebusites, and the Amorites, dwell in the mountains: and the Canaanites dwell by the sea, and by the coast of And Caleb stilled the people before Moses, and said, 30 Let us go up at once, and possess it; for we are well able to overcome it. But the men that went up with him said, We be 31 not able to go up against the people; for they are stronger And they brought up an evil report of the land 32 which they had searched unto the children of Israel, saying,

> The land, through which we have gone to search it, is a land that eateth up the inhabitants thereof; and all the people that we saw in it are e men of a great stature. And there we saw 33

the giants, the sons of Anak, which come of the giants: and

a Or, valley.

b Or, valley. c That is, A

grapes.

e Heb. men of statures.

we were in our own sight as grasshoppers, and so we were in A.C. 1489. their sight.

NUMBERS XIV.

- 1 The people murmur at the news. 6 Joshua and Caleb labour to still them. 11 God threateneth them. 13 Moses persuadeth God, and obtaineth pardon. 26 The murmurers are deprived of entering into the land. 36 The men who raised the evil report die by a plague. 40 The people that would invade the land against the will of God are smitten.
- And all the congregation lifted up their voice, and cried; 2 and the people wept that night. And all the children of Israel murmured against Moses and against Aaron: and the whole congregation said unto them, Would God that we had died in the land of Egypt! or would God we had died in this wilder-And wherefore hath the LORD brought us unto this land, to fall by the sword, that our wives and our children should be a prey? were it not better for us to return into 4 Egypt? And they said one to another, Let us make a captain, 5 and let us return into Egypt. Then Moses and Aaron fell on their faces before all the assembly of the congregation of the children of Israel.
- which were of them that searched the land, rent their clothes: 7 and they spake unto all the company of the children of Israel, saying, The land, which we passed through to search it, is an 8 exceeding good land. If the LORD delight in us, then he will bring us into this land, and give it us; a land which floweth 9 with milk and honey. Only rebel not ye against the LORD, neither fear ye the people of the land; for they are bread for 10 us: their f defence is departed from them, and the LORD is sheed what with us: fear them not. But all the congregation bade stone dow. them with stones. And the glory of the Lord appeared in the tabernacle of the congregation before all the children of Israel.

And Joshua the son of Nun, and Caleb the son of Jephunneh,

And the Lord said unto Moses, How long will this people provoke me? and how long will it be ere they believe me, 12 for all the signs which I have shewed among them? will smite them with the pestilence, and disinherit them, and will make of thee a greater nation and mightier than thev.

And 8 Moses said unto the LORD, Then the Egyptians shall g Ex. xxxii. hear it, (for thou broughtest up this people in thy might from 14 among them;) and they will tell it to the inhabitants of this land: for they have heard that thou LORD art among this

people, that thou LORD art seen face to face, and that h thy h Ex. xiii.21. cloud standeth over them, and that thou goest before them, by day time in a pillar of a cloud, and in a pillar of fire by night.

Now if thou shalt kill all this people as one man, then the nations which have heard the fame of thee will speak, saying,

A.C. 1489. Because the LORD was not able to bring this people into the 16

land which he sware unto them, therefore he hath slain them in the wilderness. And now, I beseech thee, let the power of 17 my LORD be great, according as thou hast spoken, saving, The Lord is longsuffering, and of great mercy, forgiving 18 iniquity and transgression, and by no means clearing the guilty, 6. Ps. ciii. 8.

k visiting the iniquity of the fathers upon the children unto the k Ex. xx. 5. & xxxiv. 7. third and fourth generation. Pardon, I beseech thee, the iniquity 19 of this people according unto the greatness of thy mercy, and

1 Or, hitherto. as thou hast forgiven this people, from Egypt even until now.

And the LORD said, I have pardoned according to thy word: 20 But as truly as I live, all the earth shall be filled with the 21 glory of the LORD. Because all those men which have seen 22 my glory, and my miracles, which I did in Egypt and in the wilderness, have tempted me now these ten times, and have not hearkened to my voice; m surely they shall not see the land 23 which I sware unto their fathers, neither shall any of them that

land. n Josh. xiv.6. provoked me see it: but my servant n Caleb, because he had 24 another spirit with him, and hath followed me fully, him will I bring into the land whereinto he went; and his seed shall pos-(Now the Amalekites and the Canaanites dwelt in the 25 To morrow turn you, and get you into the wilderness valley.)

by the way of the Red sea.

And the Lord spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 26 How long shall I bear with this evil congregation, which 27 murmur against me? I have heard the murmurings of the children of Israel, which they murmur against me. Say unto 28 them, o As truly as I live, saith the LORD, as ye have spoken in mine ears, so will I do to you: your carcases shall fall in 29 this wilderness; and all that were numbered of you, according to your whole number, from twenty years old and upward,

which have murmured against me, doubtless ye shall not come 30 p Heb. lifted into the land, concerning which I p sware to make you dwell therein, save Caleb the son of Jephunneh, and Joshua the son

of Nun. But your little ones, which ye said should be a prey, 31 them will I bring in, and they shall know the land which ye have despised. But as for you, your carcases, they shall fall 32

in this wilderness. And your children shall qwander in the 33 wilderness forty years, and bear your whoredoms, until your carcases be wasted in the wilderness. After the number of 34

r Ps. xcv. 10. the days in which ye searched the land, even r forty days, each day for a year, shall ye bear your iniquities, even forty years,

s Or, altering and ye shall know s my breach of promise. I the LORD have 35 said. I will surely do it unto all this evil congregation, that are gathered together against me: in this wilderness they shall be consumed, and there they shall die. And the men, which 36 Moses sent to search the land, who returned, and made all the

congregation to murmur against him, by bringing up a slander

m Heb. If they see the

o ch. xxvi. 65. & xxxii. 11. Deut. i.

up my hand.

q Or, feed.

Ezek. iv. 6.

of my purpose.

37 upon the land, even those men that did bring up the evil report A.C.

38 upon the land, t died by the plague before the Lord. But t 1 Cor. x. 10. Joshua the son of Nun, and Caleb the son of Jephunneh, which Heb. iii. 17. Jude 5.

39 were of the men that went to search the land, lived still. And Moses told these sayings unto all the children of Israel: and the people mourned greatly.

40 And they rose up early in the morning, and gat them up into the top of the mountain, saying, Lo, "we be here, and will " Deut. i. 41.

go up unto the place which the LORD hath promised: for we 41 have sinned. And Moses said, Wherefore now do ye trans-

gress the commandment of the LORD? but it shall not prosper. 42 Go not up, for the LORD is not among you; that ye be not

43 smitten before your enemies. For the Amalekites and the Canaanites are there before you, and ye shall fall by the sword: because ye are turned away from the LORD, therefore the

44 LORD will not be with you. But they presumed to go up unto the hill top: nevertheless the ark of the covenant of the

45 Lord, and Moses, departed not out of the camp. * Then the x Deut i. 44. Amalekites came down, and the Canaanites which dwelt in that hill, and smote them, and discomfitted them, even unto Hormah.

y A Prayer of Moses the man of God.

LORD, thou hast been our dwelling place in all genera- a Psalm of tions.

Before the mountains were brought forth, or ever thou hadst neration and formed the earth and the world, even from everlasting to everlasting, thou art God.

Thou turnest man to destruction; and sayest, Return, ye

^a For a thousand years in thy sight are but as yesterday a 2 Pet. iii. 8. b when it is past, and as a watch in the night. b Or, when he

hath passed Thou carriest them away as with a flood; they are as a sleep: them. in the morning they are like grass which c groweth up.

In the morning it flourisheth, and groweth up; in the even- changed. ing it is cut down, and withereth.

For we are consumed by thine anger, and by thy wrath are we troubled.

Thou hast set our iniquities before thee, our secret sins in d Heb. turned the light of thy countenance.

For all our days are d passed away in thy wrath: we spend decir, as a meditation of the has for vears c as a tale that is told. our years e as a tale that is told.

The days of our years are threescore years and ten; and years, in them if by reason of strength they be fourscore years, yet is their are seventy years.

the days of our

²⁶ The opinion that the ninetieth Psalm was composed by Moses, when God shortened the life of man, after the murmuring in the wilderness, is very ancient. Lightfoot, vol. i. p. 34; Horne's ' Introduction to the Critical Study of the Bible,' vol. ii. p. 154; Gray's Key, p. 261.

A.C. 1489. strength labour and sorrow; for it is soon cut off, and we fly away.

Who knoweth the power of thine anger? even according to 11 thy fear, so is thy wrath.

g Heb. cause to come. So teach us to number our days, that we may gapply our 12 hearts unto wisdom.

Return, O LORD, how long? and let it repent thee concern-13 ing thy servants.

O satisfy us early with thy mercy; that we may rejoice and 14

be glad all our days.

Make us glad according to the days wherein thou hast 15 afflicted us, and the years wherein we have seen evil.

Let thy work appear unto thy servants, and thy glory unto 16 their children.

And let the beauty of the Lord our God be upon us: and 17 establish thou the work of our hands upon us; yea, the work of our hands establish thou it.

Laws of the Meat Offering, &c .- Sins of Ignorance.

NUMBERS XV.

10.

b Lev. xxii.
21.
c Heb. separating.
d Ex. xxix.
18.
e Lev. ii. 1.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, a Speak unto the 1, 2 children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye be come into the land of your habitations, which I give unto you, and will 3 make an offering by fire unto the Lord, a burnt offering, or a sacrifice b in c performing a vow, or in a freewill offering, or in your solemn feasts, to make a d sweet savour unto the Lord, of the herd, or of the flock: then eshall he that offereth his 4 offering unto the LORD bring a meat offering of a tenth deal of flour mingled with the fourth part of an hin of oil. And 5 the fourth part of an hin of wine for a drink offering shalt thou prepare with the burnt offering or sacrifice, for one lamb. Or for a ram, thou shalt prepare for a meat offering two tenth 6 deals of flour mingled with the third part of an hin of oil. And 7 for a drink offering thou shalt offer the third part of an hin of wine, for a sweet savour unto the Lord. And when thou pre- s parest a bullock for a burnt offering, or for a sacrifice in performing a vow, or peace offerings unto the Lord: then shall he 9 bring with a bullock a meat offering of three tenth deals of flour mingled with half an hin of oil. And thou shalt bring for a 10 drink offering half an hin of wine, for an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the LORD. Thus shall it be done 11 for one bullock, or for one ram, or for a lamb, or a kid. Ac- 12 cording to the number that ye shall prepare, so shall ye do to every one according to their number. All that are born of 13 the country shall do these things after this manner, in offering an offering made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the LORD. And if a stranger sojourn with you, or whosoever be among 14

297 you in your generations, and will offer an offering made by A.C. 1489. fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord; as ye do, so he shall 15 do. One ordinance shall be both for you of the congregation, f. Ex. xii. 49. and also for the stranger that sojourneth with you, an ordinance for ever in your generations: as ye are, so shall the stranger 16 be before the LORD. One law and one manner shall be for you, and for the stranger that sojourneth with you. And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye come into 19 the land whither I bring you, then it shall be, that, when ye eat of the bread of the land, ye shall offer up an heave offering 20 unto the LORD. Ye shall offer up a cake of the first of your dough for an heave offering: as ye do the heave offering of 21 the threshing floor, so shall ye heave it. Of the first of your dough ye shall give unto the LORD an heave offering in your generations. And if ye have erred, and not observed all these command-23 ments, which the Lord hath spoken unto Moses, even all that the LORD hath commanded you by the hand of Moses, from the day that the Lord commanded Moses, and henceforward 24 among your generations; then it shall be, if ought be committed by ignorance g without the knowledge of the congre-g Heb. from gation, that all the congregation shall offer one young bullock for a burnt offering, for a sweet savour unto the LORD, with his meat offering, and his drink offering, according to the 25 h manner, and one kid of the goats for a sin offering. And the h Or, ordipriest shall make an atonement for all the congregation of the children of Israel, and it shall be forgiven them; for it is ignorance: and they shall bring their offering, a sacrifice made by fire unto the Lord, and their sin offering before the Lord, 26 for their ignorance: and it shall be forgiven all the congregation of the children of Israel, and the stranger that sojourneth among them; seeing all the people were in ignorance. And if any soul sin through ignorance, then he shall bring i Lev. iv. 27. 28 a she goat of the first year for a sin offering. And the priest shall make an atonement for the soul that sinneth ignorantly, when he sinneth by ignorance before the Lord, to make an 29 atonement for him; and it shall be forgiven him. Ye shall have one law for him that k sinneth through ignorance, both for k Heb. doth. him that is born among the children of Israel, and for the stranger that sojourneth among them. But the soul that doeth ought 1 presumptuously, whether he 1 Heb. with be born in the land, or a stranger, the same reproacheth the an high hand.

And while the children of Israel were in the wilderness, they

iniquity shall be upon him.

LORD; and that soul shall be cut off from among his people. 31 Because he hath despised the word of the LORD, and hath broken his commandment, that soul shall utterly be cut off; his A.C. 1489, found a man that gathered sticks upon the sabbath day. And 33 they that found him gathering sticks brought him unto Moses and Aaron, and unto all the congregation. And they put him 34 m Lev. xxiv. m in ward, because it was not declared what should be done to him. And the LORD said unto Moses, The man shall be 35 surely put to death: all the congregation shall stone him with stones without the camp. And all the congregation brought 36 him without the camp, and stoned him with stones, and he died; as the Lord commanded Moses.

12. Matt.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 37, 38 n Deut. xxii. the children of Israel, and bid n them that they make them fringes in the borders of their garments throughout their generations, and that they put upon the fringe of the borders a ribband of blue: and it shall be unto you for a fringe, that ye 39 may look upon it, and remember all the commandments of the LORD, and do them; and that ye seek not after your own heart and your own eyes, after which ye used to go a whoring: that ye may remember, and do all my commandments, and be 40 holy unto your God. I am the LORD your God, which brought 41 you out of the land of Egypt, to be your God: I am the LORD vour God.

Rebellion of Korah, Dathan, and Abiram.

NUMBERS XVI.

Now a Korah, the son of Izhar, the son of Kohath, the son 1 1471. a ch. xxvii. 3 of Levi, and Dathan and Abiram, the sons of Eliab, and On, the son of Peleth, sons of Reuben, took men: and they rose 2 18. Jude 11. up before Moses, with certain of the children of Israel, two b ch. xxvi. 9. hundred and fifty princes of the assembly, b famous in the congregation, men of renown: and they gathered themselves 3 together against Moses and against Aaron, and said unto them, c Ye take too much upon you, seeing all the congregac Heb. It is much for you. tion are holy, every one of them, and the LORD is among them: wherefore then lift ye up yourselves above the congregation of the LORD? And when Moses heard it, he fell upon 4 his face: and he spake unto Korah and unto all his company, 5 saying, Even to morrow the LORD will shew who are his, and who is holy; and will cause him to come near unto him; even him whom he hath chosen will he cause to come near unto him. This do; Take you censers, Korah, and all his company; 6 and put fire therein, and put incense in them before the LORD 7 to morrow: and it shall be that the man whom the LORD doth choose, he shall be holy: ye take too much upon you, ye sons of Levi. And Moses said unto Korah, Hear, I pray you, ye 8 sons of Levi: Seemeth it but a small thing unto you, that the 9 God of Israel hath separated you from the congregation of Israel, to bring you near to himself to do the service of the tabernacle of the LORD, and to stand before the congregation

10 to minister unto them? And he hath brought thee near to A.C. 1471. him, and all thy brethren the sons of Levi with thee; and 11 seek ye the priesthood also? For which cause both thou and all thy company are gathered together against the Lord: and what is Aaron, that ye murmur against him? And Moses sent to call Dathan and Abiram, the sons of 13 Eliab: which said, We will not come up: is it a small thing that thou hast brought us up out of a land that floweth with milk and honey, to kill us in the wilderness, except thou make thy-14 self altogether a prince over us? Moreover thou hast not brought us into a land that floweth with milk and honey, or given us inheritance of fields and vineyards: wilt thou d put d Heb. bore 15 out the eyes of these men? we will not come up. And Moses out. was very wroth, and said unto the LORD, e Respect not thou e Gen. iv. 4, their offering: I have not taken one ass from them, neither 16 have I hurt one of them. And Moses said unto Korah, Be thou and all thy company before the LORD, thou, and they, and 17 Aaron, to-morrow: and take every man his censer, and put incense in them, and bring ye before the LORD every man his censer, two hundred and fifty censers; thou also, and Aaron, 18 each of you his censer. And they took every man his censer, and put fire in them, and laid incense thereon, and stood in the door of the tabernacle of the congregation with Moses and And Korah gathered all the congregation against them unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation: and the glory of the Lord appeared unto all the congregation. 20 And the Lord spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 21 Separate yourselves from among this congregation, that I may 22 consume them in a moment. And they fell upon their faces, and said, O God, the God of the spirits of all flesh, shall one man sin, and wilt thou be wroth with all the congregation? And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the congregation, saying, Get you up from about the tabernacle of 25 Korah, Dathan, and Abiram. And Moses rose up and went unto Dathan and Abiram; and the elders of Israel followed And he spake unto the congregation, saying, Depart, I pray you, from the tents of these wicked men, and touch 27 nothing of their's, lest ye be consumed in all their sins. they gat up from the tabernacle of Korah, Dathan, and Abiram, on every side: and Dathan and Abiram came out, and stood in the door of their tents, and their wives, and their sons, 28 and their little children. And Moses said, Hereby ye shall know that the LORD hath sent me to do all these works; for I 29 have not done them of mine own mind. If these men die f the f Heb. as

30 visitation of all men; then the LORD hath not sent me.

mouth, and swallow them up, with all that appertain unto

common death of all men, or if they be visited after the every man

if the LORD g make a new thing, and the earth open her g Heb. create

A.C. 1471. them, and they go down quick into the pit; then ye shall understand that these men have provoked the LORD.

h ch. xxvii. 3. Deut. xi. 6. Ps. cvi. 17.

h And it came to pass, as he had made an end of speaking 31 all these words, that the ground clave asunder that was under them: and the earth opened her mouth, and swallowed them 32 up, and their houses, and all the men that appertained unto Korah, and all their goods. They, and all that appertained 33 to them, went down alive into the pit, and the earth closed upon them: and they perished from among the congregation. And all Israel that were round about them fled at the cry of 34 them: for they said, Lest the earth swallow us up also. And 35 there came out a fire from the Lord, and consumed the two hundred and fifty men that offered incense.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto 36, 37 Eleazar the son of Aaron the priest, that he take up the censers out of the burning, and scatter thou the fire yonder; for they are hallowed. The censers of these sinners against their own 38 souls, let them make them broad plates for a covering of the altar: for they offered them before the Lord, therefore they are hallowed: and they shall be a sign unto the children of Israel. And Eleazer the priest took the brasen censers, 39 wherewith they that were burnt had offered; and they were made broad plates for a covering of the altar: to be a memorial 40 unto the children of Israel, that no stranger, which is not of the seed of Aaron, come near to offer incense before the Lord; that he be not as Korah, and as his company: as the Lord said to him by the hand of Moses.

But on the morrow all the congregation of the children of 41 Israel murmured against Moses and against Aaron, saying, Ye have killed the people of the Lord. And it came to pass, 42 when the congregation was gathered against Moses and against Aaron, that they looked toward the tabernacle of the congregation: and, behold, the cloud covered it, and the glory of the Lord appeared. And Moses and Aaron came before the 43 tabernacle of the congregation.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Get you up 44, 45 from among this congregation, that I may consume them as in a moment. And they fell upon their faces.

And Moses said unto Aaron, Take a censer, and put fire 46 therein from off the altar, and put on incense, and go quickly unto the congregation, and make an atonement for them: for there is wrath gone out from the Lord; the plague is begun. And Aaron took as Moses commanded, and ran into the midst 47 of the congregation; and, behold, the plague was begun among the people: and he put on incense, and made an atonement for the people. And he stood between the dead and the 48 living; and the plague was stayed. Now they that died in the 49 plague were fourteen thousand and seven hundred, beside them

50 that died about the matter of Korah. And Aaron returned A.C. 1471. unto Moses unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation: and the plague was stayed.

NUMBERS XVII.

- 1 Aaron's rod among all the rods of the tribes only flourisheth. 10 It is left for a monument against the rebels.
- And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, and take of every one of them a rod according to the house of their fathers, of all their princes according to the house of their fathers twelve rods: write thou every 3 man's name upon his rod. And thou shalt write Aaron's name upon the rod of Levi: for one rod shall be for the head of the 4 house of their fathers. And thou shalt lay them up in the tabernacle of the congregation before the testimony, where I i Ex. xxv. 22. 5 will meet with you. And it shall come to pass, that the man's

rod, whom I shall choose, shall blossom: and I will make to cease from me the murmurings of the children of Israel, whereby they murmur against you.

And Moses spake unto the children of Israel, and every one of their princes gave him k a rod apiece, for each prince one, k Heb. a rod for one prince, for one prince, according to their fathers' houses, even twelve rods: and the a rod for one 7 rod of Aaron was among their rods. And Moses laid up the prince. 8 rods before the Lord in the tabernacle of witness. came to pass, that on the morrow Moses went into the tabernacle of witness; and, behold, the rod of Aaron for the house of Levi was budded, and brought forth buds, and bloomed blos-9 soms, and vielded almonds. And Moses brought out all the rods from before the Lord unto all the children of Israel: and they looked, and took every man his rod.

And the LORD said unto Moses, Bring 1 Aaron's rod again 1 Heb. ix. 4. before the testimony, to be kept for a token against the m rebels; and thou shalt quite take away their murmurings m Heb. chil-11 from me, that they die not. And Moses did so: as the Lord lion.

12 commanded him, so did he. And the children of Israel spake unto Moses, saying, Behold, we die, we perish, we all perish.

13 Whosoever cometh any thing near unto the tabernacle of the LORD shall die: shall we be consumed with dying?

NUMBERS XVIII.

- 1 The charge of the priests and Levites. 9 The priests' portion. 21 The Levites' portion. 25 The heave offering to the priests out of the Levites' portion.
- And the LORD said unto Aaron, Thou and thy sons and thy father's house with thee shall bear the iniquity of the sanctuary: and thou and thy sons with thee shall bear the iniquity of your 2 priesthood. And thy brethren also of the tribe of Levi, the tribe of thy father, bring thou with thee, that they may be joined unto thee, and minister unto thee: but thou and thy sons with thee shall minister before the tabernacle of witness.

A.C. 1471. And they shall keep thy charge, and the charge of all the 3 tabernacle: only they shall not come nigh the vessels of the sanctuary and the altar, that neither they, nor ye also, die. And they shall be joined unto thee, and keep the charge of the 4 tabernacle of the congregation, for all the service of the tabernacle: and a stranger shall not come nigh unto you. shall keep the charge of the sanctuary, and the charge of the altar: that there be no wrath any more upon the children of And I, behold, I have n taken your brethren the 6 n ch. iii. 45. Israel. Levites from among the children of Israel: to you they are given as a gift for the LORD, to do the service of the tabernacle of the congregation. Therefore thou and thy sons with 7 thee shall keep your priest's office for every thing of the altar, and within the vail; and ye shall serve: I have given your priest's office unto you as a service of gift: and the stranger

that cometh nigh shall be put to death.

And the LORD spake unto Aaron, Behold, I also have given 8 thee the charge of mine heave offerings of all the hallowed things of the children of Israel; unto thee have I given them by reason of the anointing, and to thy sons, by an ordinance for ever. This shall be thine of the most holy things, re- 9 served from the fire: every oblation of their's, every meat offering of their's, and every sin offering of their's, and every trespass offering of their's, which they shall render unto me, shall be most holy for thee and for thy sons. In the most holy place 10 shalt thou eat it; every male shall eat it: it shall be holy unto And this is thine; the heave offering of their gift, with 11 all the wave offerings of the children of Israel: I have given ^{o Lev. x. 14.} them unto ^o thee, and to thy sons and to thy daughters with

thee, by a statute for ever: every one that is clean in thy house shall eat of it. All the p best of the oil, and all the best 12 p Heb. fat. of the wine, and of the wheat, the firstfruits of them which they shall offer unto the Lord, them have I given thee. And what-13 soever is first ripe in the land, which they shall bring unto the LORD, shall be thine; every one that is clean in thine house q Lev. xxvii. shall eat of it. q Every thing devoted in Israel shall be thine. 14

r Ex. xiii. 2. Every thing that openeth the matrix in all flesh, which they 15 bring unto the LORD, whether it be of men or beasts, shall be 26. ch. iii. 13. thine: nevertheless the firstborn of man shalt thou surely redeem, and the firstling of unclean beasts shalt thou redeem. And those 16 that are to be redeemed from a month old shalt thou redeem,

according to thine estimation, for the money of five shekels, * Ex. xxx.13. after the shekel of the sanctuary, * which is twenty gerahs. Lev. xxvii. 25. ch. iii. 47. But the firstling of a cow, or the firstling of a sheep, or the 17 Ezek. xlv. 12. firstling of a goat, thou shalt not redeem; they are holy: thou shalt sprinkle their blood upon the altar, and shalt burn their fat for an offering made by fire, for a sweet savour unto the LORD.

And the flesh of them shall be thine, as the twave breast and 18

& xxii. 29.

t Ex. xxix.

19 as the right shoulder are thine. All the heave offerings of the A.C. 1471. holy things, which the children of Israel offer unto the LORD, have I given thee, and thy sons and thy daughters with thee, by a statute for ever: it is a covenant of salt for ever before the LORD unto thee and to thy seed with thee.

And the LORD spake unto Aaron, Thou shalt have no inheritance in their land, neither shalt thou have any part among them: " I am thy part and thine inheritance among the u Deut. x.9. 21 children of Israel. And, behold, I have given the children of & xviii. 2.

12 children of Israel. And, behold, I have given the children of a xviii. 2. Levi all the tenth in Israel for an inheritance, for their service 33. Ezek. xliv. 28.

which they serve, even the service of the tabernacle of the con-Neither must the children of Israel henceforth 22 gregation. come nigh the tabernacle of the congregation, lest they bear

23 sin, x and die. But the Levites shall do the service of the x Heb. to die. tabernacle of the congregation, and they shall bear their iniquity: it shall be a statute for ever throughout your generations, that among the children of Israel they have no inherit-

24 ance. But the tithes of the children of Israel, which they offer as an heave offering unto the Lord, I have given to the Levites to inherit: therefore I have said unto them, Among the children of Israel they shall have no inheritance.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Thus speak unto the Levites, and say unto them, When ye take of the children of Israel the tithes which I have given you from them for your inheritance, then ye shall offer up an heave offering 27 of it for the LORD, even a tenth part of the tithe. And this your heave offering shall be reckoned unto you, as though it were the corn of the threshingfloor, and as the fulness of the 28 winepress. Thus ye also shall offer an heave offering unto the LORD of all your tithes, which ye receive of the children of Israel; and ye shall give thereof the Lord's heave offering to 29 Aaron the priest. Out of all your gifts ye shall offer every

heave offering of the LORD, of all the y best thereof, even the y Heb. fat.

30 hallowed part thereof out of it. Therefore thou shalt say unto them, When ye have heaved the best thereof from it, then it shall be counted unto the Levites as the increase of the thresh-31 ingfloor, and as the increase of the winepress. And ye shall

eat it in every place, ye and your housholds: for it is your reward for your service in the tabernacle of the congregation.

32 And ye shall bear no sin by reason of it, when ye have heaved from it the best of it: neither shall ye pollute the holy things of the children of Israel, lest ye die.

NUMBERS XIX.

1 The water of separation made of the ashes of a red heifer. 11 The law for the use of it in purification of the unclean.

And the LORD spake unto Moses and unto Aaron, saying, 2 This is the ordinance of the law which the LORD hath com-

A.C. 1471. manded, saying, Speak unto the children of Israel, that they bring thee a red heifer without spot, wherein is no blemish, and upon which never came yoke: and ye shall give her unto 3 z Heb. xiii. Eleazar the priest, that he may bring her z forth without the camp, and one shall slay her before his face: and Eleazar the 4 a Heb. ix. 13. priest shall take of her blood with his finger, and a sprinkle of her blood directly before the tabernacle of the congregation seven times: and one shall burn the heifer in his sight; bher 5 b Ex. xxix. 14. Lev. iv. 11, 12. skin, and her flesh, and her blood, with her dung, shall he burn: and the priest shall take cedar wood, and hyssop, and 6 scarlet, and cast it into the midst of the burning of the heifer. Then the priest shall wash his clothes, and he shall bathe his 7 flesh in water, and afterward he shall come into the camp, and the priest shall be unclean until the even. And he that burneth 8 her shall wash his clothes in water, and bathe his flesh in water, and shall be unclean until the even. And a man that is clean 9 shall gather up the ashes of the heifer, and lay them up without the camp in a clean place, and it shall be kept for the congregation of the children of Israel for a water of separation: it is a purification for sin. And he that gathereth the ashes of 10 the heifer shall wash his clothes, and be unclean until the even: and it shall be unto the children of Israel, and unto the stranger that sojourneth among them, for a statute for

c Heb. soul of man.

ever.

He that toucheth the dead body of any man shall be 11 unclean seven days. He shall purify himself with it on the 12 third day, and on the seventh day he shall be clean: but if he purify not himself the third day, then the seventh day he shall not be clean. Whosoever toucheth the dead body of any man 13 that is dead, and purifieth not himself, defileth the tabernacle of the LORD; and that soul shall be cut off from Israel: because the water of separation was not sprinkled upon him, he shall be unclean; his uncleanness is yet upon him. This 14 is the law, when a man dieth in a tent: all that come into the tent, and all that is in the tent, shall be unclean seven days. And every open vessel, which hath no covering bound upon it, 15 is unclean. And whosoever toucheth one that is slain with a 16 sword in the open fields, or a dead body, or a bone of a man, or a grave, shall be unclean seven days. And for an unclean 17 person they shall take of the d ashes of the burnt heifer of purification for sin, and e running water shall be put thereto in a vessel: and a clean person shall take hyssop, and dip it in the 18 water, and sprinkle it upon the tent, and upon all the vessels, and upon the persons that were there, and upon him that touched a bone, or one slain, or one dead, or a grave: and the 19 clean person shall sprinkle upon the unclean on the third day, and on the seventh day: and on the seventh day he shall purify himself, and wash his clothes, and bathe himself in water, and

d Heb. dust.
e Heb. living
waters shall
be given.

20 shall be clean at even. But the man that shall be unclean, and A.C. 1471. shall not purify himself, that soul shall be cut off from among the congregation, because he hath defiled the sanctuary of the Lord: the water of separation hath not been sprinkled upon 21 him; he is unclean. And it shall be a perpetual statute unto them, that he that sprinkleth the water of separation shall wash his clothes; and he that toucheth the water of separation shall 22 be unclean until even. And whatsoever the unclean person toucheth shall be unclean; and the soul that toucheth it shall be unclean until even.

The fifteenth Journey—From Rithmah to Rimmon-parez.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 19.

19 And they departed from Rithmah, and pitched at Rimmon- From 1489 parez. to 1452.

The sixteenth Journey—From Rimmon-parez to Libnah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 20.

20 And they departed from Rimmon-parez, and pitched in Libnah.

The seventeenth Journey—From Libnah to Rissah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 21.

21 And they removed from Libnah, and pitched at Rissah.

The eighteenth Journey-From Rissah to Kehelathah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 22.

22 And they journeyed from Rissah, and pitched in Kehelathah.

The nineteenth Journey-From Kehelathah to mount Shapher.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 23.

23 And they went from Kehelathah, and pitched in mount Shapher.

The twentieth Journey-From mount Shapher to Haradah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 24.

24 And they removed from mount Shapher, and encamped in Haradah.

The twenty-first Journey—From Haradah to Makheloth.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 25.

25 And they removed from Haradah, and pitched in Makheloth.

The twenty-second Journey—From Makheloth to Tahath.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 26.

26 And they removed from Makheloth, and encamped at Tahath.

x

VOL. I.

From 1489 to 1452. The twenty-third Journey—From Tahath to Tarah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 27.

And they departed from Tahath, and pitched at Tarah.

The twenty-fourth Journey—From Tarah to Mithcah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 28.

27

28

And they removed from Tarah, and pitched in Mithcah.

The twenty-fifth Journey—From Mithcah to Hashmonah, or Azmon, or Selmona.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 29.

And they went from Mithcah, and pitched in Hash-29 monah.

The twenty-sixth Journey-From Hashmonah to Moseroth.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 30.

a Deut. x. 6. And they departed from Hashmonah, and a encamped at 30 Moseroth.

The twenty-seventh Journey-From Moseroth to Bene-jaakan.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 31.

. And they departed from Moseroth, and pitched in Bene-31 jaakan.

The twenty-eighth Journey—From Bene-jaakan to Hor-hagidgad, or Gudgodah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 32.

And they removed from Bene-jaakan, and encamped at Hor- 32 hagidgad.

The twenty-ninth Journey—From Hor-hagidgad to Jotbathah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 33.

And they went from Hor-hagidgad, and pitched in Jot-33 bathah.

The thirtieth Journey—From Jotbathah to Ebronah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 34.

And they removed from Jotbathah, and encamped at 34 Ebronah.

The thirty-first Journey-from Ebronah to Ezion-gaber.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 35.

And they departed from Ebronah, and encamped at Ezion-35 gaber.

1452.

The thirty-second Journey—From Ezion-gaber to the wilderness of From 1489 Zin, or Kadesh-barnea the second time, after thirty-eight years' to 1452. wandering.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 36.

36 And they removed from Ezion-gaber, and pitched in the wilderness of Zin, which is Kadesh.

Death of Miriam; the People murmur for Water.

NUMBERS XX. VER. 1-13.

Then came the children of Israel, even the whole congregation, into the desert of Zin in the first month: and the people abode in Kadesh; and Miriam died there, and was buried there. And there was no water for the congregation: and

there. And there was no water for the congregation: and they gathered themselves together against Moses and against

3 Aaron. And the people a chode with Moses, and spake, say-a Ex. xvii. 2. ing, Would God that we had died b when our brethren died b ch. xi. 33.

4 before the LORD! and why have ye brought up the congregation of the LORD into this wilderness, that we and our cattle

5 should die there? And wherefore have ye made us to come up out of Egypt, to bring us in unto this evil place? it is no place of seed, or of figs, or of vines, or of pomegranates: neither is

6 there any water to drink. And Moses and Aaron went from the presence of the assembly unto the door of the tabernacle of the congregation, and they fell upon their faces: and the glory

of the Lord appeared unto them.

7,8 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Take the rod, and gather thou the assembly together, thou, and Aaron thy brother, and speak ye unto the rock before their eyes; and it shall give forth his water, and thou shalt bring forth to them water out of the rock: so thou shalt give the congregation and 9 their beasts drink. And Moses took the rod from before the

10 LORD, as he commanded him. And Moses and Aaron gathered the congregation together before the rock, and he said unto them, Hear now, ye rebels; must we fetch you water out of

11 this rock? And Moses lifted up his hand, and with his rod he smote the rock twice: and the water came out abundantly, and the congregation drank, and their beasts also.

12 And the Lord spake unto Moses and Aaron, Because ye believed me not, to sanctify me in the eyes of the children of Israel, therefore ye shall not bring this congregation into the

13 land which I have given them. ^c This is the water of ^d Meri- ^c Ps. cvi. 32, bah; because the children of Israel strove with the LORD, and ^d That is, he was sanctified in them.

CPS. cvi. 32, bah; because the children of Israel strove with the LORD, and d That is, Strife.

A.C. 1452.

Edom refuses to permit the people to pass through their territory.

NUMBERS XX. VER. 14-21.

And Moses sent messengers from Kadesh unto the king of 14 Edom, Thus saith thy brother Israel, Thou knowest all the travel that hath a befallen us: how our fathers went down into 15 Egypt, and we have dwelt in Egypt a long time; and the Egyptians vexed us, and our fathers: and when we cried unto 16 the Lord, he heard our voice, and sent an angel, and hath brought us forth out of Egypt: and, behold, we are in Kadesh, a city in the uttermost of thy border: let us pass, I pray thee, 17 through thy country: we will not pass through the fields, or through the vineyards, neither will we drink of the water of the wells: we will go by the king's high way, we will not turn to the right hand nor to the left, until we have passed thy borders. And Edom said unto him, Thou shalt not pass by 18 me, lest I come out against thee with the sword. And the 19 children of Israel said unto him, We will go by the high way: and if I and my cattle drink of thy water, then I will pay for it: I will only, without doing any thing else, go through on my feet. And he said, Thou shalt not go through. And 20 Edom came out against him with much people, and with a strong hand. Thus Edom refused to give Israel passage through 21 his border: wherefore Israel turned away from him.

Defeat of Arad the Canaanite 27.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 40.

ach. xxi. 1, And a king Arad the Canaanite, which dwelt in the south 40 in the land of Canaan, heard of the coming of the children of Israel.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 1, 2, 3.

b ch. xxxiii. And when b king Arad the Canaanite, which dwelt in the south, heard tell that Israel came by the way of the spies; then he fought against Israel, and took some of them prisoners.

And Israel vowed a vow unto the Lord, and said, If thou wilt indeed deliver this people into my hand, then I will utterly destroy their cities. And the Lord hearkened to the voice of Israel, and delivered up the Canaanites; and they utterly

²⁷ This conquest of Arad is supposed to be spoken of prophetically; its final subjugation being completed by Joshua. (Joshua xii. 14.) Arad is situated on the very border of Canaan: it is not improbable, therefore, that the king began the war against the Israelites, not only when they were comparatively unused to war, but at the very time when they were repulsed by the king of Edom. Though Arad was unsuccessful in his present attack, the people of Arad were not finally subdued till the days of Joshua; and I have therefore inserted this narrative after the account of the refusal of Edom to permit the Israelites to pass through his territory, and immediately before the account of the removal from Kadesh-barnes.—Vide Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 174.

destroyed them and their cities: and he called the name of A.C. 1452. the place Hormah.

The thirty-third Journey-From Kadesh-barnea to mount Hor.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 37.

37 And they removed from a Kadesh, and pitched in mount a ch. xx. 22. Hor, in the edge of the land of Edom.

Death of Aaron.

NUMBERS XX. VER. 22 -28.

And the children of Israel, even the whole congregation,

23 journeyed from ^a Kadesh, and came unto mount Hor. And ^{a ch. xxxiii.}

the Lord spake unto Moses and Aaron in mount Hor, by the

24 coast of the land of Edom, saying, Aaron shall be gathered
unto his people: for he shall not enter into the land which I
have given unto the children of Israel, because ye rebelled

25 against my ^b word at the water of Meribah. ^c Take Aaron ^{b Heb. mouth.}

26 and Eleazar his son, and bring them up unto mount Hor: and ^{38. Deut.}

38. strip Aaron of his garments, and put them upon Eleazar his
son: and Aaron shall be gathered unto his people, and shall die

27 there. And Moses did as the Lord commanded: and they
went up into mount Hor in the sight of all the congregation.

28 And ^d Moses stripped Aaron of his garments, and put them ^{d Deut. x. 6.}
upon Eleazar his son; and Aaron died there in the top of
the mount: and Moses and Eleazar came down from the

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 38, 39.

mount.

And a Aaron the priest went up into mount Hor at the com- e ch. xx. 25.
mandment of the Lord, and died there, in the fortieth year 50.
after the children of Israel were come out of the land of Egypt,
39 in the first day of the fifth month. And Aaron was an hundred and twenty and three years old when he died in mount
Hor.

NUMBERS XX. VER. 29.

29 And when all the congregation saw that Aaron was dead, they mourned for Aaron thirty days, even all the house of Israel.

The thirty-fourth Journey-From mount Hor to Zalmonah.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 41.

41 And they departed from mount Hor, and pitched in Zal-ach. xxi. 4-monah.

Fiery Serpents sent.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 4-9.

4 And they journeyed from mount Hor by the way of the

43

ened.

A.C. 1452. Red sea, to compass the land of Edom: and the soul of the a Or, grieved, people was much a b discouraged because of the way. And the 5 people spake against God, and against Moses, Wherefore have ye brought us up out of Egypt to die in the wilderness? for

c ch. xi. 6.

4. John iii.

14, 15.

there is no bread, neither is there any water, and cour soul d Wisd. xvi. loatheth this light bread. And d the LORD sent fiery serpents 6 among the people, and they bit the people; and much people of Israel died.

Therefore the people came to Moses, and said, We have 7 sinned, for we have spoken against the LORD, and against thee; pray unto the LORD, that he take away the serpents from us. And Moses prayed for the people. And the LORD 8 said unto Moses, Make thee a fiery serpent, and set it upon a pole: and it shall come to pass, that every one that is bitten, e 2 Kin.xviii when he looketh upon it, shall live. And e Moses made a 9 serpent of brass, and put it upon a pole, and it came to pass, that if a serpent had bitten any man, when he beheld the serpent of brass, he lived.

The thirty-fifth Journey—From Zalmonah to Punon.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 42.

And they departed from Zalmonah, and pitched in Punon.

The thirty-sixth Journey—From Punon to Oboth.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 43.

And they departed from Punon, and pitched in Oboth.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 10.

And the children of Israel set forward, and pitched in 10 Oboth.

The thirty-seventh Journey—From Oboth to Ije-abarim.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 44.

a Or, heaps of Abarim.

And they departed from Oboth, and pitched in a Ije-abarim, 44 in the border of Moab.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 11.

And they journeyed from Oboth, and pitched at Ije-11 abarim, in the wilderness which is before Moab, toward the sunrising.

The thirty-eighth Journey—From Ije-abarim or Iim, to Dibon-qud.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 45.

And they departed from Iim, and pitched in Dibon-gad. 1451.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 12, TO PART OF VER. 18.

From thence they removed, and pitched in the valley of 12 Zared. From thence they removed, and pitched on the other 13 side of Arnon, which is in the wilderness that cometh out of A.C. 1451. the coasts of the Amorites: for Arnon is the border of Moab,

14 between Moab and the Amorites. Wherefore it is said in the book of the wars of the LORD, a What he did in the Red sea, a Or, Vaheb

15 and in the brooks of Arnon, and at the stream of the brooks that goeth down to the dwelling of Ar, and blieth upon the b Heb. lean-

16 border of Moab. And from thence they went to Beer: that is eth. the well whereof the LORD spake unto Moses, Gather the

people together, and I will give them water.

Then Israel sang this song, c Spring up, O well; d sing ye c Heb. As-18 unto it: the princes digged the well, the nobles of the dor, answer. people digged it, by the direction of the lawgiver, with their staves.

Defeat of Sihon king of the Amorites.

NUMBERS XXI. VER. 21, TO THE END.

And a Israel sent messengers unto Sihon king of the Amo- a Deut. ii. 26, 22 rites, saying, Let me pass through thy land: we will not turn 19. into the fields, or into the vineyards; we will not drink of the waters of the well: but we will go along by the king's high

23 way, until we be past thy borders. b And Sihon would not b Deut. xxix. suffer Israel to pass through his border: but Sihon gathered all his people together, and went out against Israel into the wilderness: and he came to Jahaz, and fought against Israel.

24 And c Israel smote him with the edge of the sword, and pos- c Josh xii 2. Ps. cxxxv.10, sessed his land from Arnon unto Jabbok, even unto the chil- 11. Amos ii.9. dren of Ammon: for the border of the children of Ammon

25 was strong. And Israel took all these cities: and Israel dwelt in all the cities of the Amorites, in Heshbon, and in all the 26 d villages thereof. For Heshbon was the city of Sihon the d Heb. daugh-

king of the Amorites, who had fought against the former king of Moab, and taken all his land out of his hand, even unto 27 Arnon. Wherefore they that speak in proverbs say, Come

into Heshbon, let the city of Sihon be built and prepared: 28 for there is a fire gone out of Heshbon, a flame from the city of Sihon: it hath consumed Ar of Moab, and the lords of the

29 high places of Arnon. Woe to thee, Moab! thou art undone, O people of chemosh: he hath given his sons that escaped, c 1 Kin. xi. and his daughters, into captivity unto Sihon king of the Amo-

30 rites. We have shot at them; Heshbon is perished even unto Dibon, and we have laid them waste even unto Nophah, which reacheth unto Medeba.

31, 32 Thus Israel dwelt in the land of the Amorites. And Moses sent to spy out Jaazer, and they took the villages thereof, and drove out the Amorites that were there.

Defeat of Og the king of Bashan.

^a And they turned and went up by the way of Bashan: and ^{a Deut. iii. 1} and ^{a xxix. 7}. 33

Og the king of Bashan went out against them, he, and all his people, to the battle at Edrei. And the Lord said unto Moses, 34
Fear him not: for I have delivered him into thy hand, and all his people, and his land; and b thou shalt do to him as thou didst unto Sihon king of the Amorites, which dwelt at Heshbon. So they smote him, and his sons, and all his people, until 35 there was none left him alive: and they possessed his land.

The thirty-ninth Journey-From Dibon-gad to Almon-diblathaim.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 46.

And they removed from Dibon-gad, and encamped in Almon-46 diblathaim.

The fortieth Journey—From Almon-diblathaim to the mountains of Abarim.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 47.

And they removed from Almon-diblathaim, and pitched in 47 the mountains of Abarim, before Nebo.

NUMBERS XXI. from the last clause of VER. 18, 19, 20.

And from the wilderness they went to Mattanah: and from 18, 19
Mattanah to Nahaliel: and from Nahaliel to Bamoth: and 20

a Heb. field. b Or, the hill. from Bamoth in the valley, that is in the a country of Moab, c Or, the wiltout to the top of b Pisgah, which looketh toward c Jeshimon.

The forty-first Journey—From Abarim to the Plains of Moab by Jordan.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 48.

And they departed from the mountains of Abarim, and 48 pitched in the plains of Moab by Jordan near Jericho.

Balaam and Balak 28.

NUMBERS XXII.

1 Balak's first message for Balaam is refused. 15 His second message obtaineth him. 22 An angel would have slain him, if his ass had not saved him. 36 Balak entertaineth him.

And the children of Israel set forward, and pitched in the 1 plains of Moab on this side Jordan by Jericho.

²⁸ There were various modes in which the Divine will was communicated to man: one of which was, compelling the prophet, whether contrary, or agreeably to his incitination, to utter certain prophetic truths and oracular responses. Of all the patriarchal prophets, at this period of the world, Balaam appears to have been the most celebrated; and Balak, fearing the Israelites, who "cover the face of the earth," sends to Balaam, intreating him to come and curse these invaders. The seer professes his desire to please the king, but, at the same time, gives him to understand, that he is the mere instrument of making known the decree of the Almighty. The Angel-Jehovah was justly considered to have established the patriarchal dispensation, and as this system was now on the eve of being abrogated, it was to be expected that the same divine Being, who had introduced it, would effect its abolition. We read, accordingly, that when Balaam received the messengers of Balak, the Lord, the Angel-Jehovah, appeared unto him; and God said unto him, "Thou shalt not go with them; thou shalt not curse the people; for they are blessed." This annunciation checked, for a time, the ambition and covetousness of the prophet: the messengers returned with more honourable offers to Balaam, when the Angel of the Lord again appears as the captain of the Lord's host,

2 And Balak the son of Zippor saw all that Israel had done to A.C. 1451. 3 the Amorites. And Moab was sore afraid of the people, because they were many: and Moab was distressed because of the 4 children of Israel. And Moab said unto the elders of Midian, Now shall this company lick up all that are round about us, as the ox licketh up the grass of the field. And Balak the son of 5 Zippor was king of the Moabites at that time. * He sent mes- a Josh. xxiv. sengers therefore unto Balaam the son of Beor to Pethor, which is by the river of the land of the children of his people, to call him, saying, Behold, there is a people come out from Egypt: behold, they cover the b face of the earth, and they b Heb. eye. 6 abide over against me: come now therefore, I pray thee, curse me this people; for they are too mighty for me: peradventure I shall prevail, that we may smite them, and that I may drive them out of the land: for I wot that he whom thou 7 blessest is blessed, and he whom thou cursest is cursed. And the elders of Moab and the elders of Midian departed with the rewards of divination in their hand; and they came unto 8 Balaam, and spake unto him the words of Balak. And he said unto them, Lodge here this night, and I will bring you word again, as the LORD shall speak unto me: and the princes of 9 Moab abode with Balaam. And God came unto Balaam, and 10 said, What men are these with thee? And Balaam said unto God, Balak, the son of Zippor, king of Moab, hath sent unto 11 me, saying, Behold, there is a people come out of Egypt, which covereth the face of the earth: come now, curse me them; peradventure c I shall be able to overcome them, and c Heb. I shall 12 drive them out. And God said unto Balaam, Thou shalt not fighting go with them; thou shalt not curse the people: for they are against him.

"standing in the way, his sword drawn in his hand," and He declares to the prophet, that whatever he may himself wish to predict, from the desire of promotion, "only the word that I shall speak unto thee, that thou shalt speak." Every evidence, therefore, that the Israelites were the peculiar chosen people of God, separated by Him from the apostate Gentiles, and that patriarchism was consequently abolished, was thus afforded to the people of the east. From this time, except through the medium of God's chosen people, the apostate children of Noah had no intercourse with God: and Balaam, with whatever reluctance, was constrained by the Holy Spirit to pronounce the inauguration of a new system, and thereby dissolve the old one.

The prophecies of Balaam, then, may be considered as the "death song of patriarchism," and, at the very moment when this primeval system was formally abrogated, God, in his mercy, gives to the penitent Gentiles an assurance of a future Saviour; "there shall come a star out of Jacob, and a sceptre shall rise out of Israel." It is supposed that this prophecy of the Messiah, together with the more ancient tradition of Noah, never ceased to prevail in a greater or less degree throughout the pagan world; until the eastern Magi came to seek the Messiah, having seen his star in the east. Balaam, after having announced the national prosperity of the chosen people of God, in the Holy Land, (Numb. xxiii. 21—24.) predicts the subjugation of the nations whose princes then surrounded him; and concludes with his prophecy of the captivity of the Jews, and the punishment of their oppressors. Thus was the goodness of Providence displayed, in permitting a Gentile prophet to declare to the Gentiles the same truths which he revealed to His own people by the Hebrew prophets: which is an earnest, and evidence, that all nations are interested in the mission of his Son; and that the Gentiles shall be again received into God's visible church upon earth.—Vide Witsius de Prophetis et Prophetiâ; Faber's Horæ Mosaicæ, vol. i. p. 92, and following; Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 219—230; Allix, Reflections, ch. xi.; Calmet, art. Balaam; Bishop Newton on the Prophecies, vol. i.; and Calvin, quoted by Witsius, Misc. Sac. p. 178.

thou letted

from, &c.

Jude 11.

A.C. 1451. blessed. And Balaam rose up in the morning, and said unto 13 the princes of Balak, Get you into your land: for the LORD refuseth to give me leave to go with you. And the princes of 14 Moab rose up, and they went unto Balak, and said, Balaam refuseth to come with us.

able than they. And they came to Balaam, and said to him, 16 d Heb. Benot Thus saith Balak the son of Zippor, d Let nothing, I pray thee, hinder thee from coming unto me: for I will promote 17 thee unto very great honour, and I will do whatsoever thou savest unto me: come therefore, I pray thee, curse me this people. And Balaam answered and said unto the servants of 18 ech. xxiv.13. Balak, e If Balak would give me his house full of silver and gold, I cannot go beyond the word of the LORD my God, to do less or more. Now therefore, I pray you, tarry ye also here 19 this night, that I may know what the LORD will say unto me more. And God came unto Balaam at night, and said unto 20 him, If the men come to call thee, rise up, and go with them; but yet the word which I shall say unto thee, that shalt thou do. And Balaam rose up in the morning, and saddled his ass, and 21 went with the princes of Moab.

And Balak sent yet again princes, more, and more honour- 15

And God's anger was kindled because he went: and the 22 angel of the Lord stood in the way for an adversary against Now he was riding upon his ass, and his two servants f 2 Pet. ii. 16. were with him. And f the ass saw the angel of the LORD stand-23 ing in the way, and his sword drawn in his hand: and the ass turned aside out of the way, and went into the field: and Balaam smote the ass, to turn her into the way. But the 24 angel of the LORD stood in a path of the vineyards, a wall being on this side, and a wall on that side. And when the ass saw 25 the angel of the LORD, she thrust herself unto the wall, and crushed Balaam's foot against the wall: and he smote her again. And the angel of the LORD went further, and stood in 26 a narrow place, where was no way to turn either to the right hand or to the left. And when the ass saw the angel of the 27 LORD, she fell down under Balaam: and Balaam's anger was kindled, and he smote the ass with a staff. And the LORD 28 opened the mouth of the ass, and she said unto Balaam, What have I done unto thee, that thou hast smitten me these three And Balaam said unto the ass, Because thou hast 29 mocked me: I would there were a sword in mine hand, for now would I kill thee. And the ass said unto Balaam, Am I not 30 thine ass, g upon which thou hast ridden h ever since I was thine unto this day? was I ever wont to do so unto thee? And he said, Nay. Then the LORD opened the eyes of Ba-31 laam, and he saw the angel of the LORD standing in the way, and his sword drawn in his hand: and he bowed down his head, and fell flat on his face. And the angel of the Lord said unto 32

g Heb. who hast ridden upon me. h Or, ever since thou wast, &c.

i Or. bowed himself.

went with the princes of Balak.

him. Wherefore hast thou smitten thine ass these three times? A.C. 1451. behold, I went out j to withstand thee, because thy way is per- j Heb. to be 33 verse before me: And the ass saw me, and turned from me an adversary these three times: unless she had turned from me, surely now 34 also I had slain thee, and saved her alive. And Balaam said unto the angel of the LORD, I have sinned; for I knew not that thou stoodest in the way against me: now therefore, if it k dis-k Heb. be evil 35 please thee, I will get me back again. And the angel of the LORD said unto Balaam, Go with the men: but only the word that I shall speak unto thee, that thou shalt speak. So Balaam

And when Balak heard that Balaam was come, he went out to meet him unto a city of Moab, which is in the border of 37 Arnon, which is in the utmost coast. And Balak said unto Balaam, Did I not earnestly send unto thee to call thee? wherefore camest thou not unto me? am I not able indeed to 38 promote thee to honour? And Balaam said unto Balak, Lo, I am come unto thee: have I now any power at all to say any thing? the word that God putteth in my mouth, that shall I 39 speak. And Balaam went with Balak, and they came unto 401 Kirjath-huzoth. And Balak offered oxen and sheep, and sent 10r, a city of 41 to Balaam, and the princes that were with him. And it came streets. to pass on the morrow, that Balak took Balaam, and brought him up into the high places of Baal, that thence he might see the utmost part of the people.

NUMBERS XXIII.

1. 13. 28 Balak's sacrifice. 7. 18 Balaam's parable.

And Balaam said unto Balak, Build me here seven altars, 2 and prepare me here seven oxen and seven rams. And Balak did as Balaam had spoken; and Balak and Balaam offered on 3 every altar a bullock and a ram. And Balaam said unto Balak, Stand by thy burnt offering, and I will go: peradventure the Lord will come to meet me: and whatsoever he sheweth me 4 I will tell thee. And m he went to an high place. And God m Or, he went

met Balaam: and he said unto him, I have prepared seven altars, and I have offered upon every altar a bullock and a ram. 5 And the Lord put a word in Balaam's mouth, and said,

6 Return unto Balak, and thus thou shalt speak. returned unto him, and, lo, he stood by his burnt sacrifice, 7 he, and all the princes of Moab. And he took up his parable, and said,-

Balak the king of Moab hath brought me from Aram, out of the mountains of the east, saying, Come, curse me Jacob, and come, defy Israel.

How shall I curse, whom God hath not cursed? or how shall

I defy, whom the Lord hath not defied?

For from the top of the rocks I see him, and from the hills I

A.C. 1451. behold him: lo, the people shall dwell alone, and shall not be reckoned among the nations.

n Heb. my soul, or, my life.

Who can count the dust of Jacob, and the number of the 10 fourth part of Israel? Let me die the death of the righteous, and let my last end be like his!

And Balak said unto Balaam, What hast thou done unto 11 me? I took thee to curse mine enemies, and, behold, thou hast blessed them altogether. And he answered and said, Must 12 I not take heed to speak that which the Lord hath put in my mouth? And Balak said unto him, Come, I pray thee, with 13 me unto another place, from whence thou mayest see them: thou shalt see but the utmost part of them, and shalt not see them all: and curse me them from thence.

And he brought him into the field of Zophim, to the top of 14 o Or, the hill. O Pisgah, and built seven altars, and offered a bullock and a ram on every altar. And he said unto Balak, Stand here by 15 thy burnt offering, while I meet the LORD yonder. And the 16

pch. xxii. 35. LORD met Balaam, and p put a word in his mouth, and said, Go again unto Balak, and say thus. And when he came to 17 him, behold, he stood by his burnt offering, and the princes of And Balak said unto him, What hath the Moab with him. Lord spoken?

And he took up his parable, and said, Rise up, Balak, and 18

hear; hearken unto me, thou son of Zippor: God is not a man, that he should lie; neither the son of 19 man, that he should repent: hath he said, and shall he not do

it? or hath he spoken, and shall he not make it good? Behold, I have received commandment to bless: and he hath 20

blessed; and I cannot reverse it.

He hath not beheld iniquity in Jacob, neither hath he seen 21 perverseness in Israel: the Lord his God is with him, and the shout of a king is among them.

^q God brought them out of Egypt; he hath as it were the 22 a ch. xxiv. 8. strength of an unicorn.

r Or, in.

Surely there is no enchantment ragainst Jacob, neither is 23 there any divination against Israel: according to this time it shall be said of Jacob and of Israel, What hath God wrought!

Behold, the people shall rise up as a great lion, and lift up 24 himself as a young lion: he shall not lie down until he eat of the prey, and drink the blood of the slain.

And Balak said unto Balaam, Neither curse them at all, nor 25 bless them at all. But Balaam answered and said unto Balak, 26 Told not I thee, saying, All that the Lord speaketh, that I must do?

And Balak said unto Balaam, Come, I pray thee, I will 27 bring thee unto another place; peradventure it will please God that thou mayest curse me them from thence. And Balak 28

brought Balaam unto the top of Peor, that looked toward A.C. 1451.
29 Jeshimon. And Balaam said unto Balak, Build me here seven altars, and prepare me here seven bullocks and seven rams.
30 And Balak did as Balaam had said, and offered a bullock and a ram on every altar.

NUMBERS XXIV.

- 1 Balaam, leaving divinations, prophesieth the happiness of Israel. 10 Balak in anger dismisseth him. 15 He prophesieth of the Star of Jacob, and the destruction of some nations.
- 1 And when Balaam saw that it pleased the LORD to bless Israel, he went not, as at sother times, to seek for enchant-15. 2 ments, but he set his face toward the wilderness. And Balaam theb. to the lifted up his eyes, and he saw Israel abiding in his tents accord-enchanting to their tribes; and the spirit of God came upon him. ments.

3 " And he took up his parable, and said,—
Balaam the son of Beor hath said, and the man * whose eyes 18.

x Heb. who
had his eyes

x Heb. who had his eyes shut, but now ee opened.

4 He hath said, which heard the words of God, which saw the opened vision of the Almighty, falling into a trance, but having his eyes open:

How goodly are thy tents, O Jacob, and thy tabernacles, O Israel!

As the valleys are they spread forth, as gardens by the river's side, as the trees of lign aloes which the LORD hath planted, and as cedar trees beside the waters.

7 He shall pour the water out of his buckets, and his seed shall be in many waters, and his king shall be higher than Agag, and his kingdom shall be exalted.

8 y God brought him forth out of Egypt; he hath as it were y ch. xxiii. the strength of an unicorn: he shall eat up the nations his 22. enemies, and shall break their bones, and pierce them through with his arrows.

g ^z He couched, he lay down as a lion, and as a great lion: z Gen. XIIX.9. who shall stir him up? Blessed is he that blesseth thee, and cursed is he that curseth thee.

10 And Balak's anger was kindled against Balaam, and he smote his hands together: and Balak said unto Balaam, I called thee to curse mine enemies, and, behold, thou hast altologether blessed them these three times. Therefore now flee thou to thy place: I thought to promote thee unto great honour; but, lo, the Lord hath kept thee back from honour. 12 And Balaam said unto Balak, Spake I not also to thy messen-13 gers which thou sentest unto me, saying, If Balak would give me his house full of silver and gold, I cannot go beyond the commandment of the Lord, to do either good or bad of mine 14 own mind; but what the Lord saith, that will I speak? And now, behold, I go unto my people: come therefore, and I will

15

A.C. 1451. advertise thee what this people shall do to thy people in the latter days.

And he took up his parable, and said,—

Balaam the son of Beor hath said, and the man whose eyes are open hath said:

He hath said, which heard the words of God, and knew 16 the knowledge of the most High, which saw the vision of

the Almighty, falling into a trance, but having his eyes open: I shall see him, but not now: I shall behold him, but not 17

nigh: there shall come a Star out of Jacob, and a Sceptre shall rise out of Israel, and shall a smite the corners of Moab, and destroy all the children of Sheth.

And Edom shall be a possession, Seir also shall be a posses-18 sion for his enemies; and Israel shall do valiantly.

Out of Jacob shall come he that shall have dominion, and 19 shall destroy him that remaineth of the city.

And when he looked on Amalek, he took up his parable, and 20 said,

b Or, the first of the nations that warred against Israel. Ex. xvii.

Asshur carry

thee away captive?

a Or, smite through the

princes of Moab.

> Amalek was b the first of the nations; but his latter end c shall be that he perish for ever.

And he looked on the Kenites, and took up his parable, and 21

c Or, shall be Strong is thy dwellingplace, and thou puttest thy nest in a even to destruction. Ex. xvii. 14. rock. Nevertheless d the Kenite shall be wasted, e until Asshur 22 d Heb. Kain. shall carry thee away captive. shall it be ere 23

And he took up his parable, and said,—

Alas, who shall live when God doeth this!

And ships shall come from the coast of Chittim, and shall 24 afflict Asshur, and shall afflict Eber, and he also shall perish for ever.

And Balaam rose up, and went and returned to his place: 25 and Balak also went his way.

The forty-second Journey—The Plains of Moab—Encampment by Bethjesimoth and Abel-shittim.

NUMBERS XXXIII. VER. 49.

And they pitched by Jordan, from Beth-jesimoth even unto 49 ^{a b} Abel-shittim in the plains of Moab.

a Or, the plains of Shittim. bch. xxv. 1.

Idolatry of Baal-Peor.

NUMBERS XXV.

1 Israel at Shittim commit whoredom and idolatry. 6 Phinehas killeth Zimri and Corbi. 10 God therefore giveth him an everlasting priesthood. 16 The Midianites are to be

a ch. xxxiii.

And Israel abode in Shittim, and the people began to com- 1 mit whoredom with the daughters of Moab. And they called 2 the people unto the sacrifices of their gods: and the people did eat, and bowed down to their gods. And Israel joined 3 himself unto Baal-peor: and the anger of the Lord was A.C. 1451.

4 kindled against Israel. And the Lord said unto Moses, b Take b Deut. iv. 3.

all the heads of the people, and hang them up before the Josh. xxii.17.

Lord against the sun, that the fierce anger of the Lord may 5 be turned away from Israel. And Moses said unto the judges of Israel, Slay ye every one his men that were joined unto Baal-peor.

And, behold, one of the children of Israel came and brought unto his brethren a Midianitish woman in the sight of Moses, and in the sight of all the congregation of the children of Israel, who were weeping before the door of the tabernacle of

7 the congregation. And c when Phinehas, the son of Eleazar, c Ps. cvi. 30. the son of Aaron the priest, saw it, he rose up from among the 1 Mac. ii. 54.

s congregation, and took a javelin in his hand; and he went after the man of Israel into the tent, and thrust both of them through, the man of Israel, and the woman through her belly. So the plague was stayed from the children of Israel.

9 And d those that died in the plague were twenty and four d1 Cor. x. 8.

the son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron the priest, hath turned my wrath away from the children of Israel, while he was zealous for my sake among them, that I consumed not the field with the children of Israel in my jealousy. Wherefore say, Behold, I g Ecclus. xlv. 13 give unto him my covenant of peace: and he shall have it, 54. 1 Mac. ii. and his seed after him, even the covenant of an everlasting priesthood; because he was zealous for his God, and made an

14 atonement for the children of Israel. Now the name of the Israelite that was slain, even that was slain with the Midianitish woman, was Zimri, the son of Salu, a prince of a h chief house h Heb. house of a manner of the Midianitish of a father.

15 among the Simeonites. And the name of the Midianitish of a father woman that was slain was Cozbi, the daughter of Zur; he was head over a people, and of a chief house in Midian.

16, 17 And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, 'Vex the ich xxxi.2 18 Midianites, and smite them: for they vex you with their wiles, wherewith they have beguiled you in the matter of Peor, and in the matter of Cozbi, the daughter of a prince of Midian, their sister, which was slain in the day of the plague for Peor's sake.

Third numbering of the People.

NUMBERS XXVI.

- 1 The sum of all Israel is taken in the plains of Moab. 52 The law of dividing among them the inheritance of the land. 57 The families and number of the Levites. 63 None were left of them which were numbered at Sinai, but Caleb and Joshua.
- 1 And it came to pass after the plague, that the LORD spake unto Moses and unto Eleazar the son of Aaron the priest, say-2 ing, Take the sum of all the congregation of the children of

A.C. 1451. Israel, a from twenty years old and upward, throughout their fathers' house, all that are able to go to war in Israel. And 3 a ch. i. 3. Moses and Eleazar the priest spake with them in the plains of Moab by Jordan near Jericho, saying, Take the sum of the peo- 4 ple, from twenty years old and upward; as the LORD b comb ch. i. l. manded Moses and the children of Israel, which went forth out of the land of Egypt.

c Gen. xlvi.8. Ex. vi. 14. 1 Chr. v. 1.

^c Reuben, the eldest son of Israel: the children of Reuben; 5 Hanoch, of whom cometh the family of the Hanochites: of Pallu, the family of the Palluites: of Hezron, the family of 6 the Hezronites: of Carmi, the family of the Carmites. These 7 are the families of the Reubenites: and they that were numbered of them were forty and three thousand and seven hundred and thirty. And the sons of Pallu; Eliab. And the sons of 8.9 Eliab; Nemuel, and Dathan, and Abiram. This is that Dathan and Abiram, which were famous in the congregation, who strove against Moses and against Aaron in the company of Korah, when they strove against the Lord: and the earth 10 opened her mouth, and swallowed them up together with Koral, when that company died, what time the fire devoured two hundred and fifty men: and they became a sign. Notwithstand-11 ing the children of Korah died not.

d Gen. xlvi. 10. Ex. vi. 15, Jemuel. e 1 Chr. iv. 24, Jarib. f Gen. xlvi. 10, Zobar.

The sons of Simeon after their families: of d Nemuel, the 12 family of the Nemuelites: of Jamin, the family of the Jaminites: of e Jachin, the family of the Jachinites: of f Zerah, the 13 family of the Zarhites: of Shaul, the family of the Shaulites. These are the families of the Simeonites, twenty and two thou-14

sand and two hundred.

g Gen. xlvi. 16, Ziphion.

The children of Gad after their families: of g Zephon, the 15 family of the Zephonites: of Haggi, the family of the Hagh Or, Ezbon, gites: of Shuni, the family of the Shunites: of h Ozni, the 16 family of the Oznites: of Eri, the family of the Erites: of 17 Arod, the family of the Arodites: of Areli, the family of the Arelites. These are the families of the children of Gad accord-18 ing to those that were numbered of them, forty thousand and five hundred.

i Gen. xxxviii. 2, &c. & xlvi.

¹ The sons of Judah were Er and Onan: and Er and Onan 19 died in the land of Canaan. And the sons of Judah after their 20 families were; of Shelah, the family of the Shelanites: of Pharez, the family of the Pharzites: of Zerah, the family of the Zarhites. And the sons of Pharez were; of Hezron, the 21 family of the Hezronites: of Hamul, the family of the Hamul-These are the families of Judah according to those that 22 were numbered of them, threescore and sixteen thousand and five hundred.

Of the sons of Issachar after their families: of Tola, the 23 k Or, Phwoah family of the Tolaites: of k Pua, the family of the Punites: of 24 ¹ Jashub, the family of the Jashubites: of Shimron, the family l Or, Job.

25 of the Shimronites. These are the families of Issachar accord-A.C. 1451. ing to those that were numbered of them, threescore and four thousand and three hundred.

Of the sons of Zebulun after their families: of Sered, the family of the Sardites: of Elon, the family of the Elonites: of 27 Jahleel, the family of the Jahleelites. These are the families of the Zebulunites according to those that were numbered of them, threescore thousand and five hundred.

The sons of Joseph after their families were Manasseh and

29 Ephraim. Of the sons of Manasseh: of m Machir, the family m Josh. xvii. of the Machirites: and Machir begat Gilead: of Gilead come 30 the family of the Gileadites. These are the sons of Gilead: of Jeezer, the family of the Jeezerites: of Helek, the family of 31 the Helekites: and of Asriel, the family of the Asrielites: and 32 of Shechem, the family of the Shechemites: and of Shemida,

the family of the Shemidaites: and of Hepher, the family of the Hepherites.

And n Zelophehad the son of Hepher had no sons, but daugh-nch. xxvii.1. ters: and the names of the daughters of Zelophehad were

34 Mahlah, and Noah, Hoglah, Milcah, and Tirzah. These are the families of Manassell, and those that were numbered of them, fifty and two thousand and seven hundred.

These are the sons of Ephraim after their families: of Shuthelah, the family of the Shuthalhites: of Becher, the olchr.vii. family of the Bachrites: of Tahan, the family of the Tahanites.

- 36 And these are the sons of Shuthelah: of Eran, the family of 37 the Eranites. These are the families of the sons of Ephraim according to those that were numbered of them, thirty and two thousand and five hundred. These are the sons of Joseph after their families.
- The sons of Benjamin after their families: of Bela, the family of the Belaites: of Ashbel, the family of the Ashbelites:

39 of p Ahiram, the family of the Ahiramites: of q Shupham, the p. Gen. xlvi. family of the Shuphamites: of Hupham, the family of the 1 Chr. viii. 1, 40 Huphamites. And the sons of Bela were ^r Ard and Naaman: Aharah of Ard, the family of the Ardites: and of Naaman, the family ²¹, Muppim 41 of the Naamites. These are the sons of Benjamin after their ^{r1} Chr. viii.

families: and they that were numbered of them were forty and 3, Addar.

five thousand and six hundred.

These are the sons of Dan after their families: of Shuham, SOr, Hushim. the family of the Shuhamites. These are the families of Dan 43 after their families. All the families of the Shuhamites, accord-

ing to those that were numbered of them, were threescore and four thousand and four hundred.

Of the children of Asher after their families: of Jimna, the family of the Jimnites: of Jesui, the family of the Jesuites: of 45 Beriah, the family of the Beriites. Of the sons of Beriah: of Heber, the family of the Heberites: of Malchiel, the family of

VOL. I.

A.C. 1451. the Malchielites. And the name of the daughter of Asher was 46 Sarah. These are the families of the sons of Asher according 47 to those that were numbered of them; who were fifty and three thousand and four hundred.

> Of the sons of Naphtali after their families: of Jahzeel, the 48 family of the Jahzeelites: of Guni, the family of the Gunites: of Jezer, the family of the Jezerites: of t Shillem, the family of 49 the Shillemites. These are the families of Naphtali according 50 to their families: and they that were numbered of them were forty and five thousand and four hundred. These were the 51 numbered of the children of Israel, six hundred thousand and a thousand seven hundred and thirty.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Unto these the 52,53 land shall be divided for an inheritance according to the number ^u To many thou shalt ^x give the more inheritance, 54 uch. xxxiii. of names. x Heb. multi- and to few thou shalt y give the less inheritance: to every one shall his inheritance be given according to those that were y Heb. diminormal numbered of him. Notwithstanding the land shall be z divided 55 by lot: according to the names of the tribes of their fathers z ch. xxxiii. 54. Josh. xi. they shall inherit. According to the lot shall the possession 56. 23. & xiv. 2. thereof he divided between many and few

thereof be divided between many and few.

³ And these are they that were numbered of the Levites 57 after their families: of Gershon, the family of the Gershonites: of Kohath, the family of the Kohathites: of Merari, the family of the Merarites. These are the families of the Levites: the 58 family of the Libnites, the family of the Hebronites, the family of the Mahlites, the family of the Mushites, the family of the Korathites. And Kohath begat Amram. And the name of 59

b Ex. ii. 1, 2. Amram's wife was b Jochebed, the daughter of Levi, whom her mother bare to Levi in Egypt: and she bare unto Amram Aaron and Moses, and Miriam their sister. And unto Aaron 60 was born Nadab, and Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar.

c Lev. x. 1, 2. c Nadab and Abihu died, when they offered strange fire before & ch. iii. 4. 1 Chr. xxiv.2. the Lord. And those that were numbered of them were 62 twenty and three thousand, all males from a month old and upward: for they were not numbered among the children of Israel, because there was no inheritance given them among the children of Israel.

> These are they that were numbered by Moses and Eleazar 63 the priest, who numbered the children of Israel in the plains of Moab by Jordan near Jericho. But among these there was 64 not a man of them whom Moses and Aaron the priest numbered, when they numbered the children of Israel in the wilderness of Sinai. For the LORD had said of them, They d shall 65 surely die in the wilderness. And there was not left a man of them, save Caleb the son of Jephunneh, and Joshua the son of Nun.

ply his inheritance. ritance.

t l Chr. vii. 13, Shallum.

z ch. xxxiii. a Ex. vi. 16,

17, 18, 19.

& vi. 20.

d ch. xiv. 28, 29. 1 Cor. x. 5, 6.

NUMBERS XXVII. VER. 1-11.

- 1 The daughters of Zelophehad sue for an inheritance. 6 The law of inheritances.
- Then came the daughters of e Zelophehad, the son of Hepher, A.C. 1451. the son of Gilead, the son of Machir, the son of Manasseh, of ech. xxvi.33. the families of Manasseh the son of Joseph: and these are the Josh. xvii 3. names of his daughters; Mahlah, Noah, and Hoglah, and 2 Milcah, and Tirzah. And they stood before Moses, and before Eleazar the priest, and before the princes and all the congregation, by the door of the tabernacle of the congregation,

3 saying, Our father f died in the wilderness, and he was not in f ch. xiv. 35. the company of them that gathered themselves together against 65. the LORD in the company of Korah; but died in his own sin,

4 and had no sons. Why should the name of our father be g done g Heb. dimiaway from among his family, because he hath no son? Give unto us therefore a possession among the brethren of our father.

5 And Moses brought their cause before the Lord.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, The daughters of Zelophehad speak right: thou shalt surely give them a possession of an inheritance among their father's brethren; and thou shalt cause the inheritance of their father to pass unto them. 8 And thou shalt speak unto the children of Israel, saying, If a man die, and have no son, then ye shall cause his inheritance 9 to pass unto his daughter. And if he have no daughter, then 10 ye shall give his inheritance unto his brethren. And if he have no brethren, then ye shall give his inheritance unto his 11 father's brethren. And if his father have no brethren, then ve shall give his inheritance unto his kinsman that is next to him of his family, and he shall possess it: and it shall be unto the children of Israel a statute of judgment, as the Lord commanded Moses.

The Law of Inheritance.

NUMBERS XXXVI. VER. 1-12.

- 1 The inconvenience of the inheritance of daughters 5 is remedied by marrying in their own tribes, 7 lest the inheritance should be removed from the tribe. 10 The daughters of Zelophehad marry their father's brothers' sons.
- And the chief fathers of the families of the children of Gilead, the son of Machir, the son of Manasseh, of the families of the sons of Joseph, came near, and spake before Moses, and before the princes, the chief fathers of the children of Israel:

2 and they said, The LORD commanded my lord to give the land for an inheritance by lot to the children of Israel: and a my a ch. xxvii.1. lord was commanded by the LORD to give the inheritance of

3 Zelophehad our brother unto his daughters. And if they be married to any of the sons of the other tribes of the children of Israel, then shall their inheritance be taken from the inheritance of our fathers, and shall be put to the inheritance of the

b Heb. unto whom they shall be.

A.C. 1451. tribe b whereunto they are received: so shall it be taken from the lot of our inheritance. And when the jubile of the chil- 4 dren of Israel shall be, then shall their inheritance be put unto the inheritance of the tribe whereunto they are received: so shall their inheritance be taken away from the inheritance of the tribe of our fathers. And Moses commanded the children 5 of Israel according to the word of the Lord, saying, The tribe of the sons of Joseph hath said well. This is the thing which 6 the LORD doth command concerning the daughters of Zelophehad, saying, Let them c marry to whom they think best; donly to the family of the tribe of their father shall they marry. So shall not the inheritance of the children of Israel remove 7 from tribe to tribe: for every one of the children of Israel shall ekeep himself to the inheritance of the tribe of his fathers. And every daughter, that possesseth an inheritance in any 8 tribe of the children of Israel, shall be wife unto one of the family of the tribe of her father, that the children of Israel may enjoy every man the inheritance of his fathers. Neither 9 shall the inheritance remove from one tribe to another tribe; but every one of the tribes of the children of Israel shall keep himself to his own inheritance. Even as the Lord com-10 fch. xxvii. 1. manded Moses, so did the daughters of Zelophehad: for 11 Mahlah, Tirzah, and Hoglah, and Milcah, and Noah, the daughters of Zelophehad, were married unto their father's brothers' sons: and they were married ginto the families of 12 the sons of Manasseh the son of Joseph, and their inheritance

c Heb. be wives. d Tob. i. 9.

e Heb. cleave to the, &c.

g Heb. to some that were of the families.

Law of Offerings, &c. NUMBERS XXVIII.

remained in the tribe of the family of their father.

1 Offerings are to be observed. 3 The continual burnt offering. 9 The offering on the sabbath, 11 on the new moon, 16 at the passover, 26 in the day of firstfruits.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Command the 1, 2 children of Israel, and say unto them, My offering, and my bread for my sacrifices made by fire, for a a sweet savour unto me, shall ye observe to offer unto me in their due season. And 3 thou shalt say unto them, b This is the offering made by fire which ye shall offer unto the LORD; two lambs of the first year without spot cday by day, for a continual burnt offering. The one lamb shalt thou offer in the morning, and the other 4 lamb shalt thou offer dat even; and a tenth part of an ephah 5 of flour for a e meat offering, mingled with the fourth part of an f hin of beaten oil. It is a continual burnt offering, which 6 was ordained in mount Sinai for a sweet savour, a sacrifice made by fire unto the LORD. And the drink offering thereof 7 shall be the fourth part of an hin for the one lamb: in the holy place shalt thou cause the strong wine to be poured unto the LORD for a drink offering. And the other lamb shalt thou 8

a Heb. a savour of my Test.

b Ex. xxix. 38

c Heb. in a day.

d Heb. between the two eveninas. e Lev. ii. 1. f Ex. xxix. 40

offer at even: as the meat offering of the morning, and as the A.C. 1451. drink offering thereof, thou shalt offer it, a sacrifice made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord.

And on the sabbath day two lambs of the first year without spot, and two tenth deals of flour for a meat offering, mingled 10 with oil, and the drink offering thereof: this is the burnt offering of every sabbath, beside the continual burnt offering, and his drink offering.

And in the beginnings of your months ye shall offer a burnt offering unto the LORD; two young bullocks, and one ram, 12 seven lambs of the first year without spot; and three tenth deals of flour for a meat offering, mingled with oil, for one bullock; and two tenth deals of flour for a meat offering, mingled 13 with oil, for one ram; and a several tenth deal of flour mingled with oil for a meat offering unto one lamb; for a burnt offering 14 of a sweet savour, a sacrifice made by fire unto the Lord. And their drink offerings shall be half an hin of wine unto a bullock, and the third part of an hin unto a ram, and a fourth part of an hin unto a lamb: this is the burnt offering of every 15 month throughout the months of the year. And one kid of the goats for a sin offering unto the Lord shall be offered, beside the continual burnt offering, and his drink offering.

16 g And in the fourteenth day of the first month is the passover g Ex. xii. 18. 17 of the LORD. And in the fifteenth day of this month is the Lev. xxiii. 5 18 feast: seven days shall unleavened bread be eaten. In the

h first day shall be an holy convocation; ye shall do no manner h Lev. xxiii. 19 of servile work therein: but ye shall offer a sacrifice made by fire for a burnt offering unto the LORD; two young bullocks, and one ram, and seven lambs of the first year: they shall be

20 unto you without blemish: and their meat offering shall be of flour mingled with oil: three tenth deals shall ye offer for a 21 bullock, and two tenth deals for a ram; a several tenth deal shalt thou offer for every lamb, throughout the seven lambs: 22 and one goat for a sin offering, to make an atonement for

23 you. Ye shall offer these beside the burnt offering in the 24 morning, which is for a continual burnt offering. After this manner ye shall offer daily, throughout the seven days, the meat of the sacrifice made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord: it shall be offered beside the continual burnt offering,

25 and his drink offering. And on the seventh day ye shall have an holy convocation; ye shall do no servile work.

Also in the day of the firstfruits, when ye bring a new meat offering unto the LORD, after your weeks be out, ye shall have 27 an holy convocation; ye shall do no servile work: but ye shall offer the burnt offering for a sweet savour unto the LORD; two young bullocks, one ram, seven lambs of the first year; 28 and their meat offering of flour mingled with oil, three tenth 29 deals unto one bullock, two tenth deals unto one ram, a several

A.C. 1451, tenth deal unto one lamb, throughout the seven lambs; and 30 one kid of the goats, to make an atonement for you. Ye shall 31 offer them beside the continual burnt offering, and his meat offering, (they shall be unto you without blemish) and their drink offerings.

NUMBERS XXIX.

1 The offering at the feast of trumpets, 7 at the day of afflicting their souls, 13 and on the eight days of the feast of tabernacles.

And in the seventh month, on the first day of the month, 1 ye shall have an holy convocation; ye shall do no servile work: Lev. xxiii. i it is a day of blowing the trumpets unto you. And ye shall 2 offer a burnt offering for a sweet savour unto the LORD; one young bullock, one ram, and seven lambs of the first year without blemish: and their meat offering shall be of flour 3 mingled with oil, three tenth deals for a bullock, and two tenth deals for a ram, and one tenth deal for one lamb, throughout the 4 seven lambs: and one kid of the goats for a sin offering, to 5 make an atonement for you: beside the burnt offering of the 6 month, and his meat offering, and the daily burnt offering, and his meat offering, and their drink offerings, according unto their manner, for a sweet savour, a sacrifice made by fire unto the Lord.

k Lev. xvi. 29. & xxiii.

And k ye shall have on the tenth day of this seventh month 7 an holy convocation; and ye shall afflict your souls: ye shall not do any work therein: but ye shall offer a burnt offering 8 unto the Lord for a sweet savour; one young bullock, one ram, and seven lambs of the first year; they shall be unto you without blemish: and their meat offering shall be of flour 9 mingled with oil, three tenth deals to a bullock, and two tenth deals to one ram, a several tenth deal for one lamb, throughout 10 the seven lambs: one kid of the goats for a sin offering; 11 beside the sin offering of atonement, and the continual burnt offering, and the meat offering of it, and their drink offerings.

And on the fifteenth day of the seventh month ye shall have 12 an holy convocation; ye shall do no servile work, and ye shall keep a feast unto the LORD seven days: and ye shall offer a 13 burnt offering, a sacrifice made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord; thirteen young bullocks, two rams, and fourteen lambs of the first year; they shall be without blemish: and 14 their meat offering shall be of flour mingled with oil, three tenth deals unto every bullock of the thirteen bullocks, two tenth deals to each ram of the two rams, and a several tenth 15 deal to each lamb of the fourteen lambs: and one kid of the 16 goats for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, his meat offering, and his drink offering.

And on the second day ye shall offer twelve young bullocks, 17 two rams, fourteen lambs of the first year without spot: and 18 their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, A.C. 1451.

for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their
19 number, after the manner: and one kid of the goats for a sin
offering; beside the continual burnt offering, and the meat

offering thereof, and their drink offerings.

And on the third day eleven bullocks, two rams, fourteen 21 lambs of the first year without blemish; and their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their number, after the 22 manner: and one goat for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, and his meat offering, and his drink offering.

And on the fourth day ten bullocks, two rams, and fourteen lambs of the first year without blemish: their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their number, after the man-25 ner: and one kid of the goats for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, his meat offering, and his drink

offering.

And on the fifth day nine bullocks, two rams, and fourteen 27 lambs of the first year without spot: and their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their number, after the 28 manner: and one goat for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, and his meat offering, and his drink offering.

And on the sixth day eight bullocks, two rams, and fourteen 30 lambs of the first year without blemish: and their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their number, after the 31 manner: and one goat for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, his meat offering, and his drink offering.

And on the seventh day seven bullocks, two rams, and 33 fourteen lambs of the first year without blemish: and their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullocks, for the rams, and for the lambs, shall be according to their number, 34 after the manner: and one goat for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, his meat offering, and his drink offering.

On the eighth day ye shall have a 1 solemn assembly: ye 1 Lev. xx. ii. 36 shall do no servile work therein: but ye shall offer a burnt offering, a sacrifice made by fire, of a sweet savour unto the Lord: one bullock, one ram, seven lambs of the first year, 37 without blemish: their meat offering and their drink offerings for the bullock, for the ram, and for the lambs, shall be accordase ing to their number, after the manner: and one goat for a sin offering; beside the continual burnt offering, and his meat

offering, and his drink offering. These things ye shall m do 39 unto the Lord in your set feasts, beside your vows, and your freewill offerings, for your burnt offerings, and for your meat offerings, and for your drink offerings, and for your peace offerings. And Moses told the children of Israel according to 40 all that the Lord commanded Moses.

Law of Vows.

NUMBERS XXX.

1 Vows are not to be broken. 3 The exception of a maid's vow. 6 Of a wife's. 9 Of a widow's, or her that is divorced.

And Moses spake unto the heads of the tribes concerning 1 the children of Israel, saying, This is the thing which the Lord hath commanded. If a man yow a vow unto the Lord, 2 or swear an oath to bind his soul with a bond; he shall not a break his word, he shall do according to all that proceedeth out of his mouth. If a woman also vow a vow unto the LORD, 3 and bind herself by a bond, being in her father's house in her youth; and her father hear her vow, and her bond wherewith 4 she hath bound her soul, and her father shall hold his peace at her: then all her vows shall stand, and every bond wherewith she hath bound her soul shall stand. But if her father disallow 5 her in the day that he heareth; not any of her yows, or of her bonds wherewith she hath bound her soul, shall stand: and the LORD shall forgive her, because her father disallowed her. And if she had at all an husband, when b she vowed, or uttered 6 ought out of her lips, wherewith she bound her soul; and her 7 husband heard it, and held his peace at her in the day that he heard it: then her yows shall stand, and her bonds wherewith she bound her soul shall stand. But if her husband disallowed 8 her on the day that he heard it; then he shall make her vow which she vowed, and that which she uttered with her lips, wherewith she bound her soul, of none effect: and the Lord shall forgive her. But every vow of a widow, and of her that 9 is divorced, wherewith they have bound their souls, shall stand against her. And if she vowed in her husband's house, or 10 bound her soul by a bond with an oath; and her husband heard 11 it, and held his peace at her, and disallowed her not: then all her vows shall stand, and every bond wherewith she bound her soul shall stand. But if her husband hath utterly made them 12 void on the day he heard them; then whatsoever proceeded out of her lips concerning her vows, or concerning the bond of her soul, shall not stand: her husband hath made them void; and the LORD shall forgive her. Every vow, and every bind- 13 ing oath to afflict the soul, her husband may establish it, or her husband may make it void. But if her husband altogether 14 hold his peace at her from day to day; then he establisheth all her vows, or all her bonds, which are upon her: he confirmeth

a Heb. pro-

b Heb. her vows were upon her.

them, because he held his peace at her in the day that he heard A.C. 1451. 15 them. But if he shall any ways make them void after that he 16 hath heard them; then he shall bear her iniquity. These are the statutes, which the LORD commanded Moses, between a man and his wife, between the father and his daughter, being yet in her youth in her father's house.

Spoiling of Midian.

NUMBERS XXXI.

1 The Midianites are spoiled, and Balaam slain. 13 Moses is wroth with the officers, for saving the women alive. 19 How the soldiers, with their captives and spoil, are to be purified. 25 The proportion whereby the prey is to be divided. 48 The voluntary oblation unto the treasury of the Lord.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, a Avenge the ach. xxv. 17. children of Israel of the Midianites: afterward shalt thou be bch.xxvii.13. 3 gathered unto thy people. And Moses spake unto the people, saying, Arm some of yourselves unto the war, and let them go 4 against the Midianites, and avenge the LORD of Midian. COf c Heb. A thousand of a every tribe a thousand, throughout all the tribes of Israel, shall tribe, a thousand. 5 ye send to the war. So there were delivered out of the thou-sand of a sands of Israel, a thousand of every tribe, twelve thousand 6 armed for war. And Moses sent them to the war, a thousand of every tribe, them and Phinehas the son of Eleazar the priest, to the war, with the holy instruments, and the trumpets 7 to blow in his hand. And they warred against the Midianites, as the Lord commanded Moses; and they slew all the males. 8 And they slew the kings of Midian, beside the rest of them that were slain; namely, d Evi, and Rekem, and Zur, and Hur, d Josh xiii. and Reba, five kings of Midian: Balaam also the son of Beor 9 they slew with the sword. And the children of Israel took all the women of Midian captives, and their little ones, and took the spoil of all their cattle, and all their flocks, and all 10 their goods. And they burnt all their cities wherein they 11 dwelt, and all their goodly castles, with fire. And they took 12 all the spoil, and all the prey, both of men and of beasts. And they brought the captives, and the prey, and the spoil, unto Moses, and Eleazar the priest, and unto the congregation of the children of Israel, unto the camp at the plains of Moab,

And Moses, and Eleazar the priest, and all the princes of the congregation, went forth to meet them without the camp. 14 And Moses was wroth with the officers of the host, with the captains over thousands, and captains over hundreds, which 15 came from the e battle. And Moses said unto them, Have ye e Heb. host

which are by Jordan near Jericho.

16 saved all the women alive? Behold, f these caused the chil-fch. xxv. 2. dren of Israel, through the g counsel of Balaam, to commit g 2 Pet. ii. 15. trespass against the Lord in the matter of Peor, and there 17 was a plague among the congregation of the LORD.

A.C. 1451. therefore h kill every male among the little ones, and kill every h Judg. xxi. woman that hath known man by lying with i him. But all the 18 11. i Heb. a male, women children, that have not known a man by lying with him, keep alive for yourselves. And do ye abide without the 19 k ch. xix. 11, camp seven days: whosoever hath killed any person, and k whosoever hath touched any slain, purify both yourselves and your captives on the third day, and on the seventh day. And purify 20

all your raiment, and all 1 that is made of skins, and all work I Heb. instrument, or, of goats' hair, and all things made of wood.

> And Eleazar the priest said unto the men of war which went 21 to the battle, This is the ordinance of the law which the LORD commanded Moses; only the gold, and the silver, the brass, 22 the iron, the tin, and the lead, every thing that may abide 23 the fire, ye shall make it go through the fire, and it shall be clean: nevertheless it shall be purified with the water of separation: and all that abideth not the fire ye shall make go through the water. And ye shall wash your clothes on the 24 seventh day, and ye shall be clean, and afterward ye shall come into the camp.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Take the sum 25, 26 m Heb. of the of the prey m that was taken, both of man and of beast, thou, and Eleazar the priest, and the chief fathers of the congregation: and divide the prey into two parts; between them that 27 took the war upon them, who went out to battle, and between all the congregation: and levy a tribute unto the Lord of the 28 men of war which went out to battle: one soul of five hundred, both of the persons, and of the beeves, and of the asses, and of the sheep: take it of their half, and give it unto Eleazar the 29 priest, for an heave offering of the Lord. And of the chil-30 dren of Israel's half, thou shalt take one portion of fifty, of the persons, of the beeves, of the asses, and of the ⁿ flocks, of all manner of beasts, and give them unto the Levites, which keep the charge of the tabernacle of the Lord. And Moses and 31 Eleazar the priest did as the Lord commanded Moses. the booty, being the rest of the prey which the men of war had caught, was six hundred thousand and seventy thousand and five thousand sheep, and threescore and twelve thousand beeves, 33 and threescore and one thousand asses, and thirty and two 34, 35 thousand persons in all, of women that had not known man by lying with him. And the half, which was the portion of them 36 that went out to war, was in number three hundred thousand and seven and thirty thousand and five hundred sheep; and 37 the Lord's tribute of the sheep was six hundred and threescore and fifteen. And the beeves were thirty and six thou-38 sand; of which the LORD's tribute was threescore and twelve. And the asses were thirty thousand and five hundred; of which 39 the Lord's tribute was threescore and one. And the persons 40 were sixteen thousand; of which the Lord's tribute was thirty

captivity.

n Or, goats.

And Moses gave the tribute, which was the A.C. 1451. 41 and two persons. Lord's heave offering, unto Eleazar the priest, as the Lord 42 commanded Moses. And of the children of Israel's half, which 43 Moses divided from the men that warred, (now the half that pertained unto the congregation was three hundred thousand and thirty thousand and seven thousand and five hundred sheep, 44, 45 and thirty and six thousand beeves, and thirty thousand 46, 47 asses and five hundred, and sixteen thousand persons;) even of the children of Israel's half, Moses took one portion of fifty, both of man and of beast, and gave them unto the Levites, which kept the charge of the tabernacle of the LORD; as the Lord commanded Moses.

And the officers which were over thousands of the host, the captains of thousands, and captains of hundreds, came near 49 unto Moses: and they said unto Moses, Thy servants have taken the sum of the men of war which are under our ocharge, o Heb. hand. 50 and there lacketh not one man of us. We have therefore brought an oblation for the LORD, what every man hath p gotten, of jewels of gold, chains, and bracelets, rings, ear-p Heb. found. rings, and tablets, to make an atonement for our souls before 51 the Lord. And Moses and Eleazar the priest took the gold 52 of them, even all wrought jewels. And all the gold of the q offering that they offered up to the LORD, of the captains of q Heb. heave thousands, and of the captains of hundreds, was sixteen thou-53 sand seven hundred and fifty shekels. (For the men of war 54 had taken spoil, every man for himself.) And Moses and Eleazar the priest took the gold of the captains of thousands and of hundreds, and brought it into the tabernacle of the congregation, for a memorial for the children of Israel before the Lord.

The Tribes of Reuben and Gad are assigned their Territories.

NUMBERS XXXII.

1 The Reubenites and Gadites sue for their inheritance on that side Jordan. 6 Moses reproveth them. 16 They offer him conditions to his content. 33 Moses assigneth them the land. 39 They conquer it.

Now the children of Reuben and the children of Gad had a very great multitude of cattle: and when they saw the land of Jazer, and the land of Gilead, that, behold, the place was a 2 place for cattle; the children of Gad and the children of Reuben came and spake unto Moses, and to Eleazar the priest, 3 and unto the princes of the congregation, saying, Ataroth, and Dibon, and Jazer, and ^a Nimrah, and Heshbon, and Elealeh, ^{a ver. 36}, ^{Beth nimrah}. ⁴ and ^b Shebam, and Nebo, and ^c Beon, even the country which ^b ver. ³⁸, the LORD smote before the congregation of Israel, is a land Shibmah. 5 for cattle, and thy servants have cattle: wherefore, said they, Baal-meon. if we have found grace in thy sight, let this land be given

ritance.

A.C. 1451. And by e shall divide the land by lot for an inheritance among 54 b ch. xxvi.53. your families: and to the more ye shall e give the more inheritc Heb. multi-ply his inhe-ance, and to the fewer ye shall d give the less inheritance: ritance. d Heb. dimi- every man's inheritance shall be in the place where his lot nish his inhe- falleth; according to the tribes of your fathers ye shall inherit. But if we will not drive out the inhabitants of the land from 55 before you; then it shall come to pass, that those which ye let e Josh, xxiii. remain of them shall be e pricks in your eyes, and thorns in your 13. Judg. ii. sides and shall you you in the land wherein you dwall. More sides, and shall vex you in the land wherein ye dwell. More-56 over it shall come to pass, that I shall do unto you, as I thought to do unto them.

NUMBERS XXXIV.

1 The borders of the land. 16 The names of the men which shall divide the land.

And the Lord spake unto Moses, saying, Command the 1, 2 children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye come into the land of Canaan; (this is the land that shall fall unto you for an inheritance, even the land of Canaan with the coasts thereof:) f Josh. xv. 1. then fyour south quarter shall be from the wilderness of Zin 3 along by the coast of Edom, and your south border shall be the outmost coast of the salt sea eastward: and your border shall 4 turn from the south to the ascent of Akrabbim, and pass on to Zin: and the going forth thereof shall be from the south to Kadesh-barnea, and shall go on to Hazar-addar, and pass on to Azmon: and the border shall fetch a compass from Azmon 5 unto the river of Egypt, and the goings out of it shall be at the sea. And as for the western border, ye shall even 6 have the great sea for a border: this shall be your west border. And this shall be your north border: from the great sea ye 7 shall point out for you mount Hor: from mount Hor ye shall 8 point out your border unto the entrance of Hamath; and the goings forth of the border shall be to Zedad.

And ye shall point out your east border from Hazar-enan to 10 Shepham: and the coast shall go down from Shepham to Rib-11 lah, on the east side of Ain; and the border shall descend, and g Heb. shoul- shall reach unto the g side of the sea of Chinnereth eastward: and the border shall go down to Jordan, and the goings out of 12 it shall be at the salt sea: this shall be your land with the coasts thereof round about. And Moses commanded the children of 13 Israel, saying, This is the land which ye shall inherit by lot, which the LORD commanded to give unto the nine tribes, and to the half tribe: h For the tribe of the children of Reuben 14 according to the house of their fathers, and the tribe of the children of Gad according to the house of their fathers, have received their inheritance; and half the tribe of Manasseh have received their inheritance: the two tribes and the half tribe 15

And the border shall go on to Ziphron, and the goings out 9 of it shall be at Hazar-enan: this shall be your north border.

h ch. xxxii. 33. Josh. xiv. have received their inheritance on this side Jordan near Jericho A.C. 1451. eastward, toward the sunrising.

16, 17 And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, These are the names of the men which shall divide the land unto you:

i Eleazar the priest, and Joshua the son of Nun.

i Josh. xi

- And ye shall take one prince of every tribe, to divide the 511 land by inheritance.
- 19 And the names of the men are these: Of the tribe of Judah, Caleb the son of Jephunneh.
- 20 And of the tribe of the children of Simeon, Shemuel the son of Ammihud.
- 21 Of the tribe of Benjamin, Elidad the son of Chislon.
- 22 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Dan, Bukki the son of Jogli.
- 23 The prince of the children of Joseph, for the tribe of the children of Manasseh, Hanniel the son of Ephod.
- 24 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Ephraim, Kemuel the son of Shiphtan.
- 25 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Zebulun, Elizaphan the son of Parnach.
- 26 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Issachar, Paltiel the son of Azzan.
- 27 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Asher, Ahihud the son of Shelomi.
- 28 And the prince of the tribe of the children of Naphtali, Pedahel the son of Ammihud.
- These are they whom the LORD commanded to divide the inheritance unto the children of Israel in the land of Canaan.

NUMBERS XXXV.

- Fight and forty cities for the Levites with their suburbs, and measure thereof. 6 Six of them are to be cities of refuge. 9 The laws of murder. 31 No satisfaction for murder.
- 1 And the Lord spake unto Moses in the plains of Moab by
- 2 Jordan near Jericho, saying, ^k Command the children of Israel, ^{k Josh. xxi.2}. that they give unto the Levites of the inheritance of their possession cities to dwell in; and ye shall give also unto the
- 3 Levites suburbs for the cities round about them. And the cities shall they have to dwell in; and the suburbs of them shall be for their cattle, and for their goods, and for all their
- 4 beasts. And the suburbs of the cities, which ye shall give unto the Levites, shall reach from the wall of the city and out-
- 5 ward a thousand cubits round about. And ye shall measure from without the city on the east side two thousand cubits, and on the south side two thousand cubits, and on the west side two thousand cubits, and on the north side two thousand cubits; and the city shall be in the midst: this shall be to them the
- 6 suburbs of the cities. And among the cities which ye shall 1 Deut. iv. 41. give unto the Levites there shall be 1 six cities for refuge, which & xxi. 3.

A.C. 1451. ye shall appoint for the manslayer, that he may flee thither: m Heb. above and m to them ye shall add forty and two cities. So all the 7 them ye shall cities which we shall give to the Levites shall be forty and eight cities: them shall ye give with their suburbs. And the cities 8 which ye shall give shall be of the possession of the children of Israel: from them that have many ye shall give many; but from them that have few ye shall give few: every one shall give of his cities unto the Levites according to his inheritance which n he inheriteth.

n Heb. theu

2. Josh. xx.2.

p Heb. by

error.

And the LORD spake unto Moses, saying, Speak unto the 9, 10 children of Israel, and say unto them, When ye be come over Jordan into the land of Canaan; then ye shall appoint you 11 cities to be cities of refuge for you; that the slayer may flee thither, which killeth any person pat unawares. And they 12 shall be unto you cities for refuge from the avenger; that the manslayer die not, until he stand before the congregation in judgment. And of these cities which ye shall give six cities 13 shall ye have for refuge. Ye shall give three cities on this side 14 Jordan, and three cities shall ye give in the land of Canaan, which shall be cities of refuge. These six cities shall be a 15 refuge, both for the children of Israel, and for the stranger, and for the sojourner among them: that every one that killeth q Ex. xxi. 14. any person unawares may flee thither. q And if he smite him 16

stone of the hand.

the murderer shall surely be put to death. And if he smite 17 r Heb. with a him r with throwing a stone, wherewith he may die, and he die, he is a murderer: the murderer shall surely be put to death. Or if he smite him with an hand weapon of wood, wherewith 18 he may die, and he die, he is a murderer: the murderer shall surely be put to death. The revenger of blood himself shall 19 slay the murderer: when he meeteth him, he shall slay him. But if he thrust him of hatred, or hurl at him by laying of 20

> wait, that he die; or in enmity smite him with his hand, that 21 he die: he that smote him shall surely be put to death; for he

> priest, which was anointed with the holy oil. But if the 26 slaver shall at any time come without the borders of the city of his refuge, whither he was fled; and the revenger of blood 27

with an instrument of iron, so that he die, he is a murderer:

s Deut. xix.

is a murderer: the revenger of blood shall slay the murderer, Ex. xxi. 13. when he meeteth him. But if he thrust him suddenly t with- 22 out enmity, or have cast upon him any thing without laying of wait, or with any stone, wherewith a man may die, seeing 23 him not, and cast it upon him, that he die, and was not his enemy, neither sought his harm: then the congregation shall 24 judge between the slaver and the revenger of blood according to these judgments: and the congregation shall deliver the 25 slayer out of the hand of the revenger of blood, and the congregation shall restore him to the city of his refuge, whither he was fled: and he shall abide in it unto the death of the high

find him without the borders of the city of his refuge, and the A.C. 1451. revenger of blood kill the slayer; " he shall not be guilty of u Heb. 100 28 blood: because he should have remained in the city of his beto him. refuge until the death of the high priest: but after the death of the high priest the slayer shall return into the land of his 29 possession. So these things shall be for a statute of judgment unto you throughout your generations in all your dwellings. 30 Whoso killeth any person, the murderer shall be put to death by the * mouth of witnesses: but one witness shall not testify * Deut. xvii.
31 against any person to cause him to die. Moreover ye shall take Matt. xviii. no satisfaction for the life of a murderer, which is y guilty of 16.2 Cor.xiii. 32 death: but he shall be surely put to death. And ye shall take y lieb faulty no satisfaction for him that is fled to the city of his refuge, that he should come again to dwell in the land, until the death of So ye shall not pollute the land wherein ye are: for blood it defileth the land: and z the land cannot be cleansed z Hcb. there of the blood that is shed therein, but by the blood of him that expiation for 34 shed it. Defile not therefore the land which ye shall inhabit, wherein I dwell: for I the LORD dwell among the children of Israel.

Final exhortation of Moses—Repetition of the Moral Law.

DEUTERONOMY I.

1 Moses' speech in the end of the fortieth year, briefly rehearing the story 6 of God's promise, 13 of giving them officers, 19 of sending the spies to search the land, 34 of God's anger for their incredulity, 41 and disobedience.

this side Jordan in the wilderness, in the plain over against ^a the Red sea, between Paran, and Tophel, and Laban, and a Or, Zuph. 2 Hazeroth, and Dizahab. (There are eleven days' journey from 3 Horeb by the way of mount Seir unto Kadesh-barnea.) it came to pass in the fortieth year, in the eleventh month, on the first day of the month, that Moses spake unto the children of Israel, according unto all that the Lord had given him in 4 commandment unto them; bafter he had slain Sihon the king b Num. xxi.

These be the words which Moses spake unto all Israel on

of the Amorites, which dwelt in Heshbon, and Og the king of 5 Bashan, which dwelt at Astaroth in Edrei: on this side Jordan, in the land of Moab, began Moses to declare this law, saying,

6 The LORD our God spake unto us in Horeb, saying, Ye have 7 dwelt long enough in this mount: turn you, and take your journey, and go to the mount of the Amorites, and unto call c Heb. all his

the places nigh thereunto, in the plain, in the hills, and in the vale, and in the south, and by the sea side, to the land of the Canaanites, and unto Lebanon, unto the great river, the river

8 Euphrates. Behold, I have d set the land before you: go d Heb. given. in and possess the land which the LORD sware unto your fathers, e Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob, to give unto them and to e Gen. xv.18. their seed after them.

A.C. 1451.

And I spake unto you at that time, saying, I am not able to 9 bear you myself alone: the LORD your God hath multiplied 10 you, and, behold, ye are this day as the stars of heaven for multitude. (The Lord God of your fathers make you a thou- 11 sand times so many more as ye are, and bless you, as he hath promised you!) How can I myself alone bear your cumbrance, 12 and your burden, and your strife? f Take you wise men, 13 and understanding, and known among your tribes, and I will make them rulers over you. And ye answered me, and said, 14 The thing which thou hast spoken is good for us to do. So I 15 took the chief of your tribes, wise men, and known, and made them heads over you, captains over thousands, and captains over hundreds, and captains over fifties, and captains over tens, and officers among your tribes. And I charged your 16 judges at that time, saying, Hear the causes between your brethren, and giudge righteously between every man and his brother, and the stranger that is with him. h Ye shall not 17 i respect persons in judgment; but ye shall hear the small as well as the great; ye shall not be afraid of the face of man; for the judgment is God's: and the cause that is too hard for you, bring it unto me, and I will hear it. And I commanded 18 you at that time all the things which ye should do.

g John vii. 24. h Lev. xix. 15. ch. xvi. 19. 1 Sam. xvi. 7. Prov. xxiv. 23. i Heb. ac**knowl**edg**e** faces.

> And when we departed from Horeb, we went through all 19 that great and terrible wilderness, which ye saw by the way of the mountain of the Amorites, as the Lord our God commanded us; and we came to Kadesh-barnea. And I said unto 20 you, Ye are come unto the mountain of the Amorites, which the Lord our God doth give unto us. Behold, the Lord thy 21 God hath set the land before thee: go up and possess it, as the LORD God of thy fathers hath said unto thee; fear not, neither be discouraged.

l Num. xiii.

And ye came near unto me every one of you, and said, We 22 will send men before us, and they shall search us out the land. and bring us word again by what way we must go up, and into what cities we shall come. And the saying pleased me well: 23 k Num. xiii. and k I took twelve men of you, one of a tribe: and 1 they 24 turned and went up into the mountain, and came unto the valley of Eschol, and searched it out. And they took of the 25 fruit of the land in their hands, and brought it down unto us, and brought us word again, and said, It is a good land which the LORD our God doth give us. Notwithstanding ye would 26 not go up, but rebelled against the commandment of the LORD your God: and ye murmured in your tents, and said, Because 27 the LORD hated us, he hath brought us forth out of the land of Egypt, to deliver us into the hand of the Amorites, to destroy us. Whither shall we go up? our brethren have m discouraged 28 our heart, saying, The people is greater and taller than we; the cities are great and walled up to heaven; and moreover we

m Heb. melted.

29 have seen the sons of the ⁿ Anakims there. Then I said unto A.C. 1451. The Lord your n Num. xiii. 30 you, Dread not, neither be afraid of them. God which goeth before you, he shall fight for you, according 28. 31 to all that he did for you in Egypt before your eyes; and in the wilderness, where thou hast seen how that the LORD thy God bare thee, as a man doth bear his son, in all the way that ye 32 went, until ye came into this place. Yet in this thing ye did 33 not believe the LORD your God, o who went in the way before o Ex. xiii. 21. you, to search you out a place to pitch your tents in, in fire by night, to shew you by what way ye should go, and in a cloud 34 by day. And the Lord heard the voice of your words, and 35 was wroth, and sware, saying, P Surely there shall not one of p Num. xiv. these men of this evil generation see that good land, which I 36 sware to give unto your fathers, save Caleb the son of Jephunneh; he shall see it, and to him will I give the land that he hath trodden upon, and to his children, because he hath q wholly fol- q Heb. fulfil-37 lowed the Lord. Also the Lord was angry with me for r Num. xx. 38 your sakes, saying, Thou also shalt not go in thither. But 12. & xxvii. 14. ch. iii. 26. Joshua the son of Nun, which standeth before thee, he shall go & iv. 21. & in thither: encourage him: for he shall cause Israel to inherit Moreover your little ones, which ye said should be a prey, and your children, which in that day had no knowledge between good and evil, they shall go in thither, and unto them will I 40 give it, and they shall possess it. But as for you, turn you, and take your journey into the wilderness by the way of the 41 Red sea. Then ye answered and said unto me, 8 We have 8 Num. xiv. sinned against the LORD, we will go up and fight, according to all that the LORD our God commanded us. And when ye had girded on every man his weapons of war, ye were ready to go 42 up into the hill. And the LORD said unto me, Say unto them, Go not up, neither fight; for I am not among you; lest ye be 43 smitten before your enemies. So I spake unto you; and ye would not hear, but rebelled against the commandment of the 44 Lord, and twent presumptuously up into the hill. And the t Heb. ye Amorites, which dwelt in that mountain, came out against you, sumptuous and chased you, as bees do, and destroyed you in Seir, even and went up. 45 unto Hormah. And ye returned and wept before the LORD; but the LORD would not hearken to your voice, nor give ear 46 unto you. So ye abode in Kadesh many days, according unto the days that ye abode there.

DEUTERONOMY II. VER. 1.

Then we turned, and took our journey into the wilderness by the way of the Red sea, as the LORD spake unto me; and we compassed mount Seir many days.

²⁹ DEUTERONOMY X. VER. 6-9.

A.C. 1451.

u Num. xxxiii. 30. x Num. xx. 28.

And the children of Israel took their journey from Beeroth 6 of the children of Jaakan to "Mosera: "there Aaron died, and there he was buried; and Eleazar his son ministered in the priest's office in his stead. From thence they journeyed unto 7 Gudgodah; and from Gudgodah to Jotbath, a land of rivers of

At that time the LORD separated the tribe of Levi, to bear 8 the ark of the covenant of the Lord, to stand before the Lord to minister unto him, and to bless in his name, unto this day. y Num. xviii. y Wherefore Levi hath no part nor inheritance with his brethren; 9 the LORD is his inheritance, according as the LORD thy God promised him.

DEUTERONOMY II. VER. 2, TO THE END.

And the Lord spake unto me, saying, Ye have compassed 2, 3 this mountain long enough: turn you northward. And com- 4 mand thou the people, saying, Ye are to pass through the coast of your brethren the children of Esau, which dwell in Seir; and they shall be afraid of you: take ye good heed unto yourselves therefore: meddle not with them; for I will not give you of 5 their land, ^z no, not so much as a foot breadth; ^a because I have ing of the sole given mount Seir unto Esau for a possession. Ye shall buy 6 a Gen. xxxvi. meat of them for money, that ye may eat; and ye shall also buy water of them for money, that we may drink. For the 7 LORD thy God hath blessed thee in all the works of thy hand: he knoweth thy walking through this great wilderness: these forty years the Lord thy God hath been with thee; thou hast lacked nothing. And when we passed by from our brethren 8 the children of Esau, which dwelt in Seir, through the way of the plain from Elath, and from Ezion-gaber, we turned and passed by the way of the wilderness of Moab. And the LORD 9 said unto me, b Distress not the Moabites, neither contend with them in battle: for I will not give thee of their land for a posagainst Moab. session; because I have given Ar unto the children of Lot for a possession. The Emims dwelt therein in times past, a people 10 great, and many, and tall, as the Anakims; which also were 11 accounted giants, as the Anakims; but the Moabites call them c Gen. xxxvi. Emims. The Horims also dwelt in Seir beforetime; but the 12 d Heb. inhe- children of Esau d succeeded them, when they had destroyed them from before them, and dwelt in their e stead; as Israel did

b Or, Use no hostility

z Heb. even

to the tread-

of the foot.

rited them. e Or, room.

²⁹ These four verses are inserted here on the authority of Dr. Kennicott, (Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 195.) For the reconciling the apparent contradiction of this passage, with that in Numbers xxxiii. 31, 32; in the former of which Aaron is said to have died at Moserah, and in the latter at Mount Hor, vide Lightfoot, vol. i. p. 39, and Pfeiffer in loc. Pfeiffer supposes Moserah to have been a part of Mount Hor; and that the Jaakan mentioned in Deut. x. 6, is different from the city of Bene-jaakan. See, too, Wells's Commentary, vol. i. part ii. p. 163, note.

unto the land of his possession, which the Lord gave unto A.C. 1451. Now rise up, said I, and get you over the g brook f Num, xxi. 14 Zered. And we went over the brook Zered. And the space 12. g Or, valley. in which we came from Kadesh-barnea, until we were come over the brook Zered, was thirty and eight years; until all the generation of the men of war were wasted out from among the 15 host, as the Lord sware unto them. For indeed the hand of the LORD was against them, to destroy them from among the host, until they were consumed.

So it came to pass, when all the men of war were consumed 17 and dead from among the people, that the LORD spake unto me, 18 saying, Thou art to pass over through Ar, the coast of Moab, 19 this day: and when thou comest nigh over against the children of Ammon, distress them not, nor meddle with them: for I will not give thee of the land of the children of Ammon any possession; because I have given it unto the children of Lot for a 20 possession. (That also was accounted a land of giants: giants dwelt therein in old time; and the Ammonites call them

21 h Zamzummims; a people great, and many, and tall, as the h Gen. xiv. 5, Anakims; but the LORD destroyed them before them; and Zuzims.

22 they succeeded them, and dwelt in their stead: as he did to the children of Esau, which dwelt in Seir, when he destroyed the Horims from before them; and they succeeded them, and 23 dwelt in their stead even unto this day: and the Avims which

dwelt in Hazerim, even unto Azzah, the Caphtorims, which came forth out of Caphtor, destroyed them, and dwelt in their stead.)

Rise ye up, take your journey, and pass over the river Arnon: behold, I have given into thine hand Sihon the Amorite, king of Heshbon, and his land: i begin to possess it, and contend i Heb. begin,

25 with him in battle. This day will I begin to put the dread of possess. thee and the fear of thee upon the nations that are under the whole heaven, who shall hear report of thee, and shall tremble, and be in anguish because of thee.

And I sent messengers out of the wilderness of Kedemoth 27 unto Sihon king of Heshbon with words of peace, saying, Let k Num. xxi. me pass through thy land: I will go along by the high way, I

28 will neither turn unto the right hand nor to the left. Thou shalt sell me meat for money, that I may eat; and give me water for money, that I may drink: only I will pass through 29 on my feet; (as the children of Esau which dwell in Seir, and the Moabites which dwell in Ar, did unto me;) until I shall pass over Jordan into the land which the Lord our God giveth 30 us. But Sihon king of Heshbon would not let us pass by him: for the LORD thy God hardened his spirit, and made his heart

obstinate, that he might deliver him into thy hand, as appeareth 31 this day. And the LORD said unto me, Behold, I have begun to give Sihon and his land before thee: begin to possess, that

A.C. 1451. thou mayest inherit his land. 1 Then Sihon came out against 32 Num. xxi. us, he and all his people, to fight at Jahaz. And the LORD our 33 God delivered him before us; and we smote him, and his sons, and all his people. And we took all his cities at that time, and 34 m Heb. every utterly destroyed m the men, and the women, and the little ones, of every city, we left none to remain: only the cattle we took 35 for a prey unto ourselves, and the spoil of the cities which we took. From Aroer, which is by the brink of the river Arnon, 36 and from the city that is by the river, even unto Gilead, there was not one city too strong for us: the LORD our God delivered all unto us: only unto the land of the children of Ammon thou 37 camest not, nor unto any place of the river Jabbok, nor unto the cities in the mountains, nor unto whatsoever the LORD our

city of men, and women, and little ones.

DEUTERONOMY III.

1 The story of the conquest of Og king of Bashan. 11 The bigness of his bed. 12 The distribution of those lands to the two tribes and half. 23 Moses' prayer to enter into the land. 26 He is permitted to see it.

n Num. xxi. 33, &c. ch. xxix. 7.

God forbad us.

Then we turned, and went up the way to Bashan: and "Og 1 the king of Bashan came out against us, he and all his people, to battle at Edrei. And the LORD said unto me, Fear him 2 not: for I will deliver him, and all his people, and his land, into thy hand; and thou shalt do unto him as thou didst unto the Lord our God delivered into our hands Og also, the king

o Num. xxi. 24.

^o Sihon king of the Amorites, which dwelt at Heshbon. p Num. xxi. of Bashan, and all his people: p and we smote him until none was left to him remaining. And we took all his cities at that 4 time, there was not a city which we took not from them, threescore cities, all the region of Argob, the kingdom of Og in Bashan. All these cities were fenced with high walls, gates, and 5 bars; beside unwalled towns a great many. And we utterly 6 destroyed them, as we did unto Sihon king of Heshbon, utterly destroying the men, women, and children, of every city. But 7 all the cattle, and the spoil of the cities, we took for a prey to ourselves. And we took at that time out of the hand of the 8 two kings of the Amorites the land that was on this side Jordan, from the river of Arnon unto mount Hermon; (which Hermon 9 the Sidonians call Sirion; and the Amorites call it Shenir;) all the cities of the plain, and all Gilead, and all Bashan, unto 10 Salchah and Edrei, cities of the kingdom of Og in Bashan. For only Og king of Bashan remained of the remnant of giants; 11 behold, his bedstead was a bedstead of iron; is it not in Rabbath of the children of Ammon? nine cubits was the length thereof, and four cubits the breadth of it, after the cubit of a And this land, which we possessed at that time, from 12 Aroer, which is by the river Arnon, and half mount Gilead, and q the cities thereof, gave I unto the Reubenites and to the Gadites. And the rest of Gilead, and all Bashan, being the 13

g Num. xxxii. 33. Josh, xiii. 8,

kingdom of Og, gave I unto the half tribe of Manasseh; all A.C. 1451. the region of Argob, with all Bashan, which was called the land 14 of giants. Jair the son of Manasseh took all the country of Argob unto the coasts of Geshuri and Maachathi; and realled Num.xxxii. them after his own name, Bashan-havoth-jair, unto this day. 15, 16 And I gave Gilead unto Machir. And unto the Reubenites and unto the Gadites I gave from Gilead even unto the river Arnon half the valley, and the border even unto the river 17 Jabbok, which is the border of the children of Ammon; the plain also, and Jordan, and the coast thereof, from Chinnereth even unto the sea of the plain, even the salt sea, s under Ash-s Or, under the springs of doth-Pisgah eastward. And I commanded you at that time, saying, The Lord your the hill. God hath given you this land to possess it: t ye shall pass over t Num. armed before your brethren the children of Israel, all that are xxxii. 20,&c. 19 " meet for the war. But your wives, and your little ones, and "Heb. sons your cattle, (for I know that ye have much cattle,) shall abide 20 in your cities which I have given you; until the LORD have given rest unto your brethren, as well as unto you, and until they also possess the land which the LORD your God hath given them beyond Jordan: and then shall ye x return every x Josh. xxii. man unto his possession, which I have given you. And y I commanded Joshua at that time, saying, Thine y Num. eyes have seen all that the LORD your God hath done unto these two kings: so shall the LORD do unto all the kingdoms 22 whither thou passest. Ye shall not fear them: for the LORD 23 your God he shall fight for you. And I besought the LORD 24 at that time, saying, O LORD God, thou hast begun to shew thy servant thy greatness, and thy mighty hand: for what God is there in heaven or in earth, that can do according to thy 25 works, and according to thy might? I pray thee, let me go over, and see the good land that is beyond Jordan, that goodly 26 mountain, and Lebanon. But the Lord was wroth with me z Num xx. for your sakes, and would not hear me: and the Lord said 12 ch. i. 37. unto me, Let it suffice thee; speak no more unto me of this 27 matter. Get thee up into the top of a Pisgah, and lift up a Or, the hill thine eyes westward, and northward, and southward, and eastward, and behold it with thine eyes: for thou shalt not go over 28 this Jordan. But charge Joshua, and encourage him, and strengthen him: for he shall go over before this people, and he shall cause them to inherit the land which thou shalt see.

DEUTERONOMY IV.

29 So we abode in the valley over against Beth-peor.

1 An exhortation to obedience. 41 Moses appointeth the three cities of refuge on that side Jordan.

Now therefore hearken, O Israel, unto the statutes and unto the judgments, which I teach you, for to do them, that ye may

A.C. 1451. live, and go in and possess the land which the LORD God of

b ch. xii, 32. your fathers giveth you. b Ye shall not add unto the word 2 Josh. i. 7. Prov. xxx. 6. which I command you, neither shall ye diminish ought from it, Rev. xxii. 18, that ye may keep the commandments of the Lord your God which I command you. Your eyes have seen what the LORD 3 Num xxv. did because of Baal-peor: for all the men that followed Baalpeor, the LORD thy God hath destroyed them from among you. But ye that did cleave unto the LORD your God are alive 4 every one of you this day. Behold, I have taught you statutes 5 and judgments, even as the LORD my God commanded me, that ye should do so in the land whither ye go to possess it. Keep therefore and do them; for this is your wisdom and your 6 understanding in the sight of the nations, which shall hear all these statutes, and say, Surely this great nation is a wise and understanding people. For what nation is there so great, who 7 hath God so nigh unto them, as the LORD our God is in all things that we call upon him for? And what nation is there so 8 great, that hath statutes and judgments so righteous as all this law, which I set before you this day? Only take heed to 9 thyself, and keep thy soul diligently, lest thou forget the things which thine eyes have seen, and lest they depart from thy heart all the days of thy life: but teach them thy sons, and thy sons' sons; specially the day that thou stoodest before the 10 LORD thy God in Horeb, when the LORD said unto me, Gather me the people together, and I will make them hear my words, that they may learn to fear me all the days that they shall live upon the earth, and that they may teach their children. And ye came near and stood under the mountain; and 11 d Ex. xix.18. the d mountain burned with fire unto the e midst of heaven, with darkness, clouds, and thick darkness. And the LORD 12 spake unto you out of the midst of the fire: ye heard the voice of the words, but saw no similitude; fonly ye heard a voice. And he declared unto you his covenant, which he commanded 13 you to perform, even ten commandments; and he wrote them upon two tables of stone.

e Heb. heart.

f Heb. save a voice.

> And the LORD commanded me at that time to teach you 14 statutes and judgments, that ye might do them in the land whither ye go over to possess it. Take ye therefore good heed 15 unto yourselves; for ye saw no manner of similitude on the day that the Lord spake unto you in Horeb out of the midst of the fire: lest ye corrupt yourselves, and make you a graven 16 image, the similitude of any figure, the likeness of male or female, the likeness of any beast that is on the earth, the like-17 ness of any winged fowl that flieth in the air, the likeness of 18 any thing that creepeth on the ground, the likeness of any fish that is in the waters beneath the earth: and lest thou lift up 19 thine eves unto heaven, and when thou seest the sun, and the moon, and the stars, even all the host of heaven, shouldest be

PART VIII. THE WANDERING IN THE WILDERNESS. driven to worship them, and serve them, which the LORD thy A.C. 1451. God hath g divided unto all nations under the whole heaven. g Or, impart-20 But the LORD hath taken you, and brought you forth out of ed. the iron furnace, even out of Egypt, to be unto him a people 21 of inheritance, as ye are this day. Furthermore the Lord was angry with me for your sakes, and sware that I should not go over Jordan, and that I should not go in unto that good land, 22 which the LORD thy God giveth thee for an inheritance: but I must die in this land, I must not go over Jordan: but ye 23 shall go over, and possess that good land. Take heed unto yourselves, lest ye forget the covenant of the Lord your God, which he made with you, and make you a graven image, or the likeness of any thing, which the LORD thy God hath forbidden For h the Lord thy God is a consuming fire, even a h ch. ix. 3. 24 thee. jealous God. When thou shalt beget children, and children's children, and ye shall have remained long in the land, and shall corrupt yourselves, and make a graven image, or the likeness of any thing, and shall do evil in the sight of the Lord thy God, to 26 provoke him to anger: I call heaven and earth to witness against you this day, that ye shall soon utterly perish from off the land whereunto ye go over Jordan to possess it; ye shall not pro-27 long your days upon it, but shall utterly be destroyed. And the LORD shall scatter you among the nations, and ye shall be left few in number among the heathen, whither the LORD 28 shall lead you. And there ye shall serve gods, the work of men's hands, wood and stone, which neither see, nor hear, nor 29 eat, nor smell. But if from thence thou shalt seek the LORD thy God, thou shalt find him, if thou seek him with all thy 30 heart and with all thy soul. When thou art in tribulation, and

all these things i are come upon thee, even in the latter days, i Heb. have

not forsake thee, neither destroy thee, nor forget the covenant 32 of thy fathers which he sware unto them. For ask now of the days that are past, which were before thee, since the day that God created man upon the earth, and ask from the one side of heaven unto the other, whether there hath been any such thing as this great thing is, or hath been heard like it? 33 Did ever people hear the voice of God speaking out of the 34 midst of the fire, as thou hast heard, and live? Or hath God assayed to go and take him a nation from the midst of another nation, by temptations, by signs, and by wonders, and by war, and by a mighty hand, and by a stretched out arm, and by great terrors, according to all that the Lord your God did 35 for you in Egypt before your eyes? Unto thee it was shewed, that thou mightest know that the LORD he is God; there is 36 none else beside him. Out of heaven he made thee to hear

if thou turn to the LORD thy God, and shalt be obedient unto 31 his voice: (for the Lord thy God is a merciful God;) he will

A.C. 1451. his voice, that he might instruct thee: and upon earth he shewed thee his great fire; and thou heardest his words out of the midst of the fire. And because he loved thy fathers, there-37 fore he chose their seed after them, and brought thee out in his sight with his mighty power out of Egypt; to drive out 38 nations from before thee greater and mightier than thou art, to bring thee in, to give thee their land for an inheritance, as it is this day. Know therefore this day, and consider it in 39 thine heart, that the LORD he is God in heaven above, and upon the earth beneath: there is none else. Thou shalt keep 40 therefore his statutes, and his commandments, which I command thee this day, that it may go well with thee, and with thy children after thee, and that thou mayest prolong thy days upon the earth, which the LORD thy God giveth thee, for ever.

Then Moses severed three cities on this side Jordan toward 41 the sun rising; that the slaver might flee thither, which should 42 kill his neighbour unawares, and hated him not in times past; and that fleeing unto one of these cities he might live: k Josh. xx. 8. namely, k Bezer in the wilderness, in the plain country, of the 43 Reubenites; and Ramoth in Gilead, of the Gadites; and Golan

And this is the law which Moses set before the children of 44

in Bashan, of the Manassites.

Israel: these are the testimonies, and the statutes, and the 45 judgments, which Moses spake unto the children of Israel, after they came forth out of Egypt, on this side Jordan, in the 46 valley over against Beth-peor, in the land of Sihon king of the Amorites, who dwelt at Heshbon, whom Moses and the children of Israel 1 smote, after they were come forth out of Egypt: 24. ch. i. 4. m Num. xxi. and they possessed his land, and the land m of Og king of 47 35. ch. iii. 3,4. Bashan, two kings of the Amorites, which were on this side Jordan toward the sun rising; from Aroer, which is by the 48 bank of the river Arnon, even unto mount Sion, which is Hermon, and all the plain on this side Jordan eastward, even unto 49 n ch. iii. 17. the sea of the plain, under the n springs of Pisgah.

Repetition of the Moral Law.

DEUTERONOMY V.

1 The covenant in Horeb. 6 The ten commandments. 22 At the people's request Moses receiveth the law from God.

And Moses called all Israel, and said unto them, Hear, O 1 Israel, the statutes and judgments which I speak in your ears this day, that ye may learn them, and a keep, and do them. b The LORD our God made a covenant with us in Horeb. 2 The LORD made not this covenant with our fathers, but with 3 us, even us, who are all of us here alive this day. The LORD 4 talked with you face to face in the mount out of the midst of the fire, (I stood between the LORD and you at that time, to 5

a Heb. keep to do them. b Ex. xix. 5. shew you the word of the LORD: for ye were afraid by reason A.C. 1451. of the fire, and went not up into the mount;) saying,

°I am the LORD thy God, which brought thee out of the c Ex. xx. 2, 7 land of Egypt, from the house of d bondage. Thou shalt have &c. Lev. xxvi. 1. Ps. none other gods before me.

Thou shalt not make thee any graven image, or any like-vante. ness of any thing that is in heaven above, or that is in the earth 9 beneath, or that is in the waters beneath the earth: thou shalt not bow down thyself unto them, nor serve them: for I the Lord thy God am a jealous God, e visiting the iniquity of the e Ex. xxxiv. fathers upon the children unto the third and fourth generation

10 of them that hate me, fand shewing mercy unto thousands of fler. xxxii. them that love me and keep my commandments.

Thou shalt not take the name of the LORD thy God in vain: for the LORD will not hold him guiltless that taketh his name

in vain. Keep the sabbath day to sanctify it, as the LORD thy God

13 hath commanded thee. Six days thou shalt labour, and do all 14 thy work: but the seventh day is the g sabbath of the LORD g Gen. ii. 2. Heb. iv. 4. thy God: in it thou shalt not do any work, thou, nor thy son, nor thy daughter, nor thy manservant, nor thy maidservant, nor thine ox, nor thine ass, nor any of thy cattle, nor thy stranger that is within thy gates; that thy manservant and thy 15 maidservant may rest as well as thou. And remember that thou wast a servant in the land of Egypt, and that the Lord thy God brought thee out thence through a mighty hand and by a stretched out arm: therefore the Lord thy God commanded thee to keep the sabbath day.

Honour thy father and thy mother, as the LORD thy God hath commanded thee; that thy days may be prolonged, and that it may go well with thee, in the land which the LORD thy God giveth thee.

h Thou shalt not kill. 17

i Neither shalt thou commit adultery.

k Neither shalt thou steal.

Neither shalt thou bear false witness against thy neigh-

h Matt. v. 21. i Luke xviii. 20. k Rom. xiii.

1 Neither shalt thou desire thy neighbour's wife, neither shalt 1 Rom. vii. 7. thou covet thy neighbour's house, his field, or his manservant, or his maidservant, his ox, or his ass, or any thing that is thy

neighbour's.

18

These words the LORD spake unto all your assembly in the mount out of the midst of the fire, of the cloud, and of the thick darkness, with a great voice: and he added no more. And he wrote them in two tables of stone, and delivered them And it came to pass, when ye heard the voice out of the midst of the darkness, (for the mountain did burn with fire,) that ye came near unto me, even all the heads of your

A.C. 1451. tribes, and your elders; and ye said, Behold, the LORD our 24 God hath shewed us his glory and his greatness, and m we have m Ex. xix. heard his voice out of the midst of the fire: we have seen this n ch. iv. 33.

day that God doth talk with man, and he n liveth. Now there-25 fore why should we die? for this great fire will consume us:

o Heb. add to hear.

if we hear the voice of the Lord our God any more, then we For who is there of all flesh, that hath heard the 26 voice of the living God speaking out of the midst of the fire, as we have, and lived? Go thou near, and hear all that the 27

p Ex. xx. 19. LORD our God shall say: and p speak thou unto us all that the LORD our God shall speak unto thee; and we will hear it, and And the LORD heard the voice of your words, when ye 28 spake unto me; and the LORD said unto me, I have heard the voice of the words of this people, which they have spoken unto thee: they have well said all that they have spoken. O that 29 there were such an heart in them, that they would fear me, and keep all my commandments always, that it might be well with them, and with their children for ever! Go say to them, Get 30 you into your tents again. But as for thee, stand thou here 31 by me, and I will speak unto thee all the commandments, and the statutes, and the judgments, which thou shalt teach them, that they may do them in the land which I give them to possess it. Ye shall observe to do therefore as the Lord your 32 God hath commanded you: ye shall not turn aside to the right hand or to the left. Ye shall walk in all the ways which the 33 Lord your God hath commanded you, that ye may live, and that it may be well with you, and that ye may prolong your days

DEUTERONOMY VI.

1 The end of the law is obedience. 3 An exhortation thereto.

Now these are the commandments, the statutes, and the 1 judgments, which the Lord your God commanded to teach you, that ye might do them in the land whither ye qgo to possess it: that thou mightest fear the LORD thy God, to keep all 2 his statutes and his commandments, which I command thee, thou, and thy son, and thy son's son, all the days of thy life;

and that thy days may be prolonged.

in the land which ye shall possess.

Hear therefore, O Israel, and observe to do it; that it may 3 be well with thee, and that ye may increase mightily, as the LORD God of thy fathers hath promised thee, in the land that floweth with milk and honey. Hear, O Israel: the LORD our 4 God is one LORD: and thou shalt love the LORD thy God 5 Mark xii. 30. with all thine heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy might. And 8 these words, which I command thee this day, 6 shall be in thine heart: and thou shalt teach them diligently 7 unto thy children, and shalt talk of them when thou sittest in thine house, and when thou walkest by the way, and when thou

q Heb. pass oner.

r ch. x. 12. Matt.xxii.37. Luke x. 27. s ch. xi. 18. t Heb. whet. or, sharpen.

8 liest down, and when thou risest up. And thou shalt bind them A.C. 1451. for a sign upon thine hand, and they shall be as frontlets be-9 tween thine eyes. And thou shalt write them upon the posts 10 of thy house, and on thy gates. And it shall be, when the LORD thy God shall have brought thee into the land which he sware unto thy fathers, to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob, to give thee great and goodly cities, which thou buildedst not, 11 and houses full of all good things, which thou filledst not, and wells digged, which thou diggedst not, vineyards and olive trees, which thou plantedst not; "when thou shalt have eaten and be u ch. viii. 10, 12 full; then beware lest thou forget the LORD, which brought &c. thee forth out of the land of Egypt, from the house of * bond- * Heb. bond-men, or, ser13 age. Thou shalt y fear the Lord thy God, and serve him, vants. 14 and shalt swear by his name. Ye shall not go after other & xiii. 4. gods, of the gods of the people which are round about you: 15 (for the LORD thy God is a jealous God among you) lest the anger of the LORD thy God be kindled against thee, and destroy thee from off the face of the earth. ² Ye shall not tempt the Lord your God, ^a as ye tempted ^a Matt. iv. 7. a Ex. xvii. 2. 17 him in Massah. Ye shall diligently keep the commandments 7. of the Lord your God, and his testimonies, and his statutes, 18 which he hath commanded thee. And thou shalt do that which is right and good in the sight of the LORD: that it may be well with thee, and that thou mayest go in and possess 19 the good land which the LORD sware unto thy fathers, to cast out all thine enemies from before thee, as the LORD hath 20 spoken. And when thy son asketh thee b in time to come, b Heb. to saying, What mean the testimonies, and the statutes, and the morrow. judgments, which the Lord our God hath commanded you? 21 Then thou shalt say unto thy son, We were Pharaoh's bondmen in Egypt; and the LORD brought us out of Egypt with 22 a mighty hand: and the Lord shewed signs and wonders, great and c sore, upon Egypt, upon Pharaoh, and upon all c Heb. evil. 23 his houshold, before our eyes: and he brought us out from thence, that he might bring us in, to give us the land which he 24 sware unto our fathers. And the LORD commanded us to do all these statutes, to fear the Lord our God, for our good always, that he might preserve us alive, as it is at this day. 25 And it shall be our righteousness, if we observe to do all these commandments before the LORD our God, as he hath commanded us.

DEUTERONOMY VII.

1 All communion with the nations is forbidden, 4 for fear of idolatry, 6 for the holiness of the people, 9 for the nature of God in his mercy and justice, 17 for the assuredness of victory which God will give over them.

1 When the d LORD thy God shall bring thee into the land d ch. xxxi.3. whither thou goest to possess it, and hath cast out many nations before thee, the Hittites, and the Girgashites, and the Amo-

e Ex. xxiii. 82. & xxxiv. 12. 15.

lars.

1 Pet. ii. 9.

f Heb. statues, or, pilg ch. xiv. 2. & xxvi. 19. h Ex. xix.5.

A.C. 1451. rites, and the Canaanites, and the Perrizzites, and the Hivites, and the Jebusites, seven nations greater and mightier than thou; and when the LORD thy God shall deliver them before thee; 2 thou shalt smite them, and utterly destroy them; ethou shalt make no covenant with them, nor shew mercy unto them: Neither shalt thou make marriages with them; thy daughter 3 thou shalt not give unto his son, nor his daughter shalt thou take unto thy son. For they will turn away thy son from fol- 4 lowing me, that they may serve other gods: so will the anger of the Lord be kindled against you, and destroy thee suddenly. But thus shall ye deal with them; ye shall destroy their altars, 5 and break down their fimages, and cut down their groves, and burn their graven images with fire. g For thou art an holy 6 people unto the Lord thy God: h the Lord thy God hath chosen thee to be a special people unto himself, above all people that are upon the face of the earth. The LORD did not set his 7 love upon you, nor choose you, because ye were more in number than any people; for ye were the fewest of all people: but because the LORD loved you, and because he would keep 8 the oath which he had sworn unto your fathers, hath the LORD brought you out with a mighty hand, and redeemed you out of the house of bondmen, from the hand of Pharaoh king of Know therefore that the Lord thy God, he is God, 9 the faithful God, which keepeth covenant and mercy with them that love him and keep his commandments to a thousand generations; and repayeth them that hate him to their face, to 10 destroy them: he will not be slack to him that hateth him, he will repay him to his face. Thou shalt therefore keep the com-11 mandments, and the statutes, and the judgments, which I command thee this day, to do them.

i Heb. beeause.

Wherefore it shall come to pass, if ye hearken to these 12 judgments, and keep, and do them, that the LORD thy God shall keep unto thee the covenant and the mercy which he sware unto thy fathers: and he will love thee, and bless thee, and 13 multiply thee: he will also bless the fruit of thy womb, and the fruit of thy land, thy corn, and thy wine, and thine oil, the increase of thy kine, and the flocks of thy sheep, in the land which he sware unto thy fathers to give thee. Thou shalt be 14 blessed above all people: j there shall not be male or female barren among you, or among your cattle. And the Lord will 15 k Ex. ix. 14. take away from thee all sickness, and will put none of the k evil diseases of Egypt, which thou knowest, upon thee; but will lay them upon all them that hate thee. And thou shalt consume 16 all the people which the LORD thy God shall deliver thee; thine eye shall have no pity upon them: neither shalt thou serve their gods; for that will be 1 a snare unto thee. If thou 17 shalt say in thine heart, These nations are more than I; how can I dispossess them? Thou shalt not be afraid of them: but 18

j Ex. xxiii. 26, &c.

& xv. 26.

Ex. xxiii. 33.

shalt well remember what the LORD thy God did unto Pharaoh, A.C. 1451. 19 and unto all Egypt; the great temptations which thine eves saw, and the signs, and the wonders, and the mighty hand, and the stretched out arm, whereby the Lord thy God brought thee out: so shall the LORD thy God do unto all the people of 20 whom thou art afraid. m Moreover the LORD thy God will m Ex. xxiii. send the hornet among them, until they that are left, and hide 28. Josh. 21 themselves from thee, be destroyed. Thou shalt not be affrighted at them: for the LORD thy God is among you, a 22 mighty God and terrible. And the LORD thy God will n put n Heb. pluck out those nations before thee by little and little: thou mayest not consume them at once, lest the beasts of the field increase 23 upon thee. But the LORD thy God shall deliver them ounto of Heb. before thee, and shall destroy them with a mighty destruction, until 24 they be destroyed. And he shall deliver their kings into thine hand, and thou shalt destroy their name from under heaven: there shall no man be able to stand before thee, until thou have 25 destroyed them. The graven images of their gods p shall ye p ch. xii. 3. burn with fire: thou q shalt not desire the silver or gold that is q Josh. vii. 1. on them, nor take it unto thee, lest thou be snared therein: for xii. 40. 26 it is an abomination to the Lord thy God. Neither shalt thou bring an abomination into thine house, lest thou be a cursed thing like it: but thou shalt utterly detest it, and thou shalt utterly abhor it; for it is a cursed thing. r ch.xiii. 17.

DEUTERONOMY VIII.

An exhortation to obedience in regard of God's dealing with them.

All the commandments which I command thee this day shall

ye observe to do, that ye may live, and multiply, and go in and 2 possess the land which the LORD sware unto your fathers. And thou shalt remember all the way which the LORD thy God led thee these forty years in the wilderness, to humble thee, and to prove thee, to know what was in thine heart, whether thou 3 wouldest keep his commandments, or no. And he humbled thee, and suffered thee to hunger, and fed thee with manna, which thou knewest not, neither did thy fathers know; that he might make thee know that man doth 8 not live by bread only, 8 Matt. iv. 4. but by every word that proceedeth out of the mouth of the Luke iv. 4. 4 LORD doth man live. t Thy raiment waxed not old upon thee, t Neh. ix. 21. 5 neither did thy foot swell, these forty years. Thou shalt also consider in thine heart, that, as a man chasteneth his son, so the 6 LORD thy God chasteneth thee. Therefore thou shalt keep the commandments of the LORD thy God, to walk in his ways, 7 and to fear him. For the LORD thy God bringeth thee into a good land, a land of brooks of water, of fountains and depths s that spring out of valleys and hills; a land of wheat, and barley, and vines, and fig trees, and pomegranates; a land u of oil olive, u Heb. of 9 and honey; a land wherein thou shalt eat bread without scarce-oil.

A.C. 1451. ness, thou shalt not lack any thing in it; a land whose stones are iron, and out of whose hills thou mayest dig brass. V When 10 v ch. vi. 11, thou hast eaten and art full, then thou shalt bless the LORD thy God for the good land which he hath given thee. Beware that 11 thou forget not the Lord thy God, in not keeping his commandments, and his judgments, and his statutes, which I command thee this day: lest when thou hast eaten and art full, and 12 hast built goodly houses, and dwelt therein; and when thy herds 13 and thy flocks multiply, and thy silver and thy gold is multiplied, and all that thou hast is multiplied; then thine heart be 14 lifted up, and thou forget the LORD thy God, which brought thee forth out of the land of Egypt, from the house of bondage; who led thee through that great and terrible wilderness wherein 15 were fiery serpents, and scorpions, and drought, where there was w Num. xx. no water; w who brought thee forth water out of the rock of x Ex. xvi.15. flint; who fed thee in the wilderness with x manna, which thy 16 fathers knew not, that he might humble thee, and that he might prove thee, to do thee good at thy latter end; and thou say in 17 thine heart, My power and the might of mine hand hath gotten me this wealth. But thou shalt remember the Lord thy God: 18 for it is he that giveth thee power to get wealth, that he may establish his covenant which he sware unto thy fathers, as it is this day. And it shall be, if thou do at all forget the LORD thy 19 God, and walk after other gods, and serve them, and worship them, I testify against you this day that ye shall surely perish. As the nations which the LORD destroyeth before your face, so 20 shall ye perish; because ye would not be obedient unto the

DEUTERONOMY IX.

voice of the Lord your God.

z ch. iv. 24. Heb. xii. 29.

Moses dissuadeth them from the opinion of their own righteousness, by rehearsing their several rebellions.

Hear, O Israel: Thou art to pass over Jordan this day, to 1 go in to possess nations greater and mightier than thyself, cities y Num. xiii. great and fenced up to heaven, a people great and tall, y the 2 children of the Anakims, whom thou knowest, and of whom thou hast heard say, Who can stand before the children of Anak! Understand therefore this day, that the Lord thy God 3 is he which goeth over before thee; as a z consuming fire he shall destroy them, and he shall bring them down before thy face: so shalt thou drive them out, and destroy them quickly, as the LORD hath said unto thee. Speak not thou in thine 4 heart, after that the LORD thy God hath cast them out from before thee, saying, For my righteousness the Lord hath brought me in to possess this land: but for the wickedness of these nations the LORD doth drive them out from before thee. Not for thy righteousness, or for the uprightness of thine heart, 5 dost thou go to possess their land: but for the wickedness of

these nations the LORD thy God doth drive them out from A.C. 1451. before thee, and that he may perform the word which the LORD 6 sware unto thy fathers, Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob. Understand therefore, that the LORD thy God giveth thee not this good land to possess it for thy righteousness; for thou art a stiffnecked people.

Remember, and forget not, how thou provokedst the LORD thy God to wrath in the wilderness: from the day that thou didst depart out of the land of Egypt, until ye came unto s this place, ye have been rebellious against the LORD. in Horeb ve provoked the LORD to wrath, so that the LORD 9 was angry with you to have destroyed you. When I was gone up into the mount to receive the tables of stone, even the tables of the covenant which the Lord made with you, then a I abode in the mount forty days and forty nights, I a Ex. xxiv. 10 neither did eat bread nor drink water: b and the Lord deli-28. vered unto me two tables of stone written with the finger of 18. xxxi. God; and on them was written according to all the words. which the LORD spake with you in the mount out of the 11 midst of the fire in the day of the assembly. And it came to pass at the end of forty days and forty nights, that the LORD gave me the two tables of stone, even the tables of the cove-And the LORD said unto me, cArise, get thee down cEx. xxxii. quickly from hence; for thy people which thou hast brought forth out of Egypt have corrupted themselves; they are quickly turned aside out of the way which I commanded them; they 13 have made them a molten image. Furthermore the LORD spake unto me, saying, I have seen this people, and, behold, 14 it is a stiffnecked people: let me alone, that I may destroy them, and blot out their name from under heaven: and I will 15 make of thee a nation mightier and greater than they. So I turned and came down from the mount, and the mount burned with fire: and the two tables of the covenant were in my two 16 hands. And I looked, and, behold, ye had sinned against the LORD your God, and had made you a molten calf: ye had turned aside quickly out of the way which the LORD had com-17 manded you. And I took the two tables, and cast them out 18 of my two hands, and brake them before your eyes. And I fell down before the LORD, as at the first, forty days and forty nights: I did neither eat bread, nor drink water, because of all your sins which ye sinned, in doing wickedly in the sight of 19 the LORD, to provoke him to anger. For I was afraid of the anger and hot displeasure, wherewith the LORD was wroth against you to destroy you. But the LORD hearkened unto 20 me at that time also. And the LORD was very angry with Aaron to have destroyed him: and I prayed for Aaron also the 21 same time. And I took your sin, the calf which ye had made, and burnt it with fire, and stamped it, and ground it very small,

A.C. 1451. even until it was as small as dust: and I cast the dust thereof into the brook that descended out of the mount. And at 22 d Num. xi. 1. d Taberah, and at e Massah, and at f Kibroth-hattaavah, ye proe Ex. xvii. 7. voked the Lord to wrath. Likewise when the Lord sent 23 f Num. xi. 4. you from Kadesh-barnea, saying, Go up and possess the land which I have given you; then ye rebelled against the commandment of the Lord your God, and ye believed him not, nor hearkened to his voice. Ye have been rebellious against 24 the LORD from the day that I knew you. Thus I fell down 25 before the LORD forty days and forty nights, as I fell down at the first; because the LORD had said he would destroy you. I prayed therefore unto the LORD, and said, O Lord GOD, 26 destroy not thy people and thine inheritance, which thou hast redeemed through thy greatness, which thou hast brought forth out of Egypt with a mighty hand. Remember thy servants, 27 Abraham, Isaac, and Jacob; look not unto the stubbornness of this people, nor to their wickedness, nor to their sin: lest the 28

DEUTERONOMY X. VER. 1-5.

power and by thy stretched out arm.

land whence thou broughtest us out say, g Because the Lord was not able to bring them into the land which he promised them, and because he hated them, he hath brought them out to slay them in the wilderness. Yet they are thy people and 29 thine inheritance, which thou broughtest out by thy mighty

h Ex. xxxiv.

At that time the Lord said unto me, h Hew thee two tables 1 of stone like unto the first, and come up unto me into the mount, and make thee an ark of wood. And I will write on the 2 tables the words that were in the first tables which thou brakest, and thou shalt put them in the ark. And I made an ark of 3 shittim wood, and hewed two tables of stone like unto the first, and went up into the mount, having the two tables in mine And he wrote on the tables, according to the first 4 i Heb. words. writing, the ten i commandments, which the LORD spake unto you in the mount out of the midst of the fire in the day of the assembly: and the Lord gave them unto me. And I turned 5 myself and came down from the mount, and put the tables in the ark which I had made; and there they be, as the LORD

DEUTERONOMY X. VER. 10, TO THE END.

k Or, former days.

commanded me.

And I stayed in the mount, according to the k first time, 10 forty days and forty nights; and the Lord hearkened unto me at that time also, and the Lond would not destroy thee. the LORD said unto me, Arise, 1 take thy journey before the people, that they may go in and possess the land, which I sware unto their fathers to give unto them.

l Heb. go in journey.

And now, Israel, what doth the LORD thy God require of 12

thee, but to fear the LORD thy God, to walk in all his ways, A.C. 1451. and to love him, and to serve the Lord thy God with all thy 13 heart and with all thy soul, to keep the commandments of the LORD, and his statutes, which I command thee this day for 14 thy good? Behold, the heaven and the heaven of heavens is the Lord's thy God, m the earth also, with all that therein is. m Ps. xxiv.1. 15 Only the LORD had a delight in thy fathers to love them, and he chose their seed after them, even you above all people, as

16 it is this day. Circumcise therefore the foreskin of your heart, 17 and be no more stiffnecked. For the LORD your God is God of gods, and Lord of lords, a great God, a mighty, and a ter-18 rible, which regardeth not persons, nor taketh reward: hen 2 Chr. xix. doth execute the judgment of the fatherless and widow, and 7. Job xxxiv. 10 loveth the stranger, in giving him food and raiment. Love Rom ii. 11. Gal. ii. 6. ye therefore the stranger: for ye were strangers in the land Eph. vi. 9. 20 of Egypt. Thou shalt fear the Lord thy God; him shalt 1 Pet. i. 17. thou serve, and to him shalt thou p cleave, and swear by his och vi. 13. 21 name. He is thy praise, and he is thy God, that hath done Luke iv. 8. for thee these great and terrible things, which thine eyes have

22 seen. Thy fathers went down into Egypt q with threescore and q Gen. xlvi. ten persons; and now the LORD thy God hath made thee ras r Gen. xv. 5. the stars of heaven for multitude.

DEUTERONOMY XI.

1 An exhortation to obedience, 2 by their own experience of God's great works, 8 by promise of God's great blessings, 16 and by threatenings. 18 A careful study is required in God's words. 26 The blessing and curse is set before them.

Therefore thou shalt love the LORD thy God, and keep his charge, and his statutes, and his judgments, and his command-2 ments, alway. And know ye this day: for I speak not with your children which have not known, and which have not seen the chastisement of the Lord your God, his greatness, his 3 mighty hand, and his stretched out arm, and his miracles, and his acts, which he did in the midst of Egypt unto Pharaoh the 4 king of Egypt, and unto all his land; and what he did unto the army of Egypt, unto their horses, and to their chariots; how he made the water of the Red sea to overflow them as they pursued after you, and how the Lord hath destroyed 5 them unto this day; and what he did unto you in the wilder-6 ness, until ye came into this place; and s what he did unto s Num. xvi. Dathan and Abiram, the sons of Eliab, the son of Reuben: 1.31. & XXVII. how the earth opened her mouth, and swallowed them up, and their housholds, and their tents, and all the tsubstance that tor, living 7 " was in their possession, in the midst of all Israel: but your which follow eyes have seen all the great acts of the LORD which he did. ed them. was 8 Therefore shall ye keep all the commandments which I com- at their feet. mand you this day, that ye may be strong, and go in and pos-9 sess the land, whither ye go to possess it; and that ye may

prolong your days in the land, which the LORD sware unto your

A.C. 1451. fathers to give unto them and to their seed, a land that floweth with milk and honey.

> For the land, whither thou goest in to possess it, is not as 10 the land of Egypt, from whence ye came out, where thou sowedst thy seed, and wateredst it with thy foot, as a garden of herbs: but the land, whither ye go to possess it, is a land of 11 hills and valleys, and drinketh water of the rain of heaven: a 12 land which the LORD thy God x careth for: the eyes of the LORD thy God are always upon it, from the beginning of the

vear even unto the end of the year.

which the Lord giveth you.

And it shall come to pass, if ye shall hearken diligently unto 13 my commandments which I command you this day, to love the LORD your God, and to serve him with all your heart and with all your soul, that I will give you the rain of your land in his due 14 season, the first rain and the latter rain, that thou mayest gather in thy corn, and thy wine, and thine oil. And I will y send grass 15 in thy fields for thy cattle, that thou mayest eat and be full. Take heed to yourselves, that your heart be not deceived, and 16 ye turn aside, and serve other gods, and worship them; and 17 then the Lord's wrath be kindled against you, and he shut up the heaven, that there be no rain, and that the land yield not her fruit; and lest ye perish quickly from off the good land

z ch. vi. 8. a ch. iv. 9, 10. & vi. 7.

x Heb. seek-

y Heb. give.

Therefore shall ye lay up these my words in your heart and 18 in your soul, and z bind them for a sign upon your hand, that they may be as frontlets between your eyes. a And ye shall 19 teach them your children, speaking of them when thou sittest in thine house, and when thou walkest by the way, when thou liest down, and when thou risest up. And thou shalt write 20 them upon the door posts of thine house, and upon thy gates: that your days may be multiplied, and the days of your children, 21 in the land which the LORD sware unto your fathers to give them, as the days of heaven upon the earth.

For if ye shall diligently keep all these commandments 22 which I command you, to do them, to love the Lord your God, to walk in all his ways, and to cleave unto him; then will 23 the LORD drive out all these nations from before you, and ye shall possess greater nations and mightier than yourselves. b Josh. i. 3. b Every place whereon the soles of your feet shall tread shall 24 be your's: from the wilderness and Lebanon, from the river, the river Euphrates, even unto the uttermost sea shall your coast be. There shall no man be able to stand before you: 25 for the Lord your God shall lay the fear of you and the dread of you upon all the land that ye shall tread upon, as he hath said unto you.

e ch. xxviii. d ch. xxviii.

Behold, I set before you this day a blessing and a curse: 26 ca blessing, if ye obey the commandments of the LORD your 27 God, which I command you this day: and a d curse, if ye will 28

not obey the commandments of the Lord your God, but turn A.C. 1451. aside out of the way which I command you this day, to go 29 after other gods, which ye have not known. And it shall come to pass, when the Lord thy God hath brought thee in unto the land whither thou goest to possess it, that thou shalt put e the ech. xxvii. blessing upon mount Gerizim, and the curse upon mount Ebal. viii. 33. 30 Are they not on the other side Jordan, by the way where the sun goeth down, in the land of the Canaanites, which dwell in the champaign over against Gilgal, beside the plains of Moreh? 31 For ye shall pass over Jordan to go in to possess the land which the Lord your God giveth you, and ye shall possess it, 32 and dwell therein. And ye shall observe f to do all the statutes f ch. v. 32. and judgments which I set before you this day.

Repetition of the Ceremonial Law. DEUTERONOMY XII.

1 Monuments of idolatry are to be destroyed. 5 The place of God's service is to be kept. 15. 23 Blood is forbidden. 17. 20. 26 Holy things must be eaten in the holy place.

19 The Levite is not to be forsaken. 29 Idolatry is not to be enquired after. These are the statutes and judgments, which ye shall observe to do in the land, which the LORD God of thy fathers giveth

thee to possess it, all the days that ye live upon the earth. 2 g Ye shall utterly destroy all the places, wherein the nations g ch. vii. 5. which ye shall h possess served their gods, upon the high h Or, inherit.

mountains, and upon the hills, and under every green tree:

3 and i ye shall k overthrow their altars, and break their pillars, i Judg. ii. 2. and burn their groves with fire; and ye shall hew down the down. graven images of their gods, and destroy the names of them

4 out of that place. Ye shall not do so unto the LORD your

5 God. But unto the place which the LORD your God shall 1 choose out of all your tribes to put his name there, even unto 11 Kin. viii.

6 his habitation shall ye seek, and thither thou shalt come: and 29. 2 Chr. vii. thither ye shall bring your burnt offerings, and your sacrifices, and your tithes, and heave offerings of your hand, and your vows, and your freewill offerings, and the firstlings of your 7 herds and of your flocks: and there ye shall eat before the

LORD your God, and ye shall rejoice in all that ye put your hand unto, ye and your housholds, wherein the LORD thy 8 God hath blessed thee. Ye shall not do after all the things that

we do here this day, every man whatsoever is right in his own 9 eyes. For ye are not as yet come to the rest and to the

10 inheritance, which the LORD your God giveth you. But when ye go over Jordan, and dwell in the land which the LORD your God giveth you to inherit, and when he giveth you rest from

11 all your enemies round about, so that ye dwell in safety; then there shall be a place which the LORD your God shall choose to cause his name to dwell there; thither shall ye bring all that I command you; your burnt offerings, and your sacrifices,

A.C. 1451. your tithes, and the heave offering of your hand, and all m your nows.

n ch. x. 9.

choice vows which ye vow unto the LORD: and ye shall rejoice 12 choice of your before the LORD your God, ye, and your sons, and your daughters, and your menservants, and your maidservants, and the Levite that is within your gates; forasmuch as "he hath no part nor inheritance with you. Take heed to thyself that 13 thou offer not thy burnt offerings in every place that thou seest: but in the place which the LORD shall choose in one of 14 thy tribes, there thou shalt offer thy burnt offerings, and there thou shalt do all that I command thee. Notwithstanding thou 15 mayest kill and eat flesh in all thy gates, whatsoever thy soul lusteth after, according to the blessing of the Lord thy God which he hath given thee: the unclean and the clean may eat och: xv. 23. thereof, as of the roebuck, and as of the hart. Only ye shall 16 not eat the blood; ye shall pour it upon the earth as water.

Thou mayest not eat within thy gates the tithe of thy corn, 17 or of thy wine, or of thy oil, or the firstlings of thy herds or of thy flock, nor any of thy vows which thou vowest, nor thy freewill offerings, or heave offering of thine hand: but thou is must eat them before the Lord thy God in the place which the LORD thy God shall choose, thou, and thy son, and thy daughter, and thy manservant, and thy maidservant, and the Levite that is within thy gates: and thou shalt rejoice before the LORD thy God in all that thou puttest thine hands unto. P Take heed to thyself that thou forsake not the Levite q as 19

p ch. xiv. 27. Ecclus, vii. :1. q Heb. all

ing days.

r Heb. be strong.

When the Lord thy God shall enlarge thy border, as he 20 hath promised thee, and thou shalt say, I will eat flesh, because thy soul longeth to eat flesh; thou mayest eat flesh, whatsoever thy soul lusteth after. If the place which the Lord thy 21 God hath chosen to put his name there be too far from thee, then thou shalt kill of thy herd and of thy flock, which the LORD hath given thee, as I have commanded thee, and thou shalt eat in thy gates whatsoever thy soul lusteth after. Even as the 22 roebuck and the hart is eaten, so thou shalt eat them: the unclean and the clean shall eat of them alike. Only be sure 23 that thou eat not the blood: for the blood is the life; and thou mayest not eat the life with the flesh. Thou shalt not eat it; 24 thou shalt pour it upon the earth as water. Thou shalt not eat 25 it; that it may go well with thee, and with thy children after thee, when thou shalt do that which is right in the sight of the Only thy holy things which thou hast, and thy vows, 26 thou shalt take, and go unto the place which the Lord shall choose: and thou shalt offer thy burnt offerings, the flesh and 27 the blood, upon the altar of the Lord thy God: and the blood of thy sacrifices shall be poured out upon the altar of the LORD thy God, and thou shalt eat the flesh. Observe and hear all 28 these words which I command thee, that it may go well

with thee, and with thy children after thee for ever, when A.C. 1451. thou doest that which is good and right in the sight of the Lord thy God.

29 When the LORD thy God shall cut off the nations from before thee, whither thou goest to possess them, and thou suc- Heb. inhe-30 ceedest them, and dwellest in their land; take heed to thyself sessest them. that thou be not snared t by following them, after that they be t Heb. after destroyed from before thee; and that thou enquire not after their gods, saying, How did these nations serve their gods? 31 even so will I do likewise. Thou shalt not do so unto the LORD thy God: for every abomination to the LORD, which a Heb. abomihe hateth, have they done unto their gods; for even their sons nation of the. and their daughters they have burnt in the fire to their gods. 32 What thing soever I command you, observe to do it: * thou x ch. iv. 2. Josh. i. 7. shalt not add thereto, nor diminish from it.

Prov. xxx. 6. Rev. xxii. 18.

DEUTERONOMY XIII.

1 Enticers to idolatry, 6 how near soever unto thee, 9 are to be stoned to death. 12 Idolatrous cities are not to be spared.

If there arise among you a prophet, or a dreamer of dreams, 2 and giveth thee a sign or a wonder, and the sign or the wonder come to pass, whereof he spake unto thee, saying, Let us go after other gods, which thou hast not known, and let us serve them; 3 thou shalt not hearken unto the words of that prophet, or that dreamer of dreams: for the Lord your God proveth you, to know whether ye love the Lord your God with all your heart 4 and with all your soul. Ye shall walk after the LORD your God, and fear him, and keep his commandments, and obey his 5 voice, and ye shall serve him, and y cleave unto him. And y ch. x. 20. that prophet, or that dreamer of dreams, shall be put to death; because he hath z spoken to turn you away from the z Heb. spoken LORD your God, which brought you out of the land of Egypt, the LORD. and redeemed you out of the house of bondage, to thrust thee out of the way which the Lord thy God commanded thee to walk in. So shalt thou put the evil away from the midst of thee.

If thy brother, the son of thy mother, or thy son, or thy daughter, or the wife of thy bosom, or thy friend, which is as thine own soul, entice thee secretly, saying, Let us go and serve other gods, which thou hast not known, thou, nor thy 7 fathers; namely, of the gods of the people which are round about you, nigh unto thee, or far off from thee, from the one 8 end of the earth even unto the other end of the earth; thou shalt not consent unto him, nor hearken unto him; neither shall thine eye pity him, neither shalt thou spare, neither shalt 9 thou conceal him: but thou shalt surely kill him; a thine hand a ch. xvii. 7. shall be first upon him to put him to death, and afterwards the

10 hand of all the people. And thou shalt stone him with stones,

A. C. 1451. that he die; because he hath sought to thrust thee away from the Lord thy God, which brought thee out of the land of Egypt, from the house of b bondage. And c all Israel shall 11 cch. xvii. 13. hear, and fear, and shall do no more any such wickedness as this is among you.

If thou shalt hear say in one of thy cities, which the LORD 12 thy God hath given thee to dwell there, saying, Certain men, 13 d Or, naughty d the children of Belial, are gone out from among you, and have withdrawn the inhabitants of their city, saying, Let us go and serve other gods, which we have not known; then shalt 14 thou enquire, and make search, and ask diligently: and, behold, if it be truth, and the thing certain, that such abomination is wrought among you; thou shalt surely smite the inhabi- 15 tants of that city with the edge of the sword, destroying it utterly, and all that is therein, and the cattle thereof, with the edge of the sword. And thou shalt gather all the spoil of it 16 into the midst of the street thereof, and shalt burn with fire the city, and all the spoil thereof every whit, for the LORD thy God: and it shall be an heap for ever; it shall not be built e Or, devoted again. And there shall cleave nought of the e cursed thing to 17 thine hand: that the LORD may turn from the fierceness of his anger, and shew thee mercy, and have compassion upon thee, and multiply thee, as he hath sworn unto thy fathers; when 18 thou shalt hearken to the voice of the LORD thy God, to keep all his commandments which I command thee this day, to do that which is right in the eyes of the LORD thy God.

DEUTERONOMY XIV.

God's children are not to disfigure themselves in mourning.
 What may, and what may not be eaten, 4 of beasts, 9 of fishes, 11 of fowls.
 That which dieth of itself may not be eaten.
 Tithes of divine service.
 Tithes and firstlings of rejoicing before the Lord.
 The third year's tithe of alms and charity.

f Lev. xix.28. Ye are the children of the Lord your God: fye shall not 1 cut yourselves, nor make any baldness between your eyes for g ch. vii. 6. the dead. g For thou art an holy people unto the Lord thy 2 God, and the Lord hath chosen thee to be a peculiar people unto himself, above all the nations that are upon the earth.

h Lev. xi. 2,

Thou shalt not eat any abominable thing. h These are the 3, 4
beasts which ye shall eat: the ox, the sheep, and the goat,
the hart, and the roebuck, and the fallow deer, and the wild 5
i Or, bison. goat, and the ik pygarg, and the wild ox, and the chamois.

goat, and the ik pygarg, and the wild ox, and the chamois.

And every beast that parteth the hoof, and cleaveth the cleft 6 into two claws, and cheweth the cud among the beasts, that ye shall eat. Nevertheless these ye shall not eat of them that 7 chew the cud, or of them that divide the cloven hoof; as the camel, and the hare, and the coney: for they chew the cud, but divide not the hoof: therefore they are unclean unto you. And the swine, because it divideth the hoof, yet cheweth not 8

the cud, it is unclean unto you: ye shall not eat of their flesh, A.C. 1451. nor touch their dead carcase.

9 1 These ye shall eat of all that are in the waters: all 1 Lev. xi 9. 10 that have fins and scales shall ye eat: and whatsoever hath not fins and scales ye may not eat; it is unclean unto you.

11, 12 Of all clean birds we shall eat. But these are they of which ye shall not eat: the eagle, and the ossifrage, and the 13 ospray, and the glede, and the kite, and the vulture after his 14, 15 kind, and every raven after his kind, and the owl, and the 16 night hawk, and the cuckow, and the hawk after his kind, the 17 little owl, and the great owl, and the swan, and the pelican, 18 and the gier eagle, and the cormorant, and the stork, and the heron after her kind, and the lapwing, and the bat.

And mevery creeping thing that flieth is unclean unto m Lev. xi. 20. 20 you: they shall not be eaten. But of all clean fowls ye may

Ye shall not eat of any thing that dieth of itself: thou shalt give it unto the stranger that is in thy gates, that he may eat it; or thou mayest sell it unto an alien: for thou art an holy people unto the Lorp thy God. n Thou shalt not see the a kid n Ex. xxiii. 22 in his mother's milk. Thou shalt truly tithe all the in-26.

crease of thy seed, that the field bringeth forth year by year. 23 And thou shalt eat before the LORD thy God, in the place which he shall choose to place his name there, the tithe of thy corn, of thy wine, and of thine oil, and the firstlings of thy herds and of thy flocks; that thou mayest learn to fear the 24 LORD thy God always. And if the way be too long for thee, so that thou art not able to carry it; or if the place be too far from thee, which the LORD thy God shall choose to set his name there, when the LORD thy God hath blessed 25 thee: then shalt thou turn it into money, and bind up the money in thine hand, and shalt go unto the place which the 26 LORD thy God shall choose: and thou shalt bestow that money for whatsoever thy soul lusteth after, for oxen, or for sheep, or for wine, or for strong drink, or for whatsoever thy soul o desireth: and thou shalt eat there before the LORD thy o Heb. asketh 27 God, and thou shalt rejoice, thou, and thine houshold, and p the p ch. xii. 19.

Levite that is within thy gates; thou shalt not forsake him;

for he hath no part nor inheritance with thee. At the end of three years thou shalt bring forth all the tithe of thine increase the same year, and shalt lay it up within thy 29 gates: and the Levite, (because he hath no part nor inheritance with thee,) and the stranger, and the fatherless, and the widow, which are within thy gates, shall come, and shall eat and be satisfied; that the LORD thy God may bless thee in all the work of thine hand which thou doest.

DEUTERONOMY XV.

1 The seventh year a year of release for the poor. 7 It must be no let of lending or giving. 12 An Hebrew servant, 16 except he will not depart, must in the seventh year go forth free and well furnished. 19 All firstling males of the cattle are to be sanctified unto the Lord.

A.C. 1451. q Lev. xxv. 2. 4. r Heb. master of his hund.

At the end of q every seven years thou shalt make a release. 1 And this is the manner of the release: Every recreditor that 2 lendeth ought unto his neighbour shall release it; he shall not of the lending exact it of his neighbour, or of his brother; because it is called the Lord's release. Of a foreigner thou mayest exact it again: 3

s Or, To the end that there be no poor among you.

but that which is thine with thy brother thine hand shall release; save when there shall be no poor among you; for the 4 Lord shall greatly bless thee in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee for an inheritance to possess it: only if thou 5 carefully hearken unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to observe to do all these commandments which I command thee this day. For the Lord thy God blesseth thee, as he promised 6 thee: and thou shalt lend unto many nations, but thou shalt not borrow; and thou shalt reign over many nations, but they

t ch. xxviii.

shall not reign over thee. If there be among you a poor man of one of thy brethren 7 within any of thy gates in thy land which the LORD thy God giveth thee, thou shalt not harden thine heart, nor shut thine

Luke vi. 34,

u Matt. v. 42. hand from thy poor brother: u but thou shalt open thine hand s wide unto him, and shalt surely lend him sufficient for his need,

x Heb. word. in that which he wanteth. Beware that there be not a x thought 9 y Heb. Belial. in thy y wicked heart, saying, The seventh year, the year of release, is at hand; and thine eye be evil against thy poor brother, and thou givest him nought; and he cry unto the Lord against thee, and it be sin unto thee. Thou shalt surely 10 give him, and thine heart shall not be grieved when thou givest unto him: because that for this thing the LORD thy God shall bless thee in all thy works, and in all that thou puttest thine hand unto. For the poor shall never cease out 11 of the land: therefore I command thee, saying, Thou shalt open thine hand wide unto thy brother, to thy poor, and to thy needy, in thy land.

z Ex. xxi. 2. Jer. xxxiv.

And z if thy brother, an Hebrew man, or an Hebrew woman, 12 be sold unto thee, and serve thee six years; then in the seventh year thou shalt let him go free from thee. And when thou 13 sendest him out free from thee, thou shalt not let him go away empty: thou shalt furnish him liberally out of thy flock, and 14 out of thy floor, and out of thy winepress: of that wherewith the Lord thy God hath blessed thee thou shalt give unto him. And thou shalt remember that thou wast a bondman in the 15 land of Egypt, and the LORD thy God redeemed thee: there-

a Ex. xxi. 5,6. fore I command thee this thing to day. And it shall be, a if he 16

say unto thee, I will not go away from thee; because he loveth A.C.

17 thee and thine house, because he is well with thee; then thou shalt take an aul, and thrust it through his ear unto the door, and he shall be thy servant for ever. And also unto thy maid
18 servant thou shalt do likewise. It shall not seem hard unto thee, when thou sendest him away free from thee; for he hath been worth a double hired servant to thee, in serving thee six years: and the Lord thy God shall bless thee in all that thou doest.

doest.

19 b All the firstling males that come of thy herd and of thy b Ex. xxxiv. flock thou shalt sanctify unto the Lord thy God: thou shalt do no work with the firstling of thy bullock, nor shear the first-20 ling of thy sheep. Thou shalt eat it before the Lord thy God year by year in the place which the Lord shall choose, thou 21 and thy houshold. And if there be any blemish therein, as c Lev. xxii. if it be lame, or blind, or have any ill blemish, thou shalt not Ecclus.xxxv. 22 sacrifice it unto the Lord thy God. Thou shalt eat it within 12. thy gates: the unclean and the clean person shall eat it alike, 23 as the roebuck, and as the hart. Only thou shalt not eat d ch. xii. 16. the blood thereof; thou shalt pour it upon the ground as water.

DEUTERONOMY XVI.

1 The feast of the passover, 9 of weeks, 13 of tabernacles. 16 Every male must offer, as he is able, at these three feasts. 18 Of judges and justice. 21 Groves and images are forbidden.

Observe the emonth of Abib, and keep the passover unto e Ex. xii. 2, the LORD thy God: for fin the month of Abib the LORD thy &c. xiii. 4. 2 God brought thee forth out of Egypt by night. Thou shalt therefore sacrifice the passover unto the LORD thy God, of the flock and the herd, in the g place which the Lord shall choose g ch. xii. 5. 3 to place his name there. h Thou shalt eat no leavened bread h Ex. xii. 15. with it; seven days shalt thou eat unleavened bread therewith, even the bread of affliction; for thou camest forth out of the land of Egypt in haste: that thou mayest remember the day when thou camest forth out of the land of Egypt all the days of thy 4 life. And there shall be no leavened bread seen with thee in all thy coast seven days; ineither shall there any thing of the i Ex. xxxiv. flesh, which thou sacrificedst the first day at even, remain all 25. 5 night until the morning. Thou mayest not k sacrifice the pass- k Or, kill. over within any of thy gates, which the LORD thy God giveth 6 thee: but at the place which the LORD thy God shall choose to place his name in, there thou shalt sacrifice the passover at even, at the going down of the sun, at the season that thou 7 camest forth out of Egypt. And thou shalt roast and eat it in the place which the LORD thy God shall choose: and thou shalt s turn in the morning, and go unto thy tents. Six days thou shalt eat unleavened bread: and on the seventh day shall be a

1 Heb. re

A.C. 1451. 1 solemn assembly to the LORD thy God: thou shalt do no work therein.

straint. m Lev. xxiil. 15.

n Or, suffieiency.

^m Seven weeks shalt thou number unto thee: begin to 9 number the seven weeks from such time as thou beginnest to put the sickle to the corn. And thou shalt keep the feast of 10 weeks unto the LORD thy God with na tribute of a freewill offering of thine hand, which thou shalt give unto the LORD thy God, according as the Lord thy God hath blessed thee: and thou shalt rejoice before the LORD thy God, thou, and thy 11 son, and thy daughter, and thy manservant, and thy maidservant, and the Levite that is within thy gates, and the stranger, and the fatherless, and the widow, that are among you, in the place which the Lord thy God hath chosen to place his name there. And thou shalt remember that thou 12 wast a bondman in Egypt: and thou shalt observe and do these statutes.

and thy winepress.

Thou shalt observe the feast of tabernacles seven days, after 13 that thou hast gathered in thy ocorn and thy wine: and thou 14 shalt rejoice in thy feast, thou, and thy son, and thy daughter, and thy manservant, and thy maidservant, and the Levite, the stranger, and the fatherless, and the widow, that are within thy gates. Seven days shalt thou keep a solemn feast unto the 15 LORD thy God in the place which the LORD shall choose: because the LORD thy God shall bless thee in all thine increase, and in all the works of thine hands, therefore thou shalt surely rejoice.

p Ex. xxiii. 14. 17, & xxxiv. 23.

p Three times in a year shall all thy males appear before the 16 LORD thy God in the place which he shall choose; in the feast of unleavened bread, and in the feast of weeks, and in the feast of tabernacles: and q they shall not appear before the LORD empty: every man shall give ras he is able, according to the 17 blessing of the LORD thy God which he hath given thee.

q Ecclus. xxxv. 4. r Heb. according to the gift of his hand.

Judges and officers shalt thou make thee in all thy gates, 18 which the Lord thy God giveth thee, throughout thy tribes: and they shall judge the people with just judgment. shalt not wrest judgment; thou shalt not respect persons,

u Heb. Justice, justice.

* Ex. xxiii. 8. 8 neither take a gift: for a gift doth blind the eyes of the wise, t or, matters. and pervert the twords of the righteous. "That which is 20 altogether just shalt thou follow, that thou mayest live, and inherit the land which the LORD thy God giveth thee. shalt not plant thee a grove of any trees near unto the altar of x Lev. xxvi. the LORD thy God, which thou shalt make thee. x Neither 22

y Or, statue, or, pillar.

shalt thou set thee up any yimage; which the LORD thy God hateth.

DEUTERONOMY XVII. VER. 1.

Thou shalt not sacrifice unto the LORD thy God any bullock, 1

or z sheep, wherein is blemish, or any evilfavouredness; for that A.C. 1451. is an abomination unto the Lord thy God. z Or, goat.

Repetition of the Judicial Law.

DEUTERONOMY XVII. VER. 2, TO THE END.

- 2 Idolaters must be slain. 8 Hard controversies are to be determined by the priests and judges. 12 The contemner of that determination must die. 14 The election, 16 and duty of a king.
- If there be found among you, within any of thy gates which the Lord thy God giveth thee, man or woman, that hath wrought wickedness in the sight of the LORD thy God in
- 3 transgressing his covenant, and hath gone and served other gods, and worshipped them, either the sun, or moon, or any of
- 4 the host of heaven, which I have not commanded; and it be told thee, and thou hast heard of it, and enquired diligently, and, behold, it be true, and the thing certain, that such abomi-
- 5 nation is wrought in Israel: then shalt thou bring forth that man or that woman, which have committed that wicked thing,
- unto thy gates, even that man or that woman, and shalt stone
- 6 them with stones, till they die. ^a At the mouth of two wit- ^{a Num.xxxv}
 nesses, or three witnesses, shall he that is worthy of death be ¹⁵. Matt.
 put to death; but at the mouth of one witness he shall not be ^{30nn viii. 16}. 7 put to death. The hands of the witnesses shall be first upon ²/_{Heb. x. 28}.
 - him to put him to death, and afterward the hands of all the So thou shalt put the evil away from among you.
- If there arise a matter too hard for thee in judgment, between blood and blood, between plea and plea, and between stroke and stroke, being matters of controversy within thy gates: then shalt thou arise, and get thee up into the place which the Lord 9 thy God shall choose; and thou shalt come unto the priests the
- Levites, and unto the judge that shall be in those days, and enquire; and they shall shew thee the sentence of judgment: 10 and thou shalt do according to the sentence, which they of that
- place which the LORD shall choose shall shew thee; and thou
- 11 shalt observe to do according to all that they inform thee: according to the sentence of the law which they shall teach thee, and according to the judgment which they shall tell thee, thou shalt do: thou shalt not decline from the sentence which they
- 12 shall shew thee, to the right hand, nor to the left. And the man that will do presumptuously, b and will not hearken unto b Heb. not to hearken. the priest that standeth to minister there before the Lord thy
- God, or unto the judge, even that man shall die: and thou shalt 13 put away the evil from Israel. And all the people shall bear, and fear, and do no more presumptuously.
- When thou art come unto the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee, and shalt possess it, and shalt dwell therein, and shalt say, I will set a king over me, like as all the nations that 15 are about me: thou shalt in any wise set him king over thee,

A.C. 1451. whom the LORD thy God shall choose: one from among thy brethren shalt thou set king over thee: thou mayest not set a stranger over thee, which is not thy brother. But he shall 16 not multiply horses to himself, nor cause the people to return to Egypt, to the end that he should multiply horses: forasmuch as the Lord hath said unto you, Ye shall henceforth Neither shall he multiply wives 17 return no more that way. to himself, that his heart turn not away: neither shall he greatly multiply to himself silver and gold. And it shall be, 18 when he sitteth upon the throne of his kingdom, that he shall write him a copy of this law in a book out of that which is before the priests the Levites: and it shall be with him, and 19 he shall read therein all the days of his life: that he may learn to fear the LORD his God, to keep all the words of this law and these statutes, to do them: that his heart be 20 not lifted up above his brethren, and that he turn not aside from the commandments, to the right hand, or to the left: to the end that he may prolong his days in his kingdom, he, and his children, in the midst of Israel.

DEUTERONOMY XVIII.

1 The Lord is the priests' and Levites' inheritance. 3 The pricst's due. 6 The Levite's portion. 9 The abominations of the nations are to be avoided. 15 Christ the Prophet is to be heard. 20 The presumptuous prophet is to die.

c Num. xviii.

The priests the Levites, and all the tribe of Levi, c shall 1 20. ch. x. 9. d1 Cor. ix.13, have no part nor inheritance with Israel: they d shall eat the offerings of the LORD made by fire, and his inheritance. Therefore shall they have no inheritance among their 2 brethren: the LORD is their inheritance, as he hath said unto them.

> And this shall be the priest's due from the people, from 3 them that offer a sacrifice, whether it be ox or sheep; and they shall give unto the priest the shoulder, and the two cheeks, and the maw. The firstfruit also of thy corn, of thy 4 wine, and of thine oil, and the first of the fleece of thy sheep, shalt thou give him. For the LORD thy God hath chosen him 5 out of all thy tribes, to stand to minister in the name of the LORD, him and his sons for ever.

> And if a Levite come from any of thy gates out of all 6 Israel, where he sojourned, and come with all the desire of his mind unto the place which the LORD shall choose; then 7 he shall minister in the name of the Lord his God, as all his brethren the Levites do, which stand there before the LORD. They shall have like portions to eat, beside othat 8 which cometh of the sale of his patrimony.

> When thou art come into the land which the Lord thy God 9 giveth thee, thou shalt not learn to do after the abominations of those nations. There shall not be found among you any 10

e Heb. his sales by the fathers.

fire, or that useth divination, or an observer of times, or an flev xviii. 11 enchanter, or a witch, g or a charmer, or a consulter with glev. xx. 27. 12 familiar spirits, or a wizard, or a h necromancer. For all that h 1 Sam. do these things are an abomination unto the Lord: and xxviii.7. because of these abominations the LORD thy God doth drive 13 them out from before thee. Thou shalt be i perfect with the i or, upright, 14 LORD thy God. For these nations, which thou shalt k possess, or, sincere. hearkened unto observers of times, and unto diviners: but as for thee, the LORD thy God hath not suffered thee so to do. 15 The Lord thy God will raise up unto thee a Prophet from 1 John i. 45.
the midst of thee, of thy brethren, like unto me; unto him ye & vii. 37. 16 shall hearken; according to all that thou desiredst of the LORD thy God in Horeb in the day of the assembly, saying, m Let m Ex. xx. 19. me not hear again the voice of the LORD my God, neither let 17 me see this great fire any more, that I die not. And the LORD said unto me, They have well spoken that which they 18 have spoken. n I will raise them up a Prophet from among n John i. 45. their brethren, like unto thee, and will put my words in his & vii. 37. mouth; and he shall speak unto them all that I shall com-19 mand him. And it shall come to pass, that whosoever will not hearken unto my words which he shall speak in my name, 20 I will require it of him. But the prophet, which shall presume to speak a word in my name, which I have not commanded him to speak, or that shall speak in the name of other 21 gods, even that prophet shall die. And if thou say in thine heart, How shall we know the word which the LORD hath not 22 spoken? When a prophet speaketh in the name of the LORD, if the thing follow not, nor come to pass, that is the thing which the LORD hath not spoken, but the prophet hath spoken it presumptuously: thou shalt not be afraid of him.

one that maketh his son or his daughter f to pass through the A.C. 1451.

DEUTERONOMY XIX.

1 The cities of refuge. 4 The privilege thereof for the manslayer. 14 The landmark is not to be removed. 15 Two witnesses at the least. 16 The punishment of a false witness.

1 When the Lord thy God o hath cut off the nations, whose o ch. xii. 29. land the Lord thy God giveth thee, and thou p succeedest p Heb. inhe2 them, and dwellest in their cities, and in their houses; q thou rites, pusshalt separate three cities for thee in the midst of thy land, q Ex. xxi. 13.
3 which the Lord thy God giveth thee to possess it. Thou shalt 10. 14. Josh.
prepare thee a way, and divide the coasts of thy land, which xx. 2.
the Lord thy God giveth thee to inherit, into three parts, that
every slayer may flee thither.

And this is the case of the slayer, which shall flee thither, that he may live: Whoso killeth his neighbour ignorantly, r Heb. from the bated not r in time past; as when a man goeth into third day.

A.C. 1451. the wood with his neighbour to hew wood, and his hand fetcheth a stroke with the ax to cut down the tree, and the ⁸ head slippeth from the ^t helve, and ^u lighteth upon his t Heb. wood. neighbour, that he die; he shall flee unto one of those cities, and live: lest the avenger of the blood pursue the slaver, 6 while his heart is hot, and overtake him, because the way is x Heb. emite long, and x slay him; whereas he was not worthy of death, him in life. y Heb. from inasmuch as he hated him not y in time past. Wherefore I 7 command thee, saying, Thou shalt separate three cities for And if the LORD thy God z enlarge thy coast, as he s s ch. xii. 20. thee. hath sworn unto thy fathers, and give thee all the land which he promised to give unto thy fathers; if thou shalt keep all 9 these commandments to do them, which I command thee this day, to love the LORD thy God, and to walk ever in his these three: that innocent blood be not shed in thy land, 10

a Josh. xx. 7. ways; a then shalt thou add three cities more for thee, beside which the LORD thy God giveth thee for an inheritance, and so blood be upon thee.

But if any man hate his neighbour, and lie in wait for him, 11 b Hob. in life. and rise up against him, and smite him b mortally that he die, and fleeth into one of these cities: then the elders of his city 12 shall send and fetch him thence, and deliver him into the hand of the avenger of blood, that he may die. Thine eye shall not 13 pity him, but thou shalt put away the guilt of innocent blood from Israel, that it may go well with thee.

Thou shalt not remove thy neighbour's landmark, which 14 they of old time have set in thine inheritance, which thou shalt inherit in the land that the LORD thy God giveth thee to possess it.

c Num.xxxv.

^c One witness shall not rise up against a man for any 15 30. ch. xviii. iniquity, or for any sin, in any sin that he sinneth: at the 16. John viii. mouth of two witnesses, or at the mouth of three witnesses, 1. Heb. x. 28. shall the matter be established.

away.

for foot.

If a false witness rise up against any man to testify against 16 d Or, falling him d that which is wrong; then both the men, between whom 17 the controversy is, shall stand before the LORD, before the priests and the judges, which shall be in those days; and the 18 judges shall make diligent inquisition: and, behold, if the witness be a false witness, and hath testified falsely against his e Prov. xix. brother; e then shall ye do unto him, as he had thought to 19 5.9. Dan. vi. have done unto his brother: so shalt thou put the evil away from among you. And those which remain shall hear, and 20 fear, and shall henceforth commit no more any such evil f Ex. xxi. 23. among you. And thine eye shall not pity; but f life shall 21 Lev. xxiv.20. go for life, eye for eye, tooth for tooth, hand for hand, foot

DEUTERONOMY XX.

 The priest's exhortation to encourage the people to battle.
 The officers' proclamation who are to be dismissed from the war.
 How to use the cities that accept or refuse the proclamation of peace. 16 What cities must be devoted. 19 Trees of man's meat must not be destroyed in the siege.

When thou goest out to battle against thine enemies, and A.C. 1451. seest horses, and chariots, and a people more than thou, be not afraid of them: for the LORD thy God is with thee, which 2 brought thee up out of the land of Egypt. And it shall be, when ye are come nigh unto the battle, that the priest shall 3 approach and speak unto the people, and shall say unto them, Hear, O Israel, ye approach this day unto battle against your enemies: let not your hearts g faint, fear not, and do not g Heb. be 4 h tremble, neither be ye terrified because of them; for the h Heb. make

LORD your God is he that goeth with you, to fight for you

against your enemies, to save you.

And the officers shall speak unto the people, saying, What man is there that hath built a new house, and hath not dedicated it? let him go and return to his house, lest he die in 6 the battle, and another man dedicate it. And what man is he

that hath planted a vineyard, and hath not yet i eaten of it? i Heb. made let him also go and return unto his house, lest he die in the See Lev. xix. 7 battle, and another man eat of it. And what man is there k ch. xxiv. 5.

that hath betrothed a wife, and hath not taken her? let him go and return unto his house, lest he die in the battle, and

8 another man take her. And the officers shall speak further unto the people, and they shall say, 1 What man is there that is 1 Judg. vii. 3. fearful and fainthearted? let him go and return unto his house,

9 lest his brethren's heart m faint as well as his heart. And it m Heb. melt. shall be, when the officers have made an end of speaking unto the people, that they shall make captains of the armies n to in the head of lead the people.

When thou comest nigh unto a city to fight against it, then 11 proclaim peace unto it. And it shall be, if it make thee answer of peace, and open unto thee, then it shall be, that all the people that is found therein shall be tributaries unto thee, and 12 they shall serve thee. And if it will make no peace with thee, but will make war against thee, then thou shalt besiege it: 13 and when the LORD thy God hath delivered it into thine hands, thou shalt smite every male thereof with the edge of 14 the sword: but the women, and the little ones, and the cattle, and oall that is in the city, even all the spoil thereof, shalt thou o Josh. viii. 2. P take unto thyself; and thou shalt eat the spoil of thine ene- P Heb. spoil.

15 mies, which the LORD thy God hath given thee. Thus shalt thou do unto all the cities which are very far off from thee, 16 which are not of the cities of these nations. But of the cities of these people, which the LORD thy God doth give thee VOL. I.

A.C. 1451. for an inheritance, thou shalt save alive nothing that breatheth: but thou shalt utterly destroy them; namely, the Hittites, and 17 the Amorites, the Canaanites, and the Perizzites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites; as the Lord thy God hath commanded thee: that they teach you not to do after all their abomina-18 tions, which they have done unto their gods; so should ye sin

against the Lord your God.

When thou shalt besiege a city a long time, in making war 19 against it to take it, thou shalt not destroy the trees thereof by forcing an ax against them: for thou mayest eat of them, and thou shalt not not cut them down (q for the tree of the field is man's life) to employ them in the siege: only the 20 trees which thou knowest that they be not trees for meat, thou shalt destroy and cut them down; and thou shalt build bulwarks against the city that maketh war with thee, until * it be subdued.

q Or, for, O man, the tree of the field is to be employed in the siege. r Heb. to go from before thee. s Heb. it come down.

DEUTERONOMY XXI.

1 The expiation of an uncertain murder. 10 The usage of a captive taken to wife. 15 The firstborn is not to be disinherited upon private affection. 18 A stubborn son is to be stoned to death. 22 The malefactor must not hang all night on a tree.

If one be found slain in the land which the Lord thy God 1 giveth thee to possess it, lying in the field, and it be not

known who hath slain him: then thy elders and thy judges 2 shall come forth, and they shall measure unto the cities which are round about him that is slain: and it shall be, that the city 3 which is next unto the slain man, even the elders of that city shall take an heifer, which hath not been wrought with, and which hath not drawn in the yoke; and the elders of that city 4 shall bring down the heifer unto a rough valley, which is neither eared nor sown, and shall strike off the heifer's neck there in the valley: and the priests the sons of Levi shall come near; 5 for them the LORD thy God hath chosen to minister unto him, t Heb. mouth. and to bless in the name of the Lord; and by their tword shall every controversy and every stroke be tried: and all the 6 elders of that city, that are next unto the slain man, shall wash their hands over the heifer that is beheaded in the valley: and 7 they shall answer and say, Our hands have not shed this blood, neither have our eyes seen it. Be merciful, O Lord, unto 8 thy people Israel, whom thou hast redeemed, and lay not innocent blood unto thy people of Israel's charge. And the blood shall be forgiven them. So shalt thou put away the guilt of 9 innocent blood from among you, when thou shalt do that which is right in the sight of the Lord.

u Heb. in the midst.

> When thou goest forth to war against thine enemies, and 10 the Lord thy God hath delivered them into thine hands, and thou hast taken them captive, and seest among the captives a 11 beautiful woman, and hast a desire unto her, that thou wouldest have her to thy wife; then thou shalt bring her home to thine 12

house; and she shall shave her head, and xy pare her nails; A.C. 1451. 13 and she shall put the raiment of her captivity from off her, and x Or, suffer to shall remain in thine house, and bewail her father and her grow. mother a full month; and after that thou shalt go in unto her, or, dress.

- 14 and be her husband, and she shall be thy wife. And it shall be, if thou have no delight in her, then thou shalt let her go whither she will: but thou shalt not sell her at all for money, thou shalt not make merchandise of her, because thou hast humbled her.
- If a man have two wives, one beloved, and another hated, and they have born him children, both the beloved and the 16 hated; and if the firstborn son be her's that was hated: then it shall be, when he maketh his sons to inherit that which he hath, that he may not make the son of the beloved firstborn before the son of the hated, which is indeed the firstborn:

17 but he shall acknowledge the son of the hated for the firstborn, by giving him a double portion of all z that he hath: Z Heb. that is found with for he is the beginning of his strength; the right of the first-him. born is his.

- If a man have a stubborn and rebellious son, which will not obey the voice of his father, or the voice of his mother, and that, when they have chastened him, will not hearken unto 19 them: then shall his father and his mother lay hold on him, and bring him out unto the elders of his city, and unto the 20 gate of his place; and they shall say unto the elders of his city, This our son is stubborn and rebellious; he will not obey 21 our voice; he is a glutton and a drunkard. And all the men of his city shall stone him with stones, that he die: so shalt thou put evil away from among you; and all Israel shall hear and fear.
- And if a man have committed a sin worthy of death, and he 23 be to be put to death, and thou hang him on a tree: his body shall not remain all night upon the tree, but thou shalt in any wise bury him that day; (for a he that is hanged is b accursed a Gal. iii. 18. hebe. the of God:) that thy land be not defiled, which the LORD thy curse of God. God giveth thee for an inheritance.

DEUTERONOMY XXII.

- 1 Of humanity toward brethren. 5 The sex is to be distinguished by apparel. 6 The dam is not to be taken with her young ones. 8 The house must have battlements. 9 Confusion is to be avoided. 12 Fringes upon the vesture. 13 The punishment of him that slandereth his wife. 20.22 Of adultery, 25 of rape, 28 and of fornication. 30 Incest.
- Thou c shalt not see thy brother's ox or his sheep go astray, c Ex. xxiii 4. and hide thyself from them: thou shalt in any case bring 2 them again unto thy brother. And if thy brother be not nigh unto thee, or if thou know him not, then thou shalt bring it unto thine own house, and it shall be with thee until thy bro-

A.C. 1451 ther seek after it, and thou shalt restore it to him again. In 3 like manner shalt thou do with his ass; and so shalt thou do with his raiment; and with all lost thing of thy brother's, which he hath lost, and thou hast found, shalt thou do likewise: thou mayest not hide thyself.

Thou shalt not see thy brother's ass or his ox fall down by 4 the way, and hide thyself from them: thou shalt surely help

him to lift them up again.

The woman shall not wear that which pertaineth unto a man, 5 neither shall a man put on a woman's garment: for all that do so are abomination unto the Lord thy God.

If a bird's nest chance to be before thee in the way in any 6 tree, or on the ground, whether they be young ones, or eggs, and the dam sitting upon the young, or upon the eggs, thou shalt not take the dam with the young: but thou shalt in any 7 wise let the dam go, and take the young to thee; that it may be well with thee, and that thou mayest prolong thy days.

When thou buildest a new house, then thou shalt make a 8 battlement for thy roof, that thou bring not blood upon thine

house, if any man fall from thence.

Thou shalt not sow thy vineyard with divers seeds: lest the 9 d Heb. Julness d fruit of thy seed which thou hast sown, and the fruit of thy of thy seed. vineyard, be defiled.

Thou shalt not plow with an ox and an ass together.

e Lev. xix.19. ^e Thou shalt not wear a garment of divers sorts, as of wool-11 len and linen together. f Num, xv.38.

g Heb. wings.

Thou shalt make thee fringes upon the four g quarters of 12 thy vesture, wherewith thou coverest thyself.

If any man take a wife, and go in unto her, and hate her, 13 and give occasions of speech against her, and bring up an evil 14 name upon her, and say, I took this woman, and when I came to her, I found her not a maid: then shall the father of the 15 damsel, and her mother, take and bring forth the tokens of the damsel's virginity unto the elders of the city in the gate: and 16 the damsel's father shall say unto the elders, I gave my daughter unto this man to wife, and he hateth her; and, lo, he hath given 17 occasions of speech against her, saying, I found not thy daughter a maid; and yet these are the tokens of my daughter's virginity. And they shall spread the cloth before the elders of the city. And the elders of that city shall take that man and chastise him; 18 and they shall amerce him in an hundred shehels of silver, and 19 give them unto the father of the damsel, because he hath brought up an evil name upon a virgin of Israel: and she shall be his wife; he may not put her away all his days. But if 20 this thing be true, and the tokens of virginity be not found for the damsel: then they shall bring out the damsel to the door of her 21 father's house, and the men of her city shall stone her with stones that she die: because she hath wrought folly in Israel, to play

the whore in her father's house: so shalt thou put evil away A.C. 1451.

from among you.

h If a man be found lying with a woman married to an hus- h Lev. xx.10. band, then they shall both of them die, both the man that lay with the woman, and the woman: so shalt thou put away evil from Israel.

If a damsel that is a virgin be betrothed unto an husband, 24 and a man find her in the city, and lie with her; then ye shall bring them both out unto the gate of that city, and ye shall stone them with stones that they die; the damsel, because she cried not, being in the city; and the man, because he hath humbled his neighbour's wife: so thou shalt put away evil from among you.

But if a man find a betrothed damsel in the field, and the man i force her, and lie with her: then the man only that lay i Or, take 26 with her shall die: but unto the damsel thou shalt do nothing; her. there is in the damsel no sin worthy of death: for as when a man riseth against his neighbour, and slayeth him, even so is 27 this matter: for he found her in the field, and the betrothed

damsel cried, and there was none to save her.

28 If a man find a damsel that is a virgin, which is not be-k Ex. xxii.16. trothed, and lay hold on her, and lie with her, and they be 29 found; then the man that lay with her shall give unto the damsel's father fifty shekels of silver, and she shall be his wife; because he hath humbled her, he may not put her away all his

A man shall not take his father's wife, nor discover his 1 Lev. xviii.8.

father's skirt.

DEUTERONOMY XXIII.

1 Who may or may not enter into the congregation. 9 Uncleanness to be avoided in the host. 15 Of the fugitive servant. 17 Of filthiness. 18 Of abominable sacrifices. 19 Of usury. 21 Of vows. 24 Of trespasses.

He that is wounded in the stones, or hath his privy member 2 cut off, shall not enter into the congregation of the Lord. A bastard shall not enter into the congregation of the LORD; even to his tenth generation shall he not enter into the congre-

3 gation of the LORD. ^m An Ammonite or Moabite shall not m Neh. xiii. enter into the congregation of the LORD; even to their tenth 1. generation shall they not enter into the congregation of the

4 LORD for ever: because they met you not with bread and with water in the way, when ye came forth out of Egypt; and n be- n Num. xxii. cause they hired against thee Balaam the son of Beor of Pethor

5 of Mesopotamia, to curse thee. Nevertheless the LORD thy God would not hearken unto Balaam; but the LORD thy God turned the curse into a blessing unto thee, because the Lord 6 thy God loved thee. Thou shalt not seek their peace nor their

oprosperity all thy days for ever.

o Heb. good.

A.C. 1451.

Thou shalt not abhor an Edomite; for he is thy brother: 7 thou shalt not abhor an Egyptian; because thou wast a stranger in his land. The children that are begotten of them 8 shall enter into the congregation of the LORD in their third generation.

When the host goeth forth against thine enemies, then keep 9

thee from every wicked thing.

If there be among you any man, that is not clean by reason 10 of uncleanness that chanceth him by night, then shall he go abroad out of the camp, he shall not come within the camp: but 11 it shall be, when evening p cometh on, he shall wash himself p Heb. turnwith water: and when the sun is down, he shall come into the

camp again.

down.

eth toward.

Thou shalt have a place also without the camp, whither thou 12 shalt go forth abroad: and thou shalt have a paddle upon thy 13 q Heb. sittest weapon; and it shall be, when thou q wilt ease thyself abroad, thou shalt dig therewith, and shalt turn back and cover that which cometh from thee: for the LORD thy God walketh in 14 the midst of thy camp, to deliver thee, and to give up thine enemies before thee; therefore shall thy camp be holy: that Heb. naked he see no runclean thing in thee, and turn away from thee.

ness of any thing.

Thou shalt not deliver unto his master the servant which 15 is escaped from his master unto thee: he shall dwell with 16 thee, even among you, in that place which he shall choose in 5 Heb. is good one of thy gates, where it 8 liketh him best: thou shalt not oppress him.

for him.

t Or, sodomiless.

There shall be no twhore of the daughters of Israel, nor a 17 sodomite of the sons of Israel. Thou shalt not bring the hire 18 of a whore, or the price of a dog, into the house of the LORD thy God for any vow: for even both these are abomination unto the LORD thy God.

u Ex. xxii.

^u Thou shalt not lend upon usury to thy brother; usury of 19 25. Lev. xxv. 36. Ps. xv. 5. money, usury of victuals, usury of any thing that is lent upon usury: unto a stranger thou mayest lend upon usury; but unto 20 thy brother thou shalt not lend upon usury: that the LORD thy God may bless thee in all that thou settest thine hand to in the land whither thou goest to possess it.

x Eccles. v.4.

Luke vi. 1.

* When thou shalt vow a vow unto the LORD thy God, thou 21 shalt not slack to pay it: for the LORD thy God will surely require it of thee; and it would be sin in thee. But if thou 22 shalt forbear to vow, it shall be no sin in thee. That which is 23 gone out of thy lips thou shalt keep and perform; even a freewill offering, according as thou hast vowed unto the LORD thy God, which thou hast promised with thy mouth.

When thou comest into thy neighbour's vineyard, then thou 24 mayest eat grapes thy fill at thine own pleasure; but thou shalt y Matt. xii. 1. not put any in thy vessel. When thou comest into the standing 25 Mark ii. 23. corn of thy neighbour, y then thou mayest pluck the ears with

thine hand; but thou shalt not move a sickle unto thy neigh- A.C. 1451. bour's standing corn.

DEUTERONOMY XXIV.

- 1 Of divorce. 5 A new married man goeth not to war. 6. 10 Of pledges. 7 Of manstealers. 8 Of leprosy. 14 The hire is to be given. 16 Of justice. 19 Of charity.
- When a z man hath taken a wife, and married her, and it z Matt. v. 31. come to pass that she find no favour in his eyes, because he Mark x. 4. hath found a some uncleanness in her: then let him write her a a Heb. matter bill of b divorcement, and give it in her hand, and send her out of nakedness.
- 2 of his house. And when she is departed out of his house, of 3 she may go and be another man's wife. And if the latter husband hate her, and write her a bill of divorcement, and giveth it in her hand, and sendeth her out of his house; or if the latter
- 4 husband die, which took her to be his wife; her former husband, which sent her away, may not take her again to be his wife, after that she is defiled; for that is an abomination before the Lord: and thou shalt not cause the land to sin, which the Lord thy God giveth thee for an inheritance.
- war, d neither shall he be charged with any business: but he shall d Heb. not be free at home one year, and shall cheer up his wife which he any liming shall pass thath taken.

6 No man shall take the nether or the upper millstone to pledge; for he taketh a man's life to pledge.

7 If a man be found stealing any of his brethren of the children of Israel, and maketh merchandise of him, or selleth him; then that thief shall die; and thou shalt put evil away from among you.

8 Take heed in the plague of leprosy, that thou observe e Lev. xiv. 2. diligently, and do according to all that the priests the Levites shall teach you: as I commanded them, so ye shall observe

9 to do. Remember what the LORD thy God did funto Miriam f Num. xii. by the way, after that ye were come forth out of Egypt.

When thou dost glend thy brother any thing, thou shalt not g Heb. lend 11 go into his house to fetch his pledge. Thou shalt stand abroad, thing to, &c. and the man to whom thou dost lend shall bring out the pledge 12 abroad unto thee. And if the man be poor, thou shalt not sleep

13 with his pledge: in any case thou shalt deliver him the pledge again when the sun goeth down, that he may sleep in his own raiment, and bless thee: and it shall be righteousness unto thee before the Lord thy God.

Thou shalt not oppress an hired servant that is poor and hLev.xix.13.

needy, whether he be of thy brethren, or of thy strangers that i Heb. lifteth his soul unto
15 are in thy land within thy gates: at his day h thou shalt give it.

him his hire, neither shall the sun go down upon it; for he is 6.2 Chr. xxv.

poor, and i setteth his heart upon it; lest he cry against thee 4. Jer. xxxi.
16 unto the Lord, and it be sin unto thee. k The fathers shall xviii. 20.

A.C. 1451. not be put to death for the children, neither shall the children be put to death for the fathers: every man shall be put to death for his own sin.

> Thou shalt not pervert the judgment of the stranger, nor of 17 the fatherless; nor take the widow's raiment to pledge: but 18 thou shalt remember that thou wast a bondman in Egypt, and the LORD thy God redeemed thee thence: therefore I command thee to do this thing.

When thou cuttest down thine harvest in thy field, and 19

1 Lev. xix. 9, 10. & xxiii.

hast forgot a sheaf in the field, thou shalt not go again to fetch it: it shall be for the stranger, for the fatherless, and for the widow: that the LORD thy God may bless thee in all the work m Heb thou of thine hands. When thou beatest thine olive tree, m thou 20 shalt not bough it after shalt not go over the boughs again: it shall be for the stranger, for the fatherless, and for the widow. When thou gatherest 21 the grapes of thy vineyard, thou shalt not glean it n afterward: it shall be for the stranger, for the fatherless, and for the widow. And thou shalt remember that thou wast a bond-22

n Heb. after thee

thing.

DEUTERONOMY XXV.

man in the land of Egypt: therefore I command thee to do this

1 Stripes must not exceed forty. 4 The ox is not to be muzzled. 5 Of raising seed unto a brother. 11 Of the immodest woman. 13 Of unjust weights. 17 The memory of Amalek is to be blotted out.

If there be a controversy between men, and they come unto 1 judgment, that the judges may judge them; then they shall justify the righteous, and condemn the wicked. And it shall 2 be, if the wicked man be worthy to be beaten, that the judge shall cause him to lie down, and to be beaten before his face, according to his fault, by a certain number. o Forty stripes he 3 may give him, and not exceed: lest, if he should exceed, and beat him above these with many stripes, then thy brother should seem vile unto thee.

o 2 Cor. xi.

^p Thou shalt not muzzle the ox when he ^q treadeth out the 4

p 1 Cor. ix. 9. 1 Tim. v. 18. q Heb. thresheth. r Matt. xxii. 19. Luke xx. 28. s Or, next kinsman.

If brethren dwell together, and one of them die, and have 5 24. Mark xii. no child, the wife of the dead shall not marry without unto a stranger: her husband's brother shall go in unto her, and take her to him to wife, and perform the duty of an husband's brother unto her. And it shall be, that the firstborn which 6 she beareth shall succeed in the name of his brother which is dead, that his name be not put out of Israel. And if the 7 man like not to take his t brother's wife, then let his brother's wife go up to the ugate unto the elders, and say, My husband's brother refuseth to raise up unto his brother a name in Israel, he will not perform the duty of my husband's brother. Then the elders of his city shall call him, and speak unto him: 8 and if he stand to it, and say, I like not to take her; then 9

t Or, next kinsman's wife. u Ruth iv. 1, shall his brother's wife come unto him in the presence of the A.C. 1451. elders, and loose his shoe from off his foot, and spit in his face, and shall answer and say, So shall it be done unto that man 10 that will not build up his brother's house. And his name shall be called in Israel, The house of him that hath his shoe loosed.

11 When men strive together one with another, and the wife of the one draweth near for to deliver her husband out of the hand of him that smiteth him, and putteth forth her hand, and taketh 12 him by the secrets: then thou shalt cut off her hand, thine eye shall not pity her.

Thou shalt not have in thy bag v divers weights, a great v Heb. a stone.

14 and a small. Thou shalt not have in thine house x divers and a stone.

15 measures, a great and a small. But thou shalt have a perfect ephah and an and just weight, a perfect and just measure shalt thou have:

that thy days may be lengthened in the land which the Lord

16 thy God giveth thee. For all that do such things, and all that do unrighteously, are an abomination unto the Lord thy God.

17 Y Remember what Amalek did unto thee by the way, when ye y Ex. xvii.
18 were come forth out of Egypt; how he met thee by the way,
and smote the hindmost of thee, even all that were feeble behind

thee, when thou wast faint and weary; and he feared not God.

19 Therefore it shall be, when the Lord thy God hath given thee rest from all thine enemies round about, in the land which the Lord thy God giveth thee for an inheritance to possess it, that thou shalt blot out the remembrance of Amalek from under heaven; thou shalt not forget it.

DEUTERONOMY XXVI.

The confession of him that offereth the basket of firstfruits.
 The prayer of him that giveth his third year's tithes.
 The covenant between God and the people.

And it shall be, when thou art come in unto the land which the LORD thy God giveth thee for an inheritance, and possessest 2 it, and dwellest therein; that thou shalt take of the first of all the fruit of the earth, which thou shalt bring of thy land that the Lord thy God giveth thee, and shalt put it in a basket, and shalt go unto the place which the LORD thy God shall 3 choose to place his name there. And thou shalt go unto the priest that shall be in those days, and say unto him, I profess this day unto the LORD thy God, that I am come unto the country which the LORD sware unto our fathers for to give us. 4 And the priest shall take the basket out of thine hand, and set 5 it down before the altar of the Lord thy God. And thou shalt speak and say before the LORD thy God, A Syrian ready to perish was my father, and he went down into Egypt, and sojourned there with a few, and became there a nation, great, 6 mighty, and populous: and the Egyptians evil entreated us,

A.C. 1451. and afflicted us, and laid upon us hard bondage: and when we 7 cried unto the LORD God of our fathers, the LORD heard our voice, and looked on our affliction, and our labour, and our oppression: and the Lord brought us forth out of Egypt with 8 a mighty hand, and with an outstretched arm, and with great terribleness, and with signs, and with wonders: and he hath 9 brought us into this place, and hath given us this land, even a land that floweth with milk and honey. And now, behold, I 10 have brought the firstfruits of the land, which thou, O LORD, hast given me. And thou shalt set it before the LORD thy God, and worship before the LORD thy God: and thou shalt 11 rejoice in every good thing which the LORD thy God hath given unto thee, and unto thine house, thou, and the Levite, and the stranger that is among you.

When thou hast made an end of tithing all the tithes of thine 12 zch xiv. 28. increase the third year, which is z the year of tithing, and hast given it unto the Levite, the stranger, the fatherless, and the widow, that they may eat within thy gates, and be filled; then 13 thou shalt say before the LORD thy God, I have brought away the hallowed things out of mine house, and also have given them unto the Levite, and unto the stranger, to the fatherless, and to the widow, according to all thy commandments which thou hast commanded me: I have not transgressed thy commandments, neither have I forgotten them: I have not eaten 14 thereof in my mourning, neither have I taken away ought thereof for any unclean use, nor given ought thereof for the dead: but I have hearkened to the voice of the LORD my God, and have done according to all that thou hast commanded ^a Look down from thy holy habitation, from heaven, and 15 a Is. lxiii. 15, me. bless thy people Israel, and the land which thou hast given us, as thou swarest unto our fathers, a land that floweth with milk

bch. vii. 6.

and honev.

This day the LORD thy God hath commanded thee to do 16 these statutes and judgments: thou shalt therefore keep and do them with all thine heart, and with all thy soul. Thou hast 17 avouched the LORD this day to be thy God, and to walk in his ways, and to keep his statutes, and his commandments, and his judgments, and to hearken unto his voice: and b the Lord 18 hath avouched thee this day to be his peculiar people, as he hath promised thee, and that thou shouldest keep all his commandments; and to make thee high above all nations which 19 he hath made, in praise, and in name, and in honour; and that thou mayest be an holy people unto the LORD thy God, as he hath spoken.

Confirmation of the Law.

DEUTERONOMY XXVII.

1 The people are commanded to write the law upon stones, 5 and to build an altar of whole stones. 11 The tribes divided on Gerizim and Ebal. 14 The curses pronounced on mount Ebal.

And Moses with the elders of Israel commanded the people, A.C. 1451. saying, Keep all the commandments which I command you

2 this day. And it shall be on the day a when ye shall pass a Josh. iv. 1. over Jordan unto the land which the LORD thy God giveth thee, that thou shalt set thee up great stones, and plaister them

3 with plaister: and thou shalt write upon them all the words of this law, when thou art passed over, that thou mayest go in unto the land which the LORD thy God giveth thee, a land that floweth with milk and honey; as the Lord God of thy fathers

4 hath promised thee. Therefore it shall be when ye be gone over Jordan, that ye shall set up these stones, which I command you this day, in mount Ebal, and thou shalt plaister

5 them with plaister. And there shalt thou build an altar unto the Lord thy God, an altar of stones: b thou shalt not lift b Ex. xx. 25.

6 up any iron tool upon them. Thou shalt build the altar of the Lord thy God of whole stones: and thou shalt offer burnt 7 offerings thereon unto the Lord thy God: and thou shalt offer peace offerings, and shalt eat there, and rejoice before 8 the Lord thy God. And thou shalt write upon the stones all

the words of this law very plainly.

And Moses and the priests the Levites spake unto all Israel, saying, Take heed, and hearken, O Israel; this day thou art 10 become the people of the LORD thy God. Thou shalt therefore obey the voice of the Lord thy God, and do his command-11 ments and his statutes, which I command thee this day. And 12 Moses charged the people the same day, saying, These shall stand upon mount Gerizim to bless the people, when ye are come over Jordan; Simeon, and Levi, and Judah, and Issachar,

13 and Joseph, and Benjamin: and these shall stand upon mount Ebal c to curse; Reuben, Gad, and Asher, and Zebulun, Dan, c Heb. for a

and Naphtali. And the Levites shall speak, and say unto all the men of d Dan. ix. 11. Israel with a loud voice,

Cursed be the man that maketh any graven or molten image, an abomination unto the LORD, the work of the hands of the craftsman, and putteth it in a secret place. And all the people shall answer and say, Amen.

Cursed be he that setteth light by his father or his mother. And all the people shall say, Amen.

17 Cursed be he that removeth his neighbour's landmark. And all the people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that maketh the blind to wander out of the And all the people shall say, Amen. way.

Á.C. 1451.

Cursed be he that perverteth the judgment of the stranger, 19 fatherless, and widow. And all the people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that lieth with his father's wife; because he 20 uncovereth his father's skirt. And all the people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that lieth with any manner of beast. And all 21 the people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that lieth with his sister, the daughter of his 22 father, or the daughter of his mother. And all the people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that lieth with his mother in law. And all the 23

people shall say, Amen.

Cursed be he that smiteth his neighbour secretly. And all 24 the people shall say, Amen.

e Ezek. xxii. 12.

^e Cursed be he that taketh reward to slay an innocent person. 25 And all the people shall say, Amen.

f Gal. iii. 10.

^f Cursed be he that confirmeth not all the words of this law 26 to do them. And all the people shall say, Amen.

Sanctions of the Law 30.

DEUTERONOMY XXVIII.

1 The blessings for obedience. 15 The curses for disobedience.

And it shall come to pass, a if thou shalt hearken diligently 1 unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to observe and to do all his commandments which I command thee this day, that the Lord thy God will set thee on high above all nations of the earth: and all these blessings shall come on thee, and over- 2 take thee, if thou shalt hearken unto the voice of the Lord

³⁰ The continued fulfilment of prophecy is the perpetual miracle by which God is constantly appealing to mankind. Prophecy may be defined, anticipated history. History may be defined, the fulfilment of prophecy. In no instance throughout Scripture is the grandeur of the scheme of prophecy more discernible than in the prophecies of Moses; some of which are still fulfilling, or remain to be fulfilled. Moses resumes the predictions of Jacob, and of Balaam; and describes the Messiah in still clearer terms, as the Prophet who should arise, like unto him; that is, a Lawgiver, who should abolish one dispensation of Providence, to introduce a better.

He predicts, in the plainest terms, the Assyrian and Babylonish captivities, Deut. xxviii. 32, 33. 36, 37. 47, 48. Lev. xxvi. 23. 34. 39. the import of which passages is fully explained by Jeremiah v. 15. 17.

He describes the desolation of the country, and the captivity of the Jews under the Romans—Deut. xxviii. 49. to the end.—He announces the ultimate restoration of the Jews, Lev. xxvi. 44. Deut. xxx. 1—6. and concludes with proclaiming the punishment of God upon their enemies. In the sublime ode written immediately preceding his death, he gives a bold outline of the whole history of the Jews, and repeats the predictions of their future destiny; concluding with an anticipation of the day, when the Gentiles shall unite in the praises of the Jewish converts to the God of their fathers, who will finally bring about their restoration. Succeeding Prophets have frequently only amplified the prophecies of Moses. Of all beings merely human, the Jewish legislator was the first, the greatest, the most highly gifted. His prophecies, therefore, are the interpreters of the plans and conduct of Providence from his own day until the end of the Christian dispensation, and the commencement of an unknown æra. They shine like a meteor through the dark night of history, illumining the past, the present, and the future: and they will always remain, as Moses declared they should remain, "a sign, and a wonder for ever."—Vide Jortin's remarks on Eccl. History, last edit. works, vol. i. p. 203. 222; Chandler's Defence of Christianity, ch. 6. sect. ii.; Bishop Newton on the Prophecies, vol. i. p. 94. 120; Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 250. 254.

3 thy God. Blessed shalt thou be in the city, and blessed shalt A.C. 1451. 4 thou be in the field. Blessed shall be the fruit of thy body, and the fruit of thy ground, and the fruit of thy cattle, the increase 5 of thy kine, and the flocks of thy sheep. Blessed shall be thy 6 basket and thy b store. Blessed shalt thou be when thou comest b Or, dough, 7 in, and blessed shalt thou be when thou goest out. The LORD or, kneading-trough. shall cause thine enemies that rise up against thee to be smitten before thy face: they shall come out against thee one way, s and flee before thee seven ways. The LORD shall command the blessing upon thee in thy c storehouses, and in all that thou c Or, barns. settest thine hand unto; and he shall bless thee in the land 9 which the Lord thy God giveth thee. The Lord shall establish thee an holy people unto himself, as he hath sworn unto thee, if thou shalt keep the commandments of the Lord thy 10 God, and walk in his ways. And all the people of the earth shall see that thou art called by the name of the Lord; and they 11 shall be afraid of thee. And the Lord shall make thee plen-deh xxx. 9. teous e in goods, in the fruit of thy fbody, and in the fruit of &c., for good. thy cattle, and in the fruit of thy ground, in the land which f Heb. belty. 12 the LORD sware unto thy fathers to give thee. The LORD shall open unto thee his good treasure, the heaven to give the rain unto thy land in his season, and to bless all the work of thine hand: and g thou shalt lend unto many nations, and thou g ch. xv. 6. 13 shalt not borrow. And the LORD shall make thee the head, and not the tail; and thou shalt be above only, and thou shalt not be beneath; if that thou hearken unto the commandments of the LORD thy God, which I command thee this day, to ob-14 serve and to do them: and thou shalt not go aside from any of the words which I command thee this day, to the right hand, or to the left, to go after other gods to serve them. But it shall come to pass, h if thou wilt not hearken unto the h Lev. xxvi. 14. Lam. ii. voice of the Lord thy God, to observe to do all his command-17. Mal. ii. 2. ments and his statutes which I command thee this day; that all Bar. i. 20. 16 these curses shall come upon thee, and overtake thee:—Cursed shalt thou be in the city, and cursed shalt thou be in the field. 17, 18 Cursed shall be thy basket and thy store. Cursed shall be the fruit of thy body, and the fruit of thy land, the increase 19 of thy kine, and the flocks of thy sheep. Cursed shalt thou be when thou comest in, and cursed shalt thou be when thou The Lord shall send upon thee cursing, vexation, and rebuke, in all that thou settest thine hand unto i for to do, i Heb. which thou wouldest until thou be destroyed, and until thou perish quickly; because do. of the wickedness of thy doings, whereby thou hast forsaken The Lord shall make the pestilence cleave unto thee, until he have consumed thee from off the land, whither thou 22 goest to possess it. k The Lord shall smite thee with a con-k Lev. xxvi. sumption, and with a fever, and with an inflammation, and with an extreme burning, and with the 1 sword, and with blasting, 1 Or, drought

A.C. 1451. and with mildew; and they shall pursue thee until thou perish. And thy heaven that is over thy head shall be brass, and the 23 earth that is under thee shall be iron. The LORD shall make 24 the rain of thy land powder and dust: from heaven shall it come down upon thee, until thou be destroyed. The LORD 25 shall cause thee to be smitten before thine enemies: thou shalt go out one way against them, and flee seven ways before them: and shalt be mremoved into all the kingdoms of the earth.

m Heb. for a removing.

And thy carcase shall be meat unto all fowls of the air, and 26 unto the beasts of the earth, and no man shall fray them away. The LORD will smite thee with the botch of Egypt, and with 27 the emerods, and with the scab, and with the itch, whereof thou canst not be healed. The LORD shall smite thee with 28 madness, and blindness, and astonishment of heart: and thou 29 shalt grope at noonday, as the blind gropeth in darkness, and thou shalt not prosper in thy ways: and thou shalt be only oppressed and spoiled evermore, and no man shall save thee. Thou shalt betroth a wife, and another man shall lie with her: 30 thou shalt build an house, and thou shalt not dwell therein: n thou shalt plant a vineyard, and shalt not ogather the grapes thereof.

Thine ox shall be slain before thine eyes, and thou shalt not eat 31

n ch. xx. 6. o Heb. profane, or, use it as common meat: as ch. xx. 6.

p Heb. shall not return to thee.

thereof: thine ass shall be violently taken away from before thy face, and p shall not be restored to thee: thy sheep shall be given unto thine enemies, and thou shalt have none to rescue Thy sons and thy daughters shall be given unto another 32 people, and thine eyes shall look, and fail with longing for them all the day long: and there shall be no might in thine hand. The fruit of thy land, and all thy labours, shall a nation which 33 thou knowest not eat up; and thou shalt be only oppressed and crushed alway: so that thou shalt be mad for the sight of thine 34 eyes which thou shalt see. The Lord shall smite thee in the 35 knees, and in the legs, with a sore botch that cannot be healed, from the sole of thy foot unto the top of thy head. The LORD 36 shall bring thee, and thy king which thou shalt set over thee. unto a nation which neither thou nor thy fathers have known; and there shalt thou serve other gods, wood and stone. q 1 Kin. ix.7, thou shalt become q an astonishment, a proverb, and a byword, among all nations whither the Lord shall lead thee. Thou 38 shalt carry much seed out into the field, and shalt gather but

8. Jer. xxiv. 9. & xxv, 9. r Mic. vi. 15. Hag. i. 6.

s Heb. they shall not be

shalt have olive trees throughout all thy coasts, but thou shalt not anoint thyself with the oil; for thine olive shall cast his fruit. Thou shalt beget sons and daughters, but s thou shalt not enjoy 41 them; for they shall go into captivity. All thy trees and fruit 42 of thy land shall the locust t consume. The stranger that is with- 43 in thee shall get up above thee very high; and thou shalt come

little in; for the locust shall consume it. Thou shalt plant 39 vineyards, and dress them, but shalt neither drink of the wine, nor gather the grapes; for the worms shall eat them.

44 down very low. He shall lend to thee, and thou shalt not lend A.C. 1451.

45 to him: he shall be the head, and thou shalt be the tail. Moreover all these curses shall come upon thee, and shall pursue thee, and overtake thee, till thou be destroyed; because thou hearkenedst not unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to keep his commandments and his statutes which he commanded thee: 46 and they shall be upon thee for a sign and for a wonder, and 47 upon thy seed for ever. Because thou servedst not the Lord thy God with joyfulness, and with gladness of heart, for the 48 abundance of all things; therefore shalt thou serve thine enemies which the Lord shall send against thee, in hunger, and in thirst, and in nakedness, and in want of all things: and he shall put a yoke of iron upon thy neck, until he have de-The LORD shall bring a nation against thee 49 stroyed thee. from far, from the end of the earth, as swift as the eagle flieth; 50 a nation whose tongue thou shalt not understand; a nation u Heb. hear. x of fierce countenance, which shall not regard the person of x Heb. strong 51 the old, nor shew favour to the young: and he shall eat the fruit of thy cattle, and the fruit of thy land, until thou be destroyed: which also shall not leave thee either corn, wine, or oil, or the increase of thy kine, or flocks of thy sheep, until he 52 have destroyed thee. And he shall besiege thee in all thy gates, until thy high and fenced walls come down, wherein thou trustedst, throughout all thy land: and he shall besiege thee in all thy gates throughout all thy land, which the LORD 53 thy God hath given thee. And y thou shalt eat the fruit of thine y Lev. xxvi. own z body, the flesh of thy sons and of thy daughters, which 29. Lam. iv. the LORD thy God hath given thee, in the siege, and in the 10. Bar. ii. z Heb. belly. 54 straitness, wherewith thine enemies shall distress thee. So that the man that is tender among you, and very delicate, his eye shall be evil toward his brother, and toward the wife of his bosom, and toward the remnant of his children which he shall 55 leave: so that he will not give to any of them of the flesh of his children whom he shall eat: because he hath nothing left him in the siege, and in the straitness, wherewith thine ene-56 mies shall distress thee in all thy gates. The tender and delicate woman among you, which would not adventure to set the sole of her foot upon the ground for delicateness and tenderness, her eye shall be evil toward the husband of her bosom, 57 and toward her son, and toward her daughter, and toward her a young one that cometh out from between her feet, and toward a Heb. afterher children which she shall bear: for she shall eat them for want of all things secretly in the siege and straitness, where-58 with thine enemy shall distress thee in thy gates. If thou wilt not observe to do all the words of this law that are written in this book, that thou mayest fear this glorious and fearful name, 59 THE LORD THY GOD; then the LORD will make thy plagues wonderful, and the plagues of thy seed, even great

b Heb. cause to ascend.

c ch. x. 22.

A.C. 1451. plagues, and of long continuance, and sore sicknesses, and of long continuance. Moreover he will bring upon thee all the 60 diseases of Egypt, which thou wast afraid of; and they shall cleave unto thee. Also every sickness, and every plague, 61 which is not written in the book of this law, them will the LORD bring upon thee, until thou be destroyed. And ye 62 shall be left few in number, whereas ye were cas the stars of heaven for multitude; because thou wouldest not obey the voice of the Lord thy God. And it shall come to pass, that 63 as the Lord rejoiced over you to do you good, and to multiply you; so the LORD will rejoice over you to destroy you, and to bring you to nought; and ye shall be plucked from off the land whither thou goest to possess it. And the Lord shall scatter 64 thee among all people, from the one end of the earth even unto the other; and there thou shalt serve other gods, which neither thou nor thy fathers have known, even wood and stone. among these nations shalt thou find no ease, neither shall the sole of thy foot have rest: but the LORD shall give thee there a trembling heart, and failing of eyes, and sorrow of mind: and thy life shall hang in doubt before thee; and thou shalt 66 fear day and night, and shalt have none assurance of thy life: in the morning thou shalt say, Would God it were even! and 67 at even thou shalt say, Would God it were morning! for the fear of thine heart wherewith thou shalt fear, and for the sight of thine eyes which thou shalt see. And the Lord shall bring 68 thee into Egypt again with ships, by the way whereof I spake unto thee, Thou shalt see it no more again: and there ye shall be sold unto your enemies for bondmen and bondwomen, and no man shall buy you.

Concluding Appeal of Moses to the People.

DEUTERONOMY XXIX.

1 Moses exhorteth them to obedience, by the memory of the works they have seen. 10 All are presented before the Lord to enter into his covenant. 18 The great wrath on him that flattereth himself in his wickedness. 29 Secret things belong unto God.

These are the words of the covenant, which the Lord com- 1

manded Moses to make with the children of Israel in the land of Moab, beside the covenant which he made with them in Horeb. And Moses called unto all Israel, and said unto them, 2 a Ex. xix. 4. a Ye have seen all that the LORD did before your eyes in the land of Egypt unto Pharaoh, and unto all his servants, and unto all his land; the great temptations which thine eyes have seen, 3 the signs, and those great miracles: yet the LORD hath not 4 given you an heart to perceive, and eyes to see, and ears to hear, unto this day. And I have led you forty years in the 5 wilderness: your clothes are not waxen old upon you, and thy shoe is not waxen old upon thy foot. Ye have not eaten bread, 6 neither have ye drunk wine or strong drink: that ye might

```
7 know that I am the LORD your God. And when ye came A.C. 1451.
  unto this place, Sihon the king of Heshbon, and Og the king
  of Bashan, came out against us unto battle, and we smote
 8 them: and we took their land, and gave it for an inheritance
  unto the Reubenites, and to the Gadites, and to the half tribe
 9 of Manasseh. b Keep therefore the words of this covenant, and b ch. iv. 6.
  do them, that ye may prosper in all that ye do.
     Ye stand this day all of you before the LORD your God;
  your captains of your tribes, your elders, and your officers, with
11 all the men of Israel, your little ones, your wives, and thy
  stranger that is in thy camp, from the hewer of thy wood unto
12 the drawer of thy water: that thou shouldest center into cove-c Heb. pass.
  nant with the LORD thy God, and into his oath, which the
13 LORD thy God maketh with thee this day: that he may esta-
  blish thee to day for a people unto himself, and that he may be
  unto thee a God, as he hath said unto thee, and as he hath
  sworn unto thy fathers, to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob.
14 Neither with you only do I make this covenant and this oath;
15 but with him that standeth here with us this day before the
  LORD our God, and also with him that is not here with us this
16 day: (for ye know how we have dwelt in the land of Egypt;
  and how we came through the nations which ye passed by;
17 and ye have seen their abominations, and their didols, wood d Heb. dungy
18 and stone, silver and gold, which were among them:) lest there gods.
  should be among you man, or woman, or family, or tribe, whose
  heart turneth away this day from the LORD our God, to go and
  serve the gods of these nations; lest there should be among
19 you a root that beareth of gall and wormwood; and it come to e or, a poi-
  pass, when he heareth the words of this curse, that he bless him- sonful herb. rosh.
  self in his heart, saying, I shall have peace, though I walk in
  the g imagination of mine heart, to add h drunkenness to thirst: g Or, stub-
20 the Lord will not spare him, but then the anger of the Lord h Heb. the
  and his jealousy shall smoke against that man, and all the curses drunken to the thirsty.
  that are written in this book shall lie upon him, and the Lord
21 shall blot out his name from under heaven. And the LORD
  shall separate him unto evil out of all the tribes of Israel, ac-
  cording to all the curses of the covenant that i are written in i Heh. is
22 this book of the law: so that the generation to come of your
  children that shall rise up after you, and the stranger that shall
  come from a far land, shall say, when they see the plagues of
  that land, and the sicknesses k which the LORD hath laid upon it; k Heb. where-
23 and that the whole land thereof is brimstone, and salt, and burn- LOND hath
  ing, that it is not sown, nor beareth, nor any grass groweth made it sich.
  therein, 1 like the overthrow of Sodom, and Gomorrah, Admah, 1 Gen. xix.
  and Zeboim, which the LORD overthrew in his anger, and in
24 his wrath: even all nations shall say, m Wherefore hath the m 1 Kin. ix.
  Lord done thus unto this land? what meaneth the heat of this 8, 9. Jer. xxii.
25 great anger? Then men shall say, Because they have forsaken
```

VOL. I.

n Or, who had not given to them any portion. o Heb.

divided.

p Neh. i. 9.

A.C. 1451, the covenant of the LORD God of their fathers, which he made with them when he brought them forth out of the land of Egypt: for they went and served other gods, and worshipped 26 them, gods whom they knew not, and "whom he had not given unto them: and the anger of the Lord was kindled against 27 this land, to bring upon it all the curses that are written in this book: and the LORD rooted them out of their land in anger, 28 and in wrath, and in great indignation, and cast them into another land, as it is this day. The secret things belong unto 29 the Lord our God: but those things which are revealed belong unto us and to our children for ever, that we may do all the words of this law.

DEUTERONOMY XXX.

1 Great mercies promised unto the repentant. 11 The commandment is manifest. 15 Death and life are set before them.

And it shall come to pass, when all these things are come 1 upon thee, the blessing and the curse, which I have set before thee, and thou shalt call them to mind among all the nations, whither the Lord thy God hath driven thee, and shalt return 2 unto the LORD thy God, and shalt obey his voice according to all that I command thee this day, thou and thy children, with all thine heart, and with all thy soul; that then the LORD thy 3 God will turn thy captivity, and have compassion upon thee, and will return and gather thee from all the nations, whither the Lord thy God hath scattered thee. P If any of thine be 4 driven out unto the outmost parts of heaven, from thence will the LORD thy God gather thee, and from thence will be fetch thee: and the LORD thy God will bring thee into the land 5 which thy fathers possessed, and thou shalt possess it; and he will do thee good, and multiply thee above thy fathers. And 6 the LORD thy God will circumcise thine heart, and the heart of thy seed, to love the LORD thy God with all thine heart, and with all thy soul, that thou mayest live. And the LORD 7 thy God will put all these curses upon thine enemies, and on them that hate thee, which persecuted thee. And thou shalt 8 return and obey the voice of the LORD, and do all his comq ch. xxviii. mandments which I command thee this day. q And the Lord 9 thy God will make thee plenteous in every work of thine hand, in the fruit of thy body, and in the fruit of thy cattle, and in the fruit of thy land, for good: for the LORD will again rejoice over thee for good, as he rejoiced over thy fathers: if thou 10 shalt hearken unto the voice of the Lord thy God, to keep his commandments and his statutes which are written in this book of the law, and if thou turn unto the LORD thy God with all thine heart, and with all thy soul.

r Rom. x. 6,

For this commandment which I command thee this day, it is 11 not hidden from thee, neither is it far off. It is not in heaven, 12

that thou shouldest say, Who shall go up for us to heaven, and A.C. 1451. 13 bring it unto us, that we may hear it, and do it? Neither is it beyond the sea, that thou shouldest say, Who shall go over the sea for us, and bring it unto us, that we may hear it, and 14 do it? But the word is very nigh unto thee, in thy mouth, and in thy heart, that thou mayest do it. See, I have set before thee this day life and good, and death 16 and evil; in that I command thee this day to love the Lord thy God, to walk in his ways, and to keep his commandments and his statutes and his judgments, that thou mayest live and multiply: and the Lord thy God shall bless thee in the land 17 whither thou goest to possess it. But if thine heart turn away, so that thou wilt not hear, but shalt be drawn away, and wor-18 ship other gods, and serve them; I denounce unto you this day, that ye shall surely perish, and that ye shall not prolong your days upon the land, whither thou passest over Jordan to

19 go to possess it. I call heaven and earth to record this day sch. iv. 26. against you, that I have set before you life and death, blessing and cursing: therefore choose life, that both thou and thy seed 20 may live: that thou mayest love the Lord thy God, and that thou mayest obey his voice, and that thou mayest cleave unto him: for he is thy life, and the length of thy days: that thou mayest dwell in the land which the Lord sware unto thy

fathers, to Abraham, to Isaac, and to Jacob, to give them. NUMBERS XXXVI. VER. 13.

13 These are the commandments and the judgments, which the LORD commanded by the hand of Moses unto the children of Israel in the plains of Moab by Jordan near Jericho.

Personal History of Moses concluded ³¹. His Death announced.

NUMBERS XXVII. VER. 12, 13, 14.

12 And the Lord said unto Moses, ^a Get thee up into this ^{a Deut.}
mount Abarim, and see the land which I have given unto the xxxii. ^{49.}
13 children of Israel. And when thou hast seen it, thou also
^b shalt be gathered unto thy people, as Aaron thy brother was ^{b ch. xx. 24.}
14 gathered. For ye ^c rebelled against my commandment in the ^{c ch. xx. 24.}
desert of Zin, in the strife of the congregation, to sanctify me
at the water before their eyes: that is the ^d water of Meribah ^{d Ex. xvii. 7.}
in Kadesh in the wilderness of Zin.

Joshua, and two charges to the people. We read likewise of the delivery of a copy of the law to the priests, and of another to the Levites. Whether these charges were given at the same time; or whether two copies of the law were delivered, one to be deposited in the ark, the other to be copied by the people, is uncertain. It is supposed that some few passages at the end of Deuteronomy have been added by a later writer; either by Samuel, or Ezra, or one of the Prophets. This would account for the apparent repetition.

Joshua appointed his Successor.

NUMBERS XXVII. VER. 15, TO THE END.

of Moses.

And Moses spake unto the Lord, saying, Let the Lord, 15, 16 the God of the spirits of all flesh, set a man over the congregation, which may go out before them, and which may go in 17 before them, and which may lead them out, and which may bring them in; that the congregation of the LORD be not as sheep which have no shepherd.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Take thee Joshua the son 18 of Nun, a man in whom is the spirit, and lay thine hand upon him; and set him before Eleazar the priest, and before all the 19 congregation; and give him a charge in their sight. thou shalt put some of thine honour upon him, that all the congregation of the children of Israel may be obedient. shall stand before Eleazar the priest, who shall ask counsel for a Ex. xxviii. him a after the judgment of Urim before the LORD: at his word shall they go out, and at his word they shall come in, both he, and all the children of Israel with him, even all the congregation. And Moses did as the LORD commanded him: 22 and he took Joshua, and set him before Eleazar the priest, and before all the congregation: and he laid his hands upon him, 23 and gave him a charge, as the LORD commanded by the hand

Moses' Last Charge to the People. DEUTERONOMY XXXI. VER. 1-6.

And Moses went and spake these words unto all Israel. 1 And he said unto them, I am an hundred and twenty years old 2 this day; I can no more go out and come in: also the Lord hath said unto me, a Thou shalt not go over this Jordan. a Num. xx. 12. ch. iii. 27. LORD thy God, he will go over before thee, and he will destroy these nations from before thee, and thou shalt possess them: and Joshua, he shall go over before thee, b as the Lord hath said. And the LORD shall do unto them as he did to 4 Sihon and to Og, kings of the Amorites, and unto the land of them, whom he destroyed. And othe Lord shall give them 5 c ch. vli. 2. up before your face, that ye may do unto them according unto all the commandments which I have commanded you. strong and of a good courage, fear not, nor be afraid of them: for the LORD thy God, he it is that doth go with thee; he will not fail thee, nor forsake thee.

Moses' Charge to Joshua.

DEUTERONOMY XXXI. VER. 7, 8.

And Moses called unto Joshua, and said unto him in the 7 sight of all Israel, Be strong and of a good courage: for thou

b Num.

must go with this people unto the land which the LORD hath A.C. 1451. sworn unto their fathers to give them; and thou shalt cause 8 them to inherit it. And the LORD, he it is that doth go before thee; he will be with thee, he will not fail thee, neither forsake thee: fear not, neither be dismayed.

Moses completes the Writing of the Law, and delivers it to the

Priests. DEUTERONOMY XXXI. VER. 9-21.

And Moses wrote this law, and delivered it unto the priests the sons of Levi, which bare the ark of the covenant of the 10 LORD, and unto all the elders of Israel. And Moses commanded them, saying, At the end of every seven years, in the solemnity of the a year of release, in the feast of tabernacles, a oh. xv. 1. It when all Israel is come to appear before the Lord thy God in the place which he shall choose, thou shalt read this law 12 before all Israel in their hearing. Gather the people together, men, and women, and children, and thy stranger that is within thy gates, that they may hear, and that they may learn, and fear the LORD your God, and observe to do all the words of 13 this law: and that their children, which have not known any

thing, may hear, and learn to fear the Lord your God, as long as ye live in the land whither ye go over Jordan to possess it.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Behold, thy days approach that thou must die: call Joshua, and present yourselves in the tabernacle of the congregation, that I may give him a charge. And Moses and Joshua went, and presented themselves in the 15 tabernacle of the congregation. And the Lord appeared in the tabernacle in a pillar of a cloud: and the pillar of the cloud stood over the door of the tabernacle.

And the Lord said unto Moses, Behold, thou shalt b sleep b Heb. lie down. with thy fathers; and this people will rise up, and go a whoring after the gods of the strangers of the land, whither they go to be among them, and will forsake me, and break my covenant 17 which I have made with them. Then my anger shall be kindled against them in that day, and I will forsake them, and I will hide my face from them, and they shall be devoured, and many evils and troubles shall befall them; so that they e Heb. find will say in that day, Are not these evils come upon us, because 18 our God is not among us? And I will surely hide my face in that day for all the evils which they shall have wrought, in 19 that they are turned unto other gods. Now therefore write ye this song for you, and teach it the children of Israel: put it in their mouths, that this song may be a witness for me against 20 the children of Israel. For when I shall have brought them into the land which I sware unto their fathers, that floweth

with milk and honey; and they shall have eaten and filled

A.C. 1451: themselves, and waxen fat; then will they turn unto other gods, and serve them, and provoke me, and break my covenant.

And it shall come to pass, when many evils and troubles are 21

d Heb. before. befallen them, that this song shall testify d against them as a witness; for it shall not be forgotten out of the mouths of their seed: for I know their imagination which they ego about, even now, before I have brought them into the land which I sware.

The second Charge to Joshua, and Delivery of the Law to the Levites.

DEUTERONOMY XXXI. VER. 23-29.

And he gave Joshua the son of Nun a charge, and said, 23 ^{a Josh. i. 6.} ^a Be strong and of a good courage: for thou shalt bring the children of Israel into the land which I sware unto them: and I will be with thee.

And it came to pass, when Moses had made an end of writ-24 ing the words of this law in a book, until they were finished, that Moses commanded the Levites, which bare the ark of the 25 covenant of the Lord, saying, Take this book of the law, and 26 put it in the side of the ark of the covenant of the Lord your God, that it may be there for a witness against thee. For I 27 know thy rebellion, and thy stiff neck: behold, while I am yet alive with you this day, ye have been rebellious against the Lord; and how much more after my death?

Gather unto me all the elders of your tribes, and your offi-28 cers, that I may speak these words in their ears, and call heaven and earth to record against them. For I know that after 29 my death ye will utterly corrupt yourselves, and turn aside from the way which I have commanded you; and evil will befall you in the latter days; because ye will do evil in the sight of the LORD, to provoke him to anger through the work of your hands.

Song of Moses.

DEUTERONOMY XXXI. VER. 22 & 30.

Moses therefore wrote this song the same day, and taught it 22 the children of Israel. And Moses spake in the ears of all the 30 congregation of Israel the words of this song, until they were ended.

DEUTERONOMY XXXII. VER. 1-43.

Give ear, O ye heavens, and I will speak; and hear, O earth, 1 the words of my mouth.

My doctrine shall drop as the rain, my speech shall distil as 2 the dew, as the small rain upon the tender herb, and as the showers upon the grass:

Because I will publish the name of the Lord: ascribe ye 3 greatness unto our God.

- He is the Rock, his work is perfect: for all his ways are A.C. 1451. judgment: a God of truth and without iniquity, just and right is he.
- 5 a They have corrupted themselves, b their spot is not the a Heb. He hath corrupt spot of his children: they are a perverse and crooked gene-ed to himself. Do ye thus requite the LORD, O foolish people and unwise? his children, that is their

is not he thy father that hath bought thee? hath he not made blot. thee, and established thee?

Remember the days of old, consider the years of c many c Heb. genegenerations: ask thy father, and he will shew thee; thy elders, generation.

and they will tell thee.

When the Most High divided to the nations their inheritance, when he separated the sons of Adam, he set the bounds of the people according to the number of the children of Israel.

For the LORD's portion is his people; Jacob is the d lot of d Heb. cord.

his inheritance.

He found him in a desert land, and in the waste howling wilderness; he eled him about, he instructed him, he kept him e Or, comas the apple of his eye.

passed him

As an eagle stirreth up her nest, fluttereth over her young, spreadeth abroad her wings, taketh them, beareth them on her wings:

So the LORD alone did lead him, and there was no strange

god with him.

He made him ride on the high places of the earth, that he might eat the increase of the fields; and he made him to suck honey out of the rock, and oil out of the flinty rock;

Butter of kine, and milk of sheep, with fat of lambs, and rams of the breed of Bashan, and goats, with the fat of kidneys of wheat; and thou didst drink of the pure blood of the

grape.

But Jeshurun waxed fat, and kicked: thou art waxen fat, thou art grown thick, thou art covered with fatness; then he forsook God which made him, and lightly esteemed the Rock of his salvation.

They provoked him to jealousy with strange gods, with abo-

minations provoked they him to anger.

They sacrificed unto devils, fnot to God; to gods whom they for, which knew not, to new gods that came newly up, whom your fathers were not God. feared not.

Of the Rock that begat thee thou art unmindful, and hast forgotten God that formed thee.

And when the LORD saw it, he sabhorred them, because of g Or, despised.

the provoking of his sons, and of his daughters.

And he said, I will hide my face from them, I will see what their end shall be: for they are a very froward generation, children in whom is no faith.

A.C. 1451.

They have moved me to jealousy with that which is not God; 21 h Rom. x. 19. they have provoked me to anger with their vanities: and h I will move them to jealousy with those which are not a people; I will provoke them to anger with a foolish nation.

i Or, hath burned. k Or, hath consumed.

For a fire is kindled in mine anger, and i shall burn unto the 22 lowest hell, and k shall consume the earth with her increase, and set on fire the foundations of the mountains.

I will heap mischiefs upon them; I will spend mine arrows 23 upon them.

l Heb. burning coals.

They shall be burnt with hunger, and devoured with burn-24 ing heat, and with bitter destruction: I will also send the teeth of beasts upon them, with the poison of serpents of the dust.

m Heb. from the chambers. n Heb. bereave.

The sword without, and terror m within, shall n destroy both 25 the young man and the virgin, the suckling also with the man of gray hairs.

I said, I would scatter them into corners, I would make the 26

remembrance of them to cease from among men:

Were it not that I feared the wrath of the enemy, lest their 27 adversaries should behave themselves strangely, and lest they should say, Our hand is high, and the LORD hath not done all

o Or, Our high hand, and not the LORD, hath done all this.

For they are a nation void of counsel, neither is there any 28 understanding in them.

O that they were wise, that they understood this, that they 29 would consider their latter end!

p Josh. xxiii.

How should p one chase a thousand, and two put ten thousand 30 to flight, except their Rock had sold them, and the LORD had shut them up?

For their rock is not as our Rock, even our enemies them-31

selves being judges.

q Or, is worse than the vine

For their vine q is of the vine of Sodom, and of the fields of 32 of Sodom, Sc. Gomorrah: their grapes are grapes of gall, their clusters are bitter:

Their wine is the poison of dragons, and the cruel venom of 33

Is not this laid up in store with me, and sealed up among my 34 treasures?

r Ecclus. xxvili, 1. Heb. x. 30.

^r To me belongeth vengeance, and recompense; their foot 35 Rom. xii. 19. shall slide in due time: for the day of their calamity is at hand, and the things that shall come upon them make haste.

For the Lord shall judge his people, and repent himself 36 s 2 Mac. vii.6. 1 Heb. hand. for his servants, when he seeth that their t power is gone, and there is none shut up, or left.

And he shall say, Where are their gods, their rock in whom 37

they trusted,

Which did eat the fat of their sacrifices, and drank the wine 38 of their drink offerings? let them rise up and help you, and be u your protection.

u Heb. an hiding for vou.

See now that I, even I, am he, and there is no god with me: A.C. 1451. * I kill, and I make alive; I wound, and I heal: neither is there x 1 Sam. ii.6. any that can deliver out of my hand.

Tob. xiii. 2. Wisd. xvi. 13.

For I lift up my hand to heaven, and say, I live for ever.

If I whet my glittering sword, and mine hand take hold on judgment; I will render vengeance to mine enemies, and will reward them that hate me.

I will make mine arrows drunk with blood, and my sword shall devour flesh; and that with the blood of the slain and of the captives, from the beginning of revenges upon the

enemy.

y z Rejoice, O ye nations, with his people: for ye will y Or, Praise avenge the blood of his servants, and will render vengeance to nations: or, his adversaries, and will be merciful unto his land, and to his z Rom. xv. people.

Moses' farewell to the People.

DEUTERONOMY XXXII. VER. 44-47.

And Moses came and spake all the words of this song in the

45 ears of the people, he, and a Hoseah the son of Nun. And a Or, Joshua. Moses made an end of speaking all these words to all Israel:

46 and he said unto them, b Set your hearts unto all the words b ch. vi. 6. which I testify among you this day, which ye shall command & xi. 18.

47 your children to observe to do, all the words of this law. it is not a vain thing for you; because it is your life: and through this thing ye shall prolong your days in the land, whither ye go over Jordan to possess it.

Moses ascends mount Nebo to die.

DEUTERONOMY XXXII. VER. 48, TO THE END.

^a And the Lord spake unto Moses that selfsame day, saying, a Num. xxvii. 49 Get thee up into this mountain Abarim, unto mount Nebo. which is in the land of Moab, that is over against Jericho; and behold the land of Canaan, which I give unto the children of 50 Israel for a possession: and die in the mount whither thou b Num. xx.

goest up, and be gathered unto thy people; as b Aaron thy 25. 28. & xxxiii. 38. brother died in mount Hor, and was gathered unto his people: xxxiii. 38.
51 because cye trespassed against me among the children of 11, 12, 13. & xxvii. 14.

Israel at the waters of d Meribah-Kadesh, in the wilderness of dor, strife at Zin; because ye sanctified me not in the midst of the children Kadesh.

52 of Israel. Yet thou shalt see the land before thee; but thou shalt not go thither unto the land which I give the children of Israel.

Moses blesses the People.

DEUTERONOMY XXXIII.

And this is the blessing, wherewith Moses the man of God

of law.

A.C. 1451. blessed the children of Israel before his death. And he said, 2 The LORD came from Sinai, and rose up from Seir unto them; he shined forth from mount Paran, and he came with ten thousands of saints: from his right hand went a fiery law for them. Yea, he loved the people; all his saints are in thy hand: and 3 they sat down at thy feet; every one shall receive of thy words. Moses commanded us a law, even the inheritance of the con- 4 gregation of Jacob. And he was king in Jeshurun, when the 5 heads of the people and the tribes of Israel were gathered together.

Let Reuben live, and not die; and let not his men be 6

few.

And this is the blessing of Judah: and he said, Hear, LORD, 7 the voice of Judah, and bring him unto his people: let his hands be sufficient for him; and be thou an help to him from his enemies.

b Ex. xxviii.

And of Levi he said, b Let thy Thummim and thy Urim be 8 with thy holy one, whom thou didst prove at Massah, and with whom thou didst strive at the waters of Meribah; who said 9 unto his father and to his mother, I have not seen him; neither did he acknowledge his brethren, nor knew his own children: for they have observed thy word, and kept thy covenant. ^c They shall teach Jacob thy judgments, and Israel thy law: 10 d they shall put incense e before thee, and whole burnt sacrifice upon thine altar. Bless, LORD, his substance, and accept the 11 work of his hands: smite through the loins of them that rise against him, and of them that hate him, that they rise not again.

c Or, Let them teach. &c. d Or, let them put incense. e Heb. at thy nose.

> And of Benjamin he said, The beloved of the LORD shall 12 dwell in safety by him; and the LORD shall cover him all the day long, and he shall dwell between his shoulders.

f Gen. xlix.

And of Joseph he said, f Blessed of the LORD be his land, for 13 the precious things of heaven, for the dew, and for the deep that coucheth beneath, and for the precious fruits brought forth 14 g Heb. thrust by the sun, and for the precious things g put forth by the h moon, and for the chief things of the ancient mountains, and 15 h Heb. moons. for the precious things of the lasting hills, and for the precious 16 things of the earth and fulness thereof, and for the goodwill of him that dwelt in the bush: let the blessing come upon the head of Joseph, and upon the top of the head of him that was separated from his brethren. His glory is like the firstling of 17 his bullock, and his horns are like the horns of kunicorns: with them he shall push the people together to the ends of the earth: and they are the ten thousands of Ephraim, and they are the thousands of Manasseh.

i Gen. xlix. 26.

k Heb. an unicorn.

> And of Zebulun he said, Rejoice, Zebulun, in thy going 18 out; and, Issachar, in thy tents. They shall call the people 19 unto the mountain; there they shall offer sacrifices of righte

ousness: for they shall suck of the abundance of the seas, and A.C. 1451. of treasures hid in the sand.

And of Gad he said, Blessed be he that enlargeth Gad: he dwelleth as a lion, and teareth the arm with the crown of the

And he provided the first part for himself, because there, in a portion of the lawgiver, was he iseated; and he came 1 Heb. cieled. with the heads of the people, he executed the justice of the LORD, and his judgments with Israel.

And of Dan he said, Dan is a lion's whelp: he shall leap from Bashan.

And of Naphtali he said, O Naphtali, satisfied with favour, and full with the blessing of the Lord: possess thou the west and the south.

And of Asher he said, Let Asher be blessed with children; let him be acceptable to his brethren, and let him dip his foot

25 in oil. Thy shoes shall be iron and brass; and as thy days, m Or, Under thy shoes shall

so shall thy strength be. There is none like unto the God of Jeshurun, who rideth

upon the heaven in thy help, and in his excellency on the sky. 27 The eternal God is thy refuge, and underneath are the everlasting arms: and he shall thrust out the enemy from before

28 thee; and shall say, Destroy them. Israel then shall dwell n Jer. xxiii.6. in safety alone: the fountain of Jacob shall be upon a land of

29 corn and wine; also his heavens shall drop down dew. Happy art thou, O Israel: who is like unto thee, O people saved by the LORD, the shield of thy help, and who is the sword of thy excellency! and thine enemies o shall be found liars unto thee; o Or, shall be and thou shalt tread upon their high places.

Death of Moses—Lamentation of the People.

DEUTERONOMY XXXIV.

And Moses went up from the plains of Moab unto the mountain of Nebo, to the top of a Pisgah, that is over against a Or, the hill. And the LORD b shewed him all the land of Gilead, 2 Mac. ii. 4.

2 unto Dan, and all Naphtali, and the land of Ephraim, and 3 Manasseh, and all the land of Judah, unto the utmost sea, and the south, and the plain of the valley of Jericho, the city of

4 palm trees, unto Zoar. And the Lord said unto him, c This c Gen. xii. 7. is the land which I sware unto Abraham, unto Isaac, and unto Jacob, saying, I will give it unto thy seed: I have caused thee to see it with thine eyes, but thou shalt not go over

So Moses the servant of the Lord died there in the land of 6 Moab, according to the word of the Lord. And he buried him in a valley in the land of Moab, over against Beth-peor: but no man knoweth of his sepulchre unto this day.

And Moses was an hundred and twenty years old when he d Heb. died: his eye was not dim, nor his d natural force e abated.

A.C. 1451.

And the children of Israel wept for Moses in the plains of 8 Moab thirty days: so the days of weeping and mourning for Moses were ended.

And Joshua the son of Nun was full of the spirit of wisdom; 9 for Moses had laid his hands upon him: and the children of Israel hearkened unto him, and did as the Lord commanded Moses.

And there arose not a prophet since in Israel like unto 10 Moses, whom the Lord knew face to face, in all the signs and 11 the wonders, which the Lord sent him to do in the land of Egypt to Pharaoh, and to all his servants, and to all his land, and in all that mighty hand, and in all the great terror which 12 Moses shewed in the sight of all Israel.

PERIOD THE FOURTH:

FROM THE ENTRANCE OF THE ISRAELITES INTO CANAAN, UNDER THE COMMAND OF JOSHUA, TO THE DEATH OF DAVID.

Part

I.—THE CONQUEST OF CANAAN.

II.—GENERAL DIVISION OF THE COUNTRY.

III.—LAST EXHORTATIONS AND DEATH OF JOSHUA.

IV.—Interregnum after the Death of Joshua.

V.—The Government of the Judges.

VI.—THE REIGN OF SAUL.

VII.—THE REIGN OF DAVID.

PERIOD THE FOURTH.

PART I.

The Conquest of Canaan 1. § 1. The Mission of Joshua.

JOSHUA I. VER. 1—9.

1 Now after the death of Moses the servant of the Lord it came A.C. 1451.
to pass, that the Lord spake unto Joshua the son of Nun,

¹ The conduct of Providence towards the people of Israel had now made them the only nation in the world which maintained, in its entire purity, the doctrine of the Unity of God. The nations around them professed the grossest polytheism; and though many have been of opinion that the more philosophical part of mankind saw through the absurdity of Idolatry, we have no proof whatever that they worshipped the one only true God, who was revealed to their fathers, and was adored by the Israelites. The one God of the Heathens was a mysterious, undefinable, existing, nameless, First Cause; which received various epithets at various times. It was something comprising the properties of matter, with the attributes of spirit; which every attempt to describe rendered only more unintelligible and absurd. It was sometimes called the plastic energy of nature—fate—destiny—the soul of the world—or whatever other term the fancy or superstition of the Pagans might please to assign it: and we have every reason to suppose the philosopher, the magistrate, and the vulgar, among the Idolatrous nations, differed only in their degrees of absurdity. The people of Israel alone, not by the efforts of their own reasoning, but by the proofs which had appealed so strongly and so undeniably to their senses, believed, and professed, the religion of the true God, the Omnipotent, Omnipresent Creator, Preserver, and Judge of the World.

The worship of Jehovah being thus established among the Israelites, it could not be supposed that they were designed to wander perpetually in the wilderness. So long as the Israelites continued an obscure and wandering people in the deserts of Arabia, the great and merciful purposes, for which they had been so conspicuously favoured by the Almighty, could not be considered as fulfilled.

From the miracles and wonders they had witnessed they would naturally conclude that they were not to continue for ever in the wilderness; they would anticipate the possession of some fertile country where they might establish their religion in its purity. The land of Canaan, which was now in the possession of the Canaanites, appeared from its central situation best adapted for this purpose; but this circumstance could give them no right or title to the territory. Yet we read they claimed this country as if it was their inheritance: they fought, they conquered, they put to death, or dispossessed the inhabitants. The question therefore which has been proposed by many on reading this part of the narrative is worthy of attention,—By what right did the Israelites invade the land of Palestine?

God, the great governor, who possesses all power over his creatures, and may justly punish those who violate his laws, in that manner which to his wisdom may seem most impressive and useful, commanded the Israelites to exterminate the Canaanites, as the just retribution for their crimes and idolatries. God might have destroyed them by famine, by earthquake, by pestilence: He might have drowned them by a local deluge, or consumed them by fire from heaven: instead of employing these means, He commissioned the people of Israel to root them out by the sword. In so doing, the Almighty not only demonstrated to the whole world his hatred of the corruptions and pollutions of superstition, but He more particularly enforced on the Israelites the purity of his law, the certainty of their own punishment if they apostatized, and the freedom from temporal evil which they should enjoy, if they persevered in their allegiance to Him, their Sovereign.

Lest this invasion of Canaan by the Israelites, however, should be drawn into precedent by other nations, from motives of ambition, or religious persecution, they were assured, by continued and powerful miracles, that their cause was just, that they should be successful, and that they were not subject at that period to the common laws of nations. The people of Israel was the sword of God,

A.C. 1451. a Moses' minister, saying, Moses my servant is dead; now 2 a Deut. 1. 88. therefore arise, go over this Jordan, thou, and all this people,

the great Magistrate of the universe; and they were no more to be justly condemned for thus acting in conformity to the commands of God, than the executioner can be who fulfils the last sentence of the law. Before other nations, then, invade the territory of their neighbours on the same supposed authority as the Israelites, the same commission from heaven must be given; and that commission must be authenticated by miracles equally evident, unquestionable, and wonderful.

Many, however, have not been satisfied with this argument; and would discard the doctrine of the peculiar Providence, which regulated, by a visible theocracy, the conduct of the chosen people: they would defend the invasion of Palestine on other grounds. They would judge of the transactions of that Period, (regardless of the peculiar circumstances under which they took place) by modern ideas, and the present law of nations. Some suppose that the conduct of the Israelites was solely defensible, on the supposition that there had been a partition of the whole earth by the sons of Noah; and that Canaan had been allotted to Shem; the sons of Shem, therefore, were justified in claiming their ancient inheritance from the Canaanites, who were descended from Ham. Others have asserted that the Canaanites commenced the war by attacking the Israelites: an assertion which cannot be sustained by the history. While others have affirmed, without any well-grounded arguments, that the Israelites, as a wandering people, having no certain home, were justified in forcibly invading, and taking possession of, an adjoining territory. But Michaelis is of opinion that the right of the Israelites originated in their being actually the proprietors of Canaan, of which they had been unjustly dispossessed by the intruding and hostile Canaanites.

The laws of nations are always the same. If any nation, or tribe, or part of a tribe, take possession of an unknown, undiscovered, unoccupied, or uninhabited country, the right of property vests in them; they are its proprietors and owners. After the Deluge, the world might be said to be in this state; and Michaelis has endeavoured to prove, that the ancestors of Abraham were the original occupiers of the pasture land of Canaan. Canaan, therefore, by the law of nations, as well as by the promises of God, was the lot of Abraham's inheritance; and the rightful land of his descendants. The Canaanite and the Perizzite had only just established themselves in Canaan when Abraham removed from Haran to that country; and were so weak and few in number, that they never interfered with the rights of sovereignty assumed and exerted by Abraham. The Canaanites were merchants and adventurers who had been originally settled near the borders of the Indian ocean; and who, having been dispossessed by the Cuthic Sidonians, had migrated westward, to form establishments on the sea coasts of Palestine, and carry on commerce with the herdsmen who traversed it. They were for some time contented with their factories on the sea coasts; but they gradually obtained possession of the inland country. The Perizzites, too, were a warlike tribe, who now first made their appearance in Canaan; they had originally inhabited the north-east of Babylonia. Whether they had been dispossessed of their settlements; whether they were seeking new establishments; or for whatsoever purpose they were now in Palestine, they gave no interruption to the progress of Abraham; although Abraham entered upon the Holy Land, and continued his journeyings with a large retinue, and as a powerful prince. He took possession of Canaan as the territory of his ancestors; not indeed as a fixed habitation, but as pasture land adapted to his numerous flocks and herds. He traversed the whole country as a proprietor, without a competitor. He had the power of arming three hundred and eighteen of his own servants, born in his own house: and it is most probable that he had others who are not enumerated. He declared war as an independent prince of this country against five neighbouring princes; and formed an alliance with Abimelech, as an equal, and as a sovereign. It is true, he purchased land of the Canaanitish family of Heth: but this was because the Hittites had gradually made a more fixed settlement in that part of the country; their intrusion had not been at first prevented by the ancestors of Abraham; and by this sufferance they made that district their peculiar property.

As Abraham thus traversed and possessed Canaan, with undisputed authority, so too did Isaac and Jacob in like manner. No one opposed their right. They exercised, as Abraham had done before them, sovereign power; they never resigned that power; nor gave up to others the property of that land, which now, by long prescription, as well as by the promise of God, had become entirely their own.

The ancestors, then, of the Israelites, Michaelis argues, were either the sole sovereigns, or the most powerful of those princes who possessed, in early ages, the Holy Land. By the famine which occurred in the days of Joseph, they were compelled to leave their own country, and take refuge in Egypt: yet they never lost sight of the sepulchre of their fathers. And though we do not read that acts of ownership were continued, to maintain and perpetuate their right, we can have but little doubt that something of the kind took place; for Jacob was taken from Egypt to be buried there: Joseph assured them that they should return; and the Egyptians, their oppressors, a kindred branch

unto the land which I do give to them, even to the children of A.C. 1451. 3 Israel. b Every place that the sole of your foot shall tread b Deut. xi. 4 upon, that have I given unto you, as I said unto Moses. From 24. ch. xiv. 9. the wilderness and this Lebanon even unto the great river, the river Euphrates, all the land of the Hittites, and unto the great 5 sea toward the going down of the sun, shall be your coast. There shall not any man be able to stand before thee all the days of thy life: as I was with Moses, so I will be with thee: c I will c Heb. xiii. 5. 6 not fail thee, nor forsake thee. d Be strong and of a good d Deut.xxxi. courage: for e unto this people shalt thou divide for an inherit-e or, thou ance the land, which I sware unto their fathers to give them. this people to 7 Only be thou strong and very courageous, that thou mayest inherit the land, &c. observe to do according to all the law, which Moses my servant commanded thee: fturn not from it to the right hand or to the f Deut. v. 32. 8 left, that thou mayest g prosper withersoever thou goest. This g Or, do wisebook of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth; but thou iy. shalt meditate therein day and night, that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written therein: for then thou shalt make thy way prosperous, and then thou shalt have hor, do wise-9 good success. Have not I commanded thee? Be strong and of a good courage; be not afraid, neither be thou dismayed: for the LORD thy God is with thee withersoever thou goest.

§ 2. The Spies sent out.

JOSHUA II 2.

And Joshua the son of Nun a sent b out of Shittim two men a Or, had sent. to spy secretly, saying, Go view the land, even Jericho. And 1. they went, and came into an harlot's house, named Rahab, cHeb. xi. 31. 2 and d lodged there. And it was told the king of Jericho, say-dHeb. lay. ing, Behold, there came men in hither to night of the children 3 of Israel to search out the country. And the king of Jericho

of the powerful tribes which had by this time entirely taken possession of Palestine, kept them in bondage, and refused to let them go, lest they should claim the inheritance of their fathers.

If this claim of the Israelites can be proved to be well founded, they would have been entitled, by the law of nations, forcibly to take possession of the Holy Land; and it will be interesting to observe how the merciful providence of God afforded them the opportunity of successfully regaining their lawful inheritance, and at the same time accomplishing his own divine purposes, to the fulfilment of his prophecies, and to the happiness and security of his church. The Israelites may be considered as the servants and ministers of God, punishing the idolatry of the Canaanites, and instituting in its place, in the midst of an apostate world, the religion of the one true God. In every victory they obtained, they must have admired the faithfulness of that promise which had foretold their entire possession of this land; and they must have been persuaded that, if they served other gods, they would bring down upon themselves the punishments predicted by Moses.—Vide Michaelis, Comment. &c. vol. i. book ii. ch. iii. p. 155, &c.; Horæ Mosaicæ, vol. i. p. 458; Faber's Origin of Pag. Idol. vol. iii. p. 561, &c.

² There is some accidental derangement of the order of the chapters in the book of Joshua. If chronologically placed, they should be read thus: the first chapter to the tenth verse—the second chapter from the tenth verse to the end of the first chapter—the third and consecutive chapters to the eleventh—then the twenty-second chapter—and lastly, twelfth and thirteenth chapters to the twenty-fourth verse of the latter.—Bedford's Scripture Chronology, b. v. p. 590; Gray's Key, p. 147, note z.

A.C. 1451. sent unto Rahab, saying, Bring forth the men that are come to thee, which are entered into thine house: for they be come to search out all the country. And the woman took the two 4 men, and hid them, and said thus, There came men unto me, but I wist not whence they were: and it came to pass about the 5 time of shutting of the gate, when it was dark, that the men went out: whither the men went I wot not: pursue after them quickly; for ye shall overtake them. But she had brought 6 them up to the roof of the house, and hid them with the stalks of flax, which she had laid in order upon the roof. And the 7 men pursued after them the way to Jordan unto the fords: and as soon as they which pursued after them were gone out, they shut the gate. And before they were laid down, she came up unto them 8

ch. iv. 23.

upon us, and that all the inhabitants of the land e faint because f Ex. xiv. 21. of you. For we have heard how the Lord f dried up the 10 water of the Red sea for you, when ye came out of Egypt; and g what ye did unto the two kings of the Amorites, that were on the other side Jordan, Sihon and Og, whom ye utterly destroyed.

upon the roof; and she said unto the men, I know that the 9 LORD hath given you the land, and that your terror is fallen

h Heb. rose

And as soon as we had heard these things, our hearts did melt, 11 neither h did there remain any more courage in any man, because of you: for the LORD your God, he is God in heaven above, and in earth beneath. Now therefore, I pray you, swear 12 unto me by the LORD, since I have shewed you kindness, that ve will also shew kindness unto my father's house, and give me a true token: and that ye will save alive my father, and my 13 mother, and my brethren, and my sisters, and all that they have, and deliver our lives from death. And the men answered her, 14 i Heb. instead Our life i for your's, if ye utter not this our business. shall be, when the LORD hath given us the land, that we will

of you to die.

deal kindly and truly with thee. Then she let them down by 15 a cord through the window: for her house was upon the town wall, and she dwelt upon the wall. And she said unto them, 16 Get you to the mountain, lest the pursuers meet you; and hide yourselves there three days, until the pursuers be returned: and afterward may ye go your way. And the men said unto 17 her, We will be blameless of this thine oath which thou hast made us swear. Behold, when we come into the land, thou 18 shalt bind this line of scarlet thread in the window which thou k Heb. gather. didst let us down by: and thou shalt k bring thy father, and thy mother, and thy brethren, and all thy father's houshold, home unto thee. And it shall be, that whosoever shall go out 19 of the doors of thy house into the street, his blood shall be upon his head, and we will be guiltless: and whosoever shall be with

thee in the house, his blood shall be on our head, if any hand be upon him. And if thou utter this our business, then we will 20 21 be quit of thine oath which thou hast made us to swear. And A.C. 1451. she said, According unto your words, so be it. And she sent them away, and they departed: and she bound the scarlet line 22 in the window. And they went, and came unto the mountain, and abode there three days, until the pursuers were returned: and the pursuers sought them throughout all the way, but found them not.

So the two men returned, and decended from the mountain, and passed over, and came to Joshua the son of Nun, and told 24 him all things that befell them: and they said unto Joshua, Truly the LORD hath delivered into our hands all the land; for even all the inhabitants of the country do I faint because I Heb. mell. of us.

§ 3. Passage of the River Jordan. JOSHUA I. VER. 10, TO THE END.

Then Joshua commanded the officers of the people, saying, 11 Pass through the host, and command the people, saying, Prepare you victuals; for within three days ye shall pass over this Jordan, to go in to possess the land, which the Lord your God giveth you to possess it.

And to the Reubenites, and to the Gadites, and to half the 13 tribe of Manasseh, spake Joshua, saying, Remember at the word a Num. which Moses the servant of the Lord commanded you, saying, The Lord your God hath given you rest, and hath given 14 you this land. Your wives, your little ones, and your cattle,

dan; but ye shall pass before your brethren barmed, all the b Heb. mar-15 mighty men of valour, and help them; until the LORD hath five: as Ex. given your brethren rest, as he hath given you, and they also xiii. 18. have possessed the land which the LORD your God giveth them: then ye shall return unto the land of your possession, and enjoy it, which Moses the Lord's servant gave you on this side Jordan toward the sunrising.

shall remain in the land which Moses gave you on this side Jor-

And they answerd Joshua, saying, All that thou commandest us we will do, and whithersoever thou sendest us, we will go. 17 According as we hearkened unto Moses in all things, so will

we hearken unto thee: only the Lord thy God be with thee, 18 as he was with Moses. Whosoever he be that doth rebel against thy commandment, and will not hearken unto thy words in all that thou commmandest him, he shall be put to death: only be strong and of a good courage.

JOSHUA III3.

And Joshua rose early in the morning; and they removed from Shittim, and came to Jordan, he and all the children of

³ Throughout the whole of this Arrangement of the Old Testament, I have not attempted to transpose a sentence, to make the mere language or the composition of the inspired writers appear

A.C. 1451. Israel, and lodged there before they passed over. And it came 2 to pass after three days, that the officers went through the host; and they commanded the people, saying, When ye see the 3

to more advantage. My only object has been to relate the facts in their order, according to the best authorities. The third chapter of the book of Joshua contains an account of the passage of the Israelites over the river Jordan. The fact, as related by the sacred historian, is inserted in the Bible in its proper place: but Bishop Horsley is of opinion, that the narration of the fact itself is confused; he has, therefore, altered the arrangement of the sentences and verses, to give a more orderly and clear account: and he has done the same with other passages. In the present case the Bishop's arrangement has undoubtedly given greater elegance to the relation of the passage of the river Jordan, and I have therefore added it in this note, as one specimen of the manner in which that learned and ingenious author has proceeded in his proposed emendations of the sacred text: though the boldness of his criticisms is not always to be approved. The twelfth verse of this third chapter of Joshua he places after the first of chapter the 4th.

CHAPTER III.

- II, I. 1 And it came to pass after three days, that they removed from Shittim, and came unto Jordan, Joshua and all the children of Israel, and there they passed the night, before they passed over.
 - v. 2 And Joshua said unto the people, Sanctify yourselves, for to morrow Jehovah will perform wonders among you.
- 1, VII. 3 And Joshua arose early in the morning; and Jehovah said unto Joshua, This day will I begin to magnify thee in the eyes of all Israel, that they may understand that as I was with Moses I will be with thee.
- viii. 4 And thou, command the priests that bear the ark of the covenant, saying, When ye enter the brink of the water of Jordan, then stand ye still in Jordan.
 - 11. 5 And the officers went through the camp;
 - 111. 6 And they commanded the people, saying, So soon as ye shall see the priests the Levites take up the ark of the covenant of Jehovah your God, then ye shall march from your place, and go after it.
 - Iv. 7 Only there shall be a space between you and it. Ye shall not approach it within the distance of full two thousand cubits, in order that ye may know the way which ye must go, for ye have not passed this way heretofore.
 - vi. 8 And Joshua spake unto the priests, saying, Take up the ark of the covenant, and pass over before the people. So they took up the ark of the covenant, and marched before the people.
 - 9 And Joshua said unto the children of Israel, Come hither, and hear the words of Jehovah your God.
 - x. 10 And Joshua said, By this ye shall know that the living God is among you, and assuredly he will drive out before you the Canaanite, and the Hittite, and the Hivite, and the Perizzite, and the Amorite, and the Jebusite.
- xi. 11 Behold the ark of the covenant of the Lord of the whole earth goeth on before you into Jordan.
- XIII. 12 And it shall be, as soon as the soles of the feet of the priests bearing the ark of Jehovah, the Lord of all the earth, shall rest in the waters of Jordan, the waters of Jordan shall be intercepted, the waters that come down from above, and they shall stand up in one heap.
- xiv. 13 And it came to pass, when the people marched from their tents to pass over Jordan, with the priests bearing the ark of the covenant before the people;
- xv. 14 When they that bare the ark came unto Jordan, and the feet of the priests bearing the ark were dipped in the water upon the brink, (now Jordan is swollen over all his banks all the season of harvest:)
- xvi. 15 Then the waters which came down from the upper parts [of the river] stood still they rose up in one heap to a great distance above the city Adam the which is hard by Zaredan. And those that were going down toward the sea of the plain, the salt sea, ran quite off, being separated [from the upper stream]. So the people crossed over opposite to Jericho.
- xvii. 16 And the priests bearing the ark of the covenant of Jehovah stood firm upon dry land in the midst of Jordan. And all Israel crossed over upon dry land, until the whole army had crossed over Jordan.

ark of the covenant of the LORD your God, and the priests the A.C. 1451. Levites bearing it, then ye shall remove from your place, and go Yet there shall be a space betwen you and it, about two thousand cubits by measure: come not near unto it, that ye may know the way by which ye must go: for ye have not 5 passed this way cheretofore. And Joshua said unto the people, c Heb. since Sanctify yourselves: for to morrow the Lord will do wonders yesterday, and 6 among you. And Joshua spake unto the priests, saying, Take d Lev. xx. 7. Num. xi. 18. up the ark of the covenant, and pass over before the people. And ch. vii. 18. 7 they took up the ark of the covenant, and went before the people.

And the LORD said unto Joshua, This day will I begin to magnify thee in the sight of all Israel, that they may know 8 that, e as I was with Moses, so I will be with thee. And thou e ch. i. 5. shalt command the priests that bear the ark of the covenant, saying, When ye are come to the brink of the water of Jordan,

ye shall stand still in Jordan.

And Joshua said unto the children of Israel, Come hither, 10 and hear the words of the LORD your God. And Joshua said, Hereby ye shall know that the living God is among you, and that he will without fail drive out from before you the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Hivites, and the Perizzites, and 11 the Girgashites, and the Amorites, and the Jebusites. Behold, the ark of the covenant of the Lord of all the earth passeth 12 over before you into Jordan. Now therefore take you twelve 13 men out of the tribes of Israel, out of every tribe a man. it shall come to pass, as soon as the soles of the feet of the priests that bear the ark of the LORD, the LORD of all the earth, shall rest in the waters of Jordan, that the waters of Jordan shall be cut off from the waters that come down from above; and they f shall stand upon an heap.

f Ps. cxiv. 3.

And it came to pass, when the people removed from their tents, to pass over Jordan, and the priests bearing the gark of gActs vii. 45. 15 the covenant before the people; and as they that bare the ark were come unto Jordan, and the feet of the priests that bare the ark were dipped in the brim of the water, (for h Jordan over-h 1 Chr. xii. 16 floweth all his banks all the time of harvest,) that the waters xxiv. 26. which came down from above stood and rose up upon an heap very far from the city Adam, that is beside Zaretan : and those that came down toward the sea of the plain, even the salt sea, failed, and were cut off: and the people passed over right against 17 Jericho. And the priests that bare the ark of the covenant of the LORD stood firm on dry ground in the midst of Jordan, and all the Israelites passed over on dry ground, until all the

JOSHUA IV.

people were passed clean over Jordan.

And it came to pass, when all the people were clean passed; 2 i over Jordan, that the LORD spake unto Joshua, saying, k Take k ch. iii. 12.

Heb. to

morrow.

A.C. 1451. you twelve men out of the people, out of every tribe a man, and 3 command ye them, saying, Take you hence out of the midst of Jordan, out of the place where the priests' feet stood firm, twelve stones, and ye shall carry them over with you, and leave them in the lodging place, where ye shall lodge this night. Then Joshua 4 called the twelve men, whom he had prepared of the children of Israel, out of every tribe a man: and Joshua said unto them, 5 Pass over before the ark of the LORD your God into the midst of Jordan, and take you up every man of you a stone upon his shoulder, according unto the number of the tribes of the children of Israel: that this may be a sign among you, that 6 when your children ask their fathers 1 in time to come, saying, What mean ye by these stones? Then ye shall answer them, 7 That the waters of Jordan were cut off before the ark of the covenant of the Lord; when it passed over Jordan, the waters of Jordan were cut off: and these stones shall be for a memorial unto the children of Israel for ever. And the children of Israel 8 did so as Joshua commanded, and took up twelve stones out of the midst of Jordan, as the Lord spake unto Joshua, according to the number of the tribes of the children of Israel, and carried them over with them unto the place where they lodged, and laid them down there. And Joshua set up twelve stones in the midst 9 of Jordan, in the place where the feet of the priests which bare the ark of the covenant stood: and they are there unto this day.

m Num. xxxii. 27.

n Or, ready armed.

manded Joshua to speak unto the people, according to all that Moses commanded Joshua: and the people hasted and passed And it came to pass, when all the people were clean 11 passed over, that the ark of the Lord passed over, and the priests, in the presence of the people. And m the children of 12 Reuben, and the children of Gad, and half the tribe of Manasseh, passed over armed before the children of Israel, as Moses spake unto them: about forty thousand prepared for 13 war passed over before the Lord unto battle, to the plains of Jericho.

For the priests which bare the ark stood in the midst of 10 Jordan, until every thing was finished that the LORD com-

On that day the Lord magnified Joshua in the sight of all 14 Israel; and they feared him, as they feared Moses, all the days of his life. And the Lord spake unto Joshua, saying, Com- 15, 16 mand the priests that bear the ark of the testimony, that they come up out of Jordan. Joshua therefore commanded the 17 priests, saying, Come ye up out of Jordan. And it came to 18 pass, when the priests that bare the ark of the covenant of the LORD were come up out of the midst of Jordan, and the soles of O Heb. pluck the priests' feet were olifted up unto the dry land, that the ed up. p Heb. went. waters of Jordan returned unto their place, and p flowed over all his banks, as they did before.

And the people came up out of Jordan on the tenth day of 19

the first month, and encamped in Gilgal, in the east border of A.C. 1451. 20 Jericho. And those twelve stones, which they took out of 21 Jordan, did Joshua pitch in Gilgal. And he spake unto the children of Israel, saying, When your children shall ask their fathers q in time to come, saying, What mean these stones? q Heb. to 22 Then ye shall let your children know, saying, Israel came over 23 this Jordan on dry land. For the LORD your God dried up the waters of Jordan from before you, until ye were passed over, as the Lord your God did to the Red sea, which he dried up r Ex. xiv. 21. 24 from before us, until we were gone over: that all the people of the earth might know the hand of the Lord, that it is mighty: that ye might fear the LORD your God s for ever.

§ 4. The Covenant renewed.

JOSHUA V. VER. 1-12.

And it came to pass, when all the kings of the Amorites, which were on the side of Jordan westward, and all the kings of the Canaanites, which were by the sea, heard that the LORD had dried up the waters of Jordan from before the children of Israel, until we were passed over, that their heart melted, neither was there spirit in them any more, because of the children of Israel.

At that time the LORD said unto Joshua, Make thee ab sharp a Or, knives knives, and circumcise again the children of Israel the second b Ex. iv. 25. 3 time. And Joshua made him sharp knives, and circumcised the 4 children of Israel at c the hill of the foreskins. And this is the c Or, Gibeah haaruloth. cause why Joshua did circumcise: All the people that came out of Egypt, that were males, even all the men of war, died in the wilderness by the way, after they came out of Egypt. 5 Now all the people that came out were circumcised: but all the people that were born in the wilderness by the way as they 6 came forth out of Egypt, them they had not circumcised. For the children of Israel walked forty years in the wilderness, till all the people that were men of war, which came out of Egypt, were consumed, because they obeyed not the voice of the LORD: unto whom the LORD sware that dhe would not shew d Num. xiv. them the land, which the LORD sware unto their fathers that 23. he would give us, a land that floweth with milk and honey. 7 And their children, whom he raised up in their stead, them Joshua circumcised: for they were uncircumcised, because s they had not circumcised them by the way. And it came to pass, e when they had done circumcising all the people, that the people had they abode in their places in the camp, till they were whole. made an end 9 And the Lord said unto Joshua, This day have I rolled away to be circumthe reproach of Egypt from off you. Wherefore the name of

the place is called 'Gilgal unto this day. And the children of Israel encamped in Gilgal, and kept the passover on the fourteenth day of the month at even in the plains

A.C. 1451. of Jericho. And they did eat of the old corn of the land on the 11 morrow after the passover, unleavened cakes, and parched corn in the selfsame day.

> And the manna ceased on the morrow after they had eaten of 12 the old corn of the land; neither had the children of Israel manna any more; but they did eat of the fruit of the land of Canaan that year.

§ 5. The Conquest of Jericho.

JOSHUA VI. VER. 1.

a Heb. did Now Jericho was straitly shut up because of the children of 1 shut up, and was shut up. Israel: none went out, and none came in.

JOSHUA V. VER. 13, TO THE END 4.

And it came to pass, when Joshua was by Jericho, that he 13 b Ex. xxiii. lifted up his eyes and looked, and, behold, there stood b a man 23. over against him with his sword drawn in his hand: and Joshua went unto him, and said unto him, Art thou for us, or for our c Or, prince. adversaries? And he said, Nay; but as c captain of the host of 14 the LORD am I now come. And Joshua fell on his face to the earth, and did worship, and said unto him, What saith my lord unto his servant? And the captain of the Lord's host said 15 unto Joshua, d Loose thy shoe from off thy foot; for the place d Ex. iii. 5. Acts. vii. 33. whereon thou standest is holy. And Joshua did so.

JOSHUA VI. VER. 2, TO THE END.

And the Lord said unto Joshua, See, I have given into thine 2 hand Jericho, and the king thereof, and the mighty men of valour. And ye shall compass the city, all ye men of war, and 3 go round about the city once. Thus shalt thou do six days. And seven priests shall bear before the ark seven trumpets of 4 rams' horns: and the seventh day ye shall compass the city seven times, and the priests shall blow with the trumpets. And 5 it shall come to pass, that when they make a long blast with the rams' horn, and when ye hear the sound of the trumpet, all the people shall shout with a great shout; and the wall of the city shall fall down e flat, and the people shall ascend up every man straight before him.

And Joshua the son of Nun called the priests, and said unto 6 them, Take up the ark of the covenant, and let seven priests bear seven trumpets of rams' horns before the ark of the And he said unto the people, Pass on, and compass 7 the city, and let him that is armed pass on before the ark of the

⁴ This division is made on the authority of Mr. Faber. The Angel, who appeared to Moses, now appears to Joshua, assumes the same exalted name, "Jehovah," and challenges the same divine honours as the Son of God .- Faber's Horæ Mosaicæ, vol. ii. p. 107; and Horsley's Biblical Criticism, vol. i. p. 255.

And it came to pass, when Joshua had spoken unto the A.C. 1451. people, that the seven priests bearing the seven trumpets of rams' horns passed on before the LORD, and blew with the trumpets: and the ark of the covenant of the Lord followed them.

And the armed men went before the priests that blew with the trumpets, and the frereward came after the ark, the priests f Heb. ga10 going on, and blowing with the trumpets. And Joshua had thering host. commanded the people, saying, Ye shall not shout, nor g make g Heb. make any noise with your voice, neither shall any word proceed out be heard. of your mouth, until the day I bid you shout; then shall ye 11 shout. So the ark of the LORD compassed the city, going

about it once: and they came into the camp, and lodged in the

camp.

And Joshua rose early in the morning, and the priests took 13 up the ark of the LORD. And seven priests bearing seven trumpets of rams' horns before the ark of the LORD went on continually, and blew with the trumpets: and the armed men went before them; but the rereward came after the ark of the LORD, the priests going on, and blowing with the trumpets. 14 And the second day they compassed the city once, and returned 15 into the camp: so they did six days. And it came to pass on the seventh day, that they rose early about the dawning of the day, and compassed the city after the same manner seven times: 16 only on that day they compassed the city seven times. And it came to pass at the seventh time, when the priests blew with the trumpets, Joshua said unto the people, Shout; for the

And the city shall be haccursed, even it, and all that are h Or, devoted. therein, to the LORD: only Rahab the harlot shall live, she and all that are with her in the house, because ishe hid the ich. ii. 4.

18 messengers that we sent. And ye, in any wise keep yourselves from the accursed thing, lest ye make yourselves accursed, when ye take of the accursed thing, and make the camp of

Lord hath given you the city.

19 Israel a curse, and trouble it. But all the silver, and gold, and vessels of brass and iron, are k consecrated unto the LORD: k Heb. holi-

20 they shall come into the treasury of the Lord. So the people ness. shouted when the priests blew with the trumpets: and it came to pass, when the people heard the sound of the trumpet, and the people shouted with a great shout, that 1 the wall fell down 1 Heb. xi. 30. m flat, so that the people went up into the city, every man m Heb.

21 straight before him, and they took the city. And they utterly under it. destroyed all that was in the city, both man and woman, young and old, and ox, and sheep, and ass, with the edge of the 22 sword. But Joshua had said unto the two men that had spied out the country, Go into the harlot's house, and bring out

thence the woman, and all that she hath, nas ye sware unto nch ii. 14. 23 her. And the young men that were spies went in, and brought Heb. xl. 31.

A.C. 1451. out Rahab, and her father, and her mother, and her brethren, o Heb. fami- and all that she had; and they brought out all her o kindred, and left them without the camp of Israel. And they burnt the 24 city with fire, and all that was therein: only the silver, and the gold, and the vessels of brass and of iron, they put into the treasury of the house of the LORD. And Joshua saved Rahab 25 the harlot alive, and her father's houshold, and all that she had; and she dwelleth in Israel even unto this day; because she hid the messengers, which Joshua sent to spy out Jericho.

And Joshua adjured them at that time, saying, P Cursed be 26 the man before the LORD, that riseth up and buildeth this city Jericho: he shall lay the foundation thereof in his firstborn, and in his youngest son shall he set up the gates of it. the LORD was with Joshua; and his fame was noised throughout all the country.

§ 6. Capture of Ai.

JOSHUA VII.

c Or, Zimri, 1 Chr. ii. 6.

But the children of Israel committed a trespass in the ac- 1 a ch. xxii. 20. cursed thing: for a b Achan, the son of Carmi, the son of ^c Zabdi, the son of Zerah, of the tribe of Judah, took of the accursed thing: and the anger of the Lord was kindled against the children of Israel. And Joshua sent men from Jericho 2 to Ai, which is beside Beth-aven, on the east side of Beth-el, and spake unto them, saying, Go up and view the country. And the men went up and viewed Ai. And they returned 3 to Joshua, and said unto him, Let not all the people go up; d Heb. about but let d about two or three thousand men go up and smite Ai; and make not all the people to labour thither; for they are but So there went up thither of the people about three 4 thousand men; and they fled before the men of Ai. And 5 the men of Ai smote of them about thirty and six men: for they chased them from before the gate even unto Shebarim, e Or, in Mo- and smote them e in the going down: wherefore the hearts of

2000 men, or about 3000 men.

rad.

the people melted, and became as water. And Joshua rent his clothes, and fell to the earth upon his 6 face before the ark of the LORD until the eventide, he and the elders of Israel, and put dust upon their heads. And 7 Joshua said, Alas, O Lord God, wherefore hast thou at all brought this people over Jordan, to deliver us into the hand of the Amorites, to destroy us? would to God we had been content, and dwelt on the other side Jordan! O LORD, what 8 f Heb. necks. shall I say, when Israel turneth their fbacks before their ene-

mies! For the Canaanites and all the inhabitants of the land 9 shall hear of it, and shall environ us round, and cut off our name from the earth: and what wilt thou do unto thy great name?

And the Lord said unto Joshua, Get thee up; wherefore 10

11 g liest thou thus upon thy face? Israel hath sinned, and they A.C. 1451. have also transgressed my covenant which I commanded them: gHeb fallest. for they have even taken of the accursed thing, and have also stolen, and dissembled also, and they have put it even among 12 their own stuff. Therefore the children of Israel could not stand before their enemies, but turned their backs before their enemies, because they were accursed: neither will I be with you any more, except ye destroy the accursed from among 13 you. Up, sanctify the people, and say, Sanctify yourselves against to morrow: for thus saith the LORD God of Israel, There is an accursed thing in the midst of thee, O Israel: thou canst not stand before thine enemies, until ye take away 14 the accursed thing from among you. In the morning therefore ye shall be brought according to your tribes: and it shall be, that the tribe which the LORD taketh shall come according to the families thereof; and the family which the LORD shall take shall come by housholds; and the houshold which the 15 LORD shall take shall come man by man. And it shall be, that he that is taken with the accursed thing shall be burnt with fire, he and all that he hath: because he hath transgressed the covenant of the LORD, and because he hath wrought h folly in h Or, wicked-

So Joshua rose up early in the morning, and brought Israel 17 by their tribes; and the tribe of Judah was taken: and he brought the family of Judah; and he took the family of the Zarhites: and he brought the family of the Zarhites man by 18 man; and Zabdi was taken: and he brought his houshold man by man; and Achan, the son of Carmi, the son of Zabdi, the 19 son of Zerah, of the tribe of Judah, was taken. And Joshua said unto Achan, My son, give, I pray thee, glory to the Lord God of Israel, and make confession unto him; and tell me 20 now what thou hast done; hide it not from me. And Achan answered Joshua, and said, Indeed I have sinned against the 21 LORD God of Israel, and thus and thus have I done: when I saw among the spoils a goodly Babylonish garment, and two hundred shekels of silver, and a wedge of gold of fifty shekels i Heb. weight, then I coveted them, and took them; and, behold, they are hid in the earth in the midst of my tent, and the silver under it.

So Joshua sent messengers, and they ran unto the tent; and, behold, it was hid in his tent, and the silver under it. 23 And they took them out of the midst of the tent, and brought them unto Joshua, and unto all the children of Israel, and 24 k laid them out before the LORD. And Joshua, and all Israel k Heb. with him, took Achan the son of Zerah, and the silver, and the garment, and the wedge of gold, and his sons, and his daughters, and his oxen, and his asses, and his sheep, and his tent, and all that he had: and they brought them unto the valley of

A.C. 1451. Achor. And Joshua said, Why hast thou troubled us? the 25 LORD shall trouble thee this day. And all Israel stoned him with stones, and burned them with fire, after they had stoned them with stones. And they raised over him a great heap of 26 stones unto this day. So the Lord turned from the fierceness of his anger. Wherefore the name of that place was called, The valley of 1 Achor, unto this day. I That is,

Trouble.

JOSHUA VIII. VER. 1-29.

m Deut. i. 21. & vii. 18.

And the LORD said unto Joshua, m Fear not, neither be thou 1 dismayed: take all the people of war with thee, and arise, go up to Ai: see, I have given into thy hand the king of Ai, and his people, and his city, and his land: and thou shalt do to Ai 2 and her king as thou didst unto "Jericho and her king: only o the spoil thereof, and the cattle thereof, shall ye take for a prey unto yourselves: lay thee an ambush for the city behind it.

So Joshua arose, and all the people of war, to go up against 3

n ch. vi. 21. o Deut. xx.

Ai: and Joshua chose out thirty thousand mighty men of valour, and sent them away by night. And he commanded 4 them, saying, Behold, ye shall lie in wait against the city, even behind the city: go not very far from the city, but be ye all ready: and I, and all the people that are with me, will ap- 5 proach unto the city: and it shall come to pass, when they come out against us, as at the first, that we will flee before p Heb. pulled. them, (for they will come out after us) till we have p drawn 6 them from the city; for they will say, They flee before us, as at the first: therefore we will flee before them. Then ye shall 7 rise up from the ambush, and seize upon the city: for the

> LORD your God will deliver it into your hand. And it shall 8 be, when ye have taken the city, that ye shall set the city on

fire: according to the commandment of the Lord shall ye do. See, I have commanded you.

Joshua therefore sent them forth: and they went to lie in 9 ambush, and abode between Beth-el and Ai, on the west side of Ai: but Joshua lodged that night among the people. And 10 Joshua rose up early in the morning, and numbered the people, and went up, he and the elders of Israel, before the people to Ai. And all the people, even the people of war that were with 11 him, went up, and drew nigh, and came before the city, and pitched on the north side of Ai: now there was a valley between them and Ai. And he took about five thousand men, and set 12 them to lie in ambush between Beth-el and Ai, on the west side q of the city. And when they had set the people, even 13 all the host that was on the north of the city, and their liers in wait on the west of the city, Joshua went that night into the midst of the valley.

q Or, of Ai. r Heb. their lying in wait.

And it came to pass, when the king of Ai saw it, that they 14

hasted and rose up early, and the men of the city went out A.C. 1451. against Israel to battle, he and all his people, at a time appointed, before the plain; but he wist not that there were liers 15 in ambush against him behind the city. And Joshua and all Israel made as if they were beaten before them, and fled by the 16 way of the wilderness. And all the people that were in Ai were called together to pursue after them: and they pursued after 17 Joshua, and were drawn away from the city. And there was not a man left in Ai or Beth-el, that went not out after Israel: 18 and they left the city open, and pursued after Israel. And the LORD said unto Joshua, Stretch out the spear that is in thy hand toward Ai; for I will give it into thine hand. And Joshua stretched out the spear that he had in his hand toward 19 the city. And the ambush arose quickly out of their place, and they ran as soon as he had stretched out his hand: and they entered into the city, and took it, and hasted and set 20 the city on fire. And when the men of Ai looked behind them, they saw, and, behold, the smoke of the city ascended up to heaven, and they had no spower to flee this way or that way: s Heb. hand. and the people that fled to the wilderness turned back upon the 21 pursuers. And when Joshua and all Israel saw that the ambush had taken the city, and that the smoke of the city ascended, 22 then they turned again, and slew the men of Ai. And the other issued out of the city against them; so they were in the midst of Israel, some on this side, and some on that side: and they smote them, so that they tlet none of them remain or t Deut. vii. 2. 23 escape. And the king of Ai they took alive, and brought him 24 to Joshua. And it came to pass, when Israel had made an end of slaying all the inhabitants of Λ i in the field, in the wilderness wherein they chased them, and when they were all fallen on the edge of the sword, until they were consumed, that all the Israelites returned unto Ai, and smote it with the edge of 25 the sword. And so it was, that all that fell that day, both of men and women, were twelve thousand, even all the men of Ai. 26 For Joshua drew not his hand back, wherewith he stretched out the spear, until he had utterly destroyed all the inhabitants 27 of Ai. Unly the cattle and the spoil of that city Israel took uNum.xxxi for a prey unto themselves, according unto the word of the 28 LORD which he x commanded Joshua. And Joshua burnt Ai, x ver. 2. and made it an heap for ever, even a desolation unto this day. 29 And the king of Ai he hanged on a tree until eventide: and as soon as the sun was down, Joshua commanded that they should take his carcase down from the tree, and cast it at the

entering of the gate of the city, and yraise thereon a great heap y ch. vii. 26.

of stones, that remaineth unto this day 5.

⁵ The last six verses of this chapter are misplaced. Joshua, at this time, was at a great distance from Mount Ebal, namely at Gilgal; where he fixed his head-quarters, till the total reduction of the southern quarter of the country. See chapter ix. 6. and chapter x. 6, 7. 9. 43. The erection of the

§ 7. History of the Gibeonites—Conquest of the five Kings.

JOSHUA IX.

And it came to pass, when all the kings which were on this 1 side Jordan, in the hills, and in the valleys, and in all the coasts of the great sea over against Lebanon, the Hittite, and the Amorite, the Canaanite, the Perizzite, the Hivite, and the Jebusite, heard thereof; that they gathered themselves to-2 gether, to fight with Joshua and with Israel, with one a accord.

a Heb. mouth.

And when the inhabitants of Gibeon heard what Joshua 3 had done unto Jericho and to Ai, they did work wilily, and 4 went and made as if they had been ambassadors, and took old sacks upon their asses, and wine bottles, old, and rent, and bound up; and old shoes and clouted upon their feet, and old 5 garments upon them; and all the bread of their provision was dry and mouldy. And they went to Joshua unto the camp at 6 Gilgal, and said unto him, and to the men of Israel, We be come from a far country: now therefore make ye a league with And the men of Israel said unto the Hivites, Peradven- 7 ture ye dwell among us; and how shall we make a league with you? And they said unto Joshua, We are thy servants. 8 And Joshua said unto them, Who are ye? and from whence come ye? And they said unto him, From a very far country 9 thy servants are come because of the name of the Lord thy God: for we have heard the fame of him, and all that he did in Egypt, and all that he did to the two kings of the Amorites, 10 that were beyond Jordan, to Sihon king of Heshbon, and to Og king of Bashan, which was at Ashtaroth. Wherefore our 11 elders and all the inhabitants of our country spake to us, saying, Take victuals b with you for the journey, and go to meet them, and say unto them, We are your servants: therefore now make ye a league with us. This our bread we took hot 12 for our provision out of our houses on the day we came forth to go unto you; but now, behold, it is dry, and it is mouldy: and these bottles of wine, which we filled, were new; and, 13 behold, they be rent: and these our garments and our shoes c Or, they re- are become old by reason of the very long journey. And c the 14 by reason of men took of their victuals, and asked not counsel at the mouth of the Lord. And Joshua made peace with them, and made 15 a league with them, to let them live: and the princes of the congregation sware unto them.

b Heb. in your hand.

And it came to pass at the end of three days after they had 16 made a league with them, that they heard that they were their

pillar and altar at Mount Ebal was probably after the conquest of the northern kingdoms, when the land rested from war, for the remainder of Joshua's days. I should conjecture that these six verses should be annexed to chapter xi. after the words "and the land rested from war."-Horsley's Bib. Crit, vol. i. p. 260.

17 neighbours, and that they dwelt among them. And the children A.C. 1451. of Israel journeyed, and came unto their cities on the third day. Now their cities were Gibeon, and Chephirah, and Beeroth, 18 and Kirjath-jearim. And the children of Israel smote them not, because the princes of the congregation had sworn unto them by the Lord God of Israel. And all the congregation 19 murmured against the princes. But all the princes said unto all the congregation, We have sworn unto them by the LORD 20 God of Israel: now therefore we may not touch them. This we will do to them; we will even let them live, lest wrath be 21 upon us, because of the oath which we sware unto them. And the princes said unto them, Let them live; but let them be hewers of wood and drawers of water unto all the congregation; as the princes had a promised them 6. And Joshua called for them, and he spake unto them, saying, Wherefore have ye beguiled us, saying, We are very far 23 from you; when ye dwell among us? Now therefore ye are cursed, and there shall enone of you be freed from being bond- e Heb. not be men, and hewers of wood and drawers of water for the house of you. 24 my God. And they answered Joshua, and said, Because it was certainly told thy servants, how that the LORD thy God f commanded his servant Moses to give you all the land, and to Deut. vii. destroy all the inhabitants of the land from before you, therefore we were sore afraid of our lives because of you, and have 25 done this thing. And now, behold, we are in thine hand: as it seemeth good and right unto thee to do unto us, do. 26 And so did he unto them, and delivered them out of the hand 27 of the children of Israel, that they slew them not. And Joshua g made them that day hewers of wood and drawers of water for g Heb. gave, the congregation, and for the altar of the Lord, even unto this or, delivered day, in the place which he should choose.

JOSHUA X.

Now it came to pass, when Adoni-zedec king of Jerusalem had heard how Joshua had taken Ai, and had utterly destroyed it; has he had done to Jericho and her king, so he had done heh. vi. 21. to i Ai and her king; and how the inhabitants of Gibeon had i ch. viii. 22. made peace with Israel, and were among them; that they feared greatly, because Gibeon was a great city, as one of the kroyal cities, and because it was greater than Ai, and all the k Heb. cities men thereof were mighty. Wherefore Adoni-zedec king of of the king-Jerusalem sent unto Hoham king of Hebron, and unto Piram

⁶ The Gibeonites, being thus preserved among the Israelites, became a standing monument to all future generations of the truth of the events recorded in the book of Joshua. The people beheld among them a tribe of the ancient Canaanites, reduced to servitude; and they must have received the same kind of lesson from observing them, and associating with them, as the Christian of the present day may derive from looking upon the Jews, and remembering the ancient prophecies of Moses, Isaiah, and others; who have as clearly described their present degraded condition and dispersion, as they have their future restoration.

A.C. 1451. king of Jarmuth, and unto Japhia king of Lachish, and unto Debir king of Eglon, saying, Come up unto me, and help me, 4 that we may smite Gibeon: for it hath made peace with Joshua and with the children of Israel. Therefore the five kings of 5 the Amorites, the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, the king of Eglon, gathered themselves together, and went up, they and all their hosts, and encamped before Gibeon, and made war against it.

And the men of Gibeon sent unto Joshua to the camp to 6 Gilgal, saying, Slack not thy hand from thy servants; come up to us quickly, and save us, and help us: for all the kings of the Amorites that dwell in the mountains are gathered together against us. So Joshua ascended from Gilgal, he, and all the 7 people of war with him, and all the mighty men of valour.

And the LORD said unto Joshua, Fear them not: for I have 8 delivered them into thine hand; there shall not a man of them stand before thee. Joshua therefore came unto them suddenly, 9 and went up from Gilgal all night. And the LORD discomfited 10 them before Israel, and slew them with a great slaughter at Gibeon, and chased them along the way that goeth up to Beth-horon, and smote them to Azekah, and unto Makkedah.

And it came to pass, as they fled from before Israel, and were 11 in the going down to Beth-horon, that the Lord cast down great stones from heaven upon them unto Azekah, and they died: they were more which died with hailstones than they whom the children of Israel slew with the sword.

Then spake Joshua to the LORD in the day when the LORD 12 delivered up the Amorites before the children of Israel, and he said in the sight of Israel, 1 Sun, m stand thou still upon Gibeon: and thou, Moon, in the valley of Ajalon. And the sun stood still, 13 and the moon stayed, until the people had avenged themselves upon their enemies. Is not this written in the book of ⁿ Jasher? So the sun stood still in the midst of heaven, and hasted not to go down about a whole day. And there was no day like that 14 before it or after it, that the LORD hearkened unto the voice of a man: for the LORD fought for Israel 7.

And Joshua returned, and all Israel with him, unto the camp 15 to Gilgal. But these five kings fled, and hid themselves in a 16

l Is. xxviii. 21. Ecclus. xlvi. 4. m Heb. be silent. n Or, the upright.

⁷ The object of this miracle (which Mr. Bryant, Whiston, and others, have endeavoured to explain away) was of the most important and impressive nature. The Sun and the Moon, the two principal gods of the idolaters, were commanded to yield miraculous obedience to the chief servant of the true God; and thereby to contribute to the more effectual conquest of their own worshippers. It was a miracle of the same description with those which had been wrought in Egypt. With respect to the objections to the probability of this miracle, which originate in a consideration of its supposed consequences, it is justly observed by Bishop Watson, "The machine of the universe is in the hand of God; he can stop the motion of any part, or of the whole, with less trouble than either of us can stop a watch."—How absurd then are the reasonings of those men, who believe in the existence of an omnipotent God, yet deny the possibility of the exertion of his power in other ways than those which are known to their limited experience!

17 cave at Makkedah. And it was told Joshua, saying, The five A.C. 1451. 18 kings are found hid in a cave at Makkedah. And Joshua said, Roll great stones upon the mouth of the cave, and set men by it 19 for to keep them: and stay ye not, but pursue after your enemies, and o smite the hindmost of them; suffer them not to enter into o Heb. out their cities: for the LORD your God hath delivered them into of the tail. 20 your hand. And it came to pass, when Joshua and the children of Israel had made an end of slaying them with a very great slaughter, till they were consumed, that the rest which remained of them 21 entered into fenced cities. And all the people returned to the camp to Joshua at Makkedah in peace: none moved his tongue 22 against any of the children of Israel. Then said Joshua, Open the mouth of the cave, and bring out those five kings unto me out 23 of the cave. And they did so, and brought forth those five kings unto him out of the cave, the king of Jerusalem, the king of Hebron, the king of Jarmuth, the king of Lachish, and the 24 king of Eglon. And it came to pass, when they brought out those kings unto Joshua, that Joshua called for all the men of Israel, and said unto the captains of the men of war which went with him, Come near, put your feet upon the necks of these kings. And they came near, and put their feet upon the necks 25 of them. And Joshua said unto them, Fear not, nor be dismayed, be strong and of good courage; for thus shall the LORD do to 26 all your enemies against whom ye fight. And afterward Joshua smote them, and slew them, and hanged them on five trees: 27 and they were hanging upon the trees until the evening. And it came to pass at the time of the going down of the sun, that Joshua commanded, and they p took them down off the trees, p Deut. xxi. and cast them into the cave wherein they had been hid, and 23. ch.viii 29. laid great stones in the cave's mouth, which remain until this very day.

And that day Joshua took Makkedah, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and the king thereof he utterly destroyed, them, and all the souls that were therein; he let none remain: and he did to the king of Makkedah qas he did unto the king qch. vi. 21. 29 of Jericho. Then Joshua passed from Makkedah, and all Israel 30 with him, unto Libnah, and fought against Libnah: and the LORD delivered it also, and the king thereof, into the hand of Israel; and he smote it with the edge of the sword, and all

the souls that were therein; he let none remain in it; but did unto the king thereof as he did unto the king of Jericho.

And Joshua passed from Libnah, and all Israel with him, unto Lachish, and encamped against it, and fought against it: 32 and the LORD delivered Lachish into the hand of Israel, which took it on the second day, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and all the souls that were therein, according to all that he had done to Libnah.

Then Horam king of Gezer came up to help Lachish; and 33 VOL. 1.

A.C. 1451. Joshua smote him and his people, until he had left him none remaining.

> And from Lachish Joshua passed unto Eglon, and all Israel 34 with him; and they encamped against it, and fought against it: and they took it on that day, and smote it with the edge of the 35 sword, and all the souls that were therein he utterly destroyed that day, according to all that he had done to Lachish. Joshua went up from Eglon, and all Israel with him, unto Hebron; and they fought against it: and they took it, and 37 smote it with the edge of the sword, and the king thereof, and all the cities thereof, and all the souls that were therein; he left none remaining, according to all that he had done to Eglon; but destroyed it utterly, and all the souls that were therein.

> And Joshua returned, and all Israel with him, to Debir; and 38 fought against it: and he took it, and the king thereof, and all 39 the cities thereof; and they smote them with the edge of the sword, and utterly destroyed all the souls that were therein; he left none remaining: as he had done to Hebron, so he did to Debir, and to the king thereof; as he had done also to Libnah, and to her king.

> So Joshua smote all the country of the hills, and of the south, 40 and of the vale, and of the springs, and all their kings: he left none remaining, but utterly destroyed all that breathed, as the LORD God of Israel r commanded. And Joshua smote them 41 from Kadesh-barnea even unto Gaza, and all the country of Goshen, even unto Gibeon. And all these kings and their 42 land did Joshua take at one time, because the LORD God of Israel fought for Israel. And Joshua returned, and all Israel 43 with him, unto the camp to Gilgal.

> > § 8. The Conquest of Canaan completed.

JOSHUA XI.

1445. And it came to pass, when Jabin king of Hazor had heard 1 those things, that he sent to Jobab king of Madon, and to the king of Shimron, and to the king of Achshaph, and to the kings 2 that were on the north of the mountains, and of the plains south of Chinneroth, and in the valley, and in the borders of Dor on the west, and to the Canaanite on the east and on the west, and 3 to the Amorite, and the Hittite, and the Perizzite, and the Jebusite in the mountains, and to the Hivite under Hermon in the land of Mizpeh. And they went out, they and all their 4 hosts with them, much people, even as the sand that is upon the sea shore in multitude, with horses and chariots very * Heb. assem- many. And when all these kings were a met together, they 5 bled by upcame and pitched together at the waters of Merom, to fight against Israel.

And the LORD said unto Joshua, Be not afraid because of 6

16, 17,

them: for to morrow about this time will I deliver them up all A.C. 1445. slain before Israel: thou shalt hough their horses, and burn 7 their chariots with fire. So Joshua came, and all the people of war with him, against them by the waters of Merom sud-8 denly; and they fell upon them. And the Lord delivered them into the hand of Israel, who smote them, and chased them unto b great Zidon, and unto cd Misrephoth-maim, and unto the b Or, Zidonvalley of Mizpeh eastward; and they smote them, until they cor, sult pits. 9 left them none remaining. And Joshua did unto them as the d Heb. burn-LORD bade him: he houghed their horses, and burnt their chariots with fire.

And Joshua at that time turned back, and took Hazor, and smote the king thereof with the sword: for Hazor beforetime 11 was the head of all those kingdoms. And they smote all the souls that were therein with the edge of the sword, utterly destroying them: there was not cany left to breathe: and he e Heb. any

12 burnt Hazor with fire. And all the cities of those kings, and all the kings of them, did Joshua take, and smote them with the edge of the sword, and he utterly destroyed them f, as Moses f Num. xxxiii. 52.

13 the servant of the LORD commanded. But as for the cities Deut. vii. 2.

Deut. vii. 2. that stood still g in their strength, Israel burned none of them, & xx. 16, 17. 14 save Hazor only; that did Joshua burn. And all the spoil of their heap.

these cities, and the cattle, the children of Israel took for a prev unto themselves; but every man they smote with the edge of the sword, until they had destroyed them, neither left they any to breathe. h As the Lord commanded Moses his servant, so i did Moses h Ex. xxxiv. command Joshua, and so did Joshua; he left nothing undone 11, 12.

16 of all that the LORD commanded Moses. So Joshua took all k Heb. he re-

that land, the hills, and all the south country, and all the land thing. of Goshen, and the valley, and the plain, and the mountain of 17 Israel, and the valley of the same; even from 1 the mount Halak, 1 or, the smooth mounthat goeth up to Seir, even unto Baal-gad in the valley of Le-tuin.

banon under mount Hermon: and all their kings he took, and 18 smote them, and slew them. ^m Joshua made war a long time ^m Till 1445.

19 with all those kings. There was not a city that made peace with the children of Israel, save n the Hivites the inhabitants of n ch. ix. 3.

20 Gibeon: all other they took in battle. For it was of the LORD to harden their hearts, that they should come against Israel in battle, that he might destroy them utterly, and that they might have no favour, but that he might destroy them, as the LORD commanded Moses.

And at that time came Joshua, and cut off the Anakims from the mountains, from Hebron, from Debir, from Anab, and from all the mountains of Judah, and from all the mountains of 22 Israel: Joshua destroyed them utterly with their cities. There was none of the Anakims left in the land of the children of

23 Israel: only in Gaza, in Gath, and in Ashdod, there remained.

q Deut. xi.

29. & xxvii.

12.

s Heb. walked.

A.C. 1445. So Joshua took the whole land, according to all that the LORD said unto Moses; and Joshua gave it for an inheritance unto ONum. xxvi. Israel oaccording to their divisions by their tribes. And the land rested from war.

JOSHUA VIII. VER. 30, TO THE END.

Then Joshua built an altar unto the Lord God of Israel in 30 mount Ebal, as Moses the servant of the Lord commanded 31 p Ex. xx. 25. Deut. xxvii. the children of Israel, as it is written in the p book of the law of Moses, an altar of whole stones, over which no man hath lift 5, 6. up any iron: and they offered thereon burnt offerings unto the LORD, and sacrificed peace offerings.

And he wrote there upon the stones a copy of the law of 32 Moses, which he wrote in the presence of the children of Israel. And all Israel, and their elders, and officers, and their judges, 33 stood on this side the ark and on that side before the priests the Levites, which bare the ark of the covenant of the Lord, as well the stranger, as he that was born among them; half of them over against mount Gerizim, and half of them over against mount Ebal q; as Moses the servant of the Lord had commanded before, that they should bless the people of Israel. And afterward he read all the words of the law, the blessings 34 and cursings, according to all that is written in the book of the law. There was not a word of all that Moses commanded, 35 which Joshua read not before all the congregation of Israel, r Deut. xxxi. r with the women, and the little ones, and the strangers that * were conversant among them.

§ 9. The Tribe of Reuben, &c. return Home 8.

JOSHUA XXII.

1444. Then Joshua called the Reubenites, and the Gadites, and the half tribe of Manasseh, and said unto them, Ye have kept all 2 that Moses the servant of the Lord commanded you, and have obeyed my voice in all that I commanded you: ye have not left 3 your brethren these many days unto this day, but have kept the charge of the commandment of the LORD your God. And 4 now the Lord your God hath given rest unto your brethren, as he promised them: therefore now return ve, and get you unto a Num. xxxii. your tents, and unto the land of your possession, a which Moses 33. ch. xiii. 8. the servant of the LORD gave you on the other side Jordan.

We read (Josh. i. 16.) that the wives and children of the Reubenites were directed to remain on the other side of the river, in the settlements assigned to them by Moses; which had been conquered previously to the rest of the promised land. The men, however, who were fit for war, in compliance with an offer made to Moses, were directed by Joshua to assist their brethren in taking possession of Canaan. The war had now lasted seven years; the country was conquered, and the land at rest. It is but natural to conclude, that the Reubenites, &c. would return to their homes when their presence was no longer indispensably necessary to their brethren. I have, therefore, placed this chapter immediately after the accounts of the conquest, and before the division of the provinces of Palestine among the remaining tribes.

- 5 But take diligent heed to do the commandment and the law A.C. 1444. which Moses the servant of the Lord charged you's, to love b Deut. x.12. the Lord your God, and to walk in all his ways, and to keep his commandments, and to cleave unto him, and to serve him 6 with all your heart and with all your soul. So Joshua
- blessed them, and sent them away: and they went unto their tents. Now to the one half of the tribe of Manasseh Moses had given possession in Bashan: but unto the other half thereof gave Joshua among their brethren on this side Jordan west-
- And when Joshua sent them away also unto their tents, 8 then he blessed them, and he spake unto them, saying, Return with much riches unto your tents, and with very much cattle, with silver, and with gold, and with brass, and with iron, and with very much raiment: divide the spoil of your enemies with

your brethren.

And the children of Reuben and the children of Gad and the half tribe of Manasseh returned, and departed from the children of Israel out of Shiloh, which is in the land of Canaan, to go unto the country of Gilead, to the land of their possession, whereof they were possessed, according to the word of the Lord by the hand of Moses.

And when they came unto the borders of Jordan, that are in the land of Canaan, the children of Reuben and the children of Gad and the half tribe of Manasseh built there an altar by

Jordan, a great altar to see to.

And the children of Israel heard say, Behold, the children of Reuben and the children of Gad and the half tribe of Manasseh have built an altar over against the land of Canaan, in the borders of Jordan, at the passage of the children of Israel.

12 And when the children of Israel heard of it, the whole congregation of the children of Israel gathered themselves together at 13 Shiloh, to go up to war against them. And the children of

Israel sent unto the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad, and to the half tribe of Manasseh, into the land of Gilead,

14 Phinehas the son of Eleazar the priest, and with him ten princes, of each chief house a prince throughout all the tribes c Heb. house of Israel; and each one was an head of the house of their of the father. fathers among the thousands of Israel.

And they came unto the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad, and to the half tribe of Manasseh, unto the 16 land of Gilead, and they spake with them, saying, Thus saith the whole congregation of the LORD, What trespass is this that ye have committed against the God of Israel, to turn away this day from following the Lord, in that ye have builded you an

17 altar, that ye might rebel this day against the Lord? Is the iniquity d of Peor too little for us, from which we are not a Num.xxv. cleansed until this day, although there was a plague in the 4.

A.C. 1444. congregation of the Lord, but that ye must turn away this 18 day from following the LORD? and it will be, seeing ye rebel to day against the LORD, that to morrow he will be wroth with the whole congregation of Israel. Notwithstanding, if the land 19 of your possession be unclean, then pass ye over unto the land of the possession of the Lord, wherein the Lord's tabernacle dwelleth, and take possession among us: but rebel not against the LORD, nor rebel against us, in building you an altar beside

ech. vii. 1.5. the altar of the LORD our God. Did not Achan the son of 20 Zerah commit a trespass in the accursed thing, and wroth fell on all the congregation of Israel? and that man perished not

alone in his iniquity.

Then the children of Reuben and the children of Gad and 21 the half tribe of Manasseh answered, and said unto the heads of the thousands of Israel, The LORD God of gods, the LORD 22 God of gods, he knoweth, and Israel he shall know; if it be in rebellion, or if in transgression against the Lord, (save us not this day,) that we have built us an altar to turn from following 23 the LORD, or if to offer thereon burnt offering or meat offering, or if to offer peace offerings thereon, let the Lord himself require it; and if we have not rather done it for fear of this 24 thing, saying, In time to come your children might speak unto our children, saying, What have ye to do with the LORD God of Israel? For the LORD hath made Jordan a border 25 between us and you, ye children of Reuben and children of Gad; ye have no part in the LORD: so shall your children make our children cease from fearing the Lord. Therefore 26 we said, Let us now prepare to build us an altar, not for burnt offering, nor for sacrifice: but that it may be ga witness between 27 us, and you, and our generations after us, that we might do the service of the Lord before him with our burnt offerings, and with our sacrifices, and with our peace offerings; that your children may not say to our children in time to come, Ye have no part in the LORD. Therefore said we, that it shall be, 28 when they should so say to us or to our generations in time to come, that we may say again, Behold the pattern of the altar of the LORD, which our fathers made, not for burnt offerings, nor for sacrifices; but it is a witness between us and you. God 29 forbid that we should rebel against the LORD, and turn this day from following the LORD, to build an altar for burnt offerings, for meat offerings, or for sacrifices, beside the altar of the Lord our God that is before his tabernacle.

And when Phinehas the priest, and the princes of the con-30 gregation and heads of the thousands of Israel which were with him, heard the words that the children of Reuben and the h Heb. it was children of Gad and the children of Manasseh spake, hit pleased them. And Phinehas the son of Eleazar the priest 31 said unto the children of Reuben, and to the children of Gad,

f Heb. To morrow.

g Gen. xxxi. 48. ch. xxiv. 27. 34.

good in their

and to the children of Manasseh, This day we perceive that A.C. 1444. the LORD is among us, because ye have not committed this trespass against the LORD: inow ye have delivered the children i Heb. then. of Israel out of the hand of the LORD.

And Phinehas the son of Eleazar the priest, and the princes, returned from the children of Reuben, and from the children of Gad, out of the land of Gilead, unto the land of Canaan, to 33 the children of Israel, and brought them word again. thing pleased the children of Israel; and the children of Israel blessed God, and did not intend to go up against them in battle, to destroy the land wherein the children of Reuben and Gad 34 dwelt. And the children of Reuben and the children of Gad called the altar k Ed: for it shall be a witness between us that k That is, A the LORD is God.

witness: so ch. xxiv. 27.

PART II.

General Division of the Country.

§ 1. Recapitulation of Conquests.

JOSHUA XII.

Now these are the kings of the land, which the children of Israel smote, and possessed their land on the other side Jordan toward the rising of the sun, from the river Arnon unto mount 2 Hermon, and all the plain on the east: a Sihon king of the a Num.xxi. Amorites, who dwelt in Heshbon, and ruled from Aroer, which 6. Deut. iii. is upon the bank of the river Arnon, and from the middle of the river, and from half Gilead, even unto the river Jabbok, 3 which is the border of the children of Ammon; and from the plain to the sea of Chinneroth on the east, and unto the sea of the plain, even the salt sea on the east, the way to Beth-jeshimoth; and from b the south, under cd Ashdoth-pisgah:

And the coast of Og king of Bashan, which was of e the springs of remnant of the giants, that dwelt at Ashtaroth and at Edrei, the hill. 5 and reigned in mount Hermon, and in Salcah, and in all d Deut. iii. Bashan, unto the border of the Geshurites and the Maachath- e Deut. iii.11. ites, and half Gilead, the border of Sihon king of Heshbon. ch xiii. 12.

6 Them did Moses the servant of the Lord and the children of Israel smite: and f Moses the servant of the Lord gave it for f Num.xxxii. a possession unto the Reubenites, and the Gadites, and the 12.ch. xiii. 8. half tribe of Manasseh.

And these are the kings of the country g which Joshua and g ch. xi. 17. the children of Israel smote on this side Jordan on the west, from Baal-gad in the valley of Lebanon even unto the mount Halak, that goeth up to Seir; which Joshua gave unto the tribes of Israel for a possession according to their divisions; s in the mountains, and in the valleys, and in the plains, and in the springs, and in the wilderness, and in the south country;

b Or, Teman.

A.C. 1444. the Hittites, the Amorites, and the Canaanites, the Perizzites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites:

h ch. vi. 2. i ch. viii. 29. k ch. x. 23.

l ch. x. 33.

m ch. x. 38.

n ch. x. 29.

o ch. x. 28.

h The king of Jericho, one; the king of Ai, which is beside 9 Beth-el, one; kthe king of Jerusalem, one; the king of Hebron, 10 one; the king of Jarmuth, one; the king of Lachish, one; 11 the king of Eglon, one; 1 the king of Gezer, one; m the 12, 13 king of Debir, one; the king of Geder, one; the king of 14 Hormah, one; the king of Arad, one; n the king of Libnah, 15 one; the king of Adullam, one; othe king of Makkedah, one; 16 the king of Beth-el, one; the king of Tappuah, one; the king 17 p Or, Sharon. of Hepher, one; the king of Aphek, one; the king of P Lasha-18 ron, one; the king of Madon, one; q the king of Hazor, one; 19 q ch. xi. 10. the king of Shimron-meron, one; the king of Achshaph, one; 20 the king of Taanach, one; the king of Megiddo, one; the 21, 22

king of Kedesh, one; the king of Jokneam of Carmel, one; r Gen. xiv. 1. the king of Dor in the r coast of Dor, one; the king of the 23 nations of Gilgal, one; the king of Tirzah, one: all the kings 24 thirty and one.

JOSHUA XIII. VER. 1-14.

Now Joshua was old and stricken in years; and the Lord said 1 unto him, Thou art old and stricken in years, and there re-* Heb. to pos- maineth yet very much land to be possessed. This is the 2 land that yet remaineth: all the borders of the Philistines, and all Geshuri, from Sihor, which is before Egypt, even unto the 3 borders of Ekron northward, which is counted to the Canaanite: five lords of the Philistines; the Gazathites, and the Ashdothites, the Eshkalonites, the Gittites, and the Ekronites; also the Avites: from the south, all the land of the Canaanites, and 4 t Or, the cave. t Mearah that is beside the Sidonians, unto Aphek, to the borders of the Amorites: and the land of the Giblites, and all 5 Lebanon, toward the sunrising, from Baal-gad under mount Hermon unto the entering into Hamath. All the inhabitants 6 of the hill country from Lebanon unto Misrephoth-maim, and all the Sidonians, them will I drive out from before the children of Israel: only divide thou it by lot unto the Israelites for an inheritance, as I have commanded thee. Now there-7 fore divide this land for an inheritance unto the nine tribes, and the half tribe of Manasseh, with whom the Reubenites and the 8 Gadites have received their inheritance, u which Moses gave xxxii. 33. them, beyond Jordan eastward, even as Moses the servant of Deut. iii. 12, 13. ch. xxii. the Lord gave them; from Aroer, that is upon the bank of 9 the river Arnon, and the city that is in the midst of the river, and all the plain of Medeba unto Dibon; and all the cities of 10 Sihon king of the Amorites, which reigned in Heshbon, unto the border of the children of Ammon; and Gilead, and the 11

> border of the Geshurites and Maachathites, and all mount Hermon, and all Bashan unto Salcah; all the kingdom of Og 12

u Num.

in Bashan, which reigned in Ashtaroth and in Edrei, who A.C. 1444. remained of x the remnant of the giants: for these did Moses x Deut. iii.11. 13 smite, and cast them out. Nevertheless the children of Israel ch. xii. 4. expelled not the Geshurites, nor the Maachathites: but the Geshurites and the Maachathites dwell among the Israelites 14 until this day. Only unto the tribe of Levi he gave none inheritance; the sacrifices of the LORD God of Israel made by fire are their inheritance, as he said unto them.

§ 2. Division of the Country 9.

JOSHUA XIV. VER. 1-5.

The nine tribes and a half are to have their inheritance by lot.

1 And these are the countries which the children of Israel inherited in the land of Canaan, a which Eleazar the priest, and xxxiv.17, 18.

Joshua the son of Nun, and the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel, distributed for inheritance to them. By lot was their inheritance, as the Lord commanded Num. xxvi. by the hand of Moses, for the nine tribes, and for the half 55. & xxxiii. tribe. For Moses had given the inheritance of two tribes and an half tribe on the other side Jordan: but unto the Levites he gave none inheritance among them. For the children of Joseph were two tribes, Manasseh and Ephraim: therefore they gave no part unto the Levites in the land, save cities to dwell in, with their suburbs for their cattle and for their substance. As the Lord commanded Moses, so the children of Chum. xxxv. Israel did, and they divided the land.

§ 3. Inheritance of the two Tribes and a half.

JOSHUA XIII. VER. 15, TO THE END.

15 And Moses gave unto the tribe of the children of Reuben
16 inheritance according to their families. And their coast was
from Aroer, that is on the bank of the river Arnon, and the
city that is in the midst of the river, and all the plain by a Or, the high
17 Medeba; Heshbon, and all her cities that are in the plain;
18 Dibon, and Bamoth-baal, and Beth-baal-meon, and Jahaza, house of
19 and Kedemoth, and Mephaath, and Kirjathaim, and Sibmah, see Num.
20 and Zareth-shahar in the mount of the valley, and Beth-peor, b Deut. iii. 17.
21 and b and Ashdoth-pisgah, and Beth-jeshimoth, and all the cities of Pisgah, or,
of the plain, and all the kingdom of Sihon king of the Amo-the hill.
rites, which reigned in Heshbon, whom Moses smote d with 8.

⁹ An instructive lesson was taught to each of the tribes, on their taking possession of their respective allotted settlements. They were well acquainted with the prophecies of their ancestor Jacob. On his death bed he had predicted the nature of the territory they should severally possess, at the future appointed time of obtaining the promised land. If the descriptive allusions of this patriarch, contained in the forty-ninth chapter of Genesis, be compared with the nature of the settlements of the various tribes, they will be found to correspond beautifully throughout. So true was the declaration of Moses, that the word was nigh them; the evidences of their religion were continually before them, appealing to their hearts; and demonstrating every day the faithfulness and truth of God!

A.C. 1444. the princes of Midian, Evi, and Rekem, and Zur, and Hur, and Reba, which were dukes of Sihon, dwelling in the country.

a Or dinina

Balaam also the son of Beor, the esoothsayer, did the chil-22 dren of Israel slay with the sword among them that were slain by them. And the border of the children of Reuben was Jor-23 dan, and the border thereof. This was the inheritance of the children of Reuben after their families, the cities and the villages thereof. And Moses gave inheritance unto the tribe of 24 Gad, even unto the children of Gad according to their families. And their coast was Jazer, and all the cities of Gilead, and 25 half the land of the children of Ammon, unto Aroer that is before Rabbah; and from Heshbon unto Ramath-mizpeh, and 26 Betonim; and from Mahanaim unto the border of Debir; and 27 in the valley, Beth-aram, and Beth-nimrah, and Succoth, and Zaphon, the rest of the kingdom of Sihon king of Heshbon, Jordan and his border, even unto the edge of the sea of Chinnereth on the other side Jordan eastward. This is the inheri- 28 tance of the children of Gad after their families, the cities, and their villages.

And Moses gave inheritance unto the half tribe of Manas-29 seh: and this was the possession of the half tribe of the children of Manasseh by their families. And their coast was from 30 Mahanaim, all Bashan, all the kingdom of Og king of Bashan, and all the towns of Jair, which are in Bashan, threescore cities: and half Gilead, and Ashtaroth, and Edrei, cities of 31 f Num. xxxii. the kingdom of Og in Bashan, were pertaining unto the f children of Machir the son of Manasseh, even to the one half of the children of Machir by their families. These are the countries 32 which Moses did distribute for inheritance in the plains of Moab,

g ch. xviii. 7. on the other side Jordan, by Jericho, eastward. ²g But unto the 33 tribe of Levi Moses gave not any inheritance: the LORD God hNum. xviii. of Israel was their inheritance, h as he said unto them.

§ 4. Inheritance of Caleb.

JOSHUA XIV. VER. 6, TO THE END.

Then the children of Judah came unto Joshua in Gilgal: 6 and Caleb the son of Jephunneh the Kenezite said unto him, Thou knowest the thing that the Lord said unto Moses the man of God concerning me and thee in Kadesh-barnea. Forty 7 years old was I when Moses the servant of the Lord sent me from Kadesh-barnea to espy out the land; and I brought him word again as it was in mine heart. Nevertheless my brethren 8 that went up with me made the heart of the people melt: but I wholly a followed the Lord my God. And Moses sware on 9 that day, saying, Surely the land whereon thy feet have trodden shall be thine inheritance, and thy children's for ever, because thou hast wholly followed the Lord my God. And 10 now, behold, the Lord hath kept me alive, as he said, these

a Num. xiv

forty and five years, even since the LORD spake this word unto A.C. 1444. Moses, while the children of Israel b wandered in the wilder- b Heb. ness: and now, lo, I am this day fourscore and five years walked. 11 old. c As yet I am as strong this day as I was in the day that xivi. 9. Moses sent me: as my strength was then, even so is my 12 strength now, for war, both to go out, and to come in. Now therefore give me this mountain, whereof the Lord spake in that day; for thou heardest in that day how the Anakims were there, and that the cities were great and fenced: if so be the LORD will be with me, then I shall be able to drive them out, 13 as the LORD said. And Joshua blessed him, and gave unto Caleb the son of Jephunneh Hebron for an inheritance.

14 d Hebron therefore became the inheritance of Caleb the son of d ch. xxi. 12. Jephunneh the Kenezite unto this-day, because that he wholly 1 Mac. ii. 56. 15 followed the LORD God of Israel. And the e name of Hebron e ch. xv. 13. before was Kirjath-arba; which Arba was a great man among the Anakims. And the land had rest from war.

JOSHUA XV. VER. 13-19.

And unto Caleb the son of Jephunneh he gave a part among the children of Judah, according to the commandment of the LORD to Joshua, even fg the city of Arba the father of Anak, fch. xiv. 15.

14 which city is Hebron. And Caleb drove thence h the three g Or, Kirjathsons of Anak, Sheshai, and Ahiman, and Talmai, the children h Judg. i. 10. 15 of Anak. And he went up thence to the inhabitants of Debir: and the name of Debir before was Kirjath-sepher. And Caleb said, He that smiteth Kirjath-sepher, and taketh 17 it, to him will I give Achsah my daughter to wife. And Oth-

niel the son of Kenaz, the brother of Caleb, took it: and he 18 gave him Achsah his daughter to wife. And it came to pass, as she came unto him, that she moved him to ask of her father a field: and she lighted off her ass; and Caleb said unto her, 19 What wouldest thou? Who answered, Give me a blessing; for thou hast given me a south land; give me also springs of water. And he gave her the upper springs, and the nether springs.

§ 5. Lot of Judah.

JOSHUA XV. 1-12.

This then was the lot of the tribe of the children of Judah by their families; a even to the border of Edom the b wilderness of a Num. 2 Zin southward was the uttermost part of the south coast. And b Num. their south border was from the shore of the salt sea, from the xxxiii. 36. 3 ° bay that looketh southward: and it went out to the south side e Heb. to d'Maaleh-acrabbim, and passed along to Zin, and ascended dor, the goup on the south side unto Kadesh-barnea, and passed along to derabbim. Hezron, and went up to Adar, and fetched a compass to 4 Karkaa: from thence it passed toward Azmon, and went out unto the river of Egypt; and the goings out of that coast were

A.C. 1444. at the sea: this shall be your south coast. And the east border 5 was the salt sea, even unto the end of Jordan. And their border in the north quarter was from the bay of the sea at the uttermost part of Jordan: And the border went up to Beth-hogla, 6 and passed along by the north of Beth-arabah; and the border went up to the stone of Bohan the son of Reuben: And the 7 border went up toward Debir from the valley of Achor, and so northward, looking toward Gilgal, that is before the going up to Adummim, which is on the south side of the river: and the border passed toward the waters of En-shemesh, and the goings e 1 Kin. i. 9. out thereof were at e En-rogel: And the border went up by the 8 valley of the son of Hinnom unto the south side of the Jebusite; the same is Jerusalem: and the border went up to the top of the mountain that *lieth* before the valley of Hinnom westward, which is at the end of the valley of the giants northward: And 9 the border was drawn from the top of the hill unto the fountain of the water of Nephtoah, and went out to the cities of mount Ephron; and the border was drawn to Baalah, which is Kirjathjearim: and the border compassed from Baalah westward unto 10 mount Seir, and passed along unto the side of mount Jearim, which is Chesalon, on the north side, and went down to Bethshemesh, and passed on to Timnah: And the border went out 11 unto the side of Ekron northward: and the border was drawn to Shicron, and passed along to mount Baalah, and went out unto Jabneel; and the goings out of the border were at the sea. And the west border was to the great sea, and the coast thereof. 12 This is the coast of the children of Judah round about according to their families.

Lot of Judah concluded.

JOSHUA XV. VER. 20, TO THE END.

This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Judah 20 according to their families. And the uttermost cities of the 21 tribe of the children of Judah toward the coast of Edom southward were Kabzeel, and Eder, and Jagur, and Kinah, and 22 Dimonah, and Adadah, and Kedesh, and Hazor, and Ithnan, 23 Ziph, and Telem, and Bealoth, and Hazor, Hadattah, and 24, 25 Kerioth, and Hezron, which is Hazor, Amam, and Shema, and 26 Moladah, and Hazar-gaddah, and Heshmon, and Beth-palet, 27 and Hazar-shual, and Beer-sheba, and Bizjothjah, Baalah, 28, 29 and Iim, and Azem, and Eltolad, and Chesil, and Hormah, 30 and Ziklag, and Madmannah, and Sansannah, and Lebaoth, 31, 32 and Shilhim, and Ain, and Rimmon: all the cities are twenty and nine, with their villages: And in the valley, Eshtaol, and 33 Zoreah, and Ashnah, and Zanoah, and En-gannim, Tappuah, 34 and Enam, Jarmuth, and Adullam, Socoh, and Azekah, and 35, 36 Sharaim, and Adithaim, and Gederah, fand Gederothaim; fourteen cities with their villages: Zenan, and Hadashah, and 37

f Or, or.

38, 39 Migdal-gad, and Dilean, and Mizpeh, and Joktheel, Lachish, A.C. 1444. 40 and Bozkath, and Eglon, and Cabbon, and Lahmam, and Kith-41 lish, and Gederoth, Beth-dagon, and Naamah, and Makkedah; 42 sixteen cities with their villages: Libnah, and Ether, and 43, 44 Ashan, and Jiphtah, and Ashnah, and Nezib, and Keilah,

and Achzib, and Mareshah; nine cities with their villages: 45, 46 Ekron, with her towns and her villages: from Ekron even

unto the sea, all that lay g near Ashdod with their villages: g Heb. by the 47 Ashdod with her towns and her villages, Gaza with her towns and her villages, unto the river of Egypt, and the great sea, and

the border thereof:

And in the mountains, Shamir, and Jattir, and Socoh, and 50 Dannah, and Kirjath-sannah, which is Debir, and Anab, and 51 Eshtemoh, and Anim, and Goshen, and Holon, and Giloh; 52 eleven cities with their villages: Arab, and Dumah, and

53, 54 Eshean, and h Janum, and Beth-tappuah, and Aphekah, and h Or, Janus.

Humtah, and i Kirjath-arba, which is Hebron, and Zior; nine i ch. xiv. 15. 55, 56 cities with their villages: Maon, Carmel, and Ziph, and Jut-57 tah, and Jezreel, and Jokdeam, and Zanoah, Cain, Gibeah, and 58 Timnah; ten cities with their villages: Halhul, Beth-zur, and 59 Gedor, and Maarath, and Beth-anoth, and Eltekon: six cities 60 with their villages: Kirjath-baal, which is Kirjath-jearim, and 61 Rabbah; two cities with their villages: in the wilderness, Beth-62 arabah, Middin, and Secacah, and Nibshan, and the city of Salt, and En-gedi; six cities with their villages.

As for the Jebusites the inhabitants of Jerusalem, the children of Judah could not drive them out: but the Jebusites dwell with the children of Judah at Jerusalem unto this

day.

§ 6. Lot of Joseph. JOSHUA XVI.

And the lot of the children of Joseph a fell from Jordan by a Heb. went Jericho, unto the water of Jericho on the east, to the wilderness forth.

2 that goeth up from Jericho throughout mount Bethel, and goeth out from Bethel to b Luz, and passeth along unto the borders of b Judg. i. 26.

3 Archi to Ataroth, and goeth down westward to the coast of Japhleti, unto the coast of Beth-horon the nether, and to

- 4 Gezer: and the goings out thereof are at the sea. So the children of Joseph, Manasseh and Ephraim, took their inherit-
- And the border of the children of Ephraim according to their families was thus: even the border of their inheritance on the 6 east side was Ataroth-addar, unto Beth-horon the upper; and the border went out toward the sea to Michmethah on the north side; and the border went about eastward unto Taanath-shiloh, 7 and passed by it on the east to Janohah; and it went down from Janohah to Ataroth, and to Naarath, and came to Jericho,

and went out at Jordan. The border went out from Tappuah 8
westward unto the river Kanah; and the goings out thereof
were at the sea. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the
children of Ephraim by their families. And the separate 9
cities for the children of Ephraim were among the inheritance
of the children of Manasseh, all the cities with their villages.
And they drave not out the Canaanites that dwelt in Gezer: 10
but the Canaanites dwell among the Ephraimites unto this day,
and serve under tribute.

JOSHUA XVII.

1 The lot of Manasseh. 8 His coast. 12 The Canaanites not driven out. 14 The children of Joseph obtain another lot.

There was also a lot for the tribe of Manasseh; for he was the 1 c Gen. xli.51. c firstborn of Joseph; to wit, for d Machir the firstborn of Maker 1.23. nasseh, the father of Gilead: because he was a man of war, therefore he had Gilead and Bashan. There was also a lot for c the 2 rest of the children of Manasseh by their families; for the children of Asriel, and for the children of Shechem, and for the children of Hepher, and for the children of Shemida: these were the male children of Manasseh the son of Joseph by their families.

f Num. xxvi. 33. & xxvii. 1. & xxxvi. 2.

But ^f Zelophehad, the son of Hepher, the son of Gilead, the 3 son of Machir, the son of Manasseh, had no sons, but daughters: and these are the names of his daughters, Mahlah, and Noah, Hoglah, Milcah, and Tirzah. And they came near before Ele-4 azar the priest, and before Joshua the son of Nun, and before the princes, saying, The Lord commanded Moses to give us an inheritance among our brethren. Therefore according to the commandment of the Lord he gave then an inheritance among the brethren of their father. And there fell ten portions 5 to Manasseh, beside the land of Gilead and Bashan, which were on the other side Jordan; because the daughters of Manasseh 6 had an inheritance among his sons: and the rest of Manasseh's sons had the land of Gilead.

And the coast of Manasseh was from Asher to Michmethah, 7 that lieth before Shechem; and the border went along on the right hand unto the inhabitants of En-tappuah. Now Ma-8 nasseh had the land of Tappuah: but Tappuah on the border of Manasseh belonged to the children of Ephraim; and 9 the coast descended unto the griver Kanah, southward of the river: these cities of Ephraim are among the cities of Manasseh: the coast of Manasseh also was on the north side of the river, and the outgoings of it were at the sea: south-10 ward it was Ephraim's, and northward it was Manasseh's, and the sea is his border; and they met together in Asher on the north, and in Issachar on the east. And Manasseh 11 had in Issachar and in Asher Beth-shean and her towns, and

g Or, brook of reeds.

Ibleam and her towns, and the inhabitants of Dor and her towns, A.C. 1444. and the inhabitants of En-dor and her towns, and the inhabitants of Taanach and her towns, and the inhabitants of Megiddo and 12 her towns, even three countries. Yet the children of Manasseh could not drive out the inhabitants of those cities; but the 13 Canaanites would dwell in that land. Yet it came to pass, when the children of Israel were waxen strong, that they put the Canaanites to tribute; but did not utterly drive them out. 14 And the children of Joseph spake unto Joshua, saying, Why hast thou given me but one lot and one portion to inherit, seeing I am a great people, for a smuch as the LORD hath blessed me 15 hitherto? And Joshua answered them, If thou be a great people, then get thee up to the wood country, and cut down for thyself there in the land of the Perizzites and of the h giants, if mount h Or, Re-16 Ephraim be too narrow for thee. And the children of Joseph phaims. said, The hill is not enough for us: and all the Canaanites that dwell in the land of the valley have chariots of iron, both they who are of Beth-shean and her towns, and they who are of 17 the valley of Jezreel. And Joshua spake unto the house of Joseph, even to Ephraim and to Manasseh, saying, Thou art a great people, and hast great power: thou shalt not have one 18 lot only: but the mountain shall be thine; for it is a wood, and thou shall cut it down: and the outgoings of it shall be thine: for thou shalt drive out the Canaanites, though they have iron chariots, and though they be strong.

§ 7. The Tabernacle set up. JOSHUA XVIII. VER. 1—10.

And the whole congregation of the children of Israel assembled together at Shiloh, and set up the tabernacle of the congregation And the land was subdued before them. And there remained among the children of Israel seven tribes, which had 3 not yet received their inheritance. And Joshua said unto the children of Israel, How long are ye slack to go to possess the land, which the LORD God of your fathers hath given you? 4 Give out from among you three men for each tribe: and I will send them, and they shall rise, and go through the land, and describe it according to the inheritance of them; and they shall 5 come again to me. And they shall divide it into seven parts: Judah shall abide in their coast on the south, and the house of 6 Joseph shall abide in their coast on the north. Ye shall therefore describe the land into seven parts, and bring the description hither to me, that I may cast lots for you here before the LORD 7 our God. But the Levites have no part among you; for the priesthood of the LORD is their inheritance: and Gad, and Reuben, and half the tribe of Manasseh, have received their inheritance beyond Jordan on the east, which Moses the servant of the Lord gave them.

A.C. 1444.

And the men arose, and went away: and Joshua charged 8 them that went to describe the land, saying, Go and walk through the land, and describe it, and come again to me, that I may here cast lots for you before the Lord in Shiloh. And 9 the men went and passed through the land, and described it by cities into seven parts in a book, and came again to Joshua to the host at Shiloh.

And Joshua cast lots for them in Shiloh before the LORD: 10 and there Joshua divided the land unto the children of Israel according to their divisions.

§ 8. Lot of Benjamin and the rest of the Tribes.

JOSHUA XVIII. VER. 11, TO THE END.

And the lot of the tribe of the children of Benjamin came up 11 according to their families: and the coast of their lot came forth between the children of Judah and the children of Joseph. And their border on the north side was from Jordan; and the 12 border went up to the side of Jericho on the north side, and went up through the mountains westward; and the goings out thereof were at the wilderness of Beth-aven. And the border 13 went over from thence toward Luz, to the side of Luz, which is Beth-el, southward; and the border descended to Atarothadar, near the hill that *lieth* on the south side of the nether Beth-horon. And the border was drawn thence, and compassed 14 the corner of the sea southward, from the hill that *lieth* before Beth-horon southward; and the goings out thereof were at Kirjath-baal, which is Kirjath-jearim, a city of the children of Judah: this was the west quarter. And the south quarter was 15 from the end of Kirjath-jearim, and the border went out on the west, and went out to the well of waters of Nephtoah: and the 16 border came down to the end of the mountain that lieth before the valley of the son of Hinnom, and which is in the valley of the giants on the north, and descended to the valley of Hinnom, to the side of Jebusi on the south, and descended to Enrogel, and was drawn from the north, and went forth to 17 En-shemesh, and went forth toward Geliloth, which is over against the going up of Adummim, and descended to a the stone of Bohan the son of Reuben, and passed along toward 18 the side over against b Arabah northward, and went down unto Arabah: and the border passed along to the side of Beth-19 hoglah northward: and the outgoings of the border were at the north bay of the salt sea at the south end of Jordan: this was the south coast. And Jordan was the border of it on the 20 east side. This was the inheritance of the children of Benjamin, by the coasts thereof round about, according to their Now the cities of the tribe of the children of 21 Benjamin according to their families were Jericho, and Bethhoglah, and the valley of Keziz, and Beth-arabah, and 22

a ch. xv. 6.

b Or, the plain.

c Heb.

23 Zemaraim, and Beth-el, and Avim, and Parah, and Ophrah, A.C. 1444. 24 and Chephar-haammonai, and Oplini, and Gaba; twelve cities 25, 26 with their villages: Gibeon, and Ramah, and Beeroth, and 27 Mizpeh, and Chephirah, and Mozah, and Rekem, and Irpeel, 28 and Taralah, and Zelah, Eleph, and Jebusi, which is Jerusalem. Gibeath, and Kirjath; fourteen cities with their villages. This is the inheritance of the children of Benjamin according to their families.

JOSHUA XIX. VER. 1-48.

1 The lot of Simeon, 10 of Zebulun, 17 of Issachar, 24 of Asher, 32 of Naphtali, 40 of

And the second lot came forth to Simeon, even for the tribe of the children of Simeon according to their families: and their inheritance was within the inheritance of the children 2 of Judah. And they had in their inheritance Beer-sheba, 3 Sheba, and Moladah, and Hazar-shual, and Balah, and Azem, 4, 5 and Eltolad, and Bethul, and Horman, and Ziklag, and Beth-6 marcaboth, and Hazar-susah, and Beth-lebaoth, and Sharuhen; 7 thirteen cities and their villages: Ain, Remmon, and Ether, 8 and Ashan; four cities and their villages: and all the villages that were round about these cities to Baalath-beer, Ramath of This is the inheritance of the tribe of the children 9 of Simeon according to their families. Out of the portion of the children of Judah was the inheritance of the children of Simeon: for the part of the children of Judah was too much for them: therefore the children of Simeon had their inheritance within the inheritance of them.

And the third lot came up for the children of Zebulun according to their families: and the border of their inheritance 11 was unto Sarid: and their border went up toward the sea, and Maralah, and reached to Dabbasheth, and reached to the river 12 that is before Jokneam; and turned from Sarid eastward toward the sunrising unto the border of Chisloth-tabor, and then goeth 13 out to Daberath, and goeth up to Japhia, and from thence passeth on along on the east to Gittah-hepher, to Ittah-kazin,

14 and goeth out to Remmon-d methoar, to Neah; and the d Or, which border compasseth it on the north side to Hannathon: and the

15 outgoings thereof are in the valley of Jiphthah-el: and Kattath, and Nahallal, and Shimron, and Idalah, and Beth-lehem:

16 twelve cities with their villages. This is the inheritance of the children of Zebulun according to their families, these cities with their villages.

And the fourth lot came out to Issachar, for the children of 18 Issachar according to their families. And their border was 19 toward Jezreel, and Chesulloth, and Shunem, and Haphraim, 20 and Shihon, and Anaharath, and Rabbith, and Kishion, and 21 Abez, and Remeth, and En-gannim, and En-haddah, and 22 Beth-pazzez; and the coast reacheth to Tabor, and Shahazi-

A.C. 1444. mah, and Beth-shemesh; and the outgoings of their border were at Jordan: sixteen cities with their villages. This is the 23 inheritance of the tribe of the children of Issachar according to their families, the cities and their villages.

And the fifth lot came out for the tribe of the children of 24 Asher according to their families. And their border was Hel- 25 kath, and Hali, and Beten, and Achshaph, and Alammelech, 26 and Amad, and Misheal; and reacheth to Carmel westward, and to Shihor-librath; and turneth toward the sunrising to 27 Beth-dagon, and reacheth to Zebulun, and to the valley of Jiphthah-el toward the north side of Beth-emek, and Neiel, and goeth out to Cabul on the left hand, and Hebron, and 28 Rehob, and Hammon, and Kanah, even unto great Zidon; and 29 e Heb Tzor. then the coast turneth to Ramah, and to the strong city e Tyre; and the coast turneth to Hosah; and the outgoings thereof are at the sea from the coast to Achzib: Ummah also, and Aphek, 30 and Rehob: twenty and two cities with their villages. is the inheritance of the tribe of the children of Asher accord-

ing to their families, these cities with their villages.

The sixth lot came out to the children of Naphtali, even for 32 the children of Naphtali according to their families. And their 33 coast was from Heleph, from Allon to Zaanannim, and Adami, Nekeb, and Jabneel, unto Lakum; and the outgoings thereof were at Jordan: and then the coast turneth westward to Aznoth-34 tabor, and goeth out from thence to Hukkok, and reacheth to Zebulun on the south side, and reacheth to Asher on the west side, and to Judah upon Jordan toward the sunrising. And 35 the fenced cities are Ziddim, Zer, and Hammath, Rakkath, and Chinnereth, and Adamah, and Ramah, and Hazor, and 36, 37 Kedesh, and Edrei, and En-hazor, and Iron, and Migdal-el, 38 Horem, and Beth-anath, and Beth-shemesh; nineteen cities with their villages. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the 39 children of Naphtali according to their families, the cities and their villages.

And the seventh lot came out for the tribe of the children of 40 Dan according to their families. And the coast of their inherit- 41 ance was Zorah, and Eshtaol, and Ir-shemesh, and Shaalabbin, 42 and Ajalon, and Jethlah, and Elon, and Thimnathah, and 43 Ekron, and Eltekeh, and Gibbethon, and Baalath, and 44, 45 Jehud, and Bene-berak, and Gath-rimmon, and Me-jarkon, 46 and Rakkon, with the border before g Japho. And the coast 47 of the children of Dan went out too little for them: therefore the shildren of Dan went up to fight against Leshem, and took it, and smote it with the edge of the sword, and possessed it, and dwelt therein, and called Leshem, h Dan, after the name of Dan their father. This is the inheritance of the tribe of the 48 children of Dan according to their families, these cities with their villages.

f Or, over against. g Or, Joppa.

§ 9. Inheritance of Joshua.

JOSHUA XIX. VER. 49, TO THE END.

When they had made an end of dividing the land for inheritance by their coasts, the children of Israel gave an inheritance 50 to Joshua the son of Nun among them: according to the word of the Lord they gave him the city which he asked, even Timnath-serah in mount Ephraim: and he built the city, and ach.xxiv.30. the priest, and Joshua the son of Nun, and the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel, divided for an inheritance by lot in Shiloh before the Lord, at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. So they made an end of dividing the country.

§ 10. Cities of Refuge and Levitical Cities.

JOSHUA XX. 1, 2 The Lord also spake unto Joshua, saying, Speak to the slayer that killeth any person unawares and unwittingly may 2.9. flee thither: and they shall be your refuge from the avenger 4 of blood. And when he that doth flee unto one of those cities shall stand at the entering of the gate of the city, and shall declare his cause in the ears of the elders of that city, they shall take him into the city unto them, and give him a place, 5 that he may dwell among them. And if the avenger of blood pursue after him, then they shall not deliver the slaver up into his hand; because he smote his neighbour unwittingly, and 6 hated him not beforetime. And he shall dwell in that city, b until he stand before the congregation for judgment, and b Num. until the death of the high priest that shall be in those days: then shall the slayer return, and come unto his own city, and unto his own house, unto the city from whence he fled. And they cappointed Kedesh in Galilee in mount Naphtali, c Heb. sancand Shechem in mount Ephraim, and Kirjath-arba, which is 8 Hebron, in the mountain of Judah. And on the other side Jordan by Jericho eastward, they assigned d Bezer in the wil-d Dent. iv. 43. derness upon the plain out of the tribe of Reuben, and Ramoth in Gilead out of the tribe of Gad, and Golan in Bashan out 9 of the tribe of Manasseh. These were the cities appointed for all the children of Israel, and for the stranger that sojourneth among them, that whosoever killeth any person at unawares might flee thither, and not die by the hand of the avenger of blood, until he stood before the congregation.

JOSHUA XXI, VER. 1-42.

Eight and forty cities given by lot, out of the other tribes, unto the Levites.

A.C. 1444.

e Num. xxxv. 2.

Then came near the heads of the fathers of the Levites 1 unto Eleazar the priest, and unto Joshua the son of Nun, and unto the heads of the fathers of the tribes of the children of Israel; and they spake unto them at Shiloh in the land of 2 Canaan, saying, e The LORD commanded by the hand of Moses to give us cities to dwell in, with the suburbs thereof for our cattle. And the children of Israel gave unto the Levites out 3 of their inheritance, at the commandment of the Lord, these And the lot came out for the families 4 cities and their suburbs. of the Kohathites: and the children of Aaron the priest, which were of the Levites, had by lot out of the tribe of Judah, and out of the tribe of Simeon, and out of the tribe of Benjamin, thirteen cities. And the rest of the children of Kohath had 5 by lot out of the families of the tribe of Ephraim, and out of the tribe of Dan, and out of the half tribe of Manasseh, ten cities. And the children of Gershon had by lot out of the 6 families of the tribe of Issachar, and out of the tribe of Asher, and out of the tribe of Naphtali, and out of the half tribe of Manasseh in Bashan, thirteen cities. The children of Merari 7 by their families had out of the tribe of Reuben, and out of the tribe of Gad, and out of the tribe of Zebulun, twelve cities. And the children of Israel gave by lot unto the Levites these 8 cities with their suburbs, as the LORD commanded by the hand of Moses.

f Heb. called are here f mentioned by name, which the children of Aaron, 10

g Or, Kirjath-arba.

bron, in the hill country of Judah, with the suburbs thereof h ch. xiv. 14. round about it. But h the fields of the city, and the villages 12 1 Chr. vi. 56. thereof, gave they to Caleb the son of Jephunneh for his possession.

being of the families of the Kohathites, who were of the children of Levi, had: for their's was the first lot. And they gave 11 them g the city of Arba the father of Anak, which city is He-

And they gave out of the tribe of the children of Judah, 9 and out of the tribe of the children of Simeon, these cities which

i 1 Chr. vi.

58, Hilen. k 1 Chr. vi. 59, Ashan.

l ch. xviii. 24. Gaba. m l Chr vi. 60, Alemeth.

Thus they gave to the children of Aaron the priest Hebron 13 with her suburbs, to be a city of refuge for the slaver; and Libnah with her suburbs, and Jattir with her suburbs, and 14 Eshtemoa with her suburbs, and i Holon with her suburbs, and 15 Debir with her suburbs, and k Ain with her suburbs, and Jut-16 tah with her suburbs, and Beth-shemesh with her suburbs; nine cities out of those two tribes. And out of the tribe of 17 Benjamin, Gibeon with her suburbs, 1 Geba with her suburbs, Anathoth with her suburbs, and m Almon with her suburbs; 18 All the cities of the children of Aaron, the priests, 19 four cities. were thirteen cities with their suburbs.

And the families of the children of Kohath, the Levites A.C. 1444. which remained of the children of Kohath, even they had the 21 cities of their lot out of the tribe of Ephraim. For they gave them Shechem with her suburbs in mount Ephraim, to be a city of refuge for the slayer; and Gezer with her suburbs, 22 and Kibzaim with her suburbs, and Beth-horon with her sub-23 urbs; four cities. And out of the tribe of Dan, Eltekeh with 24 her suburbs, Gibbethon with her suburbs, Aijalon with her 25 suburbs, Gath-rimmon with her suburbs; four cities. And out of the half tribe of Manasseh, Tanach with her suburbs, and 26 Gath-rimmon with her suburbs; two cities. All the cities were ten with their suburbs for the families of the children of Kohath that remained.

And unto the children of Gershon, of the families of the Levites, out of the other half tribe of Manasseh they gave Golan in Bashan with her suburbs, to be a city of refuge for the slayer; and Beesh-terah with her suburbs; two cities. 28 And out of the tribe of Issachar, Kishon with her suburbs, 29 Dabareh with her suburbs, Jarmuth with her suburbs, En-30 gannim with her suburbs; four cities. And out of the tribe of Asher, Mishal with her suburbs, Abdon with her suburbs, 31 Helkath with her suburbs, and Rehob with her suburbs; four 32 cities. And out of the tribe of Naphtali, Kedesh in Galilee with her suburbs, to be a city of refuge for the slayer; and Hammoth-dor with her suburbs, and Kartan with her suburbs; 33 three cities. All the cities of the Gershonites according to their families were thirteen cities with their suburbs.

And unto the families of the children of Merari, the rest of the Levites, out of the tribe of Zebulun, Johneam with her 35 suburbs, and Kartah with her suburbs, Dimnah with her sub-36 urbs, Nahalal with her suburbs; four cities. And out of the tribe of Reuben, Bezer with her suburbs, and Jahazah with her 37 suburbs, Kedemoth with her suburbs, and Mephaath with her 38 suburbs; four cities. And out of the tribe of Gad, Ramoth in Gilead with her suburbs, to be a city of refuge for the slaver; 39 and Mahanaim with her suburbs, Heshbon with her suburbs, 40 Jazer with her suburbs; four cities in all. So all the cities for the children of Merari by their families, which were remaining of the families of the Levites, were by their lot twelve 41 cities. All the cities of the Levites within the possession of the children of Israel were forty and eight cities with their 42 suburbs. These cities were every one with their suburbs round about them: thus were all these cities.

PART III.

Last Exhortations and Death of Joshua.

JOSHUA XXI. VER. 43, TO THE END.

And the Lord gave unto Israel all the land which he sware 43 to give unto their fathers; and they possessed it, and dwelt therein. And the Lord gave them rest round about, accord-44 ing to all that he sware unto their fathers: and there stood not a man of all their enemies before them; the Lord delivered all their enemies into their hand. ^a There failed not ought of any 45 good thing which the Lord had spoken unto the house of Israel; all came to pass.

JOSHUA XXIII.

And it came to pass a long time after that the LORD had 1 1427. given rest unto Israel from all their enemies round about, that Joshua waxed old and b stricken in age. And Joshua called for 2 b Heb. come into days. all Israel, and for their elders, and for their heads, and for their judges, and for their officers, and said unto them, I am old and stricken in age: and ye have seen all that the LORD your God 3 c Ex. xiv. 14. hath done unto all these nations because of you; for the c Lord your God is he that hath fought for you. Behold, I have 4 divided unto you by lot these nations that remain, to be an inheritance for your tribes, from Jordan, with all the nations that d Heb. at the I have cut off, even unto the great sea d westward. And the 5 sunset. LORD your God, he shall expel them from before you, and drive them from out of your sight; and ye shall possess their land, as the LORD your God hath promised unto you. Be ye 6 therefore very courageous to keep and to do all that is written e Deut. v. 32. in the book of the law of Moses, e that ye turn not aside therefrom to the right hand or to the left; that ye come not among 7 these nations, these that remain among you; neither make mention of the name of their gods, nor cause to swear by them, neither serve them, nor bow yourselves unto them: g but cleave 8 g Or, For if ye will cleave, unto the LORD your God, as ye have done unto this day. &c. h For the LORD hath driven out from before you great nations 9 h Or, Then the LORD and strong: but as for you, no man hath been able to stand will drive. before you unto this day. i One man of you shall chase a thou- 10 i Lev. xxvi. 8. Deut. sand: for the LORD your God, he it is that fighteth for you, as xxxii. 30. he hath promised you. Take good heed therefore unto k your-11 k Heb. your souls. selves, that ye love the LORD your God. Else if ye do in any 12 wise go back, and cleave unto the remnant of these nations, even these that remain among you, and shall make marriages with them, and go in unto them, and they to you: know for a 13 certainty that the LORD your God will no more drive out any of l Ex. xxiii. 33. Num. these nations from before you; 1 but they shall be snares and xxxiii. 55. Deut. vii. 16. traps unto you, and scourges in your sides, and thorns in your

eyes, until ye perish from off this good land which the LORD A.C. 1427. 14 your God hath given you. And, behold, this day I am going the way of all the earth: and ye know in all your hearts and in all your souls, that m not one thing hath failed of all the good mch. xxi 45. things which the LORD your God spake concerning you; all are come to pass unto you, and not one thing hath failed thereof. 15 Therefore it shall come to pass, that as all good things are come upon you, which the Lord your God promised you; so shall the LORD bring upon you all evil things, until he have destroyed you from off this good land which the Lord your God 16 hath given you. When ye have transgressed the covenant of the LORD your God, which he commanded you, and have gone and served other gods, and bowed yourselves to them; then shall the anger of the Lord be kindled against you, and ye shall perish quickly from off the good land which he hath given unto you.

JOSHUA XXIV. And Joshua gathered all the tribes of Israel to Shechem, and called for the elders of Israel, and for their heads, and for their judges, and for their officers; and they presented themselves 2 before God. And Joshua said unto all the people, Thus saith the Lord God of Israel, "Your fathers dwelt on the other side n Gen. xi. 26. of the flood in old time, even Terah, the father of Abraham, and 6.7. Judith v. 3 the father of Nachor: and they served other gods. And I took your father Abraham from the other side of the flood, and led him throughout all the land of Canaan, and multiplied his seed, 4 and o gave him Isaac. And I gave unto Isaac P Jacob and o Gen. xxi. 2. Esau: and I gave unto q Esau mount Seir, to possess it; but 26. 5 Jacob and his children went down into Egypt. s I sent Moses & Gen. xxxvi. also and Aaron, and I plagued Egypt, according to that which r Gen. xlvi. 6. 8 Ex. iii. 10. 6 I did among them: and afterward I brought you out. And I t brought your fathers out of Egypt: and ye came unto the sea; t Ex. xii. 37. u and the Egyptians pursued after your fathers with chariots and u Ex. xiv. 9. 7 horsemen unto the Red sea. And when they cried unto the LORD, he put darkness between you and the Egyptians, and brought the sea upon them, and covered them; and your eyes have seen what I have done in Egypt: and ye dwelt in the 8 wilderness a long season. And I brought you into the land of the Amorites, which dwelt on the other side Jordan; * and they * Num. *xi. fought with you: and I gave them into your hand, that ye might possess their land; and I destroyed them from before Then Balak the son of Zippor, king of Moab, arose and warred against Israel, and y sent and called Balaam the son of y Num. xxii. 10 Beor to curse you: but I would not hearken unto Balaam; 5. Deut. xxiii. therefore he blessed you still: so I delivered you out of his 11 hand. And ye went over Jordan, and came unto Jericho: and the men of Jericho fought against you, the Amorites, and the

z Ex. xxiii. 28. Deut. vii.

a ch. xxiii.

A.C. 1427. Perizzites, and the Canaanites, and the Hittites, and the Girgashites, the Hivites, and the Jebusites; and I delivered them into your hand. And I sent the hornet before you, which drave 12 them out from before you, even the two kings of the Amorites; but not with thy sword, nor with thy bow. And I have given 13 you a land for which ye did not labour, and cities which ye built not, and ye dwell in them; of the vineyards and olive-

yards which ye planted not do ye eat.

Now therefore fear the Lord, and serve him in sincerity and 14 in truth: and put away the gods which your fathers served on the other side of the flood, and in Egypt; and serve ye the LORD. And if it seem evil unto you to serve the LORD, choose 15 you this day whom ye will serve; whether the gods which your fathers served that were on the other side of the flood, or the gods of the Amorites, in whose land ye dwell: but as for me and my house, we will serve the LORD. And the people answered and 16 said, God forbid that we should forsake the Lord, to serve other gods; for the LORD our God, he it is that brought us up and 17 our fathers out of the land of Egypt, from the house of bondage, and which did those great signs in our sight, and preserved us in all the way wherein we went, and among all the people through whom we passed: and the Lord drave out from before 18 us all the people, even the Amorites which dwelt in the land: therefore will we also serve the LORD; for he is our God. And 19 Joshua said unto the people, Ye cannot serve the Lord: for he is an holy God; he is a jealous God; he will not forgive your transgressions nor your sins. If ye forsake the LORD, 20 and serve strange gods, athen he will turn and do you hurt, and consume you, after that he hath done you good. And the 21 people said unto Joshua, Nay; but we will serve the Lord. And Joshua said unto the people, Ye are witnesses against 22 yourselves that ye have chosen you the Lord, to serve him. And they said, We are witnesses. Now therefore put away, 23 said he, the strange gods which are among you, and incline your heart unto the LORD God of Israel. And the people 24 said unto Joshua, The LORD our God will we serve, and his voice will we obey. So Joshua made a covenant with the 25 people that day, and set them a statute and an ordinance in Shechem 10.

And Joshua wrote these words in the book of the law of God, 26 and took a great stone, and set it up there under an oak, that was by the sanctuary of the LORD. And Joshua said unto 27 all the people, Behold, this stone shall be a witness unto

¹⁰ This sanctuary at Shechem, in the opinion of the learned Jos. Mede, was a proseucha, or place for prayer; which differed from the synagogue in not being covered in. The synagogues were places of worship, and likewise for the hearing of the law. The synagogue had its minister and congregation: the proseucha was merely a piece of ground, enclosed, and considered sacred for the use of any stranger or inhabitant who might wish to pray.—Mede's Works, Discourse xviii. p. 66, &c.

us; for it hath heard all the words of the LORD which he spake A.C. 1427. unto us: it shall be therefore a witness unto you, lest ye deny So Joshua let the people depart, every man unto his inheritance.

And it came to pass after these things, that Joshua the son of Nun, the servant of the Lord, died, being an hundred and ten 30 years old. And they buried him in the border of his inheritance in b Timnath-serah, which is in mount Ephraim, on the b ch. xix. 50. 31 north side of the hill of Gaash. And Israel served the LORD all the days of Joshua, and all the days of the elders that cover-cheb. prolived Joshua, and which had known all the works of the Lord, Jayr after that he had done for Israel.

And dthe bones of Joseph, which the children of Israel d Gen. 1. 25. brought up out of Egypt, buried they in Shechem, in a parcel of ground e which Jacob bought of the sons of Hamor the e Gen. xxxiii. father of Shechem for an hundred f pieces of silver: and it f Or, lambe. 33 became the inheritance of the children of Joseph. Eleazar the son of Aaron died; and they buried him in a hill that pertained to Phinehas his son, which was given him in mount Ephraim.

PART IV.

Interregnum after the Death of Joshua.

§ 1. State of Israel after the Death of Joshua.

JUDGES I.

Now after the death of Joshua it came to pass, that the children of Israel asked the LORD, saying, Who shall go up 2 for us against the Canaanites first, to fight against them? And the LORD said, Judah shall go up: behold, I have delivered 3 the land into his hand. And Judah said unto Simeon his brother, Come up with me into my lot, that we may fight against the Canaanites; and I likewise will go with thee into 4 thy lot. So Simeon went with him. And Judah went up; and the LORD delivered the Canaanites and the Perizzites into their hand: and they slew of them in Bezek ten thousand And they found Adoni-bezek in Bezek: and they fought against him, and they slew the Canaanites and the 6 Perizzites. But Adoni-bezek fled; and they pursued after him, and caught him, and cut off his thumbs and his great 7 toes. And Adoni-bezek said, Threescore and ten kings, having a their thumbs and their great toes cut off, b gathered their a Heb. the meat under my table: as I have done, so God hath requited me. their hands 8 And they brought him to Jerusalem, and there he died. Now and of their the children of Judah had fought against Jerusalem, and had b Or, gleaned. taken it, and smitten it with the edge of the sword, and set the

1425.

c Josh. x. 36.

And afterward the children of Judah went down to fight xv. 13.

d Or, low country.

A.C. 1425. against the Canaanites, that dwelt in the mountain, and in the south, and in the dvalley. And Judah went against the 10 Canaanites that dwelt in Hebron: (now the name of Hebron before was Kirjath-arba:) and they slew Sheshai, and Ahiman, and Talmai. And from thence he went against the inhabit-11 ants of Debir: and the name of Debir before was Kirjathsepher: " and Caleb said, He that smiteth Kirjath-sepher, and 12 taketh it, to him will I give Achsah my daughter to wife. And Othniel the son of Kenez, Caleb's younger brother, took 13 it: and he gave him Achsah his daughter to wife. And it came 14 to pass, when she came to him, that she moved him to ask of her father a field: and she lighted from off her ass; and Caleb said unto her, What wilt thou? And she said unto him, Give 15 me a blessing: for thou hast given me a south land; give me also springs of water. And Caleb gave her the upper springs and the nether springs.

And the children of the Kenite, Moses' father in law, went 16 up out of the city of palm trees with the children of Judah into the wilderness of Judah, which lieth in the south of Arad; and they went and dwelt among the people. And Judah went 17 with Simeon his brother, and they slew the Canaanites that inhabited Zephath, and utterly destroyed it. And the name e Num. xxi. of the city was called e Hormah. Also Judah took Gaza with 18 the coast thereof, and Askelon with the coast thereof, and Ekron with the coast thereof. And the LORD was with Judah; 19 and f he drave out the inhabitants of the mountain; but could not drive out the inhabitants of the valley, because they had g Num. xiv. chariots of iron. g And they gave Hebron unto Caleb, as Moses 20 24. Josh. xiv. 13. & xv. 13. said: and he expelled thence the three sons of Anak. And the 21

f Or, he possessed the mountain.

Benjamin in Jerusalem unto this day. And the house of Joseph, they also went up against Beth-22 el: and the Lord was with them. And the house of Joseph 23 sent to descry Beth-el. (Now the name of the city before was

children of Benjamin did not drive out the Jebusites that inhabited Jerusalem; but the Jebusites dwell with the children of

h Gen.xxviii. h Luz.) And the spics saw a man come forth out of the city, 24 and they said unto him, Shew us, we pray thee, the entrance

i Josh. ii. 14. into the city, and i we will shew thee mercy. And when he 25 shewed them the entrance into the city, they smote the city with the edge of the sword; but they let go the man and all

¹¹ This passage, relating to the conquest of Kirjath-sepher by Caleb, was mentioned before (Josh. xv. 13-20.), that the possessions of Judah might be enumerated together. Bishop Horsley, however, wishes it to be expunged from the text, as an interpolation: a proposition to which it appears impossible to assent. "No reason," he adds, "can be assigned for its insertion." It is not certainly known at what time the city was taken. Bishop Patrick is of opinion, that it was not captured till after the death of Joshua; owing to the indolence of the tribe of Judah. Dr. Wells, on the contrary, supposes that it was taken by Caleb, immediately after it was allotted to him by Joshua. It is preserved in its place in this Arrangement, because the narrative is not otherwise complete. Vide Horsley, (Bib. Crit. vol. i.); Dr. Wells; and Bp. Patrick in loc.

26 his family. And the man went into the land of the Hittites, A.C. 1425. and built a city, and called the name thereof Luz: which is the

name thereof unto this day.

27 k Neither did Manasseh drive out the inhabitants of Beth- k Josh. xvii. shean and her towns, nor Taanach and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Dor and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Ibleam and her towns, nor the inhabitants of Megiddo and her towns: 28 but the Canaanites would dwell in that land. And it came to pass, when Israel was strong, that they put the Canaanites to tribute, and did not utterly drive them out.

¹Neither did Ephraim drive out the Canaanites that dwelt ¹/₁₀ Josh. xvi. in Gezer; but the Canaanites dwelt in Gezer among them.

- Neither did Zebulun drive out the inhabitants of Kitron, nor the inhabitants of Nahalol; but the Canaanites dwelt among them, and became tributaries.
- Neither did Asher drive out the inhabitants of Accho, nor the inhabitants of Zidon, nor of Ahlab, nor of Achzib, nor of 32 Helbah, nor of Aphik, nor of Rehob: but the Asherites dwelt among the Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land: for they did not drive them out.
- Neither did Naphtali drive out the inhabitants of Bethshemesh, nor the inhabitants of Beth-anath; but he dwelt among the Canaanites, the inhabitants of the land: nevertheless the inhabitants of Beth-shemesh and of Beth-anath became 34 tributaries unto them. And the Amorites forced the children of Dan into the mountain: for they would not suffer them to 35 come down to the valley: but the Amorites would dwell in mount Heres in Aijalon, and in Shaalbim: yet the hand of the house of Joseph m prevailed, so that they became tributaries. m Heb. was 36 And the coast of the Amorites was from n the going up to n Or, Maaleh-Akrabbim, from the rock, and upward.

JUDGES II. VER. 1-5.

An angel rebuketh the people at Bochim.

And an oangel of the LORD came up from Gilgal to Bochim, o Or, messenand said, I made you to go up out of Egypt, and have brought you unto the land which I sware unto your fathers; and I said,

2 I will never break my covenant with you 12. And p ye shall p Deut. vii. 2. make no league with the inhabitants of this land: q ye shall q Deut. xii. 3. throw down their altars: but ye have not obeyed my voice:

3 why have ye done this? Wherefore I also said, I will not I Josh xxiii. drive them out from before you; but they shall be ras thorns & Ex. xxiii. 4 in your sides, and their gods shall be a snare unto you.

¹² The Israelites having now obtained possession of the promised land, it remained for them only to secure their conquests. They omitted to do so. The angel Jehovah again, therefore, appeared to them after the death of Joshua, to remonstrate with them for having neglected to extirpate idolatry. They had hitherto been triumphant over all their opponents; they were now in their turn to be punished for disobedience, to be brought into subjection, and to learn that lesson from adversity, which they had refused to be taught in prosperity.

1413.

serah.

A.C. 1425. it came to pass, when the angel of the Lord spake these words unto all the children of Israel, that the people lifted up their voice, and wept. And they called the name of 5 t That is, that place ^t Bochim: and they sacrificed there unto the Weepers. LORD.

§ 2. Introduction of Idolatry among the Israelites.

JUDGES II. VER. 6-13.

And when Joshua had let the people go, the children of 6 Israel went every man unto his inheritance to possess the land. And the people served the LORD all the days of Joshua, 7 and all the days of the elders that a outlived Joshua, who had a Heb. pro-longed days seen all the great works of the LORD, that he did for Israel. after Joshua. 13 And Joshua the son of Nun, the servant of the Lord, died, 8 being an hundred and ten years old. And they buried him in 9 the border of his inheritance in b Timnath-heres, in the mount b Josh. xix. 50. & xxiv. of Ephraim, on the north side of the hill Gaash. And also all 10 30. Timnaththat generation were gathered unto their fathers: and there arose another generation after them, which knew not the Lord,

nor yet the works which he had done for Israel.

And the children of Israel did evil in the sight of the LORD, 11 and served Baalim: and they forsook the Lord God of their 12 fathers, which brought them out of the land of Egypt, and followed other gods, of the gods of the people that were round about them, and bowed themselves unto them, and provoked the Lord to anger. And they forsook the Lord, and served 13 Baal and Ashtaroth.

JUDGES XVII 14.

And there was a man of mount Ephraim, whose name was 1 Micah. And he said unto his mother, The eleven hundred 2 shehels of silver that were taken from thee, about which thou cursedst, and spakest of also in mine ears, behold, the silver is with me: I took it. And his mother said, Blessed be thou of the LORD, my son. And when he had restored the eleven 3 hundred shekels of silver to his mother, his mother said, I had wholly dedicated the silver unto the Lord from my hand for my son, to make a graven image and a molten image: now therefore I will restore it unto thee. Yet he restored the 4

¹³ The death of Joshua is repeated as an introduction to the ensuing history of the origin and progress of idolatry, and of the apostacy among the Israelites.

¹⁴ That these chapters, from the seventeenth to the twenty-first inclusive, ought to be inserted here will be evident from considering, among other reasons,-

I. The Danites were still unsettled when the transactions recorded in chapters xvii, and xviii, took place; which must therefore have been soon after Joshua's death.

II. Phinehas was alive at the battle of Gibeah.

III. The wickedness at Gibeah is mentioned (Hos. x. 9.) as the first open wickedness of Israel, after they had taken possession of Canaan. It must therefore have preceded the offences for which they were brought into slavery by the surrounding nations. Vide Lightfoot in loc.; Bishop Patrick, &c.

money unto his mother; and his mother took two hundred A.C. 1413. shekels of silver, and gave them to the founder, who made thereof a graven image and a molten image: and they were in 5 the house of Micah. And the man Micah had an house of gods, and made an cephod, and deraphim, and consecrated ech. viii. 27. 6 one of his sons, who became his priest. In those days there was 19.30. Hos. no king in Israel, but every man did that which was right in his iii. 4. eHeb. filled own eyes.

And there was a young man out of Beth-lehem-judah of the & xxi. 25. family of Judah, who was a Levite, and he sojourned there. 8 And the man departed out of the city from Beth-lehem-judah to sojourn where he could find a place: and he came to mount 9 Ephraim to the house of Micah, gas he journeyed. And Micah gales in making his

said unto him, Whence comest thou? And he said unto him, I way. am a Levite of Beth-lehem-judah, and I go to sojourn where I 10 may find a place. And Micah said unto him, Dwell with me, and be unto me a father and a priest, and I will give thee ten shekels of silver by the year, and hi a suit of apparel, and thy hor, a double suit, il victuals. So the Levite went in. And the Levite was con-sec.

tent to dwell with the man; and the young man was unto order of gar-12 him as one of his sons. And Micah consecrated the Levite; ments. and the young man became his priest, and was in the house of 13 Micah. Then said Micah, Now know I that the Lord will do

me good, seeing I have a Levite to my priest.

JUDGES XVIII.

1 The Danites send five men to seek out an inheritance. 3 At the house of Micah they consult with Jonathan, and are encouraged in their way. 7 They search Laish, and bring back news of good hope. 11 Six hundred men are sent to surprise it. 14 In the way they rob Micah of his priest and his consecrated things. 27 They win Laish, and call it Dan. 30 They set up idolatry, wherein Jonathan inherited the priesthood.

In k those days there was no king in Israel: and in those k ch. xvii. 6. days the tribe of the Danites sought them an inheritance to dwell in; for unto that day all their inheritance had not fallen 2 unto them among the tribes of Israel. And the children of Dan sent of their family five men from their coasts, 1 men of valour, 1 Heb. sons. from Zorah, and from Eshtaol, to spy out the land, and to search it; and they said unto them, Go, search the land: who when they came to mount Ephraim, to the house of Micah, 3 they lodged there. When they were by the house of Micah, they knew the voice of the young man the Levite: and they turned in thither, and said unto him, Who brought thee hither? and what makest thou in this place? and what hast thou here? 4 And he said unto them, Thus and thus dealeth Micah with me, 5 and hath hired me, and I am his priest. And they said unto him, Ask counsel, we pray thee, of God, that we may know 6 whether our way which we go shall be prosperous. And the

A.C. 1413. priest said unto them, Go in peace: before the LORD is your way wherein ye go.

m Josh. xix. 47. called, Leshem.

n Heb. possessor, or, heir

Then the five men departed, and came to m Laish, and saw 7 the people that were therein, how they dwelt careless, after the manner of the Zidonians, quiet and secure; and there was no n magistrate in the land, that might put them to shame in any of restraint. thing; and they were far from the Zidonians, and had no business with any man. And they came unto their brethren to 8 Zorah and Eshtaol: and their brethren said unto them, What say ye? And they said, Arise, that we may go up against 9 them: for we have seen the land, and, behold, it is very good: and are ye still? be not slothful to go, and to enter to possess the land. When ye go, ye shall come unto a people secure, 10 and to a large land: for God hath given it into your hands; a place where there is no want of any thing that is in the earth.

And there went from thence of the family of the Danites, 11 o Heb. girded. out of Zorah and out of Eshtaol, six hundred men o appointed with weapons of war. And they went up, and pitched in 12 Kirjath-jearim, in Judah: wherefore they called that place Mahaneh-dan unto this day: behold, it is behind Kirjath-And they passed thence unto mount Ephraim, and 13 came unto the house of Micah. Then answered the five men that went to spy out the country 14

of Laish, and said unto their brethren, Do ye know that there is in these houses an ephod, and teraphim, and a graven image. and a molten image? now therefore consider what ye have to And they turned thitherward, and came to the house of 15 the young man the Levite, even unto the house of Micah, and p Heb. asked p saluted him. And the six hundred men appointed with their 16 weapons of war, which were of the children of Dan, stood by the entering of the gate. And the five men that went to spy out 17 the land went up, and came in thither, and took the graven image, and the ephod, and the teraphin, and the molten image: and the priest stood in the entering of the gate with the six hundred men that were appointed with weapons of war. And 18 these went into Micah's house, and fetched the carved image, the ephod, and the teraphim, and the molten image. Then said the priest unto them, What do ye? And they said unto 19 him, Hold thy peace, lay thine hand upon thy mouth, and go with us, and be to us a father and a priest: is it better for thee to be a priest unto the house of one man, or that thou be a priest unto a tribe and a family in Israel? And the priest's 20 heart was glad, and he took the ephod, and the teraphim, and the graven image, and went in the midst of the people. So they 21 turned and departed, and put the little ones and the cattle and

the carriage before them.

him of peace.

And when they were a good way from the house of Micah, A.C. 1413. the men that were in the houses near to Micah's house were

23 gathered together, and overtook the children of Dan. And they cried unto the children of Dan. And they turned their faces, and said unto Micah, What aileth thee, q that thou comest q Heb that 24 with such a company? And he said, Ye have taken away my thered to.

gods which I made, and the priest, and ye are gone away: and gether.

what have I more? and what is this that ye say unto me, 25 What aileth thee? And the children of Dan said unto him, Let not thy voice be heard among us, lest rangry fellows run r Heb. bitter

upon thee, and thou lose thy life, with the lives of thy hous-of soul. 26 hold. And the children of Dan went their way: and when

Micah saw that they were too strong for him, he turned and 27 went back unto his house. And they took the things which Micah had made, and the priest which he had, and came unto Laish, unto a people that were at quiet and secure: and they smote them with the edge of the sword, and burnt the city with 28 fire. And there was no deliverer, because it was far from Zidon, and they had no business with any man; and it was in

the valley that lieth by Beth-rehob. And they built a city, and 29 dwelt therein. And sthey called the name of the city Dan, s Josh xix. after the name of Dan their father, who was born unto Israel: howbeit the name of the city was Laish at the first.

And the children of Dan set up the graven image: and Jonathan, the son of Gershom, the son of Manasseh, he and his sons were priests to the tribe of Dan until the day of the 31 captivity of the land. And they set them up Micah's graven image, which he made, all the time that the house of God was in Shiloh.

§ 3. History of the Levite of Ephraim.

JUDGES XIX.

1 And it came to pass in those days, a when there was no king in a ch. xvii. 6. Israel, that there was a certain Levite sojourning on the side of & xxiii. 1. & mount Ephraim, who took to him ba concubine out of Beth- b Heb. a wo-2 lehem-judah. And his concubine played the whore against man a concu-

him, and went away from him unto her father's house to Beth- a concubine. 3 lehem-judah, and was there ed four whole months. And her cor, a year husband arose, and went after her, to speak e friendly unto her, months. and to bring her again, having his servant with him, and a d Heb. days couple of asses: and she brought him into her father's house: e Heb. to her and when the father of the damsel saw him, he rejoiced to 4 meet him. And his father in law, the damsel's father, retained

him; and he abode with him three days: so they did eat and drink, and lodged there.

5 And it came to pass on the fourth day, when they arose early in the morning, that he rose up to depart: and the damsel's tather said unto his son in law, f Comfort thine heart with a strengthen.

A.C. 1413. morsel of bread, and afterward go your way. And they sat 6 down, and did eat and drink both of them together: for the damsel's father had said unto the man, Be content, I pray thee, and tarry all night, and let thine heart be merry. And when 7 the man rose up to depart, his father in law urged him: therefore he lodged there again. And he arose early in the morning 8 on the fifth day to depart: and the damsel's father said, Com-

day declined.

h Heb. is weak. i Heb. it is the pitching time of the day. k Heb. to thy tent.
l Heb. to over against.

g Heb. till the fort thine heart, I pray thee. And they tarried g until afternoon, and they did eat both of them. And when the man rose 9 up to depart, he, and his concubine, and his servant, his father in law, the damsel's father, said unto him, Behold, now the day h draweth toward evening, I pray you tarry all night: behold, the day groweth to an end, lodge here, that thine heart may be merry; and to morrow get you early on your way, that thou mayest go khome. But the man would not tarry that 10 night, but he rose up and departed, and came 1 over against Jebus, which is Jerusalem; and there were with him two asses saddled, his concubine also was with him. And when they were 11 by Jebus, the day was far spent; and the servant said unto his master, Come, I pray thee, and let us turn in into this city of the Jebusites, and lodge in it. And his master said unto him, 12 We will not turn aside hither into the city of a stranger, that is not of the children of Israel; we will pass over to Gibeah. And he said unto his servant, Come, and let us draw near to 13 one of these places to lodge all night, in Gibeah, or in Ramah. And they passed on and went their way; and the sun went 14 down upon them when they were by Gibeah, which belongeth to Benjamin. And they turned aside thither, to go in and to lodge 15 in Gibeah: and when he went in, he sat him down in a street of the city; for there was no man that took them into his house to lodging.

And, behold, there came an old man from his work out of 16 the field at even, which was also of mount Ephraim; and he sojourned in Gibeah: but the men of the place were Benjamites. And when he had lifted up his eyes, he saw a way- 17 faring man in the street of the city: and the old man said, Whither goest thou? and whence comest thou? And he said 18 unto him, We are passing from Beth-lehem-judah toward the side of mount Ephraim; from thence am I: and I went to Beth-lehem-judah, but I am now going to the house of the LORD; and there is no man that m receiveth me to house. Yet there is both straw and provender for our asses; and there 19 is bread and wine also for me, and for thy handmaid, and for the young man which is with thy servants: there is no want of any thing. And the old man said, Peace be with thee; how-20 soever let all thy wants lie upon me; only lodge not in the So he brought him into his house, and gave provender 21 unto the asses: and they washed their feet, and did eat and drink.

m Heb. gathereth, ver.

Now as they were making their hearts merry, behold, the A.C. 1413. men of the city, certain sons of Belial, beset the house round about, and beat at the door, and spake to the master of the house, the old man, saying, Bring forth the man that came

23 into thine house, that we may know him. And n the man, the n Gen. xix. 6.

master of the house, went out unto them, and said unto them, Nay, my brethren, nay, I pray you, do not so wickedly; seeing that this man is come into mine house, do not this folly.

24 Behold, here is my daughter a maiden, and his concubine; them I will bring out now, and humble ye them, and do with them what seemeth good unto you: but unto this man do not

25 °so vile a thing. But the men would not hearken to him: so the o Heb. the man took his concubine, and brought her forth unto them; and this folly.

they knew her, and abused her all the night until the morning: 26 and when the day began to spring, they let her go. came the woman in the dawning of the day, and fell down at

the door of the man's house where her lord was, till it was 27 light. And her lord rose up in the morning, and opened the doors of the house, and went out to go his way: and, behold, the woman his concubine was fallen down at the door of the

28 house, and her hands were upon the threshold. And he said unto her, Up, and let us be going. But none answered. Then the man took her up upon an ass, and the man rose up, and gat him unto his place.

And when he was come into his house, he took a knife, and laid hold on his concubine, and divided her, together with her bones, into twelve pieces, and sent her into all the coast of 30 Israel. And it was so, that all that saw it said, There was no such deed done nor seen from the day that the children of Israel came up out of the land of Egypt until this day: consider of it, take advice, and speak your minds.

JUDGES XX.

1 The Levite in a general assembly declareth his wrong. 8 The decree of the assembly. 12 The Benjamites, being cited, make head against the Israelites. 18 The Israelites in two battles lose forty thousand. 26 They destroy by a stratagem all the Benjamites, except six hundred.

Then all the children of Israel went out, and the congregation was gathered together as one man, from Dan even to Beersheba, with the land of Gilead, unto the LORD in Mizpeh. 2 And the chief of all the people, even of all the tribes of Israel, presented themselves in the assembly of the people of God, 3 four hundred thousand footmen that drew sword. (Now the children of Benjamin heard that the children of Israel were gone up to Mizpeh.) Then said the children of Israel, Tell 4 us, how was this wickedness? And p the Levite, the husband p Heb. the

of the woman that was slain, answered and said, I came into Levite. Gibeah that belongeth to Benjamin, I and my concubine, to 5 lodge. And the men of Gibeah rose against me, and beset

A.C. 1413. the house round about upon me by night, and thought to have q Heb. hum slain me: and my concubine have they q forced, that she is And I took my concubine, and cut her in pieces, and 6 sent her throughout all the country of the inheritance of Israel: for they have committed lewdness and folly in Israel. Behold, ye are all children of Israel; give here your advice 7 and counsel.

> And all the people arose as one man, saying, We will not s any of us go to his tent, neither will we any of us turn into his house. But now this shall be the thing which we will do to 9 Gibeah; we will go up by lot against it; and we will take ten 10 men of an hundred throughout all the tribes of Israel, and an hundred of a thousand, and a thousand out of ten thousand, to fetch victual for the people, that they may do, when they come to Gibeah of Benjamin, according to all the folly that they have wrought in Israel. So all the men of Israel were gathered 11 against the city, r knit together as one man.

r Heb. fel-

And the tribes of Israel sent men through all the tribe of 12 Benjamin, saying, What wickedness is this that is done among you? Now therefore deliver us the men, the children of Belial, 13 which are in Gibeah, that we may put them to death, and put away evil from Israel. But the children of Benjamin would not hearken to the voice of their brethren the children of Israel: but 14 the children of Benjamin gathered themselves together out of the cities unto Gibeah, to go out to battle against the children of Israel. And the children of Benjamin were numbered at 15 that time out of the cities twenty and six thousand men that drew sword, beside the inhabitants of Gibeah, which were numbered seven hundred chosen men. Among all this people 16 sch. iii. 15. there were seven hundred chosen men s lefthanded; every one could sling stones at an hair breadth, and not miss. the men of Israel, beside Benjamin, were numbered four hundred thousand men that drew sword: all these were men

And the children of Israel arose, and went up to the house 18 of God, and asked counsel of God, and said, Which of us shall go up first to the battle against the children of Benjamin? And the LORD said, Judah shall go up first. And the children of 19 Israel rose up in the morning, and encamped against Gibeah. And the men of Israel went out to battle against Benjamin; 20 and the men of Israel put themselves in array to fight against them at Gibeah. And the children of Benjamin came forth 21 out of Gibeah, and destroyed down to the ground of the Israelites that day twenty and two thousand men. And the 22 people the men of Israel encouraged themselves, and set their battle again in array in the place where they put themselves in array the first day. (And the children of Israel went up and 23 wept before the LORD until even, and asked counsel of the

LORD, saying, Shall I go up again to battle against the children A.C. 1413. of Benjamin my brother? And the LORD said, Go up against And the children of Israel came near against the 25 children of Benjamin the second day. And Benjamin went forth against them out of Gibeah the second day, and destroyed down to the ground of the children of Israel again eighteen thousand men; all these drew the sword. Then all the children of Israel, and all the people, went up, and came unto the house of God, and wept, and sat there before the LORD, and fasted that day until even, and offered 27 burnt offerings and peace offerings before the LORD. And the children of Israel enquired of the LORD, (for the ark of the 28 covenant of God was there in those days, and Phinehas, the son of Eleazar, the son of Aaron, stood before it in those days,) saying, Shall I yet again go out to battle against the children of Benjamin my brother, or shall I cease? And the LORD said, Go up; for to morrow I will deliver them into 29 thine hand. And Israel set liers in wait round about Gibeah. 30 And the children of Israel went up against the children of Benjamin on the third day, and put themselves in array against 31 Gibeah, as at other times. And the children of Benjamin went out against the people, and were drawn away from the city; and they began to smite of the people, and kill, as at other t Heb. to times, in the highways, of which one goeth up to u the house people of God, and the other to Gibeah in the field, about thirty wounded as 32 men of Israel. And the children of Benjamin said, They are u Or. Belk-el. smitten down before us, as at the first. But the children of Israel said, Let us flee, and draw them from the city unto the 33 highways. And all the men of Israel rose up out of their place, and put themselves in array at Baal-tamar: and the liers in wait of Israel came forth out of their places, even out of the

thousand chosen men out of all Israel, and the battle was sore: 35 but they knew not that evil was near them. And the LORD smote Benjamin before Israel: and the children of Israel destroyed of the Benjamites that day twenty and five thousand and an 36 hundred men: all these drew the sword. So the children of Benjamin saw that they were smitten: for the men of Israel gave place to the Benjamites, because they trusted unto the 37 liers in wait which they had set beside Gibeah. And the liers

34 meadows of Gibeah.

in wait hasted, and rushed upon Gibeah; and the liers in wait

* drew themselves along, and smote all the city with the edge of long sound

sthe sword. Now there was an appointed y sign between the men trumpets. of Israel z and the liers in wait, that they should make a great yor, time.

39 a flame with smoke rise up out of the city. And when the men z Heb. with.

of Israel retired in the battle, Benjamin began b to smite albeb. with and kill of the men of Israel about thirty persons: for they b Heb. to smite the said. Surely, they are smitten down before us as in the first wounded. said, Surely they are smitten down before us, as in the first wounded.

And there came against Gibeah ten

c Heb. the whole consumption. d Heb. touched them.

e Or, from Menuchah.

&c. f Heb. unto

A.C. 1413. battle. But when the flame began to arise up out of the city 40 with a pillar of smoke, the Benjamites looked behind them, and, behold, c the flame of the city ascended up to heaven. And 41 when the men of Israel turned again, the men of Benjamin were amazed: for they saw that evil d was come upon them. There-42 fore they turned their backs before the men of Israel unto the way of the wilderness; but the battle overtook them: and them which came out of the cities they destroyed in the midst of them. Thus they inclosed the Benjamites round about, and 43 chased them, and trode them down e with ease f over against Gibeah toward the sunrising. And there fell of Benjamin 44 eighteen thousand men; all these were men of valour. over against. they turned and fled toward the wilderness unto the rock of Rimmon: and they gleaned of them in the highways five thousand men; and pursued hard after them unto Gidom, and slew two thousand men of them. So that all which fell that 46 day of Benjamin were twenty and five thousand men that g ch. xxi. 13. drew the sword; all these were men of valour. g But six hun-47 dred men turned and fled to the wilderness unto the rock Rimmon, and abode in the rock Rimmon four months. the men of Israel turned again upon the children of Benjamin, and smote them with the edge of the sword, as well the men of every city, as the beast, and all that h came to hand: also they set on fire all the cities that i they came to.

h Heb. was found. i Heb. were

found.

JUDGES XXI.

1 The people bewail the desolation of Benjamin. 8 By the destruction of Jabesh-gilead they provide them four hundred wives. 16 They advise them to surprise the virgins that danced at Shiloh.

Now the men of Israel had sworn in Mizpeh, saving, There 1 shall not any of us give his daughter unto Benjamin to And the people came to the house of God, and abode 2 there till even before God, and lifted up their voices, and wept sore; and said, O LORD God of Israel, why is this 3 come to pass in Israel, that there should be to day one tribe lacking in Israel? And it came to pass on the morrow, that the 4 people rose early, and built there an altar, and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings. And the children of Israel said, 5 Who is there among all the tribes of Israel that came not up with the congregation unto the LORD? For they had made a great oath concerning him that came not up to the LORD to Mizpeh, saying, He shall surely be put to death. And the 6 children of Israel repented them for Benjamin their brother, and said, There is one tribe cut off from Israel this day. How shall 7 we do for wives for them that remain, seeing we have sworn by the LORD that we will not give them of our daughters to wives?

And they said, What one is there of the tribes of Israel that 8

came not up to Mizpeh to the Lord? And, behold, there A.C. 1413. came none to the camp from Jabesh-gilead to the assembly. 9 For the people were numbered, and, behold, there were none 10 of the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead there. And the congregation sent thither twelve thousand men of the valiantest, and commanded them, saying, Go and smite the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead with the edge of the sword, with the women and 11 the children. And this is the thing that ye shall do, k Ye shall k Num.xxxi. utterly destroy every male, and every woman that I hath lain by I Heb. know-And they found among the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead with man. four hundred m young virgins, that had known no man by lying milet young women vir with any male: and they brought them unto the camp to Shi- gins. 13 loh, which is in the land of Canaan. And the whole congregation sent some n to speak to the children of Benjamin that n Heb. and were in the rock Rimmon, and to ocall peaceably unto them. called. 14 And Benjamin came again at that time; and they gave them of Or, proclaim peace. wives which they had saved alive of the women of Jabesh-15 gilead: and yet so they sufficed them not. And the people repented them for Benjamin, because that the Lord had made a breach in the tribes of Israel. Then the elders of the congregation said, How shall we do for wives for them that remain, seeing the women are destroyed 17 out of Benjamin? And they said, There must be an inheritance for them that be escaped of Benjamin, that a tribe be not 18 destroyed out of Israel. Howbeit we may not give them wives of our daughters: for the children of Israel have sworn, say-19 ing, Cursed be he that giveth a wife to Benjamin. Then they said, Behold, there is a feast of the Lord in Shiloh p yearly in P Heb. from a place which is on the north side of Beth-el, q on the east side q or, toward r of the highway that goeth up from Beth-el to Shechem, and the sunrising. 20 on the south of Lebonah. Therefore they commanded the children of Benjamin, saying, Go and lie in wait in the vine-21 yards; and see, and, behold, if the daughters of Shiloh come out to dance in dances, then come ye out of the vineyards, and catch you every man his wife of the daughters of Shiloh, and 22 go to the land of Benjamin. And it shall be, when their fathers

or their brethren come unto us to complain, that we will say

we reserved not to each man his wife in the war: for ye did not give unto them at this time, that ye should be guilty. 23 And the children of Benjamin did so, and took them wives, according to their number, of them that danced, whom they caught: and they went and returned unto their inheritance, 24 and repaired the cities, and dwelt in them. And the children of Israel departed thence at that time, every man to his tribe and to his family, and they went out from thence every man

every man did that which was right in his own eyes.

unto them, 8 Be favourable unto them for our sakes: because 8 Or, Gratify

25 to his inheritance. t In those days there was no king in Israel: tch. xvii. 6. & xviii. 1.

JUDGES II. VER. 14, TO THE END.

A.C. 1413. And the anger of the LORD was hot against Israel, and he 14 delivered them into the hands of spoilers that spoiled them, u Ps. xliv. 12. and u he sold them into the hands of their enemies round about, so that they could not any longer stand before their enemies. Whithersoever they went out, the hand of the LORD was 15 x Lev. xxvi. against them for evil, as the Lord had said, and x as the Lord beut. xxviii. had sworp unto them.

had sworn unto them: and they were greatly distressed.

y Heb. saved,

Nevertheless the Lord raised up judges, which y delivered 16 them out of the hand of those that spoiled them. they would not hearken unto their judges, but they went a whoring after other gods, and bowed themselves unto them: they turned quickly out of the way which their fathers walked in, obeying the commandments of the Lord; but they did not And when the LORD raised them up judges, then the 18 LORD was with the judge, and delivered them out of the hand of their enemies all the days of the judge: for it repented the LORD because of their groanings by reason of them that oppressed them and vexed them. And it came to pass, when 19 the judge was dead, that they returned, and a corrupted themselves more than their fathers, in following other gods to serve them, and to bow down unto them; they b ceased not from their own doings, nor from their stubborn way.

z ch. iii. 12. a Or, were corrupt.

b Heb. they let nothing fall of their.

And the anger of the LORD was hot against Israel; and he 20 said, Because that this people hath transgressed my covenant which I commanded their fathers, and have not hearkened unto my voice; I also will not henceforth drive out any from before 21 them of the nations which Joshua left when he died: that 22 through them I may prove Israel, whether they will keep the way of the Lord to walk therein, as their fathers did keep it, c Or, suffered. or not. Therefore the LORD c left those nations, without 23 driving them out hastily; neither delivered he them into the hand of Joshua.

JUDGES III. VER. 1-4.

Now these are the nations which the LORD left, to prove 1 Israel by them, even as many of Israel as had not known all the wars of Canaan; only that the generations of the children of 2 Israel might know, to teach them war, at the least such as before knew nothing thereof; namely, five lords of the Philis- 3 tines, and all the Canaanites, and the Sidonians, and the Hivites that dwelt in mount Lebanon, from mount Baal-hermon unto the entering in of Hamath. And they were to prove Israel 4 by them, to know whether they would hearken unto the commandments of the Lord, which he commanded their fathers by the hand of Moses.

PART V.

Government of the Judges.

§ 1. Servitude of the eastern Israelites under Chushan-rishathaim. Othniel, Judge.

JUDGES III. VER. 5-11.

And the children of Israel dwelt among the Canaanites, Hit- A.C. 1405. tites, and Amorites, and Perizzites, and Hivites, and Jebusites: 6 and they took their daughters to be their wives, and gave their 7 daughters to their sons, and served their gods. And the children of Israel did evil in the sight of the LORD, and forgat the Lord their God, and served Baalim and the groves.

Therefore the anger of the LORD was hot against Israel, and he sold them into the hand of Chushan-rishathaim king of ^a Mesopotamia: and the children of Israel served Chushan- aHeb. Aram-9 rishathaim eight years. And when the children of Israel cried naharaim. unto the LORD, the LORD raised up a deliverer to the children of Israel, who delivered them, even Othniel the son of Kenaz,

10 Caleb's younger brother. And the Spirit of the LORD b came b Heb. was. upon him, and he judged Israel, and went out to war: and the LORD delivered Chushan-rishathaim king of Mesopotamia into his hand; and his hand prevailed against Chusan-rishathaim.

11 And the land had rest forty years. And Othniel the son of Kenaz died.

§ 2. Servitude of the eastern Israelites under the Moabites. Ehud, Judge.

JUDGES III. VER. 12-30.

And the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of the LORD: and the LORD strengthened Eglon the king of Moab against Israel, because they had done evil in the sight of the And he gathered unto him the children of Ammon 13 Lord. and Amalek; and went and smote Israel, and possessed the city 14 of palm trees. So the children of Israel served Eglon the king 15 of Moab eighteen years. But when the children of Israel cried unto the LORD, the LORD raised them up a deliverer, Ehud the son of Gera^a, a Benjamite, a man ^b lefthanded: and ^a Or, the son by him the children of Israel sent a present unto Eglon the h Heb. shut of 16 king of Moab. But Ehud made him a dagger which had two his right hand. edges, of a cubit length; and he did gird it under his raiment 17 upon his right thigh. And he brought the present unto Eglon 18 king of Moab: and Eglon was a very fat man. And when he had made an end to offer the present, he sent away the 19 people that bare the present. But he himself turned again from the cquarries that were by Gilgal, and said, I have a cor, graven secret errand unto thee, O king: who said, Keep silence. 20 And all that stood by him went out from him. And Ehud

1343.

ing: See

A.C. 1343. came unto him; and he was sitting in d a summer parlour, which d Heb a par- he had for himself alone. And Ehud said, I have a message lour of cool- from God unto thee. And he arose out of his seat. Amos iii. 15. Ehud put forth his left hand, and took the dagger from his

e Or, it came out at the fundament.

right thigh, and thrust it into his belly: and the haft also went 22 in after the blade; and the fat closed upon the blade, so that he could not draw the dagger out of his belly; and e the dirt came out. Then Ehud went forth through the porch, and shut 23 the doors of the parlour upon him, and locked them. When 24 he was gone out, his servants came; and when they saw that, behold, the doors of the parlour were locked, they said, Surely he covereth his feet in his summer chamber. And they tar- 25 ried till they were ashamed: and, behold, he opened not the doors of the parlour; therefore they took a key, and opened them: and, behold, their lord was fallen down dead on the And Ehud escaped while they tarried, and passed 26 beyond the quarries, and escaped unto Seirath. And it came 27 to pass, when he was come, that he blew a trumpet in the mountain of Ephraim, and the children of Israel went down with him from the mount, and he before them. And he said 28 unto them, Follow after me: for the Lord hath delivered

f Or, doeth his casement.

g Heb. fat. It seems to concern only the country

next to the Philistines. your enemies the Moabites into your hand. And they went down after him, and took the fords of Jordan toward Moab, and suffered not a man to pass over. And they slew of Moab 29 at that time about ten thousand men, all glusty, and all men of valour; and there escaped not a man. So Moab was sub- 30 dued that day under the hand of Israel. And the land had rest fourscore years.

§ 3. Shamgar, Judge.

JUDGES III. VER. 31.

1325.

And after him was Shamgar the son of Anath, which slew of 31 the Philistines six hundred men with an oxgoad: and he also delivered Israel.

§ 4. Servitude of the northern Israelites under the Canaunites. the Prophetess, Judge.

JUDGES IV.

1305.

And the children of Israel again did evil in the sight of the 1 LORD, when Ehud was dead. And the LORD sold them into 2 the hand of Jabin king of Canaan, that reigned in Hazor; the captain of whose host was Sisera, which dwelt in Harosheth of And the children of Israel cried unto the LORD: 3 the Gentiles. North Israel. for he had nine hundred chariots of iron; and twenty years he

It seems to concern only

mightily oppressed the children of Israel. 1285.

And Deborah, a prophetess, the wife of Lapidoth, she judged 4 Ismael at that time. And she dwelt under the palm tree of 5 Deborah between Ramah and Beth-el in mount Ephraim: and

6 the children of Israel came up to her for judgment. And she A.C. 1285. sent and called Barak the son of Abinoam out of Kedesh-naphtali, and said unto him, Hath not the LORD God of Israel commanded, saying, Go and draw toward mount Tabor, and take with thee ten thousand men of the children of Naphtali and of 7 the children of Zebulun? And I will draw unto thee to the a river Kishon Sisera, the captain of Jabin's army, with his a Ps. lxxxiii. chariots and his multitude; and I will deliver him into thine 8 hand. And Barak said unto her, If thou wilt go with me, then I will go: but if thou wilt not go with me, then I will not go. 9 And she said, I will surely go with thee: notwithstanding the journey that thou takest shall not be for thine honour; for the LORD shall sell Sisera into the hand of a woman. And Deborah arose, and went with Barak to Kedesh. And Barak called Zebulun and Naphtali to Kedesh; and he went up with ten thousand men at his feet: and Deborah went 11 up with him. Now Heber the Kenite, which was of the children of b Hobab the father in law of Moses, had severed him- b Num. x. 29. self from the Kenites, and pitched his tent unto the plain of 12 Zaanaim, which is by Kedesh. And they shewed Sisera that 13 Barak the son of Abinoam was gone up to mount Tabor. And Sisera egathered together all his chariots, even nine hundred thered by cry, chariots of iron, and all the people that were with him, from or proclama-14 Harosheth of the Gentiles unto the river of Kishon. And tion. Deborah said unto Barak, Up; for this is the day in which the LORD hath delivered Sisera into thine hand: is not the LORD gone out before thee? So Barak went down from mount Tabor, 15 and ten thousand men after him. And d the Lord discomfited d Ps. lxxxiii. Sisera, and all his chariots, and all his host, with the edge of the 9, 10. sword before Barak; so that Sisera lighted down off his chariot, 16 and fled away on his feet. But Barak pursued after the chariots, and after the host, unto Harosheth of the Gentiles: and all the host of Sisera fell upon the edge of the sword; and there was 17 not ea man left. Howbeit Sisera fled away on his feet to the e Heb. unto tent of Jael the wife of Heber the Kenite: for there was peace one. between Jabin the king of Hazor and the house of Heber the And Jael went out to meet Sisera, and said unto him, Turn in, my lord, turn in to me; fear not. And when he had turned in unto her into the tent, she covered him with a f mantle f Or, rng, or, 19 And he said unto her, Give me, I pray thee, a little water to drink; for I am thirsty. And she opened g a bottle of milk, g ch. v. 25. 20 and gave him drink, and covered him. Again he said unto her, Stand in the door of the tent, and it shall be, when any man doth come and enquire of thee, and say, Is there any man 21 here? that thou shalt say, No. Then Jael Heber's wife took a nail of the tent, and h took an hammer in her hand, and went h Heb. put.

softly unto him, and smote the nail into his temples, and

A.C. 1285. fastened it into the ground: for he was fast asleep and weary. So he died. And, behold, as Barak pursued Sisera, Jael came 22 out to meet him, and said unto him, Come, and I will shew thee the man whom thou seekest. And when he came into her tent, behold, Sisera lay dead, and the nail was in his So God subdued on that day Jabin the king of 23 Canaan before the children of Israel. And the hand of the 24 i Heb. going children of Israel i prospered, and prevailed against Jabin the

went and was king of Canaan, until they had destroyed Jabin king of Canaan.

JUDGES V.

The Song of Deborah and Barak.

Then sang Deborah and Barak the son of Abinoam on that 1 day, saying,

Praise ye the Lord for the avenging of Israel, when the 2

people willingly offered themselves.

Hear, O ye kings; give ear, O ye princes; I, even I, will 3 sing unto the LORD; I will sing praise to the LORD God of Israel.

LORD, k when thou wentest out of Seir, when thou marchedst 4 k Deut xxxiii. 2 Ps. laviii. 7. out of the field of Edom, the earth trembled, and the heavens dropped, the clouds also dropped water.

l Deut. iv. 11. ¹The mountains m melted from before the Lord, even that 5 Ps. xcvii. 5. Sinai from before the LORD God of Israel. m Heb.

flowed.

ed ways.

r Or, Meditate.

s Heb. righ-

the LORD.

In the days of o Shamgar the son of Anath, in the days of 6 n Ex. xix. 18. . iii. 31. Jael, the highways were unoccupied, and the p travellers walked p Heb. walkthrough q byways. ers of paths. q Heb. crook-

The inhabitants of the villages ceased, they ceased in Israel, 7 until that I Deborah arose, that I arose a mother in Israel.

They chose new gods; then was war in the gates: was there 8 a shield or spear seen among forty thousand in Israel?

My heart is toward the governors of Israel, that offered them- 9 selves willingly among the people. Bless ye the LORD.

¹ Speak, ye that ride on white asses, ye that sit in judgment, 10 and walk by the way.

They that are delivered from the noise of archers in the places 11 of drawing water, there shall they rehearse the 'righteous acts teousnesses of of the Lord, even the righteous acts toward the inhabitants of his villages in Israel: then shall the people of the LORD go down to the gates.

Awake, awake, Deborah: awake, awake, utter a song: 12 arise, Barak, and lead thy captivity captive, thou son of Abinoam.

Then he made him that remaineth have dominion over the 13 nobles among the people: the LORD made me have dominion over the mighty.

Out of Ephraim was there a root of them against Amalek; 14

after thee, Benjamin, among thy people; out of Machir came A.C. 1285. down governors, and out of Zebulun they that thandle the pen t Heb. draw of the writer.

And the princes of Issachar were with Deborah; even Issachar, and also Barak: he was sent on "foot into the valley. 4 Heb. his * For the divisions of Reuben there were great y thoughts of x Or, In the

Why abodest thou among the sheepfolds, to hear the bleat-pressions. ings of the flocks? z For the divisions of Reuben there were z Or, In. great searchings of heart.

Gilead abode beyond Jordan: and why did Dan remain in ships? Asher continued on the sea *shore, and abode in his a Or, port. b breaches.

Zebulon and Naphtali were a people that e jeoparded their e Heb. exlives unto the death in the high places of the field.

- The kings came and fought, then fought the kings of Canaan in Taanach by the waters of Megiddo; they took no gain of money.
- They fought from heaven; the stars in their d courses fought d Heb. paths. against Sisera.
- The river of Kishon swept them away, that ancient river, the river Kishon. O my soul, thou hast trodden down strength.

Then were the horsehoofs broken by the means of the e pransings, the pransings of their mighty ones.

e Or, tramp lings, or,

Curse ye Meroz, said the angel of the Lord, curse ye plungings. bitterly the inhabitants thereof; because they came not to the help of the LORD, to the help of the LORD against the mighty.

Blessed above women shall Jael the wife of Heber the Kenite be, blessed shall she be above women in the tent.

He asked water, and she gave him milk; she brought forth butter in a lordly dish.

She put her hand to the nail, and her right hand to the workmen's hammer; and f with the hammer she smote Sisera, f Heb. she she smote off his head, when she had pierced and stricken hammered. through his temples.

g At her feet he bowed, he fell, he lay down: at her feet he g Heb. Bebowed, he fell: where he bowed, there he fell down h dead.

The mother of Sisera looked out at a window, and cried stroyed. through the lattice, Why is his chariot so long in coming? why tarry the wheels of his chariots?

Her wise ladies answered her, yea, she returned i answer to i Heb. her

Have they not sped? have they not divided the prey; k to k Heb. to the every man a damsel or two; to Sisera a prey of divers colours, man. a prey of divers colours of needlework, of divers colours of needlework on both sides, meet for the necks of them that take the spoil?

A.C. 1285.

So let all thine enemies perish, O Lord: but let them that 31 love him be as the sun when he goeth forth in his might. And the land had rest forty years.

§ 5. Eastern and Northern Israelites enslaved by Midian. Gideon, Judge.

JUDGES VI. VER. 1-6.

1252.

a Heb. was

And the children of Israel did evil in the sight of the LORD: 1 and the Lord delivered them into the hand of Midian's even years. And the hand of Midian a prevailed against Israel 15: 2 and because of the Midianites the children of Israel made them the dens which are in the mountains, and caves, and strong holds. And so it was, when Israel had sown, that the Midian- 3 ites came up, and the Amalekites, and the children of the east, even they came up against them; and they encamped against 4 them, and destroyed the increase of the earth, till thou come unto Gaza, and left no sustenance for Israel, neither b sheep, nor ox, nor ass. For they came up with their cattle and their 5 tents, and they came as grasshoppers for multitude; for both they and their camels were without number: and they entered into the land to destroy it. And Israel was greatly impoverished 6 because of the Midianites: and the children of Israel cried unto the LORD.

b Or, goat.

History of Ruth 16.

RUTH I.

1 Elimelech, driven by famine into Moab, dieth there. 4 Mahlon and Chilion, having married wives of Moab, die also. 6 Naomi returning homeward, 8 dissuadeth her two daughters in law from going with her. 14 Orpah leaveth her, but Ruth with great constancy accompanieth her. 19 They two come to Bethlehem, where they are gladly received.

1245. a Heb. judged.

Now it came to pass in the days when the judges a ruled, I that there was a famine in the land. And a certain man of Beth-lehem-judah went to sojourn in the country of Moab, he,

15 The oppression of the Israelites under Midian seems to have been more severe than that under any of their other conquerors. The people were entirely subdued; they were driven (Judg. vi. 2.) to mountains, and caves, and dens; they were consumed by famine; and the first movement of Gideon was effected by night, lest he should be put to death by the Midianites, if he attempted to act in the day. While they were in this deplorable condition, another change in the conduct of Providence took place. A prophet was inspired for the occasion, to address the people. This, at least, is the first time we read of a prophet coming among them, for the purpose only of reproving their folly, while their calamity lasted. The angel Jehovah, too, again appeared among them, to convince them that this prophet was commissioned from on high; and very possibly to establish the new dispensation, under which a continued succession of prophets was to arise till the time of the great Prophet like unto Moses. The Angel revealed himself to Gideon. He commanded Gideon to attempt the release of the people, and assured him of the certainty of success, by miracles, adapted (as all the miracles recorded in the Old Testament were) to the peculiar circumstances of the persons for whom they were wrought — Vide Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 311; Lightfoot in loc.

The history of Ruth was added to the canon of Scripture; as from her David and the Messiah descended. By recording the adoption of a Gentile into the family from which Christ was to derive his origin, the Holy Spirit intended to intimate the comprehensive design of the Christian dispensation. The book is placed here on the authority of Bp. Patrick, who observes, that no other famine is said to have happened during the administration of the Judges, than that caused, in the time of

Gideon, by the invasion of the Midianites .- Gray's Key, p. 166; Bp. Patrick in loc.

2 and his wife, and his two sons. And the name of the man was A.C. 1245. Elimelech, and the name of his wife Naomi, and the name of his two sons Mahlon and Chilion, Ephrathites of Beth-lehemjudah. And they came into the country of Moab, and b con- b Heb. were. 3 tinued there. And Elimelech Naomi's husband died; and she

4 was left, and her two sons. And they took them wives of the women of Moab; the name of the one was Orpah, and the name of the other Ruth; and they dwelled there about ten 5 years. 'And Mahlon and Chilion died also both of them; and

the woman was left of her two sons and her husband.

Then she arose with her daughters in law, that she might return from the country of Moab: for she had heard in the country of Moab how that the LORD had visited his people in 7 giving them bread. Wherefore she went forth out of the place where she was, and her two daughters in law with her: and 8 they went on the way to return unto the land of Judah. And Naomi said unto her two daughters in law, Go, return each to her mother's house: the Lord deal kindly with you, as ye 9 have dealt with the dead, and with me. The LORD grant you that ye may find rest, each of you in the house of her husband. Then she kissed them; and they lifted up their voice, and wept. 10 And they said unto her, Surely we will return with thee unto 11 thy people. And Naomi said, Turn again, my daughters: why will ve go with me? are there yet any more sons in my 12 womb, that they may be your husbands? Turn again, my

daughters, go your way; for I am too old to have an husband. If I should say, I have hope, c if I should have an husband also c Or, if I 13 to night, and should also bear sons; would ye d tarry for them were with an till they were grown? would ye stay for them from having d Heb. hope. husbands? nay, my daughters; for e it grieveth me much for much bitteryour sakes that the hand of the Lord is gone out against me. ness. 14 And they lifted up their voice, and wept again: and Orpah

15 kissed her mother in law; but Ruth clave unto her. And she said, Behold, thy sister in law is gone back unto her people, and unto her gods; return thou after thy sister in law.

16 And Ruth said, Intreat me not to leave thee, or to return for Be not from following after thee: for whither thou goest, I will go: against me. and where thou lodgest, I will lodge: thy people shall be my 17 people, and thy God my God: where thou diest, will I die, and there will I be buried: the LORD do so to me, and more

18 also, if ought but death part thee and me. When she saw that she g was stedfastly minded to go with her, then she left g Heb. speaking unto her.

19 So they two went until they came to Beth-lehem. came to pass, when they were come to Beth-lehem, that all the city was moved about them, and they said, Is this Naomi? h That is, 20 And she said unto them, Call me not h Naomi, call me Mara: Pleasant, i That is, 21 for the Almighty hath dealt very bitterly with me. I went Bitter.

A.C. 1245. out full, and the LORD hath brought me home again empty: why then call ye me Naomi, seeing the LORD hath testified against me, and the Almighty hath afflicted me? So Naomi 22 returned, and Ruth the Moabitess, her daughter in law, with her, which returned out of the country of Moab: and they came to Beth-lehem in the beginning of barley harvest.

RUTH II.

1 Ruth gleaneth in the fields of Boaz. 4 Boaz taking knowledge of her, 8 sheweth her great favour. 18 That which she got, she carrieth to Naomi.

k Called Booz, Matt.

And Naomi had a kinsman of her husband's, a mighty man 1 of wealth, of the family of Elimelech; and his name was k Boaz. And Ruth the Moabitess said unto Naomi, Let me now go to 2 the field, and glean ears of corn after him in whose sight I shall find grace. And she said unto her, Go, my daughter. she went, and came, and gleaned in the field after the reapers: and her hap was to light on a part of the field belonging unto Boaz, who was of the kindred of Elimelech.

l Heb. hap happened.

And, behold, Boaz came from Beth-lehem, and said unto the 4 reapers, the LORD be with you. And they answered him, The LORD bless thee. Then said Boaz unto his servant that was 5 set over the reapers, Whose damsel is this? And the servant 6 that was set over the reapers answered and said, It is the Moabitish damsel that came back with Naomi out of the country of Moab: and she said, I pray you, let me glean and gather 7 after the reapers among the sheaves: so she came, and hath continued even from the morning until now, that she tarried a little in the house. Then said Boaz unto Ruth, Hearest thou 8 not, my daughter? Go not to glean in another field, neither go from hence, but abide here fast by my maidens: let thine eyes 9 be on the field that they do reap, and go thou after them: have I not charged the young men that they shall not touch thee? and when thou art athirst, go unto the vessels, and drink of that which the young men have drawn. Then she fell on her 10 face, and bowed herself to the ground, and said unto him, Why have I found grace in thine eyes, that thou shouldest take knowledge of me, seeing I am a stranger? And Boaz an-11 swered and said unto her, It hath fully been shewed me, all that thou hast done unto thy mother in law since the death of thine husband: and how thou hast left thy father and thy mother, and the land of thy nativity, and art come unto a people which thou knewest not heretofore. The LORD recom-12 pense thy work, and a full reward be given thee of the LORD God of Israel, under whose wings thou art come to trust. Then she said, m Let me find favour in thy sight, my lord; for that 13 n Heb. to the thou hast comforted me, and for that thou hast spoken n friendly unto thine handmaid, though I be not like unto one of thine handmaidens. And Boaz said unto her, At mealtime come 14

thou hither, and eat of the bread, and dip thy morsel in the A.C. 1245. vinegar. And she sat beside the reapers: and he reached her 15 parched corn, and she did eat, and was sufficed, and left. And when she was risen up to glean, Boaz commanded his young men, saying, Let her glean even among the sheaves, and ore-oHeb. shame 16 proach her not; and let fall also some of the handfuls of pur-her not. pose for her, and leave them, that she may glean them, and re-

17 buke her not. So she gleaned in the field until even, and beat out that she had gleaned: and it was about an ephah of barley. 18 And she took it up, and went into the city: and her mother

in law saw what she had gleaned: and she brought forth, and 19 gave to her that she had reserved after she was sufficed. And her mother in law said unto her, Where hast thou gleaned to day? and where wroughtest thou? blessed be he that did take knowledge of thee. And she shewed her mother in law with whom she had wrought, and said, the man's name with whom I 20 wrought to day is Boaz. And Naomi said unto her daughter in law, Blessed be he of the LORD, who hath not left off his kindness to the living and to the dead. And Naomi said unto her, The man is near of kin unto us, p one of our next kinsmen. p or, one that hath right to 21 And Ruth the Moabitess said, He said unto me also, Thou redeem.

shalt keep fast by my young men, until they have ended all my 22 harvest. And Naomi said unto Ruth her daughter in law, It is good, my daughter, that thou go out with his maidens, that they

23 q meet thee not in any other field. So she kept fast by the q or, fall maidens of Boaz to glean unto the end of barley harvest and of upon thee. wheat harvest; and dwelt with her mother in law.

RUTH III.

1 By Naomi's instruction, 5 Ruth lieth at Boaz's feet. 8 Boaz acknowledgeth the right of a kinsman. 14 He sendeth her away with six measures of barley.

Then Naomi her mother in law said unto her, My daughter,

shall I not seek rest for thee, that it may be well with thee? 2 And now is not Boaz of our kindred, with whose maidens thou wast? Behold, he winnoweth barley to night in the threshing-

Wash thyself therefore, and anoint thee, and put thy raiment upon thee, and get thee down to the floor: but make not thyself known unto the man, until he shall have done eat-

4 ing and drinking. And it shall be, when he lieth down, that thou shalt mark the place where he shall lie, and thou shalt go in, and runcover his feet, and lay thee down; and he will tell r Or, lift up

5 thee what thou shalt do. And she said unto her, All that thou that are on sayest unto me I will do.

And she went down unto the floor, and did according to all 7 that her mother in law bade her. And when Boaz had eaten and drunk, and his heart was merry, he went to lie down at the

A.C. 1245, end of the heap of corn: and she came softly, and uncovered his feet, and laid her down.

B Or, took hold on.

And it came to pass at midnight, that the man was afraid, 8 and *turned himself: and, behold, a woman lay at his feet. And he said, Who art thou? And she answered, I am Ruth 9 thine handmaid: spread therefore thy skirt over thine hand-

hath right to redeem.

t or, one that maid; for thou art ta near kinsman. And he said, Blessed be 10 thou of the LORD, my daughter: for thou hast shewed more kindness in the latter end than at the beginning, inasmuch as thou followedst not young men, whether poor or rich. And 11 now, my daughter, fear not; I will do to thee all that thou

requirest: for all the "city of my people doth know that thou art a virtuous woman. And now it is true that I am thy near 12 kinsman; howbeit there is a kinsman nearer than I. Tarry 13 this night, and it shall be in the morning, that if he will perform unto thee the part of a kinsman, well; let him do the kinsman's part: but if he will not do the part of a kinsman unto thee, then will I do the part of a kinsman to thee, as the Lord liveth: lie down until the morning.

X Or, sheet, or, apron.

And she lay at his feet until the morning: and she rose up 14 before one could know another. And he said, Let it not be known that a woman came into the floor. Also he said, Bring 15 the * vail that thou hast upon thee, and hold it. And when she held it, he measured six measures of barley, and laid it on her: and she went into the city. And when she came to her mother 16 in law, she said, Who art thou, my daughter? And she told her all that the man had done to her. And she said, These six 17 measures of barley gave he me; for he said to me, Go not empty unto thy mother in law. Then said she, Sit still, 18 my daughter, until thou know how the matter will fall: for the man will not be in rest, until he have finished the thing this day.

RUTH IV.

1 Boaz calleth into judgment the next kinsman. 6 He refuseth the redemption according to the manner in Israel. 9 Boaz buyeth the inheritance. 10 He marrieth Ruth. 13 She beareth Obed the grandfather of David. 18 The generation of Pharez.

Then went Boaz up to the gate, and sat him down there: 1 and, behold, the kinsman of whom Boaz spake came by; unto whom he said, Ho, such a one! turn aside, sit down here. And he turned aside, and sat down, And he took ten men of the 2 elders of the city, and said, Sit ye down here. And they sat down. And he said unto the kinsman, Naomi, that is come 3 again out of the country of Moab, selleth a parcel of land, which was our brother Elimelech's: and y I thought to adver- 4 tise thee, saying, Buy it before the inhabitants, and before the elders of my people. If thou wilt redeem it, redeem it: but if thou wilt not redeem it, then tell me, that I may know: for

y Heb. I said I will reveal in thine ear.

there is none to redeem it beside thee; and I am after thee. A.C. 1245. 5 And he said, I will redeem it. Then said Boaz, What day thou buyest the field of the hand of Naomi, thou must buy it also of Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of the dead, to raise up the name of the dead upon his inheritance.

And the kinsman said, I cannot redeem it for myself, lest I mar mine own inheritance: redeem thou my right to thyself;

7 for I cannot redeem it. 2 Now this was the manner in former 2 Deut. xxv. time in Israel concerning redeeming and concerning changing, for to confirm all things; a man plucked off his shoe, and gave 8 it to his neighbour: and this was a testimony in Israel. Therefore the kinsman said unto Boaz, Buy it for thee. So he drew

off his shoe.

And Boaz said unto the elders, and unto all the people, Ye are witnesses this day, that I have bought all that was Elimelech's, and all that was Chilion's and Mahlon's, of the hand of Moreover Ruth the Moabitess, the wife of Mahlon, have I purchased to be my wife, to raise up the name of the dead upon his inheritance, that the name of the dead be not cut off from among his brethren, and from the gate of his place: ye 11 are witnesses this day. And all the people that were in the gate, and the elders, said, We are witnesses. The LORD make the woman that is come into thine house like Rachel and like Leah, which two did build the house of Israel: and a do thou a Or, get thee 12 worthily in Ephratah, and be famous in Beth-lehem: and let power. thy house be like the house of Pharez, c whom Tamar bare unto b Heb. pro-Judah, of the seed which the LORD shall give thee of this come come young woman.

So Boaz took Ruth, and she was his wife: and when he 1 Chr. ii. 4. Matt. i. 3. went in unto her, the Lord gave her conception, and she bare 14 a son. And the women said unto Naomi, Blessed be the LORD, which hath not deft thee this day without a kinsman, that his decease unto 15 name may be famous in Israel. And he shall be unto thee a thee.

restorer of thy life, and f a nourisher of g thine old age: for thy e Or, redeemdaughter in law, which loveth thee, which is better to thee f Heb. to nou-16 than seven sons, hath born him. And Naomi took the child, g Heb. thy

17 and laid it in her bosom, and became nurse unto it. the women her neighbours gave it a name, saying, There is a son born to Naomi; and they called his name Obed: he is the

father of Jesse, the father of David.

Now these are the generations of Pharez: h Pharez begat h 1 Chr. ii. 4, 19 Hezron, and Hezron begat Ram, and Ram begat Amminadab, 20 and Amminadab begat Nashon, and Nashon begat Salmon, i Or, Salmali. 21, 22 and Salmon begat Boaz, and Boaz begat Obed, and Obed begat Jesse, and Jesse begat David.

нh VOL. I.

Gideon, Judge.

JUDGES VI. VER. 7, TO THE END.

And there came an angel of the Lord, and sat under an 11

And the angel of the LORD 12

And it came to pass, when the children of Israel cried unto 7 A.C. 1245. B Heb. a man the Lord because of the Midianites, that the Lord sent a a 8 a prophet. prophet unto the children of Israel, which said unto them, Thus saith the LORD God of Israel, I brought you up from Egypt, and brought you forth out of the house of bondage; and I 9 delivered you out of the hand of the Egyptians, and out of the hand of all that oppressed you, and drave them out from before you, and gave you their land; and I said unto you, I am the 10 LORD your God; b fear not the gods of the Amorites, in whose b 2 Kin. xvii. 35. 37, 38. Jer. x. 2.

land ye dwell: but ye have not obeyed my voice.

oak which was in Ophrah, that pertained unto Joash the Abic Heb. xi. 32, ezrite: and his son ^c Gideon threshed wheat by the winepress, called Ge-^d to hide *it* from the Midianites. deon. d Heb. to appeared unto him, and said unto him, The LORD is with thee, cause it to flee. thou mighty man of valour. And Gideon said unto him, Oh 13 my lord, if the Lord be with us, why then is all this befallen us? and where be all his miracles which our fathers told us of, saying, Did not the Lord bring us up from Egypt? but now

the Midianites.

e Heb. my thousand is the meanest.

f Or, meat offering.

he said unto him, If now I have found grace in thy sight, then shew me a sign that thou talkest with me. Depart not hence, 18 I pray thee, until I come unto thee, and bring forth my fpresent, and set it before thee. And he said, I will tarry until thou come again.

the Lord hath forsaken us, and delivered us into the hands of

Go in this thy might, and thou shalt save Israel from the hand of the Midianites: have I not sent thee? And he said unto 15

him, O my lord, wherewith shall I save Israel? behold, e my

family is poor in Manasseh, and I am the least in my father's

thee, and thou shalt smite the Midianites as one man.

house. And the Lord said unto him, Surely I will be with 16

And the LORD looked upon him, and said, 14

g Heb. a kid of the goats.

And Gideon went in, and made ready a g kid, and unlea-19 vened cakes of an ephah of flour: the flesh he put in a basket, and he put the broth in a pot, and brought it out unto him under the oak, and presented it. And the angel of God said 20 unto him, Take the flesh and the unleavened cakes, and lay them upon this rock, and pour out the broth. And he did so.

Then the angel of the LORD put forth the end of the staff 21 that was in his hand, and touched the flesh and the unleavened cakes; and there rose up fire out of the rock, and consumed Then the angel of the the flesh and the unleavened cakes. Lord departed out of his sight. And when Gideon perceived 22 that he was an angel of the Lord, Gideon said, Alas, O Lord

PART V. GIDEON THROWS DOWN THE ALTAR OF BAAL. God! h for because I have seen an angel of the Lord face to A.C. 1245. 23 face. And the LORD said unto him, Peace be unto thee; fear h Ex. xxxiii. 24 not: thou shalt not die. Then Gideon built an altar there 20 ch. xiii. unto the Lord, and called it i Jehovah-shalom: unto this day i That is, it is yet in Ophrah of the Abi-ezrites. send peace. And it came to pass the same night, that the Lord said unto him, Take thy father's young bullock, k even the second bul-k Or, and. lock of seven years' old, and throw down the altar of Baal that 26 thy father hath, and cut down the grove that is by it: and build an altar unto the Lord thy God upon the top of this ¹ rock, ^m in the ordered place, and take the second bullock, and ¹ Heb. strong offer a burnt sacrifice with the wood of the grove which thou m or, in an 27 shalt cut down. Then Gideon took ten men of his servants, orderly munand did as the Lord had said unto him: and so it was, because he feared his father's houshold, and the men of the city, that he could not do it by day, that he did it by night. And when the men of the city arose early in the morning, behold, the altar of Baal was cast down, and the grove was cut down that was by it, and the second bullock was offered upon 29 the altar that was built. And they said one to another, Who hath done this thing? And when they enquired and asked, 30 they said, Gideon the son of Joash hath done this thing. Then the men of the city said unto Joash, Bring out thy son, that he may die: because he hath cast down the altar of Baal, and 31 because he hath cut down the grove that was by it. And Joash said unto all that stood against him, Will ye plead for Baal? will ye save him? he that will plead for him, let him be put to death whilst it is yet morning: if he be a god, let him plead 32 for himself, because one hath cast down his altar. Therefore

on that day he called him no Jerubbaal, saying, Let Baal plead n That is, Let Baal against him, because he hath thrown down his altar. Then all the Midianites and the Amalekites and the children 11 Sam. xii. of the east were gathered together, and went over, and pitched 21. Jerubbe-sheth; that is, 34 in the valley of Jezreel. But the Spirit of the LORD p came Let the upon Gideon, and he q blew a trumpet; and Abi-ezer was thing plead.

35 gathered after him. And he sent messengers throughout all See Jer. xi. 13. Hos. ix. Manasseh; who also was gathered after him: and he sent mesp Heb.
sengers unto Asher, and unto Zebulun, and unto Naphtali; clothed. and they came up to meet them.

And Gideon said unto God, If thou wilt save Israel by mine r Heb. was 37 hand, as thou hast said, Behold, I will put a fleece of wool in him. the floor; and if the dew be on the fleece only, and it be dry upon all the earth beside, then shall I know that thou wilt save

38 Israel by mine hand, as thou hast said. And it was so: for he rose up early on the morrow, and thrust the fleece together, and wringed the dew out of the fleece, a bowl full of water.

39 And Gideon said unto God, Let not thine anger be hot & Gen. xviii. against me, and I will speak but this once: let me prove, I 32.

A.C. 1245. pray thee, but this once with the fleece; let it now be dry only upon the fleece, and upon all the ground let there be dew. And God did so that night: for it was dry upon the fleece 40 only, and there was dew on all the ground.

JUDGES VII.

1 Gideon's army of two and thirty thousand is brought to three hundred. 9 He is encouraged by the dream and interpretation of the barley cake. 16 His stratagem of trumpets and lamps in pitchers. 24 The Ephraimites take Oreb and Zeeb.

Then Jerubbaal, who is Gideon, and all the people that 1

were with him, rose up early, and pitched beside the well of Harod: so that the host of the Midianites were on the north side of them, by the hill of Moreh, in the valley. LORD said unto Gideon, The people that are with thee are too many for me to give the Midianites into their hands, lest Israel vaunt themselves against me, saying, Mine own hand hath saved me. Now therefore go to, proclaim in the ears of the 3 t Deut. xx. 8. people, saying, t whosoever is fearful and afraid, let him return and depart early from mount Gilead. And there returned of the people twenty and two thousand; and there remained ten thousand. And the LORD said unto Gideon, The people are 4 yet too many; bring them down unto the water, and I will try them for thee there: and it shall be, that of whom I say unto thee, This shall go with thee, the same shall go with thee; and of whomsoever I say unto thee, This shall not go with thee, the same shall not go. So he brought down the people unto 5 the water: and the Lord said unto Gideon, Every one that lappeth of the water with his tongue, as a dog lappeth, him shalt thou set by himself; likewise every one that boweth down upon his knees to drink. And the number of them that lapped, 6 putting their hand to their mouth, were three hundred men: but all the rest of the people bowed down upon their knees to drink water. And the LORD said unto Gideon, By the three 7 hundred men that lapped will I save you, and deliver the Midianites into thine hand: and let all the other people go every man unto his place. So the people took victuals in their 8 hand, and their trumpets: and he sent all the rest of Israel every man unto his tent, and retained those three hundred men: and the host of Midian was beneath him in the valley.

> And it came to pass the same night, that the LORD said unto 9 him, Arise, get thee down unto the host; for I have delivered it into thine hand. But if thou fear to go down, go thou with 10 Phurah thy servant down to the host. And thou shalt hear 11 what they say; and afterward shall thine hands be strengthened to go down unto the host. Then went he down with Phurah his servant unto the outside of the "armed men that were in the host. And the Midianites and the Amalekites and 12

u Or, ranks by five.

x all the children of the east lay along in the valley like grass-

hoppers for multitude; and their camels were without number, A.C. 1245. 13 as the sand by the sea side for multitude. And when Gideon was come, behold, there was a man that told a dream unto his fellow, and said, Behold, I dreamed a dream, and, lo, a cake of barley bread tumbled into the host of Midian, and came unto a tent, and smote it that it fell, and overturned it, that the tent 14 lay along. And his fellow answered and said, This is nothing else save the sword of Gideon the son of Joash, a man of Israel: for into his hand hath God delivered Midian, and all the host.

And it was so, when Gideon heard the telling of the dream, and ythe interpretation thereof, that he worshipped, and re-y Heb. the turned into the host of Israel, and said, Arise; for the LORD thereof. 16 hath delivered into your hand the host of Midian. And he divided the three hundred men into three companies, and he put z a trumpet in every man's hand, with empty pitchers, and z Heb trum-17 a lamps within the pitchers. And he said unto them, Look on hand of all of me, and do likewise: and, behold, when I come to the outside a Or, fire-18 of the camp, it shall be that, as I do, so shall ye do. When I brands, or, torches. blow with a trumpet, I and all that are with me, then blow ye the trumpets also on every side of all the camp, and say, The

sword of the Lord, and of Gideon.

So Gideon, and the hundred men that were with him, came unto the outside of the camp in the beginning of the middle watch; and they had but newly set the watch: and they blew the trumpets, and brake the pitchers that were in their hands. 20 And the three companies blew the trumpets, and brake the pitchers, and held the lamps in their left hands, and the trumpets in their right hands to blow withal: and they cried, The 21 sword of the Lord, and of Gideon. And they stood every man in his place round about the camp: and all the host ran, 22 and cried, and fled. And the three hundred blew the trumpets, and b the Lord set every man's sword against his fellow, even b Is. ix. 4. throughout all the host: and the host fled to Beth-shittah c in c or, toward. Zererath, and to the d border of Abel-meholah, unto Tabbath, d Heb. lip.

23 And the men of Israel gathered themselves together out of Naphtali, and out of Asher, and out of all Manasseh, and pursued after the Midianites.

And Gideon sent messengers throughout all mount Ephraim, saying, Come down against the Midianites, and take before them the waters unto Beth-barah and Jordan. Then all the men of Ephraim gathered themselves together, and took the waters

25 unto Beth-barah and Jordan. And they took e two princes of e Ps. lxxxiii. the Midianites, Oreb and Zeeb; and they slew Oreb upon 11. frock Oreb, and Zeeb they slew at the winepress of Zeeb, and fls. x. 26. pursued Midian, and brought the heads of Oreb and Zeeb to Gideon on the other side Jordan.

JUDGES VIII. VER. 1-28.

1 Gideon pacifieth the Ephraimites. 4 Succoth and Penuel refuse to relieve Gideon's army. 10 Zebah and Zalmunna are taken. 13 Succoth and Penuel are destroyed. 17 Gideon revengeth his brethren's death on Zebah and Zalmunna. 22 He refuseth government. 24 His ephod cause of idolatry. 28 Midian subdued.

A.C. 1245. thing is this thou hast done unto us? h Heb. strongly.

And the men of Ephraim said unto him, g Why hast thou 1 g Heb. What served us thus, that thou calledst us not, when thou wentest to fight with the Midianites? And they did chide with him h sharply. And he said unto them, What have I done now in 2 comparison of you? Is not the gleaning of the grapes of Ephraim better than the vintage of Abi-ezer? God hath 3 delivered into your hands the princes of Midian, Oreb and Zeeb: and what was I able to do in comparison of you? Then i Heb. spirit. their i anger was abated toward him, when he had said that.

And Gideon came to Jordan, and passed over, he, and the 4 three hundred men that were with him, faint, yet pursuing them. And he said unto the men of Succoth, Give, I pray you, loaves 5 of bread unto the people that follow me; for they be faint, and I am pursuing after Zebah and Zalmunna, kings of Midian.

And the princes of Succoth said, Are the hands of Zebah 6 and Zalmunna now in thine hand, that we should give bread unto thine army? and Gideon said, Therefore when the 7 LORD hath delivered Zebah and Zalmunna into mine hand, k Heb. thresh. then I will k tear your flesh with the thorns of the wilderness and with briers.

And he went up thence to Penuel, and spake unto them 8 likewise: and the men of Penuel answered him as the men of Succoth had answered him. And he spake also unto the men 9 of Penuel, saying, When I come again in peace, I will break down this tower.

Now Zebah and Zalmunna were in Karkor, and their hosts 10 with them, about fifteen thousand men, all that were left of all 1 Or, an hun- the hosts of the children of the east: for there fell an hundred and twenty thousand men that drew sword.

dred and twenty thousand, every one drawing a sword.

And Gideon went up by the way of them that dwelt in tents 11 on the east of Nobah and Jogbehah, and smote the host: for the host was secure. And when Zebah and Zalmunna fled, he 12 pursued after them, and took the two kings of Midian, Zebah m Heb. terri- and Zalmunna, and m discomfitted all the host.

fied.

And Gideon the son of Joash returned from battle before 13 the sun was up, and caught a young man of the men of Suc-14 coth, and enquired of him: and he n described unto him the princes of Succoth, and the elders thereof, even threescore and seventeen men. And he came unto the men of Succoth, and 15 said, Behold Zebah and Zalmunna, with whom ye did upbraid me, saying, Are the hands of Zebah and Zalmunna now in thine hand, that we should give bread unto thy men that are

16 weary? And he took the elders of the city, and thorns of the A.C. 1245. wilderness and briers, and with them he o taught the men of o Heb. made 17 Succoth. And he beat down the tower of Penuel, and slew to know. the men of the city.

Then said he unto Zebah and Zalmunna, What manner of men were they whom ye slew at Tabor? And they answered,

As thou art, so were they; each one qresembled the children q Heb. ac 19 of a king. And he said, They were my brethren, even the form, &c. sons of my mother: as the Lord liveth, if ye had saved them

20 alive, I would not slay you. And he said unto Jether his firstborn, Up, and slay them. But the youth drew not his sword:

21 for he feared, because he was yet a youth. Then Zebah and Zalmunna said, Rise thou, and fall upon us: for as the man is, so is his strength. And Gideon arose, and slew Zebah and Zalmunna, and took away the rornaments that were on their ror, orna-

Then the men of Israel said unto Gideon, Rule thou over us, both thou, and thy son, and thy son's son also: for thou 23 hast delivered us from the hand of Midian. And Gideon said unto them, I will not rule over you, neither shall my son rule over you: the Lord shall rule over you.

And Gideon said unto them, I would desire a request of you, that ye would give me every man the earrings of his prey. (For they had golden earrings, because they were Ishmaelites.)

25 And they answered, We will willingly give them. And they spread a garment, and did cast therein every man the earrings 26 of his prey. And the weight of the golden earrings that he requested was a thousand and seven hundred shekels of gold; beside ornaments, and s collars, and purple raiment that was on s or, sweet the kings of Midian, and beside the chains that were about jewels.

27 their camels' necks. And Gideon made an ephod thereof, and put it in his city, even in Ophrah: and all Israel went thither a whoring after it: which thing became a snare unto Gideon, and to his house.

Thus was Midian subdued before the children of Israel, so that they lifted up their heads no more. And the country was in quietness forty years in the days of Gideon.

Death of Gideon.

JUDGES VIII. VER. 29, TO THE END.

And Jerubbaal the son of Joash went and dwelt in his own 30 house. And Gideon had threescore and ten sons of his a body a Heb. going 31 begotten: for he had many wives. And his concubine that out of his was in Shechem, she also bare him a son, whose name he ^b called Abimelech.

And Gideon the son of Joash died in a good old age, and was buried in the sepulchre of Joash his father, in Ophrah 33 of the Abi-ezrites. And it came to pass, as soon as Gideon was dead, that the children of Israel turned again, and went a whoring after Baalim, and made Baal-berith their god. And 34 the children of Israel remembered not the LORD their God, who had delivered them out of the hands of all their enemies on every side: neither shewed they kindness to the house of 35 Jerubbaal, namely, Gideon, according to all the goodness which he had shewed unto Israel.

§ 6. Usurpation of Abimelech.

JUDGES IX.

1 Abimelech, by conspiracy with the Shechemites, and murder of his brethren, is made king. 7 Joham by a parable rebuketh them, and foretelleth their ruin. 22 Gaal conspireth with the Shechemites against him. 30 Zebul revealeth it. 34 Abimelech overcometh them, and soweth the city with salt. 46 He burneth the hold of the god Berith. 50 At Thebez he is slain by a piece of a millstone. 56 Jotham's curse is fulfilled.

1235.

And Abimelech the son of Jerubbaal went to Shechem unto 1 his mother's brethren, and communed with them, and with all the family of the house of his mother's father, saying, Speak, I 2 pray you, in the ears of all the men of Shechem, a Whether is a Heb. What is good? whebetter for you, either that all the sons of Jerubbaal, which are threescore and ten persons, reign over you, or that one reign over you? remember also that I am your bone and your flesh. And his mother's brethren spake of him in the ears of all the 3 b Heb. after. men of Shechem all these words: and their hearts inclined b to

ther, &c.

follow Abimelech; for they said, He is our brother. they gave him threescore and ten pieces of silver out of the house of Baal-berith, wherewith Abimelech hired vain and light persons, which followed him: and he went unto his 5 father's house at Ophrah, and slew his brethren the sons of Jerubbaal, being threescore and ten persons, upon one stone: notwithstanding yet Jotham the youngest son of Jerubbaal was left; for he hid himself. And all the men of Shechem 6 gathered together, and all the house of Millo, and went, and made Abimelech king, c by the plain of the pillar that was in Shechem.

c Heb. or by the oak of the pillar: See Josh. xxiv. 26.

And when they told it to Jotham, he went and stood in the 7 top of mount Gerizim, and lifted up his voice, and cried, and said unto them, Hearken unto me, ye men of Shechem, that God may hearken unto you. The trees went forth on a time 8 to anoint a king over them; and they said unto the olive tree, Reign thou over us. But the olive tree said unto them, Should I 9 leave my fatness, wherewith by me they honour God and man, and d go to be promoted over the trees? And the trees said 10 to the fig tree, Come thou, and reign over us. But the fig 11 tree said unto them, Should I forsake my sweetness, and my good fruit, and go to be promoted over the trees? Then said 12 the trees unto the vine, Come thou, and reign over us. And 13 the vine said unto them, Should I leave my wine, which

d Heb. go up and down for other trees.

cheereth God and man, and go to be promoted over the trees? A.C. 1235. 14 Then said all the trees unto the e bramble, Come thou, and e Or, thistle. 15 reign over us. And the bramble said unto the trees, If in

truth ye anoint me king over you, then come and put your trust in my shadow: and if not, let fire come out of the bram-16 ble, and devour the cedars of Lebanon. Now therefore, if ye have done truly and sincerely, in that ye have made Abimelech king, and if ye have dealt well with Jerubbaal and his house, and have done unto him according to the deserving of his 17 hands; (for my father fought for you, and fadventured his life f Heb. cast 18 far, and delivered you out of the hand of Midian: and ye are risen up against my father's house this day, and have slain his

sons, threescore and ten persons, upon one stone, and have made Abimelech, the son of his maidservant, king over the men 19 of Shechem, because he is your brother;) if ye then have dealt truly and sincerely with Jerubbaal and with his house this day, 20 then rejoice ye in Abimelech, and let him also rejoice in you: but if not, let fire come out from Abimelech, and devour the men of Shechem, and the house of Millo; and let fire come out from the men of Shechem, and from the house of Millo, and 21 devour Abimelech. And Jotham ran away, and fled, and went to Beer, and dwelt there, for fear of Abimelech his

brother.

When Abimelech had reigned three years over Israel, 23 then God sent an evil spirit between Abimelech and the men of Shechem; and the men of Shechem dealt treacherously with 24 Abimelech: that the cruelty done to the threescore and ten sons of Jerubbaal might come, and their blood be laid upon Abimelech their brother, which slew them; and upon the men of Shechem, which gaided him in the killing of his brethren. g Heb. 25 And the men of Shechem set liers in wait for him in the top of his hands to the mountains, and they robbed all that came along that way by kill.

1232.

26 them: and it was told Abimelech. And Gaal the son of Ebed came with his brethren, and went over to Shechem: and the 27 men of Shechem put their confidence in him. And they went out into the fields, and gathered their vineyards, and trode the grapes, and made h merry, and went into the house of their god, h Or, song 28 and did eat and drink, and cursed Abimelech. And Gaal the 9, 10. Jer. son of Ebed said, Who is Abimelech, and who is Shechem, xxv. 30.

that we should serve him? is not he the son of Jerubbaal? and Zebul his officer? serve the men of Hamor the father of 29 Shechem: for why should we serve him? And would to God this people were under my hand! then would I remove Abimelech. And he said to Abimelech, Increase thine army, and come out.

And when Zebul the ruler of the city heard the words of i Or, hot. 31 Gaal the son of Ebed, his anger was ikindled. And he sent k Heb. craf-messengers unto Abimelech k privily, saying, Behold, Gaal the Tormah.

A.C. 1232. son of Ebed and his brethren be come to Shechem; and, behold, they fortify the city against thee. Now therefore up 32 by night, thou and the people that is with thee, and lie in wait in the field: and it shall be, that in the morning, as soon as the 33 sun is up, thou shalt rise early, and set upon the city: and, behold, when he and the people that is with him come out against thee, then mayest thou do to them 1 as thou shalt find occasion.

l Heb. as thine hand shall find.

And Abimelech rose up, and all the people that were with 34 him, by night, and they laid wait against Shechem in four companies. And Gaal the son of Ebed went out, and stood in 35 the entering of the gate of the city: and Abimelech rose up, and the people that were with him, from lying in wait. when Gaal saw the people, he said to Zebul, Behold, there come people down from the top of the mountains. And Zebul said unto him, Thou seest the shadow of the mountains as if they were men. And Gaal spake again and said, See there 37 m Heb. navel. come people down by the m middle of the land, and another

n or, the re- company come along by the plain of n Meonenim. garders of the Zebul unto him, Where is now thy mouth, wherewith thou saidst, Who is Abimelech, that we should serve him? is not this the people that thou hast despised? go out, I pray now, and fight with them. And Gaal went out before the men of 39 Shechem, and fought with Abimelech. And Abimelech chased 40 him, and he fled before him, and many were overthrown and wounded, even unto the entering of the gate. And Abimelech 41 dwelt at Arumah: and Zebul thrust out Gaal and his brethren, that they should not dwell in Shechem. And it came to pass 42 on the morrow, that the people went out into the field; and they told Abimelech. And he took the people, and divided 43 them into three companies, and laid wait in the field, and looked, and, behold, the people were come forth out of the city; and he rose up against them, and smote them. And Abime-44 lech, and the company that was with him, rushed forward, and stood in the entering of the gate of the city: and the two other companies ran upon all the people that were in the fields, and slew them. And Abimelech fought against the city all that 45 day: and he took the city, and slew the people that was therein, and beat down the city, and sowed it with salt.

And when all the men of the tower of Shechem heard that, 46 they entered into an hold of the house of the god Berith. And 47 it was told Abimelech, that all the men of the tower of Shechem were gathered together. And Abimelech gat him up to mount 48 Zalmon, he and all the people that were with him: and Abimelech took an ax in his hand, and cut down a bough from the trees, and took it, and laid it on his shoulder, and said unto the people that were with him, What ye have seen ome do, make haste, and do as I have done. And all the people likewise cut 49

e Heb. I have done. down every man his bough, and followed Abimelech, and put A.C. 1232. them to the hold, and set the hold on fire upon them; so that all the men of the tower of Shechem died also, about a thousand men and women.

Then went Abimelech to Thebez, and encamped against 51 Thebez, and took it. But there was a strong tower within the city, and thither fled all the men and women, and all they of the city, and shut it to them, and gat them up to the top of the 52 tower. And Abimelech came unto the tower, and fought against it, and went hard unto the door of the tower to burn it 53 with fire. And a certain woman p cast a piece of a millstone p 2 Sam. xi. 54 upon Abimelech's head, and all to brake his skull. Then he called hastily unto the young man his armourbearer, and said unto him, Draw thy sword, and slay me, that men say not of me, A woman slew him. And his young man thrust him 55 through, and he died. And when the men of Israel saw that Abimelech was dead, they departed every man unto his place.

Thus God rendered the wickedness of Abimelech, which he 57 did unto his father, in slaying his seventy brethren: and all the evil of the men of Shechem did God render upon their heads: and upon them came the curse of Jotham the son of Jornah head.

Jerubbaal.

§ 7. Tola, Judge.

JUDGES X. VER. 1, 2.

1 And after Abimelech there arose to a b defend Israel Tola a Or, deliver. the son of Puah, the son of Dodo, a man of Issachar: and he b Heb. save.
2 dwelt in Shamir in mount Ephraim. And he judged Israel twenty and three years, and died, and was buried in Shamir.

§ 8. Jair, Judge.

JUDGES X. VER. 3, 4, 5.

3 And after him arose Jair, a Gileadite, and judged Israel 1210.
4 twenty and two years. And he had thirty sons that rode on thirty ass colts, and they had thirty cities, which are called a Havoth-jair unto this day, which are in the land of Gilead. a Or, the villages of Jair.

5 And Jair died, and was buried in Camon.

§ 9. The Philistines and Ammonites oppress Israel. Jephthah, Judge.

JUDGES X. VER. 6, TO THE END.

And a the children of Israel did evil again in the sight of the a ch. ii. 11.

Lord, and served b Baalim, and Ashtaroth, and the gods of 1. & vi. 1. &

Syria, and the gods of Zidon, and the gods of Moab, and the b ch. ii. 13.

gods of the children of Ammon, and the gods of the Philistines,

and forsook the Lord, and served not him. And the anger of 1206.

the Lord was hot against Israel, and he sold them into the

c Heb. crushed.

A.C. 1206. hands of the Philistines, and into the hands of the children of Ammon. And that year they vexed and coppressed the chil-8 dren of Israel eighteen years, all the children of Israel that were on the other side Jordan in the land of the Amorites, which is in Gilead. Moreover the children of Ammon passed 9 over Jordan to fight also against Judah, and against Benjamin, and against the house of Ephraim; so that Israel was sore distressed.

> And the children of Israel cried unto the Lord, saying, We 10 have sinned against thee, both because we have forsaken our God, and also served Baalim. And the Lord said unto the 11 children of Israel, Did not I deliver you from the Egyptians, and from the Amorites, from the children of Ammon, and from the Philistines? The Zidonians also, and the Amalekites, and 12 the Maonites, did oppress you; and ye cried to me, and I delivered you out of their hand. d Yet ye have forsaken me, 13 and served other gods: wherefore I will deliver you no more. Go and cry unto the gods which ye have chosen; let them 14 deliver you in the time of your tribulation.

d Deut. xxxii. 15. Jer. ii. 13.

1188. in thine eyes. f Heb. gods of strangers. g Heb. was shortened. h Heb. cried together.

And the children of Israel said unto the Lord, We have sin- 15 e Heb. is good ned: do thou unto us what soever e seemeth good unto thee; And they put away 16 deliver us only, we pray thee, this day. the f strange gods from among them, and served the LORD: and his soul was grieved for the misery of Israel. Then the chil-17 dren of Ammon were h gathered together, and encamped in And the children of Israel assembled themselves together, and encamped in Mizpeh. And the people and 18 princes of Gilead said one to another, What man is he that will ich xi. 8.11. begin to fight against the children of Ammon? he shall i be head over all the inhabitants of Gilead.

JUDGES XI.

1 The covenant between Jephthah and the Gileadites, that he should be their head. 12 The treaty of peace between him and the Ammonites is in vain. 29 Jephthah's vow. 32 His conquest of the Ammonites. 34 He performeth his vow on his daughter.

1187. k Heb. xi. 32, called Jephthae. l Heb. a woman an harlot.

m Heb. from the face.

Now & Jephthah the Gileadite was a mighty man of valour, 1 and he was the son of 'an harlot: and Gilead begat Jephthah. And Gilead's wife bare him sons; and his wife's sons grew up, 2 and they thrust out Jephthah, and said unto him, Thou shalt not inherit in our father's house; for thou art the son of a Then Jephthah fled m from his brethren, and 3 strange woman. dwelt in the land of Tob: and there were gathered vain men to Jephthah, and went out with him.

n Heb. after days.

And it came to pass n in process of time, that the children of 4 Ammon made war against Israel. And it was so, that when the 5 children of Ammon made war against Israel, the elders of Gilead went to fetch Jephthah out of the land of Tob: and they 6 said unto Jephthah, Come, and be our captain, that we may

7 fight with the children of Ammon. And Jephthah said unto A.C. 1187. the elders of Gilead, Did not ye hate me, and expel me out of my father's house? and why are ye come unto me now when 8 ye are in distress? And the elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, Therefore we turn again to thee now, that thou mayest go with us, and fight against the children of Ammon, and be 9 our head over all the inhabitants of Gilead. And Jephthah said unto the elders of Gilead, If ye bring me home again to fight against the children of Ammon, and the Lord deliver 10 them before me, shall I be your head? And the elders of Gilead said unto Jephthah, The LORD obe witness between us, o Heb. be the 11 if we do not so according to thy words. Then Jephthah went tween us. with the elders of Gilead, and the people made him head and captain over them: and Jephthah uttered all his words before the Lord in Mizpeh. And Jephthah sent messengers unto the king of the children of Ammon, saying, What hast thou to do with me, that thou 13 art come against me to fight in my land? And the king of the children of Ammon answered unto the messengers of Jephthah, P Because Israel took away my land, when they came up P Num. xxi. out of Egypt, from Arnon even unto Jabbok, and unto Jor- 24, 25, 26. 14 dan: now therefore restore those lands again peaceably. Jephthah sent messengers again unto the king of the children 15 of Ammon: and said unto him, Thus saith Jephthah, q Israel q Deut. ii. 9, took not away the land of Moab, nor the land of the children 16 of Ammon: but when Israel came up from Egypt, and walked through the wilderness unto the Red sea, and came to Kadesh: 17 then I Israel sent messengers unto the king of Edom, saying, I Num. xx. Let me, I pray thee, pass through thy land: but the king of 14. Edom would not hearken thereto. And in like manner they sent unto the king of Moab: but he would not consent: and 18 Israel abode in Kadesh. Then they went along through the wilderness, and compassed the land of Edom, and the land of Moab, and came by the east side of the land of Moab, sand s Num. xxi. pitched on the other side of Arnon, but came not within the 13. & xxii. 36. 19 border of Moab: for Arnon was the border of Moab. And t Israel sent messengers unto Sihon king of the Amorites, the t Deut. ii 26. king of Heshbon; and Israel said unto him, Let us pass, we 20 pray thee, through thy land into my place. But Sihon trusted not Israel to pass through his coast: but Sihon gathered all his people together, and pitched in Jahaz, and fought against 21 Israel. And the LORD God of Israel delivered Sihon and all his people into the hand of Israel, and they smote them: so Israel possessed all the land of the Amorites, the inhabitants 22 of that country. And they possessed " all the coasts of the " Peut. ii. 36. Amorites, from Arnon even unto Jabbok, and from the wilder-23 ness even unto Jordan. So now the LORD God of Israel hath dispossessed the Amorites from before his people Israel, and

A.C. 1187. shouldest thou possess it? Wilt not thou possess that which 24 Chemosh thy god giveth thee to possess? So whomsoever the LORD our God shall drive out from before us, them will we x Num. xxii. POSSESS. And now art thou any thing better than * Balak the 25 2. See Josh. son of Zippor, king of Moab? did he ever strive against Israel, xxiv. 9. or did he ever fight against them, while Israel dwelt in Hesh- 26 bon and her towns, and in Aroer and her towns, and in all the cities that be along by the coasts of Arnon, three hundred years? why therefore did ye not recover them within that time? Wherefore I have not sinned against thee, but thou doest me 27 wrong to war against me; the Lord the Judge be judge this

unto the words of Jephthah which he sent him.

y Jephthah seems to have been judge only of northeast Israel.

Then the Spirit of the LORD came upon y Jephthah, and he 29 passed over Gilead, and Manasseh, and passed over Mizpeh of Gilead, and from Mizpeh of Gilead he passed over unto the children of Ammon. And Jephthah vowed a vow unto the 30 Long, and said, If thou shalt without fail deliver the children of Ammon into mine hands, then it shall be, that whatsoever 31 cometh forth of the doors of my house to meet me, when I return in peace from the children of Ammon, shall surely be a Or, or I will the LORD's, and I will offer it up for a burnt offering.

day between the children of Israel and the children of Ammon. Howbeit the king of the children of Ammon hearkened not 28

z Heb. that which cometh forth, which shall come forth. offer it, &c.

So Jephthah passed over unto the children of Ammon to 32 fight against them; and the Lord delivered them into his hands. And he smote them from Aroer, even till thou come 33 to Minnith, even twenty cities, and unto b the plain of the vine-Thus the children of yards, with a very great slaughter. Ammon were subdued before the children of Israel.

b Or. Abel.

And Jephthah came to Mizpel unto his house, and, behold, 34 his daughter came out to meet him with timbrels and with dances: and she was his only child; cd beside her he had neinot of his own ther son nor daughter. And it came to pass, when he saw 35 her, that he rent his clothes, and said, Alas, my daughter! thou hast brought me very low, and thou art one of them that trouble me: for I have opened my mouth unto the LORD, and I cannot go back. And she said unto him, My father, if thou 36 hast opened thy mouth unto the Lord, do to me according to that which hath proceeded out of thy mouth; forasmuch as the LORD hath taken vengeance for thee of thine enemies, even of the children of Ammon. And she said unto her father, 37 Let this thing be done for me: let me alone two months, that

c Or, he had daughter. d Heb. of himself.

go down.

e Heb. go and I may ego up and down upon the mountains, and bewail my virginity, I and my fellows. And he said, Go. And he sent 38 her away for two months: and she went with her companions, and bewailed her virginity upon the mountains. And it came 39 to pass at the end of two months, that she returned unto her father, who did with her according to his vow which he had

vowed: and she knew no man. And it was 'a custom in Israel, A.C. 1187. 40 that the daughters of Israel went g yearly h to lament the daugh- f Or, orditer of Jephthah the Gileadite four days in a year.

g Heb. from year to year. h Or, to talk with.

JUDGES XII. VER. 1-7.

1 The Ephraimites, quarrelling with Jephthah, and discerned by Shibboleth, are slain by the Gileadites. 7 Jephthah dieth.

And the men of Ephraim i gathered themselves together, and i Heb. were went northward, and said unto Jephthah, Wherefore passedst thou over to fight against the children of Ammon, and didst not call us to go with thee? we will burn thine house upon 2 thee with fire. And Jephthah said unto them, I and my people were at great strife with the children of Ammon; and when I 3 called you, ye delivered me not out of their hands. And when I saw that ye delivered me not, I put my life in my hands, and passed over against the children of Ammon, and the Lord delivered them into my hand: wherefore then are 4 ye come up unto me this day, to fight against me? Then Jephthah gathered together all the men of Gilead, and fought with Ephraim: and the men of Gilead smote Ephraim, because they said, Ye Gileadites are fugitives of Ephraim among 5 the Ephraimites, and among the Manassites. And the Gileadites took the passages of Jordan before the Ephraimites: and it was so, that when those Ephraimites which were escaped said, Let me go over; that the men of Gilead said unto him. 6 Art thou an Ephraimite? If he said, Nay; then said they unto him, Say now & Shibboleth: and he said Sibboleth: for he & Which sigcould not frame to pronounce it right. Then they took him, stream, or, and slew him at the passages of Jordan: and there fell at that flood. 7 time of the Ephraimites forty and two thousand. And Jeph-thah judged Israel six years. Then died Jephthah the Gilead-

§ 10. Ibzan, Elon, Abdon, Judges.

ite, and was buried in one of the cities of Gilead.

JUDGES XII. VER. 8, TO THE END.

And after him a Ibzan of Beth-lehem judged Israel. And to have been 9 he had thirty sons, and thirty daughters, whom he sent abroad, only a civil and took in thirty daughters from abroad for his sons. And justice in north-east 10 he judged Israel seven years. Then died Ibzan, and was Israel. buried at Beth-lehem.

1175. b A civil And after him b Elon, a Zebulonite, judged Israel: and he judge in 12 judged Israel ten years. And Elon the Zebulonite died, and Israel.

was buried in Aijalon in the country of Zebulon. And after him c Abdon the son of Hillel, a Pirathonite, judge also in 14 judged Israel. And he had forty sons and thirty d nephews, Israel. that rode on threescore and ten ass colts: and he judged Israel d Heb. sons' 15 eight years. And Abdon the son of Hillel the Pirathonite

A.C. 1157. died, and was buried in Pirathon in the land of Ephraim, in the mount of the Amalekites.

> § 1117. The Government of Eli.—The Philistines oppress Israel. The Birth of Samson.

JUDGES XIII.

iii. 7. & iv. 1. & vi. 1. & x.6. c This seems a partial

captivity.

And the children of Israel abdid evil again in the sight of 1 a Heb. added to commit, &c. the LORD: c and the LORD delivered them into the hand of b ch. ii. 11. & the Philistines forty years.

And there was a certain man of Zorah, of the family of the 2 Danites, whose name was Manoah; and his wife was barren, and bare not. 18 And the angel of the Lord appeared unto 3 the woman, and said unto her, Behold now, thou art barren, and bearest not: but thou shalt conceive, and bear a son. Now 4

d Num. vi. 2, therefore beware, I pray thee, and d drink not wine nor strong drink, and eat not any unclean thing: for, lo, thou shalt conceive, 5

1 Sam. i. 11.

e Num. vi. 5. and bear a son; and no e razor shall come on his head: for the child shall be a Nazarite unto God from the womb: and he shall begin to deliver Israel out of the hand of the Philistines.

> Then the woman came and told her husband, saying, A man 6 of God came unto me, and his countenance was like the countenance of an angel of God, very terrible: but I asked him not whence he was, neither told me he his name: but he said unto me, Behold, thou shalt conceive, and bear a son: and now drink 7 no wine nor strong drink, neither eat any unclean thing: for the child shall be a Nazarite to God from the womb to the day of his death.

> Then Manoah intreated the Lord, and said, O my Lord, 8 let the man of God which thou didst send come again unto us, and teach us what we shall do unto the child that shall be born.

¹⁷ The arrangement of the contents of this section is made on the united authorities of the Bible Chronology, and Calmet. The events therein related seem to have taken place in the following order:

Samson and Samuel are born in the same year, at the commencement of the servitude of the Israelites to the Philistines mentioned in (Judges xiii. 1.) the year in which Abdon dies, and the forty years' administration of Eli (1 Sam. iv. 18.) begin. (A.C. 1155.)

Samuel is called, aged twelve years, according to Josephus. (Samuel continued to prophesy till his death.) (A.C. 1143.)

Samson, having arrived at years of maturity, revenges the cause of his country upon the Philistines from 1136 to 1117: in which last year he was killed. He is said to have judged Israel these twenty years. (Judg. xv. 20.) (A.C. 1117.)

In the year of Samson's death a prophet is sent to Eli to warn him of the impending fate of his house. And the prediction is fulfilled within two years after Samson's death; when the Philistines began to recover from the loss occasioned by Samson; and revenged that loss by the capture of the ark—the defeat of the Israelites—and the slaughter of the sons of Eli. (A.C. 1116.)

On the death of Eli the sole administration of Samuel commences, and continues twenty-one years, till the ark is recovered, and brought from Kirjath-jearim to the house of Abinadab. (A.C. 1096.) The people demand a king, and the forty years' government of Saul commences, and continues till 1055.

The administration of Samuel lasted, either solely, or in conjunction with Eli and Saul, eighty

¹⁸ The appearance of the angel Jehovah to Manoah, and his wife, was the last open vision; the last miraculous interposition till the voice which called Samuel.

9 And God hearkened to the voice of Manoah; and the angel of A.C. 1156. God came again unto the woman as she sat in the field: but 10 Manoah her husband was not with her. And the woman made haste, and ran, and shewed her husband, and said unto him, Behold, the man hath appeared unto me, that came unto me 11 the other day. And Manoah arose, and went after his wife, and came to the man, and said unto him, Art thou the man 12 that spakest unto the woman? And he said, I am. Manaoh said, Now let thy words come to pass. f How shall f Heb. What 13 we order the child, and gh how shall we do unto him? And manner of the, the angel of the LORD said unto Manoah, Of all that I said g Or, what 14 unto the woman let her beware. She may not eat of any shall he do? h Heb. what thing that cometh of the vine, neither let her drink wine or shall be his strong drink, nor eat any unclean thing: all that I commanded her let her observe.

And Manoah said unto the angel of the Lord, I pray thee, let us detain thee, until we shall have made ready a kid i for i Heb. before And the angel of the LORD said unto Manoah, Though thou detain me, I will not eat of thy bread: and if thou wilt offer a burnt offering, thou must offer it unto the LORD. For 17 Manoah knew not that he was an angel of the LORD. And Manoah said unto the angel of the LORD, What is thy name, that when thy sayings come to pass we may do thee honour?

18 And the angel of the LORD said unto him, Why askest thou 19 thus after my name, seeing it is k secret? So Manoah took a k Or, wonder-

kid with a meat offering, and offered it upon a rock unto the ful. LORD: and the angel did wonderously; and Manoah and his 20 wife looked on. For it came to pass, when the flame went up toward heaven from off the altar, that the angel of the Lord ascended in the flame of the altar. And Manoah and his wife

21 looked on it, and fell on their faces to the ground. But the angel of the LORD did no more appear to Manoah and to his wife.

22 Then Manoah knew that he was an angel of the Lord. Manoah said unto his wife, 1 We shall surely die, because we 1 Ex. xxxiii. 23 have seen God. But his wife said unto him, If the LORD

were pleased to kill us, he would not have received a burnt offering and a meat offering at our hands, neither would he have shewed us all these things, nor would as at this time have told us such things as these.

And the woman bare a son, and called his name Samson: 25 and the child grew, and the LORD blessed him. And the Spirit of the Lord began to move him at times in m the camp of Dan m Heb. Ma-ha-neh-dan, as ch. xviii.

12.

The Birth of Samuel.

1 SAMUEL I.

Now there was a certain man of Ramathaim-zophim, of mount Ephraim, and his name was Elkanah, the son of Jeroham, the VOL. I.

A.C. 1156. son of Elihu, the son of Tohu, the son of Zuph, an Ephrathite: and he had two wives; the name of the one was Hannah, and 2 the name of the other Peninnah: and Peninnah had children, but Hannah had no children. And this man went up out of 3 his city ab yearly to worship and to sacrifice unto the LORD of hosts in Shiloh. And the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phib Heb. from year to year. nehas, the priests of the Lord, were there.

And when the time was that Elkanah offered, he gave to 4 Peninnah his wife, and to all her sons and her daughters, porc Or, a double tions: but unto Hannah he gave ca worthy portion; for he 5 portion. loved Hannah: but the LORD had shut up her womb. And 6 d Heb. anger- her adversary also d provoked her sore, for to make her fret, ed her. because the Lord had shut up her womb. And as he did so 7 e Or, from year by year, ef when she went up to the house of the Lord, the time that so she provoked her; therefore she wept and did not eat. Then 8 she, &c. f Heb. from said Elkanah her husband to her, Hannah, why weepest thou? her going up.

and why eatest thou not? and why is thy heart grieved? am not I better to thee than ten sons?

So Hannah rose up after they had eaten in Shiloh, and 9 after they had drunk. Now Eli the priest sat upon a seat by a post of the temple of the LORD. And she was g in bitterness 10 of soul, and prayed unto the LORD, and wept sore. And she 11 vowed a vow, and said, O LORD of hosts, if thou wilt indeed look on the affliction of thine handmaid, and remember me, and not forget thine handmaid, but wilt give unto thine handmaid ha man child, then I will give him unto the Lord all the days of his life, and i there shall no razor come upon his head. And it came to pass, as she k continued praying before the 12 LORD, that Eli marked her mouth. Now Hannah, she spake 13 in her heart; only her lips moved, but her voice was not heard: therefore Eli thought she had been drunken. And Eli said 14 unto her, How long wilt thou be drunken? put away thy wine And Hannah answered and said, No, my lord, I 15 from thee. am a woman 1 of a sorrowful spirit: I have drunk neither wine nor strong drink, but have poured out my soul before the Count not thine handmaid for a daughter of Belial: 16 for out of the abundance of my m complaint and grief have I spoken hitherto. Then Eli answered and said, Go in peace: 17 and the God of Israel grant thee thy petition that thou hast asked of him. And she said, Let thine handmaid find grace in 18 thy sight. So the woman went her way, and did eat, and her countenance was no more sad.

And they rose up in the morning early, and worshipped 19 before the LORD, and returned, and came to their house to Ramah: and Elkanah knew Hannah his wife; and the LORD remembered her. Wherefore it came to pass, n when the 20 time was come about after Hannah had conceived, that she Asked of God. bare a son, and called his name o Samuel, saying, Because I

g Heb. bitter of soul.

of men. i Num. vi. 5. Judg. xiii. 5. k Heb. multiplied to prau.

h Heb. seed

l Heb. hard of spirit.

tion.

1155. n Heb. in revolution of

21 have asked him of the Lord. And the man Elkanah, and all A.C. 1155.

his house, went up to offer unto the Lord the yearly sacrifice, 22 and his vow. But Hannah went not up; for she said unto her husband, I will not go up until the child be weaned, and then I will bring him, that he may appear before the Lord, 23 and there abide for ever. And Elkanah her husband said unto her, Do what seemeth thee good; tarry until thou have weaned him; only the Lord establish his word. So the woman abode, and gave her son suck until she weaned him.

And when she had weaned him, she took him up with her, with three bullocks, and one ephah of flour, and a bottle of wine, and brought him unto the house of the LORD in Shiloh: 25 and the child was young. And they slew a bullock, and 26 brought the child to Eli. And she said, Oh my lord, as thy soul liveth, my lord, I am the woman that stood by thee here,

27 praying unto the Lord. For this child I prayed; and the Lord hath given me my petition which I asked of him: p or, returned him, whom 28 therefore also I have p lent him to the Lord; as long as he I have obtain-

liveth qhe shall be lent to the LORD. And he worshipped the deby petition,

LORD there.

And he worshipped the deby petition,

q Or, he whom
have obtain-

cd him, whom
I have obtained by petition,
to the LORD.
q Or, he whom
I have obtained by petition
shall be returned.

1 SAMUEL II. VER. 1-21 19.

1 Hannah's song in thankfulness. 12 The sin of Eli's sons. 18 Samuel's ministry.
20 By Eli's blessing Hannah is more fruitful.

And Hannah prayed, and said,

My heart rejoiceth in the LORD, mine horn is exalted in the LORD; my mouth is enlarged over mine enemies; because I rejoice in thy salvation.

There is none holy as the Lord: for there is none beside

thee: neither is there any rock like our God.

Talk no more so exceeding proudly; let not rarrogancy come r Heb. hard out of your mouth: for the LORD is a God of knowledge, and by him actions are weighed.

4 The bows of the mighty men are broken, and they that

stumbled are girded with strength.

5 They that were full have hired out themselves for bread; and they that were hungry ceased: so that the barren hath born seven; and she that hath many children is waxed feeble.

¹⁹ The song of Hannah is chiefly remarkable for its predicting the dominion of the promised Saviour of the world as a king, before there was any king in Israel; and as being likewise the first composition in which He is described by the term Messiah, the Christ, or the Anointed. The same epithet was afterwards used by David, Nathan, Ethan, Isaiah, Daniel, and the succeeding prophets of the Old Testament; and by the apostles and inspired writers of the New. The ancient Jews referred this hymn to the times of the Messiah. "The expressions are too magnificent and sublime" to be confined to inferior subjects.—Vide Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 333; Bp. Patrick in loc. The former has given a new translation, and the latter a beautiful paraphrase of this hymn. Bishop Horsley too has given a very spirited translation of this song.—Bib. Crit. vol. iv. p. 358.

The Lord killeth and maketh alive: he bringeth down to 6 A.C. 1155. Deut.xxxii. the grave, and bringeth up.

 39. Tob. xiii.
 Wisd. xvi. The Lord maketh poor, and maketh rich: he bringeth low, 7 13. and lifteth up.

t He raiseth up the poor out of the dust, and lifteth up 8 t Ps. cxiii. 7. the beggar from the dunghill, to set them among princes, and to make them inherit the throne of glory: for the pillars of the earth are the Lord's, and he hath set the world upon them.

He will keep the feet of his saints, and the wicked shall be 9

silent in darkness; for by strength shall no man prevail.

The adversaries of the LORD shall be broken to pieces; 10 u ch. vii. 10. u out of heaven shall he thunder upon them: the Lord shall judge the ends of the earth; and he shall give strength unto his king, and exalt the horn of his anointed.

And Elkanah went to Ramah to his house. And the child 11

did minister unto the LORD before Eli the priest.

Now the sons of Eli were sons of Belial; they knew not the 12 LORD. And the priest's custom with the people was, that, when 13 any man offered sacrifice, the priest's servant came, while the flesh was in seething, with a fleshhook of three teeth in his hand; and he struck it into the pan, or kettle, or caldron, or 14 pot; all that the fleshhook brought up the priest took for himself. So they did in Shiloh unto all the Israelites that came thither. Also before they burnt the fat, the priest's servant 15 came, and said to the man that sacrificed, Give flesh to roast for the priest; for he will not have sodden flesh of thee, but raw. And if any man said unto him, Let them not fail 16 to burn the fat x presently, and then take as much as thy soul desireth; then he would answer him, Nay; but thou shalt give it me now: and if not, I will take it by force 20. Wherefore the sin of the young men was very great before 17

x Heb. as on the day.

the LORD: for men abhorred the offering of the LORD. But Samuel ministered before the LORD, being a child, 18 y Ex. xxviii. y girded with a linen ephod. Moreover his mother made him 19 a little coat, and brought it to him from year to year, when she

came up with her husband to offer the yearly sacrifice.

z Or, petition which she asked, &c.

And Eli blessed Elkanah and his wife, and said, The LORD 20 give thee seed of this woman for the z loan which is lent to And they went unto their own home. And the 21 Lord visited Hannah, so that she conceived, and bare three sons and two daughters. And the child Samuel grew before the Lord.

²⁶ The priests, according to the Mosaic ordinance, were invited to the offering feasts: when they either would not, or could not, accept the invitation, a part of it, in civility only, was sent home to them: this courtesy was at length converted into a right; and they demanded a portion of the sacrifice in the unwarrantable manner described. 1 Sam. ii. 15-17.-Michaelis' Comment. vol. i. p. 262, note.

The Call of Samuel.

1 SAMUEL III.

And the child Samuel ministered unto the Lord before Eli. A.C. 1143. And the word of the LORD was precious in those days; there 2 was no open vision. And it came to pass at that time, when Eli was laid down in his place, and his eyes began to wax dim, 3 that he could not see; and ere the lamp of God went out in the temple of the Lord, where the ark of God was, and 4 Samuel was laid down to sleep 21; that the LORD called

5 Samuel: and he answered, Here am I. And he ran unto Eli, and said, Here am I; for thou calledst me. And he said, I called not; lie down again. And he went and lay down.

6 And the Lord called yet again, Samuel. And Samuel arose and went to Eli, and said, Here am I; for thou didst call me. And he answered, I called not, my son; lie down again.

7 a Now Samuel did not yet know the Lord, neither was the a Or, Thus 8 word of the Lord yet revealed unto him. And the Lord did Samuel before he knew called Samuel again the third time. And he arose and went the LORD, to Eli, and said, Here am I; for thou didst call me. And Eli word of the 9 perceived that the LORD had called the child. Therefore Eli LORD was revealed unto said unto Samuel, Go, lie down: and it shall be, if he call thee, him. that thou shalt say, Speak, LORD; for thy servant heareth.

10 So Samuel went and lay down in his place. And the LORD came, and stood, and called as at other times, Samuel, Samuel. Then Samuel answered, Speak; for thy servant heareth.

And the Lord said to Samuel, Behold, I will do a thing in Israel, bat which both the ears of every one that heareth it b 2 Kin. xxi. 12 shall tingle. In that day I will perform against Eli all things c Heb. beginwhich I have spoken concerning his house: c when I begin, I ning and end. 13 will also make an end. d c For I have told him that I will d or, And I will him that I will do on the second of judge his house for ever for the iniquity which he knoweth; will tell him, because his sons made themselves file, and he frestrained ech. ii. 29, 30, 31, &c. 14 them not. And therefore I have sworn unto the house of Eli, for, accurathat the iniquity of Eli's house shall not be purged with sacri-gheb.frown-

fice nor offering for ever.

ed not upon

²¹ The Israelites had again become so corrupt, and the priesthood itself so degraded by the vices of the sons of Eli, that the oracular voice in the sanctuary given by Urim and Thummim had for some time ceased. Eli is warned of the ruin of his family, not by the usual answer from between the cherubim over the ark, but by a prophet, sent to him expressly for that purpose. There had been no open manifestation of the presence of the God of Israel since the appearance of the angel to The expectation of Eli, however, that the angel Jehovah would again appear, is well described in his answer to Samuel, when the youthful Levite inquired if he had called him. The God of Israel in the present instance revealed himself to a child; and Eli immediately perceived that it was the angel Jehovah, the Lord, who had called him. The assertion of the inspired writer is express: the Lord came, and stood, and called, Samuel, Samuel! (1 Sam. iii. 10.) The destruction of Eli's house is now denounced; and from this period through the whole of the life of Samuel, the oracle was regularly uttered as in former times. See Exod. xxv. 32; Num. vii. 89.—Vide Hales' Analysis, vol. ii. p. 334; Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 317.

h Heb. so i Or, word. k Heb. all the things, or, words.

A.C. 1143. And Samuel lay until the morning, and opened the doors of 15 the house of the LORD. And Samuel feared to shew Eli the vision. Then Eli called Samuel, and said, Samuel, my son. 16 And he answered, Here am I. And he said, What is the thing 17 that the LORD hath said unto thee? I pray thee hide it not from me: God do so to thee, and h more also, if thou hide any ithing from me of all the things that he said unto thee. And Samuel told him kevery whit, and hid nothing from 18 him. And he said, It is the LORD: let him do what seemeth him good.

And Samuel grew, and the LORD was with him, and did let 19 none of his words fall to the ground. And all Israel from Dan 20 10r, faithful. even to Beer-sheba knew that Samuel was 1 established to be a prophet of the Lord. And the Lord appeared again in 21 Shiloh: for the Lord revealed himself to Samuel in Shiloh by

the word of the LORD.

Marriage of Samson, and his exploits against the Philistines. JUDGES XIV.

1136.

a Heb. she is right in mine

And Samson went down to Timnath, and saw a woman in 1 Timnath of the daughters of the Philistines. And he came up, 2 and told his father and his mother, and said, I have seen a woman in Timnath of the daughters of the Philistines: now therefore get her for me to wife. Then his father and his 3 mother said unto him, Is there never a woman among the daughters of thy brethren, or among all my people, that thou goest to take a wife of the uncircumcised Philistines? And Samson said unto his father, Get her for me; for a she pleaseth But his father and his mother knew not that it 4 was of the Lord, that he sought an occasion against the Philistines: for at that time the Philistines had dominion over Israel.

Then went Samson down, and his father and his mother, to 5 Timnath, and came to the vineyards of Timnath: and, behold, a young lion roared bagainst him. And the Spirit of the 6 LORD came mightily upon him, and he rent him as he would have rent a kid, and he had nothing in his hand: but he told not his father or his mother what he had done. And he went 7 down, and talked with the woman; and she pleased Samson well.

h Heb. in meeting him.

> And after a time he returned to take her, and he turned 8 aside to see the carcase of the lion: and, behold, there was a swarm of bees and honey in the carcase of the lion. And he 9 took thereof in his hands, and went on eating, and came to his father and mother, and he gave them, and they did eat: but he told not them that he had taken the honey out of the carcase of the lion.

So his father went down unto the woman: and Samson made 10

11 there a feast; for so used the young men to do. And it came A.C. 1136. to pass, when they saw him, that they brought thirty companions to be with him.

And Samson said unto them, I will now put forth a riddle unto you: if ye can certainly declare it me within the seven days of the feast, and find it out, then I will give you thirty

13 c sheets and thirty change of garments: but if ye cannot c Or, shirts. declare it me, then shall ye give me thirty sheets and thirty change of garments. And they said unto him, Put forth thy

14 riddle, that we may hear it. And he said unto them, Out of the eater came forth meat, and out of the strong came forth And they could not in three days expound the sweetness. 15 riddle. And it came to pass on the seventh day, that they

said unto Samson's wife, Entice thy husband, that he may declare unto us the riddle, lest we burn thee and thy father's house with fire: have ye called us d to take that we have? is it d Heb. to pos-

16 not so? And Samson's wife wept before him, and said, Thou sees us, or, to impoverishus. dost but hate me, and lovest me not: thou hast put forth a riddle unto the children of my people, and hast not told it me. And he said unto her, Behold, I have not told it my father nor

17 my mother, and shall I tell it thee? And she wept before him e the seven days, while their feast lasted: and it came to pass on e or, the rest the seventh day, that he told her, because she lay sore upon of the seven days, \$\frac{0}{4}\text{gr.}

him: and she told the riddle to the children of her people. 18 And the men of the city said unto him on the seventh day

before the sun went down, What is sweeter than honey? and what is stronger than a lion? And he said unto them, If ve had not plowed with my heifer, ye had not found out my riddle.

And the Spirit of the LORD came upon him, and he went down to Ashkelon, and slew thirty men of them, and took their f spoil, and gave change of garments unto them which ex-for, apparel. pounded the riddle. And his anger was kindled, and he went 20 up to his father's house. But Samson's wife was given to his companion, whom he had used as his friend.

JUDGES XV. VER. 1-19

But it came to pass within a while after, in the time of wheat harvest, that Samson visited his wife with a kid; and he said, I will go in to my wife into the chamber. But her father would 2 not suffer him to go in. And her father said, I verily thought that thou hadst utterly hated her; therefore I gave her to thy companion: is not her younger sister fairer than she? g take g Heb. let her be thine. her, I pray thee, instead of her.

And Samson said concerning them, h Now shall I be more shall I be blameless than the Philistines, though I do them a displeasure. from the And Samson went and caught three hundred foxes, and took Philistines, though, &c. i firebrands, and turned tail to tail, and put a firebrand in the i Or, torches.

A.C. 1136. midst between two tails. And when he had set the brands on 5 fire, he let them go into the standing corn of the Philistines, and burnt up both the shocks, and also the standing corn, with the vineyards and olives.

1130.

Then the Philistines said, Who hath done this? they answered, Samson, the son in law of the Timnite, because he had taken his wife, and given her to his companion. And the Philistines came up, and burnt her and her father with fire.

1129.

down.

And Samson said unto them, though ye have done this, yet 7 will I be avenged of you, and after that I will cease. And he 8 smote them hip and thigh with a great slaughter: and he went

down and dwelt in the top of the rock Etam. Then the Philistines went up, and pitched in Judah, and 9

spread themselves in Lehi. And the men of Judah said, Why 10 are ye come up against us? And they answered, To bind Samson are we come up, to do to him as he hath done to us. k Heb. went Then three thousand men of Judah k went to the top of the 11 rock Etam, and said to Samson, Knowest thou not that the Philistines are rulers over us? what is this that thou hast done unto us? And he said unto them, As they did unto me, so have I done unto them. And they said unto him, We are come 12 down to bind thee, that we may deliver thee into the hand of the Philistines. And Samson said unto them, Swear unto me, that ye will not fall upon me yourselves. And they spake 13 unto him, saying, No; but we will bind thee fast, and deliver thee into their hand: but surely we will not kill thee. And

they bound him with two new cords, and brought him up from

the rock.

And when he came unto Lehi, the Philistines shouted 14 against him: and the Spirit of the LORD came mightily upon him, and the cords that were upon his arms became as flax that was burnt with fire, and his bands 1 loosed from off his hands. 15 melled. m Heb. moist. And he found a m new jawbone of an ass, and put forth his hand, and took it, and slew a thousand men therewith. And Samson 16 said, With the jawbone of an ass, n heaps upon heaps, with the jaw of an ass have I slain a thousand men. And it came to pass, 17 when he had made an end of speaking, that he cast away the jawbone out of his hand, and called that place o Ramath-lehi.

l Heb. were melted.

n Heb. an heap, two heaps.

o That is, The lifting up of the jawing away of the jawbone.

p Or, Lehi.

q That is, The well of him that called, or, cried.

And he was sore athirst, and called on the LORD, and said, 18 bone, or, cast. Thou hast given this great deliverance into the hand of thy servant: and now shall I die for thirst, and fall into the hand of the uncircumcised? But God clave an hollow place that was 19 in pthe jaw, and there came water thereout; and when he had drunk, his spirit came again, and he revived: wherefore he called the name thereof q En-hakkore, which is in Lehi unto this day.

A Prophet sent to Eli.

I SAMUEL II. VER. 22, TO THE END.

Now Eli was very old, and heard all that his sons did unto A.C. 1117. all Israel; and how they lay with the women that a assembled a Heb. assem-23 at the door of the tabernacle of the congregation. And he said bled by troops. unto them, Why do ye such things? for b I hear of your evil b Or, I hear 24 dealings by all this people. Nay, my sons; for it is no good evil words of report that I hear: ye make the LORD's people c to transgress. c Or, to cry 25 If one man sin against another, the judge shall judge him: but if a man sin against the Lord, who shall intreat for him? Notwithstanding they hearkened not unto the voice of their 26 father, because the LORD would slay them. And the child Samuel grew on, and was in favour both with the LORD, and also with men. And there came a man of God unto Eli, and said unto him, Thus saith the LORD, Did I plainly appear unto the house of thy father, when they were in Egypt in Pharaoh's house? 28 And did I choose him out of all the tribes of Israel to be my priest, to offer upon mine altar, to burn incense, to wear an ephod before me? and did I give unto the house of thy father d Lev. x. 14. 29 all the offerings made by fire of the children of Israel? Wherefore kick ye at my sacrifice and at mine offering, which I have commanded in my habitation; and honourest thy sons above me, to make yourselves fat with the chiefest of all the offerings of 30 Israel my people? Wherefore the LORD God of Israel saith, I said indeed that thy house, and the house of thy father, should walk before me for ever: but now the LORD saith, Be it far from me; for them that honour me I will honour, and they 31 that despise me shall be lightly esteemed. Behold, the days come, that I will cut off thine arm, and the arm of thy father's 32 house, that there shall not be an old man in thine house. And thou shalt see ean enemy in my habitation, in all the wealth of Or, the affiction of the which God shall give Israel: and there shall not be an old man tabernacle, 33 in thine house for ever. And the man of thine, whom I shall wealth which not cut off from mine altar, shall be to consume thine eyes, and have given to grieve thine heart: and all the increase of thine house shall Israel. 34 die f in the flower of their age. And this shall be a sign unto f Heb. men. thee, that shall come upon thy two sons, on Hophni and 35 Phinehas; in one day they shall die both of them. And I will raise me up a faithful priest, that shall do according to that which is in mine heart and in my mind: and I will build him a sure house; and he shall walk before mine anointed for ever. 36 And it shall come to pass, that every one that is left in thine house shall come and crouch to him for a piece of silver and a g Heb. Join. morsel of bread, and shall say, g Put me, I pray thee, into h one what about the priestof the priests' offices, that I may eat a piece of bread.

Death of Samson, &c.

JUDGES XVI.

A.C. 1117.

Then went Samson to Gaza, and saw there an harlot, and went 1 a Heb. a wee in unto her. And it was told the Gazites, saying, Samson is 2 man an har- come hither. And they compassed him in, and laid wait for b Heb. silent. him all night in the gate of the city, and were b quiet all the night, saying, In the morning, when it is day, we shall kill him. And Samson lay till midnight, and arose at midnight, and took 3 the doors of the gate of the city, and the two posts, and went away with them, c bar and all, and put them upon his shoulders, and carried them up to the top of an hill that is before Hebron.

c Heb. with

d Or, by the brook.

And it came to pass afterward, that he loved a woman din 4 the valley of Sorek, whose name was Delilah. And the lords 5 of the Philistines came up unto her, and said unto her, Entice him, and see wherein his great strength lieth, and by what means we may prevail against him, that we may bind him to e Or, humble. e afflict him: and we will give thee every one of us eleven hundred *pieces* of silver.

And Delilah said to Samson, Tell me, I pray thee, wherein 6

f Or, new cords.

thy great strength lieth, and wherewith thou mightest be bound to afflict thee. And Samson said unto her, If they bind me 7 with seven fg green with that were never dried, then shall I g Heb. moist. be weak, and be as hanother man. Then the lords of the 8 h Heb. one. Philistines brought up to her seven green with which had not been dried, and she bound him with them. Now there were 9 men lying in wait, abiding with her in the chamber. And she said unto him, The Philistines be upon thee, Samson. And he brake the withs, as a thread of tow is broken when it i Heb. smell- i toucheth the fire. So his strength was not known. And 10 Delilah said unto Samson, Behold, thou hast mocked me, and told me lies: now tell me, I pray thee, wherewith thou mightest

with work done.

be bound. And he said unto her, If they bind me fast with 11 new ropes k that never were occupied, then shall I be weak, hath not been and be as another man. Delilah therefore took new ropes, 12 and bound him therewith, and said unto him, The Philistines be upon thee, Samson. And there were liers in wait abiding in the chamber. And he brake them from off his arms like a thread. And Delilah said unto Samson, Hitherto thou hast 13 mocked me, and told me lies: tell me wherewith thou mightest And he said unto her, If thou weavest the seven locks of my head with the web. And she fastened it with the 14 pin, and said unto him, The Philistines be upon thee, Samson. And he awaked out of his sleep, and went away with the pin of the beam, and with the web.

And she said unto him, How canst thou say, I love thee, 15

when thine heart is not with me? thou hast mocked me these A.C. 1117. three times, and hast not told me wherein thy great strength 16 lieth. And it came to pass, when she pressed him daily with her words, and urged him, so that his soul was 1 vexed unto death; 1 Heb. short-17 that he told her all his heart, and said unto her, There hath not come a razor upon mine head; for I have been a Nazarite unto God from my mother's womb: if I be shaven, then my strength will go from me, and I shall become weak, and be 18 like any other man. And when Delilah saw that he had told her all his heart, she sent and called for the lords of the Philistines, saying, Come up this once, for he hath shewed me all his heart. Then the lords of the Philistines came up unto 19 her, and brought money in their hand. And she made him sleep upon her knees; and she called for a man, and she caused him to shave off the seven locks of his head; and she began to 20 afflict him, and his strength went from him. And she said, The Philistines be upon thee, Samson. And he awoke out of his sleep, and said, I will go out as at other times before, and shake myself. And he wist not that the Lord was departed from him.

But the Philistines took him, and m put out his eyes, and m Heb. bored brought him down to Gaza, and bound him with fetters of out.

22 brass; and he did grind in the prison house. Howbeit the hair of his head began to grow again nafter he was shaven. n Or, as when hewas shaven. 23 Then the lords of the Philistines gathered them together for to offer a great sacrifice unto Dagon their god, and to rejoice: for they said, Our god hath delivered Samson our enemy into 24 our hand. And when the people saw him, they praised their god: for they said, Our god hath delivered into our hands our enemy, and the destroyer of our country, o which slew many of o Heb. and us. And it came to pass, when their hearts were merry, that plied our they said, Call for Samson, that he may make us sport. And elain. they called for Samson out of the prison house; and he made 26 P them sport: and they set him between the pillars. And Sam- P Heb. before son said unto the lad that held him by the hand, Suffer me that I may feel the pillars whereupon the house standeth, that 27 I may lean upon them. Now the house was full of men and women; and all the lords of the Philistines were there; and there were upon the roof about three thousand men and women,

28 that beheld while Samson made sport. And Samson called unto the Lord, and said, O Lord God, remember me, I pray thee, and strengthen me, I pray thee, only this once, O God, that I may be at once avenged of the Philistines for my two 29 eyes. And Samson took hold of the two middle pillars upon

himself with all his might; and the house fell upon the lords,

30 one with his right hand, and of the other with his left.

which the house stood, and q on which it was borne up, of the q or, he lean-Samson said, Let r me die with the Philistines. And he bowed r Heb. my

A.C. 1117. and upon all the people that were therein. So the dead which he slew at his death were more than they which he slew in his Then his brethren and all the house of his father came 31 down, and took him, and brought him up, and buried him between Zorah and Eshtaol in the burying place of Manoah his And he judged Israel twenty years.

JUDGES XV. VER. 20.

B He seems to have judged Israel during twenty twenty years of their servitude of the Philistines.

8 And he judged Israel in the days of the Philistines twenty 20

Death of Eli. 1 SAMUEL IV.

1116. a Or, came to pass. b Heb. was.

And the word of Samuel ab came to all Israel. Now Israel 1 went out against the Philistines to battle, and pitched beside Eben-ezer: and the Philistines pitched in Aphek. And the 2 Philistines put themselves in array against Israel: and when c they joined battle, Israel was smitten before the Philistines: and they slew of the darmy in the field about four thousand

c Heb the battle mas spread. d Heb. the array.

e Heb. take unto us.

men. And when the people were come into the camp, the elders 3 of Israel said, Wherefore hath the LORD smitten us to day before the Philistines? Let us efetch the ark of the covenant of the Lord out of Shiloh unto us, that, when it cometh among us, it may save us out of the hand of our enemies. So the people 4 sent to Shiloh, that they might bring from thence the ark of the covenant of the Lord of hosts, which dwelleth between the cherubims: and the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phinehas, were there with the ark of the covenant of God. And when the 5 ark of the covenant of the Lord came into the camp, all Israel shouted with a great shout, so that the earth rang again. when the Philistines heard the noise of the shout, they said, What meaneth the noise of this great shout in the camp of the Hebrews? And they understood that the ark of the LORD was come into the camp. And the Philistines were afraid, for they 7 said, God is come into the camp. And they said, Woe unto us! for there hath not been such a thing heretofore. Woe unto us! 8 who shall deliver us out of the hand of these mighty Gods? these are the Gods that smote the Egyptians with all the plagues in the

f Heb. yester day, or, the third day.

wilderness. Be strong, and quit yourselves like men, O ye 9 g Judg. xiii.1. Philistines, that ye be not servants unto the Hebrews, g as h Heb. be they have been to you: h quit yourselves like men, and fight. men.

And the Philistines fought, and Israel was smitten, and they 10 fled every man into his tent: and there was a very great slaughter; for there fell of Israel thirty thousand footmen. ark of God was taken; and the two sons of Eli, Hophni and Phinehas, were slain.

i Heb. died.

And there ran a man of Benjamin out of the army, and came 12

to Shiloh the same day with his clothes rent, and with earth A.C. 1116. 13 upon his head. And when he came, lo, Eli sat upon a seat by the wayside watching: for his heart trembled for the ark of God. And when the man came into the city, and told it, all the 14 city cried out. And when Eli heard the noise of the crying, he said, What meaneth the noise of this tumult? And the man 15 came in hastily, and told Eli. Now Eli was ninety and eight years old; and k his eyes were dim, that he could not k ch. iii. 2. 16 see. And the man said unto Eli, I am he that came out of 1 Heb. stood. the army, and I fled to day out of the army. And he said, 17 What m is there done, my son? And the messenger answered m Heb. is and said, Israel is fled before the Philistines, and there hath been also a great slaughter among the people, and thy two sons also, Hophni and Phinehas, are dead, and the ark of God 18 is taken. And it came to pass, when he made mention of the ark of God, that he fell from off the seat backward by the side of the gate, and his neck brake, and he died: for he was an old man, and heavy. ⁿ And he had judged Israel forty years. n He seems And his daughter in law, Phinehas' wife, was with child, a Judge to do near o to be delivered: and when she heard the tidings that and that in the ark of God was taken, and that her father in law and her South-west Israel. husband were dead, she bowed herself and travailed; for her out, 20 pains p came upon her. And about the time of her death the p Heb. were women that stood by her said unto her, Fear not; for thou turned. hast born a son. But she answered not, q neither did she q Heb. set not 21 regard it. And she named the child I-chabod, saying, The I That is, glory is departed from Israel: because the ark of God was Where is the glory? or, 22 taken, and because of her father in law and her husband. And there is no above. she said, The glory is departed from Israel: for the ark of God glory.

§ 12. History of the Ark after its Capture.

is taken.

1 SAMUEL V.

And the Philistines took the ark of God, and brought it from Eben-ezer unto Ashdod. When the Philistines took the ark of God, they brought it into the house of Dagon, and set it by Dagon.

And when they of Ashdod arose early on the morrow, behold, Dagon was fallen upon his face to the earth before the ark of the Lord. And they took Dagon, and set him in his place again. And when they arose early on the morrow morning, behold, Dagon was fallen upon his face to the ground before the ark of the Lord; and the head of Dagon and both the palms of his hands were cut off upon the threshold; only the or, the stump of Dagon was left to him. Therefore neither the priests of Dagon, nor any that come into Dagon's house, tread on the threshold of Dagon in Ashdod unto this day. But the hand of the Lord was heavy upon them of Ashdod, and he destroyed

A.C. 1116. them, and smote them with bemerods, even Ashdod and the b Ps. lxxviii, coasts thereof. And when the men of Ashdod saw that it was 7 so, they said, The ark of the God of Israel shall not abide with us: for his hand is sore upon us, and upon Dagon our god. They sent therefore and gathered all the lords of the Philistines 8 unto them, and said, What shall we do with the ark of the God of Israel? And they answered, Let the ark of the God of Israel be carried about unto Gath. And they carried the ark of the God of Israel about thither. And it was so, that, after they 9 had carried it about, the hand of the LORD was against the city with a very great destruction: and he smote the men of the city, both small and great, and they had emerods in their secret parts.

c Heb. me, to slay me and my.

d Heb. me not, and my.

Therefore they sent the ark of God to Ekron. And it came 10 to pass, as the ark of God came to Ekron, that the Ekronites cried out, saying, They have brought about the ark of the God of Israel to cus, to slay us and our people. So they sent and 11 gathered together all the lords of the Philistines, and said, Send away the ark of the God of Israel, and let it go again to his own place, that it slay dus not, and our people: for there was a deadly destruction throughout all the city; the hand of God was very heavy there. And the men that died not were 12 smitten with the emerods: and the cry of the city went up to heaven.

1 SAMUEL VI.

And the ark of the Lord was in the country of the Philis- 1 tines seven months. And the Philistines called for the priests 2 and the diviners, saying, What shall we do to the ark of the LORD? tell us wherewith we shall send it to his place. And 3 they said, If ye send away the ark of the God of Israel, send it not empty; but in any wise return him a trespass offering: then ye shall be healed, and it shall be known to you why his hand is not removed from you. Then said they, What shall be 4 the trespass offering which we shall return to him? They answered, Five golden emerods, and five golden mice, according to the number of the lords of the Philistines: for one plague was on e you all, and on your lords. Wherefore ye shall make 5 images of your emerods, and images of your mice that mar the land; and ye shall give glory unto the God of Israel: peradventure he will lighten his hand from off you, and from off your gods, and from off your land. Wherefore then do ye harden 6 your hearts, as the Egyptians and Pharaoh hardened their hearts? when he had wrought f wonderfully among them, g did proachfully not let h the people go, and they departed? Now there- 7 h Heb. them. fore make a new cart, and take two milch kine, on which there hath come no yoke, and tie the kine to the cart, and bring their calves home from them: and take the ark of the Lord, and lay 8

it upon the cart; and put the jewels of gold, which ye return A.C. 1116. him for a trespass offering, in a coffer by the side thereof; and 9 send it away, that it may go. And see, if it goeth up by the way of his own coast to Beth-shemesh, then i he hath done us i Or, it. this great evil: but if not, then we shall know that it is not his hand that smote us; it was a chance that happened to

And the men did so; and took two milch kine, and tied them 11 to the cart, and shut up their calves at home: and they laid the ark of the LORD upon the cart, and the coffer with the mice of 12 gold and the images of their emerods. And the kine took the straight way to the way of Beth-shemesh, and went along the highway, lowing as they went, and turned not aside to the right hand or to the left; and the lords of the Philistines went after 13 them unto the border of Beth-shemesh. And they of Bethshemesh were reaping their wheat harvest in the valley: and they lifted up their eyes, and saw the ark, and rejoiced to see 14 it. And the cart came into the field of Joshua, a Beth-shemite. and stood there, where there was a great stone: and they clave the wood of the cart, and offered the kine a burnt offering unto 15 the Lord. And the Levites took down the ark of the Lord. and the coffer that was with it, wherein the jewels of gold were, and put them on the great stone: and the men of Beth-shemesh offered burnt offerings and sacrificed sacrifices the same day 16 unto the LORD. And when the five lords of the Philistines 17 had seen it, they returned to Ekron the same day. And these are the golden emerods which the Philistines returned for a trespass offering unto the Lord; for Ashdod one, for Gaza 18 one, for Askelon one, for Gath one, for Ekron one; and the golden mice, according to the number of all the cities of the Philistines belonging to the five lords, both of fenced cities, and of country villages, even unto the k great stone of Abel, whereon k Or, great they set down the ark of the Lord: which stone remaineth unto this day in the field of Joshua, the Beth-shemite.

And he smote the men of Beth-shemesh, because they had looked into the ark of the LORD, even he smote of the people fifty thousand and threescore and ten men: and the people lamented, because the Lord had smitten many of the people 20 with a great slaughter. And the men of Beth-shemesh said, Who is able to stand before this holy Lord God? and to whom shall he go up from us?

And they sent messengers to the inhabitants of Kirjathjearim, saying, The Philistines have brought again the ark of

the LORD; come ye down, and fetch it up to you.

1 SAMUEL VII. VER. 1.

And the men of Kirjath-jearim came, and fetched up the ark of the LORD, and brought it into the house of Abinadab in A.C. 1116. the hill, and sanctified Eleazar his son to keep the ark of the LORD.

§ 13. Government of Samuel.

1 SAMUEL VII 22. VER. 2, TO THE END.

1096.

²³ And it came to pass, while the ark abode in Kirjath-jearim, 2 that the time was long; for it was twenty years: and all the house of Israel lamented after the LORD.

And Samuel spake unto all the house of Israel, saying, If ye 3 a Josh. xxiv. do return unto the LORD with all your hearts, then a put away 14. 23. b Judg. ii. 13. the strange gods and b Ashtaroth from among you, and prepare c Deut. vi.13. your hearts unto the LORD, and c serve him only: and he will Matt. iv. 10. Luke iv. 8. deliver you out of the hand of the Philistines. Then the chil- 4 d Judg. ii. 11. dren of Israel did put away d Baalim and Ashtaroth, and served the Lord only. And Samuel said, Gather all Israel to Mizpeh, 5 and I will pray for you unto the LORD. And they gathered 6

together to Mizpeh, and drew water, and poured it out before the LORD, and fasted on that day, and said there, We have sinned against the Lord. And Samuel judged the children of Israel in Mizpeh. And when the Philistines heard that the 7 children of Israel were gathered together to Mizpeh, the lords of the Philistines went up against Israel. And when the children of Israel heard it, they were afraid of the Philistines.

e Heb. Benot And the children of Israel said to Samuel, e Cease not to cry 8 silent from us from crying. unto the LORD our God for us, that he will save us out of the hand of the Philistines.

f Or, answered.

And Samuel took a sucking lamb, and offered it for a burnt 9 offering wholly unto the LORD: and Samuel cried unto the LORD for Israel; and the LORD heard him. And as Samuel 10 was offering up the burnt offering, the Philistines drew near to battle against Israel: but the LORD thundered with a great thunder on that day upon the Philistines, and discomfited them; and they were smitten before Israel. And the men of Israel 11 went out of Mizpeh, and pursued the Philistines, and smote them, until they came under Beth-car. Then Samuel took a 12 stone, and set it between Mizpeh and Shen, and called the name of it g Eben-ezer, saying, Hitherto hath the LORD g That is, name of The stone of help: ch. iv. 1. helped us.

So the Philistines were subdued, and they came no more 13

22 Bishop Horsley thinks this seventh chapter is merely introductory to the several events related in those which follow it, as far as the twenty-fifth.—Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 321.

²³ The meaning is not, that the ark was at Kirjath-jearim only twenty years; but that twenty years elapsed before the people received from Samuel any hope of Jehovah's interposition for their deliverance. The expression (1 Sam. vii. 1.) "the men of Kirjath-jearim came, and fetched up the ark of the Lord, and brought it into the house of Abinadab in the hill," means that they removed it, not from the city altogether, but to the highest part, the citadel, which was consecrated to its service. The word Kirjath-jearim signifies 'the city of the woods.' The continuance of the ark in this place explains the difficulty in Psalm cxxxii. 6. "We heard of the ark at Ephratah, or Shiloh in Ephraim; and found it at Kirjath-jearim, the fields of the wood."—Dr. Wells, vol. ii. in loc.; Bishop Patrick in loc.; Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 320; Lightfoot.

into the coast of Israel: and the hand of the LORD was against A.C. 1096. 14 the Philistines all the days of Samuel. And the cities which the Philistines had taken from Israel were restored to Israel, from Ekron even unto Gath; and the coasts thereof did Israel deliver out of the hands of the Philistines. And there was 15 peace between Israel and the Amorites. And Samuel judged 16 Israel all the days of his life. And he went from year to year h in circuit to Beth-el, and Gilgal, and Mizpeh, and judged h Heb. and 17 Israel in all those places. And his return was to Ramah; for he circuited. there was his house; and there he judged Israel; and there he built an altar unto the LORD.

1 SAMUEL VIII.

1 By occasion of the ill government of Samuel's sons, the Israelites ask a king. 6 Samuel praying in grief is comforted by God. 10 He telleth the manner of a king. 19 God willeth Samuel to yield unto the importunity of the people.

And it came to pass, when Samuel was old, that he made 2 his i sons judges over Israel. Now the name of his firstborn i see Judg. was k Joel; and the name of his second, Abiah: they were x.4. & xii. 14. 3 judges in Beer-sheba. And his sons 1 walked not in his ways, with Judg. v. but turned aside after lucre, and took bribes, and perverted k ** Fashni. 4 judgment. Then all the elders of Israel gathered themselves 1 Deut. xvi. 5 together, and came to Samuel unto Ramah, and said unto him, 19. Behold, thou art old, and thy sons walk not in thy ways: now m make us a king to judge us like all the nations 24. m Hos. xiii. But the thing n displeased Samuel, when they said, Give us Acts. xiii. 21.

a king to judge us. And Samuel prayed unto the Lord. n Heb. was evil in the eyes 7 And the LORD said unto Samuel, Hearken unto the voice of of Samuel. the people in all that they say unto thee: for they have not rejected thee, but they have rejected me, that I should not 8 reign over them. According to all the works which they have done since the day that I brought them up out of Egypt even unto this day, wherewith they have forsaken me, and served 9 other gods, so do they also unto thee. Now therefore o hearken unto their voice: p howbeit yet protest solemnly o Or, obey. unto them, and shew them the manner of the king that shall withstanding reign over them.

And Samuel told all the words of the LORD unto the people protested 11 that asked of him a king. And he said, This will be the man-then thou ner of the king that shall reign over you: He will take your take your take, sons, and appoint them for himself, for his chariots, and to be 12 his horsemen; and some shall run before his chariots. And he will appoint him captains over thousands, and captains over

VOL. I.

²⁴ The laws of Moses will appear to be drawn up with the most perfect wisdom. Knowing the changeableness of the human mind, he had anticipated the decision to which the people had now arrived by demanding a king. He specifies, therefore, (Deut. xvii. 14, &c.) the duties the king was required to perform; and Samuel, at the coronation of Saul, prepared a writing in which the powers and privileges of the sovereign were distinctly laid down; and this writing was carefully deposited in the sanctuary. Vide more on this subject in Michaelis, Commentary, vol. i. art. 54 to 63.

A.C. 1095. fifties; and will set them to ear his ground, and to reap his harvest, and to make his instruments of war, and instruments of his chariots. And he will take your daughters to be confec- 13 tionaries, and to be cooks, and to be bakers. And he will take 14 your fields, and your vineyards, and your oliveyards, even the best of them, and give them to his servants. And he will take 15 the tenth of your seed, and of your vineyards, and give to his q officers, and to his servants. And he will take your men-16 servants, and your maidservants, and your goodliest young men, and your asses, and put them to his work. He will take 17 the tenth of your sheep: and ye shall be his servants. ye shall cry out in that day because of your king which ye shall have chosen you; and the Lord will not hear you in that day.

a Heb. eunuchs.

> Nevertheless the people refused to obey the voice of Samuel; 19 and they said, Nay; but we will have a king over us; that we 20 also may be like all the nations; and that our king may judge us, and go out before us, and fight our battles. And Samuel 21 heard all the words of the people, and he rehearsed them in the ears of the LORD. And the LORD said to Samuel, Hearken 22 unto their voice, and make them a king. And Samuel said unto the men of Israel, Go ye every man unto his city.

PART VI.

The Reign of Saul.

§ 1. Saul made King over Israel.

1 SAMUEL IX.

a ch. xiv. 51. l Chr. viii. b Or, the son of a man of Jemini. c Or, substance.

Now there was a man of Benjamin, whose name was a Kish, 1 the son of Abiel, the son of Zeror, the son of Bechorath, the son of Aphiah, ba Benjamite, a mighty man of cpower. And 2 he had a son, whose name was Saul, a choice young man, and a goodly: and there was not among the children of Israel a goodlier person than he: from his shoulders and upward he was higher than any of the people. And the asses of Kish 3 Saul's father were lost. And Kish said to Saul his son, Take now one of the servants with thee, and arise, go seek the asses. And he passed through mount Ephraim, and passed through 4 the land of Shalisha, but they found them not: then they passed through the land of Shalim, and there they were not: and he passed through the land of the Benjamites, but they found them not. And when they were come to the land of 5 Zuph, Saul said to his servant that was with him, Come, and let us return; lest my father leave caring for the asses, and take thought for us. And he said unto him, Behold 6 now, there is in this city a man of God, and he is an honourable man; all that he saith cometh surely to pass: now let

us go thither; peradventure he can shew us our way that we A.C. 1095. Then said Saul to his servant, But, behold, if we go, what shall we bring the man? for the bread d is spent d Heb. is gone in our vessels, and there is not a present to bring to the man out of, &c. 8 of God: what e have we? And the servant answered Saul e Heb. is again, and said, Behold, I have here at hand the fourth part I heb. there of a shekel of silver: that will I give to the man of God, is found in my hand. 9 to tell us our way. (Beforetime in Israel, when a man went to enquire of God, thus he spake, Come, and let us go to the seer: for he that is now called a Prophet was beforetime called 10 a Seer.) Then said Saul to his servant, g Well said; come, g Heb. Thy let us go. So they went unto the city where the man of God word is good. was. And as they went up h the hill to the city, they found young h Heb. in the ascent of the maidens going out to draw water, and said unto them, Is the city. 12 seer here? And they answered them, and said, He is; behold,

he is before you: make haste now, for he came to day to the city; for there is a sacrifice of the people to day in the high i Or, feast. 13 place: as soon as ye be come into the city, ye shall straightway find him, before he go up to the high place to eat: for the people will not eat until he come, because he doth bless the sacrifice; and afterwards they eat that be bidden. Now therefore get you up; for about k this time ye shall find him. k Heb. to day. 14 And they went up into the city: and when they were come into the city, behold, Samuel came out against them, for to go

up to the high place.

Now the Lord had m told Samuel in his ear a day before 1 ch. xv. 1. 16 Saul came, saying, To morrow about this time I will send thee mHeb. rea man out of the land of Benjamin, and thou shalt anoint him vealed the ear to be captain over my people Israel, that he may save my people out of the hand of the Philistines: for I have looked 17 upon my people, because their cry is come unto me. when Samuel saw Saul, the LORD said unto him, Behold the man whom I spake to thee of! this same shall "reign over my "Heb. re-18 people. Then Saul drew near to Samuel in the gate, and said, 19 Tell me, I pray thee, where the seer's house is. And Samuel answered Saul, and said, I am the seer: go up before me unto the high place; for ye shall eat with me to day, and to morrow

I will let thee go, and will tell thee all that is in thine heart. 20 And as for thine asses that were lost o three days ago, set not o Heb. to day thy mind on them; for they are found. And on whom is all the desire of Israel? Is it not on thee, and on all thy father's And Saul answered and said, Am not I a Benjamite, of the smallest of the tribes of Israel? and my family the least of all the families of the tribe of Benjamin? wherefore then

22 speakest thou p so to me? And Samuel took Saul and his p Heb. acservant, and brought them into the parlour, and made them sit this word. in the chiefest place among them that were bidden, which were

q Or, re-

served.

about thirty persons. And Samuel said unto the cook, Bring 23 the portion which I gave thee, of which I said unto thee, Set it by thee. And the cook took up the shoulder, and that which 24 was upon it, and set it before Saul. And Samuel said, Behold that which is a left! set it before thee, and eat: for unto this time hath it been kept for thee since I said, I have invited the people. So Saul did eat with Samuel that day.

And when they were come down from the high place into the 25 city, Samuel communed with Saul upon the top of the house. And they arose early: and it came to pass about the spring of 26 the day, that Samuel called Saul to the top of the house, saying, Up, that I may send thee away. And Saul arose, and they went out both of them, he and Samuel, abroad. And as they 27 were going down to the end of the city, Samuel said to Saul, Bid the servant pass on before us, (and he passed on,) but r Heb to day stand thou still ra while, that I may shew thee the word of God.

1 SAMUEL X.

Then Samuel took a vial of oil, and poured it upon his head, 1

and kissed him, and said, Is it not because the LORD hath anointed thee to be captain over his inheritance? When thou 2 art departed from me to day, then thou shalt find two men s Gen. xxxv. by s Rachel's sepulchre in the border of Benjamin at Zelzah; and they will say unto thee, The asses which thou wentest to

seek are found: and, lo, thy father hath left the care of the asses, and sorroweth for you, saying, What shall I do for my Then shalt thou go on forward from thence, and thou 3 shalt come to the plain of Tabor, and there shall meet thee

three men going up to God to Beth-el, one carrying three kids, and another carrying three loaves of bread, and another carrying a bottle of wine: and they will usalute thee, and give 4

thee two loaves of bread; which thou shalt receive of their After that thou shalt come to the hill of God, where is 5 the garrison of the Philistines: and it shall come to pass, when thou art come thither to the city, that thou shalt meet a com-

pany of prophets coming down from the high place with a psaltery, and a tabret, and pipe, and a harp, before them; and they shall prophesy: and the Spirit of the Lord will come 6

upon thee, and thou shalt prophesy with them, and shalt be x Heb. itehau turned into another man. And x let it be, when these signs 7 are come unto thee, y that thou do as occasion serve thee; for

these signs, &c. God is with thee. And thou shalt go down before me to 8 Gilgal; and, behold, I will come down unto thee, to offer burnt offerings, and to sacrifice sacrifices of peace offerings: z seven

days shalt thou tarry, till I come to thee, and shew thee what

a Heb. shoulder.

And it was so, that when he had turned his back to go from 9

19, 20.

t Heb. the business.

u Heb. ask thee of peace: as Judg. xviii. 15.

come to pass that when y Heb. do for hand shall

thee as thine z ch. xiii. 8.

Samuel, God b gave him another heart: and all those signs A.C. 1095. 10 came to pass that day. And when they came thither to the b Heb. turnhill, behold, a company of prophets met him; and the Spirit of ed.

11 God came upon him, and he prophesied among them. And it came to pass, when all that knew him beforetime saw that, behold, he prophesied among the prophets, then the people said cone to another, What is this that is come unto the son of c Heb. a man

12 Kish? d Is Saul also among the prophets? And one of the bour. same place answered and said, But who is their father? There-delicities from it has been said, But who is their father? fore it became a proverb, Is Saul also among the prophets? thence.

13 And when he had made an end of prophesying, he came to the high place.

spake, he told him not.

And Saul's uncle said unto him and to his servant, Whither went ye? And he said, To seek the asses: and when we saw 15 that they were no where, we came to Samuel. And Saul's uncle said, Tell me, I pray thee, what Samuel said unto you. 16 And Saul said unto his uncle, He told us plainly that the asses were found. But of the matter of the kingdom, whereof Samuel

And Samuel called the people together unto the Lord to 18 Mizpeh; and said unto the children of Israel, Thus saith the Lord God of Israel, I brought up Israel out of Egypt, and delivered you out of the hand of the Egyptians, and out of the 19 hand of all kingdoms, and of them that oppressed you: and ye have this day rejected your God, who himself saved you out of all your adversities and your tribulations; and ye have said unto him, Nay, but set a king over us. Now therefore present yourselves before the Lord by your tribes, and by your thou-20 sands. And when Samuel had caused all the tribes of Israel to

21 come near, the tribe of Benjamin was taken. When he had caused the tribe of Benjamin to come near by their families, the family of Matri was taken, and Saul the son of Kish was taken: and when they sought him, he could not be found.

22 Therefore they enquired of the LORD further, if the man should yet come thither. And the LORD answered, Behold,

23 he hath hid himself among the stuff. And they ran and fetched him thence: and when he stood among the people, he was higher than any of the people from his shoulders and up-And Samuel said to all the people, See ye him whom

the LORD hath chosen, that there is none like him among all the people? And all the people shouted, and said, f God save f Heb. Let

25 the king. Then Samuel told the people the manner of the the king live. kingdom, and wrote it in a book, and laid it up before the LORD. And Samuel sent all the people away, every man to his house.

And Saul also went home to Gibeah; and there went with 27 him a band of men, whose hearts God had touched. But the children of Belial said, How shall this man save us? And they

A.C. 1095. despised him, and brought him no presents. But s he held his peace.

g Or, he was as though he had been deaf.

§ 2. Wars of Saul. 1 SAMUEL XI.

1 Nahash offereth them of Jabesh-gilead a reproachful condition. 4 They send messengers, and are delivered by Saul. 12 Saul thereby is confirmed, and his kingdom renoved.

Then Nahash the Ammonite came up, and encamped against 1 Jabesh-gilead: and all the men of Jabesh said unto Nahash, Make a covenant with us, and we will serve thee. And Nahash 2 the Ammonite answered them, On this condition will I make a covenant with you, that I may thrust out all your right eyes, and lay it for a reproach upon all Israel. And the elders of 3 Jabesh said unto him, ^a Give us seven days' respite, that we may send messengers unto all the coasts of Israel: and then, if there be no man to save us, we will come out to thee.

a Heb. Forbear us.

Then came the messengers to Gibeah of Saul, and told the 4 tidings in the ears of the people: and all the people lifted up their voices, and wept. And, behold, Saul came after the herd 5 out of the field; and Saul said, What aileth the people that they weep? And they told him the tidings of the men of Jabesh. And the Spirit of God came upon Saul when he heard those 6 tidings, and his anger was kindled greatly. And he took a 7 yoke of oxen, and hewed them in pieces, and sent them throughout all the coasts of Israel by the hands of messengers, saying, Whosoever cometh not forth after Saul and after Samuel, so shall it be done unto his oxen. And the fear of the Lord fell on the people, and they came out b with one consent. And when he numbered them in Bezek, the children of 8 Israel were three hundred thousand, and the men of Judah

b Heb. as one man.

thirty thousand. And they said unto the messengers that came, 9 Thus shall ye say unto the men of Jabesh-gilead, To morrow, by that time the sun be hot, ye shall have chelp. And the messengers came and shewed it to the men of Jabesh; and they were glad. Therefore the men of Jabesh said, To morrow 10 we will come out unto you, and ye shall do with us all that seemeth good unto you. And it was so on the morrow, that 11 Saul put the people in three companies; and they came into the midst of the host in the morning watch, and slew the Ammonites until the heat of the day: and it came to pass, that they which remained were scattered, so that two of them were not

c Or, deliverance.

left together.

And the people said unto Samuel, Who is he that said, Shall 12 Saul reign over us? bring the men, that we may put them to death. And Saul said, there shall not a man be put to death 13 this day: for to day the Lord hath wrought salvation in Israel. Then said Samuel to the people, Come, and let us go to Gilgal, 14 and renew the kingdom there. And all the people went to 15

Gilgal; and there they made Saul king before the LORD in A.C. 1095. Gilgal; and there they sacrificed sacrifices of peace offerings before the LORD; and there Saul and all the men of Israel rejoiced greatly.

1 SAMUEL XII.

1 Samuel testifieth his integrity. 6 He reproveth the people of ingratitude. 16 He terrifieth them with thunder in harvest time. 20 He comforteth them in God's mercy. And Samuel said unto all Israel, Behold, I have hearkened unto your voice in all that ye said unto me, and have made a 2 king over you. And now, behold, the king walketh before you: and I am old and greyheaded; and, behold, my sons are with you: and I have walked before you from my childhood 3 unto this day. Behold, d here I am: witness against me before d Ecclus. the LORD, and before his anointed: whose ox have I taken? xlvi. 19. or whose ass have I taken? or whom have I defrauded? whom have I oppressed? or of whose hand have I received any e bribe e Heb. ran-4 to blind mine eyes therewith? and I will restore it you. And for, that I they said, Thou hast not defrauded us, nor oppressed us, neither should hide mine eyes at 5 hast thou taken ought of any man's hand. And he said unto him. them, The LORD is witness against you, and his anointed is witness this day, that we have not found ought in my hand. And they answered, He is witness. And Samuel said unto the people, It is the LORD that g ad-g or, made. vanced Moses and Aaron, and that brought your fathers up out 7 of the land of Egypt. Now therefore stand still, that I may reason with you before the LORD of all the hrighteous acts of hHeb. righte-8 the LORD, which he did i to you and to your fathers. k When benefits. Jacob was come into Egypt, and your fathers cried unto the Judg. v. 11. Lord, then the Lord sent Moses and Aaron, which brought k Gen. xivi. forth your fathers out of Egypt, and made them dwell in this Ex. iv. 16. 9 place. And when they forgat the LORD their God, m he sold m Judg. iv. 2. them into the hand of Sisera, captain of the host of Hazor, and into the hand of the Philistines, and into the hand of the king 10 of Moab, and they fought against them. And they cried unto the Lord, and said, We have sinned, because we have forsaken the LORD, and have served Baalim and Ashtaroth: but now deliver us out of the hand of our enemies, and we will serve And the Lord sent Jerubbaal, and Bedan, and ⁿ Jeph- ^{n Judg. xi. 1.} thah, and Samuel, and delivered you out of the hand of your 12 enemies on every side, and ye dwelled safe. And when ye saw that Nahash the king of the children of Ammon came against you, ye said unto me, Nay; but a king shall reign over us: 13 when the Lord your God was your king. Now therefore behold the king whom ye have chosen, and whom ye have 14 desired! and, behold, the LORD hath set a king over you. ye will fear the LORD, and serve him, and obey his voice, and not rebel against the commandment of the Lord, then shall o Heb. mouth. p Heb. be after.

both ye and also the king that reigneth over you p continue following the LORD your God: but if ye will not obey the 15 voice of the Lord, but rebel against the commandment of the LORD, then shall the hand of the LORD be against you, as it was against your fathers.

Now therefore stand and see this great thing, which the LORD 16 will do before your eyes. Is it not wheat harvest to day? I will 17 call unto the LORD, and he shall send thunder and rain; that ye may perceive and see that your wickedness is great, which ye have done in the sight of the LORD, in asking you a king. So Samuel called unto the Lord; and the Lord sent thunder 18 and rain that day: and all the people greatly feared the LORD and Samuel. And all the people said unto Samuel, Pray for 19 thy servants unto the Lord thy God, that we die not: for we have added unto all our sins this evil, to ask us a king.

And Samuel said unto the people, Fear not: ve have done 20 all this wickedness: yet turn not aside from following the LORD, but serve the LORD with all your heart; and turn ye 21 not aside: for then should ye go after vain things, which cannot profit nor deliver; for they are vain. For the LORD will not 22 forsake his people for his great name's sake: because it hath pleased the LORD to make you his people. Moreover as for 23 ine, God forbid that I should sin against the LORD q in ceasing to pray for you: but I will teach you the good and the right way: only fear the LORD, and serve him in truth with all 24 your heart: for consider r how great things he hath done for you. But if ye shall still do wickedly, ye shall be consumed, both ye 25 and your king.

q Heb. from ceasing.

r Or, what a great thing,

1 SAMUEL XIII.

1 Saul's selected band. 3 He calleth the Hebrews to Gilgal against the Philistines, whose garrison Jonathan had smitten. 5 The Philistines' great host. 6 The distress of the Israelites. 8 Saul, weary of staying for Samuel, sacrificeth. 11 Samuel reproveth him. 17 The three spoiling bands of the Philistines. 19 The policy of the Philistines, to suffer no smith in Israel.

1093. s Heb. the son

Saul reigned one year; and when he had reigned two years 1 of one year in over Israel, Saul chose him three thousand men of Israel; 2 his reigning. whereof two thousand were with Saul in Michmash and in mount Beth-el, and a thousand were with Jonathan in Gibeah of Benjamin: and the rest of the people he sent every man to his tent. And Jonathan smote the garrison of the Philistines 3 t Or, the hill. that was in t Geba, and the Philistines heard of it. And Saul

blew the trumpet throughout all the land, saying, Let the Hebrews hear. And all Israel heard say that Saul had smitten 4 a garrison of the Philistines, and that Israel also "was had in abomination with the Philistines. And the people were called together after Saul to Gilgal.

u Heb. did stink.

> And the Philistines gathered themselves together to fight 5 with Israel, thirty thousand chariots, and six thousand horse-

men, and people as the sand which is on the seashore in multi- A.C. 1093. tude: and they came up, and pitched in Michmash, eastward 6 from Beth-aven. When the men of Israel saw that they were in a strait, (for the people were distressed,) then the people did hide themselves in caves, and in thickets, and in rocks, 7 and in high places, and in pits. And some of the Hebrews went over Jordan to the land of Gad and Gilead. As for Saul, he was yet in Gilgal, and all the people * followed him * Heb. trembled after trembling.

y And he tarried seven days, according to the set time that y ch. x. 8. Samuel had appointed: but Samuel came not to Gilgal; and g the people were scattered from him. And Saul said, Bring hither a burnt offering to me, and peace offerings. And he 10 offered the burnt offering. And it came to pass, that as soon as he had made an end of offering the burnt offering, behold, Samuel came; and Saul went out to meet him, that he might z salute him.

z Heb. bless

And Samuel said, What hast thou done? And Saul said, Because I saw that the people were scattered from me, and that thou camest not within the days appointed, and that the 12 Philistines gathered themselves together at Michmash; therefore said I, The Philistines will come down now upon me to Gilgal, and I have not a made supplication unto the Lord: I a Heb. in-13 forced myself therefore, and offered a burnt offering. And face. Samuel said to Saul, Thou hast done foolishly: thou hast not

manded thee: for now would the LORD have established thy 14 kingdom upon Israel for ever. But now thy kingdom shall not continue: the LORD hath sought him a man after his own heart, and the Lord hath commanded him to be captain over his people, because thou hast not kept that which the Lord com-15 manded thee. And Samuel arose, and gat him up from Gilgal unto Gibeah of Benjamin. And Saul numbered the people

kept the commandment of the Lord thy God, which he com-

16 that were b present with him, cabout six hundred men. And b Heb. found. Saul, and Jonathan his son, and the people that were present ceh. xiv. 2. with them, abode in d Gibeah of Benjamin: but the Philistines d Heb. Geba, encamped in Michmash.

And the spoilers came out of the camp of the Philistines in three companies: one company turned unto the way that leadeth 18 to Ophrah, unto the land of Shual: and another company turned the way to Beth-horon: and another company turned to the way of the border that looketh to the valley of Zeboim toward the wilderness.

Now there was no smith found throughout all the land of Israel: for the Philistines said, Lest the Hebrews make them 20 swords or spears: But all the Israelites went down to the Philistines, to sharpen every man his share, and his coulter, and his e Heb, a file 21 ax, and his mattock. Yet they had a file for the mattocks, and with mouths.

A.C. 1093. for the coulters, and for the forks, and for the axes, and to f Heb. to set. I sharpen the goads. So it came to pass in the day of battle, 22 that there was neither sword nor spear found in the hand of any of the people that were with Saul and Jonathan: but with Saul and with Jonathan his son was there found. garrison of the Philistines went out to the passage of Michmash.

g Or, standing camp.

1 SAMUEL XIV.

1 Jonathan, unwitting to his father, the priest, or the people, goeth and miraculously smiteth the Philistines' garrison. 15 A divine terror maketh them beat themselves. 17 Saul, not staying the priest's answer, setteth on them. 21 The captivated Hebrews, and the hidden Israelites, join against them. 24 Saul's unadvised adjuration hindereth the victory. 32 He restraineth the people from eating blood. 35 He buildeth an altar. 36 Jonathan, taken by lot, is saved by the people. 47 Saul's strength and family.

h Or, there was a day.

Now hit came to pass upon a day, that Jonathan the son of 1 Saul said unto the young man that bare his armour, Come, and let us go over to the Philistines' garrison, that is on the other But he told not his father. And Saul tarried in the 2 uttermost part of Gibeah under a pomegranate tree which is in Migron: and the people that were with him were about six hundred men; and Ahiah, the son of Ahitub, I-chabod's 3 brother, the son of Phinehas, the son of Eli, the Lord's priest in Shiloh, wearing an ephod. And the people knew not that Jonathan was gone.

And between the passages, by which Jonathan sought to go 4 over unto the Philistines' garrison, there was a sharp rock on the one side, and a sharp rock on the other side: and the name of the one was Bozez, and the name of the other Seneh. The 5

i ch. xxii. 9. 11. 20, called Ahimelech. k ch. iv. 21.

1 Heb. tooth. 1 forefront of the one was situate northward over against Michmash, and the other southward over against Gibeah. And 6 Jonathan said to the young man that bare his armour, Come, and let us go over unto the garrison of these uncircumcised: it may be that the LORD will work for us: for there is no m 2 Chr. xiv. restraint to the LORD m to save by many or by few. And his 7 armourbearer said unto him, Do all that is in thine heart: turn thee; behold, I am with thee according to thy heart. Then said Jonathan, Behold, we will pass over unto these men, 8 and we will discover ourselves unto them. If they say thus unto 9 us, n Tarry until we come to you; then we will stand still in our place, and will not go up unto them. But if they say thus, 10 Come up unto us; then we will go up: for othe Lord hath delivered them into our hand: and this shall be a sign unto us.

> And both of them discovered themselves unto the garrison of 11 the Philistines: and the Philistines said, Behold, the Hebrews come forth out of the holes where they had hid themselves. And the men of the garrison answered Jonathan and his 12 armourbearer, and said, Come up to us, and we will shew you a thing. And Jonathan said unto his armourbearer, Come up

n Heb. Be still.

o 1 Mac. vi. 30.

after me: for the LORD hath delivered them into the hand of A.C. 1093.

13 Israel. And Jonathan climbed up upon his hands and upon his feet, and his armourbearer after him: and they fell before

14 Jonathan; and his armourbearer slew after him. And that first slaughter, which Jonathan and his armourbearer made, was about twenty men, within as it were p an half acre of land, p or, half a

15 which a yoke of oxen might plow. And there was trembling furrow of and in the host, in the field, and among all the people: the garrison, and the spoilers, they also trembled, and the earth quaked:

16 so it was q a very great trembling. And the watchmen of q Heb. a Saul in Gibeah of Benjamin looked; and, behold, the multi- God. tude melted away, and they went on beating down one another.

17 Then said Saul unto the people that were with him, Number now, and see who is gone from us. And when they had numbered, behold, Jonathan and his armourbearer were not there.

18 And Saul said unto Ahiah, Bring hither the ark of God 25. For the ark of God was at that time with the children of Israel.

19 And it came to pass, while Saul talked unto the priest, that the rooise that was in the host of the Philistines went on and ror, tumutt. increased: and Saul said unto the priest, Withdraw thine hand.

20 And Saul and all the people that were with him sassembled s Heb. were themselves, and they came to the battle: and, behold, t every t Judg. vii. man's sword was against his fellow, and there was a very great 22. 2 Chr. xx.

21 discomfiture. Moreover the Hebrews that were with the Philistines before that time, which went up with them into the camp from the country round about, even they also turned to be

22 with the Israelites that were with Saul and Jonathan. wise all the men of Israel which had hid themselves in mount Ephraim, when they heard that the Philistines fled, even they

23 also followed hard after them in the battle. So the LORD saved Israel that day: and the battle passed over unto Bethaven.

24 And the men of Israel were distressed that day: for Saul had adjured the people, saying, Cursed be the man that eateth any food until evening, that I may be avenged on mine ene-25 mies. So none of the people tasted any food. And all they of the land came to a wood; and there was honey upon the 26 ground. And when the people were come into the wood, behold, the honey dropped; but no man put his hand to his 27 mouth: for the people feared the oath. But Jonathan heard not when his father charged the people with the oath: where-

25 What was this ark of God which Saul commands the priests to bring? The ark of the covenant was at Kirjath-jearim: and the Israelites had been already punished for removing it from Shiloh without permission. From the latter part of this first book of Samuel it appears, that, during Saul's life, both Saul and David were possessed at the same time of the instruments of oracular consultation; of which the ark, with the cherubic emblems, formed an essential part. Mr. Hutchinson's opinion, then, that there were more emblematic arks than one, deserves great attention.— Hutchinson's Works, vol. vi. p. 148-151, quoted by Horsley, Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 328.

A.C. 1093. fore he put forth the end of the rod that was in his hand, and dipped it in an honeycomb, and put his hand to his mouth; and his eyes were enlightened. Then answered one of the 28 people, and said, Thy father straitly charged the people with an oath, saying, Cursed be the man that eateth any food this day. And the people were u faint. Then said Jonathan, My 29 u Or, weary. father hath troubled the land: see, I pray you, how mine eyes have been enlightened, because I tasted a little of this honey. How much more, if haply the people had eaten freely to day 30 of the spoil of their enemies which they found? for had there not been now a much greater slaughter among the Philistines? And they smote the Philistines that day from Michmash to 31 Aijalon: and the people were very faint. And the people 32 flew upon the spoil, and took sheep, and oxen, and calves, and x Lev. vii. 26. slew them on the ground: and the people did eat them x with

& xix. 26. Deut. xii, 16. the blood.

y Or, dealt treacherously.

Then they told Saul, saying, Behold, the people sin against 33 the LORD, in that they eat with the blood. And he said, Ye have y transgressed: roll a great stone unto me this day. And 34 Saul said, Disperse yourselves among the people, and say unto them, Bring me hither every man his ox, and every man his sheep, and slay them here, and eat; and sin not against the LORD in eating with the blood. And all the people brought z Heb. in his every man his ox z with him that night, and slew them there. And Saul built an altar unto the LORD: a the same was the 35 altar he beyon first altar that he built unto the LORD.

And Saul said, Let us go down after the Philistines by 36.

hand. a Heb. that the LORD.

> night, and spoil them until the morning light, and let us not leave a man of them. And they said, Do whatsoever seemeth good unto thee. Then said the priest, Let us draw near hither unto God. And Saul asked counsel of God, Shall I go down 37 after the Philistines? wilt thou deliver them into the hand of Israel? But he answered him not that day. And Saul said, 38 Draw ye near hither, all the b chief of the people: and know and see wherein this sin hath been this day. For, as the LORD 39 liveth, which saveth Israel, though it be in Jonathan my son, he shall surely die. But there was not a man among all the people that answered him. Then said he unto all Israel, Be 40 ye on one side, and I and Jonathan my son will be on the other side. And the people said unto Saul, Do what seemeth good unto thee. Therefore Saul said unto the LORD God of 41 Israel, Give a perfect lot. And Saul and Jonathan were taken: but the people descaped. And Saul said, Cast lots 42 between me and Jonathan my son. And Jonathan was taken. Then Saul said to Jonathan, Tell me what thou hast done. 43 And Jonathan told him, and said, I did but taste a little honey with the end of the rod that was in mine hand, and, lo, I must

> die. And Saul answered, God do so and more also: for thou 44

b Heb. corners, Judg. xx. 2.

c Or, Shew the innocent. d Heb. went forth.

45 shalt surely die, Jonathan. And the people said unto Saul, A.C. 1093. Shall Jonathan die, who hath wrought this great salvation in Israel? God forbid: as the LORD liveth, there shall not one hair of his head fall to the ground; for he hath wrought with God this day. So the people rescued Jonathan, that he died 46 not. Then Saul went up from following the Philistines: and the Philistines went to their own place.

So Saul took the kingdom over Israel, and fought against all his enemies on every side, against Moab, and against the children of Ammon, and against Edom, and against the kings of Zobah, and against the Philistines: and whithersoever he

48 turned himself, he vexed them. And he egathered an host, e Or, wrought and smote the Amalekites, and delivered Israel out of the mightily.

49 hands of them that spoiled them. Now the sons of Saul were Jonathan, and Ishui, and Melchi-shua: and the names of his two daughters were these; the name of the firstborn Merab, 50 and the name of the younger Michal: and the name of Saul's wife was Ahinoam, the daughter of Ahimaaz: and the name of the captain of his host was Abner, the son of Ner, Saul's Heb. Abi-

51 uncle. And Kish was the father of Saul; and Ner the father 52 of Abner was the son of Abiel. And there was sore war

against the Philistines all the days of Saul: and when Saul saw any strong man, or any valiant man, he took him unto him.

1 SAMUEL XV.

1 Samuel sendeth Saul to destroy Amalek. 6 Saul favoureth the Kenites. 8 He spareth Agag and the best of the spoil. 10 Samuel denounceth unto Saul, commending and excusing himself, God's rejection of him for his disobedience. 24 Saul's humiliation. 32 Samuel killeth Agag. 34 Samuel and Saul part.

Samuel also said unto Saul, g the Lord sent me to anoint g ch. ix. 16. thee to be king over his people, over Israel: now therefore

2 hearken thou unto the voice of the words of the Lord. Thus saith the Lord of hosts, I remember that which Amalek did to Israel, h how he laid wait for him in the way, when he came up h Ex. xvii. 8.

3 from Egypt. Now go and smite Amalek, and utterly destroy 14. Num. all that they have, and spare them not; but slay both man and woman, infant and suckling, ox and sheep, camel and ass.

4 And Saul gathered the people together, and numbered them in Telaim, two hundred thousand footmen, and ten thousand men

5 of Judah. And Saul came to a city of Amalek, and i laid wait i Or, fought. in the valley.

And Saul said unto the Kenites, Go, depart, get you down from among the Amalekites, lest I destroy you with them: for ye shewed kindness to all the children of Israel, when they came up out of Egypt. So the Kenites departed from among 7 the Amalekites. And Saul smote the Amalekites from Havilah 8 until thou comest to Shur, that is over against Egypt. he took Agag the king of the Amalekites alive, and utterly

k Or, of the second sort.

A.C. 1093. destroyed all the people with the edge of the sword. But Saul 9 and the people spared Agag, and the best of the sheep, and of the oxen, and k of the fatlings, and the lambs, and all that was good, and would not utterly destroy them: but every thing that was vile and refuse, that they destroyed utterly.

Then came the word of the Lord unto Samuel, saying, 10 It repenteth me that I have set up Saul to be king: for he is 11 turned back from following me, and hath not performed my commandments. And it grieved Samuel; and he cried unto the Lord all night. And when Samuel rose early to meet 12 Saul in the morning, it was told Samuel, saying, Saul came to Carmel, and, behold, he set him up a place, and is gone about, and passed on, and gone down to Gilgal. And Samuel came 13 to Saul: and Saul said unto him, Blessed be thou of the LORD: I have performed the commandment of the LORD. Samuel said, What meaneth then this bleating of the sheep in mine ears, and the lowing of the oxen which I hear? And 15 Saul said, They have brought them from the Amalekites: for the people spared the best of the sheep and of the oxen, to sacrifice unto the LORD thy God; and the rest we have utterly destroyed. Then Samuel said unto Saul, Stay, and I will tell 16 thee what the LORD hath said to me this night. And he said unto him, Say on. And Samuel said, When thou wast little in 17 thine own sight, wast thou not made the head of the tribes of Israel, and the Lord anointed thee king over Israel? And the 18 LORD sent thee on a journey, and said, Go and utterly destroy the sinners the Amalekites, and fight against them until they be consumed. Wherefore then didst thou not 19 obey the voice of the LORD, but didst fly upon the spoil, and didst evil in the sight of the LORD? And Saul said unto 20 Samuel, Yea, I have obeyed the voice of the LORD, and have gone the way which the Lord sent me, and have brought Agag the king of Amalek, and have utterly destroyed the Amalekites. But the people took of the spoil, sheep and oxen, 21 the chief of the things which should have been utterly destroyed, to sacrifice unto the LORD thy God in Gilgal. And 22 Samuel said, Hath the LORD as great delight in burnt offerings and sacrifices, as in obeying the voice of the LORD? Behold, m to obey is better than sacrifice, and to hearken than Matt. ix. 13. the fat of rams. For rebellion is as the sin of n witchcraft, and 23 stubbornness is as iniquity and idolatry. Because thou hast rejected the word of the LORD, he hath also rejected thee from being king.

m Eccles. v. l. Hos. vi. 6. n Heb. divination.

l Heb. they

consume.

And Saul said unto Samuel, I have sinned: for I have 24 transgressed the commandment of the Lord, and thy words: because I feared the people, and obeyed their voice. Now 25 therefore, I pray thee, pardon my sin, and turn again with me, that I may worship the LORD. And Samuel said unto Saul, 26

I will not return with thee: for thou hast rejected the word of A.C. 1093. the LORD, and the LORD hath rejected thee from being king 27 over Israel. And as Samuel turned about to go away, he laid 28 hold upon the skirt of his mantle, and it rent. And Samuel said unto him, The LORD hath rent the kingdom of Israel from thee this day, and hath given it to a neighbour of thine, 29 that is better than thou. And also the OStrength of Israel will OOr, eternity,

not lie nor repent: for he is not a man, that he should repent. 30 Then he said, I have sinned: yet honour me now, I pray thee, before the elders of my people, and before Israel, and turn

31 again with me, that I may worship the LORD thy God. Samuel turned again after Saul; and Saul worshipped the

Then said Samuel, Bring ye hither to me Agag the king of the Amalekites. And Agag came unto him delicately. And

33 Agag said, Surely the bitterness of death is past. And Samuel said, P As thy sword hath made women childless, so shall thy P Ex. xvii. mother be childless among women. And Samuel hewed Agag xiv. 45. in pieces before the Lord in Gilgal.

Then Samuel went to Ramah; and Saul went up to his 35 house to Gibeah of Saul. And Samuel came no more to see Saul until the day of his death: nevertheless Samuel mourned for Saul: and the Lord repented that he had made Saul king over Israel.

David anointed secretly as the future King of Israel.

I SAMUEL XVI. VER. 1-13.

And the LORD said unto Samuel, How long wilt thou mourn for Saul, seeing I have rejected him from reigning over Israel? fill thine horn with oil, and go, I will send thee to Jesse the Beth-lehemite: for I have provided me a king among his sons.

2 And Samuel said, How can I go? if Saul hear it, he will kill me. And the Lord said, Take an heifer a with thee, and say, a Heb. in 3 I am come to sacrifice to the LORD. And call Jesse to the

sacrifice, and I will show thee what thou shalt do: and thou 4 shalt anoint unto me him whom I name unto thee. And Samuel did that which the LORD spake, and came to Beth-lehem.

And the elders of the town trembled at his b coming, and b Heb meet-5 said, Comest thou peaceably? And he said, Peaceably: I am ing. come to sacrifice unto the LORD: sanctify yourselves, and come

with me to the sacrifice. And he sanctified Jesse and his sons, and called them to the sacrifice.

And it came to pass, when they were come, that he looked on c Eliab, and said, Surely the Lord's anointed is before con xvii. 13, But the LORD said unto Samuel, Look not on his called Elihu, countenance, or on the height of his stature; because I have 18. refused him: for the LORD seeth not as man seeth; for man looketh on the doutward appearance, but the LORD looketh d Heb. eyes.

1063.

A.C. 1063. on the cheart. Then Jesse called Abinadab, and made him pass 8 e 1 Chr. before Samuel. And he said, Neither hath the LORD chosen xxviii. 9. Ps. this. Then Jesse made Shammah to pass by. And he said, 9 20. & xvii. 10. Neither hath the Lord chosen this. Again, Jesse made seven 10 & xx. 12. of his sons to pass before Samuel. And Samuel said unto Jesse, The LORD hath not chosen these. And Samuel said 11 unto Jesse, Are here all thy children? And he said, There remaineth yet the youngest, and, behold, he keepeth the sheep. And Samuel said unto Jesse, f Send and fetch him: for we will

8. Ps. lxxviii. eyes.

not sit g down till he come hither. And he sent, and brought 12 g Heb. round, him in. Now he was ruddy, and withal h of a beautiful countenance, and goodly to look to. And the LORD said, Arise, anoint him: for this is he. Then Samuel took the horn of oil, 13 and anointed him in the midst of his brethren: and the Spirit of the LORD came upon David from that day forward. Samuel rose up, and went to Ramah.

§ 4. David overcomes Goliath.

1 SAMUEL XVII. VER. 1-40.

Now the Philistines gathered together their armies to battle, 1 and were gathered together at Shochoh, which belongeth to a Or, the coast Judah, and pitched between Shochoh and Azekah, in a Ephesof Dammim. dammim. And Saul and the men of Israel were gathered 2 b Heb. ranged together, and pitched by the valley of Elah, and b set the battle in array against the Philistines. And the Philistines stood on 3 a mountain on the one side, and Israel stood on a mountain on the other side: and there was a valley between them. And there went out a champion out of the camp of the 4

called Pas-

dammim.

d Or, gorget.

Philistines, named Goliath, of Gath, whose height was six cubits and a span. And he had an helmet of brass upon his 5 c Heb. cloth- head, and he was c armed with a coat of mail; and the weight of the coat was five thousand shekels of brass. And he had 6 greaves of brass upon his legs, and a d target of brass between his shoulders. And the staff of his spear was like a weaver's 7 beam; and his spear's head weighed six hundred shekels of iron: and one bearing a shield went before him. And he s stood and cried unto the armies of Israel, and said unto them, Why are ye come out to set your battle in array? am not I a Philistine, and ye servants to Saul? choose you a man for you, and let him come down to me. If he be able to fight with me, 9 and to kill me, then will we be your servants: but if I prevail against him, and kill him, then shall ve be our servants, and serve us. And the Philistine said, I defy the armies of Israel 10 this day; give me a man, that we may fight together. When 11 Saul and all Israel heard those words of the Philistine, they were dismayed, and greatly afraid.

Now David was e the son of that Ephrathite of Beth-lehem- 12 e ch. xvi. 1. judah, whose name was Jesse; and he had eight sons: and the

with the Philistines.

13 man went among men for an old man in the days of Saul. And A.C. 1063. the three eldest sons of Jesse went and followed Saul to the battle: and the names of his three sons that went to the battle were Eliab the firstborn, and next unto him Abinadab, and the 14 third Shammah. And David was the youngest: and the three 15 eldest followed Saul. But David went and returned from 16 Saul to feed his father's sheep at Beth-lehem. And the Philistine drew near morning and evening, and presented himself 17 forty days. And Jesse said unto David his son, Take now for thy brethren an ephan of this parched corn, and these ten 18 loaves, and run to the camp to thy brethren; and carry these ten f cheeses unto the g captain of their thousand, and look how f Heb. cheeses 19 thy brethren fare, and take their pledge. Now Saul, and they, of milk. and all the men of Israel, were in the valley of Elah, fighting lain of a thousand.

And David rose up early in the morning, and left the sheep with a keeper, and took, and went, as Jesse had commanded him; and he came to the h trench, as the host was going forth h or, place of 21 to the i fight, and shouted for the battle. For Israel and the the carriage. 5. Philistines had put the battle in array, army against army i Or, battle 22 And David left k his carriage in the hand of the keeper of the place of fight. carriage, and ran into the army, and came and saluted his k Heb. the vessels from 23 brethren. And as he talked with them, behold, there came up upon him. 1 Heb. asked the champion, the Philistine of Gath, Goliath by name, out of his brethren the armies of the Philistines, and spake according to the same Judg. xviii. 24 words: and David heard them. And all the men of Israel, 15. when they saw the man, fled in from him, and were sore afraid. in Heb. from 25 And the men of Israel said, Have ye seen this man that is his face. come up? surely to defy Israel is he come up: and it shall be, that the man who killeth him, the king will enrich him with great riches, and n will give him his daughter, and make his n Josh xv. 16.

26 father's house free in Israel. And David spake to the men that stood by him, saying, What shall be done to the man that killeth this Philistine, and taketh away the reproach from Israel? for who is this uncircumcised Philistine, that he should 27 defy the armies of the living God? And the people answered him after this manner, saying, So shall it be done to the man that killeth him.

And Eliab his eldest brother heard when he spake unto the men; and Eliab's anger was kindled against David, and he said, Why camest thou down hither? and with whom hast thou left those few sheep in the wilderness? I know thy pride, and the naughtiness of thine heart; for thou art come down that 29 thou mightest see the battle. And David said, What have I Is there not a cause?

And he turned from him toward another, and spake after the same o manner: and the people answered him again after the o Heb. word. And when the words were heard which 31 former manner.

p Heb. took for him.

A.C. 1063. David spake, they rehearsed them before Saul: and he p sent

And David said to Saul, Let no man's heart fail because of 32 him; thy servant will go and fight with this Philistine. And 33 Saul said to David, Thou art not able to go against this Philistine to fight with him: for thou art but a youth, and he a man of war from his youth. And David said unto Saul, Thy 34 servant kept his father's sheep, and there came a lion, and a bear, and took a q lamb out of the flock: and I went out after 35 him, and smote him, and delivered it out of his mouth: and when he arose against me, I caught him by his beard, and smote him, and slew him. Thy servant slew both the lion and 36 the bear: and this uncircumcised Philistine shall be as one of them, seeing he hath defied the armies of the living God. David 37 said moreover, The Lord that delivered me out of the paw of the lion, and out of the paw of the bear, he will deliver me out of the hand of this Philistine. And Saul said unto David, Go, and the Lord be with thee.

r Heb. clothed David with his clothes.

And Saul rarmed David with his armour, and he put an 38 helmet of brass upon his head; also he armed him with a coat of mail. And David girded his sword upon his armour, and he 39 assayed to go; for he had not proved it. And David said unto Saul, I cannot go with these; for I have not proved them. And David put them off him. And he took his staff in his 40 hand, and chose him five smooth stones out of the s brook, and t Heb. vessel. put them in a shepherd's t bag which he had, even in a scrip; and his sling was in his hand: and he drew near to the Philistine.

1 SAMUEL XVII. VER. 55, 56²⁶.

And when Saul saw David go forth against the Philistine, 55 he said unto Abner, the captain of the host, Abner, whose son

q Or, kid.

²⁶ Towards the conclusion of 1 Sam. xvi. we read that Saul sent messengers unto Jesse, saying, "Send David thy son." Pursuant to this order, David played on the harp before the king, when the evil spirit of melancholy was upon him. Saul loved him greatly, and he became his armour-bearer, and resided constantly at his court; for Saul sent a second message to Jesse: "Let David, I pray thee, stand before me; for he hath found favour in my sight." Yet in verse 55 of the next chapter, we read that Saul inquired of Abner, Whose son was the conqueror of Goliath? He speaks of him as an entire stranger; and Abner, to gratify the king's curiosity, introduces David to him after the combat, with the head of the Philistine in his hand. Bishops Warburton and Hall suppose that the encounter with Goliath took place before David was required to play the harp before Saul; and this solution of the difficulty is espoused by Bp. Horsley, whose arguments are so satisfactory, that I insert his own words. 'It appears, indeed, from many circumstances of the story, that David's combat with Goliath was many years prior in order of time to Saul's madness, and to David's introduction to him as a musician. 1st. David was quite a youth when he engaged Goliath, (verses 33. 42.); when he was introduced to Saul, as a musician, he was of full age, (chap. xvi. 18.) 2dly. His combat with Goliath was his first appearance in public life, (ver. 56), [בין און אור מעכם (chap. xv. 16.) 2 day. His combat with Goliath was his first appearance in public life, (ver. 56), [בין אור מעכם (ch. xvi. 18.) 3 dly. His combat with Goliath was his first military exploit, (verses 38, 39). He was a man of war when he was introduced as a musician, (ch. xvi. 18.) He was unknown both to Saul and Abner at the time when he fought Goliath. He had not, therefore, yet been in the office of Saul's armour-bearer, or resident in any capacity at the court. Now the just conclusion from these circumstances is, not that these twenty verses are an interpolation, but that the last ten verses of the preceding chapter, which

is this youth? And Abner said, As thy soul liveth, O king, I A.C. 1063. 56 cannot tell. And the king said, Enquire thou whose son the stripling is.

1 SAMUEL XVII. VER. 41-54.

And the Philistine came on and drew near unto David; and 42 the man that bare the shield went before him. And when the Philistine looked about, and saw David, he disdained him: for 43 he was but a youth, and ruddy, and of a fair countenance. And the Philistine said unto David, Am I a dog, that thou comest to me with staves? And the Philistine cursed David by his gods. 44 And the Philistine said to David, Come to me, and I will give thy flesh unto the fowls of the air, and to the beasts of the field. 45 Then said David to the Philistine, Thou comest to me with a sword, and with a spear, and with a shield: but I come to thee in the name of the LORD of hosts, the God of the armies of 46 Israel, whom thou hast defied. This day will the LORD deliver " thee into mine hand; and I will smite thee, and take thine u Heb. shut head from thee; and I will give the carcases of the host of the thee up. Philistines this day unto the fowls of the air, and to the wild beasts of the earth; that all the earth may know that there is a 47 God in Israel. And all this assembly shall know that the LORD saveth not with sword and spear: for the battle is the Lord's, 48 and he will give you into our hands. And it came to pass, when the Philistine arose, and came and drew nigh to meet David, that David hasted, and ran toward the army to meet the 49 Philistine. And David put his hand in his bag, and took thence a stone, and slang it, and smote the Philistine in his forehead, that the stone sunk into his forehead; and he fell 50 upon his face to the earth. So x David prevailed over the x Ecclus. Philistine with a sling and with a stone, and smote the Philis- 1 Mac. iv. 30. tine, and slew him; but there was no sword in the hand of 51 David. Therefore David ran, and stood upon the Philistine, and took his sword, and drew it out of the sheath thereof, and slew him, and cut off his head therewith. And when the 52 Philistines saw their champion was dead, they fled. And the men of Israel and of Judah arose, and shouted, and pursued the Philistines, until thou come to the valley, and to the gates of Ekron. And the wounded of the Philistines fell down by 53 the way to Shaaraim, even unto Gath, and unto Ekron. And the children of Israel returned from chasing after the Philis-54 tines, and they spoiled their tents. And David took the head of the Philistine, and brought it to Jerusalem; but he put his armour in his tent.

relate Saul's madness and David's introduction to the court upon that occasion, are misplaced. The true place for these ten verses seems to be between the 9th and the 10th of the eighteenth chapter. Let these ten verses be removed to that place, and this seventeenth chapter be connected immediately with the 13th verse of chapter xvi. and the whole disorder and inconsistency that appears in the narrative in its present arrangement will be removed.' Vol. i. p. 331.

1 SAMUEL XVII. VER. 57, 58.

A.C. 1063.

And as David returned from the slaughter of the Philistine, 57 Abner took him, and brought him before Saul with the head of the Philistine in his hand. And Saul said to him, Whose son 58 art thou, thou young man? And David answered, I am the son of thy servant Jesse the Beth-lehemite.

1 SAMUEL XVIII. VER. 1-4.

And it came to pass, when he had made an end of speaking 1 unto Saul, that the soul of Jonathan was knit with the soul of David, and Jonathan loved him as his own soul. And Saul 2 took him that day, and would let him go no more home to his father's house. Then Jonathan and David made a covenant, 3 because he loved him as his own soul. And Jonathan stripped 4 himself of the robe that was upon him, and gave it to David, and his garments, even to his sword, and to his bow, and to his girdle.

PSALM IX 27.

Written on the Victory over Goliath.

1 David praiseth God for executing of judgment. 11 He inciteth others to praise him.
13 He prayeth that he may have cause to praise him.

To the chief Musician upon Muth-labben, A Psalm of David.

I will praise thee, O Lord, with my whole heart; I will shew 1 forth all thy marvellous works.

I will be glad and rejoice in thee: I will sing praise to thy 2 name, O thou most High.

When mine enemies are turned back, they shall fall and 3 perish at thy presence.

a Heb. thou hast maintained my right and my cause; thou 4 hast made my satest in the throne judging b right.

bleb. in Thou hast rebuked the heathen, thou hast destroyed the 5 wicked, thou hast put out their name for ever and ever.

27 The ninth Psalm is inserted here on the authority of the Chaldee paraphrast. It is entitled, to the chief musician על-מות לבן, on Muth-labben. Lightfoot translates this phrase, "upon the death of the champion;" and Goliath, in the Authorized Version, (1 Sam. xvii. 4.) is called a " champion." The original, ריצא אישר הבנים ממהנות, signifies, "and there came out a man between the two camps :" or, as the margin of Arias Montanus' Bible reads, איא בין, stans inter duas acies. The Chaldee paraphrast accordingly interprets the words, על מות לבן, thus: "upon the death of the man that came out between the two armies:" (that is, on the death of the champion Goliath of Gath), על מירערא די נפק מביני משריתא. In D'Oyly and Mant's Bible three various authorities are quoted on the title of this Psalm; Bp. Horne, Dimock, and Dr. S. Clarke. Bp. Horne imagines it was composed to celebrate some victory; but what, is unknown. Dimock mentions the tradition, that Labben was the name of a prince or chief in the enemies' army: and Dr. S. Clarke supposes it to be the title of a tune. Dr. Gray places the Psalm among those composed by David after his accession. Calmet conjectures that it was written and sung by David on the occasion of removing the ark from the house of Obed edom to Mount Sion. Among these contending authorities, (if different conjectures, supported by great names, can be so called), I have preferred the decision of Lightfoot. With respect to the rest of the Psalms, I shall merely notice the authority which may have induced me to give them their respective places, without entering into a variety of criticisms and opinions.

^c O thou enemy, destructions are come to a perpetual end: A.C. 1063. and thou hast destroyed cities; their memorial is perished with cor, The

of the enemy

But the LORD shall endure for ever: he hath prepared his are come to a throne for judgment.

perpetual end: and

And d he shall judge the world in righteousness, he shall their cities hast thou deminister judgment to the people in uprightness.

& xxxvii. 39.

The Lord also will be a refuge for the oppressed, a refuge & xcviii. 9. in times of trouble.

> f Heb an high place.

And they that know thy name will put their trust in thee: & xivi. 1. for thou, Lord, hast not forsaken them that seek thee. Sing praises to the LORD, which dwelleth in Zion: declare

among the people his doings.

g When he maketh inquisition for blood, he remembereth g Gen. ix. 5. them: he forgetteth not the cry of the humble. h Or, afflicted.

Have mercy upon me, O Lord; consider my trouble which I suffer of them that hate me, thou that liftest me up from the gates of death:

That I may shew forth all thy praise in the gates of the daughter of Zion: I will rejoice in thy salvation.

i The heathen are sunk down in the pit that they made: in i Ps. vii. 16. the net which they hid is their own foot taken.

The Lord is known by the judgment which he executeth: the wicked is snared in the work of his own hands. k Higgaion. k That is, Meditation.

The wicked shall be turned into hell, and all the nations that forget God.

For the needy shall not alway be forgotten: the expectation of the poor shall *not* perish for ever.

Arise, O Lord; let not man prevail: let the heathen be judged in thy sight.

Put them in fear, () Lord: that the nations may know themselves to be but men. Selah.

§ 5. History of David till he flies from the Court of Saul. I SAMUEL XVIII. VER. 5-9.

And David went out whithersoever Saul sent him, and a behaved himself wisely: and Saul set him over the men of a or, proswar, and he was accepted in the sight of all the people, and 6 also in the sight of Saul's servants. And it came to pass as they came, when David was returned from the slaughter of the the saying c displeased him; and he said, They have ascribed of Heb. was evil in his unto David ten thousands, and to me they have ascribed but out

A.C. 1063. thousands: and what can he have more but the kingdom? And 9 Saul eyed David from that day and forward.

1 SAMUEL XVI. VER. 14, TO THE END.

1062.
f Or, terrified.

But the Spirit of the Lord departed from Saul, and an evil 14 spirit from the Lord ftroubled him. And Saul's servants said 15 unto him, Behold now, an evil spirit from God troubleth thee.

28 Let our lord now command thy servants, which are before 16. thee, to seek out a man, who is a cunning player on an harp: and it shall come to pass, when the evil spirit from God is upon thee, that he shall play with his hand, and thou shalt be well. And Saul said unto his servants, Provide me now a man that 17 can play well, and bring him to me. Then answered one of 18 the servants, and said, Behold, I have seen a son of Jesse the Beth-lehemite, that is cunning in playing, and a mighty valiant man, and a man of war, and prudent in g matters, and a comely person, and the Lord is with him.

Wherefore Saul sent messengers unto Jesse, and said, Send 19 me David thy son, which is with the sheep. And Jesse took 20 an ass laden with bread, and a bottle of wine, and a kid, and sent them by David his son unto Saul. And David came to 21 Saul, and stood before him: and he loved him greatly; and he became his armourbearer. And Saul sent to Jesse, saying, Let 22 David, I pray thee, stand before me; for he hath found favour in my sight. And it came to pass, when the evil spirit from 23 God was upon Saul, that David took an harp, and played with his hand: so Saul was refreshed, and was well, and the evil

spirit departed from him.

1 SAMUEL XVIII. VER. 10, TO THE END.

And it came to pass on the morrow, that the evil spirit from 10 God came upon Saul, and he prophesied in the midst of the house: and David played with his hand, as at other times: and there was a javelin in Saul's hand. And Saul cast the javelin; 11 for he said, I will smite David even to the wall with it. And David avoided out of his presence twice.

And Saul was afraid of David, because the Lord was with 12 him, and was departed from Saul. Therefore Saul removed 13 him from him, and made him his captain over a thousand; and he went out and came in before the people. And David he-14 haved himself wisely in all his ways; and the Lord was with him. Wherefore when Saul saw that he behaved himself very 15

h Or, prospered.

²⁸ In confirmation of Bishop Horsley's arrangement, (vide Note 26) it may be observed, that it is probable David might retire from court on discovering the jealousy excited in the mind of Saul after the songs and dances of the women; (1 Sam. xviii. 6,) he might have gone home to his father, and returned only to the court when the malady of his sovereign required his presence. The apparent capriciousness of Saul's conduct probably arose from the sudden returns of his disorder; and at other times from the suspicions he might entertain towards the anointed successor of his crown.

16 wisely, he was afraid of him. But all Israel and Judah loved A.C. 1062. David, because he went out and came in before them.

And Saul said to David, Behold my elder daughter Merab, her will I give thee to wife: only be thou i valiant for me, and i Heb. a son fight the LORD's battles. For Saul said, Let not mine hand be upon him, but let the hand of the Philistines be upon him. 18 And David said unto Saul, Who am I? and what is my life,

or my father's family in Israel, that I should be son in law to 19 the king? But it came to pass at the time when Merab Saul's

daughter should have been given to David, that she was given 20 unto Adriel the Meholathite to wife. And Michal Saul's daughter loved David: and they told Saul, and the thing

21 k pleased him. And Saul said, I will give him her, that she k Heb. was may be a snare to him, and that the hand of the Philistines may eyes. be against him. Wherefore Saul said to David, Thou shalt

this day be my son in law in the one of the twain.

And Saul commanded his servants, saying, Commune with David secretly, and say, Behold, the king hath delight in thee, and all his servants love thee: now therefore be the king's son 23 in law. And Saul's servants spake those words in the ears of David. And David said, Seemeth it to you a light thing to be a king's son in law, seeing that I am a poor man, and lightly 24 esteemed? And the servants of Saul told him, saying, On the cording to

25 this manner spake David. And Saul said, Thus shall ye say these words. to David, The king desireth not any dowry, but an hundred foreskins of the Philistines, to be avenged of the king's enemies. But Saul thought to make David fall by the hand of 26 the Philistines. And when his servants told David these words, it pleased David well to be the king's son in law: and the days

27 were not m expired. Wherefore David arose and went, he and m Heb. fulhis men, and slew of the Philistines two hundred men; and filed. David brought their foreskins, and they gave them in full tale to the king, that he might be the king's son in law. And Saul gave him Michal his daughter to wife.

And Saul saw and knew that the Lord was with David, 29 and that Michal Saul's daughter loved him. And Saul was yet the more afraid of David; and Saul became David's enemy 30 continually. Then the princes of the Philistines went forth: and it came to pass, after they went forth, that David behaved himself more wisely than all the servants of Saul; so that his name was much n set by.

n Heb.

1 SAMUEL XIX. VER. 1, 2, 3.

Jonathan discloseth his father's purpose to kill David.

And Saul spake to Jonathan his son, and to all his servants, 2 that they should kill David. But Jonathan Saul's son delighted much in David: and Jonathan told David, saying, Saul my father seeketh to kill thee: now therefore, I pray thee, take

A.C. 1062. heed to thyself until the morning, and abide in a secret place, and hide thyself: and I will go out and stand beside my father 3 in the field where thou art, and I will commune with my father of thee; and what I see, that I will tell thee.

PSALM XI 29.

1 David encourageth himself in God against his enemies. 4 The providence and justice of God.

To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

In the Lord put I my trust: how say ye to my soul, Flee 1 as a bird to your mountain?

For, lo, the wicked bend their bow, they make ready their 2 arrow upon the string, that they may oprivily shoot at the

darkness. upright in heart.

If the foundations be destroyed, what can the righteous do? p Hab. ii. 20. The LORD is in his holy temple, the LORD's throne is 4 in heaven: his eyes behold, his eyelids try, the children of

> The LORD trieth the righteous: but the wicked and him 5 that loveth violence his soul hateth.

q Or, quick burning coals. r Or, a burn. ing tempest.

o Heb. in

Upon the wicked he shall rain q snares, fire and brimstone, 6 and ran horrible tempest: this shall be the portion of their cup.

For the righteous Lord loveth righteousness; his counte- 7 nance doth behold the upright.

1 SAMUEL XIX. VER. 4-17. And Jonathan spake good of David unto Saul his father, 4

and said unto him, Let not the king sin against his servant, against David; because he hath not sinned against thee, and because his works have been to thee-ward very good: for he 5 s Judg.ix. 17. did put his s life in his hand, and slew the Philistine, and the LORD wrought a great salvation for all Israel: thou sawest it, Ps. cxix. 109. and didst rejoice: wherefore then wilt thou sin against innocent blood, to slay David without a cause? And Saul heark- 6 ened unto the voice of Jonathan: and Saul sware, As the Lond liveth, he shall not be slain. And Jonathan called David, 7 and Jonathan shewed him all those things. And Jonathan brought t Heb. yester- David to Saul, and he was in his presence, as t in times past.

day third day.

& xii. 3. ch.

xxviii. 21.

And there was war again: and David went out, and fought 8 with the Philistines, and slew them with a great slaughter; and thay fled from u him. And the evil spirit from the LORD was 9 upon Saul, as he sat in his house with his javelin in his hand: and David played with his hand. And Saul sought to smite 10 David even to the wall with the javelin; but he slipped away out of Saul's presence, and he smote the javelin into the wall:

u Heb. his face.

²⁹ This Psalm seems to have been composed by David, when, in order to avoid the evil designs of Saul, his friends advised him to flee to the mountainous parts of Judea. Edwards; Green; Calmet.

11 and David fled, and escaped that night. Saul also sent mes- A.C. 1062. sengers unto David's house, to watch him, and to slay him in the morning: and Michal David's wife 30 told him, saying, If thou save not thy life to night, to morrow thou shalt be slain.

So Michal let David down through a window: and he went, 13 and fled, and escaped. And Michal took an x image, and laid x Heb. tera-

it in the bed, and put a pillow of goats' hair for his bolster, 14 and covered it with a cloth. And when Saul sent messengers 15 to take David, she said, He is sick. And Saul sent the messengers again to see David, saying, Bring him up to me in the 16 bed, that I may slay him. And when the messengers were

come in, behold, there was an image in the bed, with a pillow 17 of goats' hair for his bolster. And Saul said unto Michal, Why hast thou deceived me so, and sent away mine enemy, that he is escaped? And Michal answered Saul, He said unto me, Let me go; why should I kill thee?

PSALM LIX 31.

- 1 David prayeth to be delivered from his enemies. 6 He complaineth of their cruelty. 8 He trusteth in God. 11 He prayeth against them. 16 He praiseth God.
- ¶ To the chief Musician, y Al-taschith, Michtam of David; z when Saul sent, and they y Or. Destroy not, A golden watched the house to kill him.
- Psalm of Deliver me from mine enemies, O my God: a defend me David. z 1 Sam. xix. from them that rise up against me.
- 2 Deliver me from the workers of iniquity, and save me from a Heb. set me bloody men.
- 3 For, lo, they lie in wait for my soul: the mighty are gathered against me; not for my transgression, nor for my sin, O Lord.
- 4 They run and prepare themselves without my fault: awake b to help me, and behold.

b Heb. to

Thou therefore, O LORD God of hosts, the God of Israel, awake to visit all the heathen: be not merciful to any wicked Selah. transgressors.

³⁰ The date of David's marriage with Michal is uncertain. Dr. Hales supposes that five years elapsed between his conquest of Goliath and his marriage; because that time appears to him requisite for the intervening events, and for the establishment of the popularity and character of David. The marriage and the victory over Goliath are supposed in the Bible Chronology to have occurred in the same year. It is probable, however, that it took place some time after the overthrow of the champion of Gath; as David, according to Bishop Horsley's supposition, returned home to his father, and was again invited to court, and made the armour-bearer of Saul. This was a post of confidence and affection; and while David continued in it, he greatly distinguished himself in war, and ingratiated himself with the people. The affections of Saul, however, soon changed; but the son of Jesse still continued firmly established in the hearts of the people. It was attempted, therefore, to remove him by stratagem. The king's daughter was offered him in marriage, on condition that he killed a certain number of the enemy. But this exposure to danger, instead of the desired effect, only served to increase his fame; and he became the son in law of Saul. It is not probable that all these events could have happened in one year; but still five are not required; for if so long a space was given to his residence at the court of Saul, we should too much abridge the time assigned to his wandering in the wilderness, in the hill country, &c. I have on these grounds, therefore, rejected the date given in the Bible Chronology, as well as that of Dr. Hales; and allowed three years from the victory over Goliath till the marriage, and flight, by means of Michal, from the court of Saul. Vide Hales' Anal. vol. ii. p. 351. 31 Psalm lix. is inserted here on the authority of Bishop Horne and Dr. Gray.

& xciv. 7.

observers.

They return at evening: they make a noise like a dog, and 6 A.C. 1061. go round about the city.

Behold, they belch out with their mouth: swords are in 7

c Ps. x. 11. & lxxiii. 11. their lips: for c who, say they, doth hear?

But thou, O Lord, shalt laugh at them; thou shalt have all 8 the heathen in derision.

Because of his strength will I wait upon thee: for God is 9

d Heb. my ^d my defence. high place.

The God of my mercy shall prevent me: God shall let me 10 see my desire upon e mine enemies. e Heb. mine

Slay them not, lest my people forget: scatter them by thy 11

power; and bring them down, O LORD our shield.

For the sin of their mouth and the words of their lips let 12 them even be taken in their pride: and for cursing and lying which they speak.

Consume them in wrath, consume them, that they may not be: 13 and let them know that God ruleth in Jacob unto the ends of the earth. Selah.

And at evening let them return; and let them make a noise 14 like a dog, and go round about the city.

f Heb. to eat. g Or, if they be not satisfied, then they will stay all

night.

Let them wander up and down for meat, g and grudge if 15 they be not satisfied.

But I will sing of thy power; yea, I will sing aloud of thy 16 mercy in the morning: for thou hast been my defence and refuge in the day of my trouble.

Unto thee, O my strength, will I sing: for God is my 17

defence, and the God of my mercy.

§ 6. David flies to Ramah.

1 SAMUEL XIX. VER. 18, TO THE END.

So David fled, and escaped, and came to Samuel to Ramah, 18 and told him all that Saul had done to him. And he and Samuel went and dwelt in Naioth. And it was told Saul, 19 saying, Behold, David is at Naioth in Ramah. And Saul sent 20 messengers to take David: and when they saw the company of the prophets prophesying, and Samuel standing as appointed over them, the Spirit of God was upon the messengers of Saul, and they also prophesied. And when it was told Saul, he sent 21 other messengers, and they prophesied likewise. And Saul sent messengers again the third time, and they prophesied also. Then went he also to Ramah, and came to a great well that is 22 in Sechu: and he asked and said, Where are Samuel and David? And one said, Behold, they be at Naioth in Ramah. And he went thither to Naioth in Ramah: and the Spirit 23 of God was upon him also, and he went on, and prophesied, until he came to Naioth in Ramah. And he stripped off his 24 clothes also, and prophesied before Samuel in like manner, and

a lay down naked all that day and all that night. Wherefore A.C. 1061. they say, b Is Saul also among the prophets? a Heb. fell. b ch. x. 11.

1 SAMUEL XX.

David consulteth with Jonathan for his safety.
 Jonathan and David renew their covenant by oath.
 Jonathan's token to David.
 Saul, missing David, seeketh to kill Jonathan.
 Jonathan lovingly taketh his leave of David.

32 And David fled from Naioth in Ramah, and came and said before Jonathan, What have I done? what is mine iniquity? and what is my sin before thy father, that he seeketh my life? 2 And he said unto him, God forbid; thou shalt not die: behold, my father will do nothing either great or small, but that he will c shew it me: and why should my father hide this thing c Heb. unco-

3 from me? it is not so. And David sware moreover, and said, Thy father certainly knoweth that I have found grace in thine eyes; and he saith, Let not Jonathan know this, lest he be grieved: but truly as the LORD liveth, and as thy soul liveth,

4 there is but a step between me and death. Then said Jonathan unto David, d Whatsoever thy soul e desireth, I will even do it dor, Say what is thu

5 for thee. And David said unto Jonathan, Behold, to morrow mind, and I is the new moon, and I should not fail to sit with the king at e Heb. speakmeat: but let me go, that I may hide myself in the field unto eth, or think-6 the third day at even. If thy father at all miss me, then say,

David earnestly asked leave of me that he might run to Bethlehem his city: for there is a yearly sacrifice there for all the for, feast. 7 family. If he say thus, It is well; thy servant shall have peace:

but if he be very wroth, then be sure that evil is determined by

8 him. Therefore thou shalt deal kindly with thy servant; for g thou hast brought thy servant into a covenant of the Lord gch. xviii. 3. with thee: notwithstanding, if there be in me iniquity, slay me

9 thyself; for why shouldest thou bring me to thy father? And Jonathan said, Far be it from thee: for if I knew certainly that evil were determined by my father to come upon thee, then 10 would not I tell it thee? Then said David to Jonathan, Who shall tell me? or what if thy father answer thee roughly?

And Jonathan said unto David, Come, and let us go out into the field. And they went out both of them into the field.

12 And Jonathan said unto David, O Lord God of Israel, when I have h sounded my father about to morrow any time, or the h Heb. third day, and, behold, if there be good toward David, and I i Heb. unco-13 then send not unto thee, and i shew it thee; the LORD do so ver thine ear.

³² Bishop Horsley is of opinion that Samuel died about this time, and that, at his death, David fled from Ramah; for in all his ensuing difficulties David consulted Ahimelech, and not Samuel, as he had been accustomed to do (ch. xxi.), or Gad (xxii. 5.), or Abiathar (xxxiii. 9. 12.). I have not, however, altered the Bible arrangement upon these conjectural reasons. Samuel was now ninety years of age. He might have been rendered by infirmity incapable of directing David. In addition to which, it must be remembered that, immediately on Samuel's death, we read that David fled to the wilderness. (1 Sam. xxv. 1.) The mere existence of Samuel, from the prophet's influence in the towns and cities of Israel, seems to have been a defence to David .- Horsley, Bib. Crit. in loc.

k Heb. cut.

l Or, by his love toward him.

m Heb. missed. n Or, dilicently.
o Heb. greatly. p Heb. in the day of the business. q Or, that sheweth the way.

: Heb. not any thing.

A.C. 1061. and much more to Jonathan: but if it please my father to do thee evil, then I will shew it thee, and send thee away, that thou mayest go in peace: and the Lord be with thee, as he hath been with my father. And thou shalt not only while yet 14 I live shew me the kindness of the Lord, that I die not: but 15 also thou shalt not cut off thy kindness from my house for ever: no, not when the LORD hath cut off the enemies of David every one from the face of the earth. So Jonathan k made a 16 covenant with the house of David, saying, Let the Lord even require it at the hand of David's enemies. And Jonathan 17 caused David to swear again, because he loved him: for he loved him as he loved his own soul. Then Jonathan said to 18 David, To morrow is the new moon: and thou shalt be missed, because thy seat will be m empty. And when thou hast stayed 19 three days, then thou shalt go down no quickly, and come to the place where thou didst hide thyself p when the business was in hand, and shalt remain by the stone q Ezel. And I will 20 shoot three arrows on the side thereof, as though I shot at a mark. And, behold, I will send a lad, saying, Go, find out the 21 arrows. If I expressly say unto the lad, Behold, the arrows are on this side of thee, take them; then come thou: for there is peace to thee, and rno hurt; as the Lord liveth. But if I 22 say thus unto the young man, Behold, the arrows are beyond thee; go thy way: for the LORD hath sent thee away. And 23 as touching the matter which thou and I have spoken of, behold, the Lord be between thee and me for ever.

> So David hid himself in the field: and when the new moon 24 was come, the king sat him down to eat meat. And the king sat 25 upon his seat, as at other times, even upon a seat by the wall: and Jonathan arose, and Abner sat by Saul's side, and David's place was empty. Nevertheless Saul spake not any thing that 26 day: for he thought, Something hath befallen him, he is not clean; surely he is not clean. And it came to pass on the 27 morrow, which was the second day of the month, that David's place was empty: and Saul said unto Jonathan his son, Wherefore cometh not the son of Jesse to meat, neither yesterday, nor to day? And Jonathan answered Saul, David earnestly 28 asked leave of me to go to Beth-lehem: and he said, Let me 29 go, I pray thee; for our family hath a sacrifice in the city; and my brother, he hath commanded me to be there: and now, if I have found favour in thine eyes, let me get away, I pray thee, and see my brethren. Therefore he cometh not unto the king's table. Then Saul's anger was kindled against Jonathan, 30 and he said unto him, st Thou son of the perverse rebellious woman, do not I know that thou hast chosen the son of Jesse to thine own confusion, and unto the confusion of thy mother's nakedness? For as long as the son of Jesse liveth upon the 31 ground, thou shalt not be established, nor thy kingdom.

s Or, Thou perverse rebel. t Heb. Son of perverse rebellion.

Wherefore now send and fetch him unto me, for he u shall A.C. 1061. 32 surely die. And Jonathan answered Saul his father, and u Heb is the said unto him, Wherefore shall he be slain? what hath he son of death.

And Saul cast a javelin at him to smite him: whereby Jonathan knew that it was determined of his father

- 34 to slay David. So Jonathan arose from the table in fierce anger, and did eat no meat the second day of the month: for he was grieved for David, because his father had done him shame.
- And it came to pass in the morning, that Jonathan went out into the field at the time appointed with David, and a 36 little lad with him. And he said unto his lad, Run, find out now the arrows which I shoot. And as the lad ran, he shot an 37 arrow x beyond him. And when the lad was come to the place x Heb. to pass of the arrow which Jonathan had shot, Jonathan cried after the over him.

38 lad, and said, Is not the arrow beyond thee? And Jonathan cried after the lad, Make speed, haste, stay not. And Jonathan's lad gathered up the arrows, and came to his master.

39 But the lad knew not any thing: only Jonathan and David 40 knew the matter. And Jonathan gave his y artillery unto z his y Heb. in-

lad, and said unto him, Go, carry them to the city.

And as soon as the lad was gone, David arose out of a place was his. toward the south, and fell on his face to the ground, and bowed himself three times: and they kissed one another, and wept 42 one with another, until David exceeded. And Jonathan said to David, Go in peace, a forasmuch as we have sworn both a Or, the of us in the name of the LORD, saying, The LORD be witness of between me and thee, and between my seed and thy seed that which, for ever. And he arose and departed: and Jonathan went into the city.

§ 7. David flies to Nob to Ahimelech. 1 SAMUEL XXI. VER. 1-9.

Then came David to Nob to a Ahimelech the priest: and 1060. Ahimelech was afraid at the meeting of David, and said unto a ch. xiv. 3. 2 him, Why art thou alone, and no man with thee? And David Called also Abiathar, said unto Ahimelech the priest, The king hath commanded me Mark ii. 26. a business, and hath said unto me, Let no man know any thing of the business whereabout I send thee, and what I have commanded thee: and I have appointed my servants to such and 3 such a place. Now therefore what is under thine hand? give me five loaves of bread in mine hand, or what there is b present. b Heb found.

4 And the priest answered David, and said, There is no common bread under mine hand, but there is challowed bread; if the cEx. xxv.30.

5 young men have kept themselves at least from women. And Lev. xxiv. 5. Matt. xii. 4. David answered the priest, and said unto him, Of a truth women have been kept from us about these three days, since I came out, and the vessels of the young men are holy, and the

ly when this day there is other sancti fled in the vessel.

A.C. 1060. bread is in a manner common, dyea, though it were sanctified dor, especial this day in the vessel. So the priest gave him hallowed bread: 6 for there was no bread there but the shewbread, that was taken from before the LORD, to put hot bread in the day when it was taken away. Now a certain man of the servants of Saul was 7 there that day, detained before the LORD; and his name was Doeg, an Edomite, the chiefest of the herdmen that belonged to Saul.

And David said unto Ahimelech, And is there not here 8 under thine hand spear or sword? for I have neither brought my sword nor my weapons with me, because the king's business required haste. And the priest said, The sword of 9 ech. xvii. 2. Goliath the Philistine, whom thou slewest in ethe valley of Elah, behold, it is here wrapped in a cloth behind the ephod: if thou wilt take that, take it: for there is no other save that here. And David said, There is none like that: give it me.

§ 8. David flies to Achish King of Gath.

1 SAMUEL XXI. VER. 10, TO THE END. And David arose, and fled that day for fear of Saul, and 10

a Or, Abime- went to a Achish the king of Gath. And the servants of Achish 11 tech, Ps. xxxiv. title. said unto him, Is not this David the king of the land? did they b ch. xviii. 7. not sing one to another of him in dances, saying, b Saul hath Ecclus. xlvii. slain his thousands, and David his ten thousands? And David 12 laid up these words in his heart, and was sore afraid of Achish the king of Gath. And he changed his behaviour before them, 13 and feigned himself mad in their hands, and c scrabbled on the doors of the gate, and let his spittle fall down upon his beard. d Or, playeth Then said Achish unto his servants, Lo, ye see the man d is 14 mad: wherefore then have ye brought him to me? Have I 15 need of mad men, that ye have brought this fellow to play the mad man in my presence? shall this fellow come into my

c Or, made the mad man.

house?

marks.

PSALM LVI 33.

1 David, praying to God in confidence of his word, complaineth of his enemies. 9 He professeth his confidence in God's word, and promiseth to praise him.

e Or, a golden ¶ To the chief Musician upon Jonath-elem-rechokim, e Michtam of David, when the Psalm of Daf Philistines took him in Gath.

vid. f 1 Sam. Be merciful unto me, O God: for man would swallow me 1 xxi. 11. up; he fighting daily oppresseth me.

³³ Calmet, Gray, and Wells, assign the date of these Psalms to the persecution of David by Saul. The titles prefixed to them in the Hebrew text, though they do not form a part of the Psalm, and may possibly be spurious, are undoubtedly very ancient, and may be considered a better authority for the insertion of the Psalms in their respective places, than the conjectures of later authors, Psalms lvi. and xxxiv. are therefore inserted in this Section on the authority of Lightfoot, and their titles. The title of the xxxivth Psalm informs us that it was composed when David was sent away by Abimelech, on his feigning himself mad. (1 Sam. xxi. 13.) But we read that the

2 Mine enemies would daily swallow me up: for they be many A.C. 1060. that fight against me, O thou most high.

2 What time I are affected I will truck in these

What time I am afraid, I will trust in thee.

- 4 In God I will praise his word, in God I have put my trust; I will not fear what flesh can do unto me.
- 5 Every day they wrest my words: all their thoughts are against me for evil.

They gather themselves together, they hide themselves, they

mark my steps, when they wait for my soul.

7 Shall they escape by iniquity? in thine anger cast down the people, O God.

Thou tellest my wanderings: put thou my tears into thy

bottle: are they not in thy book?

- 9 When I cry unto thee, then shall mine enemies turn back: this I know; for God is for me.
- 10 In God will I praise his word: in the LORD will I praise his word.
- In God have I put my trust: I will not be afraid what man can do unto me.
- 12 Thy vows are upon me, O God: I will render praises unto thee.
- 13 For thou hast delivered my soul from death: wilt not thou deliver my feet from falling, that I may walk before God in the light of the living?

PSALM XXXIV.

- 1 David praiseth God, and exhorteth others thereto by his experience. 8 They are blessed that trust in God. 11 He exhorteth to the fear of God. 15 The privileges of the righteous.
- ¶ A Psalm of David, when he changed his behaviour before h Abimelech; who drove h Or, Achish, him away, and he departed.

 1 Sam. xxi.
 13.
 - I will bless the LORD at all times: his praise shall continually be in my mouth.
 - 2 My soul shall make her boast in the Lord: the humble shall hear thereof, and be glad.
 - 3 O magnify the Lord with me, and let us exalt his name together.
 - 4 I sought the LORD, and he heard me, and delivered me from all my fears.

king of Gath was called Achish; Dr. Kennicott therefore supposes that Abimelech was the common title of the kings of Gath, in the same way as Pharaoh was of the kings of Egypt; and that Achish was only his individual name. That David was an inspired prophet, is evident from the prediction contained in the twentieth and twenty-first verses, that not a bone of Him (the Messiah) shall be broken. The pious Jews were continually looking forward to the Messiah; and they must have been as well aware of the meaning of these passages in the writings of those who were from time to time endued with the spirit of prophecy, as we ourselves are of the meaning of many of the predictions in the book of the Apocalypse. That is, their faith was kept in exercise by the glimpses given them of the future, though they could not entirely comprehend the precise signification of every figurative expression. Their faith, like ours, "was the substance of things not seen;" and "they walked by faith, and not by sight."

i Or, They flowed unto

¹ They looked unto him, and were lightened: and their faces 5 were not ashamed.

This poor man cried, and the LORD heard him, and saved 6 him out of all his troubles.

The angel of the Lord encampeth round about them that 7 fear him, and delivereth them.

O taste and see that the LORD is good: blessed is the man 8 that trusteth in him.

O fear the Lord, ye his saints: for there is no want to them 9 that fear him.

The young lions do lack, and suffer hunger: but they that 10

seek the Lord shall not want any good thing.

Come, ye children, hearken unto me: I will teach you the 11 fear of the Lord.

k 1 Pet. iii. 10.

k What man is he that desireth life, and loveth many days, 12 that he may see good?

Keep thy tongue from evil, and thy lips from speaking 13 guile.

Depart from evil, and do good; seek peace, and pursue it. 14

1 Job xxxi.
7. Ps. xxxiii.
18. 1 Pet. iii. are open unto their cry.

The face of the Lord is against them that do evil, to cut off 16 the remembrance of them from the earth.

The righteous cry, and the LORD heareth, and delivereth them 17 out of all their troubles.

m Heb. to the broken of heart. n Heb. contrite of spirit.

a Or, A Psalm

of David,

giving in-

The Lord is nigh m unto them that are of a broken heart; 18 and saveth n such as be of a contrite spirit.

Many are the afflictions of the righteous: but the LORD 19 delivereth him out of them all.

He keepeth all his bones: not one of them is broken.

Evil shall slay the wicked: and they that hate the righteous 21 o Or, shall be o shall be desolate.

The LORD redeemeth the soul of his servants: and none of 22 them that trust in him shall be desolate.

§ 9. David flies to the Cave of Adullam.

1 SAMUEL XXII. PART OF VER. 1.

David therefore departed thence, and escaped to the cave 1 Adullam.

PSALM CXLII 34.

David sheweth that in his trouble all his comfort was in prayer unto God.

¶ a Maschil of David; A Prayer when he was in the cave.

I cried unto the LORD with my voice; with my voice unto 1 the LORD did I make my supplication.

I poured out my complaint before him; I shewed before him 2 my trouble.

³⁴ Psalm cxlii. is inserted here on the joint authority of the Hebrew title, Lightfoot, and Travell.

3 When my spirit was overwhelmed within me, then thou A.C. 1060. knewest my path. In the way wherein I walked have they privily laid a snare for me.

b I looked on my right hand, and beheld, but there was no man b Or, Look on the right hand that would know me: refuge c failed me; d no man cared for and see.

after my soul.

ony soul.

I cried unto thee, O LORD: I said, Thou art my refuge and d Heb. no man sought

my portion in the land of the living.

Attend unto my cry; for I am brought very low: deliver me

from my persecutors; for they are stronger than I.

Bring my soul out of prison, that I may praise thy name: the righteous shall compass me about; for thou shalt deal bountifully with me.

1 SAMUEL XXII. PART OF VER. 1 & 2.

And when his brethren and all his father's house heard it. 2 they went down thither to him. And every one that was in distress, and every one that e was in debt, and every one that e Heb. had a was f discontented, gathered themselves unto him; and he freditor. became a captain over them: and there were with him about of soul. four hundred men.

1 CHRONICLES XII. VER. 8-18.

And of the Gadites there separated themselves unto David into the hold to the wilderness men of might, and men g of war g Heb. of the fit for the battle, that could handle shield and buckler, whose host. faces were like the faces of lions, and were has swift as the roes h Heb. as the 9 upon the mountains; Ezer the first, Obadiah the second, Eliab mountains to 10, 11 the third, Mishmannah the fourth, Jeremiah the fifth, Attai make haste. 12 the sixth, Eliel the seventh, Johanan the eighth, Elzabad the 13, 14 ninth, Jeremiah the tenth, Machbanai the eleventh. These

were of the sons of Gad, captains of the host: i one of the least i Or, one that 15 was over an hundred, and the greatest over a thousand. These could resist are they that went over Jordan in the first month, when it had an hundred, and the greatver overflown all his 1 banks; and they put to flight all them of the est a thou-

16 valleys, both toward the east, and toward the west. And there k Heb. filled came of the children of Benjamin and Judah to the hold unto over.

David. And David went out m to meet them, and answered 15.

m Heb. before and said unto them, If ye be come peaceably unto me to help them. me, mine heart shall " be knit unto you: but if ye be come to "Heb. beone. betray me to mine enemies, seeing there is no o wrong in mine o Or, violence. hands, the God of our fathers look thereon, and rebuke it.

18 Then the p spirit came upon Amasai, who was chief of the cap- p Heb. the tains, and he said, Thine are we, David, and on thy side, thou son of Jesse: peace, peace be unto thee, and peace be to thine helpers; for thy God helpeth thee. Then David received them, and made them captains of the band.

VOL. I.

2 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 13-17 35.

A.C. 1060. captains over the thirty.

And p three of the thirty chief went down, and came to 13 p Or, the three David in the harvest time unto the cave of Adullam: and the troop of the Philistines pitched in the valley of Rephaim. And David was then in an hold, and the garrison of the Phi-14 listines was then in Beth-lehem. And David longed, and said, 15 Oh that one would give me drink of the water of the well of Beth-lehem, which is by the gate! And the three mighty 16 men brake through the host of the Philistines, and drew water out of the well of Beth-lehem, that was by the gate, and took it, and brought it to David: nevertheless he would not drink thereof, but poured it out unto the LORD. And he said, Be 17 it far from me, O LORD, that I should do this: is not this the blood of the men that went in jeopardy of their lives? therefore he would not drink it. These things did these three mighty men.

1 CHRONICLES XI. VER. 15-19 36.

q Or, three captains over the thirty. r 2 Sam. xxiii. 13.

Now 9 three of the thirty captains went down to the rock to David, into the cave 15 of Adullam; and the host of the Philistines encamped r in the valley of Rephaim. And David was then in the hold, and the Philistines' garrison was then at Beth- 16 lehem. And David longed, and said, Oh that one would give me drink of the water 17 of the well of Beth-lehem, that is at the gate! And the three brake through the 18 host of the Philistines, and drew water out of the well of Beth-lehem, that was by the gate, and took it, and brought it to David: but David would not drink of it, but poured it out to the LORD, and said, My God forbid it me, that I should do this 19 thing: shall I drink the blood of these men s that have put their lives in jeopardy? for with the jeopardy of their lives they brought it. Therefore he would not drink it. These things did these three mightiest.

s Heb. with their lives.

§ 10. David at Mizpeh.

1 SAMUEL XXII. VER. 3-19.

And David went thence to Mizpeh of Moab: and he said 3 unto the king of Moab, Let my father and my mother, I pray thee, come forth, and be with you, till I know what God will do for me. And he brought them before the king of Moab: 4 and they dwelt with him all the while that David was in the

And the prophet Gad said unto David, Abide not in the 5 hold; depart, and get thee into the land of Judah. David departed, and came into the forest of Hareth.

When Saul heard that David was discovered, and the men 6 a Or, grove in that were with him, (now Saul abode in Gibeah under a a tree a high place.

36 This is the first parallel passage which occurs. Parallel passages will be placed at the end of the respective Parts, or Sections, to which they belong.

³⁵ Several passages of the first book of Chronicles, and the second book of Samuel, relate the same events, and repeat the same catalogues of illustrious men, in nearly the same words through-The apparent discrepancies are beautifully reconciled by Kennicott, in his Dissertation on the state of the Hebrew text, by comparing the Hebrew of both passages with the Septuagint. Compare the passage at the end of this Section, (1 Chron. xi. 15-19.) with the parallel passage, (2 Sam. xxiii. 13-17.) and refer to both in Kennicott's Dissert. vol. i. p. 252, 253.

in Ramah, having his spear in his hand, and all his servants A.C. 1060. 7 were standing about him;) then Saul said unto his servants that stood about him, Hear now, ye Benjamites; will the son of Jesse give every one of you fields and vineyards, and make 8 you all captains of thousands, and captains of hundreds; that all of you have conspired against me, and there is none that b sheweth me that my son hath made a league with the son of b Heb. unco-Jesse, and there is none of you that is sorry for me, or sheweth ear. unto me that my son hath stirred up my servant against me, to lie in wait, as at this day?

and all thy father's house.

Then answered Doeg the Edomite, which was set over the servants of Saul, and said, I saw the son of Jesse coming to 10 Nob, to Ahimelech the son of Ahitub. And he enquired of the LORD for him, and gave him victuals, and gave him the 11 sword of Goliath the Philistine. Then the king sent to call Ahimelech the priest, the son of Ahitub, and all his father's house, the priests that were in Nob: and they came all of them 12 to the king. And Saul said, Hear now, thou son of Ahitub. 13 And he answered, c Here I am, my lord. And Saul said unto c Heb. Behim, Why have ye conspired against me, thou and the son of Jesse, in that thou hast given him bread, and a sword, and hast enquired of God for him, that he should rise against me, 14 to lie in wait, as at this day? Then Ahimelech answered the king, and said, And who is so faithful among all thy servants as David, which is the king's son in law, and goeth at thy bid-15 ding, and is honourable in thine house? Did I then begin to enquire of God for him? be it far from me: let not the king impute any thing unto his servant, nor to all the house of my father: for thy servant knew nothing of all this, dless or more. d Heb. little or great.

And the king said unto the effootmen that stood about him, e Or. guard. Turn, and slay the priests of the LORD; because their hand ners. also is with David, and because they knew when he fled, and did not shew it to me. But the servants of the king would not 18 put forth their hand to fall upon the priests of the LORD. And the king said to Doeg, Turn thou, and fall upon the priests. And Doeg the Edomite turned, and he fell upon the priests, and slew on that day fourscore and five persons that did wear 19 a linen ephod 37. And Nob, the city of the priests, smote he

16 And the king said, Thou shalt surely die, Ahimelech, thou,

³⁷ In the second and third chapters of the 1st of Samuel we read the prediction of the total ruin of Eli's house. Saul, in the blindness of his fury, orders eighty-five priests of the house of Eli with their families, and Ahimelech the high priest with his family, to be slain. This is another specimen of the way in which men pursue their own schemes, whether of good or evil, and of the manner in which they are overruled to the accomplishment of the prophecies and purposes of God. The reflecting part of the Jewish nation must have observed this fulfilment of one part of the prophecies, and inferred from it the eventual accomplishment of the rest. The same observation will apply to many events in the subsequent history. Vide a large collection of the prophecies, with their fulfilment, in Allix's Reflections on the Books of Scripture.

A.C. 1060. with the edge of the sword, both men and women, children and sucklings, and oxen, and asses, and sheep, with the edge of the sword.

PSALM LII.38

1 David, condemning the spitefulness of Doeg, prophesieth his destruction. 6 The righteous shall rejoice at it. 8 David, upon his confidence in God's mercy, giveth thanks.

g 1 Sam. xxii. 9. ¶ To the chief Musician, Maschil, A Psalm of David, 8 when Doeg the Edomite came and told Saul, and said unto him, David is come to the house of Ahimelech.

Why boastest thou thyself in mischief, O mighty man? the 1 goodness of God endureth continually.

Thy tongue deviseth mischiefs; like a sharp razor, working 2

deceitfully.

Thou lovest evil more than good; and lying rather than to 3 speak righteousness. Selah.

h Or, and the deceitful tongue.
i Heb. heat thee down.

Thou lovest all devouring words, h O thou deceitful tongue. 4
God shall likewise i destroy thee for ever, he shall take thee 5

away, and pluck thee out of thy dwelling place, and root thee out of the land of the living. Selah.

The righteous also shall see, and fear, and shall laugh at 6 him:

Lo, this is the man that made not God his strength; but 7 trusted in the abundance of his riches, and strengthened himself in his wickedness.

k Or, subslance.

But I am like a green olive tree in the house of God: I trust 8 in the mercy of God for ever and ever.

I will praise thee for ever, because thou hast done it: and I 9 will wait on thy name; for it is good before thy saints.

PSALM CIX.

1 David, complaining of his slanderous enemies, under the person of Judas devoteth them. 16 He sheweth their sin. 21 Complaining of his own misery, he prayeth for help. 29 He promiseth thankfulness.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

Hold not thy peace, O God of my praise;

1 Heb. mouth
of deceit.

Hold not thy peace, O God of my praise;

For the mouth of the wicked and the 1 mouth of the deceitful 2

38 Psalm lii. is here inserted on the joint authorities of its title, Lightfoot, Calmet, and Travell.

Psalm cix. On the authority of Archdeacon Randolph, who observes that it was probable that Doeg the Edomite was particularly alluded to in this Psalm; as he had slain the priests, and endeavoured to destroy him whom God had appointed to be king over Israel.—It is prophetic: and is applied by St. Paul to Judas.

Psalm xvii. Was composed, as Calmet remarks, during Saul's bitterest persecution of David; which was certainly when the inhuman murder of the priests was committed. Vide Horne's Crit

Int. vol. ii. p. 159.

Psalm cxl. is referred to this period by Dr. Hammond.

Psalm xxxv. This Psalm, from its contents, seems to have been composed by David when he was persecuted by Saul; and falsely accused by Doeg, and others.—Edwards.

Psalm lxiv. This Psalm was most probably composed by David, when he was persecuted by Saul and his associates.—Edwards.

m are opened against me: they have spoken against me with a A.C. 1060. lying tongue.

They compassed me about also with words of hatred; and opened themselves. fought against me without a cause.

For my love they are my adversaries: but I give myself unto prayer.

And they have rewarded me evil for good, and hatred for my love.

Set thou a wicked man over him: and let n Satan stand at n Or, an adhis right hand.

When he shall be judged, let him o be condemned: and let o Heb. go out his prayer become sin. wicked. p Acts i. 20. q Or, charge.

Let his days be few; and p let another take his q office.

Let his children be fatherless, and his wife a widow.

Let his children be continually vagabonds, and beg: let them seek their bread also out of their desolate places.

Let the extortioner catch all that he hath; and let the strangers spoil his labour.

Let there be none to extend mercy unto him: neither let there be any to favour his fatherless children.

Let his posterity be cut off; and in the generation following let their name be blotted out.

Let the iniquity of his fathers be remembered with the Lord; and let not the sin of his mother be blotted out.

Let them be before the LORD continually, that he may cut off the memory of them from the earth.

Because that he remembered not to shew mercy, but persecuted the poor and needy man, that he might even slay the broken in heart.

As he loved cursing, so let it come unto him: as he delighted not in blessing, so let it be far from him.

As he clothed himself with cursing like as with his garment, so let it come rinto his bowels like water, and like oil into his r Heb. within bones.

Let it be unto him as the garment which covereth him, and for a girdle wherewith he is girded continually.

Let this be the reward of mine adversaries from the LORD, and of them that speak evil against my soul.

But do thou for me, O God the Lord, for thy name's sake: because thy mercy is good, deliver thou me.

22 For I am poor and needy, and my heart is wounded within

I am gone like the shadow when it declineth: I am tossed up and down as the locust.

My knees are weak through fasting; and my flesh faileth of fatness.

I became also a reproach unto them: when they looked upon me they shaked their heads.

A.C. 1060.

Help me, O Lord my God: O save me according to thy 26 mercy:

That they may know that this is thy hand; that thou, LORD, 27 hast done it.

Let them curse, but bless thou: when they arise, let them 28 be ashamed; but let thy servant rejoice.

Let mine adversaries be clothed with shame, and let them 29 cover themselves with their own confusion, as with a mantle.

I will greatly praise the Lord with my mouth; yea, I will 30 praise him among the multitude.

For he shall stand at the right hand of the poor, to save him 31 ⁸ from those that condemn his soul.

s Heb from the judges of his soul.

PSALM XVII.

¶ A Prayer of David.

t Heb. justice. out lips of deceit.

Hear the right, O Lord, attend unto my cry, give ear unto 1 u Heb. with- my prayer, that goeth u not out of feigned lips.

Let my sentence come forth from thy presence; let thine 2

eves behold the things that are equal.

Thou hast proved mine heart; thou hast visited me in the 3 night; thou hast tried me, and shalt find nothing; I am purposed that my mouth shall not transgress.

Concerning the works of men, by the word of thy lips I have 4

kept me from the paths of the destroyer.

x Heb. be not moved.

Hold up my goings in thy paths, that my footsteps x slip 5 not.

I have called upon thee, for thou wilt hear me, O God: 6 y Or, that

incline thine ear unto me, and hear my speech. Shew thy marvellous lovingkindness, O thou y that savest by 7

thy right hand them which put their trust in thee from those that rise up against them.

Keep me as the apple of the eye, hide me under the shadow 8 of thy wings,

From the wicked that oppress me, from my deadly enemies, 9

who compass me about.

They are enclosed in their own fat: with their mouth they 10 speak proudly.

They have now compassed us in our steps: they have set 11

their eyes bowing down to the earth;

b Like as a lion that is greedy of his prey, and as it were a 12 young lion clurking in secret places.

Arise, O Lord, disappoint him, cast him down: deliver 13

my soul from the wicked, e which is thy sword:

From men which are thy hand, O LORD, from men of the 14 world, which have their portion in this life, and whose belly thou fillest with thy hid treasure: g they are full of children, and leave the rest of their substance to their babes.

savest them which trust in thee from those that rise up against thy right hand. z Heb. that waste me. a Heb. my enemies against the soul. b Heb. The likeness of him (that is, of every one of them) is as a lion that

desireth to ravin. c Heb. sitting. d Heb. prevent his face. e Or, by thy sword. f Or, From men by thine hand. g Or, their children are full.

As for me, I will behold thy face in righteousness: I shall A.C. 1060. be satisfied, when I awake, with thy likeness.

PSALM CXL.

1 David prayeth to be delivered from Saul and Doeg. 8 He prayeth against them.
12 He comforteth himself by confidence in God.

¶ To the chief Musician. A Psalm of David.

1 Deliver me, O LORD, from the evil man: preserve me from the h violent man;

h Heb. man

Which imagine mischiefs in *their* heart; continually are they gathered together *for* war.

They have sharpened their tongues like a serpent; i adders' i Ps. 1viii. 4.

poison is under their lips. Selah.

Keep me, O LORD, from the hands of the wicked; preserve me from the violent man; who hath purposed to overthrow my goings.

The proud have laid a snare for me, and cords; they have spread a net by the wayside; they have set gins for me.

Selah.

6 I said unto the LORD, Thou art my God: hear the voice of my supplications, O LORD.

O God the LORD, the strength of my salvation, thou hast

covered my head in the day of battle.

8 Grant not, O LORD, the desires of the wicked: further not his wicked devices; i lest they exalt themselves. Selah.

t his wicked devices; i lest they exalt themselves. Selah. i Or, let them As for the head of those that compass me about, let the mis-ed.

chief of their own lips cover them.

Let burning coals fall upon them: let them be cast into the fire; into deep pits, that they rise not up again.

1 Let not an k1 evil speaker be established in the earth: evil k Heb. a man of longue.

shall hunt the violent man to overthrow him.

1 Or, an evi.

1 I know that the Lord will maintain the cause of the afflicted, speaker, a wicked man and the right of the poor.

Surely the righteous shall give thanks unto thy name: the the earli: let him be hunted to his over-

of tongue.
1 Or, an evit
d, speaker, a
wicked man
of violence, be
established in
the earth: let
him be hunted
to his over-

PSALM XXXV.

1 David prayeth for his own safety, and his enemies' confusion. 11 He complaineth of their wrongful dealing. 22 Thereby he inciteth God against them.

¶ A Psalm of David.

Plead my cause, O Lord, with them that strive with me: fight against them that fight against me.

Take hold of shield and buckler, and stand up for mine

help.

Draw out also the spear, and stop the way against them that

persecute me: say unto my soul, I am thy salvation.

m Let them be confounded and put to shame that seek after m Ps. xl. 15. my soul: let them be turned back and brought to confusion that & lxx. 3. devise my hurt.

A.C. 1060. ⁿ Let them be as chaff before the wind: and let the angel of 5 n Job. xxi.18. the LORD chase them.

Ps. i. 4. Is. xxix. 5. Hos. xiii. 3. o Heb. darkness and slip-

Let their way be odark and slippery: and let the angel of 6 the Lord persecute them.

For without cause have they hid for me their net in a pit, 7 which without cause they have digged for my soul.

p Heb. which he knoweth not of.

q Heb. Wit-

wrong. r Heb. they

nesses of

asked me. s Heb. de-

priving.

periness.

Let destruction come upon him pat unawares; and let his 8 net that he hath hid catch himself: into that very destruction let him fall.

And my soul shall be joyful in the LORD: it shall rejoice in 9 his salvation.

All my bones shall say, LORD, who is like unto thee, which 10 deliverest the poor from him that is too strong for him, yea, the poor and the needy from him that spoileth him?

^q False witnesses did rise up; ^r they laid to my charge things 11 that I knew not.

They rewarded me evil for good to the spoiling of my soul. 12 But as for me, when they were sick, my clothing was sack- 13 t Or, afflicted. cloth: I thumbled my soul with fasting; and my prayer returned into mine own bosom.

u Heb. walked. x Heb. as a friend, as a brother.

ıng.

z Heb. my only one. a Ps. xl. 9,

I behaved myself *as though he had been my friend or 14 brother: I bowed down heavily, as one that mourneth for his mother.

y Heb. halt-

But in mine y adversity they rejoiced, and gathered them- 15 selves together: yea, the abjects gathered themselves together against me, and I knew it not; they did tear me, and ceased not.

With hypocritical mockers in feasts, they gnashed upon me 16 with their teeth.

LORD, how long wilt thou look on? rescue my soul from 17

their destructions, my z darling from the lions. ^a I will give thee thanks in the great congregation: I will 18

b Heb. strong, praise thee among b much people. c Heb.falsely.

Let not them that are mine enemies 'wrongfully rejoice over 19 me: neither let them wink with the eye that hate me without a cause.

For they speak not peace: but they devise deceitful matters 20 against them that are quiet in the land.

Yea, they opened their mouth wide against me, and said, 21 Aha, aha, our eye hath seen it.

This thou hast seen, O LORD: keep not silence: O LORD, 22 be not far from me.

Stir up thyself, and awake to my judgment, even unto my 23 cause, my God and my Lord.

Judge me, O Lord my God, according to thy righteous- 24 ness; and let them not rejoice over me.

d Heb. Ah, ah, our soul.

Let them not say in their hearts, d Ah, so would we have it: 25 let them not say, We have swallowed him up.

Let them be ashamed and brought to confusion together that A.C. 1060. rejoice at mine hurt: let them be clothed with shame and dishonour that magnify themselves against me.

Let them shout for joy, and be glad, that favour e my e Heb. my righteous cause: yea, let them say continually, Let the Lord righteousness. be magnified, which hath pleasure in the prosperity of his

And my tongue shall speak of thy righteousness and of thy praise all the day long.

PSALM LXIV.

1 David prayeth for deliverance, complaining of his enemies. 7 He promiseth himself to see such an evident destruction of his enemies, as the righteous shall rejoice at it.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

Hear my voice, O God, in my prayer: preserve my life from fear of the enemy.

2 Hide me from the secret counsel of the wicked; from the

insurrection of the workers of iniquity: f Who whet their tongue like a sword, and bend their bows to f Ps. xi. 2.

shoot their arrows, even bitter words: That they may shoot in secret at the perfect: suddenly do

they shoot at him, and fear not.

- They encourage themselves in an evil g matter: they g Or, speech. commune h of laying snares privily; they say, Who shall see h Heb. to hide snares.
- 6 They search out iniquities; ithey accomplish ka diligent i Or, we are search: both the inward thought of every one of them, and the consumed by heart, is deep.

But God shall shoot at them with an arrow; suddenly shall searched. k Heb. a they be wounded.

So they shall make their own tongue to fall upon themselves: ^{ed.}_{1 Heb. their} all that see them shall flee away.

And all men shall fear, and shall declare the work of God; for they shall wisely consider of his doing.

The righteous shall be glad in the LORD, and shall trust in him; and all the upright in heart shall glory.

§ 11. David at Keilah.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 1.

Then they told David, saying, Behold, the Philistines fight against Keilah, and they rob the threshingfloors.

1 SAMUEL XXII. VER. 20, TO THE END.

And one of the sons of Ahimelech the son of Ahitub, named 21 Abiathar, escaped, and fled after David. And Abiathar shewed 22 David that Saul had slain the LORD's priests. And David said unto Abiathar, I knew it that day, when Doeg the Edomite was

A.C. 1060. there, that he would surely tell Saul: I have occasioned the death of all the persons of thy father's house. Abide thou with 23 me, fear not: for he that seeketh my life seeketh thy life: but with me thou shalt be in safeguard.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 6 39.

And it came to pass, when Abiathar the son of Ahimelech 6 a ch. xxii. 20. a fled to David to Keilah, that he came down with an ephod in his hand.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 2-5.

Therefore David enquired of the Lord, saying, Shall I go 2 and smite these Philistines? And the Lord said unto David, Go and smite the Philistines, and save Keilah. And David's 3 men said unto him, Behold, we be afraid here in Judah: how much more then if we come to Keilah against the armies of the Philistines? Then David enquired of the Lord yet again. 4 And the Lord answered him and said, Arise, go down to Keilah; for I will deliver the Philistines into thine hand. So 5 David and his men went to Keilah, and fought with the Philistines, and brought away their cattle, and smote them with a great slaughter. So David saved the inhabitants of Keilah.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 7-12.

And it was told Saul that David was come to Keilah. And 7 Saul said, God hath delivered him into mine hand; for he is shut in, by entering into a town that hath gates and bars. And 8 Saul called all the people together to war, to go down to Keilah, to besiege David and his men.

And David knew that Saul secretly practised mischief against 9 him; and he said to Abiathar the priest, Bring hither the ephod. Then said David, O Lord God of Israel, thy servant hath 10 certainly heard that Saul seeketh to come to Keilah, to destroy the city for my sake. Will the men of Keilah deliver me up 11 into his hand? will Saul come down, as thy servant hath heard? O Lord God of Israel, I beseech thee, tell thy servant. And the Lord said, He will come down. Then said David, Will 12 the men of Keilah b deliver me and my men into the hand of Saul? And the Lord said, They will deliver thee up.

b Heb. shut up.

³⁹ While the Philistines were fighting against Keilah, Doeg was executing the inhuman command of Saul, and murdering the priests at Nob. Abiathar at this time escaped and fled to David, with the ephod and the breastplate, with the Urim and Thummim; thus transferring to David the means of consulting the oracle of God in the sanctuary, which had hitherto been appropriated to the service of Saul. To connect the history, the escape of Abiathar is inserted after the account which was brought to David, that the Philistines were plundering the country round Keilah. The second verse of 1 Samuel xxiii. tells us, that David consulted the oracle: on the authority of Bishop Horsley, therefore, as well as from the internal evidence, the sixth verse is placed before the second. —Vide Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 339.; Bishop Patrick in loc.; and Lightfoot.

PSALM XXXI 40.

1 David shewing his confidence in God craveth his help. 7 He rejoiceth in his mercu. 9 He prayeth in his calamity. 19 He praiseth God for his goodness,

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

- In cthee, O LORD, do I put my trust; let me never be A.C. 1060. ashamed: deliver me in thy righteousness. c Ps. xxii. 5.
- Bow down thine ear to me; deliver me speedily: be thou Is. xiix. 23. d my strong rock, for an house of defence to save me.

For thou art my rock and my fortress; therefore for thy strength. name's sake lead me, and guide me.

Pull me out of the net that they have laid privily for me; for thou art my strength.

5 e Into thine hand I commit my spirit: thou hast redeemed e Luke me, O LORD God of truth.

I have hated them that regard lying vanities: but I trust in the Lord.

I will be glad and rejoice in thy mercy: for thou hast considered my trouble; thou hast known my soul in adversities;

And hast not shut me up into the hand of the enemy: thou hast set my foot in a large room.

Have mercy upon me, O Lord, for I am in trouble: mine eye is consumed with grief, yea, my soul and my belly.

For my life is spent with grief, and my years with sighing: my strength faileth because of mine iniquity, and my bones are consumed.

I was a reproach among all mine enemies, but especially among my neighbours, and a fear to mine acquaintance: they that did see me without fled from me.

I am forgotten as a dead man out of mind: I am like faf Heb. a broken vessel.

perisheth.

For I have heard the slander of many: fear was on every side: while they took counsel together against me, they devised to take away my life.

But I trusted in thee, O Lord: I said, Thou art my God.

My times are in thy hand: deliver me from the hand of mine enemies, and from them that persecute me.

Make thy face to shine upon thy servant: save me for thy mercies' sake.

Let me not be ashamed, O LORD; for I have called upon g Or, let thee: let the wicked be ashamed, and g let them be silent in the them be cut

Let the lying lips be put to silence; which speak h grievous hite hard things proudly and contemptuously against the righteous.

⁴⁰ David being pursued by his enemies, probably in his retreat from Keilah, entreats the Lord in this Psalm to deliver him. Dr. Green and Calmet place this Psalm among those composed during the persecution of Saul, but do not fix the exact period.

A.C. 1060. i Is. lxiv. 4. 1 Cor. ii. 9.

Oh how great is thy goodness, which thou hast laid up for 19 them that fear thee; which thou hast wrought for them that trust in thee before the sons of men!

Thou shalt hide them in the secret of thy presence from the 20 pride of man: thou shalt keep them secretly in a pavilion from the strife of tongues.

Blessed be the LORD: for he hath shewed me his marvellous 21

k Or, fenced kindness in a k strong city.

For I said in my haste, I am cut off from before thine eyes: 22 nevertheless thou hearedst the voice of my supplications when I cried unto thee.

O love the Lord, all ye his saints: for the Lord preserveth 23

the faithful, and plentifully rewardeth the proud doer.

1 Ps. xxvii.

¹ Be of good courage, and he shall strengthen your heart, all 24 ye that hope in the Lord.

§ 12. David in the Wilderness of Ziph and Maon.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 13-23.

1059.

Then David and his men, which were about six hundred, 13 arose and departed out of Keilah, and went whithersoever they could go. And it was told Saul that David was escaped from Keilah; and he forbare to go forth. And David abode in the 14 wilderness in strong holds, and remained in a mountain in the wilderness of Ziph. And Saul sought him every day, but God delivered him not into his hand. And David saw that 15 Saul was come out to seek his life: and David was in the wilderness of Ziph in a wood.

And Jonathan Saul's son arose, and went to David into the 16 wood, and strengthened his hand in God. And he said unto 17 him, Fear not: for the hand of Saul my father shall not find thee; and thou shalt be king over Israel, and I shall be next unto thee; and that also Saul my father knoweth. And they is two made a covenant before the LORD: and David abode in

the wood, and Jonathan went to his house.

Then came up the Ziphites to Saul to Gibeah, saying, 19 Doth not David hide himself with us in strong holds in the a Heb. on the wood, in the hill of Hachilah, which is a on the south of b Jeshib Or, the wil- mon? Now therefore, O king, come down according to all the 20 desire of thy soul to come down; and our part shall be to deliver him into the king's hand. And Saul said, Blessed be ye of 21 the LORD; for ye have compassion on me. Go, I pray you, 22 prepare yet, and know and see his place where his chaunt is, and who hath seen him there: for it is told me that he dealeth very subtilly. See therefore, and take knowledge of all the lurking 23 places where he hideth himself, and come ye again to me with the certainty, and I will go with you: and it shall come to pass, if he be in the land, that I will search him out thoughout all the

derness.

c Heb. foot shall be.

thousands of Judah.

A.C. 1059.

PSALM LIV 41.

- 1 David, complaining of the Ziphims, prayeth for salvation. 4 Upon his confidence in God's help he promiseth sacrifice.
- ¶ To the chief Musician on Neginoth, Maschil, A Psalm of David, dwhen the Ziphims d1 Sam. came and said to Saul, Doth not David hide himself with us? xxvi. 1.

Save me, O God, by thy name, and judge me by thy strength.

Hear my prayer, O God; give ear to the words of my

For strangers are risen up against me, and oppressors seek after my soul: they have not set God before them. Selah.

Behold, God is mine helper: the Lord is with them that uphold my soul.

He shall reward evil unto e mine enemies: cut them off in e Heb. those

6 I will freely sacrifice unto thee: I will praise thy name, O LORD; for it is good.

For he hath delivered me out of all trouble: and mine eye hath seen his desire upon mine enemies.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 24-28.

And they arose, and went to Ziph before Saul: but David and his men were in the wilderness of Maon, in the plain on

25 the south of Jeshimon. Saul also and his men went to seek him. And they told David: wherefore he came down finto a for, from rock, and abode in the wilderness of Maon. And when Saul heard that, he pursued after David in the wilderness of Maon.

26 And Saul went on this side of the mountain; and David and his men on that side of the mountain: and David made haste to get away for fear of Saul; for Saul and his men compassed

David and his men round about to take them.

But there came a messenger unto Saul, saying, Haste thee, 28 and come; for the Philistines have g invaded the land. Where- g Heb. spread fore Saul returned from pursuing after David, and went against themselves upon, &c. the Philistines: therefore they called that place h Sela-hammah- h That is, lekoth.

divisions.

§ 13. David in En-gedi.

1 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 29.

And David went up from thence, and dwelt in strong holds 1058. at En-gedi.

1 SAMUEL XXIV.

And it came to pass, when Saul was returned from 8 follow- a Heb. after. ing the Philistines, that it was told him, saying, Behold, David

A.C. 1058. is in the wilderness of En-gedi. Then Saul took three thousand 2 chosen men out of all Israel, and went to seek David and his men upon the rocks of the wild goats. And he came to the 3 sheepcotes by the way, where was a cave; and Saul went in to cover his feet: and David and his men remained in the sides of the caves. And the men of David said unto him, Behold 4 the day of which the LORD said unto thee, Behold, I will deliver thine enemy into thine hand, that thou mayest do to him as it shall seem good unto thee. Then David arose, and cut off the skirt of b Saul's robe privily. And it came to 5 pass afterward, that David's heart smote him, because he had cut off Saul's skirt. And he said unto his men, The LORD 6 forbid that I should do this thing unto my master, the LORD's

b Heb. the robe which was Saul's.

anointed, to stretch forth mine hand against him, seeing he is c Heb. cut off. the anointed of the LORD. So David stayed his servants with 7 these words, and suffered them not to rise against Saul. Saul rose up out of the cave, and went on his way. David 8 also arose afterward, and went out of the cave, and cried after Saul, saying, My lord the king. And when Saul looked behind him, David stooped with his face to the earth, and bowed himself.

And David said to Saul, Wherefore hearest thou men's words, 9 saying, Behold, David seeketh thy hurt? Behold, this day 10 thine eyes have seen how that the Lord had delivered thee to day into mine hand in the cave: and some bade me kill thee: but mine eye spared thee; and I said, I will not put forth mine hand against my lord: for he is the Lord's anointed. More-11 over, my father, see, yea, see the skirt of thy robe in my hand: for in that I cut off the skirt of thy robe, and killed thee not, know thou and see that there is neither evil nor transgression in mine hand, and I have not sinned against thee; yet thou huntest my soul to take it. The Lord judge between 12 me and thee, and the Lord avenge me of thee: but mine hand shall not be upon thee. As saith the proverb of the 13 ancients, Wickedness proceedeth from the wicked: but mine hand shall not be upon thee. After whom is the king of Israel 14 come out? after whom dost thou pursue? after a dead dog, after a flea. The Lord therefore be judge, and judge between 15 a Heb. judge. me and thee, and see, and plead my cause, and deliver me out of thine hand.

And it came to pass, when David had made an end of speak-16 ing these words unto Saul, that Saul said, Is this thy voice, my son David? And Saul lifted up his voice, and wept. And 17 he said to David, Thou art more righteous than I: for thou hast rewarded me good, whereas I have rewarded thee evil. And thou hast shewed this day how that thou hast dealt well 18 with me: forasmuch as when the Lord had edelivered me into thine hand, thou killedst me not. For if a man find his enemy, 19

e Heb. shut up.

- will he let him go well away? wherefore the Lord reward A.C. 1058.

 20 thee good for that thou hast done unto me this day. And now, behold, I know well that thou shalt surely be king, and that the kingdom of Israel shall be established in thine hand.
- 21 Swear now therefore unto me by the LORD, that thou wilt not cut off my seed after me, and that thou wilt not destroy my
- 22 name out of my father's house. And David sware unto Saul. And Saul went home; but David and his men gat them up unto the hold.
- 1 David in prayer fleeing unto God complaineth of his dangerous case. 7 He encourageth himself to praise God.
- ¶ To the chief Musician, f Al-tashchith, Michtam of David, 8 when he fled from Saul f Or, Destroy
 in the cave.

 Pasilin.
- Be merciful unto me, O God, be merciful unto me: for my glisam.xxii. soul trusteth in thee: yea, in the shadow of thy wings will I make my refuge, until these calamities be overpast.

2 I will cry unto God most high; unto God that performeth

all things for me.

- 3 He shall send from heaven, and save me h from the reproach h Or, he reproached h him that would swallow me up. Selah. God shall send that would forth his mercy and his truth.
- My soul is among lions; and I lie even among them that are set on fire, even the sons of men, whose teeth are spears and arrows, and their tongue a sharp sword.

5 Be thou exalted, O God, above the heavens; let thy glory be above all the earth.

6 They have prepared a net for my steps; my soul is bowed i Ps. vii. 16. down: they have digged a pit before me, into the midst where-of they are fallen themselves. Selah.

7 k My heart is 1 fixed, O God, my heart is fixed: I will sing k Ps. cviii. 1, and give praise.

8 Awake up, my glory; awake, psaltery and harp: I myself pared. will awake early.

9 I will praise thee, O LORD, among the people: I will sing unto thee among the nations.

- 10 m For thy mercy is great unto the heavens, and thy truth m Ps. xxxvi. unto the clouds.
- Be thou exalted, O God, above the heavens: let thy glory be above all the earth.

Psalm lviii. David, in the cave at En-gedi, implores the divine protection; in sure prospect of which he breaks out into grateful praises, in Psalm lvii. The 58th Psalm is a continuation of the same subject, with complaints against the counsellors of Saul. Calmet.

Psalm lxiii. This Psalm was composed, according to the title, in the wilderness of Judah. Lightfoot places it in this part of the narrative, En-gedi being the most desert part of the wilderness.

⁴² Ps. lvii. David, in the cave of En-gedi poureth out his prayer in this Psalm, and entitles it, Al-tashchith—"Destroy not:" for though he was invited by his soldiers to destroy Saul, yet he would not. Lightfoot.

PSALM LVIII.

1 David reproveth wicked judges, 3 describeth the nature of the wicked, 6 devoteth them to God's judgments, 10 whereat the righteous shall rejoice.

A.C. 1058.

To the chief Musician, n Al-tashchith, Michtam of David.

n Or, Destroy not, A golden Psalm of David.

o Heb. from

the belly.

likeness. q Or, asp. r Or, be the

charmer

8 Heb. as

living as

ning.

never so cun-

p Heb. ac-

Do ye indeed speak righteousness, O congregation? do ye 1 judge uprightly, O ye sons of men?

Yea, in heart ye work wickedness; ye weigh the violence of 2

your hands in the earth.

The wicked are estranged from the womb: they go astray 3

o as soon as they be born, speaking lies.

Their poison is p like the poison of a serpent: they are like 4

cording to the the deaf q adder that stoppeth her ear; Which will not hearken to the voice of charmers, r charming 5

never so wisely.

Break their teeth, O God, in their mouth: break out the 6

great teeth of the young lions, O LORD.

Let them melt away as waters which run continually: when 7 he bendeth his bow to shoot his arrows, let them be as cut in pieces.

As a snail which melteth, let every one of them pass away: 8 like the untimely birth of a woman, that they may not see the

Before your pots can feel the thorns, he shall take them 9 away as with a whirlwind, s both living, and in his wrath.

The righteous shall rejoice when he seeth the vengeance: 10

wrath. he shall wash his feet in the blood of the wicked.

So that a man shall say, Verily there is ta reward for the 11 t Heb. fruit of the, &c. righteous: verily he is a God that judgeth in the earth.

PSALM LXIII.

1 David's thirst for God. 4 His manner of blessing God. 9 His confidence of his enemies' destruction, and his own safety.

¶ A Psalm of David, when he was in the wilderness of Judah.

u Heb. weary. x Heb. without water.

O God, thou art my God; early will I seek thee: my soul 1 thirsteth for thee, my flesh longeth for thee in a dry and uthirsty land, * where no water is;

To see thy power and thy glory, so as I have seen thee in 2 the sanctuary.

Because thy lovingkindness is better than life, my lips shall 3 praise thee.

Thus will I bless thee while I live: I will lift up my hands 4 in thy name.

y Heb. fatness.

My soul shall be satisfied as with y marrow and fatness; and 5 my mouth shall praise thee with joyful lips:

When I remember thee upon my bed, and meditate on thee 6 in the *night* watches.

Because thou hast been my help, therefore in the shadow of 7 thy wings will I rejoice.

- My soul followeth hard after thee: thy right hand upholdeth A.C. 1058. me.
- But those that seek my soul, to destroy it, shall go into the lower parts of the earth.
- ^z They shall fall by the sword: they shall be a portion for ^{z Heb.} They foxes.
- But the king shall rejoice in God; every one that sweareth like water by by him shall glory: but the mouth of them that speak lies the sword. shall be stopped.

§ 14. Death of Samuel—David in the Wilderness of Paran.

1 SAMUEL XXV.

1 Samuel dieth. 2 David in Paran sendeth to Nabal. 10 Provoked by Nabal's churlishness, he mindeth to destroy him. 14 Abigail, understanding thereof, 18 taketh a present, 23 and by her wisdom 32 pacifieth David. 36 Nabal hearing thereof dieth. 39 David taketh Abigail and Ahinoam to be his wives. 44 Michal is given to Phalti.

And a Samuel died; and all the Israelites were gathered together, and lamented him, and buried him in his house at a ch. xxviii. Ramah. And David arose, and went down to the wilderness

- And there was a man in Maon, whose b possessions b Or, business. were in Carmel; and the man was very great, and he had three thousand sheep, and a thousand goats: and he was shearing
- 3 his sheep in Carmel. Now the name of the man was Nabal; and the name of his wife Abigail: and she was a woman of good understanding, and of a beautiful countenance: but the man was churlish and evil in his doings; and he was of the house of Caleb.

And David heard in the wilderness that Nabal did shear his 5 sheep. And David sent out ten young men, and David said unto the young men, Get you up to Carmel, and go to Nabal,

6 and c greet him in my name: and thus shall ye say to him c Heb. ask that liveth in prosperity, Peace be both to thee, and peace be name of 7 to thine house, and peace be unto all that thou hast. And now peace.

I have heard that thou hast shearers: now thy shepherds which were with us, we dhurt them not, neither was there ought theb. shamed.

- 8 missing unto them, all the while they were in Carmel. Ask thy young men, and they will shew thee. Wherefore let the young men find favour in thine eyes: for we come in a good day: give, I pray thee, whatsoever cometh to thine hand unto
- 9 thy servants, and to thy son David. And when David's young men came, they spake to Nabal according to all those words

in the name of David, and e ceased. And Nabal answered David's servants, and said, Who is

David? and who is the son of Jesse? there be many servants 11 now a days that break away every man from his master. Shall I then take my bread, and my water, and my flesh that I have theb. killed for my shearers, and give it unto men, whom I know not staughter. 12 whence they be? So David's young men turned their way, and

VOL. 1.

A.C. 1057. went again, and came and told him all those sayings. David said unto his men, Gird ye on every man his sword. And they girded on every man his sword; and David also girded on his sword: and there went up after David about four hundred men; and two hundred abode by the stuff.

g Heb. flew upon them. h Heb. shamed.

But one of the young men told Abigail, Nabal's wife, say- 14 ing, Behold, David sent messengers out of the wilderness to salute our master; and he grailed on them. But the men were 15 very good unto us, and we were not hurt, neither missed we any thing, as long as we were conversant with them, when we were in the fields: they were a wall unto us both by 16 night and day, all the while we were with them keeping the sheep. Now therefore know and consider what thou wilt do; 17 for evil is determined against our master, and against all his houshold: for he is such a son of Belial, that a man cannot speak to him. Then Abigail made haste, and took two hundred loaves, and 18

two bottles of wine, and five sheep ready dressed, and five measures of parched corn, and an hundred i clusters of raisins, and two hundred cakes of figs, and laid them on asses. she said unto her servants, Go on before me; behold, I come after you. But she told not her husband Nabal. And it was 20 so, as she rode on the ass, that she came down by the covert of the hill, and, behold, David and his men came down against her; and she met them. Now David had said, Surely in vain 21 have I kept all that this fellow hath in the wilderness, so that nothing was missed of all that pertained unto him: and he hath requited me evil for good. So and more also do God unto the 22 enemies of David, if I leave of all that pertain to him by the morning light any that pisseth against the wall. And when 23 Abigail saw David, she hasted, and lighted off the ass, and fell before David on her face, and bowed herself to the ground, and fell at his feet, and said. Upon me, my lord, upon me let 24 this iniquity be: and let thine handmaid, I pray thee, speak in thine k audience, and hear the words of thine handmaid. Let 25 1 Heb. lay it not my lord, I pray thee, 1 regard this man of Belial, even Nabal: for as his name is, so is he; m Nabal is his name, and folly is with him: but I thine handmaid saw not the young men of my lord, whom thou didst send. Now therefore, my lord, as 26 the Lord liveth, and as thy soul liveth, seeing the Lord hath n Heb. saving withholden thee from coming to shed blood, and from n avenging thyself with thine own hand, now let thine enemies, and they Or, present. that seek evil to my lord, be as Nabal. And now this o bless-27 ing which thine handmaid hath brought unto my lord, let it even be given unto the young men that p follow my lord. I 28 pray thee, forgive the trespass of thine handmaid: for the Lord will certainly make my lord a sure house; because my lord fighteth the battles of the LORD, and evil hath not been

k Heb. ears. to his heart. m That is, Fool.

thyself.

p Heb. walk at the feet of,

29 found in thee all thy days. Yet a man is risen to pursue thee, A.C. 1057. and to seek thy soul: but the soul of my lord shall be bound in the bundle of life with the Lord thy God; and the souls of thine enemies, them shall he sling out, as out of the middle of q Heb. in the And it shall come to pass, when the LORD shall have midst of the bow of a sling. 30 a sling. done to my lord according to all the good that he hath spoken

31 Israel; that this shall be 'no grief unto thee, nor offence of Heb. no heart unto my lord, either that thou hast shed blood causeless, or, stumbling. or that my lord hath avenged himself: but when the Lord shall have dealt well with my lord, then remember thine handmaid.

concerning thee, and shall have appointed thee ruler over

And David said to Abigail, Blessed be the LORD God of 33 Israel, which sent thee this day to meet me: and blessed be thy advice, and blessed be thou, which hast kept me this day from coming to shed blood, and from avenging myself with mine own For in very deed, as the Lord God of Israel liveth,

which hath kept me back from hurting thee, except thou hadst hasted and come to meet me, surely there had not been left unto Nabal by the morning light any that pisseth against the

So David received of her hand that which she had brought him, and said unto her, Go up in peace to thine house; see, I have hearkened to thy voice, and have accepted thy person.

And Abigail came to Nabal; and, behold, he held a feast in his house, like the feast of a king; and Nabal's heart was merry within him, for he was very drunken: wherefore she told him 37 nothing, less or more, until the morning light. But it came to pass in the morning, when the wine was gone out of Nabal, and his wife had told him these things, that his heart died 38 within him, and he became as a stone. And it came to pass about ten days after, that the Lord smote Nabal, that he died.

And when David heard that Nabal was dead, he said, Blessed be the LORD, that hath pleaded the cause of my reproach from the hand of Nabal, and hath kept his servant from evil: for the LORD hath returned the wickedness of Nabal upon his own And David sent and communed with Abigail, to take 40 her to him to wife. And when the servants of David were come to Abigail to Carmel, they spake unto her, saying, David 41 sent us unto thee, to take thee to him to wife. And she arose,

and bowed herself on her face to the earth, and said, Behold, let thine handmaid be a servant to wash the feet of the servants 42 of my lord. And Abigail hasted, and arose, and rode upon an

ass, with five damsels of her's that went safter her; and she & Heb. at her went after the messengers of David, and became his wife. feet.

43 David also took Ahinoam t of Jezreel; and they were also t Josh xv. noth of them his wives.

But Saul had given u Michal his daughter, David's wife, 44 u 2 Sam. iii. * to Phalti the son of Laish, which was of Gallim.

x Phaltiel. 2 Sam. iii. 15.

§ 15. David in the Wilderness of Ziph.

1 SAMUEL XXVI.

1 Saul, by the discovery of the Ziphites, cometh to Hachilah against David. 5 David coming into the trench stayeth Abishai from killing Saul, but taketh his spear and cruse. 13 David reproveth Abner, 18 and exhorteth Saul. 21 Saul acknowledgeth

a ch. xxiii. 19.

And the Ziphites came unto Saul to Gibeah, saying, a Doth 1 not David hide himself in the hill of Hachilah, which is before Jeshimon? Then Saul arose, and went down to the wilderness 2 of Ziph, having three thousand chosen men of Israel with him, to seek David in the wilderness of Ziph. And Saul pitched 3 in the hill of Hachilah, which is before Jeshimon, by the way. But David abode in the wilderness, and he saw that Saul came after him into the wilderness. David therefore sent out spies, 4 and understood that Saul was come in very deed.

And David arose, and came to the place where Saul had 5 pitched: and David beheld the place where Saul lay, and ^b Abner the son of Ner, the captain of his host: and Saul lay in the ctrench, and the people pitched round about him. Then 6 answered David and said to Ahimelech the Hittite, and to Abishai the son of Zeruiah, brother to Joab, saying, Who will go down with me to Saul to the camp? And Abishai said, I will go down with thee. So David and Abishai came to the 7 people by night: and, behold, Saul lay sleeping within the trench, and his spear stuck in the ground at his bolster: but Abner and the people lay round about him. Then said 8 Abishai to David, God hath delivered thine enemy into thine hand this day: now therefore let me smite him, I pray thee, with the spear even to the earth at once, and I will not *smite* him the second time. And David said to Abishai, Destroy him 9 not: for who can stretch forth his hand against the LORD's anointed, and be guiltless? David said furthermore, As the 10 LORD liveth, the LORD shall smite him; or his day shall come to die; or he shall descend into battle, and perish. forbid that I should stretch forth mine hand against the LORD's anointed: but, I pray thee, take thou now the spear that is at his bolster, and the cruse of water, and let us go. So David 12 took the spear and the cruse of water from Saul's bolster; and they gat them away, and no man saw it, nor knew it, neither awaked: for they were all asleep; because a deep sleep from the LORD was fallen upon them.

Then David went over to the other side, and stood on the 13 top of an hill afar off; a great space being between them: and 14 David cried to the people, and to Abner the son of Ner, saying, Answerest thou not, Abner? Then Abner answered and

bch. xiv. 50. & xvii. 55. c Or, midst of his carriages.

d Heb. shut up.

15 said, Who art thou that criest to the king? And David said A.C. 1057. to Abner, Art not thou a valiant man? and who is like to thee in Israel? wherefore then hast thou not kept thy lord the king? for there came one of the people in to destroy the king 16 thy lord. This thing is not good that thou hast done. As the

LORD liveth, ye are e worthy to die, because ye have not kept e Heb. the your master, the Lord's anointed. And now see where the *one of death. king's spear is, and the cruse of water that was at his bolster.

17 And Saul knew David's voice, and said, Is this thy voice, my son David? And David said, It is my voice, my lord, O king.

18 And he said, Wherefore doth my lord thus pursue after his servant? for what have I done? or what evil is in mine hand?

19 Now therefore, I pray thee, let my lord the king hear the words of his servant. If the LORD have stirred thee up against me, let him faccept an offering: but if they be the children of f Heb. smell. men, cursed be they before the LORD; for they have driven me out this day from g abiding in the inheritance of the Lord, g Heb. cleav-20 saying, Go, serve other gods. Now therefore, let not my

blood fall to the earth before the face of the LORD: for the king of Israel is come out to seek a flea, as when one doth hunt a partridge in the mountains.

21 Then said Saul, I have sinned: return, my son David: for I will no more do thee harm, because my soul was precious in thine eyes this day: behold, I have played the fool, and have 22 erred exceedingly. And David answered and said, Behold the king's spear! and let one of the young men come over and 23 fetch it. The LORD render to every man his righteousness and his faithfulness: for the LORD delivered thee into my hand to day, but I would not stretch forth mine hand against the 24 LORD's anointed. And, behold, as thy life was much set by this day in mine eyes, so let my life be much set by in the eyes of the LORD, and let him deliver me out of all 25 tribulation. Then Saul said to David, Blessed be thou, my son David: thou shalt both do great things, and also shalt still prevail. So David went on his way, and Saul returned to his place.

§ 16. David flies to Achish king of Gath: who assigns him Ziklag for a residence—Death of Saul.

1 SAMUEL XXVII. VER. 143.

And David said in his heart, I shall now a perish one day by 1056. the hand of Saul: there is nothing better for me than that I a Heb. be

⁴³ We have now arrived at the close of the persecutions of David. It is necessary to observe the order of the events related in this section. Finding Saul to be still implacable, David resolved upon joining the Philistines, which appears to have been an unjustifiable mode of escape, when we remember the many difficulties from which he had been so mercifully delivered. He fled to the king of Gath, with whom he continued sixteen months. During this time he was joined by many of his own people, and made war upon the surrounding nations. In the mean while, the Philistines, to whom David had become an auxiliary, had declared war against Saul; and Achish, the protector

A.C. 1056. should speedily escape into the land of the Philistines; and Saul shall despair of me, to seek me any more in any coast of Israel: so shall I escape out of his hand.

PSALM CXLI 44.

1 David prayeth that his suit may be acceptable, 3 his conscience sincere, 7 and his life safe from snares.

¶ A Psalm of David.

1055.

LORD, I cry unto thee: make haste unto me; give ear unto 1 my voice, when I cry unto thee.

b Heb. di-

Let my prayer be best forth before thee as incense; and the 2 lifting up of my hands as the evening sacrifice.

Set a watch, O LORD, before my mouth; keep the door of 3

my lips.

Incline not my heart to any evil thing, to practise wicked 4 works with men that work iniquity: and let me not eat of their dainties.

c Or, Let the righteous smite me kindly, and reprove me; let not their precious oil break my head, &c.

^c Let the righteous smite me; it shall be a kindness: and 5 let him reprove me; it shall be an excellent oil, which shall not break my head: for yet my prayer also shall be in their calamities.

When their judges are overthrown in stony places, they shall 6 hear my words; for they are sweet.

Our bones are scattered at the grave's mouth, as when one 7 cutteth and cleaveth wood upon the earth.

But mine eyes are unto thee, O God the Lord: in thee is 8 my trust; deave not my soul destitute.

d Heb. make not my soul bare.

Keep me from the snares which they have laid for me, and 9 the gins of the workers of iniquity.

Let the wicked fall into their own nets, whilst that I withal 10 escape.

e Heb. pass over.

1 SAMUEL XXVII. VER. 2-7.

And David arose, and he passed over with the six hundred 2

of David, required him to fight against his own countrymen. From this dreadful necessity of deciding between gratitude to Achish, and the love of his country, he was relieved by the distrust of the Philistines. The two armies approach: Saul consults the witch of Endor; and, according to the prediction of Samuel, who appears to him from the invisible world, he loses his throne and his life. This, of course, takes place at the conclusion of the sixteen months of David's residence at Ziklag. Not having been permitted to join in the battle, David had returned to this city; but finds it burnt and plundered by the Amalekites. He pursues and defeats the invaders with great slaughter. After the battle he generously divides the spoil between his soldiers, including those who were not able to attend him in the field. He distributes presents to the tribe of Judah, and secures the attachment of his friends: and on the death of Saul and Jonathan, being left without a rival, and alike distinguished for courage, conduct, generosity, magnanimity, and every virtue which can dignify and adorn a prince, every human means seemed to combine to accomplish the promises of God. The tribe of Judah assemble, and elect him king; and their example is followed, after an interval of seven years, by the rest of Israel.

44 David, being driven out of Judea by Saul, begs of God grace, that he may not sin against him with his tongue, nor be drawn into any sinful compliances with idolatry, by living among the Philistines. He confides in God's help, and prays to be delivered from those who sought his ruin. He probably composed this Psalm just before his flight to Achish, king of Gath; when he had a second

time spared Saul's life, but could trust him no longer.—Green; Bp. Horne.

men that were with him unto Achish, the son of Maoch, king A.C. 1055. 3 of Gath. And David dwelt with Achish at Gath, he and his men, every man with his houshold, even David with his two wives, Ahinoam the Jezreelitess, and Abigail the Carmelitess, 4 Nabal's wife. And it was told Saul that David was fled to Gath: and he sought no more again for him.

5 And David said unto Achish, If I have now found grace in thine eyes, let them give me a place in some town in the country, that I may dwell there: for why should thy servant 6 dwell in the royal city with thee? Then Achish gave him Ziklag that day: wherefore Ziklag pertaineth unto the kings 7 of Judah unto this day. And f the time that David dwelt in f Heb. the the country of the Philistines was ga full year and four days.

g ileb. a year months.

1 CHRONICLES XII. VER. 1-7.

The companies that came to David at Ziklag.

1 Now h these are they that came to David to Ziklag, while h 1 Sam. he yet kept himself close because of Saul the son of Kish: i Heb. being and they were among the mighty men, helpers of the war. yet shut up. 2 They were armed with bows, and could use both the right hand and the left in hurling stones and shooting arrows out of a bow, 3 even of Saul's brethren of Benjamin. The chief was Ahiezer, then Joash, the sons of k Shemaah the Gibeathite; and Jeziel, k Or. Has-maah. and Pelet, the sons of Azmaveth; and Berachah, and Jehu the 4 Antothite, and Ismaiah the Gibeonite, a mighty man among the thirty, and over the thirty; and Jeremiah, and Jahaziel, 5 and Johanan, and Josabad the Gederathite, Eluzai, and Jerimoth, and Bealiah, and Shemariah, and Shephatiah the Haru-6 phite, Elkanah, and Jesiah, and Azareel, and Joezer, and Jasho-7 beam, the Korhites, and Joelah, and Zebadiah, the sons of Jeroham of Gedor.

1 SAMUEL XXVII. VER. 8, TO THE END.

And David and his men went up, and invaded the Geshurites, and the 1 Gezrites, and the Amalekites: for those nations 10r, Gerzites. were of old the inhabitants of the land, as thou goest to Shur, 9 even unto the land of Egypt. And David smote the land, and left neither man nor woman alive, and took away the sheep, and the oxen, and the asses, and the camels, and the apparel, 10 and returned, and came to Achish. And Achish said, m Whither m or, nid have ye made a road to day? And David said, Against the aroad, &c. south of Judah, and against the south of the Jerahmeelites, 11 and against the south of the Kenites. And David saved neither man nor woman alive, to bring tidings to Gath, saying, Lest they should tell on us, saying, So did David, and so will be his manner all the while he dwelleth in the country of the 12 Philistines. And Achish believed David, saying, He hath

A.C. 1055. made his people Israel nutterly to abhor him; therefore he shall be my servant for ever.

Death of Saul. 1 SAMUEL XXVIII.

1 Achish putteth confidence in David. 3 Saul, having destroyed the witches, 6 and now in his fear forsaken of God, 7 seeketh to a witch. 9 The witch, encouraged by Saul, raiseth up Samuel. 15 Saul, hearing his ruin, fainteth. 21 The woman with his servants refresh him with meat.

And it came to pass in those days, that the Philistines gathered 1 their armies together for warfare, to fight with Israel. And Achish said unto David, Know thou assuredly, that thou shalt go out with me to battle, thou and thy men. And David said 2 to Achish, Surely thou shalt know what thy servant can do. And Achish said to David, Therefore will I make thee keeper of mine head for ever.

a ch. xxv. l.

Now a Samuel was dead, and all Israel had lamented him, and 3 buried him in Ramah, even in his own city. And Saul had put away those that had familiar spirits, and the wizards, out of the land. And the Philistines gathered themselves 4 together, and came and pitched in Shunem: and Saul gathered all Israel together, and they pitched in Gilboa. And when Saul 5 saw the host of the Philistines, he was afraid, and his heart greatly trembled. And when Saul enquired of the Lord, 6 the Lord answered him not, neither by dreams, nor by Urim, nor by prophets.

Then said Saul unto his servants, Seek me a woman that hath 7 a familiar spirit, that I may go to her, and enquire of her. And his servants said to him, Behold, there is a woman that hath a familiar spirit at En-dor 45. And Saul disguised himself, and 8 put on other raiment, and he went, and two men with him, and they came to the woman by night: and he said, I pray thee, divine unto me by the familiar spirit, and bring me him up, whom I shall name unto thee. And the woman said unto 9 him, Behold, thou knowest what Saul hath done, how he hath cut off those that have familiar spirits, and the wizards, out of

⁴⁵ This history of the witch of Endor has been made the subject of as much discussion as any history in the Old Testament; and the general concurrent opinion of both the Jewish and Christian churches, that the spirit of Samuel really appeared to Saul, has been treated with much ridicule by objectors; and it has been explained away, or otherwise interpreted, by some, who think that a Christian may conciliate the sceptic, by yielding those points which appear mysterious in his religion. But if we at all believe in the existence of spirit, as something which is distinct from matter, there is no difficulty or absurdity whatever in this history. We know but little of the invisible world, or of the manner in which the disembodied spirit continues to exist; our understanding and our apprehension are so limited in this stage of our existence, that we cannot comprehend one half of those truths which our senses, our reason, and Revelation, compel us to approve. Why then should it appear impossible that God should raise the dead? If Moses and Elias appeared from the invisible world, what greater difficulty can exist in supposing that Samuel did so? For the proofs that the spirit of the prophet was really made visible by the power of God in some mysterious manner to the woman, and for an inquiry into the nature of the objects which were to be answered by this manifestation of Samuel, see the various commentators, Bp. Patrick, Bp. Horne, Stackhouse, particularly Dr. Hales' Analysis, vol. i. pages 355 to 361.

the land: wherefore then layest thou a snare for my life, to A.C. 1055. 10 cause me to die? And Saul sware to her by the LORD, saying, As the LORD liveth, there shall no punishment happen to thee 11 for this thing. Then said the woman, Whom shall I bring up 12 unto thee? And he said, Bring me up Samuel. And when the woman saw Samuel, she cried with a loud voice: and the woman spake to Saul, saying, Why hast thou deceived me? for 13 thou art Saul. And the king said unto her, Be not afraid: for what sawest thou? And the woman said unto Saul, I saw gods 14 ascending out of the earth. And he said unto her, b What b Heb. What form is he of? And she said, An old man cometh up; and he is covered with a mantle. And Saul perceived that it was Samuel, and he stooped with his face to the ground, and bowed himself.

And Samuel said to Saul, Why hast thou disquieted me, to bring me up? And Saul answered, I am sore distressed; for the Philistines make war against me, and God is departed from me, and answereth me no more, neither c by prophets, nor by cHeb. by the dreams: therefore I have called thee, that thou mayest make phets. 16 known unto me what I shall do. Then said Samuel, Wherefore then dost thou ask of me, seeing the LORD is departed from 17 thee, and is become thine enemy? And the Lord hath done d to him, e as he spake by fme: for the LORD hath rent the d Or, for himkingdom out of thine hand, and given it to thy neighbour, even e ch. xv. 28.

18 to David: because thou obeyedst not the voice of the Lord, f Heb. mine hand. nor executedst his fierce wrath upon Amalek, therefore hath the 19 LORD done this thing unto thee this day. Moreover the LORD will also deliver Israel with thee into the hand of the Philistines: and to morrow shalt thou and thy sons be with me: the Lord also shall deliver the host of Israel into the 20 hand of the Philistines. Then Saul g fell straightway all along g Heb. made haste, and fell on the earth, and was sore afraid, because of the words of with the ful-Samuel: and there was no strength in him; for he had eaten stature.

no bread all the day, nor all the night. And the woman came unto Saul, and saw that he was sore troubled, and said unto him, Behold, thine handmaid hath obeyed thy voice, and I have put my life in my hand, and have 22 hearkened unto thy words which thou spakest unto me. Now therefore, I pray thee, hearken thou also unto the voice of thine handmaid, and let me set a morsel of bread before thee; and eat, that thou mayest have strength, when thou goest on thy But he refused, and said, I will not eat. But his servants, together with the woman, compelled him; and he hearkened unto their voice. So he arose from the earth, and 24 sat upon the bed. And the woman had a fat calf in the house; and she hasted, and killed it, and took flour, and kneaded it, 25 and did bake unleavened bread thereof: and she brought it

A.C. 1055. before Saul, and before his servants; and they did eat. Then they rose up, and went away that night.

1 SAMUEL XXIX.

1 David marching with the Philistines, 3 is disallowed by their princes. 6 Achish dismisseth him, with commendations of his fidelity.

Now the Philistines gathered together all their armies to 1 Aphek: and the Israelites pitched by a fountain which is in Jezreel. And the lords of the Philistines passed on by hun- 2 dreds, and by thousands: but David and his men passed on in the rereward with Achish. Then said the princes of the 3 Philistines, What do these Hebrews here? And Achish said unto the princes of the Philistines, Is not this David, the servant of Saul the king of Israel, which hath been with me these days, or these years, and I have found no fault in him since he fell unto me unto this day? And the princes of the 4 Philistines were wroth with him; and the princes of the Philistines said unto him, h Make this fellow return, that he may go again to his place which thou hast appointed him, and let him not go down with us to battle, lest in the battle he be an adversary to us: for wherewith should he reconcile himself unto his master? should it not be with the heads of these men? Is not this David, of whom they sang one to another in 5 ich. xviii. 7. dances, saying, i Saul slew his thousands, and David his ten

& xxi. 11.

h 1 Chr. xii. 19.

Then Achish called David, and said unto him, Surely as the 6 LORD liveth, thou hast been upright, and thy going out and thy coming in with me in the host is good in my sight: for I have not found evil in thee since the day of thy coming unto me unto this day: nevertheless k the lords favour thee not. in the eyes of Wherefore now return, and go in peace, that thou displease 7 the lords. 1 Heb. do not not the lords of the Philistines.

k Heb. thou art not good evil in the eyes

of the lords. m Heb. before

thee.

And David said unto Achish, But what have I done? and 8 what hast thou found in thy servant so long as I have been m with thee unto this day, that I may not go fight against the enemies of my lord the king? And Achish answered and said 9 to David, I know that thou art good in my sight, as an angel of God: notwithstanding the princes of the Philistines have said, He shall not go up with us to the battle. Wherefore now rise 10 up early in the morning with thy master's servants that are come with thee: and as soon as ye be up early in the morning, and have light, depart. So David and his men rose up 11 early to depart in the morning, to return into the land of the Philistines. And the Philistines went up to Jezreel.

1 CHRONICLES XII. VER. 19-22.

And there fell some of Manasseh to David, when he came 19 with the Philistines against Saul to battle: but they helped

them not: for the lords of the Philistines upon advisement sent A.C. 1055. him away, saying, "He will fall to his master Saul oto the nisam. 20 jeopardy of our heads. As he went to Ziklag, there fell to him xxix. 4. of Manasseh, Adnah, and Jozabad, and Jediael, and Michael, heads. and Jozabad, and Elihu, and Zilthai, captains of the thousands

21 that were of Manasseh. And they helped David pagainst the por, with a band of the rovers: for they were all mighty men of valour, and

22 were captains in the host. For at that time day by day there came to David to help him, until it was a great host, like the host of God.

1 SAMUEL XXX.

1 The Amalekites spoil Ziklag. 4 David asking counsel is encouraged by God to pursue them. 11 By the means of a revived Egyptian he is brought to the enemies, and recovereth all the spoil. 22 David's law to divide the spoil equally between them that fight and them that keep the stuff. 26 He sendeth presents to his friends.

And it came to pass, when David and his men were come to Ziklag on the third day, that the Amalekites had invaded the south, and Ziklag, and smitten Ziklag, and burned it with fire; 2 and had taken the women captives, that were therein: they slew not any, either great or small, but carried them away, and went on their way.

So David and his men came to the city, and, behold, it was burned with fire; and their wives, and their sons, and their 4 daughters, were taken captives. Then David and the people that were with him lifted up their voice and wept, until they 5 had no more power to weep. And David's two wives were taken captives, Ahinoam the Jezreelitess, and Abigail the wife 6 of Nabal the Carmelite. And David was greatly distressed; for the people spake of stoning him, because the soul of all the people was q grieved, every man for his sons and for his q Heb. bitter. daughters: but David encouraged himself in the LORD his God.

- 7 And David said to Abiathar the priest, Ahimelech's son, I pray thee, bring me hither the ephod. And Abiathar brought 8 thither the ephod to David. And David enquired at the LORD, saying, Shall I pursue after this troop? shall I overtake them? And he answered him, Pursue: for thou shalt surely overtake 9 them, and without fail recover all. So David went, he and the six hundred men that were with him, and came to the brook 10 Besor, where those that were left behind stayed. But David pursued, he and four hundred men: for two hundred abode behind, which were so faint that they could not go over the brook Besor.
- And they found an Egyptian in the field, and brought him to David, and gave him bread, and he did eat; and they made 12 him drink water; and they gave him a piece of a cake of figs, and two clusters of raisins: and when he had eaten, his spirit came again to him: for he had eaten no bread, nor drunk any 13 water, three days and three nights. And David said unto him,

A.C. 1055. To whom belongest thou? and whence art thou? And he said, I am a young man of Egypt, servant to an Amalekite; and my master left me, because three days agone I fell sick. We made 14 an invasion upon the south of the Cherethites, and upon the coast which belongeth to Judah, and upon the south of Caleb; and we burned Ziklag with fire. And David said to him, 15 Canst thou bring me down to this company? And he said, Swear unto me by God, that thou wilt neither kill me, nor deliver me into the hands of my master, and I will bring thee down to this company. And when he had brought him down, behold, they were 16

> spread abroad upon all the earth, eating and drinking, and dancing, because of all the great spoil that they had taken out of the land of the Philistines, and out of the land of Judah. And David smote them from the twilight even unto the even-17 ing of the next day: and there escaped not a man of them, save four hundred young men, which rode upon camels, and And David recovered all that the Amalekites had carried 18 away: and David rescued his two wives. And there was 19 nothing lacking to them, neither small nor great, neither sons nor daughters, neither spoil, nor any thing that they had taken to them: David recovered all. And David took all the flocks 20 and the herds, which they drave before those other cattle, and

said, This is David's spoil.

And David came to the two hundred men, which were so 21 faint that they could not follow David, whom they had made also to abide at the brook Besor: and they went forth to meet David, and to meet the people that were with him: and when David came near to the people, he saluted them. Then 22 answered all the wicked men and men of Belial, of those that went with David, and said, Because they went not with us, we will not give them *ought* of the spoil that we have recovered, save to every man his wife and his children, that they may lead them away, and depart. Then said David, Ye shall not do so, 23 my brethren, with that which the LORD hath given us, who hath preserved us, and delivered the company that came against us into our hand. For who will hearken unto you in this 24 matter? but as his part is that goeth down to the battle, so shall his part be that tarrieth by the stuff: they shall part alike. And it was so from that day "forward, that he made it a statute 25 and an ordinance for Israel unto this day.

them how they did. t Heb. men.

s Or, asked

r Heb. their

morrow.

u Heb. and forward.

And when David came to Ziklag, he sent of the spoil unto 26 x Heb. bless- the elders of Judah, even to his friends, saying, Behold a x present for you of the spoil of the enemies of the Lord; to them 27 which were in Beth-el, and to them which were in south Ramoth, and to them which were in Jattir, and to them which were in 28 Aroer, and to them which were in Siphmoth, and to them which

were in Eshtemoa, and to them which were in Rachal, and to 29

ing.

them which were in the cities of the Jerahmeelites, and to them A.C. 1055. 30 which were in the cities of the Kenites, and to them which were in Horman, and to them which were in Chor-ashan, and 31 to them which were in Athach, and to them which were in Hebron, and to all the places where David himself and his men were wont to haunt.

1 SAMUEL XXXI.

1 Saul having lost his army, and his sons slain, he and his armourbearer kill themselves. 7 The Philistines possess the forsaken towns of the Israelites. 8 They triumph over the dead carcases. 11 They of Jabesh-gilead, recovering the bodies by night, burn them at Jabesh, and mournfully bury their bones.

Now y the Philistines fought against Israel: and the men of y 1 Chr. x. Israel fled from before the Philistines, and fell down z slain in z or, wound-2 mount Gilboa. And the Philistines followed hard upon Saul ed. and upon his sons; and the Philistines slew Jonathan, and

3 Abinadab, and Melchi-shua, Saul's sons. And the battle went sore against Saul, and the a archers b hit him; and he was sore a Heb. shoot-

4 wounded of the archers. Then said Saul unto his armourbearer, ers, men with hows. Draw thy sword, and thrust me through therewith; lest these bideb. found uncircumcised come and thrust me through, and cabuse me. c Or, mock But his armourbearer would not; for he was sore afraid.

5 Therefore Saul took a sword, and fell upon it. And when his armourbearer saw that Saul was dead, he fell likewise upon his 6 sword, and died with him. So Saul died, and his three sons, and his armourbearer, and all his men, that same day together.

And when the men of Israel that were on the other side of the valley, and they that were on the other side Jordan, saw that the men of Israel fled, and that Saul and his sons were dead, they forsook the cities, and fled; and the Philistines 8 came and dwelt in them. And it came to pass on the morrow,

when the Philistines came to strip the slain, that they found 9 Saul and his three sons fallen in mount Gilboa. And they cut off his head, and stripped off his armour, and sent into the land of the Philistines round about, to publish it in the house of

10 their idols, and among the people. And they put his armour in the house of Ashtaroth: and they fastened his body to the wall of Beth-shan.

And when the inhabitants of Jabesh-gilead heard d of that d Or, concern-12 which the Philistines had done to Saul; all the valiant men ing him. arose, and went all night, and took the body of Saul and the bodies of his sons from the wall of Beth-shan, and came to

13 Jabesh, and burnt them there. And they took their bones, e Jer. xxxiv. and f buried them under a tree at Jabesh, and fasted seven days. 12 Sam. ii. 4.

1 CHRONICLES X. VER. 13 & 14.

So Saul died for his transgression which he g committed g Heb. transagainst the LORD, heven against the word of the LORD, which hisam. xv. he kept not, and also for asking counsel of one that had a familiar 23.

A.C. 1055. spirit, ito enquire of it; and enquired not of the Lord: there-14 fore he slew him, and turned the kingdom unto David the son xxviii. 7. k Heb. Isai. of k Jesse.

Lamentation of David over Saul and Jonathan.

2 SAMUEL I.

Now it came to pass after the death of Saul, when David 1 a 1 Sam. xxx. was returned from a the slaughter of the Amalekites, and David had abode two days in Ziklag; it came even to pass on the third 2 day, that, behold, a man came out of the camp from Saul with his clothes rent, and earth upon his head: and so it was, when he came to David, that he fell to the earth, and did obeisance. And David said unto him, From whence comest thou? he said unto him, Out of the camp of Israel am I escaped. b Heb. What And David said unto him, b How went the matter? I pray 4 was, &c. thee, tell me. And he answered, That the people are fled from the battle, and many of the people also are fallen and dead; and Saul and Jonathan his son are dead also. And David 5 said unto the young man that told him, How knowest thou that Saul and Jonathan his son be dead? And the young man 6 that told him said, As I happened by chance upon mount Gilboa, behold, Saul leaned upon his spear; and, lo, the chariots and horsemen followed hard after him. And when he 7 looked behind him, he saw me, and called unto me. c Heb. Behold answered, c Here am I. And he said unto me, Who art thou? 8 And I answered him, I am an Amalekite. He said unto me 9 d Or, my coat again, Stand, I pray thee, upon me, and slay me: for danguish of mail, or, my embroidis come upon me, because my life is yet whole in me. So I 10 ered coat hin- stood upon him, and slew him, because I was sure that he could not live after that he was fallen: and I took the crown that that my, &c. was upon his head, and the bracelet that was on his arm, and have brought them hither unto my lord. Then David took 11 e ch. iii. 31. hold on his clothes, and e rent them; and likewise all the men & xiii. 31, that were with him: and they mourned, and wept, and fasted 12 until even, for Saul, and for Jonathan his son, and for the people of the LORD, and for the house of Israel; because they were fallen by the sword. And David said unto the young man that told him, Whence 13

And David said unto the young man that told him, Whence 13 art thou? And he answered, I am the son of a stranger, an Amalekite. And David said unto him, How wast thou not 14 afraid to f stretch forth thine hand to destroy the Lord's anointed? And David called one of the young men, and said, 15 Go near, and fall upon him. And he smote him that he died. And David said unto him, Thy blood be upon thy head; for 16 thy mouth hath testified against thee, saying, I have slain the Lord's anointed.

And David lamented with this lamentation over Saul and 17 over Jonathan his son: (also he bade them teach the children 18

f Ps cv. 1

of Judah the use of the bow: behold, it is written g in the book A.C. 1055. h of Jasher.)

The beauty of Israel is slain upon thy high places: how are upright. the mighty fallen!

20 Tell it not in Gath, publish it not in the streets of Askelon; i Mic. i. 10. lest the daughters of the Philistines rejoice, lest the daughters of the uncircumcised triumph.

Ye mountains of Gilboa, let there be no dew, neither let there be rain, upon you, nor fields of offerings: for there the shield of the mighty is vilely cast away, the shield of Saul, as though he had not been anointed with oil.

From the blood of the slain, from the fat of the mighty, the bow of Jonathan turned not back, and the sword of Saul returned not empty.

Saul and Jonathan were levely and k pleasant in their lives, k Or, sweet. and in their death they were not divided: they were swifter than eagles, they were stronger than lions.

24 Ye daughters of Israel, weep over Saul, who clothed you in scarlet, with other delights, who put on ornaments of gold upon your apparel.

How are the mighty fallen in the midst of the battle! Jonathan, thou wast slain in thine high places.

I am distressed for thee, my brother Jonathan: very pleasant hast thou been unto me: thy love to me was wonderful, passing the love of women.

27 How are the mighty fallen, and the weapons of war perished!

1 CHRON. X. VER. 1-12.

- Now 1 the Philistines fought against Israel; and the men of Israel fled from 11 Sam. xxxi. 2 before the Philistines, and fell down m slain in mount Gilboa. And the Philistines 1, 2. followed hard after Saul, and after his sons; and the Philistines slew Jonathan, and m Or, wound-ed.
- 3 n Abinadab, and Malchi-shua, the sons of Saul. And the battle went sore against n Or, Ishui,
- 4 Saul, and the oarchers Phit him, and he was wounded of the archers. Then said I Sam. xiv. Saul to his armourbearer, Draw thy sword, and thrust me through therewith; lest 49; Saul to his armourbearer, Draw thy sword, and thrust me through therewith; less o Heb. shoot-these uncircumcised come and Tabuse me. But his armourbearer would not; for ers with bows.
- 5 he was sore afraid. So Saul took a sword, and fell upon it. And when his armour- p Heb. found 6 bearer saw that Saul was dead, he fell likewise on the sword, and died. So Saul him.
- 7 died, and his three sons, and all his house died together. And when all the men q Or, mock of Israel that more in the valley saw that they fled and that Saul and his case were of Israel that were in the valley saw that they fled, and that Saul and his sons were dead, then they forsook their cities, and fled: and the Philistines came and dwelt in
- And it came to pass on the morrow, when the Philistines came to strip the slain,
- 9 that they found Saul and his sons fallen in mount Gilboa. And when they had stripped him, they took his head, and his armour, and sent into the land of the
- 10 Philistines round about, to carry tidings unto their idols, and to the people. And they put his armour in the house of their gods, and fastened his head in the temple of Dagon.
- And when all Jabesh-gilead heard all that the Philistines had done to Saul,
- 12 they arose, all the valiant men, and took away the body of Saul, and the bodies of his sons, and brought them to Jabesh, and buried their bones under the oak in Jabesh, and fasted seven days.

PART VII.

The Reign of David.

§ 1. David made King in Hebron—Civil War in Israel.

2 SAMUEL II.

A.C. 1055.

And it came to pass after this, that David enquired of the 1 LORD, saying, Shall I go up into any of the cities of Judah? And the LORD said unto him, Go up. And David said, Whither shall I go up? And he said, Unto Hebron. David went up thither, and his two wives also, Ahinoam the Jezreelitess, and Abigail Nabal's wife the Carmelite. men that were with him did David bring up, every man with his houshold: and they dwelt in the cities of Hebron. the men of Judah came, and there they anointed David king over the house of Judah. And they told David, saying, That bthe men of Jabesh-gilead were they that buried Saul.

b I Sam. xxxi. 13.

a l Mac. ii.

And David sent messengers unto the men of Jabesh-gilead, 5 and said unto them, Blessed be ye of the Lord, that ye have shewed this kindness unto your lord, even unto Saul, and have buried him. And now the LORD shew kindness and truth 6 unto you: and I also will requite you this kindness, because ve have done this thing. Therefore now let your hands be 7 strengthened, and be ye valiant: for your master Saul is dead, and also the house of Judah have anointed me king over them.

c Heh. be ge the sons of valour.

d Heb. the host which was Saul's. e Or, Eshbaal, I Chr.

ber of days.

f Heb. num-

1053.

g Heb. them sogether.

h That is, The field of

strong men.

But Abner the son of Ner, captain of d Saul's host, took 8 e Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and brought him over to Mahanaim; and made him king over Gilead, and over the Ashu- 9 viii. 33. & ix. rites, and over Jezreel, and over Ephraim, and over Benjamin, and over all Israel. Ish-bosheth Saul's son was forty years old 10 when he began to reign over Israel, and reigned two years. But the house of Judah followed David. And the ftime that 11 David was king in Hebron over the house of Judah was seven years and six months. And Abner the son of Ner, and the servants of Ish-bosheth 12

the son of Saul, went out from Mahanaim to Gibeon. Joab the son of Zeruiah, and the servants of David, went out, and met g together by the pool of Gibeon: and they sat down, the one on the one side of the pool, and the other on the other side of the pool. And Abner said to Joab, Let the young 14 men now arise, and play before us. And Joab said, Let them Then there arose and went over by number twelve of 15 Benjamin, which pertained to Ish-bosheth the son of Saul, and twelve of the servants of David. And they caught every one 16 his fellow by the head, and thrust his sword in his fellow's side; so they fell down together: wherefore that place was called h Helkath-hazzurim, which is in Gibeon. And there was a 17 very sore battle that day; and Abner was beaten, and the men A.C. 1053. of Israel, before the servants of David.

And there were three sons of Zeruiah there, Joab, and Abishai, and Asahel: and Asahel was as light i of foot k as a wild i Heb. of his 19 roe. And Asahel pursued after Abner; and in going he k Heb. as one turned not to the right hand nor to the left 1 from following of the roes that is in the

20 Abner. Then Abner looked behind him, and said, Art thou feld. 21 Asahel? And he answered, I am. And Abner said to him, after Abner.

Turn thee aside to thy right hand or to thy left, and lay thee hold on one of the young men, and take thee his marmour. m Or, spoil.

22 But Asahel would not turn aside from following him. And Abner said again to Asahel, Turn thee aside from following me: wherefore should I smite thee to the ground? how then 23 should I hold up my face to Joab thy brother? Howbeit he refused to turn aside: wherefore Abner with the hinder end of the spear smote him under the fifth rib, that the spear came out behind him; and he fell down there, and died in the same place: and it came to pass, that as many as came to the place 24 where Asahel fell down and died stood still. Joab also and Abishai pursued after Abner: and the sun went down when they were come to the hill of Ammah, that lieth before Giah by the way of the wilderness of Gibeon.

And the children of Benjamin gathered themselves together after Abner, and became one troop, and stood on the top of 26 an hill. Then Abner called to Joab, and said, Shall the sword devour for ever? knowest thou not that it will be bitterness in the latter end? how long shall it be then, ere thou bid the

27 people return from following their brethren? And Joab said, As God liveth, unless thou hadst spoken, surely then n in the n Heb. from morning the people had o gone up every one from following o Or, gone 28 his brother. So Joab blew a trumpet, and all the people stood still, and pursued after Israel no more, neither fought they 29 any more. And Abner and his men walked all that night

through the plain, and passed over Jordan, and went through 30 all Bithron, and they came to Mahanaim. And Joab returned from following Abner: and when he had gathered all the people together, there lacked of David's servants nineteen 31 men and Asahel. But the servants of David had smitten of

Benjamin, and of Abner's men, so that three hundred and threescore men died.

And they took up Asahel, and buried him in the sepulchre of his father, which was in Beth-lehem. And Joab and his men went all night, and they came to Hebron at break of day.

2 SAMUEL III.

1 During the war David still waxeth stronger. 2 Six sons were born to him in Hebron. 6 Abner, displeased with Ish-bosheth, 12 revolteth to David. 13 David requireth a condition to bring him his wife Michal. 17 Abner, having communed with the Israelites, is feasted by David, and dismissed. 22 Joab, returning from battle, is displeased with the king, and killeth Abner. 28 David curseth Joab, 31 and mourneth for Abner.

A.C. 1053.

Now there was long war between the house of Saul and the 1 house of David: but David waxed stronger and stronger, and the house of Saul waxed weaker and weaker.

And unto David were sons born in Hebron: and his first- 2 born was Amnon, of Ahinoam the Jezreelitess; and his second, 3 Chileab, of Abigail the wife of Nabal the Carmelite; and the third, Absalom the son of Maacah the daughter of Talmai king of Geshur; and the fourth, Adonijah the son of Haggith; and 4 the fifth, Shephatiah the son of Abital; and the sixth, Ithream, 5 by Eglah David's wife. These were born to David in Hebron.

And it came to pass, while there was war between the house 6 of Saul and the house of David, that Abner made himself strong for the house of Saul. And Saul had a concubine, 7 p ch. xxi. 10, whose name was P Rizpah, the daughter of Aiah: and Ishbosheth said to Abner, Wherefore hast thou gone in unto my father's concubine? Then was Abner very wroth for the 8 words of Ish-bosheth, and said, Am I a dog's head, which against Judah do shew kindness this day unto the house of Saul thy father, to his brethren, and to his friends, and have not delivered thee into the hand of David, that thou chargest me to day with a fault concerning this woman? So do God 9 to Abner, and more also, except, as the LORD hath sworn to David, even so I do to him; to translate the kingdom from the 10 house of Saul, and to set up the throne of David over Israel and over Judah, from Dan even to Beer-sheba. could not answer Abner a word again, because he feared him.

1048.

And Abner sent messengers to David on his behalf, saying, 12 Whose is the land? saying also, Make thy league with me, and, behold, my hand shall be with thee, to bring about all Israel unto thee.

q Heb. saying.

And he said, Well; I will make a league with thee: but 13 one thing I require of thee, q that is, Thou shalt not see my face, except thou first bring Michal Saul's daughter, when thou comest to see my face. And David sent messengers to 14 Ish-bosheth Saul's son, saying, Deliver me my wife Michal, which I espoused to me for an hundred foreskins of the Phi-And Ish-bosheth sent, and took her from her hus- 15 81 Sam. xxv. band, even from 8 Phaltiel the son of Laish. And her husband 16 went with her talong weeping behind her to Bahurim. said Abner unto him, Go, return. And he returned.

xviii. 25. 27. 44. Phalti. t Heb. going

r I Sam.

And Abner had communication with the elders of Israel, A.C. 1048. saying, Ye sought for David u in times past to be king over u Heb. both 18 you: now then do it: for the LORD hath spoken of David, yesterday and the third day. saying, By the hand of my servant David I will save my people Israel out of the hand of the Philistines, and out of the hand 19 of all their enemies. And Abner also spake in the ears of Benjamin: and Abner went also to speak in the ears of David in Hebron all that seemed good to Israel, and that seemed 20 good to the whole house of Benjamin. So Abner came to David to Hebron, and twenty men with him. And David 21 made Abner and the men that were with him a feast. Abner said unto David, I will arise and go, and will gather all Israel unto my lord the king, that they may make a league with thee, and that thou mayest reign over all that thine heart desireth. And David sent Abner away; and he went in peace.

And, behold, the servants of David and Joab came from pursuing a troop, and brought in a great spoil with them: but Abner was not with David in Hebron; for he had sent him 23 away, and he was gone in peace. When Joab and all the host that was with him were come, they told Joab, saying, Abner the son of Ner came to the king, and he hath sent him away, 24 and he is gone in peace. Then Joab came to the king, and said, What hast thou done? behold, Abner came unto thee; why is it that thou hast sent him away, and he is quite gone?

25 Thou knowest Abner the son of Ner, that he came to deceive thee, and to know thy going out and thy coming in, and to 26 know all that thou doest. And when Joab was come out from

David, he sent messengers after Abner, which brought him 27 again from the well of Sirah: but David knew it not. And when Abner was returned to Hebron, Joab x took him aside x 1 Kings ii. in the gate to speak with him y quietly, and smote him there y or, peaceunder the fifth rib, that he died, for the blood of Z Asahel his zbij. 23. brother.

And afterward when David heard it, he said, I and my kingdom are guiltless before the LORD for ever from the 29 a blood of Abner the son of Ner: let it rest on the head of Joab, a Heb. bloods. and on all his father's house; and let there not b fail from the b Heb. be cut house of Joab one that hath an issue, or that is a leper, or that of. leaneth on a staff, or that falleth on the sword, or that lacketh So Joab and Abishai his brother slew Abner because he had slain their brother c Asahel at Gibeon in the battle.

And David said to Joab, and to all the people that were with him, Rend your clothes, and gird you with sackcloth, and mourn before Abner. And king David himself followed the d bier. d Heb. bed.

32 And they buried Abner in Hebron: and the king lifted up his voice, and wept at the grave of Abner; and all the people 33 wept. And the king lamented over Abner, and said, Died e Heb. children of iniquity.

f Heb. was good in their

eyes.

A.C. 1048. Abner as a fool dieth? Thy hands were not bound, nor thy feet 34 put into fetters: as a man falleth before owicked men, so fellest And all the people wept again over him. And when all 35 the people came to cause David to eat meat while it was yet day, David sware, saying, So do God to me, and more also, if I taste bread, or ought else, till the sun be down. people took notice of it, and it pleased them: as whatsoever the king did pleased all the people. For all the people and 37 all Israel understood that day that it was not of the king to slay Abner the son of Ner. And the king said unto his servants, 38 Know ye not that there is a prince and a great man fallen this g Heb. tender. day in Israel? And I am this day weak, though anointed 39 king; and these men the sons of Zeruiah be too hard for me: the LORD shall reward the doer of evil according to his wicked-

ness.

2 SAMUEL IV.

1 The Israelites being troubled at the death of Abner, 2 Baanah and Rechab slay Ishbosheth, and bring his head to Hebron. 9 David causeth them to be slain, and Ishbosheth's head to be buried.

And when Saul's son heard that Abner was dead in Hebron, 1

his hands were feeble, and all the Israelites were troubled. And Saul's son had two men that were captains of bands: the name 2 h Heb.second. of the one was Baanah, and the name of the other h Rechab, the sons of Rimmon a Beerothite, of the children of Benjamin: (for Beeroth also was reckoned to Benjamin: and the Beero- 3

thites fled to Gittaim, and were sojourners there until this day.) And Jonathan, Saul's son, had a son that was lame of his 4 He was five years old when the tidings came of Saul and Jonathan out of Jezreel, and his nurse took him up, and fled: and it came to pass, as she made haste to flee, that he

i Or. Merib-And his name was i Mephibosheth. fell, and became lame. baal, 1 Chr. fell, and became lame. This has been been been sons of Rimmon the Beerothite, Rechab and Baanah, 5

went, and came about the heat of the day to the house of Ishbosheth, who lay on a bed at noon. And they came thither 6 into the midst of the house, as though they would have fetched wheat; and they smote him under the fifth rib: and Rechab and Baanah his brother escaped. For when they came into ? the house, he lay on his bed in his bedchamber, and they smote him, and slew him, and beheaded him, and took his head, and gat them away through the plain all night. And they brought 8 the head of Ish-bosheth unto David to Hebron, and said to the

king, Behold the head of Ish-bosheth the son of Saul thine enemy, which sought thy life; and the Lord hath avenged my lord the king this day of Saul, and of his seed.

And David answered Rechab and Baanah his brother, the 9 sons of Rimmon the Beerothite, and said unto them, As the Lord liveth, who hath redeemed my soul out of all adversity,

when k one told me, saying, Behold, Saul is dead, thinking 10

k ch. i. 2. 4. l Heb. he was in his own eyes as a bringer, &c.

to have brought good tidings, I took hold of him, and slew him A.C. 1048. in Ziklag, m who thought that I would have given him a reward mor, which I for his tidings: how much more, when wicked men have slain a was the revealed therefore now require his blood of your hand, and take you away 12 from the earth? And David commanded his young men, and they slew them, and cut off their hands and their feet, and hanged them up over the pool in Hebron. But they took the head of Ish-bosheth, and buried it in the sepulchre of m ch. iii. 32. Abner in Hebron.

§ 2 46. David made King over all Israel.

2 SAMUEL V. VER. 1, 2, 3.

Then a came all the tribes of Israel to David unto Hebron, a 1 Chr. xi. 1. and spake, saying, Behold, we are thy bone and thy flesh.

2 Also in time past, when Saul was king over us, thou wast he that leddest out and broughtest in Israel: and the Lord said to thee, b Thou shalt feed my people Israel, and thou shalt be b Ps. 1xxviii.

3 a captain over Israel. So all the elders of Israel came to the king to Hebron; and king David made a league with them in Hebron before the Lord: and they anointed David king over Israel.

1 CHRONICLES XIII. VER. 1-4.

And David consulted with the captains of thousands and hundreds, and with every leader. And David said unto all the congregation of Israel, If it seem good unto you, and that it be of the Lord our God, clet us send abroad unto our brethren therefore every where, that are left in all the land of Israel, and with them and send. also to the priests and Levites which are d in their cities and d Heb. in the cities of their 3 suburbs, that they may gather themselves unto us: and let us suburbs. bring again the ark of our God to us: for we enquired not at eHeb. bring at it in the days of Saul. And all the congregation said that they would do so: for the thing was right in the eyes of all the people.

PSALM CXXXIX 47.

1 David praiseth God for his all-seeing providence, 17 and for his infinite mercies.

19 He defieth the wicked. 23 He prayeth for sincerity.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

O Lord, thou hast searched me, and known me.

⁴⁶ This arrangement of section ii. is made on the authority of the author of the Book of Chronicles; who places the list of David's warriors after the account of his being made king by all the tribes of Israel at Hebron. They are mentioned before the numbering of the people in the Second Book of Samuel; but for what reason is not apparent. The most appropriate place for them seems to be that which follows the history of David's elevation; who was in a great measure indebted to their allegiance, among other human means, for the possession of the throne. There is some partial difference between the catalogue of these warriors in 2 Samuel xxiii. and that in 1 Chron. xi. Dr. Kennicott, in a valuable and learned dissertation, has reconciled the apparent discrepancies in the two lists by comparing both with the Septuagint; and pointing out the manner in which it is probable the various minor changes of letters and words might have occurred. The passages (2 Sam. xxiii. ver. 13—18.) and (1 Chron. xi. 15—20.) have been inserted above, chap. vi. sect. ix. Vide Kennicott's Dissertation on the State of the Hebrew Text, vol. i. particularly p. 248—260.

47 Immediately on David's accession to the throne of Israel, we read in Chronicles that he pro-

A.C. 1048.

Thou knowest my downsitting and mine uprising, thou un- 2 derstandest my thought afar off.

f Or, winnowest. Thou f compassest my path and my lying down, and art 3 acquainted with all my ways.

For there is not a word in my tongue, but, lo, O LORD, thou 4

knowest it altogether.

Thou hast beset me behind and before, and laid thine hand 5 upon me.

Such knowledge is too wonderful for me; it is high, I cannot 6

attain unto it.

Whither shall I go from thy spirit? or whither shall I flee 7 from thy presence?

g Amos ix. 2, 3, 4.

g If I ascend up into heaven, thou art there: if I make my 8 bed in hell, behold, thou art there.

If I take the wings of the morning, and dwell in the utter- 9 most parts of the sea;

Even there shall thy hand lead me, and thy right hand shall 10 hold me.

If I say, Surely the darkness shall cover me; even the night 11 shall be light about me.

h Job. xxvi.
6. Heb. iv.13.
i Heb. darkeneth not.
k Heb. as is the darkness.

so is the light.

Yea, h the darkness i hideth not from thee; but the night 12 shineth as the day: k the darkness and the light are both alike to thee.

For thou hast possessed my reins: thou hast covered me in 13 my mother's womb.

I will praise thee; for I am fearfully and wonderfully made: 14 1 Heb. great- marvellous are thy works; and that my soul knoweth 1 right well.

m Or, strength, or, body.

fashioned.

p Ps. xl. 5.

My m substance was not hid from thee, when I was made 15 in secret, and curiously wrought in the lowest parts of the earth.

Thine eyes did see my substance, yet being unperfect; and 16 n Heb. all of in thy book n all my members were written, which in continution of them.

ance were fashioned, when as yet there was none of them.

Thine eyes did see my substance, yet being unperfect; and 16 n Heb. all of in thy book n all my members were written, which in continution of them.

Thine eyes did see my substance, yet being unperfect; and 16 n Heb. all of in thy book n all my members were written, which in continution of them.

Therefore the did see my substance, yet being unperfect; and 16 n Heb. all of in thy book n all my members were written, which in continution of them.

Therefore the did see my substance, yet being unperfect; and 16 n Heb. all of in thy book n all my members were written, which in continution of them.

how great is the sum of them!

If I should count them, they are more in number than the 18 sand: when I awake, I am still with thee.

Surely thou wilt slay the wicked, O God: depart from me 19 therefore, ye bloody men.

For they speak against thee wickedly, and thine enemies 20 take thy name in vain.

posed the fetching up of the ark from Kirjath-jearim. His first thought was gratitude and adoration to that God who had fulfilled his promises, and made him ruler over his people. On this supposition I have inserted the 139th Psalm in this place, although the date and occasion of the Psalm are uncertain. On surveying the whole of his eventful life, David acknowledges the wisdom of Providence alike in his adversity and prosperity; he resolves to restore the ark to its place; proclaims the omniscience of God; and concludes his song of praise, with a prayer to be preserved from the evils and dangers of prosperity, and to be led in the way everlasting.

Do not I hate them, O LORD, that hate thee? and am not I A.C. 1048. grieved with those that rise up against thee?

I hate them with perfect hatred: I count them mine

Search me, O God, and know my heart: try me, and know my thoughts:

And see if there be any q wicked way in me, and lead me in q Heb. way of the way everlasting.

1 CHRONICLES XII. VER. 23, TO THE END.

And these are the numbers of the rs bands that were ready r Or, captains, or, men. armed to the war, and came to David to Hebron, to turn the 8 Heb. heads. kingdom of Saul to him, according to the word of the LORD. 24 The children of Judah that bare shield and spear were six 25 thousand and eight hundred, ready tarmed to the war. Of the t Or, preparchildren of Simeon, mighty men of valour for the war, seven 26 thousand and one hundred. Of the children of Levi four 27 thousand and six hundred. And Jehoiada was the leader of the Aaronites, and with him were three thousand and seven hun-And Zadok, a young man mighty of valour, and of his 29 father's house twenty and two captains. And of the children of Benjamin, the ukindred of Saul, three thousand: for hitherto u Heb. bre-x the greatest part of them had kept the ward of the house of x Heb. a mul-And of the children of Ephraim twenty thousand and tilude of them. eight hundred, mighty men of valour, y famous throughout the of names. 31 house of their fathers. And of the half tribe of Manasseh eighteen thousand, which were expressed by name, to come 32 and make David king. And of the children of Issachar, which were men that had understanding of the times, to know what Israel ought to do; the heads of them were two hundred; and 33 all their brethren were at their commandment. Of Zebulun, such as went forth to battle, z expert in war, with all instru-z Or, rangers of battle, or, ments of war, fifty thousand, which could a keep rank: they ranged in 34 were b not of double heart. And of Naphtali a thousand cap-battle. tains, and with them with shield and spear thirty and seven battle in array.

35 thousand. And of the Danites expert in war twenty and eight b Heb. with 36 thousand and six hundred. And of Asher, such as went forth and a heart. 37 to battle, c expert in war, forty thousand. And on the other side c Or, keeping their rank. of Jordan, of the Reubenites, and the Gadites, and of the half tribe of Manasseh, with all manner of instruments of war for 38 the battle, an hundred and twenty thousand. All these men of war, that could keep rank, came with a perfect heart to Hebron, to make David king over all Israel: and all the rest also of 39 Israel were of one heart to make David king. And there they were with David three days, eating and drinking: for their 40 brethren had prepared for them. Moreover they that were nigh them, even unto Issachar and Zebulun and Naphtali, brought bread on asses, and on camels, and on mules, and on

A.C. 1048. oxen, and d meat, meal, cakes of figs, and bunches of raisins, d Or, victual and wine, and oil, and oxen, and sheep abundantly; for there of meal. was joy in Israel.

2 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 8-12.

bassehet the Tuchmonite, head of the three. f See 1 Chr. xi. 11. g Heb slain. h 1 Chr. xi. 12.

These be the names of the mighty men whom David had: 8 e Or, Josheb e The Tachmonite that sat in the seat, chief among the captains; the same was Adino the Eznite: The lift up his spear against eight hundred, g whom he slew at one time. And after 9 him was h Eleazar the son of Dodo the Ahohite, one of the three mighty men with David, when they defied the Philistines that were there gathered together to battle, and the men of Israel were gone away: he arose, and smote the Philistines 10 until his hand was weary, and his hand clave unto the sword: and the LORD wrought a great victory that day; and the people returned after him only to spoil. And after him was 11 il Chr. xi. 27. Shammah the son of Agee the Hararite. And the Philistines were gathered together jinto a troop, where was a piece of ground full of lentiles: and the people fled from the Philis-But he stood in the midst of the ground, and defended 12 it, and slew the Philistines: and the Lord wrought a great victory.

j Or, for foraging.

1 CHRONICLES XI. VER. 20, TO THE END. And Abishai the brother of Joab, he was chief of the three: 20

k 2 Sam. xxiii. 19, &c.

l Heb. great of deeds.

of measure.

for lifting up his spear against three hundred, he slew them, and had a name among the three. k Of the three, he was more 21 honourable than the two; for he was their captain: howbeit he attained not to the first three. Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, 22 the son of a valiant man of Kabzeel, who had done many acts; he slew two lionlike men of Moab: also he went down and slew a lion in a pit in a snowy day. And he slew an Egyptian, 23 mHeb. a man m a man of great stature, five cubits high; and in the Egyptian's hand was a spear like a weaver's beam; and he went down to him with a staff, and plucked the spear out of the Egyptian's hand, and slew him with his own spear. These things did 24 Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and had a name among the three mighties. Behold, he was honourable among the thirty, but 25 attained not to the first three: and David set him over his guard.

n Or, Shammah. o Or, Harodxxiii. 25. p Or, Paltite, 2 Sam. xxiii. 26. q Or, Mebunnai. r Or, Zalmon. в Or, Heleb. t Or, Hiddai. u Or, Abialbon.

Also the valiant men of the armies were, Asahel the brother 26 of Joab, Elhanan the son of Dodo of Beth-lehem, ⁿ Shammoth 27 the o Harorite, Helez the p Pelonite, Ira the son of Ikkesh the 28 Tekoite, Abi-ezer the Antothite, a Sibbecai the Hushathite, 29 ^r Ilai the Ahohite, Maharai the Netophathite, ^s Heled the son 30 of Baanah the Netophathite, Ithai the son of Ribai of Gibeah, 31 that pertained to the children of Benjamin, Benaiah the Pirathonite, tHurai of the brooks of Gaash, Abiel the 32 33 Arbathite, Azmaveth the Baharumite, Eliahba the Shaal-A.C. 1048.
34 bonite, the sons of x Hashem the Gizonite, Jonathan the son x Or, Jashen.
35 of Shage the Hararite, Ahiam the son of y Sacar the Hararite, See 2 Sam.
36 z Eliphal the son of a Ur, Hepher the Mecherathite, Ahijah the y Or, Sharar.
37 Pelonite, b Hezro the Carmelite, c Naarai the son of Ezbai, let.
38 Joel the brother of Nathan, Mibhar d the son of Haggeri, b Or, Hezrai.
39 Zelek the Ammonite, Naharai the Berothite, the armourbearer c Or, Paarai the Arbite, Alara of Joab the son of Zeruiah, Ira the Ithrite, Gareb the Ithrite, d Or, the
41, 42 Uriah the Hittite, Zabad the son of Ahlai, Adina the son of

Shiza the Reubenite, a captain of the Reubenites, and thirty 43 with him, Hanan the son of Maachah, and Joshaphat the Mith-

44 nite, Uzzia the Ashterathite, Shama and Jehiel the sons of

45 Hothan the Aroerite, Jediael the eson of Shimri, and Joha his e Or, Shim-46 brother, the Tizite, Eliel the Mahavite, and Jeribai, and

47 Joshaviah, the sons of Elnaam, and Ithmah the Moabite, Eliel, and Obed, and Jasiel the Mesobaite.

2 SAMUEL V. VER. 4-10.

David was thirty years old when he began to reign, and he reigned forty years. In Hebron he reigned over Judah seven feb. ii. 11. years and six months: and in Jerusalem he reigned thirty and three years over all Israel and Judah.

6 And the king and his men went to Jerusalem unto the Jebusites, the inhabitants of the land: which spake unto David, saying, Except thou take away the blind and the lame, thou shalt not come in hither: g thinking, David cannot come in g or, saying, 7 hither. Nevertheless David took the strong hold of Zion: the not, gc. 8 same is the city of David. And David said on that day, Whosoever getteth up to the gutter, and smitch the Jebusites, and the lame and the blind, that are hated of David's soul, h he h 1 Chr. xi. shall be chief and captain. Wherefore they said, The blind i Or, Because 9 and the lame shall not come into the house. So David dwelt even the blind in the fort, and called it the city of David. And David and the lame, He shall not to built round about from Millo and inward. And David k went come into the house. So David dwelt even the blind on, and grew great, and the LORD God of hosts was with k Heb went going and growing.

1 CHRONICLES XI. 1-14.

Then I all Israel gathered themselves to David unto Hebron, saying, Behold, we 12 Sam. v. 1.

are thy bone and thy flesh. And moreover m in time past, even when Saul was meterday and king, thou wast he that leddest out and broughtest in Israel: and the Lord thy the third day. God said unto thee, Thou shalt n feed my people Israel, and thou shalt be ruler over n Or, rule.

3 my people Israel. Therefore came all the elders of Israel to the king to Hebron; and David made a covenant with them in Hebron before the Lord; and they anointed David king over Israel, according to the word of the Lord; and they hand of.

4 And David and all Israel 9 went to Jerusalem, which is Jebus; where the Jebu- p 1 Sam. xvi.

4 And David and all Israel qwent to Jerusalem, which is Jebus; where the Jebu- p 1 Sam. xvi.
5 sites were, the inhabitants of the land. And the inhabitants of Jebus said to David, 13.
Thou shalt not come hither. Nevertheless David took the castle of Zion, which is r Heb. head.
6 the city of David. And David said, Whosoever smitteh the Jebusites first shall be a That is,

7 rehief and captain. So Joab the son of Zeruiah went first up, and was chief. And Zion.
8 David dwelt in the castle; therefore they called sit the city of David. And he t Heb.
built the city round about, even from Millo round about: and Joab trepaired the revised.

u Heb. went in going and increasing. x 2 Sam. xxiii. 8 y Or, held strongly with z Or, son of Hachmoni. a Or, Ephesdammim, 1 Sam. xvii. b Or, stood. c Or, salva-

tion. d 1 Chr. xi.

e Heb. slain.

f Heb. great

g Heb. lions

of acts.

of God.

of counte-

nance, or,

a man of

sight: called 1 Chr. xi, 23,

great stature.

able among the thirty.

l Heb. at his

n Or, vallies.

command. m ch. ii. 18.

20.

A.C. 1048. rest of the city. So David u waxed greater and greater: for the Lord of hosts was 9 with him.

* These also are the chief of the mighty men whom David had, who y strength- 10 ened themselves with him in his kingdom, and with all Israel, to make him king, according to the word of the LORD concerning Israel. And this is the number of 11 the mighty men whom David had; Jashobeam, z an Hachmonite, the chief of the captains: he lifted up his spear against three hundred slain by him at one time. And after him was Eleazar the son of Dodo, the Ahohite, who was one of the three 12 mighties. He was with David at a Pas-dammim, and there the Philistines were 13 gathered together to battle, where was a parcel of ground full of barley; and the people fled from before the Philistines. And they b set themselves in the midst of 14 that parcel, and delivered it, and slew the Philistines; and the LORD saved them by a great c deliverance.

2 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 18, TO THE END.

And d Abishai, the brother of Joab, the son of Zeruiah, was chief among three. 18 And he lifted up his spear against three hundred, e and slew them, and had the name among three. Was he not most honourable of three? therefore he was their cap- 19 tain: howbeit he attained not unto the first three. And Benaiah the son of Jeho- 20 iada, the son of a valiant man, of Kabzeel, f who had done many acts, he slew g two lionlike men of Moab: he went down also and slew a lion in the midst of a pit in time of snow: and he slew an Egyptian, h a goodly man: and the Egyptian had a 21 h Heb. a man spear in his hand; but he went down to him with a staff, and plucked the spear out of the Egyptian's hand, and slew him with his own spear. These things did Benaiah 22 the son of Jehoiada, and had the name among three mighty men. He was i more 23 honourable than the thirty, but he attained no to the first three. And David set him over his k l guard. m Asahel the brother of Joab was one of the thirty; Elha- 24 nan the son of Dodo of Beth-lehem, Shammah the Harodite, Elika the Harodite, 25 Helez the Paltite, Ira the son of Ikkesh the Tekoite, Abiezer the Anethothite, 26, 27 Mebunnai the Hushathite, Zalmon the Ahohite, Maharai the Netophathite, 28 k Or, council. Heleb the son of Baanah, a Netophathite, Ittai the son of Ribai out of Gibeah of 29 the children of Benjamin, Benaiah the Pirathonite, Hiddai of the n brooks of Gaash, 30 Abi-albon the Arbathite, Azmaveth the Barhumite, Eliahba the Shaalbonite, of 31, 32 the sons of Jashen, Jonathan, Shammah the Hararite, Ahiam the son of Sharar the 33 Hararite, Eliphelet the son of Ahasbai, the son of the Maachathite, Eliam the son 34 of Ahithophel the Gilonite, Hezrai the Carmelite, Paarai the Arbite, Igal the son 35, 36 of Nathan of Zobah, Bani the Gadite, Zelek the Ammonite, Nahari the Beerothite, 37 armourbearer to Joab the son of Zeruiah, Ira an Ithrite, Gareb an Ithrite, Uriah 38, 39 the Hittite: thirty and seven in all.

§ 3. Hiram congratulates David. Invasion of the Philistines.

2 SAMUEL V. VER. 11, TO THE END.

And a Hiram king of Tyre sent messengers to David, and 11 1047. a 1 Chr. xiv. cedar trees, and carpenters, and b masons: and they built David b Heb. hewere an house. And David perceived that the LORD had established 12 of the stone of him king over Israel, and that he had exalted his kingdom for his people Israel's sake.

And c David took him more concubines and wives out of 13 c 1 Chr. iii. 9. Jerusalem, after he was come from Hebron: and there were d1 Chr. iii. 5, yet sons and daughters born to David 48. And d these be the 14 & xiv. 4. e Or, Shimea, names of those that were born unto him in Jerusalem; e Sham-1 Chr. iii. 5. muah, and Shobab, and Nathan, and Solomon. Ibhar also, 15

⁴⁸ The increase of David's family is here mentioned by anticipation. The narrative, however, must be preserved in its present order, as it is not possible to ascertain the birth of the various sons enumerated.

The invasion of the Philistines took place immediately on the dispersion of the several tribes to their own homes, after their meeting at Hebron.

16 and Elishua, and Nepheg, and Japhia, and Elishama, and A.C. 1047. g Eliada, and Eliphalet. f Or, Elisha-17 h But when the Philistines heard that they had anointed ma, 1 Chr. David king over Israel, all the Philistines came up to seek g Or, Beeli-David; and David heard of it, and went down to the hold. xiv. 7. 18 The Philistines also came and spread themselves in the valley 16. & xiv. 8.

19 of Rephaim. And David enquired of the LORD, saying, Shall I go up to the Philistines? wilt thou deliver them into mine hand? And the LORD said unto David, Go up: for I

20 will doubtless deliver the Philistines into thine hand. And David came to Baal-perazim, and David smote them there, iIs.xxviii.21. and said, The Lord hath broken forth upon mine enemies before me, as the breach of waters. Therefore he called the 21 name of that place k Baal-perazim. And there they left their k That is, The plain of

images, and David and his men 1 m burned them.

22 And the Philistines came up yet again, and spread them-12. 23 selves in the valley of Rephaim. And when David enquired m Or, took them away. of the Lord, he said, Thou shalt not go up; but fetch a compass behind them, and come upon them over against the mul-

24 berry trees. And let it be, when thou hearest the sound of a going in the tops of the mulberry trees, that then thou shalt bestir thyself: for then shall the LORD go out before thee, to 25 smite the host of the Philistines. And David did so, as the

LORD had commanded him; and smote the Philistines from n 1 Chr. xiv. ⁿ Geba until thou come to Gazer.

11 Chr. xiv.

1 CHRONICLES XIV. VER. 17.

17 And the fame of David went out into all lands; and the LORD brought the fear of him upon all nations.

1 CHRONICLES XIV. VER. 1-16.

Now o Hiram king of Tyre sent messengers to David, and timber of cedars, with o 2 Sam. v. 2 masons and carpenters, to build him an house. And David perceived that the 11, &c. LORD had confirmed him king over Israel, for his kingdom was lifted up on high, because of his people Israel.

And David took P more wives at Jerusalem: and David begat more sons and p Heb. yet.

4 daughters. Now these are the names of his children which he had in Jerusalem;

5 Shammua, and Shobab, Nathan, and Solomon, and Ibhar, and Elishua, and Elpalet, 5 Shammua, and Shobab, Nathan, and Solomon, and Ional, and Illishama, and Eli-q Or, Eliada, 6,7 and Nogah, and Nepheg, and Japhia, and Elishama, and q Beeliada, and Eli-q Or, Eliada, 2 Sam. v. 16.

And when the Philistines heard that r David was anointed king over all Israel, r 2 Sam. v. all the Philistines went up to seek David. And David heard of it, and went 17.

9 out against them. And the Philistines came and spread themselves in the valley of 10 Rephaim. And David enquired of God, saying, Shall I go up against the Philistines? and wilt thou deliver them into mine hand? And the LORD said unto him,

11 Go up; for I will deliver them into thine hand. So they came up to Baal-perazim; and David smote them there. Then David said, God hath broken in upon mine enemies by mine hand like the breaking forth of waters: therefore they called the

12 name of that place 8 Baal-perazim. And when they had left their gods there, 8 That is, a 13 David gave a commandment, and they were burned with fire. And the Philistines place of breaches.

14 yet again spread themselves abroad in the valley. Therefore David enquired again of God; and God said unto him, Go not up after them; turn away from them,

15 t and come upon them over against the mulberry trees. And it shall be, when thou t2 Sam. v. 22. shalt hear a sound of going in the tops of the mulberry trees, that then thou shalt

A.C. 1047. go out to battle: for God is gone forth before thee to smite the host of the Philistines. David therefore did as God commanded him: and they smote the host of 16 the Philistines from Gibeon even to Gazer.

§ 4. Removal of the Ark to Jerusalem.

2 SAMUEL VI. VER. 1-11.

The Ark brought from Kirjath-jearim.

1045. jath-jearim, Josh. xv. 9. the name, even the name of the LORD of hosts, was called upon. d Heb. made to ride. f 1 Sam.vii.1.

Again, David gathered together all the chosen men of Israel, 1 at Chr. xiii. thirty thousand. And a David arose, and went with all the 2 5, 6. Baalah, people that were with him from b Baale of Judah, to bring up that is, Kir-from thence the ark of God, c whose name is called by the name of the Lord of hosts that dwelleth between the cherubims. cor, atwhich And they d set the ark of God upon a new cart, and brought it 3 out of the house of Abinadab that was in e Gibeah: and Uzzah and Ahio, the sons of Abinadab, drave the new cart. And they 4 brought it out of f the house of Abinadab which was at Gibeah, gaccompanying the ark of God: and Ahio went before the ark. e Or, the hill. And David and all the house of Israel played before the LORD 5 g Heb. with. on all manner of instruments made of fir wood, even on harps, and on psalteries, and on timbrels, and on cornets, and on cymbals.

h 1 Chr. xiii. 9, he is called Chidon. i Or, stumbled. k Or, rashness.

l Heb. broken. m That is, The breach of Uzzah.

And when they came to h Nachon's threshingfloor, Uzzah put 6 forth his hand to the ark of God, and took hold of it; for the oxen ishook it. And the anger of the LORD was kindled 7 against Uzzah; and God smote him there for his k error; and there he died by the ark of God. And David was displeased, 8 because the LORD had 1 made a breach upon Uzzah: and he called the name of the place m Perez-uzzah to this day. David was afraid of the LORD that day, and said, How shall the ark of the LORD come to me? So David would not remove 10 the ark of the LORD unto him into the city of David: but David carried it aside into the house of Obed-edom the Gittite. And the ark of the LORD continued in the house of Obed-edom 11 the Gittite three months: and the LORD blessed Obed-edom. and all his houshold.

PSALM LXVIII.

Written on the first removal of the Ark ...

1 A Prayer at the removing of the ark. 4 An exhortation to praise God for his mercies, 7 for his care of the church, 19 for his great works.

To the chief Musician, a Psalm or Song of David.

Let ⁿ God arise, let his enemies be scattered: let them also n Num. x. 35. that hate him flee obefore him. o Heb. from his face.

As smoke is driven away, so drive them away: as wax 2 melteth before the fire, so let the wicked perish in the presence

⁴⁹ This Psalm was composed on the occasion of the removal of the ark. It commences with the words which were constantly used when the ark was removed in the wilderness (Numb. x. 35.) It is quoted as prophetic by St. Paul, Eph. iv. 8. As the ark ascended into Jerusalem, the city of the great king, so was Christ to ascend into the heavenly Jerusalem. Lowth; Lightfoot.

- But let the righteous be glad; let them rejoice before God: A.C. 1045.
- yea, let them p exceedingly rejoice.

 Sing unto God, sing praises to his name: extol him that with gladness. rideth upon the heavens by his name JAH, and rejoice before him.
- 5 A father of the fatherless, and a judge of the widows, is God in his holy habitation.
- 6 God setteth the solitary q in families: he bringeth out those q Heb. in a which are bound with chains: but the rebellious dwell in a dry house.
- 7 O God, when thou wentest forth before thy people, when thou didst march through the wilderness; Selah:
- 8 The earth shook, the heavens also dropped at the presence of God: even Sinai itself was moved at the presence of God, the God of Israel.
- Thou, O God, didst r send a plentiful rain, whereby thou r Heb. shake didst s confirm thine inheritance, when it was weary.
- 10 Thy congregation hath dwelt therein: thou, O God, hast firm it. prepared of thy goodness for the poor.
- 11 The LORD gave the word: great was the company of those theb. army. that published it.
- 12 Kings of armies udid flee apace: and she that tarried at u Heb. did home divided the spoil.
- 13 Though ye have lien among the pots, yet shall ye be as the wings of a dove covered with silver, and her feathers with yellow gold.
- 14 When the Almighty scattered kings x in it, it was white as x Or, for her, snow in Salmon.
- 15 The hill of God is as the hill of Bashan; an high hill as the hill of Bashan.
- 16 Why leap ye, ye high hills? this is the hill which God desireth to dwell in; yea, the Lord will dwell in it for ever.
- The chariots of God are twenty thousand, y even thousands y Or even of angels: the LORD is among them, as in Sinai, in the holy sands.

 place.
- 18 z Thou hast ascended on high, thou hast led captivity cap-z Eph. iv. 8. tive: thou hast received gifts a for men; yea, for the rebellious a Heb. in the also, that the LORD God might dwell among them.
- 19 Blessed be the LORD, who daily loadeth us with benefits, even the God of our salvation. Selah.
- 20 He that is our God is the God of salvation; and unto God the Lord belong the issues from death.
- But God shall wound the head of his enemies, and the hairy scalp of such an one as goeth on still in his trespasses.
- The LORD said, I will bring again from Bashan, I will bring my people again from the depths of the sea:
- That thy foot may be b dipped in the blood of thine enemies, b Or, red. and the tongue of thy dogs in the same.

A.C. 1045.

They have seen thy goings, O God; even the goings of my 24 God, my King, in the sanctuary.

The singers went before, the players on instruments fol-25 lowed after; among them were the damsels playing with timbrels.

c Or, ye that are of the fountain of Israel. Bless ye God in the congregations, even the Lord, ^c from the 26 fountain of Israel.

d Or, with their company. There is little Benjamin with their ruler, the princes of Judah 27 d and their council, the princes of Zebulun, and the princes of Naphtali.

Thy God hath commanded thy strength: strengthen, O God, 28 that which thou hast wrought for us.

Because of thy temple at Jerusalem shall kings bring pre-29 sents unto thee.

e Or, the beasts of the reeds, Jer. li. 32, 33. f Or, he scattereth.

Rebuke ^e the company of spearmen, the multitude of the 30 bulls, with the calves of the people, *till every one* submit himself with pieces of silver: ^f scatter thou the people *that* delight in war.

Princes shall come out of Egypt; Ethiopia shall soon stretch 31 out her hands unto God.

Sing unto God, ye kingdoms of the earth; O sing praises 32 unto the Lord; Selah:

g Heb. give.

To him that rideth upon the heavens of heavens, which were 33 of old; lo, he doth g send out his voice, and that a mighty voice.

Ascribe ye strength unto God: his excellency is over Israel, 34 h Or, heavens. and his strength is in the h clouds.

O God, thou art terrible out of thy holy places: the God 35 of Israel is he that giveth strength and power unto his people. Blessed be God.

Second removal from the House of Obed-edom.

1 CHRONICLES XV. VER. 1-14.

1051.

And David made him houses in the city of David, and prepared a place for the ark of God, and pitched for it a tent.
Then David said, i None ought to carry the kark of God but 2
the Levites: for them hath the Lord chosen to carry the ark
of God, and to minister unto him for ever. And David 3
gathered all Israel together to Jerusalem, to bring up the ark
of the Lord unto his place, which he had prepared for it.

not to carry
the ark of
God, but for
the Levites.
k Num. iv. 2.
15.

i Heb It is

And David assembled the children of Aaron, and the Levites: 4

101, kinsmen. of the sons of Kohath; Uriel the chief, and his brethren an 5

hundred and twenty: of the sons of Merari; Asaiah the chief, 6

and his brethren two hundred and twenty: of the sons of 7

Gershom; Joel the chief, and his brethren an hundred and thirty: of the sons of Elizaphan; Shemaiah the chief, and his 8

brethren two hundred: of the sons of Hebron; Eliel the chief, 9

and his brethren fourscore: of the sons of Uzziel; Ammina-10

11 dab the chief, and his brethren an hundred and twelve. And A.C. 1051.

David called for Zadok and Abiathar the priests, and for the
Levites, for Uriel, Asaiah, and Joel, Shemaiah, and Eliel, and

12 Amminadab, and said unto them, Ye are the chief of the fathers of the Levites: sanctify yourselves, both ye and your brethren, that ye may bring up the ark of the Lord God of Israel unto

13 the place that I have prepared for it. For because ye did it not at the first, the LORD our God made a breach upon us, for

14 that we sought him not after the due order. So the priests and the Levites sanctified themselves to bring up the ark of the Lord God of Israel.

PSALM CXXXII.

Written on the preparation to remove the Ark the second time 50.

1 David in his prayer commendeth unto God the religious care he had for the ark. 8 His prayer at the removing of the ark, 11 with a repetition of God's promises.

¶ A Song of degrees.

1 LORD, remember David, and all his afflictions:

2 How he sware unto the LORD, and vowed unto the mighty God of Jacob;

3 Surely I will not come into the tabernacle of my house, nor go up into my bed;

I will not give sleep to mine eyes, or slumber to mine eye-

lids,

5 Until I find out a place for the LORD, man habitation for m Heb. habithe mighty God of Jacob.

6 Lo, we heard of it at Ephratah: we found it in the fields of the wood.

7 We will go into his tabernacles: we will worship at his footstool.

8 n Arise, O Lord, into thy rest; thou, and the ark of thy n Num. x. 35. strength.

Let thy priests be clothed with righteousness; and let thy saints shout for joy.

o For thy servant David's sake turn not away the face of thine anointed.

⁵⁰ This Psalm is supposed by Calmet to have been written as a prayer during the Babylonish captivity. Others are of opinion it was composed by Solomon at the dedication of the Temple. I have inserted it here on the authority of Lightfoot, (its date being uncertain), as an appropriate prayer of David only. He had once attempted to remove the ark, and had left it at the house of Obed-edom. He now makes preparations to remove it a second time; and, offering up a prayer for himself in the third person, he repeats his vow that he would bring the ark to Jerusalem, and the prayer that he had made on the first attempt to remove it (ver. 8.); and he concludes by pleading the promises of God, that his posterity shall sit for ever on his throne, and that from him the Messiah should descend; he considers the removal of the ark as the sign and pledge of the certain accomplishment of these promises.

A.C. 1051. If thy children will keep my covenant and my testimony 12 that I shall teach them, their children shall also sit upon thy throne for evermore.

> For the Lord hath chosen Zion; he hath desired it for his 13 habitation.

This is my rest for ever: here will I dwell; for I have 14

q Or, surely.

I will abundantly bless her provision: I will satisfy her 15 poor with bread.

I will also clothe her priests with salvation: and her saints 16 shall shout aloud for joy.

r Luke i. 69.

t I Chr. xv.

There will I make the horn of David to bud: I have or-17 s Or, candle. dained a s lamp for mine anointed.

> His enemies will I clothe with shame: but upon himself 18 shall his crown flourish.

2 SAMUEL VI. VER. 12-19.

And it was told king David, saying, The Lord hath blessed 12 the house of Obed-edom, and all that pertaineth unto him, because of the ark of God. t So David went and brought up the ark of God from the house of Obed-edom into the city of David with gladness. And it was so, that when they that bare 13 the ark of the LORD had gone six paces, he sacrificed oxen and fatlings. And David danced before the Lord with all his 14 might; and David was girded with a linen ephod. So David 15 and all the house of Israel brought up the ark of the LORD with shouting, and with the sound of the trumpet. And as 16 the ark of the Lord came into the city of David, Michal, Saul's daughter, looked through a window, and saw king David leaping and dancing before the LORD; and she despised him in her heart.

u Heb.

And they brought in the ark of the LORD, and set it in his 17 place, in the midst of the tabernacle that David had upitched for it: and David offered burnt offerings and peace offerings before the LORD. And as soon as David had made an end of 18 x 1 Chr. xvl. offering burnt offerings and peace offerings, x he blessed the people in the name of the LORD of hosts. And he dealt among 19 all the people, even among the whole multitude of Israel, as well to the women as men, to every one a cake of bread, and a good piece of flesh, and a flagon of wine. So all the people departed every one to his house.

1 CHRONICLES XV. VER. 15, TO THE END.

And the children of the Levites bare the ark of God upon 15 y Ex. xxv.14. their shoulders with the staves thereon, as y Moses commanded according to the word of the LORD. And David spake to the 16 chief of the Levites to appoint their brethren to be the singers with instruments of musick, psalteries and harps and cymbals,

17 sounding, by lifting up the voice with joy. So the Levites A.C. 1051. appointed Heman the son of Joel; and of his brethren, A Asaph z ch. vi. 33. the son of Berechiah; and of the sons of Merari their breth- a ch. vi. 39. 18 ren, b Ethan the son of Kushaiah; and with them their brethren of the second degree, Zechariah, Ben, and Jaaziel, and Shemiramoth, and Jehiel, and Unni, Eliab, and Benaiah, and Maaseiah, and Mattithiah, and Elipheleh, and Mikneiah, and 19 Obed-edom, and Jeiel, the porters. So the singers, Heman, Asaph, and Ethan, were appointed to sound with cymbals of 20 brass; and Zechariah, and c Aziel, and Shemiramoth, and Jehiel c ver. 18, Jaaziel. and Unni, and Eliab, and Maaseiah, and Benaiah, with psalteries 21 on Alamoth; and Mattithiah, and Elipheleh, and Mikneiah, and Obed-edom, and Jeiel, and Azaziah, with harps d on the eighth to over-22 Sheminith to excel. And Chenaniah, chief of the Levites, see, Ps. vi. e was for f song: he instructed about the song, because he was e Or, was for 23 skilful. And Berechiah and Elkanah were doorkeepers for the the carriage: And Shebaniah, and Jehoshaphat, and Nethaneel, and about the car-Amasai, and Zechariah, and Benaiah, and Eliezer, the priests, f Heb. lifting did blow with the trumpets before the ark of God: and Obed-up. edom and Jehiah were doorkeepers for the ark. So g David, and the elders of Israel, and the captains over g 2 Sam. vi. thousands, went to bring up the ark of the covenant of the 26 LORD out of the house of Obed-edom with joy. And it came to pass, when God helped the Levites that bare the ark of the covenant of the LORD, that they offered seven bullocks and 27 seven rams. And David was clothed with a robe of fine linen, and all the Levites that bare the ark, and the singers, and

Chemaniah the master of the h song with the singers: David h Or, carriage.

with sound of the cornet, and with trumpets, and with cymbals, making a noise with psalteries and harps. And it came to pass, as the ark of the covenant of the Lord came to the city of David, that Michal the daughter of Saul

28 also had upon him an ephod of linen. Thus all Israel brought up the ark of the covenant of the LORD with shouting, and

looking out at a window saw king David dancing and playing: and she despised him in her heart.

1 CHRONICLES XVI.

- 1 David's festival sacrifice. 4 He ordereth a choir to sing thanksgiving. 7 The psalm of thanksgiving. 37 He appointeth ministers, porters, priests, and musicians, to attend continually on the ark.
- So they brought the ark of God, and set it in the midst of the tent that David had pitched for it: and they offered burnt 2 sacrifices and peace offerings before God. And when David had made an end of offering the burnt offerings and the peace 3 offerings, he blessed the people in the name of the LORD. he dealt to every one of Israel, both man and woman, to every one a loaf of bread, and a good piece of flesh, and a flagon of wine.

VOL. I.

i Heb. with instruments of psalteries

and harps.

A.C. 1051. And he appointed *certain* of the Levites to minister before 4 the ark of the Lord, and to record, and to thank and praise the LORD God of Israel: Asaph the chief, and next to him 5 Zechariah, Jeiel, and Shemiramoth, and Jehiel, and Mattithiah, and Eliab, and Benaiah, and Obed-edom: and Jeiel iwith psalteries and with harps; but Asaph made a sound with cymbals; Benaiah also and Jahaziel the priests with trum- 6 pets continually before the ark of the covenant of God.

Then on that day David delivered first this psalm to thank 7

the Lord into the hand of Asaph and his brethren.

k Give thanks unto the LORD, call upon his name, make 8 k Ps. cv. 1. known his deeds among the people.

Sing unto him, sing psalms unto him, talk ye of all his 9

wondrous works.

Glory ye in his holy name: let the heart of them rejoice 10 that seek the LORD.

Seek the Lord and his strength, seek his face continually. 11 Remember his marvellous works that he hath done, his 12 wonders, and the judgments of his mouth;

O ye seed of Israel his servant, ye children of Jacob, his 13

chosen ones.

He is the Lord our God; his judgments are in all the earth. 14 Be ye mindful always of his covenant; the word which he 15 commanded to a thousand generations;

Even of the 1 covenant which he made with Abraham, and of 16 1 Gen. xvii. 2. & xxvi. 3. & xxviii. 13. his oath unto Isaac:

> And hath confirmed the same to Jacob for a law, and to 17 Israel for an everlasting covenant,

m Heb. the cord.

Saying, Unto thee will I give the land of Canaan, m the lot 18 of your inheritance;

n Heb. men of number. o Gen. xxxiv. 30.

&c.

When ye were but n few, even a few, and strangers in it. And when they went from nation to nation, and from one 20 kingdom to another people;

He suffered no man to do them wrong: yea, he p reproved 21 p Gen. xii. 17. & xx. 3. kings for their sakes,

q Ps. cv. 15. r Ps. xcvi. 1,

Saying, qTouch not mine anointed, and do my prophets no harm. 22 ^r Sing unto the Lord, all the earth; shew forth from day to 23 day his salvation.

Declare his glory among the heathen; his marvellous works 24

among all nations.

For great is the Lord, and greatly to be praised: he also is 25 to be feared above all gods.

For all the gods of the people are idols: but the LORD made 26 8 Lev. xix, 4. the heavens.

Glory and honour are in his presence; strength and gladness 27 are in his place.

Give unto the LORD, ye kindreds of the people, give unto the 28 LORD glory and strength.

Give unto the LORD the glory due unto his name: bring A.C. 1051. an offering, and come before him: worship the Lord in the beauty of holiness.

Fear before him, all the earth: the world also shall be stable,

that it be not moved.

Let the heavens be glad, and let the earth rejoice: and let men say among the nations, The LORD reigneth.

Let the sea roar, and the fulness thereof: let the fields

rejoice, and all that is therein.

Then shall the trees of the wood sing out at the presence of the Lord, because he cometh to judge the earth.

^tO give thanks unto the LORD; for he is good; for his & exviii. 1. & exviii. 1. & cxxxvi. 1.

mercy endureth for ever.

And say ye, Save us, O God of our salvation, and gather us together, and deliver us from the heathen, that we may give thanks to thy holy name, and glory in thy praise.

Blessed be the LORD God of Israel for ever and ever. And

all u the people said, Amen, and praised the LORD.

u Deut.

So he left there before the ark of the covenant of the Lord Asaph and his brethren, to minister before the ark continually, 38 as every day's work required: and Obed-edom with their

brethren, threescore and eight; Obed-edom also the son of 39 Jeduthun and Hosah to be porters: and Zadok the priest, and

his brethren the priests, before the tabernacle of the LORD in 40 the high place that was at Gibeon, to offer burnt offerings unto the LORD upon the altar of the burnt offering continually x morning and evening, and to do according to all that is written x Heb. in the

41 in the law of the LORD, which he commanded Israel; and inthe evening. with them Heman and Jeduthun, and the rest that were chosen, who were expressed by name, to give thanks to the Lord,

42 because his mercy endureth for ever; and with them Heman and Jeduthun with trumpets and cymbals for those that should make a sound, and with musical instruments of God. And the

43 sons of Jeduthun were y porters. And all the people departed the gate. every man to his house: and David returned to bless his house.

Removal of the Ark.

PSALM CV 51.

1 An exhortation to praise God, and to seek out his works. 7 The story of God's providence over Abraham, 16 over Joseph, 23 over Jacob in Egypt, 26 over Moses delivering the Israelites, 37 over the Israelites brought out of Egypt, fed in the wilderness, and planted in Canaan.

O a give thanks unto the LORD; call upon his name: make at Chr. xv 8-22. Isa. known his deeds among the people. xii. 4.

⁵¹ In I Chron. xvi. 7, we read, "On that day David delivered forth this Psalm, to thank the Lord, into the hands of Asaph, and his brethren." The passage which follows is nearly the same as the 105th Psalm. The variations between them are supposed to have originated from this

A.C. 1051.

Sing unto him, sing psalms unto him: talk ye of all his 2 wondrous works.

Glory ye in his holy name: let the heart of them rejoice that 3 seek the Lord.

Seek the Lord, and his strength: seek his face evermore.

Remember his marvellous works that he hath done; his won- 5 ders, and the judgments of his mouth;

O ye seed of Abraham his servant, ye children of Jacob his 6

chosen.

He is the Lord our God; his judgments are in all the 7 earth.

He hath remembered his covenant for ever, the word which 8 he commanded to a thousand generations.

b Gen. xvii. 2. & xxii. 16,&c. & xxvi. 3. & xxviii. 13. &

xxxv. 11. Luke i. 73.

Heb. vi. 17.

c Gen. xiii. 15. & xv. 18.

d Heb. the cord.

b Which covenant he made with Abraham, and his oath unto 9 Isaac;

And confirmed the same unto Jacob for a law, and to Israel 10 for an everlasting covenant:

Saying, c Unto thee will I give the land of Canaan, d the lot 11 of your inheritance:

When there were but a few men in number; yea, very few, 12 and strangers in it.

When they went from one nation to another, from one king-13 dom to another people;

He suffered no man to do them wrong: yea, he reproved 14 kings for their sakes;

Saying, Touch not mine anointed, and do my prophets no 15

harm.

Moreover he called for a famine upon the land: he brake 16 the whole staff of bread.

e Gen. xxxvii. 28.

He sent a man before them, even Joseph, who e was sold for 17 a servant:

f Whose feet they hurt with fetters: g he was laid in iron: ulUntil the time that his word came: the word of the LORD 19 came into tried him. iron.

h Gen. xli. 14. h The king sent and loosed him; even the ruler of the people, 20 and let him go free.

i Gen. xli. 40. j Heb. posses-

ⁱ He made him lord of his house, and ruler of all his ^j sub-21 stance:

To bind his princes at his pleasure; and teach his senators 22 wisdom.

k Gen. xlvi. k Israel also came into Egypt; and Jacob sojourned in the 23 land of Ham.

cause: in I Chron. xvi. we read the Psalm as it was composed for the occasion of the removal of the ark; the 105th Psalm is the same song of praise, corrected for temple worship.

Psalm xcvi. Vide I Chron. xvi. This Psalm was composed on the same occasion, and varies only from the original, as corrected for the temple service.—Vide Lightfoot.

Psalm cvi. On the insertion of this, and the two preceding Psalms, Lightfoot observes, 'these srethe Psalms David then appointed; ordinarily, and well known, and read in the book of Psalms. when Ezra penned the book of Chronicles; and therefore he giveth them so very short in that book.

e Heb. sing-

- And he increased his people greatly; and made them stronger A.C. 1051. than their enemies.
- 25 He turned their heart to hate his people, to deal subtilly 1 Ex. 1. 8, &c. with his servants.
- 26 ^m He sent Moses his servant; and Aaron whom he had m Ex. iii. 10. chosen.
- 27 ⁿ They shewed o his signs among them, and wonders in the n Ex. vii. 9. land of Ham. of his signs.
- P He sent darkness, and made it dark; and they rebelled not P Ex. x. 22. against his word.
- 29 q He turned their waters into blood, and slew their fish. q Ex. vii. 20.
- Their land brought forth frogs in abundance, in the cham-r Ex. viii. 6. bers of their kings.
- 31 * He spake, and there came divers sorts of flies, and lice in * Ex. viii. 17. all their coasts.
- 32 tu He gave them hail for rain, and flaming fire in their t Ex. ix. 23.

 land.

 gave them gave their
- He smote their vines also and their fig trees; and brake the rain hail. trees of their coasts.
- 34 * He spake, and the locusts came, and caterpillers, and that * Ex. x. 4. without number,
- 35 And did eat up all the herbs in their land, and devoured the fruit of their ground.
- 36 y He smote also all the firstborn in their land, the chief of all y Ex. xii. 29. their strength.
- ² He brought them forth also with silver and gold: and there ² Ex. xii. 35. was not one feeble person among their tribes.
- 38 Egypt was glad when they departed: for the fear of them * Ex. xii. 33. fell upon them.
- 39 b He spread a cloud for a covering; and fire to give light in bEx xiii. 21. the night.
- 40 ° The people asked, and he brought quails, and satisfied them &c. Ex. xvi. 12, them with the bread of heaven.
- d He opened the rock, and the waters gushed out; they ran d Ex. xvii. 6. Num. xx. 11. in the dry places like a river.
- 42 For he remembered his holy promise, and Abraham his servant.
- 43 And he brought forth his people with joy, and his chosen with egladness:
- f And gave them the lands of the heathen: and they inherited f Deut. vi. 10, the labour of the people;
- That they might observe his statutes, and keep his laws. g Heb. Halleg Praise ye the Lord.

PSALM XCVI.

- 1 An exhortation to praise God, 4 for his greatness, 8 for his kingdom, 11 for his general judgment.
- O h sing unto the LORD a new song: sing unto the LORD, h 1 Chr. xvi. all the earth.

A.C. 1051.

Sing unto the Lord, bless his name; shew forth his salvation 2 from day to day.

Declare his glory among the heathen, his wonders among 3

all people.

For the LORD is great, and greatly to be praised: he is to 4 be feared above all gods.

For all the gods of the nations are idols: but the LORD made 5 the heavens.

Honour and majesty are before him: strength and beauty 6 are in his sanctuary.

Give unto the LORD, O ye kindreds of the people, give unto 7 the LORD glory and strength.

Heb. of his name.

Give unto the Lord the glory 'due unto his name: bring 8 an offering, and come into his courts.

k Or, in the glorious sanctuary. 1 Ps. xciii. 1.

& xcvii. 1.

O worship the LORD k in the beauty of holiness: fear before 9 him, all the earth.

Say among the heathen that 'the Lord reigneth: the world 10 also shall be established that it shall not be moved: he shall judge the people righteously.

Let the heavens rejoice, and let the earth be glad; let the 11

sea roar, and the fulness thereof.

Let the field be joyful, and all that is therein: then shall all 12

the trees of the wood rejoice

Before the LORD: for he cometh, for he cometh to judge 13 the earth: he shall judge the world with righteousness, and the people with his truth.

PSALM CVI.

 The psalmist exhorteth to praise God. 4 He prayeth for pardon of sin, as God did with the fathers. 7 The story of the people's rebellion, and God's mercy. 47 He concludeth with prayer and praise.

m Heb. Haltetujah. n Ps. cvii. 1. & cxviii. 1. & cxxxvi. 1.

Praise m ye the LORD. On give thanks unto the LORD; 1 for he is good: for his mercy endureth for ever.

Who can utter the mighty acts of the Lord? who can shew 2 forth all his praise?

Blessed are they that keep judgment, and he that doeth 3 righteousness at all times.

Remember me, O LORD, with the favour that thou bearest 4 unto thy people: O visit me with thy salvation;

That I may see the good of thy chosen, that I may rejoice 5 in the gladness of thy nation, that I may glory with thine inheritance.

We have sinned with our fathers, we have committed iniquity, 6 we have done wickedly.

Our fathers understood not thy wonders in Egypt; they 7

o Ex. xiv. 11, remembered not the multitude of thy mercies; o but provoked

him at the sea, even at the Red sea.

Nevertheless he saved them for his name's sake, that he 8 might make his mighty power to be known.

q Ex. xiv. 31.

He rebuked the Red sea also, and it was dried up: so he led A.C. 1051. them through the depths, as through the wilderness.

And he saved them from the hand of him that hated them, and redeemed them from the hand of the enemy.

- P And the waters covered their enemies: there was not one P Ex. xiv. 27, 28. & xv. 5. of them left.
- ^q Then believed they his words; they sang his praise.

rs They soon forgat his works; they waited not for his axv. 1.

^t But ^u lusted exceedingly in the wilderness, and tempted made haste, God in the desert.

x And he gave them their request; but sent leanness into 1 Cor. x. 6. u Heb. lusted their soul.

y They envied Moses also in the camp, and Aaron the saint 31, of the Lord.

y Num. xvi. 1, &c. ^z The earth opened, and swallowed up Dathan, and covered ^{z Num. xvi.} 31, 32. Deut. the company of Abiram.

^a And a fire was kindled in their company; the flame burned ^{a Num. xvi.} up the wicked.

b They made a calf in Horeb, and worshipped the molten b Ex. xxxii.4. image.

Thus they changed their glory into the similitude of an ox that eateth grass.

They forgat God their saviour, which had done great things in Egypt;

Wondrous works in the land of Ham, and terrible things by the Red sea.

^c Therefore he said that he would destroy them, had not ^c Ex. xxxii. Moses his chosen stood before him in the breach, to turn away his wrath, lest he should destroy them.

Yea, they despised d the pleasant land, they believed not his d Heb. a land word:

e But murmured in their tents, and hearkened not unto the e Num. xiv. 2. voice of the Lord.

Therefore he lifted up his hand against them, to overthrow them in the wilderness:

f To overthrow their seed also among the nations, and to f Heb. To make them scatter them in the lands.

g They joined themselves also unto Baal-peor, and ate the g Num. xxv. sacrifices of the dead.

Thus they provoked him to anger with their inventions: and the plague brake in upon them.

h Then stood up Phinehas, and executed judgment: and so h Num. xxv. the plague was stayed.

And that was counted unto him for righteousness unto all generations for evermore.

32 They angered him also at the waters of strife, so that it i Num. xx. went ill with Moses for their sakes:

A.C. 1051. Because they provoked his spirit, so that he spake unadvisedly 33 with his lips.

LORD commanded them:

¹ Judg. H. 2. ¹ But were mingled among the heathen, and learned their 35 works.

And they served their idols: which were a snare unto them. 36 Yea, they sacrificed their sons and their daughters unto 37 devils.

And shed innocent blood, even the blood of their sons and of 38 their daughters, whom they sacrificed unto the idols of Canaan: and the land was polluted with blood.

Thus were they defiled with their own works, and went a 39 whoring with their own inventions.

Therefore was the wrath of the Lond kindled against his 40 people, insomuch that he abhorred his own inheritance.

And he gave them into the hand of the heathen; and they 41 that hated them ruled over them.

Their enemies also oppressed them, and they were brought 42 into subjection under their hand.

m Judg. ii.16. n Or, impoverished, or, weakened. m Many times did he deliver them; but they provoked him 43 with their counsel, and were n brought low for their iniquity.

Nevertheless he regarded their affliction, when he heard their 44 cry:

O Deut. xxx. O And he remembered for them his covenant, and repented 45 according to the multitude of his mercies.

He made them also to be pitied of all those that carried them 46 captives.

Save us, O Lord our God, and gather us from among the 47 heathen, to give thanks unto thy holy name, and to triumph in thy praise.

Blessed be the Lord God of Israel from everlasting to 48 p. Heb. Halle- everlasting: and let all the people say, Amen. Praise ye the Lord.

2 SAMUEL VI. VER. 20, TO THE END.

Then David returned to bless his houshold. And Michal 20 the daughter of Saul came out to meet David, and said, How glorious was the king of Israel to day, who uncovered himself to day in the eyes of the handmaids of his servants, as one of the vain fellows q shamelessly uncovereth himself! And David 21 said unto Michal, It was before the Lord, which chose me before thy father, and before all his house, to appoint me ruler over the people of the Lord, over Israel: therefore will I play before the Lord. And I will yet be more vile than thus, and 22 will be base in mine own sight: and r of the maidservants which thou hast spoken of, of them shall I be had in honour. There-23 fore Michal the daughter of Saul had no child unto the day of her death.

q Or, openly.

r Or, of the handmaids of my servants.

I CHRONICLES XIII. VER. 5, TO THE END.

6 entering of Hemath, to bring the ark of God from Kirjath-jearim. And David went up, and all Israel, to t Baalah, that is, to Kirjath-jearim, which belonged to Judah, 2 Sam. vi. 1. to bring up thence the ark of God the Lord, that dwelleth between the cherubims, t Josh. xv. 9. 7 whose name is called on it. And they u carried the ark of God in a new cart out u Heb. made 8 of the house of Abinadab: and Uzza and Ahio drave the cart. And David and all Israel played before God with all their might, and with x singing, and with harps, and with psalteries, and with timbrels, and with cymbals, and with trumpets.

9 And when they came unto the threshingfloor of y Chidon, Uzza put forth his chon, 2 Sam. 10 hand to hold the ark; for the oxen z stumbled. And the anger of the Lord was kindled against Uzza, and he smote him, a because he put his hand to the ark: it.

11 and there he died before God. And David was displeased, because the Lord had a Num.iv.15. made a breach upon Uzza: wherefore that place is called b Perez-uzza to this day. The breach of Uzza.

12 And David was afraid of God that day, saying, How shall I bring the ark of God Uzza.

13 home to me? So David brought not the ark home to himself to the city of David, c Heb. re
14 but carried it aside into the house of Obed-edom the Gittite. And the ark of God moved.

So B David gathered all Israel together, from Shihor of Egypt even unto the A.C. 1051.

§ 5. David commanded not to build the Temple.

LORD blessed d the house of Obed-edom, and all that he had.

2 SAMUEL VII 52.

1 And it came to pass, a when the king sat in his house, and the Lord had given him rest round about from all his enemies; a l Chr. xvii 2 that the king said unto Nathan the prophet, See now, I dwell in an house of cedar, but the ark of God dwelleth within cur-

52 The parallel passage of 1 Chron. xvii. with this of 2 Sam. vii. is not inserted at the end of the section in the usual manner, that the reader may have the advantage of comparing one with the other, and of observing the very forcible language in which they are both worded, as well as the light which the different modes of expressing the same idea throws upon this remarkable prediction of the Prophet Nathan. The sun of prophecy seems to be climbing higher in its celestial progress, when we read this passage. The first part announces the glory of Solomon. The second looks into futurity, to the final destination of the people of Israel, promising them a rest of such a nature as they have never yet enjoyed, though they have so long possessed the promised land. The third part predicts the future son of David, who is alluded to, and described, in terms applicable only to a greater than Solomon: and the passage, "I will be to him a father, and he shall be to me a son," is expressly applied by St. l'aul to the Saviour who should come into the world.

Upon hearing this prophecy, David, though commanded not to build the temple, proceeds to the sanctuary; and there acknowledges that he did not consider this prediction as referring to his immediate son, or to the building a temple made with hands. The two parallel passages, 2 Sam. vii. 19. and 1 Chron. xvii. 17. are thus interpreted by Bishop Horsley, 2 Sam. vii. 19. "And this (namely, what was said about his house in distant times) is the arrangement about the MAN, Oh Lord Jehovah."

1 Chron. xvii. 17. "And thou hast regarded me in the arrangement about THE MAN that is to be from above, O God Jehovah"—that is, in forming the scheme of the incarnation, regard was had to the honour of David, and his house, as a secondary object, by making it a part of the plan, that the Messiah should be born in his family.

This circumstance, of David's entering into the sanctuary, and acknowledging that he understood the meaning of the figurative language of the Prophet, is a proof that other Israelites, who expected the future Messiah, comprehended the various predictions which announced, in still clearer terms, the nature, the person, the life, and the incarnation of the promised Saviour. It shews us, too, that the prophecies were of various degrees of clearness; and when the appointed number of inspired predictions contained in the Old Testament was completed, so satisfactory, and so perfect was the description of our blessed Lord, and so conclusive was the evidence that he was the Messiah, that wilful blindness alone prevented the Jews from acknowledging him. They had determined to receive only a temporal Messiah, and the predictions of their prophets were every day in vain fulfilled before their eyes, by the spiritual and long-promised Deliverer. Hales's Anal. vol. ii. p. 368; Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 351; authors quoted in D'Oyly and Mant's Bible; and the Commentators.

And it came to pass that night, that the word of the Lord 4

A.C. 1044. tains. And Nathan said to the king, Go, do all that is in thine 3 heart; for the LORD is with thee.

b Heb. to my servant, to David.

6, any of the

judges.

after.

came unto Nathan, saying, Go and tell b my servant David, 5 Thus saith the LORD, Shalt thou build me an house for me to dwell in? Whereas I have not dwelt in any house since the 6 time that I brought up the children of Israel out of Egypt, even to this day, but have walked in a tent and in a tabernacle. In all the places wherein I have walked with all the children of 7 c 1 Chr. xviii. Israel spake I a word with cany of the tribes of Israel, whom I commanded to feed my people Israel, saying, Why build ye not me an house of cedar? Now therefore so shalt thou say 8 d I Sam. xvi. unto my servant David, Thus saith the Lord of hosts, d I took thee from the sheepcote, e from following the sheep, to be ruler over my people, over Israel: and I was with thee whitherso- 9 ever thou wentest, and have cut off all thine enemies fout of thy sight, and have made thee a great name, like unto the name of the great men that are in the earth. Moreover I will 10 appoint a place for my people Israel, and will plant them, that they may dwell in a place of their own, and move no more; neither shall the children of wickedness afflict them any more, as beforetime. And as since the time that I commanded 11 judges to be over my people Israel, and have caused thee to rest from all thine enemies. Also the LORD telleth thee that

f Heb. from thy face.

& vi. 12.

10.

l Chr. xxii.

11, 12. Ps.

lxxviii. 70. e Heb. from

And when thy days be fulfilled, and thou shalt sleep with 12 g 1 Kin. viii. thy fathers, g I will set up thy seed after thee, which shall pro-²⁰ h | Kin. v. 5, ceed out of thy bowels, and I will establish his kingdom. h He 13 shall build an house for my name, and I will stablish the throne of his kingdom for ever. I will be his father, and he shall 14 k Ps. lxxxix. be my son. k If he commit iniquity, I will chasten him with the rod of men, and with the stripes of the children of men: but my mercy shall not depart away from him, as I took it 15 from Saul, whom I put away before thee. And thine house 16 and thy kingdom shall be established for ever before thee: thy throne shall be established for ever. According to all these 17 words, and according to all this vision, so did Nathan speak unto David.

i Heb. i. 5. 30, 31, 32, 33.

he will make thee an house.

Then went king David in, and sat before the LORD, and 18 he said, Who am I, O LORD God? and what is my house, that thou hast brought me hitherto? And this was yet a small 19 thing in thy sight, O LORD God; but thou hast spoken also of thy servant's house for a great while to come. And is this the 1 manner of man, O LORD God? And what can David 20 say more unto thee? for thou, LORD God, knowest thy ser-For thy word's sake, and according to thine own heart, 21 hast thou done all these great things, to make thy servant know Wherefore thou art great, O Lond God: for there is 22

1 Heb. law.

none like thee, neither is there any God beside thee, according A.C. 1044. 23 to all that we have heard with our ears. And m what one m Deut.iv. 7. nation in the earth is like thy people, even like Israel, whom God went to redeem for a people to himself, and to make him a name, and to do for you great things and terrible, for thy land, before thy people, which thou redeemedst to thee from 24 Egypt, from the nations and their gods? For thou hast confirmed to thyself thy people Israel to be a people unto thee 25 for ever: and thou, LORD, art become their God. And now, O LORD God, the word that thou hast spoken concerning thy servant, and concerning his house, establish it for ever, and 26 do as thou hast said. And let thy name be magnified for ever, saying, The LORD of hosts is the God over Israel: and let the house of thy servant David be established before thee. 27 For thou, O Lord of hosts, God of Israel, hast "revealed to " Heb. openthy servant, saying, I will build thee an house: therefore hath Ruth iv. 4.

thy servant found in his heart to pray this prayer unto thee. 28 And now, O LORD God, thou art that God, and o thy words o John xvii.

be true, and thou hast promised this goodness unto thy ser-

29 vant: therefore now plet it please thee to bless the house of pHeb. be thou thy servant, that it may continue for ever before thee: for bless. thou, O LORD God, hast spoken it: and with thy blessing let the house of thy servant be blessed for ever.

1 CHRONICLES XVII.

1 Nathan first approving the purpose of David, to build God an house, 3 after by the word of God forbiddeth him. 11 He promiseth him blessings and benefits in his seed. 16 David's prayer and thanksgiving.

Now q it came to pass, as David sat in his house, that David q 2 Sam. vii. said to Nathan the prophet, Lo, I dwell in an house of cedars, but the ark of the covenant of the Lord remaineth under cur-2 tains. Then Nathan said unto David, Do all that is in thine heart; for God is with thee.

And it came to pass the same night, that the word of God 4 came to Nathan, saying, Go and tell David my servant, Thus saith the LORD, Thou shalt not build me an house to dwell 5 in: for I have not dwelt in an house since the day that I brought up Israel unto this day; but ' have gone from tent to ' Heb. have 6 tent, and from one tabernacle to another. Wheresoever I have walked with all Israel, spake I a word to any of the judges

of Israel, whom I commanded to feed my people, saying, Why 7 have ye not built me an house of cedars? Now therefore thus shalt thou say unto my servant David, Thus saith the LORD of hosts, I took thee from the sheepcote, even s from following s Heb. from

the sheep, that thou shouldest be ruler over my people Israel: s and I have been with thee whithersoever thou hast walked, and have cut off all thine enemies from before thee, and have made thee a name like the name of the great men that are in the 9 earth. Also I will ordain a place for my people Israel, and will

t 2 Sam. vii.

A.C. 1044. plant them, and they shall dwell in their place, and shall be moved no more; neither shall the children of wickedness waste them any more, as at the beginning. And since the time that 10 I commanded judges to be over my people Israel. Moreover I will subdue all thine enemies. Furthermore I tell thee that the Lord will build thee an house.

And it shall come to pass, when thy days be expired that 11 thou must go to be with thy fathers, that I will raise up thy seed after thee, which shall be of thy sons; and I will establish his kingdom. He shall build me an house, and I will 12 stablish his throne for ever. t I will be his father, and he shall 13 be my son: and I will not take my mercy away from him, as I took it from him that was before thee: but I will settle him 14 in mine house and in my kingdom for ever: and his throne shall be established for evermore. According to all these 15 words, and according to all this vision, so did Nathan speak unto David.

And David the king came and sat before the LORD, and 16

u Heb. great-

said, Who am I, O LORD God, and what is mine house, that thou hast brought me hitherto? And yet this was a small 17 thing in thine eyes, O God; for thou hast also spoken of thy servant's house for a great while to come, and hast regarded me according to the estate of a man of high degree, O LORD What can David speak more to thee for the honour of 18 thy servant? for thou knowest thy servant. O Lord, for thy 19 servant's sake, and according to thine own heart, hast thou done all this greatness, in making known all these ugreat things. O Lord, there is none like thee, neither is there any 20 God beside thee, according to all that we have heard with our ears. And what one nation in the earth is like thy people 21 Israel, whom God went to redeem to be his own people, to make thee a name of greatness and terribleness, by driving out nations from before thy people, whom thou hast redeemed out of Egypt? For thy people Israel didst thou make thine 22 own people for ever; and thou, LORD, becamest their God. Therefore now, LORD, let the thing that thou hast spoken con-23 cerning thy servant and concerning his house be established for ever, and do as thou hast said. Let it even be established, 24 that thy name may be magnified for ever, saying, The LORD of hosts is the God of Israel, even a God to Israel: and let the house of David thy servant be established before thee. For 25 thou, O my God, * hast told thy servant that thou wilt build him an house: therefore thy servant hath found in his heart to pray before thee. And now, Lord, thou art God, and hast 26 promised this goodness unto thy servant: now therefore y let it 27 please thee to bless the house of thy servant, that it may be before thee for ever: for thou blessest, O LORD, and it shall be blessed for ever.

x Heb. hast revealed the ear of thy servant.

y Or, it hath pleased thee.

e Heb.

PSALM II 53.

1 The kingdom of Christ. 10 Kings are exhorted to accept it.

1 Why z do the heathen a rage, and the people b imagine a vain A.C. 1044. thing?
2 The kings of the earth set themselves, and the rulers take 26. a Or, tumul-counsel together, against the LORD, and against his anointed, b b Heb. medible.

Let us break their bands asunder, and cast away their cords tate.

from us.

- 4 He that sitteth in the heavens c shall laugh: the Lord shall c Prov. i. 26. have them in derision.
- 5 Then shall he speak unto them in his wrath, and d vex them d Or, trouble. in his sore displeasure.

Yet have I eset my king fupon my holy hill of Zion.

7 I will declare g the decree: the LORD hath said unto me, fleb. upon h Thou art my Son; this day have I begotten thee.

Zion, the half-

8 Ask of me, and I shall give thee the heathen for thine ness. inheritance, and the uttermost parts of the earth for thy pos-gor, for a session.

9 k Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron: thou shalt dash i Ps. lxxii. 27. k Rev. ii. 27. k xii. 5.

10 Be wise now therefore, O ye kings: be instructed, ye judges of the earth.

11 Serve the LORD with fear, and rejoice with trembling.

12 Kiss the Son, lest he be angry, and ye perish from the way,

⁵³ Psalm ii. The seventh verse of this Psalm refers to the prophecy of Nathan: it is inserted in this place on the joint authority of Dr. Hales; of its ancient Arabic title, "A Prophecy concerning Christ the Lord, and the calling of the Gentiles;" and on its internal evidence, derived from its correspondence with the preceding prophecy. The application of this Psalm to the Messiah was the unquestionable doctrine of the Jewish Church. For the authorities, vide Hales's Anal. vol. ii. p. 370, 371.

Psalm xlv. The prophecies of Nathan and David form the basis of an admirable chain of prophecies contained in the Psalms, which, on the authority of Dr. Hales, are inserted here: each of which is quoted as prophetic in some passages of the New Testament. Psalm xlv. declares the divinity of Christ, and his exaltation above the angels: it is expounded Heb. i. 8, 9.; 1 Pet. iii. 22.; Ephes. i. 22.; Phil. ii. 9—11. See, too, Horsley's Sermons on this Psalm.

Psalm xxii. predicts the sufferings and crucifixion of Christ. The Jews unwittingly quoted the eighth verse against our Lord, when hanging on the cross, and, as if to fix the undoubted application of the Psalm to himself, Christ expressed the sufferings of the moment in the first verse, "My God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me?" Still further to prove that this Psalm was a prophecy of our Lord, St. John applies the 18th verse to the parting of our Lord's garments among the Roman soldiers.

Psalm xvi. predicts the death and resurrection of Christ: and is so applied by St. Peter, Acts ii. 25-31.; and by St. Paul, Acts xiii. 35, 36.

Psalm exviii. foretells his rejection by the Jews, his adoption by the Gentiles, and the establishment of his church. It is cited by our Lord Matt. xxii. 42. It is expounded by St. Peter, Acts iv. 11.; 1 Pet. ii. 4, 5.; by St. Paul, Rom. ix. 32, 33.; Ephes. ii. 20, 21.; and by St. John, Rev. v. 10—14

Psalm cx. declares the exaltation, the kingdom, and priesthood of Christ. It is applied by our Lord expressly to assert his divinity, as that spiritual son of David, whom David calls Lord, or Jehovah, Matt. xxii. 44.; by St. Peter, Acts ii. 32—36.; and by St. Paul, who explains from hence the nature of his kingdom, 1 Cor. xv. 25—28, and of his priesthood, Heb. vii. 1—28. and chap. viii. ver. 1. Vide Hales's Anal. vol. 2. p. 372.

A.C. 1044. when his wrath is kindled but a little. ¹ Blessed are all they that put their trust in him.

l Prov. xvi. 20. ls. xxx. 18. Jer. xvii. 7. Rom. ix. 33 & x. 11.

PSALM XLV.

1 The majesty and grace of Christ's kingdom. 10 The duty of the church, and the benefits thereof.

1 Pet. ii. 6. m Or, of instruction.

To the chief Musician upon Shoshannim, for the sons of Korah, m Maschil, A Song of loves.

n Heb. boileth, or, bubbleth up.

My heart n is inditing a good matter: I speak of the things 1 which I have made touching the king: my tongue is the pen of a ready writer.

Thou art fairer than the children of men: grace is poured 2

into thy lips: therefore God hath blessed thee for ever.

Gird thy sword upon thy thigh, O most mighty, with thy 3

glory and thy majesty.

o Heb. prosper thou, ride thou.

And in thy majesty oride prosperously because of truth and 4 meekness and righteousness; and thy right hand shall teach thee terrible things.

Thine arrows are sharp in the heart of the king's enemies; 5

whereby the people fall under thee.

p Heb. i. 8.

q Heb. thy luce.

P Thy throne, O God, is for ever and ever: the sceptre of 6 thy kingdom is a right sceptre.

Thou lovest righteousness, and hatest wickedness: there- 7 fore God, thy God, hath anointed thee with the oil of gladness above thy fellows.

All thy garments *smell* of myrrh, and aloes, and cassia, out 8 of the ivory palaces, whereby they have made thee glad.

Kings' daughters were among thy honourable women: upon 9 thy right hand did stand the queen in gold of Ophir.

Hearken, O daughter, and consider, and incline thine ear; 10

forget also thine own people, and thy father's house; So shall the king greatly desire thy beauty: for he is thy 11

Lord; and worship thou him.

And the daughter of Tyre shall be there with a gift; even the 12 rich among the people shall intreat 4 thy favour.

The king's daughter is all glorious within: her clothing is 13

of wrought gold.

She shall be brought unto the king in raiment of needle-14 work: the virgins her companions that follow her shall be brought unto thee.

With gladness and rejoicing shall they be brought: they 15

shall enter into the king's palace.

Instead of thy fathers shall be thy children, whom thou 16 mayest make princes in all the earth.

I will make thy name to be remembered in all generations: 17 therefore shall the people praise thee for ever and ever.

PSALM XXII.

1 David complaineth in great discouragement. 9 He prayeth in great distress. 23 He praiseth God.

To the chief Musician upon r Aijeleth Shahar, A Psalm of David. A.C. 1044. My & God, my God, why hast thou forsaken me? why art r Or, the hind of the mornthou so far t from helping me, and from the words of my ing. s Matt. xxvii. roaring? 46. Mark xv. O my God, I cry in the daytime, but thou hearest not; and 34. in the night season, and am unot silent. my salvation. But thou art holy, O thou that inhabitest the praises of is no silence Our fathers trusted in thee: they trusted, and thou didst deliver them. They cried unto thee, and were delivered: they trusted in thee, and were not confounded. But I am a worm, and no man; a reproach of men, and

despised of the people. * All they that see me laugh me to scorn: they y shoot out x Matt.

the lip, they shake the head, saying, y Heb. open. za He trusted on the LORD that he would deliver him: let z Matt.

him deliver him, b seeing he delighted in him.

But thou art he that took me out of the womb: thou c didst rolled himmake me hope when I was upon my mother's breasts.

I was cast upon thee from the womb: thou art my God tight in him. b Or, if he defrom my mother's belly.

Be not far from me; for trouble is near; for there is a none d Heb. not a helper. to help.

Many bulls have compassed me: strong bulls of Bashan have beset me round.

They egaped upon me with their mouths, as a ravening and eHeb opened their mouths a roaring lion.

I am poured out like water, and all my bones are fout of for, sunderjoint: my heart is like wax; it is melted in the midst of my

My strength is dried up like a potsherd; and my tongue cleaveth to my jaws; and thou hast brought me into the dust of death.

For dogs have compassed me: the assembly of the wicked have inclosed me: g they pierced my hands and my feet.

I may tell all my bones: they look and stare upon me.

h They part my garments among them, and cast lots upon xxiii. 33. John xix. 23. my vesture.

But be not thou far from me, O LORD: O my strength, 34. John xix. haste thee to help me.

Deliver my soul from the sword; imy darling k from the k Heb. from power of the dog.

g Matt. xxvii. 35. Mark xv. 24 Luke

xxvii. 43.

a Heb. Ile

37. & xx. 25. h Luke xxiii. i Heb. my

the hand.

9

A.C. 1044. Save me from the lion's mouth: for thou hast heard me from 21 the horns of the unicorns.

1 Heb. ii. 12.

¹ I will declare thy name unto my brethren: in the midst of 22 the congregation will I praise thee.

Ye that fear the LORD, praise him; all ye the seed of Jacob, 23

glorify him; and fear him, all ye the seed of Israel.

For he hath not despised nor abhorred the affliction of the 24 afflicted; neither hath he hid his face from him; but when he cried unto him, he heard.

My praise shall be of thee in the great congregation: I will 25

pay my vows before them that fear him.

The meek shall eat and be satisfied: they shall praise the 26

LORD that seek him: your heart shall live for ever.

m Ps. ii. 8. & lxxii. 11. & lxxxvi. 9. m All the ends of the world shall remember and turn unto 27 the Lord: and all the kindreds of the nations shall worship before thee.

For the kingdom is the Lord's: and he is the governor 28

among the nations.

All they that be fat upon earth shall eat and worship: all 29 they that go down to the dust shall bow before him: and none can keep alive his own soul.

A seed shall serve him; it shall be accounted to the LORD 30

for a generation.

They shall come, and shall declare his righteousness unto a 31 people that shall be born, that he hath done this.

PSALM XVI.

David, in distrust of merits, and hatred of idolatry, fleeth to God for preservation.
 He sheweth the hope of his calling, of the resurrection, and life everlasting.

¶ n Michtam of David.

n Or, A golden Psalm of David.

Preserve me, O God: for in thee do I put my trust.

O my soul, thou hast said unto the LORD, Thou art my 2

o Job xxii. 2. Lord: o my goodness extendeth not to thee; &xxxv. 7.

But to the saints that are in the earth, a

But to the saints that are in the earth, and to the excellent, 3 in whom is all my delight.

p Or, give gifts to another.

Their sorrows shall be multiplied that p hasten after another 4 god: their drink offerings of blood will I not offer, nor take up their names into my lips.

q Dent.xxxii. q The Lord is the portion r of mine inheritance and of my 5 r Heb. of my cup: thou maintainest my lot.

The lines are fallen unto me in pleasant places; yea, I have 6

a goodly heritage.

I will bless the Lord, who hath given me counsel: my reins 7 also instruct me in the night seasons.

Therefore my heart is glad, and my glory rejoiceth: my 9

t Heb. dwell flesh also shall t rest in hope.

^u For thou wilt not leave my soul in hell; neither wilt thou A.C. 1044. suffer thine Holy One to see corruption.

Thou wilt shew me the path of life: in thy presence is & xiii. 35. fulness of joy; at thy right hand there are pleasures for evermore.

PSALM CXVIII.

- 1 An exhortation to praise God for his mercy. 5 The psalmist by his experience sheweth how good it is to trust in God. 19 Under the type of the psalmist the coming of Christ in his kingdom is expressed.
- O x give thanks unto the Lord; for he is good: because his x 1 Chr. xvi. mercy endureth for ever. 1. & cvii. 1. & cxxxvi. 1.

Let Israel now say, that his mercy endureth for ever.

- Let the house of Aaron now say, that his mercy endureth for
- Let them now that fear the Lord say, that his mercy endureth for ever.
- I called upon the LORD y in distress: the LORD answered y Heb. out of me, and set me in a large place.
- The LORD is a on my side; I will not fear: what can man z Ps. Ivi. 4.11. do unto me?
- The LORD taketh my part with them that help me: therefore shall I see my desire upon them that hate me.
- It is better to trust in the LORD than to put confidence in
- b It is better to trust in the LORD than to put confidence in b Ps, cxlvi. 3.
- 10 All nations compassed me about; but in the name of the c Heb. cut Lord will I c destroy them.

them off.

- They compassed me about; yea, they compassed me about: but in the name of the LORD I will destroy them.
- 12 They compassed me about like bees; they are quenched as the fire of thorns: for in the name of the LORD I will destroy destroy down. them.
- Thou hast thrust sore at me that I might fall: but the Lord
- e The LORD is my strength and song, and is become my e Ex. xv. 2. salvation.
- The voice of rejoicing and salvation is in the tabernacles of the righteous: the right hand of the LORD doeth valiantly.
- The right hand of the LORD is exalted: the right hand of the Lord doeth valiantly.
- I shall not die, but live, and declare the works of the Lord. 17
- The Lord hath chastened me sore: but he hath not given me over unto death.
- Open to me the gates of righteousness: I will go into them, and I will praise the Lord:
- This gate of the LORD, into which the righteous shall enter. 20 VOL. I. Q q

A.C. 1044. I will praise thee: for thou hast heard me, and art become 21 my salvation.

f Matt. xxi. 42. Mark xii. 17. Actsiv.11. 1 Pet. ii. 4. 7.

g Heb. this is from the

LORD.

The stone which the builders refused is become the head 22 10. Luke xx. stone of the corner.

g This is the Lord's doing; it is marvellous in our eyes. This is the day which the LORD hath made; we will rejoice 24 and be glad in it.

Save now, I beseech thee, O Lord: O Lord, I beseech 25

thee, send now prosperity.

h Matt. xxi.

h Blessed be he that cometh in the name of the Lord: we 26 have blessed you out of the house of the Lord.

God is the LORD, which hath shewed us light: bind the sacri- 27 fice with cords, even unto the horns of the altar.

Thou art my God, and I will praise thee: thou art my God, 28 I will exalt thee.

O give thanks unto the LORD; for he is good: for his mercy 29 endureth for ever.

PSALM CX.

1 The kingdom, 4 the priesthood, 5 the conquest, 7 and the passion of Christ.

¶ A Psalm of David.

i Matt. xxii. 44. Mark xii. 42. Acts ii.34. 1 Cor. xv. 25. Heb. i. 13.

The LORD said unto my lord, Sit thou at my right hand, 1 36. Luke xx. until I make thine enemies thy footstool.

The LORD shall send the rod of thy strength out of Zion: 2 rule thou in the midst of thine enemies.

k Or, more than the womb ing: thou shalt have, &c. l Heb. v. 6. & vii. 17.

Thy people shall be willing in the day of thy power, in the 3 beauties of holiness k from the womb of the morning: thou hast of the morn- the dew of thy youth.

> The LORD hath sworn, and will not repent, Thou art a 4 priest for ever after the order of Melchizedek.

The Lord at thy right hand shall strike through kings in 5

the day of his wrath.

He shall judge among the heathen, he shall fill the places 6 m or, great. with the dead bodies; he shall wound the heads over m many countries.

> He shall drink of the brook in the way: therefore shall he 7 lift up the head.

§ 6. War with the surrounding Nations.

2 SAMUEL VIII. VER. 1-12.

1040. And a after this it came to pass, that David smote the Philis- 1 a 1 Chr. xviii. tines, and subdued them: and David took b Metheg-ammah out 1, &c. b Or, the bri-And he smote Moab, and 2 of the hand of the Philistines. dle of Ammeasured them with a line, casting them down to the ground; mah. even with two lines measured he to put to death, and with one full line to keep alive. And so the Moabites became David's servants, and brought gifts.

David smote also ^c Hadadezer, the son of Rehob, king of A.C. 1040. d Zobah, as he went to recover his border at the river Euphrates. c Or, Hudu-4 And David took e from him a thousand f chariots, and seven rezer, 1 Chr. hundred horsemen, and twenty thousand footmen: and David d Ps. lx. title. houghed all the chariot horses, but reserved of them for an fAs 1 Chr. 5 hundred chariots. And when the Syrians of Damascus came xviii. 4. to succour Hadadezer king of Zobah, David slew of the Syrians 6 two and twenty thousand men. Then David put garrisons in Syria of Damascus: and the Syrians became servants to David, and brought gifts. And the LORD preserved David 7 whithersover he went. And David took the shields of gold that were on the servants of Hadadezer, and brought them to 8 Jerusalem. And from Betah, and from Berothai, cities of g Or, Tibhath. Hadadezer, king David took exceeding much brass. When i Toi king of Hamath heard that David had smitten all i Tou, 1 Chr. o the host of Hadadezer, then Toi sent k Joram his son unto king ki(Inr. xviii. David, to laslute him, and to bless him, because he had fought 10. Hadoram against Hadadezer, and smitten him: for Hadadezer m had wars him of peace. with Toi. And Joram brought with him vessels of silver, and man of wars 11 vessels of gold, and vessels of brass: which also king David did with. In Heb. in his dedicate pute the Lorp with the silver and gold that he had been desired. dedicate unto the LORD, with the silver and gold that he had hand were. 12 dedicated of all nations which he subdued; of Syria, and of Moab, and of the children of Ammon, and of the Philistines, and of Amalek, and of the spoil of Hadadezer, son of Rehob, king of Zobah.

1 CHRONICLES XVIII. VER. 12.

Moreover O Abishai the son of Zeruiah slew of the Edomites OHeb. Abshai. in the valley of salt eighteen thousand.

2 SAMUEL VIII. VER. 14, TO THE END 54.

And he put garrisons in Edom; throughout all Edom put he garrisons, and all they of Edom became David's servants. 15 the LORD preserved David whithersoever he went. David reigned over all Israel; and David executed judgment 16 and justice unto all his people. And Joab the son of Zeruiah was over the host; and Jehoshaphat the son of Ahilud was 17 Precorder; and Zadok the son of Ahitub, and Ahimelech the p Or, remem son of Abiathar, were the priests; and Seraiah was the q scribe; brancer, or, writer of 18 r and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada was over both the Chere-chronicles. thites and the Pelethites; and David's sons were 8 chief rulers. lary.

2 SAMUEL VIII. VER. 13.

And David gat him a name when he returned from t smiting theb. is of the Syrians in the valley of salt, u being eighteen thousand smiting. men.

xviii, 17. s Or, princes,

u Or, slaying.

⁵⁴ The gradual fulfilment of the ancient prophecies of their ancestors must have made a deep impression on the minds of the reflecting Israelites .- By this conquest of Edom, the prediction of Jacob (Gen. xxvii. ver. 40.) was accomplished.

1 KINGS XI. VER. 15-20.

Escape of Hadad.

* For it came to pass, when David was in Edom, and Joab 15 x 2 Sam. viii. the captain of the host was gone up to bury the slain, after he had smitten every male in Edom; (for six months did Joab remain 16 there with all Israel, until he had cut off every male in Edom:) that Hadad fled, he and certain Edomites of his father's 17 servants with him, to go into Egypt; Hadad being yet a little And they arose out of Midian, and came to Paran: 18 and they took men with them out of Paran, and they came to Egypt, unto Pharaoh king of Egypt; which gave him an house, and appointed him victuals, and gave him land. Hadad found great favour in the sight of Pharaoh, so that he gave him to wife the sister of his own wife, the sister of Tahpenes the queen. And the sister of Tahpenes bare him Genubath his 20 son, whom Tahpenes weaned in Pharaoh's house: and Genubath was in Pharoah's houshold among the sons of Pharoah.

PSALM LX 55.

1 David, complaining to God of former judgment, 4 now, upon better hope, prayeth for deliverance. 6 Comforting himself in God's promises, he craveth that help whereon he trusteth.

Psalm. z Sam. viii. 3. 13. 1 Chr. xviii. 3. 12. a Ps. xliv. 9.

y Or, A golden To the chief Musician upon Shushan-eduth, y Michtam of David, to teach; z when he strove with Aram-naharaim and with Aram-zobah, when Joab returned, and smote of Edom in the valley of salt twelve thousand.

O God, a thou hast cast us off, thou hast b scattered us, thou 1 bHeb.broken. hast been displeased; O turn thyself to us again.

> Thou hast made the earth to tremble; thou hast broken it: 2 heal the breaches thereof; for it shaketh.

> Thou hast shewed thy people hard things: thou hast made 3 us to drink the wine of astonishment.

> Thou hast given a banner to them that feared thee, that it 4 may be displayed because of the truth. Selah.

c Ps. cviii. 6, &c.

That thy beloved may be delivered; save with thy right 5 hand, and hear me.

God hath spoken in his holiness; I will rejoice, I will divide 6 Shechem, and mete out the valley of Succoth.

Gilead is mine, and Manasseh is mine; Ephraim also is the 7 strength of mine head; Judah is my lawgiver;

d Or. triumph thou over me: (by an irony:) See Ps. cviii. 10.

e Heb. city

of strength.

Moab is my washpot; over Edom will I cast out my shoe: 8 Philistia, d triumph thou because of me.

Who will bring me into the estrong city? who will lead me 9 into Edom?

55 Psalm lx. is inserted here on the joint authority of Lightfoot and the ancient title.

Psalm cviii.- 'After the 13th ver. of I Sam. viii this Psalm is to be inserted, being the same in substance as the sixtieth: and as that doth tell in the title, that it was made upon Joab's victory; so may it be well conceived that this was made upon that of Abishai.'-Lightfoot.

Wilt not thou, O God, which f hadst cast us off? and thou, A.C. 1040. O God, which didst not go out with our armies? f Ps. xliv. 9. & cviii. 11.

Give us help from trouble: for vain is the g help of man.

g Heb. salva-Through God we shall do valiantly: for he it is that shall tion. tread down our enemies.

PSALM CVIII.

1 David encourageth himself to praise God. 5 He prayeth for God's assistance according to his promise. 11 His confidence in God's help.

¶ A Song or Psalm of David.

O God, my heart is fixed; I will sing and give praise, even with my glory.

Awake, psaltery and harp: I myself will awake early.

I will praise thee, O LORD, among the people: and I will sing praises unto thee among the nations.

For thy mercy is great above the heavens: and thy truth reacheth unto the h clouds. h Or, skies.

Be thou exalted, O God, above the heavens: and thy glory above all the earth;

i That thy beloved may be delivered: save with thy right i Ps. 1x. 5, &c. hand, and answer me.

God hath spoken in his holiness; I will rejoice, I will divide Shechem, and mete out the valley of Succoth.

Gilead is mine; Manasseh is mine; Ephraim also is the strength of mine head; Judah is my lawgiver;

Moab is my washpot; over Edom will I cast out my shoe; over Philistia will I triumph.

Who will bring me into the strong city? who will lead me into Edom?

Wilt not thou, O God, who hast cast us off? and wilt not thou, O God, go forth with our hosts?

Give us help from trouble: for vain is the help of man.

Through God we shall do valiantly: for he it is that shall tread down our enemies.

1 CHRONICLES XVIII. VER. 1-11.

- 1 David subdueth the Philistines and the Moabites. 3 He smiteth Hadarezer and the Syrians. 9 Tou sendeth Hadoram with presents to bless David. 11 The presents and the spoil David dedicateth to God. 13 He putteth garrisons in Edom. 14 David's officers.
- Now after this k it came to pass, that David smote the Philistines, and subdued k 2 Sam. viii. 2 them, and took Gath and her towns out of the hand of the Philistines. And he 1, &c. smote Moab; and the Moabites became David's servants, and brought gifts.

3 And David smote ¹ Hadarezer king of Zobah unto Hamath, as he went to stablish ¹ Or, Hadad-4 his dominion by the river Euphrates. And David took from him a thousand cha-viii. ² 3m.

- riots, and m seven thousand horsemen, and twenty thousand footmen: David also m 2 Sam viii, 5 houghed all the chariot horses, but reserved of them an hundred chariots. And 4, seven hun-
- when the Syrians of n Damascus came to help Hadarezer king of Zobah, David dred. n Heb. Dar-6 slew of the Syrians two and twenty thousand men. Then David put garrisons in mesek. Syria-damascus; and the Syrians became David's servants, and brought gifts.
- 7 Thus the LORD preserved David whithersoever he went. And David took the shields of gold that were on the servants of Hadarezer, and brought them to Jeru-

o Called in the book of Samuel Betah, and Berothai. p 1 Kin. vii. 23. 2 Chr. iv. 15. 10 s Or, to salute. t Heb. to bless. u Heb. was the man of wars.

x Or, remembrancer.

y Called

Seraiah,

iv. 3.

2 Sam viii. 17, and Shisha, 1 Kin.

Ahimelech

2 Sam. viii. 17 z Called

A.C. 1040. salem. Likewise from o Tibhath, and from Chun, cities of Hadarezer, brought 8 David very much brass, wherewith P Solomon made the brazen sea, and the pillars, and the vessels of brass.

Now when q Tou king of Hamath heard how David had smitten all the host 9 of Hadarezer, king of Zobah; he sent I Hadoram his son to king David, to s enquire 10 of his welfare, and t to congratulate him, because he had fought against Hadarezer, and smitten him; (for Hadarezer u had war with Tou;) and with him all manner of vessels of gold and silver and brass.

q Or, Toi, Them also king David dedicated unto the LOKD, with the Sam. viii. 9 that he brought from all these nations; from Edom, and from Moab, and from the Distinct and from Amalek. Them also king David dedicated unto the LORD, with the silver and the gold 11

1 CHRONICLES XVIII. VER. 13, TO THE END.

And he put garrisons in Edom; and all the Edomites became David's servants. 13 Thus the LORD preserved David whithersoever he went.

So David reigned over all Israel, and executed judgment and justice among all 14 his people. And Joab the son of Zeruiah was over the host; and Jehoshaphat the 15 son of Ahilud, x recorder. And Zadok the son of Ahitub, and y Abimelech the son 16 of Abiathar, were the priests; and 2 Shavsha was scribe; and Benaiah the son of 17 Jehoiada was over the Cherethites and the Pelethites; and the sons of David were chief a about the king.

§ 7. Kindness of David to the House of Saul. The War with the Ammonites.

2 SAMUEL IX.

a Heb. at the 1 David by Ziba sendeth for Mephibosheth. 7 For Jonathan's sake he entertaineth him at his table, and restoreth him all that was Saul's. 9 He maketh Ziba his farmer.

> And David said, Is there yet any that is left of the house of 1 Saul, that I may shew him kindness for Jonathan's sake? And 2 there was of the house of Saul a servant whose name was Ziba. And when they had called him unto David, the king said unto him, Art thou Ziba? And he said, Thy servant is he. And the 3 king said, Is there not yet any of the house of Saul, that I may shew the kindness of God unto him? And Ziba said unto the king, Jonathan hath yet a son, which is a lame on his feet. And 4 the king said unto him, Where is he? And Ziba said unto the king, Behold, he is in the house of Machir, the son of Ammiel, in Lo-debar.

> Then king David sent, and fetched him out of the house of 5 Machir, the son of Ammiel, from Lo-debar. Now when 6 b Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan, the son of Saul, was come unto David, he fell on his face, and did reverence. And David said, Mephibosheth. And he answered, Behold thy servant! And David said unto him, Fear not: for I will surely 7 shew thee kindness for Jonathan thy father's sake, and will restore thee all the land of Saul thy father; and thou shalt eat bread at my table continually. And he bowed himself, and 8 said, What is thy servant, that thou shouldest look upon such a dead dog as I am?

> Then the king called to Ziba, Saul's servant, and said unto 9 him, I have given unto thy master's son all that pertained to Saul and to all his house. Thou therefore, and thy sons, and 10

hand of the king.

a ch. iv. 4.

b Called Merib-baal. I Chr. viii.

thy servants, shall till the land for him, and thou shalt bring in A.C. 1040. the fruits, that thy master's son may have food to eat: but Mephibosheth thy master's son shall eat bread alway at my 11 table. Now Ziba had fifteen sons and twenty servants. Then said Ziba unto the king, According to all that my lord the king hath commanded his servant, so shall thy servant do. Mephibosheth, said the king, he shall eat at my table, as one of 12 the king's sons. And Mephibosheth had a young son, whose name was Micha. And all that dwelt in the house of Ziba were 13 servants unto Mephibosheth. So Mephibosheth dwelt in Jerusalem: for he did eat continually at the king's table; and was lame on both his feet.

2 SAMÜEL X.

1 David's messengers, sent to comfort Hanun the son of Nahash, are villainously entreated. 6 The Ammonites, strengthened by the Syrians, are overcome by Joab and Abishai. 15 Shobach, making a new supply of the Syrians at Helam, is slain by

And it came to pass after this, that the cking of the children class. 2 of Ammon died, and Hanun his son reigned in his stead. Then i, &c. said David, I will shew kindness unto Hanun the son of Nahash, as his father shewed kindness unto me. And David sent to comfort him by the hand of his servants for his father. David's servants came into the land of the children of Ammon.

3 And the princes of the children of Ammon said unto Hanun their lord, d Thinkest thou that David doth honour thy father, d Heb. In thine eyes that he hath sent comforters unto thee? hath not David rather doth David? sent his servants unto thee, to search the city, and to spy it out,

4 and to overthrow it? Wherefore Hanun took David's servants, and shaved off the one half of their beards, and cut off their garments in the middle, even to their buttocks, and sent them

When they told it unto David, he sent to meet them, because the men were greatly ashamed: and the king said, Tarry at Jericho until your beards be grown, and then return.

And when the children of Ammon saw that they stank before David, the children of Ammon sent and hired the Syrians of Beth-rehob, and the Syrians of Zoba, twenty thousand footmen, and of king Maacah a thousand men, and of e Ish-tob e Or, the men 7 twelve thousand men. And when David heard of it, he sent Judg. xi. 3.5. 8 Joab, and all the host of the mighty men. And the children

of Ammon came out, and put the battle in array at the entering in of the gate: and the Syrians of Zoba, and of Rehob, and 9 Ish-tob, and Maacah, were by themselves in the field. Joab saw that the front of the battle was against him before and behind, he chose of all the choice men of Israel, and put them 10 in array against the Syrians: and the rest of the people he delivered into the hand of Abishai his brother, that he might 11 put them in array against the children of Ammon. And he

A.C. 1038, said, If the Syrians be too strong for me, then thou shalt help me: but if the children of Ammon be too strong for thee, then will I come and help thee. Be of good courage, and let us play 12 the men for our people, and for the cities of our God: and the LORD do that which seemeth him good. And Joab drew nigh, 13 and the people that were with him, unto the battle against the Syrians: and they fled before him. And when the children 14 of Ammon saw that the Syrians were fled, then fled they also before Abishai, and entered into the city. So Joab returned from the children of Ammon, and came to Jerusalem.

1036.

f That is, Euphrates. g Or, Shophach, 1 Chr. xix. 16.

And when the Syrians saw that they were smitten before 15 Israel, they gathered themselves together. And Hadarezer 16 sent, and brought out the Syrians that were beyond the river: and they came to Helam; and g Shobach the captain of the host of Hadarezer went before them. And when it was told 17 David, he gathered all Israel together, and passed over Jordan, and came to Helam. And the Syrians set themselves in array 18 against David, and fought with him. And the Syrians fled beh 1. Chr. xix. fore Israel: and David slew the men of seven hundred chariots of the Syrians, and forty thousand horsemen, and smote Shobach

i Heb. set

salvation of

the captain of their host, who died there. And when all the kings 19 that were servants to Hadarezer saw that they were smitten before Israel, they made peace with Israel, and served them. So the Syrians feared to help the children of Ammon any more.

PSALM XX 56.

1 The church blesseth the king in his exploits. 7 Her confidence in God's succour. To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

The Lord hear thee in the day of trouble; the name of the 1 God of Jacob idefend thee.

thee on an Send k thee help from the sanctuary, and 1 strengthen thee 2 high place. k Heb. thy

help. l Heb. support thee.

m Heb. turn to ashes : or, make fat.

Remember all thy offerings, and maccept thy burnt sacrifice. 3

Grant thee according to thine own heart, and fulfil all thy 4 counsel.

We will rejoice in thy salvation, and in the name of our 5 God we will set up our banners: the LORD fulfil all thy petitions.

Now know I that the Lord saveth his anointed; he will 6 n Heb. from hear him n from his holy heaven with the saving strength of

his holiness. his right hand. o Heb. by the strength of the

Some trust in chariots, and some in horses: but we will 7 salvation of his righthand, remember the name of the LORD our God.

They are brought down and fallen: but we are risen, and 8 stand upright.

Save, Lord: let the king hear us when we call.

⁵⁶ Psalms xx. and xxi. are inserted here on the authority of Calmet. Vide Horne's Critical Introd. vol. ii. p. 160.

PSALM XXI.

1 A thanksgiving for victory. 7 Confidence of further success.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

1 The king shall joy in thy strength, O Lord; and in thy A.C. 1036. salvation how greatly shall he rejoice!

Thou hast given him his heart's desire, and hast not withholden the request of his lips. Selah.

For thou preventest him with the blessings of goodness: thou settest a crown of pure gold on his head.

He asked life of thee, and thou gavest it him, even length of days for ever and ever.

His glory is great in thy salvation: honour and majesty hast thou laid upon him.

For thou hast p made him most blessed for ever: thou hast p Heb. set q made him exceeding glad with thy countenance.

For the king trusteth in the LORD, and through the mercy q Heb. of the most High he shall not be moved.

with joy.

- Thine hand shall find out all thine enemies: thy right hand shall find out those that hate thee.
- Thou shalt make them as a fiery oven in the time of thine anger: the LORD shall swallow them up in his wrath, and the fire shall devour them.
- Their fruit shalt thou destroy from the earth, and their seed from among the children of men.

For they intended evil against thee: they imagined a mischievous device, which they are not able to perform.

Therefore 'shalt thou make them turn their 's back, when ror, thou thou shalt make ready thine arrows upon thy strings against as a but: See the face of them the face of them.

s Heb. shoul-

Be thou exalted, Lord, in thine own strength: so will we der. sing and praise thy power.

1 CHRONICLES XIX.

- 1 David's messengers, sent to comfort Hanun the son of Nahash, are villainously entreated. 6 The Ammonites, strengthened by the Syrians, are overcome by Joab and Abishai. 16 Shophach, making a new supply of the Syrians, is slain by David.
 - Now t it came to pass after this, that Nahash the king of the children of Ammon t 2 Sam. x. 2 died, and his son reigned in his stead. And David said, I will shew kindness unto 1, &c.

Hanun the son of Nahash, because his father shewed kindness to me. And David sent messengers to comfort him concerning his father. So the servants of David

3 came into the land of the children of Ammon to Hanun, to comfort him. But the princes of the children of Ammon said to Hanun, u Thinkest thou that David doth u Heb. In honour thy father, that he hath sent comforters unto thee? are not his servants thine eyes doth come unto thee for to search, and to overthrow, and to say out the land? Where.

4 come unto thee for to search, and to overthrow, and to spy out the land? Wherefore Hanun took David's servants, and shaved them, and cut off their garments in

5 the midst hard by their buttocks, and sent them away. Then there went certain, and told David how the men were served. And he sent to meet them: for the men were greatly ashamed. And the king said, Tarry at Jericho until your beards be grown, and then return.

And when the children of Ammon saw that they had made themselves x odious x Heb. to to David, Hanun and the children of Ammon sent a thousand talents of silver to stink. hire them chariots and horsemen out of Mesopotamia, and out of Syria-maachah,

a Heb.

Abshai.

y Heb. the face of the battle was. z Or, young

A.C. 1036. and out of Zobah. So they hired thirty and two thousand chariots, and the king 7 of Maachah and his people; who came and pitched before Medeba. And the children of Ammon gathered themselves together from their cities, and came to battle. And when David heard of it, he sent Joab, and all the host of the mighty men. And the children of Ammon came out, and put the battle in array before the gate of the city: and the kings that were come were by themselves in the field. Now when Joab saw that y the battle was set against him before and behind, 10 he chose out of all the z choice of Israel, and put them in array against the Syrians. And the rest of the people he delivered unto the hand of a Abishai his brother, and 11 they set themselves in array against the children of Ammon. And he said, If the 12 Syrians be too strong for me, then thou shalt help me: but if the children of Ammon be too strong for thee, then I will help thee. Be of good courage, and let 13 us behave ourselves valiantly for our people, and for the cities of our God: and let the LORD do that which is good in his sight. So Joah and the people that were 14 with him drew nigh before the Syrians unto the battle; and they fled before him. And when the children of Ammon saw that the Syrians were fled, they likewise 15 fled before Abishai his brother, and entered into the city. Then Joab came to Jerusalem.

b That is, Euphrates. c Or, Shobach, 2 Sam. x. 16.

And when the Syrians saw that they were put to the worse before Israel, they 16 sent messengers, and drew forth the Syrians that were beyond the briver: and c Shophach the captain of the host of Hadarezer went before them. And it was 17 told David; and he gathered all Israel, and passed over Jordan, and came upon them, and set the battle in array against them. So when David had put the battle in array against the Syrians, they fought with him. But the Syrians fled before 18 Israel; and David slew of the Syrians seven thousand men which fought in chariots, and forty thousand footmen, and killed Shophach the captain of the host. And 19 when the servants of Hadarezer saw that they were put to the worse before Israel, they made peace with David, and became his servants: neither would the Syrians help the children of Ammon any more.

§ 8. David's Adultery.

1 CHRONICLES XX. FORMER PART OF VER. 1.

1035. return of the year.

And ait came to pass, that bafter the year was expired, at 1 a 2 Sam. xi.1. the time that kings go out to battle, Joab led forth the power of the army, and wasted the country of the children of Ammon, and came and beseiged Rabbah. But David tarried at Jerusalem.

2 SAMUEL XI.

c Heb. at the return of the d 1 Chr. xx. 1.

e Or. Bathshuah, 1 Chr.

iii. 5.

g Or, and

purified her-

And it came to pass, cafter the year was expired, at the 1 time when kings go forth to battle, that d David sent Joah, and his servants with him, and all Israel; and they destroyed the children of Ammon, and besieged Rabbah. But David tarried still at Jerusalem.

And it came to pass in an eveningtide, that David arose 2 from off his bed, and walked upon the roof of the king's house: and from the roof he saw a woman washing herself; and the woman was very beautiful to look upon. And David sent and 3 enquired after the woman. And one said, Is not this Bathsheba, the daughter of f Eliam, the wife of Uriah the Hittite? f Or, Ammiel. And David sent messengers, and took her; and she came in 4 when she had unto him, and he lay with her; g for she was h purified from her uncleanness: and she returned unto her house. And the 5 returned. h Lev. xv. 19. woman conceived, and sent and told David, and said, I am 28. & xviii.19. with child.

And David sent to Joab, saying, Send me Uriah the Hittite. A.C. 1035. 7 And Joab sent Uriah to David. And when Uriah was come unto him, David demanded of him how Joab did, and how the Heb of the speople did, and how the war prospered. And David said to Uriah, Go down to thy house, and wash thy feet. And Uriah departed out of the king's house, and there k followed him a k Heb. went out after him. 9 mess of meat from the king. But Uriah slept at the door of the king's house with all the servants of his lord, and went not 10 down to his house. And when they had told David, saying, Uriah went not down unto his house, David said unto Uriah, Camest thou not from thy journey? why then didst thou not go 11 down unto thine house? And Uriah said unto David, The ark, and Israel, and Judah, abide in tents; and my lord Joab, and the servants of my lord, are encamped in the open fields; shall I then go into mine house, to eat and to drink, and to lie with my wife? as thou livest, and as thy soul liveth, I will not 12 do this thing. And David said to Uriah, Tarry here to day also, and to morrow I will let thee depart. So Uriah abode in 13 Jerusalem that day, and the morrow. And when David had called him, he did eat and drink before him; and he made him drunk: and at even he went out to lie on his bed with the servants of his lord, but went not down to his house.

And it came to pass in the morning, that David wrote a 15 letter to Joab, and sent it by the hand of Uriah. And he wrote in the letter, saying, Set ye Uriah in the forefront of the 1 hottest battle, and retire ye m from him, that he may be 1 Heb. strong. 16 smitten, and die. And it came to pass, when Joab observed m Heb. from after him.

the city, that he assigned Uriah unto a place where he knew 17 that valiant men were. And the men of the city went out and

fought with Joab: and there fell some of the people of the servants of David; and Uriah the Hittite died also.

Then Joab sent and told David all the things concerning the 19 war; and charged the messenger, saying, When thou hast made an end of telling the matters of the war unto the king, 20 and if so be that the king's wrath arise, and he say unto thee, Wherefore approached ye so nigh unto the city when ye did fight? knew ye not that they would shoot from the wall?

21 Who smote n Abimelech the son of o Jerubbesheth? did not a n Judg. ix.53. woman cast a piece of a millstone upon him from the wall, that Jerubbaat. he died in Thebez? why went ye nigh the wall? then say thou, Thy servant Uriah the Hittite is dead also.

So the messenger went, and came and shewed David all that 23 Joab had sent him for. And the messenger said unto David, Surely the men prevailed against us, and came out unto us into the field, and we were upon them even unto the entering 24 of the gate. And the shooters shot from off the wall upon thy servants; and some of the king's servants be dead, and thy 25 servant Uriah the Hittite is dead also. Then David said unto

A.C. 1035. the messenger, Thus shalt thou say unto Joab, Let not this p Heb. be evil thing p displease thee, for the sword devoureth q one as well as in thine eyes. another: make thy battle more strong against the city, and overthrow it: and encourage thou him.

1034.

And when the wife of Uriah heard that Uriah her husband 26 was dead, she mourned for her husband. And when the mourn-27 ing was past, David sent and fetched her to his house, and she became his wife, and bare him a son. But the thing that David had done r displeased the Lord.

r Heb. was evil in the eyes of.

2 SAMUEL XII. VER. 1, TO FORMER PART OF VER. 15.

And the LORD sent Nathan unto David. And he came unto 1 him, and said unto him, There were two men in one city; the one rich, and the other poor. The rich man had exceeding 2 many flocks and herds: but the poor man had nothing, save 3 one little ewe lamb, which he had bought and nourished up: and it grew up together with him, and with his children; it did eat of his own * meat, and drank of his own cup, and lay in his bosom, and was unto him as a daughter. And there came 4 a traveller unto the rich man, and he spared to take of his own flock and of his own herd, to dress for the wayfaring man that was come unto him; but took the poor man's lamb, and dressed it for the man that was come to him. And David's anger 5 was greatly kindled against the man; and he said to Nathan, As the LORD liveth, the man that hath done this thing thing the thy to die, or, surely die: and he shall restore the lamb u fourfold, because he 6 did this thing, and because he had no pity.

8 Heb. mor-

is a son of death. u Ex. xxii. 1.

And Nathan said to David, Thou art the man. x 1 Sam. xvi. the Lord God of Israel, I x anointed thee king over Israel, and I delivered thee out of the hand of Saul; and I gave thee 8 thy master's house, and thy master's wives into thy bosom, and gave thee the house of Israel and of Judah; and if that had been too little, I would moreover have given unto thee such and such things. Wherefore hast thou despised the command- 9 ment of the LORD, to do evil in his sight? thou hast killed Uriah the Hittite with the sword, and hast taken his wife to be thy wife, and hast slain him with the sword of the children of Ammon. Now therefore the sword shall never depart from 10 thine house; because thou hast despised me, and hast taken the wife of Uriah the Hittite to be thy wife. Thus saith the 11 LORD, Behold, I will raise up evil against thee out of thine own house, and I will y take thy wives before thine eyes, and give them unto thy neighbour, and he shall lie with thy wives in the sight of this sun. For thou didst it secretly: but I will 12 do this thing before all Israel, and before the sun. And David 13 said unto Nathan, I have sinned against the LORD. Nathan said unto David, The Lord also hath put away thy sin; thou shalt not die. Howbeit, because by this deed thou 14

y Deut. xxviii. 30. ch. xvi. 22.

z Ecclus. xlvii. 11. hast given great occasion to the enemies of the Lord to blas-A.C. 1034. pheme, the child also that is born unto thee shall surely die.

15 And Nathan departed unto his house.

PSALM LI 57.

- 1 David prayeth for remission of sins, whereof he maketh a deep confession. 6 He prayeth for sanctification. 16 God delighteth not in sacrifice, but in sincerity. 18 He prayeth for the church.
- ¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David, a when Nathan the prophet came unto a 2 Sam. xii. him, after he had gone in to Bath-sheba.
- 1 Have mercy upon me, O God, according to thy loving-kindness: according unto the multitude of thy tender mercies blot out my transgressions.

Wash me throughly from mine iniquity, and cleanse me

from my sin.

- 3 For Í acknowledge my transgressions: and my sin is ever
- 4 Against thee, thee only, have I sinned, and done this evil in thy sight: b that thou mightest be justified when thou speakest, b Rom. iii. 4. and be clear when thou judgest.

Behold, I was shapen in iniquity; and in sin did my mother conceive me.

6 Behold, thou desirest truth in the inward parts: and in the hidden part thou shalt make me to know wisdom.

7 d Purge me with hyssop, and I shall be clean: wash me, and d Lev. xiv. 6. I shall be whiter than snow.

8 Make me to hear joy and gladness; that the bones which thou hast broken may rejoice.

9 Hide thy face from my sins, and blot out all mine iniquities.

- 10 Create in me a clean heart, O God; and renew e a right e Or, a conspirit within me.
- 11 Cast me not away from thy presence; and take not thy holy spirit from me.

12 Restore unto me the joy of thy salvation; and uphold me with thy free spirit.

13 Then will I teach transgressors thy ways; and sinners shall be converted unto thee.

⁵⁷ Psalm li. is inserted here on the unanimous testimony of commentators.

Psalm xxxii. It is generally thought that this Psalm was written by David, after the pardon he obtained for his adultery with Bathsheba.—Hales's Anal. vol. ii. p. 376; and Rosenmüller.

Psalm xxxiii. is ascribed by Dr. Hales to the same occasion. And

Psalm ciii. is considered by the same great authority as David's eucharistical ode, after God had pardoned his great sin.

Although God, upon the repentance of David, pardoned his sin, yet we find a series of temporal judgments were inflicted upon him, both as a just punishment for his crime, and as a solemn warning to others. The remainder of his days was as disastrous as the beginning had been prosperous and flourishing. Rape, incest, murder, and rebellion, raged among his children—he was deserted by his friends—reviled by his enemies—banished from his capital—and plunged into the deepest affliction, by the ingratitude and death of his favourite and rebellious son Absalom.—Vide Hales' Anal. vol. ii. p. 377.

A.C. 1034. Deliver me from bloodguiltiness, O God, thou God of 14 f Heb. bloods. my salvation: and my tongue shall sing aloud of thy righteousness.

> O Lord, open thou my lips; and my mouth shall shew 15 forth thy praise.

g Or, that I should give it.

For thou desirest not sacrifice; gelse would I give it: thou 16

delightest not in burnt offering.

^h The sacrifices of God are a broken spirit: a broken and a 17 h Is. lvii. 15. & lxvi. 2. contrite heart, O God, thou wilt not despise.

> Do good in thy good pleasure unto Zion: build thou the 18 walls of Jerusalem.

> Then shalt thou be pleased with the sacrifices of righteous-19 ness, with burnt offering and whole burnt offering: then shall they offer bullocks upon thine altar.

PSALM XXXII.

1 Blessedness consisteth in remission of sins. 3 Confession of sins giveth ease to the conscience. 8 God's promises bring joy.

¶ i A Psalm of David, Maschil.

i Or. A Psalm of David giving instruc-

Blessed is he whose k transgression is forgiven, whose sin is 1 k Rom. iv. 7. covered.

Blessed is the man unto whom the Lord imputeth not 2 iniquity, and in whose spirit there is no guile.

When I kept silence, my bones waxed old through my roar- 3

ing all the day long.

For day and night thy hand was heavy upon me: my mois- 4

ture is turned into the drought of summer.

I acknowledged my sin unto thee, and mine iniquity have I 5 1Prov. xxviii. not hid. 1 I said, I will confess my transgressions unto the 13. Is. lxv.24. LORD; and thou forgavest the iniquity of my sin. 1 John i, 9,

m Heb. in a time of finding.

For this shall every one that is godly pray unto thee m in a 6 time when thou mayest be found: surely in the floods of great waters they shall not come nigh unto him.

n Ps. ix. 9.

ⁿ Thou art my hiding place; thou shalt preserve me from 7 trouble; thou shalt compass me about with songs of deliverance. Selah.

I will instruct thee and teach thee in the way which thou 8

o Heb. I will shalt go: o I will guide thee with mine eye. counsel thee,

P Be ye not as the horse, or as the mule, which have no un- 9 shall be upon derstanding: whose mouth must be held in with bit and bridle, p Prov. xxvi. lest they come near unto thee.

Many sorrows shall be to the wicked: but he that trusteth in 10

the Lord, mercy shall compass him about.

Be glad in the LORD, and rejoice, ye righteous: and shout 11 for joy, all ye that are upright in heart.

PSALM XXXIII.

- 1 God is to be praised for his goodness, 6 for his power, 12 and for his providence.
 20 Confidence is to be placed in God.
- 1 Rejoice in the LORD, O ye righteous: for praise is comely A.C. 1034. for the upright.
- 2 Praise the LORD with harp: sing unto him with the psaltery and an instrument of ten strings.
- 3 Sing unto him a new song; play skilfully with a loud noise.
- 4 For the word of the LORD is right; and all his works are done in truth.
- 5 He loveth righteousness and judgment: q the earth is full of q Ps. cxix.61. the r goodness of the Lord. r Or, mercy.
- 6 By the word of the Lord were the heavens made; and all * Gen. i. 6, 7. the host of them by the breath of his mouth.
- 7 He gathereth the waters of the sea together as an heap: he layeth up the depth in storehouses.
- 8 Let all the earth fear the LORD: let all the inhabitants of the world stand in awe of him.
- 9 For he spake, and it was done; he commanded, and it stood fast.
- t The Lord u bringeth the counsel of the heathen to nought: t Is. xix. 3. u Heb.maketh he maketh the devices of the people of none effect.
- 11 V The counsel of the LORD standeth for ever, the thoughts V Prov. xix.

 of his heart x to all generations.
- y Blessed is the nation whose God is the Lord; and the people **Heb. to generation and whom he hath chosen for his own inheritance.

 **Yes, lxv. 4.
- 13 The LORD looketh from heaven, he beholdeth all the sons of & exist. 15.
- 14 From the place of his habitation he looketh upon all the inhabitants of the earth.
- 15 He fashioneth their hearts alike; he considereth all their works.
- There is no king saved by the multitude of an host: a mighty man is not delivered by much strength.
- 17 An horse is a vain thing for safety: neither shall he deliver any by his great strength.
- ^z Behold, the eye of the Lord is upon them that fear him, z Jobxxxvi. upon them that hope in his mercy;

 7. Ps. xxxiv. 15. 1 Pet. iii.
- 19 To deliver their soul from death, and to keep them alive in 12.
- Our soul waiteth for the LORD: he is our help and our
- 21 For our heart shall rejoice in him, because we have trusted in his holy name.
- 22 Let thy mercy, O Lord, be upon us, according as we hope in thee.

PSALM CIII.

1 An exhortation to bless God for his mercy, 15 and for the constancy thereof. ¶ A Psalm of David.

A.C. 1034.

Bless the LORD, O my soul: and all that is within me, bless 1 → his holy name.

Bless the Lord, O my soul, and forget not all his bene- 2

Who forgiveth all thine iniquities; who healeth all thy dis- 3 eases;

Who redeemeth thy life from destruction; who crowneth 4 thee with loving-kindness and tender mercies;

Who satisfieth thy mouth with good things; so that thy youth 5 is renewed like the eagle's.

The Lord executeth righteousness and judgment for all that 6 are oppressed.

He made known his ways unto Moses, his acts unto the chil- 7 dren of Israel.

a Ex. xxxiv. 6, 7. Num. v. 10. Neh. ix.

ⁿ The Lord is merciful and gracious, slow to anger, and 8 viv. 18. Deut. b plenteous in mercy.

17. Ps. lxxxvi. 15.

He will not always chide: neither will he keep his anger for 9

Jer. xxxii.18. b Heb. great of mercy.

He hath not dealt with us after our sins; nor rewarded us 10 according to our iniquities.

c Heb. according to the height of the heaven.

For cas the heaven is high above the earth, so great is his 11 mercy toward them that fear him.

As far as the east is from the west, so far hath he removed 12 our transgressions from us.

Like as a father pitieth his children, so the Lord pitieth 13 them that fear him.

For he knoweth our frame; he remembereth that we are 14

As for man, his days are as grass: as a flower of the field, so 15 he flourisheth.

d Heb. it is not.

For the wind passeth over it, and dit is gone; and the place 16 thereof shall know it no more.

But the mercy of the Lord is from everlasting to everlasting 17 upon them that fear him, and his righteousness unto children's children;

e Deut. vii. 9.

e To such as keep his covenant, and to those that remember 18 his commandments to do them.

The LORD hath prepared his throne in the heavens; and his 19 kingdom ruleth over all.

f Heb. mighty in strength.

Bless the Lord, ye his angels, fthat excel in strength, 20 that do his commandments, hearkening unto the voice of his

Bless ye the Lord, all ye his hosts; ye ministers of his, that 21 do his pleasure.

Bless the Lord, all his works in all places of his dominion: A.C. 1034. bless the LORD, O my soul.

2 SAMUEL XII. LATTER PART OF VER. 15-23.

And the LORD struck the child that Uriah's wife bare unto 16 David, and it was very sick. David therefore besought God for the child; and David g fasted, and went in, and lay all night g Heb. fasted 17 upon the earth. And the elders of his house arose, and went to him, to raise him up from the earth: but he would not, neither 18 did he eat bread with them. And it came to pass on the seventh day, that the child died. And the servants of David feared to tell him that the child was dead: for they said, Behold, while the child was yet alive, we spake unto him, and he would not hearken unto our voice: how will he then hvex him-hurt. 19 self, if we tell him that the child is dead? But when David saw that his servants whispered, David perceived that the child was dead: therefore David said unto his servants, Is the child 20 dead? And they said, He is dead. Then David arose from the earth, and washed, and anointed himself, and changed his apparel, and came into the house of the Lord, and worshipped: then he came to his own house; and when he required, they 21 set bread before him, and he did eat. Then said his servants unto him, What thing is this that thou hast done? thou didst fast and weep for the child, while it was alive; but when the 22 child was dead, thou didst rise and eat bread. And he said, While the child was yet alive, I fasted and wept: for I said, Who can tell whether God will be gracious to me, that the child 23 may live? But now he is dead, wherefore should I fast? can I bring him back again? I shall go to him, but he shall not return to me.

I CHRONICLES XX. LATTER PART OF VER. 1.

And Joab smote Rabbah, and destroyed it.

2 SAMUEL XII. VER. 26, TO THE END.

And Joab fought against Rabbah of the children of Ammon, 27 and took the royal city. And Joab sent messengers to David, and said, I have fought against Rabbah, and have taken the city 28 of waters. Now therefore gather the rest of the people together, and encamp against the city, and take it: lest I take the city, 29 and it be called after my name. And David gathered all the i Heb. my people together, and went to Rabbah, and fought against it, upon it. 30 and took it. k And he took their king's crown from off hisk 1 Chr. xx.2. head, the weight whereof was a talent of gold with the precious stones: and it was set on David's head. And he brought forth 31 the spoil of the city 1 in great abundance. And he brought 1 Heb. very forth the people that were therein, and put them under saws, and great. under harrows of iron, and under axes of iron, and made them R r

VOL. I.

pass through the brickkiln: and thus did he unto all the cities of the children of Ammon. So David and all the people returned unto Jerusalem.

1 CHRONICLES XX. VER. 2 & 3.

m 2 Sam, xii. 30, 31. n Heb. the weight of.

And David m took the crown of their king from off his head, and found it n to weigh a talent of gold, and there were precious stones in it; and it was set upon David's head: and he brought also exceeding much spoil out of the city. And he brought out the people that were in it, and cut them with saws, and with harrows of iron, and with axes. Even so dealt David with all the cities of the children of Ammon. And David and all the people returned to Jerusalem.

§ 9. Domestic History of David.

Amnon and Tamar.

2 SAMUEL XIII. VER. 1-20.

1032.

marvellous,

the eyes of

Amnon.

And it came to pass after this, that Absalom the son of 1 David had a fair sister, whose name was Tamar; and Amnon the son of David loved her. And Amnon was so vexed, that he 2 ^{a Heb}, it was fell sick for his sister Tamar; for she was a virgin; and ^a Amnon or, hidden in thought it hard for him to do any thing to her. But Amnon 3 had a friend, whose name was Jonadab, the son of Shimeah David's brother: and Jonadab was a very subtil man. And 4 he said unto him, Why art thou, being the king's son, blean from day to day? wilt thou not tell me? And Amnon said unto him, I love Tamar, my brother Absalom's sister. And 5 Jonadab said unto him, Lay thee down on thy bed, and make thyself sick: and when thy father cometh to see thee, say unto him, I pray thee, let my sister Tamar come, and give me meat, and dress the meat in my sight, that I may see it, and eat it at her hand.

b Heb. thin. c Heb, morning by morning.

> So Amnon lay down, and made himself sick: and when the 6 king was come to see him, Amnon said unto the king, I pray thee, let Tamar my sister come, and make me a couple of cakes in my sight, that I may eat at her hand. Then David 7 sent home to Tamar, saying, Go now to thy brother Amnon's house, and dress him meat. So Tamar went to her brother 8 Amnon's house; and he was laid down. And she took d flour, and kneaded it, and made cakes in his sight, and did bake the cakes. And she took a pan, and poured them out before him; but 9 he refused to eat. And Amnon said, Have out all men from And they went out every man from him. And Amnon 10 said unto Tamar, Bring the meat into the chamber, that I may eat of thine hand. And Tamar took the cakes which she had made, and brought them into the chamber to Amnon her brother. And when she had brought them unto him to eat, 11 he took hold of her, and said unto her, Come lie with me, my sister. And she answered him, Nay, my brother, do not 12 e force me; for fg no such thing ought to be done in Israel: do not thou this folly. And I, whither shall I cause my shame 13

d Or, paste.

e Heb. hum. ble me. f Lev. xviii, g Heb. it ought not so to be done,

to go? and as for thee, thou shalt be as one of the fools in A.C. 1032. Israel. Now therefore, I pray thee, speak unto the king; for 14 he will not withhold me from thee. Howbeit he would not hearken unto her voice: but, being stronger than she, forced her, and lay with her.

Then Amnon hated her h exceedingly; so that the hatred h Heb. with wherewith he hated her was greater than the love wherewith greatly.

he had loved her. And Amnon said unto her, Arise, be gone.

16 And she said unto him, There is no cause: this evil in sending me away is greater than the other that thou didst unto me.

17 But he would not hearken unto her. Then he called his servant that ministered unto him, and said, Put now this woman out 18 from me, and bolt the door after her. And she had a

garment of divers colours upon her: for with such robes were the king's daughters that were virgins apparelled. Then his 19 servant brought her out, and bolted the door after her.

And Tamar put ashes on her head, and rent her garment of divers colours that was on her, and laid her hand on her head, 20 and went on crying. And Absalom her brother said unto her, Hath Amnon thy brother been with thee? but hold now thy i Heb. Amipeace, my sister: he is thy brother; kregard not this thing. k Heb. set not So Tamar remained 1 desolate in her brother Absalom's house. thine heart.

Birth of Solomon.

2 SAMUEL XII. VER. 24, 25.

And David comforted Bath-sheba his wife, and went in unto her, and lay with her: and m she bare a son, and n he called his m Matt. i. 6. n 1 Chr. xxii. her, and lay with her: and she bate a son, and he sent by 9.

25 name Solomon: and the Lord loved him. And he sent by 9.

That is,
the hand of Nathan the prophet; and he called his name 9 JediBeloved of
the LORD. diah, because of the Lord.

Death of Amnon.

2 SAMUEL XIII. VER. 21, TO THE END.

But when king David heard of all these things, he was very And Absalom spake unto his brother Amnon neither good nor bad: for Absalom hated Amnon, because he had forced his sister Tamar.

And it came to pass after two full years, that Absalom had sheepshearers in Baal-hazor, which is beside Ephraim: and 24 Absalom invited all the king's sons. And Absalom came to the king, and said, Behold now, thy servant hath sheepshearers; let the king, I beseech thee, and his servants go with thy 25 servant. And the king said to Absalom, Nay, my son, let us not all now go, lest we be chargeable unto thee. And he pressed him: howbeit he would not go, but blessed him. 26 Then said Absalom, If not, I pray thee, let my brother Amnon go with us. And the king said unto him, Why should he

1030.

not, since I

manded you? q Heb. sons

have com-

of valour.

go with thee? But Absalom pressed him, that he let Amnon 27 and all the king's sons go with him.

Now Absalom had commanded his servants, saying, Mark 28 ye now when Amnon's heart is merry with wine, and when I p or, will you say unto you, Smite Amnon; then kill him, fear not: P have not I commanded you? be courageous, and be q valiant. the servants of Absalom did unto Amnon as Absalom had commanded. Then all the king's sons arose, and every man

r gat him upon his mule, and fled. r Heb. rode.

And it came to pass, while they were in the way, that 30 tidings came to David, saying, Absalom hath slain all the king's sons, and there is not one of them left. Then the king 31 arose, and tare his garments, and lay on the earth; and all his servants stood by with their clothes rent. And Jonadab, 32 the son of Shimeah David's brother, answered and said, Let not my lord suppose that they have slain all the young men * Heb. mouth. the king's sons; for Amnon only is dead: for by the *appoint-

t Or, settled. ment of Absalom this hath been t determined from the day that he forced his sister Tamar. Now therefore let not my lord 33 the king take the thing to his heart, to think that all the king's

sons are dead: for Amnon only is dead. But Absalom fled. 34 And the young man that kept the watch lifted up his eyes, and looked, and, behold, there came much people by the way of the hill side behind him. And Jonadab said unto the king, Behold, 35 the king's sons come: "as thy servant said, so it is. And it 36 came to pass, as soon as he had made an end of speaking, that,

u Heb. according to the word of thy servant.

behold, the king's sons came, and lifted up their voice and x Heb. with a wept: and the king also and all his servants wept x very great weeping sore. greatly.

y Or, Ammihur.

But Absalom fled, and went to Talmai, the son of y Ammi- 37 hud, king of Geshur. And David mourned for his son every So Absalom fled, and went to Geshur, and was there 38 And the soul of king David z longed to go forth 39 three years. unto Absalom: for he was comforted concerning Amnon, seeing he was dead.

z Or, was consumed.

Revolt of Absalom.

2 SAMUEL XIV. VER. 1-7.

1 Joah, suborning a widow of Tekoah, by a parable to incline the king's heart to fetch home Absalom, bringeth him to Jerusalem. 25 Absalom's beauty, hair, and children. 28 After two years, Absalom by Joab is brought into the king's presence.

Now Joab the son of Zeruiah perceived that the king's heart 1 1027. And Joab sent to Tekoah, and fetched 2 was toward Absalom. thence a wise woman, and said unto her, I pray thee, feign thyself to be a mourner, and put on now mourning apparel, and anoint not thyself with oil, but be as a woman that had a long time mourned for the dead: and come to the king, and 3 speak on this manner unto him. So Joab put the words in her mouth.

^c upon the earth.

And when the woman of Tekoah spake to the king, she fell A.C. 1027. on her face to the ground, and did obeisance, and said, a Help, a Heb. Save. 5 O king. And the king said unto her, What aileth thee? And she answered, I am indeed a widow woman, and mine 6 husband is dead. And thy handmaid had two sons, and they two strove together in the field, and there was b none to part them, deliverer be-7 but the one smote the other, and slew him. And, behold, the tween them. whole family is risen against thine handmaid, and they said, Deliver him that smote his brother, that we may kill him, for the life of his brother whom he slew; and we will destroy the heir also: and so they shall quench my coal which is left, and shall not leave to my husband neither name nor remainder

c Heb. upon the face of the earth.

2 SAMUEL XIV. VER. 15, 16, 17 58.

Now therefore that I am come to speak of this thing unto my lord the king, it is because the people have made me afraid: and thy handmaid said, I will now speak unto the king; it may be that the king will perform the request of his handmaid. 16 For the king will hear, to deliver his handmaid out of the hand of the man that would destroy me and my son together out of 17 the inheritance of God. Then thine handmaid said, The word of my lord the king shall now be d comfortable: for as an d Heb. for angel of God, so is my lord the king e to discern good and bad: e Heb. to therefore the Lord thy God will be with thee.

2 SAMUEL XIV. VER. 8-14.

And the king said unto the woman, Go to thine house, and 9 I will give charge concerning thee. And the woman of Tekoah said unto the king, My lord, O king, the iniquity be on me, and on my father's house: and the king on his throne be guilt-10 less. And the king said, Whosoever saith ought unto thee, 11 bring him to me, and he shall not touch thee any more. Then said she, I pray thee, let the king remember the Lord thy God, f that thou wouldest not suffer the revengers of blood to f Heb. that destroy any more, lest they destroy my son. And he said, As the revenger the LORD liveth, there shall not one hair of thy son fall to the not multiply to destroy. 12 earth. Then the woman said, Let thine handmaid, I pray thee, speak one word unto my lord the king. And he said, 13 Say on. And the woman said, Wherefore then hast thou thought such a thing against the people of God? for the king doth speak this thing as one which is faulty, in that the king 14 doth not fetch home again his banished. For we must needs die, and are as water spilt on the ground, which cannot be

⁵⁸ This arrangement of the contents of part of 2 Samuel xiv. is made on the authority of Bishop Horsley; who observes, verses 15, 16, 17, should intervene between the 7th and 8th verses; being evidently part of the woman's speech about her own pretended affair; and the 18th verse should immediately follow the 14th.—Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 357.

taken awau his life, he hath also devised means, &c.

A.C. 1027. gathered up again; s neither doth God respect any person: yet g Or, because doth he devise means, that his banished be not expelled from God hath out him.

2 SAMUEL XIV. VER. 18, TO THE END.

Then the king answered and said unto the woman, Hide not 18 from me, I pray thee, the thing that I shall ask thee. the woman said, Let my lord the king now speak. And the 19 king said, Is not the hand of Joab with thee in all this? the woman answered and said, As thy soul liveth, my lord the king, none can turn to the right hand or to the left from ought that my lord the king hath spoken: for thy servant Joab, he bade me, and he put all these words in the mouth of thine handmaid: to fetch about this form of speech hath thy servant Joab 20 done this thing: and my lord is wise, according to the wisdom of an angel of God, to know all things that are in the earth.

thing: go therefore, bring the young man Absalom again. And Joab fell to the ground on his face, and bowed himself, 22 h Heb. blessed. and h thanked the king: and Joab said, To day thy servant knoweth that I have found grace in thy sight, my lord, O king, in that the king hath fulfilled the request of i his servant. Joab arose and went to Geshur, and brought Absalom to Jeru-And the king said, Let him turn to his own house, and 24 let him not see my face. So Absalom returned to his own house,

And the king said unto Joab, Behold now, I have done this 21

and saw not the king's face.

k But in all Israel there was none to be so much praised 25 as Absalom for his beauty: from the sole of his foot even to the crown of his head there was no blemish in him. And 26 when he polled his head, (for it was at every year's end that he polled it: because the hair was heavy on him, therefore he polled it:) he weighed the hair of his head at two hundred shekels after the king's weight. And unto Absalom there were 27 born three sons, and one daughter, whose name was Tamar: she was a woman of a fair countenance.

So Absalom dwelt two full years in Jerusalem, and saw not 28 the king's face. Therefore Absalom sent for Joab, to have 29 sent him to the king; but he would not come to him: and when he sent again the second time, he would not come. Therefore he said unto his servants, See, Joab's field is 1 near 30 mine, and he hath barley there; go and set it on fire. Absalom's servants set the field on fire. Then Joab arose, and 31 came to Absalom unto his house, and said unto him, Wherefore have thy servants set my field on fire? And Absalom answered 32 Joab, Behold, I sent unto thee, saying, Come hither, that I may send thee to the king, to say, Wherefore am I come from Geshur? it had been good for me to have been there still: now therefore let me see the king's face; and if there be any

there was not a beautiful man in all Israel to praise greatly.

k Heb. And as Absalom

i Or, thy.

l Heb. near my place.

33 iniquity in me, let him kill me. So Joab came to the king, A.C. 1025. and told him: and when he had called for Absalom, he came to the king, and bowed himself on his face to the ground before the king: and the king kissed Absalom.

2 SAMUEL XV. TO VER. 29.

And it came to pass after this, that Absalom prepared him 2 chariots and horses, and fifty men to run before him. And Absalom rose up early, and stood beside the way of the gate: and it was so, that when any man that had a controversy m came m Heb. to to the king for judgment, then Absalom called unto him, and said, Of what city art thou? And he said, Thy servant is of one

1024.

3 of the tribes of Israel. And Absalom said unto him, See, thy

matters are good and right; but n there is no man deputed of the n or, none will hear thee. Absalom said moreover, Oh that I were from the king. made judge in the land, that every man which hath any suit or downward. cause might come unto me, and I would do him justice!

5 And it was so, that when any man came nigh to him to do him obeisance, he put forth his hand, and took him, and kissed 6 him. And on this manner did Absalom to all Israel that came

to the king for judgment: so Absalom stole the hearts of the men of Israel.

1023.

⁵⁹And it came to pass after forty years, that Absalom said unto the king, I pray thee, let me go and pay my vow, which I have 8 vowed unto the LORD, in Hebron. For thy servant vowed a vow while I abode at Geshur in Syria, saying, If the LORD shall bring me again indeed to Jerusalem, then I will serve the 9 LORD. And the king said unto him, Go in peace. arose, and went to Hebron.

But Absalom sent spies thoughout all the tribes of Israel, saying, As soon as ye hear the sound of the trumpet, then ye shall 11 say, Absalom reigneth in Hebron. And with Absalom went two hundred men out of Jerusalem, that were called; and they went in 12 their simplicity, and they knew not any thing. And Absalom

sent for Ahithophel the Gilonite, David's counsellor, from his city, even from Giloh, while he offered sacrifices. And the conspiracy was strong; for the people increased continually with Absalom.

And there came a messenger to David, saying, The hearts 14 of the men of Israel are after Absalom. And David said unto all his servants that were with him at Jerusalem, Arise, and let us flee; for we shall not else escape from Absalom: make speed to depart, lest he overtake us suddenly, and bring o evil upon o Heb. thrust.

^{59 2} Sam. xv. 7. There is some difficulty in ascertaining what is meant by the "forty years," in this verse. Some read four years only. Lightfoot dates the forty years from the first anointing of David, by Samuel; and this solution is certainly preferable to making any alteration in the text. Dr. Hales supposes, that the proper reading is four years, as being the time from the first fomenting of Absalom's conspiracy, till it broke out into open rebellion: but for this there does not seem to be sufficient evidence.—Hales's Anal. vol. ii. p. 379; Lightfoot in loc.; Horsley's Bib. Crit. vol. i. p. 358; Bp. Patrick in loc.

r Heb. make thee wander

in going.

xviii. 1, Ce-

dron.

A.C. 1023. us, and smite the city with the edge of the sword. And the 15 king's servants said unto the king, Behold, thy servants are ready p Heb. choose. to do whatsoever my lord the king shall p appoint. And the king 16 q Heb. at his went forth, and all his houshold q after him. And the king

left ten women, which were concubines, to keep the house. And 17 the king went forth, and all the people after him, and tarried in a place that was far off. And all his servants passed on beside 18 him; and all the Cherethites, and all the Perethites, and all the Gittites, six hundred men which came after him from Gath,

passed on before the king.

Then said the king to Ittai the Gittite, Wherefore goest thou 19 also with us? return to thy place, and abide with the king: for thou art a stranger, and also an exile. Whereas thou 20 camest but yesterday, should I this day make thee go up and down with us? seeing I go whither I may, return thou, and take back thy brethren: mercy and truth be with thee. And Ittai 21 answered the king, and said, As the LORD liveth, and as my lord the king liveth, surely in what place my lord the king shall be, whether in death or life, even there also will thy servant be. And David said to Ittai, Go and pass over. And Ittai the 22 Gittite passed over, and all his men, and all the little ones that were with him. And all the country wept with a loud voice, 23 and all the people passed over: the king also himself passed s Called, John over the brook i Kidron, and all the people passed over, toward the way of the wilderness.

And lo Zadok also, and all the Levites were with him, bear-24 ing the ark of the covenant of God: and they set down the ark of God; and Abiathar went up, until all the people had done passing out of the city. And the king said unto Zadok, Carry 25 back the ark of God into the city: if I shall find favour in the eyes of the LORD, he will bring me again, and shew me both it, and his habitation: but if he thus say, I have no delight in 26 thee; behold, here am I, let him do to me as seemeth good unto him. The king said also unto Zadok the priest, Art not thou 27 t 1 Sam. ix. 9. a t seer? return into the city in peace, and your two sons with you, Ahimaaz thy son, and Jonathan the son of Abiathar. See, 28 I will tarry in the plain of the wilderness, until there come word from you to certify me. Zadok therefore and Abiathar 29 carried the ark of God again to Jerusalem: and they tarried there.

PSALM III 60.

The security of God's protection.

u 2 Sam. xv. & xvi. & xvii. & xviii.

¶ A Psalm of David, u when he fled from Absalom his son.

LORD, how are they increased that trouble me? many are 1 they that rise up against me.

Many there be which say of my soul, There is no help for him 2

in God. Selah.

⁶⁰ Psalm iii. Inserted in this place on the authority of the title.—Lightfoot.

- But thou, O LORD, art a shield x for me; my glory, and the A.C. 1023. lifter up of mine head.
- I cried unto the LORD with my voice, and he heard me out of his noly hill. Selah.
- 5 y I laid me down and slept; I awaked; for the LORD sus-y Ps. iv. 8. tained me.
- 6 ^z I will not be afraid of ten thousands of people, that have set ^{z P8. xxvii. 3.}
 themselves against me round about.
- 7 Arise, O'LORD; save me, O my God: for thou hast smitten all mine enemies *upon* the cheek bone; thou hast broken the teeth of the ungodly.
- 8 a Salvation belongeth unto the Lord: thy blessing is upon A Is. xliii. 11. thy people. Selah.

2 SAMUEL XV. VER. 30, TO THE END.

- 30 And David went up by the ascent of mount Olivet, b and b Heb. going wept as he went up, and had his head covered, and he went ing. barefoot: and all the people that was with him covered every man his head, and they went up, weeping as they went up.
- And one told David, saying, Ahithophel is among the conspirators with Absalom. And David said, O Lord, I pray thee, turn the counsel of Ahithophel into foolishness.
- 32 And it came to pass, that when David was come to the top of the mount, where he worshipped God, behold, Hushai the Archite came to meet him with his coat rent, and earth upon 33 his head: unto whom David said, If thou passest on with me,
- 34 then thou shalt be a burden unto me: but if thou return to the city, and say unto Absalom, I will be thy servant, O king; as I have been thy father's servant hitherto, so will I now also be thy servant: then mayest thou for me defeat the counsel of
- 35 Ahithophel. And hast thou not there with thee Zadok and Abiathar the priests? therefore it shall be, that what thing soever thou shalt hear out of the king's house, thou shalt tell it
- 36 to Zadok and Abiathar the priests. Behold, they have there with them their two sons, Ahimaaz Zadok's son, and Jonathan Abiathar's son; and by them ye shall send unto me every thing
- 37 that ye can hear. So Hushai David's friend came into the city, and Absalom came into Jerusalem.

2 SAMUEL XVI. VER. 1-14.

- 1 Ziba, by presents and false suggestions, obtaineth his master's inheritance. 5 At Bahurim Shimei curseth David. 9 David with patience abstaineth, and restraineth others, from revenge.
- And when David was a little past the top of the hill, behold, Ziba the servant of Mephibosheth met him, with a couple of asses saddled, and upon them two hundred loaves of bread, and an hundred bunches of raisins, and an hundred of summer fruits, and a bottle of wine. And the king said unto Ziba, What meanest thou by these? And Ziba said, The asses be for the

A.C. 1023. king's houshold to ride on; and the bread and summer fruit for the young men to eat; and the wine, that such as be faint in the wilderness may drink. And the king said, And where 3 is thy master's son? And Ziba said unto the king, Behold, he abideth at Jerusalem: for he said, To day shall the house of Israel restore me the kingdom of my father. Then said the king 4 to Ziba, Behold, thine are all that pertained unto Mephibosheth. e Heb. I do And Ziba said, °I humbly beseech thee that I may find grace

obeisance.

d Or, he still came forth

and cursed.

in thy sight, my lord, O king.

And when king David came to Bahurim, behold, thence 5 came out a man of the family of the house of Saul, whose name was Shimei, the son of Gera: dhe came forth, and cursed still as he came. And he cast stones at David, and at all the ser- 6

vants of king David: and all the people and all the mighty men were on his right hand and on his left. And thus said Shimei 7 when he cursed. Come out, come out, thou e bloody man, and

e Heb. man of blood.

f Heb. behold

thou man of Belial: The Lord hath returned upon thee all 8 the blood of the house of Saul, in whose stead thou hast reigned; and the LORD hath delivered the kingdom into the hand of Absalom thy son: and, f behold, thou art taken in thy

thee in thy mischief, because thou art a bloody man. evil.

Then said Abishai the son of Zeruiah unto the king, Why 9 g! Sam.xxiv. should this g dead dog curse my lord the king? let me go over, I pray thee, and take off his head. And the king said, What 10 have I to do with you, ye sons of Zeruiah? so let him curse, because the Lord hath said unto him, Curse David. Who shall then say, Wherefore hast thou done so? And David said 11 to Abishai, and to all his servants, Behold, my son, which came forth of my bowels, seeketh my life: how much more now may this Benjamite do it? let him alone, and let him curse; for the LORD hath bidden him. It may be that the LORD will look on 12 h Or, tears. mine hi affliction, and that the LORD will requite me good for

i Heb. eye.

his cursing this day. And as David and his men went by the 13 way, Shimei went along on the hill's side over against him, and k Heb. dusted cursed as he went, and threw stones at him, and k cast dust.

him with And the king, and all the people that were with him, came 14 dust. weary, and refreshed themselves there.

PSALM VII 61.

1 David prayeth against the malice of his enemies, professing his innocency. 10 By faith he seeth his defence, and the destruction of his enemies.

1 Or, business. ¶ Shiggaion of David, which he sang unto the LORD, concerning the 1 words of Cush the Benjamite.

> O Lord my God, in thee do I put my trust: save me from 1 all them that persecute me, and deliver me:

Lest he tear my soul like a lion, rending it in pieces, while 2 m Heb. not a there is m none to deliver. deliverer.

⁶¹ Psalm vii. Vide the title, compared with the few preceding verses of 2 Sam. xvi.

O LORD my God, if I have done this; if there be iniquity A.C. 1023. in my hands;

4 If I have rewarded evil unto him that was at peace with me; (yea, I have delivered him that without cause is mine enemy:)

Let the enemy persecute my soul, and take it; yea, let him tread down my life upon the earth, and lay mine honour in the

Selah. dust.

Arise, O Lord, in thine anger, lift up thyself because of the rage of mine enemies: and awake for me to the judgment that thou hast commanded.

So shall the congregation of the people compass thee about: for their sakes therefore return thou on high.

The LORD shall judge the people: judge me, O LORD, n according to my righteousness, and according to mine in- n Ps. xviii. tegrity that is in me.

Oh let the wickedness of the wicked come to an end; but establish the just: o for the righteous God trieth the hearts and old Sam. xvi.

P My defence is of God, which saveth the upright in Jer. xi. 20. & heart.

^q God judgeth the righteous, and God is angry with the p Heb. My buckler is wicked every day.

If he turn not, he will whet his sword; he hath bent his bow, a righteous and made it ready.

He hath also prepared for him the instruments of death; he ordaineth his arrows against the persecutors.

Behold, he travaileth with iniquity, and hath conceived mis- 1 Job xv. 35. chief, and brought forth falsehood.

⁸ He made a pit, and digged it, ^t and is fallen into the ditch ⁸ Heb. He hath digged which he made.

a pit. t Ps. ix. 15. His mischief shall return upon his own head, and his violent & x. 2. Prov. v. 22. dealing shall come down upon his own pate.

I will praise the LORD according to his righteousness: and will sing praise to the name of the Lord most high.

2 SAMUEL XVI. VER. 15, TO THE END.

And Absalom, and all the people the men of Israel, came to 16 Jerusalem, and Ahithophel with him. And it came to pass, when Hushai the Archite, David's friend, was come unto Absalom, that Hushai said unto Absalom, "God save the king, u Heb. Let 17 God save the king. And Absalom said to Hushai, Is this thy

kindness to thy friend? why wentest thou not with thy friend? 18 And Hushai said unto Absalom, Nay; but whom the Lord,

and his people, and all the men of Israel, choose, his will I be, 19 and with him will I abide. And again, whom should I serve? should I not serve in the presence of his son? as I have served in thy father's presence, so will I be in thy presence.

xvii. 10. &

upon God.

A.C. 1023.

Then said Absalom to Ahithophel, Give counsel among you 20 what we shall do. And Ahithophel said unto Absalom, Go in 21 unto thy father's concubines, which he hath left to keep the house; and all Israel shall hear that thou art abhorred of thy father: then shall the hands of all that are with thee be strong. So they spread Absalom a tent upon the top of the house; and 22 Absalom went in unto his father's concubines in the sight of all Israel. And the counsel of Ahithophel, which he counselled 23 x Heb. word. in those days, was as if a man had enquired at the x oracle of God: so was all the counsel of Ahithophel both with David and with Absalom.

2 SAMUEL XVII.

1 Ahithophel's counsel is overthrown by Hushai's, according to God's appointment. 15 Secret intelligence is sent unto David. 23 Ahithophel hangeth himself. 25 Amasa is made captain. 27 David at Mahanaim is furnished with provision.

Moreover Ahithophel said unto Absalom, Let me now 1

choose out twelve thousand men, and I will arise and pursue after David this night: and I will come upon him while he is 2 weary and weak handed, and will make him afraid: and all the people that are with him shall flee; and I will smite the king only: and I will bring back all the people unto thee: the man 3 whom thou seekest is as if all returned: so all the people shall And the saying pleased Absalom well, and all 4 the elders of Israel. Then said Absalom, Call now Hushai the 5 Archite also, and let us hear likewise what he saith. when Hushai was come to Absalom, Absalom spake unto him, saying, Ahithophel hath spoken after this manner: shall we do after his a saying? if not; speak thou. And Hushai said unto 7 Absalom, The counsel that Ahithophel hath b given is not good at this time. For, said Hushai, thou knowest thy father and 8 his men, that they be mighty men, and they be chafed in their minds, as a bear robbed of her whelps in the field: and thy father is a man of war, and will not lodge with the people. Behold, he is hid now in some pit, or in some other place: 9 d Heb. fallen. and it will come to pass, when some of them be d overthrown at the first, that whosoever heareth it will say, There is a slaughter among the people that follow Absalom. And he also that is 10 valiant, whose heart is as the heart of a lion, shall utterly melt: for all Israel knoweth that thy father is a mighty man, and they Therefore I counsel that 11 which be with him are valiant men. all Israel be generally gathered unto thee, from Dan even to Beer-sheba, as the sand that is by the sea for multitude; and e that thou go to battle in thine own person. So shall we come 12 upon him in some place where he shall be found, and we will light upon him as the dew falleth on the ground: and of him and of all the men that are with him there shall not be left so much as one. Moreover, if he be gotten into a city, then 13 shall all Israel bring ropes to that city, and we will draw it into

y Heb. was right in the eyes of, &c. z Heb. what is in his mouth.

a Heb. word. b Heb. counselled.

c Heb. bitter of soul.

e Heb. that thy face, or, presence go,

14 the river, until there be not one small stone found there. And A.C. 1023. Absalom and all the men of Israel said, The counsel of Hushai the Archite is better than the counsel of Ahithophel. For the LORD had fappointed to defeat the good counsel of Ahi-f Heb. comthophel, to the intent that the LORD might bring evil upon manded. Absalom.

Then said Hushai unto Zadok and to Abiathar the priests, Thus and thus did Ahithophel counsel Absalom and the elders 16 of Israel; and thus and thus have I counselled. Now therefore send quickly, and tell David, saying, Lodge not this night in the plains of the wilderness, but speedily pass over; lest the king be swallowed up, and all the people that are with him. 17 Now Jonathan and Ahimaaz stayed by En-rogel; for they might not be seen to come into the city: and a wench went 18 and told them; and they went and told king David. Nevertheless a lad saw them, and told Absalom: but they went both of them away quickly, and came to a man's house in Bahurim, 19 which had a well in his court; whither they went down. And the woman took and spread a covering over the well's mouth, and spread ground corn thereon; and the thing was not known. 20 And when Absalom's servants came to the woman to the house. they said, Where is Ahimaaz and Jonathan? And the woman said unto them, They be gone over the brook of water. when they had sought and could not find them, they returned 21 to Jerusalem. And it came to pass, after they were departed, that they came up out of the well, and went and told king David, and said unto David, Arise, and pass quickly over the 22 water: for thus hath Ahithophel counselled against you. Then David arose, and all the people that were with him, and they passed over Jordan: by the morning light there lacked not one of them that was not gone over Jordan.

And when Ahithophel saw that his counsel was not g followed, g Heb. done. he saddled his ass, and arose, and gat him home to his house, to his city, and h put his houshold in order, and hanged himself, h Heb. gave 24 and died, and was buried in the sepulchre of his father. Then charge con-David came to Mahanaim. And Absalom passed over Jordan, house.

he and all the men of Israel with him.

And Absalom made Amasa captain of the host instead of Joab: which Amasa was a man's son, whose name was i Ithra i Or, Jether an Israelite, that went in to k Abigail the daughter of Nahash, k Heb. Abi-26 sister to Zeruiah Joab's mother. So Israel and Absalom pitched gal. Or, Jesse. in the land of Gilead.

And it came to pass, when David was come to Mahanaim, that Shobi the son of Nahash of Rabbah of the children of Ammon, and Mashir the son of Ammiel of Lo-debar, and

28 Barzillai the Gileadite of Rogelim, brought beds, and mbasons, mor, cups. and earthen vessels, and wheat, and barley, and flour, and

13, 16,

A.C. 1023. parched corn, and beans, and lentiles, and parched pulse, and honey, and butter, and sheep, and cheese of kine, for 29 David, and for the people that were with him, to eat: for they said, The people is hungry, and weary, and thirsty, in the wilderness.

1 David's zeal to serve God in the temple. 5 He encourageth his soul to trust in God.

n Or, A Psalm giving instruction of the sons, &c. o Heb. brayeth.

¶ To the chief Musician, n Maschil, for the sons of Korah.

As the hart opanteth after the water brooks, so panteth my 1 soul after thee, O God.

My soul thirsteth for God, for the living God: when shall I 2

come and appear before God?

P My tears have been my meat day and night, while they 3 p Ps. lxxx. 5. continually say unto me, Where is thy God?

When I remember these things, I pour out my soul in me: 4 for I had gone with the multitude, I went with them to the house of God, with the voice of joy and praise, with a multitude that kept holyday.

q Heb. bowed down. r Or, give thanks. sence is salvation.

Why art thou q cast down, O my soul? and why art thou 5 disquieted in me? hope thou in God: for I shall yet praise s Or, his pre- him's for the help of his countenance.

> O my God, my soul is cast down within me: therefore will 6 I remember thee from the land of Jordan, and of the Hermonites, from the hill Mizar.

t Or, the little hill.

Deep calleth unto deep at the noise of thy waterspouts: 7

all thy waves and thy billows are gone over me.

Yet the Lord will command his lovingkindness in the day- 8 time, and in the night his song shall be with me, and my prayer unto the God of my life.

I will say unto God my rock, Why hast thou forgotten me? 9 why go I mourning because of the oppression of the enemy?

u Or, killing.

As with a wayword in my bones, mine enemies reproach me: 10

while they say daily unto me, Where is thy God?

Why art thou cast down, O my soul? and why art thou 11 disquieted within me? hope thou in God: for I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance, and my God.

⁶² Psalm xlii. In his flight from Absalom, David does not rest till he reaches the river Jordan. While reposing on its banks, he composes the forty-second Psalm, and remembers the Lord from the land of Jordan, (ver. 6.) In contemplating the waters of its river, he affectingly alludes to his own misery: "All thy billows and waves are gone over me." (Lightfoot in loc.) That this Psalm was written at this time, is suggested by Dr. Wells, who observes: 'This Psalm was most probably composed by David, when he was driven by Absalom from Jerusalem, and so from serving God at his own house or tabernacle, on Mount Sion; which he bewails as a great calamity, with hopes of being enabled by God to return thither again.'-Dr. Wells's Comment. vol. iii. p. 133.

PSALM XLIII 63.

- 1 David, praying to be restored to the temple, promiseth to serve God joyfully. 5 He encourageth his soul to trust in God.
- Judge me, O God, and plead my cause against an * ungodly A.C. 1023. nation: O deliver me y from the deceitful and unjust man.
- 2 For thou art the God of my strength: why dost thou cast merciful.

 me off? why go I mourning because of the oppression of man of deceit
 the enemy?

3 O send out thy light and thy truth: let them lead me; let them bring me unto thy holy hill, and to thy tabernacles.

- Then will I go unto the altar of God, unto God ^z my exceed- ^z Heb. the ing joy: yea, upon the harp will I praise thee, O God my gladness of God.
- 5 a Why art thou cast down, O my soul? and why art thou a Ps. xlii. 5. disquieted within me? hope in God: for I shall yet praise him, who is the health of my countenance, and my God.

PSALM LV.

David in his prayer complaineth of his fearful case.
 He prayeth against his enemies, of whose wickedness and treachery he complaineth.
 He comforteth himself in God's preservation of him, and confusion of his enemies.

¶ To the chief Musician on Neginoth, Maschil, A Psalm of David.

1 Give ear to my prayer, O God; and hide not thyself from my supplication.

63 This Psalm, in all probability, was composed on the same occasion as the 42nd, (vide Bishop Patrick in loc.) Bishop Lowth was of opinion that the 42nd and 43rd Psalms were originally but one: and the supposition is confirmed by more than thirty manuscripts. The 43rd Psalm seems to have been written about the same time as the 42nd. Compare the last verses of the two Psalms together. Lightfoot.

Psalm lv. Lightfoot and Dr. Hales, (Anal. vol. 2. p. 381.) refer this Psalm to the occasion of Ahithophel's treachery: it is generally considered as a prophecy of the treachery of Judas, and is quoted as such by St. Peter, Acts i. 20.

Psalm iv. David probably composed this Psalm on the same occasion that he wrote the third, (Bishop Patrick.) Lightfoot has a curious thought on the 7th verse of this Psalm. David is expressing his confidence in God; and proceeds to say, that his reliance on the providence of God affords him greater gladness of heart than he felt at that moment when, in the midst of his suffering and weariness, his own temporal wants as well as those of his followers were so abundantly relieved by the corn and wine of the three wealthy men who supplied him with provision at Mahanaim. 2 Sam. xvii. 27.

Psalm v. This Psalm is among those of which the date and occasion are quite uncertain. Dr. Edwards conjectures that it was composed when David was persecuted by Saul or Absalom. It is inserted here as more applicable to the circumstances of the revolt of Absalom than the persecution of Saul.

Psalm lxii. David professes his trust in God during the unnatural persecution of his son. Calmet; Horne, Crit. Int. vol. 2. p. 160.

Psalm clxiii. Written during the war with Absalom. Dr. Wells; Calmet; Horne ut supra. Psalm clxiv. A thanksgiving for David's victories over Absalom, and other rebels. Calmet; Horne.

Psalm lxx. This Psalm is supposed to have been used by David continually during Absalom's rebellion. Wells's Comment. in loc. note.

Psalm lxxi. It is generally thought that this Psalm was composed by David on occasion of Absalom's rebellion, when David was old and grey-headed. Dr. Wells in loc.; Calmet; Horne; Dr. Gray.

A.C. 1023.

Attend unto me, and hear me: I mourn in my complaint, 2 and make a noise;

Because of the voice of the enemy, because of the oppression 3 of the wicked: for they cast iniquity upon me, and in wrath they hate me.

My heart is sore pained within me: and the terrors of death 4 are fallen upon me.

Fearfulness and trembling are come upon me, and horror 5 b Heb. cover- hath b overwhelmed me.

> And I said, O that I had wings like a dove! for then would I 6 fly away, and be at rest.

> Lo, then would I wander far off, and remain in the wilderness. 7 Selah.

> I would hasten my escape from the windy storm and tem- 8

Destroy, O Lord, and divide their tongues: for I have seen 9 violence and strife in the city.

Day and night they go about it upon the walls thereof: mis-10 chief also and sorrow are in the midst of it.

Wickedness is in the midst thereof: deceit and guile depart 11 not from her streets.

For it was not an enemy that reproached me; then I could 12 have borne it: neither was it he that hated me that did magnify himself against me; then I would have hid myself from him:

But it was thou, ca man mine equal, my guide, and mine 13 acquaintance.

dWe took sweet counsel together, and walked unto the house of 14 God in company.

Let death seize upon them, and let them go down quick into 15 e hell: for wickedness is in their dwellings, and among them.

As for me, I will call upon God; and the Lord shall save me. 16 Evening, and morning, and at noon, will I pray, and cry 17 aloud: and he shall hear my voice.

He hath delivered my soul in peace from the battle that was 18 against me: for there were many with me.

God shall hear, and afflict them, even he that abideth of old. 19 Selah. f Because they have no changes, therefore they fear not God.

He hath put forth his hands against such as be at peace with 20 God. g Heb. hehath him: g he hath broken his covenant.

The words of his mouth were smoother than butter, but war 21 was in his heart: his words were softer than oil, yet were they drawn swords.

h Cast thy i burden upon the Lord, and he shall sustain thee: 22 he shall never suffer the righteous to be moved.

But thou, O God, shalt bring them down into the pit of 23 destruction: k bloody and deceitful men shall not live out half their days; but I will trust in thee.

ed me.

c Heb. a man according to my rank. d Heb. Who sweetened counsel.

r, the grave.

f Or, With whom also there be no changes, get they fear not God. profaned. h Ps. xxxvii. Matt. vi. 25.

Luke xii. 22, 1 Pet. v. 7. i Or, gift. k Heb. men of bloods and deceit. l Heb. shall not half their

625

PSALM IV.

1 David prayeth for audience. 2 He reproveth and exhorteth his enemies. 6 Man's happiness is in God's favour.

¶ To the m chief Musician on Neginoth, A Psalm of David.

- Hear me when I call, O God of my righteousness: thou hast A.C. 1023. enlarged me when I was in distress; n have mercy upon me, and mor, overhear my prayer.

 19.
- O ye sons of men, how long will ye turn my glory into nor, be gracishame? how long will ye love vanity, and seek after leasing? ous unto me.
- 3 But know that the LORD hath set apart him that is godly for himself: the LORD will hear when I call unto him.
- 4 Stand in awe, and sin not: commune with your own heart upon your bed, and be still. Selah.
- 5 Offer o the sacrifices of righteousness, and put your trust in ^{o Ps. 1. 14. &} the LORD.
- 6 There be many that say, Who will shew us any good? LORD, lift thou up the light of thy countenance upon us.
- 7 Thou hast put gladness in my heart, more than in the time that their corn and their wine increased.
- 8 P I will both lay me down in peace, and sleep: for thou, P Ps. iii. 5. LORD, only makest me dwell in safety.

PSALM V.

David prayeth, and professeth his study in prayer.
 God favoureth not the wicked.
 David, professing his faith, prayeth unto God to guide him, 10 to destroy his enemies,
 and to preserve the godly.

To the chief Musician upon Nehiloth, A Psalm of David.

- 1 Give ear to my words, O Lord, consider my meditation.
- 2 Hearken unto the voice of my cry, my King, and my God: for unto thee will I pray.
- 3 q My voice shalt thou hear in the morning, O LORD; in q Ps exxx.6. the morning will I direct my prayer unto thee, and will look up.
- 4 For thou art not a God that hath pleasure in wickedness: neither shall evil dwell with thee.
- The foolish shall not stand in thy sight: thou hatest all r Heb. before workers of iniquity.
- Thou shalt destroy them that speak leasing: the Lord will man of blood and deceit.

 abhor s the bloody and deceitful man.
- 7 But as for me, I will come into thy house in the multitude of holiness.

 thy mercy: and in thy fear will I worship toward thy holy which observe temple.

 Tor, sted fast.

 Tor, sted fast.
- 8 Lead me, O LORD, in thy righteousness, because of u mine y Heb. in Ats enemies; make thy way straight before my face.

 18, in the
- For there is no * faithfulness y in their mouth; their inward of them.

 part is z very wickedness; a their throat is an open sepulchre; they flatter with their tongue.

 Rom.iii.18.

VOL. I.

A.C. 1023. b Or, Make them guilty. c Or, from their counsels.

^b Destroy thou them, O God; let them fall ^c by their own 10 counsels; cast them out in the multitude of their transgressions; for they have rebelled against thee.

d Heb. thou

But let all those that put their trust in thee rejoice: let them 11 ever shout for joy, because d thou defendest them: let them also coverest over, or, protectest that love thy name be joyful in thee.

For thou, LORD, wilt bless the righteous; with favour wilt 12 e Heb. crown thou e compass him as with a shield.

PSALM LXII.

1 David, professing his confidence in God, discourageth his enemies. 5 In the same confidence he encourageth the godly. 9 No trust is to be put in worldly things. 11 Power and mercy belong to God.

To the chief Musician, to Jeduthun, A Psalm of David.

f Or, Only. g Heb. is silent. h Heb. high

place.

Truly my soul g waiteth upon God: from him cometh my 1 salvation.

He only is my rock and my salvation; he is my h defence; 2 I shall not be greatly moved.

How long will ye imagine mischief against a man? ye shall 3 be slain all of you: as a bowing wall shall ye be, and as a tottering fence.

They only consult to cast him down from his excellency: 4 they delight in lies: they bless with their mouth, but they curse i inwardly. Selah.

i Heb. in their inmard parts.

Matt. xvi. 27. Rom. ii. 6.

2 Cor. v. 10.

Eph. vi. 8. Col. iii. 25.

1 Pet. i. 17.

Rev. xxii. 12.

My soul, wait thou only upon God; for my expectation is 5

He only is my rock and my salvation: he is my defence; I 6 shall not be moved.

In God is my salvation and my glory: the rock of my 7 strength, and my refuge, is in God.

Trust in him at all times; ye people, pour out your heart 8

before him: God is a refuge for us. Selah.

Surely men of low degree are vanity, and men of high degree 9 are a lie: to be laid in the balance, they are k altogether lighter k Or, alike. than vanity.

Trust not in oppression, and become not vain in robbery: if 10 riches increase, set not your heart upon them.

God hath spoken once; twice have I heard this; that 1 power 11 1 Or, strength. belongeth unto God.

Also unto thee, O Lord, belongeth mercy: for m thou ren- 12 m Job.xxxiv. 11. Prov. derest to every man according to his work. xxiv. 12. Jer. xxxii.19. Ezek. vii. 27.

PSALM CXLIII.

1 David prayeth for favour in judgment. 3 He complaineth of his griefs. 5 He strengtheneth his faith by meditation and prayer. 7 He prayeth for grace, 9 for deliverance, 10 for sanctification, 12 for destruction of his enemies.

¶ A Psalm of David.

Hear my prayer, O LORD, give ear to my supplications: in 1 thy faithfulness answer me, and in thy righteousness.

And enter not into judgment with thy servant: for n in thy A.C. 1023. sight shall no man living be justified.

For the enemy hath persecuted my soul; he hath smitten my 7. Rom. iii. 20. Gal. ii. 16. life down to the ground; he hath made me to dwell in darkness, as those that have been long dead.

Therefore is my spirit overwhelmed within me; my heart

within me is desolate.

I remember the days of old; I meditate on all thy works; I muse on the work of thy hands.

I stretch forth my hands unto thee: my soul thirsteth after

thee, as a thirsty land. Selah.

Hear me speedily, O LORD: my spirit faileth: hide not thy face from me, o lest I be like unto them that go down into our for I the pit.

Cause me to hear thy lovingkindness in the morning; for in thee do I trust: cause me to know the way wherein I should walk; for I lift up my soul unto thee.

Deliver me, O LORD, from mine enemies: I p flee unto thee p Heb. hide me with thee.

to hide me.

Teach me to do thy will; for thou art my God: thy spirit is good; lead me into the land of uprightness.

Quicken me, O LORD, for thy name's sake: for thy righteousness' sake bring my soul out of trouble.

And of thy mercy cut off mine enemies, and destroy all them that afflict my soul: for I am thy servant.

PSALM CXLIV.

1 David blesseth God for his mercy both to him and to man. 5 He prayeth that God would powerfully deliver him from his enemies. 9 He promiseth to praise God. 11 He prayeth for the happy state of the kingdom.

A Psalm of David.

Blessed be the Lord q my strength, r which teacheth my q Heb. my rock. hands s to war, and my fingers to fight: r 2 Sam. xxii.

t u My goodness, and my fortress; my high tower, and my 8 Heb. to the deliverer; my shield, and he in whom I trust; who subdueth my war, &c. t 2 Sam. xxii. people under me. u Or, My

* LORD, what is man, that thou takest knowledge of him! or mercy. *the son of man, that thou makest account of him!

x Job vii. 17. Ps. viii. 4. y Man is like to vanity: his days are as a shadow that passeth Heb. ii. 6. y Job iv. 19.

Ps. xxxix.5. Bow thy heavens, O Lord, and come down: touch the mountains, and they shall smoke.

^z Cast forth lightning, and scatter them: shoot out thine ^z Ps. xviii. 13, 14. arrows, and destroy them.

Send thine * hand from above; rid me, and deliver me out * Heb. hands. of great waters, from the hand of strange children;

Whose mouth speaketh vanity, and their right hand is a right

hand of falsehood.

I will sing a new song unto thee, O God: upon a psaltery 9 and an instrument of ten strings will I sing praises unto thee.

b Or, victory.

It is he that giveth b salvation unto kings: who delivereth 10 David his servant from the hurtful sword.

Rid me, and deliver me from the hand of strange children, 11 whose mouth speaketh vanity, and their right hand is a right hand of falsehood:

c Heb. cut.

That our sons may be as plants grown up in their youth; 12 that our daughters may be as corner stones, c polished after the similitude of a palace:

d Heb. from kind to kind.

That our garners may be full, affording d all manner of store: 13 that our sheep may bring forth thousands and ten thousands in our streets:

e Heb. able to bear burdens, or, loaden with flesh.

That our oxen may be estrong to labour; that there be no 14 breaking in, nor going out; that there be no complaining in our streets.

f Ps. xxxiii. 12. & lxv. 4.

f Happy is that people, that is in such a case: yea, happy is 15 that people, whose God is the LORD.

PSALM LXX.

David soliciteth God to the speedy destruction of the wicked, and preservation of the

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David, to bring to remembrance.

g Ps. xl. 13, help. i Ps. xxxv.4. 26. & lxxi.

Make haste, g O God, to deliver me; make haste h to help me, 1 h Heb. to my O LORD.

i Let them be ashamed and confounded that seek after my 2 soul: let them be turned backward, and put to confusion, that desire my hurt.

Let them be turned back for a reward of their shame that say, 3

Let all those that seek thee rejoice and be glad in thee: and 4 let such as love thy salvation say continually, Let God be magnified.

But I am poor and needy: make haste unto me, O God: 5 thou art my help and my deliverer; O LORD, make no tarrying.

PSALM LXXI.

- 1 David, in confidence of faith, and experience of God's favour, prayeth both for himself, and against the enemies of his soul. 14 He promiseth constancy. 17 He prayeth for perseverance. 19 He praiseth God, and promiseth to do it cheerfully.
- In k thee, O Lord, do I put my trust: let me never be put 1 k Ps. xxxi. 1. to confusion.

Deliver me in thy righteousness, and cause me to escape: 2 incline thine ear unto me, and save me.

¹ Be thou my strong habitation, whereunto I may continually 3 l Heb. Be a rock of ha. resort: thou hast given commandment to save me; for thou art bitation. my rock and my fortress.

- Deliver me, O my God, out of the hand of the wicked, out A.C. 1023. of the hand of the unrighteous and cruel man.
- 5 For thou art my hope, O LORD God: thou art my trust from my youth.
- 6 By thee have I been holden up from the womb: thou art he that took me out of my mother's bowels: my praise shall be continually of thee.
- 7 I am as a wonder unto many; but thou art my strong refuge.
- 8 Let my mouth be filled with thy praise and with thy honour all the day.
- 9 Cast me not off in the time of old age; forsake me not when my strength faileth.
- For mine enemies speak against me; and they that m lay m Heb. watch, or, wait for my soul take counsel together,
- 11 Saying, God hath forsaken him: persecute and take him; for there is none to deliver him.
- 12 O God, be not far from me: O my God, make haste for my help.
- 13 Let them be confounded and consumed that are adversaries to my soul; let them be covered with reproach and dishonour that seek my hurt.
- 14 But I will hope continually, and will yet praise thee more and more.
- 15 My mouth shall shew forth thy righteousness and thy salvation all the day; for I know not the numbers thereof.
- 16 I will go in the strength of the Lord God: I will make mention of thy righteousness, even of thine only.
- 17 O God, thou hast taught me from my youth: and hitherto have I declared thy wondrous works.
- Now also n when I am old and greyheaded, O God, forsake n Heb. unto the generation, and thy power to every one that is to come.

 Now also n when I am old and greyheaded, O God, forsake n Heb. unto old age and grey hairs.

 O Heb. thine arm.

Thy righteousness also, O God, is very high, who hast done great things: O God, who is like unto thee!

- Thou, which hast shewed me great and sore troubles, shalt quicken me again, and shalt bring me up again from the depths of the earth.
- 21 Thou shalt increase my greatness, and comfort me on every side.
- I will also praise thee p with the psaltery, even thy truth, O p Heb. with my God: unto thee will I sing with the harp, O thou Holy the instrument of peak.

 One of Israel.
- 23 My lips shall greatly rejoice when I sing unto thee; and my soul, which thou hast redeemed.
- 24 My tongue also shall talk of thy righteousness all the day long: for they are confounded, for they are brought unto shame, that seek my hurt.

2 SAMUEL XVIII.

1 David viewing the armies in their march giveth them charge of Absalom. 6 The Israelites are sore smitten in the wood of Ephraim. 9 Absalom hanging in an oak is slain by Joab, and cast into a pit. 18 Absalom's place. 19 Ahimaaz and Cushi bring tidings to David. 33 David mourneth for Absalom.

A. C. 1023.

And David numbered the people that were with him, and 1 set captains of thousands and captains of hundreds over them. And David sent forth a third part of the people under the 2 hand of Joah, and a third part under the hand of Abishai the son of Zeruiah, Joab's brother, and a third part under the hand of Ittai the Gittite. And the king said unto the people, I will surely go forth with you myself also. But the people answered, 3 Thou shalt not go forth: for if we flee away, they will not q care for us; neither if half of us die, will they care for us: but now thou art worth ten thousand of us: therefore now it is better that thou s succour us out of the city. And the king 4 said unto them, What seemeth you best I will do. king stood by the gate side, and all the people came out by hundreds and by thousands. And the king commanded Joab 5 and Abishai and Ittai, saying, Deal gently for my sake with the young man, even with Absalom. And all the people heard when the king gave all the captains charge concerning Absalom.

q Heb. set their heart on us. r Heb. as ten thousand of us. s Heb. be to succour.

So the people went out into the field against Israel: and the 6 battle was in the wood of Ephraim; where the people of Israel 7 were slain before the servants of David, and there was there a great slaughter that day of twenty thousand men. For the 8 battle was there scattered over the face of all the country: and the wood ¹ devoured more people that day than the sword devoured.

t Heb. multiplied to devour.

And Absalom met the servants of David. And Absalom 9 rode upon a mule, and the mule went under the thick boughs of a great oak, and his head caught hold of the oak, and he was taken up between the heaven and the earth; and the mule that was under him went away. And a certain man saw it, and 10 told Joab, and said, Behold, I saw Absalom hanged in an oak. And Joab said unto the man that told him, And, behold, thou 11 sawest him, and why didst thou not smite him there to the ground? and I would have given thee ten shekels of silver, and And the man said unto Joab, Though I should 12 a girdle. " receive a thousand shekels of silver in mine hand, yet would I not put forth mine hand against the king's son: for in our hearing the king charged thee and Abishai and Ittai, saying, * Beware that none touch the young man Absalom. Otherwise 13 I should have wrought falsehood against mine own life: for there is no matter hid from the king, and thou thyself wouldest have set thyself against me. Then said Joab, I may not tarry 14

u Heb. weigh upon mine hand.

x Heb. Beware, whosoever ye be, of, &c.

thus y with thee. And he took three darts in his hand, and A.C. 1023. thrust them through the heart of Absalom, while he was yet y Heb. before 15 alive in the z midst of the oak. And ten young men that bare z Heb. heart. Joab's armour compassed about and smote Absalom, and slew 16 him. And Joab blew the trumpet, and the people returned from pursuing after Israel: for Joab held back the people. 17 And they took Absalom, and cast him into a great pit in the wood, and laid a very great heap of stones upon him: and all Israel fled every one to his tent. Now Absalom in his lifetime had taken and reared up for himself a pillar, which is in a the king's dale: for he said, I a Gen. xiv. have no son to keep my name in remembrance: and he called the pillar after his own name: and it is called unto this day, Absalom's place. 19 Then said Ahimaaz the son of Zadok, Let me now run, and bear the king tidings, how that the Lord hath bavenged him b Heb. judged 20 of his enemies. And Joab said unto him, Thou shalt not bear him from the c tidings this day, but thou shalt bear tidings another day: but c Heb. be a this day thou shalt bear no tidings, because the king's son is tidings. 21 dead. Then said Joab to Cushi, Go tell the king what thou hast seen. And Cushi bowed himself unto Joab, and ran. 22 Then said Ahimaaz the son of Zadok yet again to Joab, But d howsoever, let me, I pray thee, also run after Cushi. And d Heb. be Joab said, Wherefore wilt thou run, my son, seeing that thou 23 hast no tidings e ready? But howsoever, said he, let me run. e Or, conve-And he said unto him, Run. Then Ahimaaz ran by the way 24 of the plain, and overran Cushi. And David sat between the two gates: and the watchman went up to the roof over the gate unto the wall, and lifted up his eyes, and looked, and behold 25 a man running alone. And the watchman cried, and told the king. And the king said, If he be alone, there is tidings And he came apace, and drew near. And 26 in his mouth. the watchman saw another man running: and the watchman called unto the porter, and said, Behold another man running alone. And the king said, He also bringeth tidings. 27 And the watchman said, f Me thinketh the running of the fHeb. I see foremost is like the running of Ahimaaz the son of Zadok. the running. And the king said, He is a good man, and cometh with good 28 tidings. And Ahimaaz called, and said unto the king, g h All g Or, Peace is well. And he fell down to the earth upon his face before h Heb. Peace. the king, and said, Blessed be the LORD thy God, which hath delivered up the men that lifted up their hand against my i Heb. shut 29 lord the king. And the king said, k Is the young man Absalom k Heb. Is safe? And Ahimaaz answered, When Joab sent the king's there peace? servant, and me thy servant, I saw a great tumult, but I knew 30 not what it was. And the king said unto him, Turn aside, and

31 stand here. And he turned aside and stood still. And, behold, ^{1 Heb.}
Cushi came: and Cushi said, ¹ Tidings, my lord the king: for brought.

A.C. 1023. the LORD hath avenged thee this day of all them that rose up against thee. And the king said unto Cushi, Is the young 32 man Absalom safe? And Cushi answered, The enemies of my lord the king, and all that rise against thee to do thee hurt, be as that young man is.

And the king was much moved, and went up to the cham-33 ber over the gate, and wept: and as he went, thus he said, O my son Absalom, my son, my son Absalom! would God I had died for thee, O Absalom, my son, my son!

2 SAMUEL XIX.

1 Joab causeth the king to cease his mourning. 9 The Israelites are earnest to bring the king back. 11 David sendeth to the priests to incite them of Judah. 18 Shimei is pardoned. 24 Mephibosheth excused. 32 Barzillai dismissed, Chimham his son is taken into the king's family. 41 The Israelites expostulate with Judah for bringing home the king without them.

in Heb. sal vation, or, deliverance.

And it was told Joab, Behold, the king weepeth and 1 mourneth for Absalom. And the m victory that day was turned 2 into mourning unto all the people: for the people heard say that day how the king was grieved for his son. And the peo- 3 ple gat them by stealth that day into the city, as people being ashamed steal away when they flee in battle. But the king 4 covered his face, and the king cried with a loud voice, O my son Absalom, O Absalom, my son, my son! And Joab came 5 into the house to the king, and said, Thou hast shamed this day the faces of all thy servants, which this day have saved thy life, and the lives of thy sons and of thy daughters, and the lives of thy wives, and the lives of thy concubines; n in that thou lovest thine enemies, and hatest thy 6 friends. For thou hast declared this day, o that thou regardest vants are not neither princes nor servants: for this day I perceive, that if Absalom had lived, and all we had died this day, then it had pleased thee well. Now therefore arise, go forth, and speak 7 p comfortably unto thy servants: for I swear by the LORD, if thou go not forth, there will not tarry one with thee this night: and that will be worse unto thee than all the evil that befell thee from thy youth until now. Then the king arose, and sat 8 in the gate. And they told unto all the people, saying, Behold, the king doth sit in the gate. And all the people came before the king: for Israel had fled every man to his tent.

loving, &c. o Heb. that princes or serto thee.

n Heb. By

p Heb. to the heart of thy servants.

And all the people were at strife throughout all the tribes 9 of Israel, saying, The king has saved us out of the hand of our enemies, and he delivered us out of the hand of the Philistines; and now he is fled out of the land for Absalom. Absalom, whom we anointed over us, is dead in battle. q Heb. are ye therefore why q speak ye not a word of bringing the king back?

silent?

And king David sent to Zadok and to Abiathar the priests, 11 saying, Speak unto the elders of Judah, saying, Why are ye the

last to bring the king back to his house? seeing the speech of A.C. 1023. 12 all Israel is come to the king, even to his house. Ye are my brethren, ye are my bones and my flesh: wherefore then are 13 ve the last to bring back the king? And say ye to Amasa, Art thou not of my bone, and of my flesh? God do so to me, and more also, if thou be not captain of the host before me con-14 tinually in the room of Joab. And he bowed the heart of all the men of Judah, even as the heart of one man: so that they sent this word unto the king, Return thou, and all thy servants. 15 So the king returned, and came to Jordan. And Judah came to Gilgal, to go to meet the king, to conduct the king over Jordan. And T Shimei the son of Gera, a Benjamite, which was of r 1 Kin. ii. 8. Bahurim, hasted and came down with the men of Judah to meet And there were a thousand men of Benjamin with 17 king David. him, and Siba the servant of the house of Saul, and his fifteen sch. xvi. 1. sons and his twenty servants with him; and they went over 18 Jordan before the king. And there went over a ferry boat to carry over the king's houshold, and to do t what he thought t Heb. the good. And Shimei the son of Gera fell down before the king, good in his 19 as he was come over Jordan; and said unto the king, Let not my lord impute iniquity unto me, neither do thou remember u that which thy servant did perversely the day that my lord u ch. xvi. 5. the king went out of Jerusalem, that the king should take it to For thy servant doth know that I have sinned: therefore, behold, I am come the first this day of all the house 21 of Joseph to go down to meet my lord the king. But Abishai the son of Zeruiah answered and said, Shall not Shimei be put 22 to death for this, because he cursed the Lord's anointed? And David said, What have I to do with you, ye sons of Zeruiah, that ye should this day be adversaries unto me? shall there any man be put to death this day in Israel? for do not I know 23 that I am this day king over Israel? Therefore the king said unto Shimei, Thou shalt not die. And the king sware unto him. And Mephibosheth the son of Saul came down to meet the king, and had neither dressed his feet, nor trimmed his beard, nor washed his clothes, from the day the king departed until 25 the day he came again in peace. And it came to pass, when he was come to Jerusalem to meet the king, that the king said unto him, Wherefore wentest not thou with me, Mephibosheth? 26 And he answered, My lord, O king, my servant deceived me: for thy servant said, I will saddle me an ass, that I may ride thereon, and go to the king; because thy servant is lame. 27 And x he hath slandered thy servant unto my lord the king; x ch. xvi. s.

but my lord the king is as an angel of God: do therefore what y Heb. men
28 is good in thine eyes. For all of my father's house were but of death,
y dead men before my lord the king: yet didst thou set thy 16.

A.C. 1023. servant among them that did eat at thine own table. What right therefore have I yet to cry any more unto the king? And the king said unto him, Why speakest thou any more of 29 thy matters? I have said, Thou and Ziba divide the land. And 30 Mephibosheth said unto the king, Yea, let him take all, forasmuch as my lord the king is come again in peace unto his own

And Barzillai the Gileadite came down from Rogelim, and 31

went over Jordan with the king, to conduct him over Jordan. Now Barzillai was a very aged man, even fourscore years old: 32 and zhe had provided the king of sustenance while he lay at Mahanaim; for he was a very great man. And the king said 33 unto Barzillai, Come thou over with me, and I will feed thee with me in Jerusalem. And Barzillai said unto the king 4 How 34 many days
are the years
of my life? long have I to live, that I should go up with the king unto Jerusalem? I am this day fourscore years old: and can I dis-35 cern between good and evil? can thy servant taste what I eat or what I drink? can I hear any more the voice of singing men and singing women? wherefore then should thy servant be yet a burden unto my lord the king? Thy servant will go a little 36 way over Jordan with the king: and why should the king recompense it me with such a reward? Let thy servant, I pray 37 thee, turn back again, that I may die in mine own city, and be buried by the grave of my father and of my mother. But behold thy servant Chimham; let him go over with my lord the king; and do to him what shall seem good unto thee. And 38 the king answered, Chimham shall go over with me, and I will do to him that which shall seem good unto thee: and whatsob Heb. choose. ever thou shalt b require of me, that will I do for thee. all the people went over Jordan. And when the king was come over, the king kissed Barzillai, and blessed him; and he returned unto his own place. Then the king went on to 40 Gilgal, and c Chimham went on with him: and all the people of Judah conducted the king, and also half the people of

c Heb. Chimhan.

d Heb. a t us at light.

And, behold, all the men of Israel came to the king, and 41 said unto the king, Why have our brethren the men of Judah stolen thee away, and have brought the king, and his houshold, and all David's men with him, over Jordan? And all the men 42 of Judah answered the men of Israel, Because the king is near of kin to us: wherefore then be ye angry for this matter? have we eaten at all of the king's cost? or hath he given us any gift? And the men of Israel answered the men of Judah, and said, 43 We have ten parts in the king, and we have also more right in David than ye: why then did ye despise us, that our advice should not be first had in bringing back our king? And the words of the men of Judah were fiercer than the words of the men of Israel.

2 SAMUEL XX. VER. 3.

And David came to his house at Jerusalem; and the king A.C. 1023. took the ten women his concubines, whom he had left to keep ech. xvi. 22. the house, and put them in f ward, and fed them, but went not house of in unto them. So they were g shut up unto the day of their ward.

death, h living in widowhood.

h Heb in death, h living in widowhood.

widowhood of life.

§ 10. Revolt of Sheba, and the Famine.

2 SAMUEL XX. VER. 1, 2.

And there happened to be there a man of Belial, whose name was Sheba, the son of Bichri, a Benjamite: and he blew a trumpet, and said, We have no part in David, neither have we inheritance in the son of Jesse: every man to his tents, O Israel. 2 So every man of Israel went up from after David, and followed Sheba the son of Bichri: but the men of Judah clave unto their king, from Jordan even to Jerusalem.

2 SAMUEL XX. VER. 4, TO THE END.

Then said the king to Amasa, a Assemble me the men of 1022. 5 Judah within three days, and be thou here present. So Amasa went to assemble the men of Judah: but he tarried longer than 6 the set time which he had appointed him. And David said to Abishai, Now shall Sheba the son of Bichri do us more harm than did Absalom: take thou thy lord's servants, and pursue 7 after him, lest he get him fenced cities, and bescape us. And b Heb. deliver there went out after him Joab's men, and the Cherethites, and our eyes.

the Polethites and all the mighty men; and they went out of cch. viii. 18. the Pelethites, and all the mighty men: and they went out of 8 Jerusalem, to pursue after Sheba the son of Bichri. When they were at the great stone which is in Gibeon, Amasa went before them. And Joab's garment that he had put on was girded unto him, and upon it a girdle with a sword fastened upon his loins in the sheath thereof; and as he went forth it fell 9 out. And Joab said to Amasa, Art thou in health, my brother? And Joab took Amasa by the beard with the right hand to kiss But Amasa took no heed to the sword that was in Joab's hand: so he smote him therewith in the fifth rib, and shed out his bowels to the ground, and d struck him not again; and he d Heb. dou-So Joab and Abishai his brother pursued after Sheba stroke. 11 the son of Bichri. And one of Joab's men stood by him, and said, He that favoureth Joab, and he that is for David, let him 12 go after Joab. And Amasa wallowed in blood in the midst of the highway. And when the man saw that all the people stood still, he removed Amasa out of the highway into the field, and cast a cloth upon him, when he saw that every one that came by 13 him stood still. When he was removed out of the highway, all the people went on after Joab, to pursue after Sheba the son of Bichri.

A.C. 1022.

And he went through all the tribes of Israel unto Abel, and 14 to Beth-maachah, and all the Berites: and they were gathered together, and went also after him. And they came and be-15 seiged him in Abel of Beth-maachah, and they cast up a bank e Or, the stood against the city, and e it stood in the trench: and all the people against the outmost wall, that were with Joab f battered the wall, to throw it down.

against the f Heb. marred to throw down.

Then cried a wise woman out of the city, Hear, hear; say, 16 I pray you, unto Joab, Come near hither, that I may speak with thee. And when he was come near unto her, the woman 17 said, Art thou Joab? And he answered, I am he. Then she said unto him, Hear the words of thine handmaid. answered, I do hear. Then she spake, saying, g They were 18 wont to speak in old time, saying, They shall surely ask counsel at Abel: and so they ended the matter. I am one of them 19 that are peaceable and faithful in Israel: thou seekest to destroy make an end: a city and a mother in Israel: why wilt thou swallow up the inheritance of the LORD? And Joab answered and said, Far 20 be it, far be it from me, that I should swallow up or destroy. The matter is not so: but a man of mount Ephraim, Sheba 21 the son of Bichri h by name, hath lifted up his hand against the king, even against David: deliver him only, and I will depart from the city. And the woman said unto Joab, Behold,

will ask of Abel, and so See Deut. xx.

h Heb. by his

name.

g Or, They plainly spake

Surely they

in the beginning, saying,

i Heb. were scallered.

woman went unto all the people in her wisdom. cut off the head of Sheba the son of Bichri, and cast it out to Joab. And he blew a trumpet, and they i retired from the city, every man to his tent. And Joab returned to Jerusalem unto the king. Now b Joab was over all the host of Israel: and Benaiah 23

his head shall be thrown to thee over the wall.

k ch. viii. 16. 18.

the son of Jehoiada was over the Cherethites and over the Pelethites: and Adoram was over the tribute: and Jehoshaphat 24 the son of Ahilud was recorder: and Sheva was scribe: and 25 1 Or, remem-Zadok and Abiathar were the priests: and Ira also the Jairite 26 was ma chief ruler about David.

brancer. m Or, a prince.

2 SAMUEL XXI. VER. 1-14.

1 The three years' famine for the Gibeonites ceaseth, by hanging seven of Saul's sons. 10 Rizpah's kindness unto the dead. 12 David burieth the bones of Saul and Jonathan in his father's sepulchre.

1021. n Heb. sought the face, &c.

o Josh. ix. 3. 16, 17.

Then there was a famine in the days of David three years, year 1 after year; and David enquired of the LORD. And the LORD answered, It is for Saul, and for his bloody house, because he slew the Gibeonites. And the king called the Gibeonites, and 2 said unto them; (now the Gibeonites were not of the children of Israel, but o of the remnant of the Amorites; and the children of Israel had sworn unto them: and Saul sought to slay them in his zeal to the children of Israel and Judah. fore David said unto the Gibeonites, What shall I do for you?

LAST WAR WITH THE PHILISTINES.

and wherewith shall I make the atonement, that ye may bless A.C. 1021. 4 the inheritance of the LORD? And the Gibeonites said unto him, P We will have no silver nor gold of Saul, nor of his house; P Or, It is neither for us shalt thou kill any man in Israel. And he said, gold that we 5 What ye shall say, that will I do for you. And they answered with Saul or the king, The man that consumed us, and that a devised against his house, neither perus that we should be destroyed from remaining in any of the tains it to us to kill, &c. 6 coasts of Israel, let seven men of his sons be delivered unto a Or, cut us us, and we will hang them up unto the Lord in Gibeah of of. Saul, r whom the LORD did choose. And the king said, I will r Or, chosen 7 give them. But the king spared Mephibosheth, the son of Jonathan the son of Saul, because of the Lord's oath that was \$1 Sam. xviii. between them, between David and Jonathan the son of Saul. 3. & xx. 8. 42. 8 But the king took the two sons of Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, whom she bare unto Saul, Armoni and Mephibosheth; and the five sons of t Michal the daughter of Saul, whom she tor, Michal's u brought up for Adriel the son of Barzillai the Meholathite: u Heb. bare 9 and he delivered them into the hands of the Gibeonites, and to Adriet. they hanged them in the hill before the LORD: and they fell all seven together, and were put to death in the days of harvest, in the first days, in the beginning of barley harvest. And * Rizpah the daughter of Aiah took sackcloth, and * ch. iii. 7. spread it for her upon the rock, from the beginning of harvest until water dropped upon them out of heaven, and suffered neither the birds of the air to rest on them by day, nor the 11 beasts of the field by night. And it was told David what Rizpah the daughter of Aiah, the concubine of Saul, had done. 12 And David went and took the bones of Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son from the men of Jabesh-gilead, which had stolen them from the street of Beth-shan, where the y Philis- y 1 Sam. tines had hanged them, when the Philistines had slain Saul in 13 Gilboa: and he brought up from thence the bones of Saul and the bones of Jonathan his son; and they gathered the 14 bones of them that were hanged. And the bones of Saul and Jonathan his son buried they in the country of Benjamin in Zelah, in the sepulchre of Kish his father: and they performed all that the king commanded. And after that God was intreated for the land.

§ 11. Last War with the Philistines 64.

2 SAMUEL XXI. VER. 15, TO THE END.

15 Moreover the Philistines had yet war again with Israel; and David went down, and his servants with him, and fought

⁶⁴ At this time, when the Israelites had been weakened by two rebellions and three years of famine, the Philistines, thinking it a favourable opportunity of shaking off the yoke, renew the war; but are defeated in four engagements, and are finally subdued. After these deliverances it is probable that David, who had composed the 18th Psalm at an early period of his life, when, according to the title, he had been delivered from the hand of Saul, now again applies it, on being rescued from the last assault of his enemies. This appears to account for the differences between this psalm

a Or, Řapha. b Heb. the staff, or, the head.

against the Philistines: and David waxed faint. And Ishbi-16 benob, which was of the sons of the giant, the weight of whose b spear weighed three hundred shekels of brass in weight, he being girded with a new sword, thought to have slain David. But Abishai the son of Zeruiah succoured him, and smote the 17 Philistine, and killed him. Then the men of David sware unto him, saying, Thou shalt go no more out with us to battle, that thou quench not the clight of Israel. d And it came to 18 pass after this, that there was again a battle with the Philistines at Gob; then Sibbechai the Hushathite slew Saph, which was of the sons of the giant. And there was again a battle in 19 Gob with the Philistines, where Elhanan the son of g Jaareoregim, a Beth-lehemite, slew h the brother of Goliath the Gittite, the staff of whose spear was like a weaver's beam. And 20 there was yet a battle in Gath, where was a man of great stature, that had on every hand six fingers, and on every foot six i Or, Rapha. toes, four and twenty in number; and he also was born to i the giant. And when he k defied Israel, Jonathan the son of 1 Shi-21 proached.
11 Sam. xvi. meah the brother of David slew him. These four were born 22 to the giant in Gath, and fell by the hand of David, and by

dle, or, lamp. d 1 Chr. xx. e Or, Sippai. f Or, Rapha. g Or, Jair.

h See 1 Chr.

xx. 5.

c Heb. can-

k Or, re-9, Shammah.

the hand of his servants.

2 SAMUEL XXII.

A psalm of thanksgiving for God's powerful deliverance, and manifold blessings.

And David spake unto the LORD the words of this song in 1 the day that the Lord had delivered him out of the hand of all his enemies, and out of the hand of Saul:

m Ps xviii. 2, &c.

And he said, m The LORD is my rock, and my fortress, and 2 my deliverer;

The God of my rock; in him will I trust: he is my shield, 3 and the horn of my salvation, my high tower, and my refuge, my saviour; thou savest me from violence.

I will call on the LORD, who is worthy to be praised: so 4 shall I be saved from mine enemies.

n Or, pangs.

When the n waves of death compassed me, the floods of 5 o Heb. Belial. o ungodly men made me afraid;

p Or, cords.

The p sorrows of hell compassed me about; the snares of 6 death prevented me;

In my distress I called upon the LORD, and cried to my 7 God: and he did hear my voice out of his temple, and my cry did enter into his ears.

Then the earth shook and trembled; the foundations of 8 heaven moved and shook, because he was wroth.

q Heb. by.

There went up a smoke q out of his nostrils, and fire out of 9 his mouth devoured: coals were kindled by it.

- 10 He bowed the heavens also, and came down; and darkness A.C. 1019.

 was under his feet.
- 11 And he rode upon a cherub, and did fly: and he was seen upon the wings of the wind.

12 And he made darkness pavilions round about him, I dark I Heb. bindwaters, and thick clouds of the skies.

- 13 Through the brightness before him were coals of fire kindled.
- 14 The LORD thundered from heaven, and the most High uttered his voice.
- 15 And he sent out arrows, and scattered them; lightning, and discomfited them.
- 16 And the channels of the sea appeared, the foundations of the world were discovered, at the rebuking of the Lord, at the blast of the breath of his * nostrils.

of the breath of his a nostrils.

8 Or, anger.

17 He sent from above, he took me; he drew me out of t many t Or, great.

waters;

18 He delivered me from my strong enemy, and from them that hated me: for they were too strong for me.

19 They prevented me in the day of my calamity: but the Lord was my stay.

20 He brought me forth also into a large place: he delivered me, because he delighted in me.

21 The Lord rewarded me according to my righteousness: according to the cleanness of my hands hath he recompensed me.

22 For I have kept the ways of the LORD, and have not wickedly departed from my God.

For all his judgements were before me: and as for his statutes, I did not depart from them.

I was also upright u before him, and have kept myself from u Heb. to mine iniquity.

Therefore the Lord hath recompensed me according to my righteousness; according to my cleanness in his eye sight.

With the merciful thou wilt shew thyself merciful, and with the upright man thou wilt shew thyself upright.

27 With the pure thou wilt shew thyself pure; and with the forward thou wilt y shew thyself unsavoury.

And the afflicted people thou wilt save: but thine eyes are Ps. xviii. 26. upon the haughty, that thou mayest bring them down.

For thou art my z lamp, O LORD: and the LORD will z or, candle.

For by thee I have a run through a troop: by my God have a Or, broken I leaped over a wall.

As for God, his way is perfect; the word of the LORD is bried: he is a buckler to all them that trust in him.

32 For who is God, save the LORD? and who is a rock, save our God?

A.C. 1019. c Heb. riddeth, or, looseth. d Heb. equalleth. e Heb. for the war.

God is my strength and power: and he c maketh my way 33 perfect.

He d maketh my feet like hinds' feet: and setteth me upon my 34 high places.

He teacheth my hands e to war; so that a bow of steel is broken 35 by mine arms.

Thou hast also given me the shield of thy salvation: and 36 f Heb. multi- thy gentleness hath f made me great.

g Heb. ankles.

Thou hast enlarged my steps under me; so that my g feet did 37 not slip.

I have pursued mine enemies, and destroyed them; and 38 turned not again until I had consumed them.

And I have consumed them, and wounded them, that they 39 could not arise: yea, they are fallen under my feet.

For thou hast girded me with strength to battle: them that 40 h Heb. caused rose up against me hast thou h subdued under me.

> Thou hast also given me the necks of mine enemies, that I 41 might destroy them that hate me.

> They looked, but there was none to save; even unto the 42 LORD, but he answered them not.

> Then did I beat them as small as the dust of the earth, I did 43 stamp them as the mire of the street, and did spread them abroad.

> Thou also hast delivered me from the strivings of my people, 44 thou hast kept me to be head of the heathen: a people which I knew not shall serve me.

i Heb. Sons of the stranger. k Or, yield

I Heb. lie.

feigned obe-

i Strangers shall k l submit themselves unto me: as soon as they 45 hear, they shall be obedient unto me.

Strangers shall fade away, and they shall be afraid out of 46 their close places.

The Lord liveth; and blessed be my rock; and exalted be 47 the God of the rock of my salvation.

m Heb. giveth avengement for me.

It is God that m avengeth me, and that bringeth down the 48 people under me,

And that bringeth me forth from mine enemies: thou also 49 hast lifted me up on high above them that rose up against me: thou hast delivered me from the violent man.

Therefore I will give thanks unto thee, O LORD, among 50 n Rom. xv.9. n the heathen, and I will sing praises unto thy name.

> He is the tower of salvation for his king: and sheweth mercy 51 to his anointed, unto David, and to his seed for evermore.

PSALM XVIII.

David praiseth God for his manifold and marvellous blessings.

To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David, the servant of the LORD, who spake unto the LORD the words of o this song in the day that the LORD delivered him from the hand of all his enemies, and from the hand of Saul: And he said, o 2 Sam. xxii.

> I will love thee, O Lord, my strength. The Lord is my rock, and my fortress, and my deliverer; 2

my God, p my strength, in whom I will trust; my buckler, and A.C. 1019. the horn of my salvation, and my high tower.

I will call upon the LORD, who is worthy to be praised: so rock.

shall I be saved from mine enemies.

q The sorrows of death compassed me, and the floods of r un-q Ps. cxvi. 3. godly men made me afraid.

The sorrows of hell compassed me about: the snares of sor, cords.

death prevented me.

- In my distress I called upon the Lord, and cried unto my God: he heard my voice out of his temple, and my cry came before him, even into his ears.
- Then the earth shook and trembled; the foundations also of the hills moved and were shaken, because he was wroth.
- There went up a smoke tout of his nostrils, and fire out of t Heb. by his. his mouth devoured: coals were kindled by it.
- He bowed the heavens also, and came down: and darkness was under his feet.
- And he rode upon a cherub, and did fly: yea, he did fly upon the wings of the wind.
- He made darkness his secret place; his pavilion round about him were dark waters and thick clouds of the skies.
- At the brightness that was before him his thick clouds passed, hail stones and coals of fire.
- The Lord also thundered in the heavens, and the Highest gave his voice; hail stones and coals of fire.
- Yea, he sent out his arrows, and scattered them; and he shot out lightnings, and discomfited them.
- Then the channels of waters were seen, and the foundations of the world were discovered at thy rebuke, O Lord, at the blast of the breath of thy nostrils.

He sent from above, he took me, he drew me out of u many u or, great waters.

He delivered me from my strong enemy, and from them which hated me: for they were too strong for me.

They prevented me in the day of my calamity: but the

Lord was my stay.

- He brought me forth also into a large place; he delivered me, because he delighted in me.
- The Lord rewarded me according to my righteousness; according to the cleanness of my hands hath he recompensed me.
- For I have kept the ways of the Lord, and have not wickedly departed from my God.
- For all his judgments were before me, and I did not put away his statutes from me.
- I was also upright * before him, and I kept myself from mine x Heb. with. iniquity.
- Therefore hath the Lord recompensed me according to my VOL. I. T t

A.C. 1019. righteousness, according to the cleanness of my hands y in his y Heb. before eye-sight.

With the merciful thou wilt shew thyself merciful; with an 25

upright man thou wilt shew thyself upright.

With the pure thou wilt shew thyself pure; and with the 26 z Or, wrestle. froward thou wilt z shew thyself froward;

For thou wilt save the afflicted people; but wilt bring down 27

high looks.

For thou wilt light my a candle: the Lord my God will 28 a Or, lamp.

enlighten my darkness.

For by thee I have brun through a troop; and by my God 29 b Or, broken. have I leaped over a wall.

c Ps. xii. 6. & cxix. 140. Prov. xxx. 5. d Or, refined. e Deut.xxxii.

8. Is. xlv. 5.

As for God, his way is perfect: c the word of the Lord is 30 d tried: he is a buckler to all those that trust in him.

e For who is God save the LORD? or who is a rock save our 31

39. 1 Sam. ii. God? 2. Ps. lxxxvi.

It is God that girdeth me with strength, and maketh my way 32 perfect.

He maketh my feet like hinds' feet, and setteth me upon my 33 high places.

He teacheth my hands to war, so that a bow of steel is broken 34 by mine arms.

Thou hast also given me the shield of thy salvation: and 35 for, with thy thy right hand hath holden me up, and f thy gentleness hath meekness thou made me great. hast multiplied me.

g Heb. mine ancles.

Thou hast enlarged my steps under me, that g my feet did 36 not slip.

I have pursued mine enemies, and overtaken them: neither 37 did I turn again till they were consumed.

I have wounded them that they were not able to rise: they 38 are fallen under my feet.

For thou hast girded me with strength unto the battle: thou 39

h Heb. caused hast h subdued under me those that rose up against me. to bow.

Thou hast also given me the necks of mine enemies; that I 40 might destroy them that hate me.

They cried, but there was none to save them: even unto the 41

LORD, but he answered them not.

Then did I beat them small as the dust before the wind: I did 42 cast them out as the dirt in the streets.

Thou hast delivered me from the strivings of the people: and 43 thou hast made me the head of the heathen: a people whom I have not known shall serve me.

i Heb. At the hearing of the

As soon as they hear of me, they shall obey me: k the 44 strangers shall 1 m submit themselves unto me.

k Heb. the sons of the

The strangers shall fade away, and be afraid out of their 45 close places.

stranger. 1 Or, yield feigned obedience. m Heb. lie.

The LORD liveth; and blessed be my rock; and let the God 46 of my salvation be exalted.

It is God that "avengeth me, and "subdueth the people unto A.C. 1019. me. n Heb. giveth

He delivereth me from mine enemies: yea, thou liftest me up avengements for me. above those that rise up against me: thou hast delivered me o Or, destroyfrom the p violent man.

49 Therefore will I rgive thanks unto thee, O Lord, among of violence, q Rom. xv. 9. the heathen, and sing praises unto thy name.

Great deliverance giveth he to his king; and sheweth mercy \$2 Sam. xxi. to his anointed, to David, and to his seed for evermore.

1 CHRONICLES XX. VER. 4, TO THE END.

And it came to pass after this, s that there tu arose war at x Gezer with the Phi- y Or, Saph. listines; at which time Sibbechai the Hushathite slew Y Sippai, that was of the 2 Or, Rapha. 5 children of 2 the giant: and they were subdued. And there was war again with Jaare-ore-

the Philistines; and Elhanan the son of a Jair slew Lahmi the brother of Goliath gim, 2 Sam.

6 the Gittite, whose spear staff was like a weaver's beam. And yet again b there was xxi. 19.

war at Gath, where was c a man of great stature, whose fingers and toes were four the xxi. 20. and twenty, six on each hand, and six on each foot: and he also was d the son of the c Heb. a man

7 giant. But when he edefied Israel, Jonathan the son of f Shimea David's brother of measure.
8 slew him. These were born unto the giant in Gath; and they fell by the hand of d Heb. born to the giant, David, and by the hand of his servants.

§ 12. David numbers the People.

2 SAMUEL XXIV. VER. 1-9.

1 Sam. xvi.9. ⁶⁵And again the anger of the Lord was kindled against Israel, and a he moved David against them to say, Go, number Israel a Satan, See 2 and Judah. For the king said to Joab the captain of the host, which was with him, b Go now through all the tribes of Israel, b Or, Compass. from Dan even to Beer-sheba, and number ye the people, 3 that I may know the number of the people. And Joab said unto the king, Now the LORD thy God add unto the people, how many soever they be, an hundredfold, and that the eyes of my lord the king may see it: but why doth my lord the king 4 delight in this thing? Notwithstanding the king's word prevailed against Joab, and against the captains of the host. And Joab and the captains of the host went out from the presence of the king, to number the people of Israel.

And they passed over Jordan, and pitched in Aroer, on the right side of the city that lieth in the midst of the criver of Gad, c Or, valley.

6 and toward Jazer: then they came to Gilead, and to the d land d Or, nether of Tahtim-hodshi; and they came to Dan-jaan, and about to inhabited.

7 Zidon, and came to the strong hold of Tyre, and to all the cities of the Hivites, and of the Canaanites: and they went out to

8 the south of Judah, even to Beer-sheba. So when they had gone through all the land, they came to Jerusalem at the end 9 of nine months and twenty days. 66 And Joab gave up the sum

t Or, continued. u Heb. stood. x Or, Gob. or, Rapha. e Or, reproached. f Cailed Shammah,

p Heb. man

66 In the book of Samuel it is said, Joab numbered 800,000 for Israel, and 500,000 for Judah;

⁶⁵ David's motive for numbering his people was pride of heart. It is curious to observe the different phraseology of Scripture: in this verse it says, "God moved him;" in another part, that Satan provoked him; and it is again decidedly spoken of as his own act, for which he was not only acc untable, but punished.

cerning this

g Heb. ascended.

thing.

A.C. 1017. of the number of the people unto the king: and there were in Israel eight hundred thousand valiant men that drew the sword; and the men of Judah were five hundred thousand men.

1 CHRONICLES XXI. VER. 6 & 7.

But Levi and Benjamin counted he not among them: for 6 e Heb. And the king's word was abominable to Joab. e And God was dis-7 it was evil in the eyes of the pleased with this thing; therefore he smote Israel. LORD con-

1 CHRONICLES XXVII. VER. 23 & 24.

But David took not the number of them from twenty years 23 old and under: because the LORD had said he would increase Israel like to the stars of the heavens. Joab the son of Zeruiah 24 f2 Sam.xxiv. began to number, but he finished not, because f there fell wrath 15. ch. xxi. 7. for it against Israel; neither g was the number put in the account of the chronicles of king David.

2 SAMUEL XXIV. VER. 10-15.

And David's heart smote him after that he had numbered 10 the people. And David said unto the LORD, I have sinned greatly in that I have done: and now, I beseech thee, O Lord, take away the iniquity of thy servant; for I have done very foolishly. For when David was up in the morning, the word 11 of the Lord came unto the prophet Gad, David's seer, saying, Go and say unto David, Thus saith the LORD, I offer thee 12 three things; choose thee one of them, that I may do it unto thee. So Gad came to David, and told him, and said unto 13 him, Shall seven years of famine come unto thee in thy land? or wilt thou flee three months before thine enemies, while they pursue thee? or that there be three days' pestilence in thy land? now advise, and see what answer I shall return to him that sent me. And David said unto Gad, I am in a great 14 strait: let us fall now into the hand of the LORD; for his mercies are h great: and let me not fall into the hand of man.

h Or, many.

So the LORD sent a pestilence upon Israel from the morn-15 ing even to the time appointed: and there died of the people from Dan even to Beer-sheba seventy thousand men.

1 CHRONICLES XXI. VER. 15 & 16.

i 2 Sam. xxiv. And God sent an i angel unto Jerusalem to destroy it: and 15 16. as he was destroying, the LORD beheld, and he repented him

and in the book of Chronicles, that he numbered 1,100,000 for Israel, and 400,000 for Judah. In the former list the amount of the standing army of Israel is omitted; or, as appears from 1 Chron. xxvii. 23, 24, the returns were not completed that were sent in to the king: and the author of the book of Samuel mentions the number according to the list actually given in; and the author of the book of Chronicles, according to the list not laid before the king, or inserted in the public records, but generally known among the people. Vide Bishop Patrick, in loc.; Lightfoot; Hales's Anal. vol. ii. p. 386.

of the evil, and said to the angel that destroyed, It is enough, A.C. 1017. stay now thine hand. And the angel of the LORD stood by 16 the threshingfloor of the Ornan the Jebusite. And David lifted to Or, Arauup his eyes, and saw the angel of the Lord stand between the xxiv. 18. earth and the heaven, having a drawn sword in his hand stretched out over Jerusalem. Then David and the elders of Israel, who were clothed in sackcloth, fell upon their faces.

2 SAMUEL XXIV. VER. 17.

And David spake unto the Lord when he saw the angel that smote the people, and said, Lo, I have sinned, and I have done wickedly: but these sheep, what have they done? let thine hand, I pray thee, be against me, and against my father's house.

1 CHRONICLES XXI. LATTER PART OF VER. 17, TO THE END.

But not on thy people, that they should be plagued.

Then the angel of the Lord commanded Gad to say to David, that David should go up, and set up an altar unto the 19 LORD in the threshingfloor of Ornan the Jebusite. And David went up at the saying of Gad, which he spake in the name of 20 the LORD. And Ornan turned back, and saw the angel; and 1 Or, When his four sons with him hid themselves. Now Ornan was back, and saw 21 threshing wheat. And as David came to Ornan, Ornan the angel, then he and looked and saw David, and went out of the threshingfloor, and his four sons with him hid 22 bowed himself to David with his face to the ground. Then themselves. David said to Ornan, m grant me the place of this threshing- m Heb. Give. floor, that I may build an altar therein unto the LORD: thou shalt grant it me for the full price: that the plague may be 23 stayed from the people. And Ornan said unto David, Take it to thee, and let my lord the king do that which is good in his eyes: lo, I give thee the oxen also for burnt offerings, and the threshing instruments for wood, and the wheat for the 24 meat offering; I give it all. And king David said to Ornan, Nay; but I will verily buy it for the full price: for I will not take that which is thine for the LORD, nor offer burnt offerings So n David gave to Ornan for the place six n 2 Sam. xxiv. 24. 25 without cost.

26 hundred shekels of gold by weight. And David built there an altar unto the LORD, and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings, and called upon the LORD; and he answered him

27 from heaven by fire upon the altar of burnt offering. And the LORD commanded the angel; and he put up his sword again into the sheath thereof.

At that time when David saw that the LORD had answered him in the threshingfloor of Ornan the Jebusite, then he sacri-29 fixed there. For the tabernacle of the Lord, which Moses made in the wilderness, and the altar of the burnt offering, were olkin. iii. 4. 30 at that season in the high place at o Gibeon. But David could 2 Chr. i. 3.

A.C. 1017. not go before it to enquire of God: for he was afraid because of the sword of the angel of the LORD.

PSALM XXX 67.

1 David praiseth God for his deliverance. 4 He exhorteth others to praise him by example of God's dealing with him.

¶ A Psalm and Song at the dedication of the house of David.

I will extol thee, O LORD; for thou hast lifted me up, and 1 hast not made my foes to rejoice over me.

O LORD my God, I cried unto thee, and thou hast healed 2

me.

O Lord, thou hast brought up my soul from the grave: thou 3 hast kept me alive, that I should not go down to the pit.

p Or, to the memorial.

Sing unto the LORD, O ye saints of his, and give thanks p at 4 the remembrance of his holiness.

q Heb. there is but a moment in his anger. r Heb. in the morning.

my mountain.

& Cxv. 17.

evening.

For q his anger endureth but a moment; in his favour is life: 5 weeping may endure for a night, but joy cometh in the

B Heb. singt Heb. settled strength for

And in my prosperity I said, I shall never be moved. LORD, by thy favour thou hast t made my mountain to stand 7

strong: thou didst hide thy face, and I was troubled. I cried to thee, O Lord; and unto the Lord I made sup- 8

plication.

What profit is there in my blood, when I go down to the pit? 9 u Ps. vi. 5. & u Shall the dust praise thee? shall it declare thy truth?

lxxxviii. 11. Hear, O Lord, and have mercy upon me: Lord, be thou lo my helper.

Thou hast turned for me my mourning into dancing: thou 11

hast put off my sackcloth, and girded me with gladness;

To the end that x my glory may sing praise to thee, and not 12 x That is, my tongue, or, my be silent. O Lord my God, I will give thanks unto thee for Gen. xlix. 6. ever. Ps. xvi. 9. & lvii. 8.

1 CHRONICLES XXI, VER. 1-5.

y 2 Sam. xxiv. 1, &c.

And y Satan stood up against Israel, and provoked David to number Israel. And David said to Joab and to the rulers of the people, Go, number Israel from Beer-sheba even to Dan; and bring the number of them to me, that I may know

it. And Joab answered, The LORD make his people an hundred times so many more as they be: but, my lord the king, are they not all my lord's servants? why then doth my lord require this thing? why will he be a cause of trespass to Israel? Nevertheless the king's word prevailed against Joab. Wherefore Joab departed, and went throughout all Israel, and came to Jerusalem.

And Joab gave the sum of the number of the people unto David. And all they of 5 Israel were a thousand thousand and an hundred thousand men that drew sword: and Judah was four hundred threescore and ten thousand men that drew sword.

1 CHRONICLES XXI. VER. 8-14.

z 2 Sam. xxiv. 10.

And David said unto God, z I have sinned greatly, because I have done this 8 thing: but now, I beseech thee, do away the iniquity of thy servant; for I have done very foolishly.

⁶⁷ Psalm xxx. Calmet supposes this Psalm to have been composed on the occasion of dedicating the threshingfloor of Araunah.

- 9. 10 And the LORD spake unto Gad, David's seer, saying, Go and tell David, say- A.C. 1017. ing, Thus saith the LORD, a I offer thee three things: choose thee one of them, a Heb. stretch out.

12 the LORD, b Choose thee either three years' famine; or three months to be b Heb. Take destroyed before thy foes, while that the sword of thine enemies overtaketh thee; to thee. or else three days the sword of the LORD, even the pestilence, in the land, and the

angel of the LORD destroying throughout all the coasts of Israel. Now therefore 13 advise thyself what word I shall bring again to him that sent me. And David said unto Gad, I am in a great strait: let me fall now into the hand of the LORD; for very c great are his mercies; but let me not fall into the hand of man.

c Or, many.

So the LORD sent pestilence upon Israel: and there fell of Israel seventy thousand men.

2 SAMUEL XXIV. VER. 16.

And when the angel stretched out his hand upon Jerusalem to destroy it, d the d l Sam. xv. Lord repented him of the evil, and said to the angel that destroyed the people, It 11 . is enough: stay now thine hand. And the angel of the LORD was by the threshingplace of Araunah the Jebusite.

1 CHRONICLES XXI. FORMER PART OF VER. 17.

And David said unto God, Is it not I that commanded the people to be numbered? even I it is that have sinned and done evil indeed; but as for these sheep. what have they done? let thine hand, I pray thee, O LORD my God, be on me, and on my father's house.

2 SAMUEL XXIV. VER. 18, TO THE END.

- And Gad came that day to David, and said unto him, Go up, rear an altar unto
- 19 the LORD in the threshingfloor of Araunah the Jebusite. And David, according to 20 the saying of Gad, went up as the LORD commanded. And Araunah looked, and saw the king and his servants coming on toward him: and Araunah went out, and
- 21 bowed himself before the king on his face upon the ground. And Araunah said, Wherefore is my lord the king come to his servant? And David said, To buy the
- threshingfloor of thee, to build an altar unto the LORD, that the plague may be 22 stayed from the people. And Araunah said unto David, Let my lord the king take and offer up what seemeth good unto him: behold, here be oxen for burnt
- sacrifice, and threshing instruments and other instruments of the oxen for wood. 23 All these things did Araunah, as a king, give unto the king. And Araunah said
- 24 unto the king, The LORD thy God accept thee. And the king said unto Araunah, Nay; but I will surely buy it of thee at a price: neither will I offer burnt offerings unto the LORD my God of that which doth cost me nothing. So David bought the
- 25 threshingfloor and the oxen for fifty shekels of silver. And David built there an altar unto the LORD, and offered burnt offerings and peace offerings. So the LORD was intreated for the land, and the plague was stayed from Israel.

History of the last six Months of the Reign of David. David prepares to build the Temple.

1 CHRONICLES XXII 68.

Then David said, This is the house of the Lord God, and 1015. 2 this is the altar of the burnt offering for Israel. And David

68 The arrangement of the events related in this section varies considerably from their order as proposed by Lightfoot. The difficulty of placing them is very great; but the following considerations appear to warrant the present disposition of the text.

Solomon had been intended by his father, from his very birth, as the successor to the throne. It is generally supposed that Nathan assured David that his son would succeed him, when the name Jededian, "Beloved of the Lord," was given him; and when he was commanded not to build the temple.

When David, however, was now very old and infirm, Adonijah began to assume the honours of royalty, and to consider himself as the successor. Adonijah was the fourth son of David: Absalom and Amnon were dead, and his other brother Daniel, or Chilead, was born before David was king. According to the custom of the east, therefore, Adonijah considered himself the eldest son, and heir to the kingdom. Lightfoot ascribes the rash and ambitious schemes of this prince, to his knowledge of his father's decrepitude and age; and places, therefore, the passage I Kings i. before the account of the address of David to Solomon. This, however, does not appear an adequate cause;

A.C. 1015. commanded to gather together the strangers that were in the land of Israel; and he set masons to hew wrought stones to build the house of God. And David prepared iron in abund- 3 ance for the nails for the doors of the gates, and for the joinings; and brass in abundance without weight; also cedar trees 4 in abundance: for the Zidonians and they of Tyre brought a ch. xxix. 1. much cedar wood to David. And David said, a Solomon my 5 son is young and tender, and the house that is to be builded for the LORD must be exceeding magnifical, of fame and of glory throughout all countries: I will therefore now make preparation for it. So David prepared abundantly before his death. Then he called for Solomon his son, and charged him to 6

build an house for the LORD God of Israel. And David said 7 to Solomon, My son, as for me, it was in my mind to build an house unto the name of the LORD my God: but the word of 8 beh.xxviii.3. the LORD came to me, saying, b Thou hast shed blood abundantly, and hast made great wars: thou shalt not build an house unto my name, because thou hast shed much blood upon the earth in my sight. Behold, a son shall be born to thee, 9 who shall be a man of rest; and I will give him rest from all his enemies round about: for his name shall be c Solomon, and I will give peace and quietness unto Israel in his days. d He shall build an house for my name; and he shall be my 10 son, and I will be his father; and I will establish the throne of his kingdom over Israel for ever. Now, my son, the LORD be 11 with thee; and prosper thou, and build the house of the LORD thy God, as he hath said of thee. Only the Lord give thee 12 wisdom and understanding, and give thee charge concerning

c That is, Peaceable. d 2 Sam. vii. 13.

for if Adonijah really supposed himself to be the destined heir, the very conviction he entertained of his father's infirmity ought to have induced him to remain quiet. The suspicion of David's determination to anoint Solomon as his successor is more likely to have influenced his conduct. Adonijah, therefore, relying on the attachment of Joab, the head of the army, and on that of Abiathar the high-priest, as well as on the silence hitherto maintained in public respecting Solomon, endeavoured to form a party too strong for his father to oppose; and by these means to prevent the intended advancement of Solomon.

The promptitude and decision of David defeated this bold enterprise. Though he was confined to his couch by infirmities (1 Kings i. 47.) he ordered Solomon to be immediately crowned king, and declared partner of the throne: thus investing him with power to punish all conspiracies against the sovereign. This unexpected firmness entirely dispersed the adherents of Adonijah. David, however, not content with this, had recourse to another step, which secured the throne to Solomon against all further attempts. David summoned the princes and heads of Israel, and, leaving his couch, went to the assembly, presented Solomon to them as king, and declared the promise of God, that Solomon alone should build the temple, and establish the kingdom as his

After this first assembly, more extensive preparations were made to build the temple: the priests and Levites are called together, and divided into their several courses; they do not appear to have been summoned to the first assembly. It is probable that the chief Psalms composed by David were delivered to the priests and singers. And when all the preparations for the objects which David had in view were completed, the congregation is summoned a second time—the magnificent presents of David to the intended building are recorded—the heads of the nation contribute to the work—a solemn festival was held, at which Solomon was again anointed—and all the princes publicly submitted themselves to him, as they had before done to his father.

Israel, that thou mayest keep the law of the LORD thy God. A.C. 1015. 13 Then shalt thou prosper, if thou takest heed to fulfil the statutes and judgments which the LORD charged Moses with concerning Israel: be strong, and of good courage; dread not, 14 nor be dismayed. Now, behold, e in my trouble I have pre- e or, in my pared for the house of the Lord an hundred thousand talents poverty. of gold, and a thousand thousand talents of silver; and of brass and iron f without weight; for it is in abundance: timber also f As ver. 3. and stone have I prepared; and thou mayest add thereto. 15 Moreover there are workmen with thee in abundance, hewers

and g workers of stone and timber, and all manner of cunning g That is, 16 men for every manner of work. Of the gold, the silver, and carpenters. the brass, and the iron, there is no number. Arise therefore,

and be doing, and the LORD be with thee.

David also commanded all the princes of Israel to help Solo-18 mon his son, saying, Is not the LORD your God with you? and hath he not given you rest on every side? for he hath given the inhabitants of the land into mine hand; and the land is 19 subdued before the LORD, and before his people. Now set your heart and your soul to seek the LORD your God; arise therefore, and build ye the sanctuary of the LORD God, to bring the ark of the covenant of the LORD, and the holy vessels of God, into the house that is to be built to the name of the Lord.

Adonijah's Rebellion.

l KINGS I.

Now king David was old and h stricken in years; and they h Heb. enter-2 covered him with clothes, but he gat no heat. Wherefore his ed into days. servants said unto him, Let there be sought for my lord the them seek. king k a young virgin: and let her stand before the king, and k Heb. adamlet her cherish him, and let her lie in thy bosom, that my lord theb. be a 3 the king may get heat. So they sought for a fair damsel cherither unto throughout all the coasts of Israel, and found Abishag a Shu-4 nammite, and brought her to the king. And the damsel was very fair, and cherished the king, and ministered to him; but the king knew her not.

Then Adonijah the son of Haggith exalted himself, saying, I will m be king: and he prepared him chariots and horsemen, m Heb. reign. 6 and fifty men to run before him. And his father had not displeased him at any time in saying, Why hast thou done so? n Heb. from and he also was a very goodly man; and his mother bare him 7 after Absalom. And ohe conferred with Joab the son of Ze- o Heb. his ruiah, and with Abiathar the priest: and they p following Ado-with Joahs 8 nijah helped him. But Zadok the priest, and Benaiah the son p Heb helped after Adontof Jehoiada, and Nathan the prophet, and Shimei, and Rei, jah. and the mighty men which belonged to David, were not with 9 Adonijah. And Adonijah slew sheep and oxen and fat cattle

A.C. 1015. by the stone of Zoheleth, which is by q En-rogel, and called all q Or, the well his brethren the king's sons, and all the men of Judah the king's servants; but Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah, and 10 the mighty men, and Solomon his brother, he called not.

Wherefore Nathan spake unto Bath-sheba the mother of 11 Solomon, saying, Hast thou not heard that Adonijah the son r 2 Sam. iii.4. of r Haggith doth reign, and David our lord knoweth it not? Now therefore come, let me, I pray thee, give thee counsel, 12 that thou mayest save thine own life, and the life of thy son Go and get thee in unto king David, and say unto 13 him, didst not thou, my lord, O king, swear unto thine handmaid, saying, Assuredly Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon my throne? why then doth Adonijah reign? Behold, while thou yet talkest there with the king, I 14

8 Heb. fill up. also will come in after thee, and 8 confirm thy words.

And Bath-sheba went in unto the king into the chamber: 15 and the king was very old; and Abishag the Shunammite ministered unto the king. And Bath-sheba bowed, and did 16 obeisance unto the king. And the king said, t What wouldest thou? And she said unto him, My lord, thou swarest by the 17 LORD thy God unto thine handmaid, saying, Assuredly Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon my throne. And now, behold, Adonijah reigneth; and now, my 18 lord the king, thou knowest it not: and he hath slain oxen and 19 fat cattle and sheep in abundance, and hath called all the sons of the king, and Abiathar the priest, and Joab the captain of the host: but Solomon thy servant hath he not called. And 20 thou, my lord, O king, the eyes of all Israel are upon thee, that thou shouldest tell them who shall sit on the throne of my lord the king after him. Otherwise it shall come to pass, 21 when my lord the king shall sleep with his fathers, that I and my son Solomon shall be counted u offenders.

u Heb. sinners.

to thee?

And, lo, while she yet talked with the king, Nathan the 22 prophet also came in. And they told the king, saying, Behold 23 Nathan the prophet. And when he was come in before the king, he bowed himself before the king with his face to the ground. And Nathan said, My lord, O king, hast thou said, 24 Adonijah shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon my throne? For he is gone down this day, and hath slain oxen and fat 25 cattle and sheep in abundance, and hath called all the king's sons, and the captains of the host, and Abiathar the priest; and, behold, they eat and drink before him, and say, *God save hing Adonijah king Adonijah. But me, even me thy servant, and Zadok the 26 priest, and Benaiah the son of Jehoida, and thy servant Solomon, hath he not called. Is this thing done by my lord the 27 king, and thou hast not shewed it unto thy servant, who should

sit on the throne of my lord the king after him? Then king David answered and said, Call me Bath-sheba. 28

x Heb. Let

line.

And she came y into the king's presence, and stood before the A.C. 1015. 29 king. And the king sware, and said, As the LORD liveth, y Heb. before 30 that hath redeemed my soul out of all distress, even as I sware the king. unto thee by the LORD God of Israel, saying, Assuredly Solomon thy son shall reign after me, and he shall sit upon my throne in my stead; even so will I certainly do this day. 31 Then Bath-sheba bowed with her face to the earth, and did reverence to the king, and said, Let my lord king David live for ever.

And king David said, Call me Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada. And they came 33 before the king. The king also said unto them, Take with you the servants of your lord, and cause Solomon my son to

ride upon zmine own mule, and bring him down to Gihon: z Heb. which 34 and let Zadok the priest and Nathan the prophet anoint him belongeth to there king over Israel: and blow ye with the trumpet, and 35 say, God save king Solomon. Then ye shall come up after him, that he may come and sit upon my throne; for he shall be king in my stead: and I have appointed him to be ruler over 36 Israel and over Judah. And Benaiah the son of Jehoiada answered the king, and said, Amen: the LORD God of my 37 lord the king say so too. As the Lord hath been with my lord the king, even so be he with Solomon, and make his 38 throne greater than the throne of my lord king David. So Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and the Cherethites, and the Pelethites, went down, and caused Solomon to ride upon king David's mule, 39 and brought him to Gihon. And Zadok the priest took an horn of oil out of the tabernacle, and anointed Solomon. they blew the trumpet: and all the people said, God save king And all the people came up after him, and the

people piped with a pipes, and rejoiced with great joy, so that a Or, Autes.

the earth rent with the sound of them. And Adonijah and all the guests that were with him heard it as they had made an end of eating. And when Joab heard the sound of the trumpet, he said, Wherefore is this noise of 42 the city being in an uproar? And while he yet spake, behold, Jonathan the son of Abiathar the priest came: and Adonijah said unto him, Come in; for thou art a valiant man, and 43 bringest good tidings. And Jonathan answered and said to Adonijah, Verily our lord king David hath made Solomon 44 king. And the king hath sent with him Zadok the priest, and Nathan the prophet, and Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, and the Cherethites, and the Pelethites, and they have caused him 45 to ride upon the king's mule: and Zadok the priest and Nathan the prophet have anointed him king in Gihon: and they are come up from thence rejoicing, so that the city rang again. 46 This is the noise that ye have heard. And also Solomon sitA.C. 1015. teth on the throne of the kingdom. And moreover the king's 47 servants came to bless our lord king David, saying, God make the name of Solomon better than thy name, and make his throne greater than thy throne. And the king bowed himself upon the bed. And also thus said the king, Blessed be the 48 LORD God of Israel, which hath given one to sit on my throne this day, mine eyes even seeing it. And all the guests that 49 were with Adonijah were afraid, and rose up, and went every man his way.

And Adonijah feared because of Solomon, and arose, and 50 went, and caught hold on the horns of the altar. And it was 51 told Solomon, saying, Behold Adonijah feareth king Solomon: for, lo, he hath caught hold on the horns of the altar, saying, Let king Solomon swear unto me to day that he will not slay his servant with the sword. And Solomon said, If he will shew 52 himself a worthy man, there shall not an hair of him fall to the earth: but if wickedness shall be found in him, he shall die. So king Solomon sent, and they brought him down from the 53 And he came and bowed himself to king Solomon: and Solomon said unto him, Go to thine house.

First Assembly of the People.

1 CHRONICLES XXIII. VER. 1.

So when David was old and full of days, he made b Solomon 1 b ch. xxviii. his son king over Israel.

1 CHRONICLES XXVIII. VER. 1-10.

And David assembled all the princes of Israel, the princes of 1 the tribes, and the captains of the companies that ministered to the king by course, and the captains over the thousands, and captains over the hundreds, and the stewards over all the substance and copossession of the king, d and of his sons, with the d Or, and his officers, and with the mighty men, and with all the valiant e Or, eunuchs. men, unto Jerusalem. Then David the king stood up upon his 2 feet, and said, Hear me, my brethren, and my people: As for me, I had in mine heart to build an house of rest for the ark of the covenant of the LORD, and for the footstool of our God, and had made ready for the building: but God said unto me, 3 Thou shalt not build an house for my name, because thou hast 5 13.1 Kin.v. been a man of war, and hast shed g blood. Howbeit the LORD 4 g Heb. bloods. God of Israel chose me before all the house of my father to be

h Gen. xlix.8. king over Israel for ever: for he hath chosen h Judah to be the

c Or, cattle.

ruler; and of the house of Judah, the house of my father; and il Sam. xvi. i among the sons of my father he liked me to make me king over 13. kch. xxiii. 1, all Israel: k and of all my sons, (for the Lord hath given me 5 many sons,) he hath chosen Solomon my son to sit upon the

throne of the kingdom of the LORD over Israel. And he said 6 13.2 Chr. i.9. unto me, 1 Solomon thy son, he shall build my house and my

courts: for I have chosen him to be my son, and I will be his A.C. 1015. 7 father. Moreover I will establish his kingdom for ever, if he be m constant to do my commandments and my judgments, as m Heb. s at this day. Now therefore in the sight of all Israel the congregation of the Lord, and in the audience of our God, keep and seek for all the commandments of the Lord your God: that ye may possess this good land, and leave it for an inheritance for your children after you for ever.

And thou, Solomon my son, know thou the God of thy father, and serve him with a perfect heart and with a willing mind: for n the Lord searcheth all hearts, and understandeth n 1 Sam. xvi. 7. Ps. vii. 9. all the imaginations of the thoughts: if thou seek him, he & cxxxix. 2. will be found of thee; but if thou forsake him, he will cast & xvii. 10.

10 thee off for ever. Take heed now; for the LORD hath & xx. 12. chosen thee to build an house for the sanctuary: be strong, and do it.

PSALM XCI 69.

- 1 The state of the godly. 3 Their safety. 9 Their habitation. 11 Their servants. 14 Their friend; with the effects of them all.
- He that dwelleth in the secret place of the most high shall ° abide under the shadow of the Almighty.

- I will say of the LORD, He is my refuge and my fortress: my God; in him will I trust.
- Surely he shall deliver thee from the snare of the fowler, and from the noisome pestilence.
- He shall cover thee with his feathers, and under his wings shalt thou trust: his truth shall be thy shield and buckler.
- Thou shalt not be afraid for the terror by night; nor for the arrow that flieth by day;
- Nor for the pestilence that walketh in darkness; nor for the destruction that wasteth at noonday.
- A thousand shall fall at thy side, and ten thousand at thy right hand; but it shall not come nigh thee.
- Only with thine eyes shalt thou behold and see the reward of the wicked.
- Because thou hast made the LORD which is my refuge, even the most high, thy habitation;
- 10 There shall no evil befall thee, neither shall any plague come
- P For he shall give his angels charge over thee, to keep thee P Matt. iv. 6. in all thy ways.

Psalm cxlv. This fine hymn of praise was not improbably written towards the termination of David's life; on surveying the wisdom, mercy, and goodness of God both to himself and to all nature.

⁶⁹ This Psalm seems, from its internal evidence, to be addressed to Solomon; to encourage him to persevere in his allegiance to the King of kings. It describes the security, the reward, and the happiness of religion. I have inserted it therefore after the charge of David to his son. It is prophetic of Christ, and is quoted by him as applicable to himself.

A.C. 1015. They shall bear thee up in their hands, lest thou dash thy 12 foot against a stone.

g Or, asp.

Thou shalt tread upon the lion and adder: the young lion 13 and the dragon shalt thou trample under feet.

Because he hath set his love upon me, therefore will I 14 deliver him: I will set him on high, because he hath known my name.

He shall call upon me, and I will answer him: I will be with 15

him in trouble; I will deliver him, and honour him.

r Heb. length of days.

With rlong life will I satisfy him, and shew him my sal-16 vation.

Probably towards the End of David's Life.

PSALM CXLV.

1 David praiseth God for his fame, 8 for his goodness, 11 for his kingdom, 14 for his providence, 17 for his saving mercy.

¶ David's Psalm of praise.

I will extol thee, my God, O king; and I will bless thy name 1 for ever and ever.

Every day will I bless thee; and I will praise thy name for 2 ever and ever.

s Heb. and of his greatness there is no search.

Great is the Lord, and greatly to be praised; and his 3 greatness is unsearchable.

One generation shall praise thy works to another, and shall 4

declare thy mighty acts.

I will speak of the glorious honour of thy majesty, and of thy 5 t Heb. things, wondrous t works.

or, words.

And men shall speak of the might of thy terrible acts: and I 6 will u declare thy greatness.

u Heb. de will u de clare it. They

They shall abundantly utter the memory of thy great good- 7 ness, and shall sing of thy righteousness.

x Ex. xxxiv. 6, 7. Num. xiv. 18. Ps. 1xxxvi. 5. 15.

in mercy.

*The Lord is gracious, and full of compassion; slow to 8 anger, and y of great mercy.

The Lord is good to all: and his tender mercies are over all 9

& cili. 8. I ne LC y Heb. great his works.

All thy works shall praise thee, O LORD; and thy saints 10

They shall smark of the glow of the kingdom and talk of the u

They shall speak of the glory of thy kingdom, and talk of thy 11 power;

To make known to the sons of men his mighty acts, and the 12 glorious majesty of his kingdom.

z Heb. a kingdom of all ayes.

unto thee.

Thy kingdom is z an everlasting kingdom, and thy dominion 13 endureth throughout all generations.

The LORD upholdeth all that fall, and raiseth up all those that 14 be bowed down.

be bowed do The even

The eyes of all a wait upon thee; and thou givest them their 15 meat in due season.

Thou openest thine hand, and satisfiest the desire of every 16 living thing.

17 The LORD is righteous in all his ways, and b holy in all his A.C. 1015. works.

The Lord is night unto all them that call upon him, to all f_{iiful} , or that call upon him in truth.

19 He will fulfil the desire of them that fear him: he also will hear their cry, and will save them.

20 The Lord preserveth all them that love him: but all the wicked will he destroy.

21 My mouth shall speak the praise of the LORD: and let all flesh bless his holy name for ever and ever.

Preparations for the Service of the Temple.

1 CHRONICLES XXIII. VER. 2, TO THE END. And he gathered together all the princes of Israel, with the 3 priests and the Levites. Now the Levites were numbered from the age of c thirty years and upward: and their number by their c Num. iv. 3. 4 polls, man by man, was thirty and eight thousand. Of which, twenty and four thousand were d to set forward the work of the d or, to overhouse of the Lord; and six thousand were officers and judges: "". 5 moreover four thousand were porters; and four thousand praised the Lord with the instruments which I made, said David, to 6 praise therewith. And e David divided them into f courses e Ex. vi. 16. among the sons of Levi, namely, Gershon, Kohath, and ch. vii. 1, &c. & xxix. 25. f Heb. divi-Of the g Gershonites were, h Laadan, and Shimei. The sions. sons of Laadan; the chief was Jehiel, and Zetham, and Joel, h Or, Libni, 9 three. The sons of Shimei; Shelomith, and Haziel, and ch. vi. 17. Haran, three. These were the chief of the fathers of Laadan. 10 And the sons of Shimei were, Jahath, i Zina, and Jeush, and i Or, Zizah, and ver. 11. 11 Beriah. These four were the sons of Shimei. And Jahath was the chief, and Zizah the second: but Jeush and Beriah k had k Heb. didnot multiply sons. not many sons; therefore they were in one reckoning, accord-

ing to their father's house.

The sons of Kohath; Amram, Izhar, Hebron, and Uzziel,

3 four. The sons of Amram; Aaron and Moses: and Aaron 1 Ex. vi. 20.
was separated, that he should sanctify the most holy things, he 1. Heb. v. 4.
and his sons for ever, to burn incense before the Lord, to

14 minister unto him, and to bless in his name for ever. Now concerning Moses the man of God, his sons were named of the

15 tribe of Levi. ⁿ The sons of Moses were, Gershom, and ⁿ Ex. ii. 22.

16 Eliezer. Of the sons of Gershom, ^o Shebuel was the chief. ^o Shubuel,

17 And the sons of Eliezer were, ^p Rehabiah ^q the chief. And ^{ch} xxii. 20.

And ^{ch} xxii. 20.

Eliezer had none other sons; but the sons of Rehabiah r were 25 q Or, the first.

18 very many. Of the sons of Izhar; Shelomith the chief. r Heb. were
19 Of the sons of Hebron; Jeriah the first, Amariah the second, plied.

20 Jahaziel the third, and Jekameam the fourth. Of the sons of shelomoth, Uzziel; Micah the first, and Jesiah the second.

A.C. 1015.

t Or, kinsmen. The sons of Merari; Mahli, and Mushi. The sons of Mahli; 21 Eleazar, and Kish. And Eleazar died, and had no sons, but 22 daughters: and their the sons of Kish took them. The sons of Mushi; Mahli, and Eder, and Jeremoth, 23 three.

u Num. x. 17.21. These were the sons of "Levi after the house of their 24 fathers; even the chief of the fathers, as they were counted by number of names by their polls, that did the work for the service of the house of the Lord, from the age of "twenty years"

y Or, and he dwelleth in Jerusalem,

x Num. i. 3.

and upward. For David said, The Lord God of Israel hath 25 given rest unto his people, y that they may dwell in Jerusalem for ever: and also unto the Levites; they shall no more carry 26 the tabernacle, nor any vessels of it for the service thereof. For 27 by the last words of David the Levites were z numbered from

z Heb. numbers. a Heb. their station was at the hand of the sons of Aaron.

by the last words of David the Levites were z numbered from twenty years old and above: because their office was to wait 28 on the sons of Aaron for the service of the house of the Lord, in the courts, and in the chambers, and in the purifying of all holy things, and the work of the service of the house of God; both for the shewbread, and for b the fine flour for meat offer-29

b Lev. vi. 20. ch. ix. 29, &c.

LORD.

ing, and for the unleavened cakes, and for that which is baked in the pan, and for that which is fried, and for all manner of measure and size; and to stand every morning to thank and 30 praise the Lord, and likewise at even; and to offer all burnt 31 sacrifices unto the Lord in the sabbaths, in the new moons, and on the set feasts, by number, according to the order commanded unto them, continually before the Lord; and that they 32 should keep the charge of the tabernacle of the congregation, and the charge of the holy place, and the charge of the sons of Aaron their brethren, in the service of the house of the

c Or, flat plate.

1 CHRONICLES XXIV.

1 The divisions of the sons of Aaron by lot into four and twenty orders. 20 The Kohathites, 27 and the Merarites divided by lot.

of Aaron; Nadab, and Abihu, Eleazar, and Ithamar. But 2

Num. iii. 4. Nadab and Abihu died before their father, and had no children: therefore Eleazar and Ithamar executed the priest's office. And David distributed them, both Zadok of the sons 3 of Eleazar, and Ahimelech of the sons of Ithamar, according to their offices in their service. And there were more chief men 4 found of the sons of Eleazar than of the sons of Ithamar; and thus were they divided. Among the sons of Eleazar there were sixteen chief men of the house of their fathers, and eight among the sons of Ithamar according to the house of their fathers. Thus were they divided by lot, one sort with another; for the 5 governors of the sons of Eleazar, and of the sons of Ithamar. And 6

Shemaiah the son of Nethaneel the scribe, one of the Levites, A.C. 1015. wrote them before the king, and the princes, and Zadok the priest, and Ahimelech the son of Abiathar, and before the chief of the fathers of the priests and Levites: one f principal hous-f Heb. house 7 hold being taken for Eleazar, and one taken for Ithamar. Now of the father. s the first lot came forth to Jehoiarib, the second to Jedaiah, the 9 third to Harim, the fourth to Seorim, the fifth to Malchijah, 10 the sixth to Mijamin, the seventh to Hakkoz, the eighth to 11, 12 g Abijah, the ninth to Jeshuah, the tenth to Shecaniah, the g Luke i. 5. 13 eleventh to Eliashib, the twelfth to Jakim, the thirteenth to 14 Huppah, the fourteenth to Jeshebeah, the fifteenth to Bilgah, 15 the sixteenth to Immer, the seventeenth to Hezir, the 16 eighteenth to Aphses, the nineteenth to Pethaliah, the 17 twentieth to Jehezekel, the one and twentieth to Jachin, the 18 two and twentieth to Gamul, the three and twentieth to 19 Delaiah, the four and twentieth to Maaziah. These were the orderings of them in their service to come into the house of the Lord, according to their manner, under Aaron their father, as the LORD God of Israel had commanded him.

And the rest of the sons of Levi were these: Of the sons of Amram; h Shubael: of the sons of Shubael; Jehdeiah. h ch. xxiii.

21 Concerning Rehabiah: of the sons of Rehabiah, the first was 22 Isshiah. Of the Izharites; i Shelomoth: of the sons of She-ich. xxiii. 18, 23 lomoth: Jahath. And the sons of k Hebron; Jeriah the first, k ch. xxiii. Amariah the second, Jahaziel the third, Jekameam the fourth. 19.8 xxvi.31.

24 Of the sons of Uzziel; Michah: of the sons of Michah; 25 Shamir. The brother of Michah was Isshiah: of the sons of 26 Isshiah; Zechariah. The sons of Merari were Mahli and Mushi: the sons of Jaaziah; Beno.

The sons of Merari by Jaaziah; Beno, and Shoham, and 28 Zaccur, and Ibri. Of Mahli came Eleazar, who had no sons. 29, 30 Concerning Kish: the son of Kish was Jerahmeel. sons also of Mushi; Mahli, and Eder, and Jerimoth. were the sons of the Levites after the house of their fathers. 31 These likewise cast lots over against their brethren the sons

of Aaron in the presence of David the king, and Zadok, and Ahimelech, and the chief of the fathers of the priests and Levites, even the principal fathers over against their younger brethren.

1 CHRONICLES XXV.

- 1 The number and offices of the singers. 8 Their division by lot into four and twenty
- Moreover David and the captains of the host separated to the service of the sons of Asaph, and of Heman, and of Jeduthun, who should prophesy with harps, with psalteries, and with cymbals: and the number of the workmen according to 2 their service was: of the sons of Asaph; Zaccur, and Joseph,

vol. I.

A.C. 1015. and Nethaniah, and Asarelah, the sons of Asaph under the 1 Otherwise hands of Asaph, which prophesied m according to the order of called Jesha-relah, ver. 14. the king. Of Jeduthun: the sons of Jeduthun; Gedaliah, and 3 m Heb. by the n Zeri, and Jeshaiah, Hashabiah, and Mattithiah, osix, under hands of the king. So ver. the hands of their father Jeduthun, who prophesied with a harp, to give thanks and to praise the LORD. Of Heman: 4 n Or, Izri, ver. 11. o With Shithe sons of Heman; Bukkiah, Mattaniah, P Uzziel, Q Shebuel, mei, mention- and Jerimoth, Hananiah, Hanani, Eliathah, Giddalti, and ed ver. 17. p Or, Azareel, Romamti-ezer, Joshbekashah, Mallothi, Hothir, and Mahaver. 18. q Or, Shubael, zioth: all these were the sons of Heman the king's seer in the 5 words of God, to lift up the horn. And God gave to Heman ver. 20. r Or, matters. fourteen sons and three daughters. All these were under the 6 hands of their father for song in the house of the LORD, with cymbals, psalteries, and harps, for the service of the house of s Heb. by the God. according to the king's order to Asaph, Jeduthun, and

hands of the king.

was two hundred fourscore and eight. And they cast lots, ward against ward, as well the small as 8 the great, the teacher as the scholar. Now the first lot came g forth for Asaph to Joseph: the second to Gedaliah, who with his brethren and sons were twelve: The third to Zaccur, he, 10 his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The fourth to Izri, he, 11 his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The fifth to Nethaniah, 12 he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The sixth to Buk- 13 kiah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The seventh 14 to Jesharelah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The 15 eighth to Jeshaiah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The ninth to Mattaniah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were 16 twelve: The tenth to Shimei, he, his sons, and his brethren, 17 were twelve: The eleventh to Azareel, he, his sons, and his 18 brethren, were twelve: The twelfth to Hashabiah, he, his sons, 19 and his brethren, were twelve: The thirteenth to Shubael, he, 20 his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The fourteenth to 21 Mattithiah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The 22 fifteenth to Jeremoth, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The sixteenth to Hananiah, he, his sons, and his 23 brethren, were twelve: The seventeenth to Joshbekashah, he, his 24 sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The eighteenth to Hanani, 25 he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The nineteenth to 26 Mallothi, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The 27 twentieth to Eliathah, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The one and twentieth to Hothir, he, his sons, and 28 his brethren, were twelve: The two and twentieth to Giddalti, 29 he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The three and 30 twentieth to Mahazioth, he, his sons, and his brethren, were twelve: The four and twentieth to Romanti-ezer, he, his sons, 31 and his brethren, were twelve.

Heman. So the number of them, with their brethren that were 7

instructed in the songs of the Lord, even all that were cunning,

1 CHRONICLES XXVI.

1 The divisions of the porters. 13 The gates assigned by lot. 20 The Levites that had charge of the treasures. 29 Officers and judges.

Concerning the divisions of the porters: Of the Korhites was A.C. 1015. 2 t Meshelemiah the son of Kore, of the sons of "Asaph. And t Or, Shelethe sons of Meshelemiah were, Zechariah the firstborn, Jediael miah, ver.14. 3 the second, Zebadiah the third, Jathniel the fourth, Elam the saph, ch. vi. 37. & ix. 19. 4 fifth, Jehohanan the sixth, Elioenai the seventh. Moreover the sons of Obed-edom were, Shemaiah the firstborn, Jehozabad the second, Joah the third, and Sacar the fourth, and 5 Nethaneel the fifth, Ammiel the sixth, Issachar the seventh, 6 Peulthai the eighth: for God blessed x him. Also unto Shemaiah x That is, Obed-edom, his son were sons born, that ruled throughout the house of their asch. xiii. 14. 7 father: for they were mighty men of valour. The sons of Shemaiah; Othni, and Rephael, and Obed, Elzabad, whose E brethren were strong men, Elihu, and Semachiah. of the sons of Obed-edom; they and their sons and their brethren, able men for strength for the service, were threeg score and two of Obed-edom. And Meshelemiah had sons and 10 brethren, strong men, eighteen. Also Hosah, of the children of Merari, had sons: Simri the chief, (for though he was not 11 the first born, yet his father made him the chief;) Hilkiah the second, Tebaliah the third, Zechariah the fourth: all the sons 12 and brethren of Hosah were thirteen. Among these were the divisions of the porters, even among the chief men, having wards

And they cast lots, y as well the small as the great, according y or, as well to the house of their fathers, for every gate. And the lot east- as for the ward fell to z Shelemiah. Then for Zechariah his son, a wise great. counsellor, they cast lots; and his lot came out northward. sholemiah, 15 To Obed-edom southward; and to his sons the house of ver. 1.

one against another, to minister in the house of the LORD.

16 a Asuppim. To Shuppim and Hosah the lot came forth west-aHeb. gatherward, with the gate Shallecheth, by the causeway of the going

17 b up, ward against ward. Eastward were six Levites, northward b See 1 Kin. four a day, southward four a day, and toward Asuppim two ix. 4.

18 and two. At Parbar westward, four at the causeway, and two 19 at Parbar. These are the divisions of the porters among the sons of Kore, and among the sons of Merari.

And of the Levites, Ahijah was over the treasures of the house 21 of God, and over the treasures of the c dedicated things. concerning the sons of d Laadan; the sons of the Gershonite d or, Libni, Laadan, chief fathers, even of Laadan the Gershonite, were ch. vi. 17.

22 e Jehieli. The sons of Jehieli; Zetham, and Joel his brother, e Or, Jehiel, 8. 23 which were over the treasures of the house of the Lord. Of & xxix. 8. the Amramites, and the Izharites, the Hebronites, and the

24 Uzzielites: and Shebuel the son of Gershom, the son of Moses, 25 was ruler of the treasures. And his brethren by Eliezer;

As c Heb. holy

g Heb. over

the charge.

A.C. 1015. Rehabiah his son, and Jeshaiah his son, and Joram his son, and Zichri his son, and Shelomith his son. Which Shelomith 26 and his brethren were over all the treasures of the dedicated things, which David the king, and the chief fathers, the captains over thousands and hundreds, and the captains of the f Heb. Out of host, had dedicated. f Out of the spoils won in battles did 27 the battles they dedicate to maintain the house of the LORD. and spoils. that Samuel the seer, and Saul the son of Kish, and Abner the son of Ner, and Joab the son of Zeruiah, had dedicated; and

whosoever had dedicated any thing, it was under the hand of Shelomith, and of his brethren.

Of the Izharites, Chenaniah and his sons were for the out-29 ward business over Israel, for officers and judges. And of the 30 Hebronites, Hashabiah and his brethren, men of valour, a thousand and seven hundred, were g officers among them of Israel on this side Jordan westward in all the business of the LORD, and in the service of the king. Among the Hebronites was Jerijah 31 the chief, even among the Hebronites, according to the generations of his fathers. In the fortieth year of the reign of David they were sought for, and there were found among them mighty men of valour at Jazer of Gilead. And his brethren, 32 men of valour, were two thousand and seven hundred chief fathers, whom king David made rulers over the Reubenites, the Gadites, and the half tribe of Manasseh, for every matter h Heb. thing. pertaining to God, and h affairs of the king.

> 1 CHRONICLES XXVII. VER. 1-22. Now the children of Israel after their number, to wit, the 1

chief fathers and captains of thousands and hundreds, and their officers that served the king in any matter of the courses, which came in and went out month by month throughout all the months of the year, of every course were twenty and four thousand. Over the first course for the first month was Jash- 2 obeam the son of Zabdiel: and in his course were twenty and four thousand. Of the children of Perez was the chief of all 3 the captains of the host for the first month. And over the 4 course of the second month was Dodai an Ahohite, and of his course was Mikloth also the ruler: in his course likewise were twenty and four thousand. The third captain of the host for 5 the third month was Benaiah the son of Jehoiada, a k chief priest: and in his course were twenty and four thousand. 12 Sam. xxiii. is that Benaiah, who was 1 mighty among the thirty, and above ch. xi. 22, &c. the thirty: and in his course was Ammizabad his son. The fourth captain for the fourth month was Asahel the brother of Joab, and Zebadiah his son after him: and in his course were twenty and four thousand. The fifth captain for the fifth month 8 was Shamhuth the Izrahite: and in his course were twenty and four thousand. The sixth captain for the sixth month was Ira 9

i Or, Dodo, 2 Sam. xxiii.

k Or, principal officer,

the son of Ikkesh the Tekoite: and in his course were twenty A.C. 1015. 10 and four thousand. The seventh captain for the seventh month was Helez the Pelonite, of the children of Ephraim: and in his 11 course were twenty and four thousand. The eighth captain for the eighth month was Sibbecai the Hushathite, of the Zarhites: 12 and in his course were twenty and four thousand. The ninth captain for the ninth month was Abiezer the Anetothite, of the Benjamites: and in his course were twenty and four thousand. 13 The tenth captain for the tenth month was Maharai the Netophathite, of the Zarhites: and in his course were twenty and 14 four thousand. The eleventh captain for the eleventh month

was Benaiah the Pirathonite, of the children of Ephraim: and 15 in his course were twenty and four thousand. The twelfth captain for the twelfth month was ^m Heldai the Netopha- ^m Or, Heled, thite, of Othniel: and in his course were twenty and four ^{ch. xi. 30}.

thousand.

Furthermore over the tribes of Israel: the ruler of the Reubenites was Eliezer the son of Zichri: of the Simeonites, 17 Shephatiah the son of Maachah: of the Levites, Hashabiah the 18 son of Kemuel: of the Aaronites, Zadok: of Judah, Elihu, one of the brethren of David: of Issachar, Omri the son of Michael: 19 of Zebulun, Ishmaiah the son of Obadiah: of Naphtali, Jerimoth 20 the son of Azriel: of the children of Ephraim, Hoshea the son of Azaziah: of the half tribe of Manasseh, Joel the son of Pedaiah: 21 of the half tribe of Manasseh in Gilead, Iddo the son of Zech-22 ariah: of Benjamin, Jaasiel the son of Abner: of Dan, Azareel the son of Jeroham. These were the princes of the tribes of Israel.

1 CHRONICLES XXVII. VER. 25, TO THE END.

And over the king's treasures was Azmaveth the son of Adiel: and over the storehouses in the fields, in the cities, and in the villages, and in the castles, was Jehonathan the son of 26 Uzziah: and over them that did the work of the field for tillage 27 of the ground was Ezri the son of Chelub: and over the vineyards was Shimei the Ramathite: n over the increase of the n Heb, over 28 vineyards for the wine cellars was Zabdi the Shiphmite: and that which was of the over the olive trees and the sycamore trees that were in the low vineyards. plains was Baal-hanan the Gederite: and over the cellars of oil 29 was Joash: and over the herds that fed in Sharon was Shitrai the Sharonite: and over the herds that were in the vallies was 30 Shaphat the son of Adlai: over the camels also was Obil the Ishmaelite: and over the asses was Jehdeiah the Meronothite: 31 and over the flocks was Jaziz the Hagerite. All these were the 32 rulers of the substance which was king David's. Also Jonathan David's uncle was a counsellor, a wise man, and a oscribe: and oor, secre-33 Jehiel the p son of Hachmoni was with the king's sons: and p or, Hach-

Ahithophel was the king's counsellor: and Hushai the Archite monite.

A.C. 1015. was the king's companion: and after Ahithophel was Jehoiada 34 the son of Benaiah, and Abiathar: and the general of the king's army was Joab.

1 CHRONICLES XXVIII. VER. 11, TO THE END.

Then David gave to Solomon his son the pattern of the 11

porch, and of the houses thereof, and of the treasuries thereof, and of the upper chambers thereof, and of the inner parlours q Heb. of all thereof, and of the place of the mercy seat, and the pattern q of 12 all that he had by the spirit, of the courts of the house of the LORD, and of all the chambers round about, of the treasuries of the house of God, and of the treasuries of the dedicated things: also for the courses of the priests and the Levites, and for all 13 the work of the service of the house of the LORD, and for all the vessels of service in the house of the Lord. He gave of 14 gold by weight for things of gold, for all instruments of all manner of service; silver also for all instruments of silver by weight, for all instruments of every kind of service: even the 15 weight for the candlesticks of gold, and for their lamps of gold, by weight for every candlestick, and for the lamps thereof: and for the candlesticks of silver by weight, both for the candlestick, and also for the lamps thereof, according to the use of every And by weight he gave gold for the tables of 16 candlestick. shewbread, for every table; and likewise silver for the tables of silver: also pure gold for the fleshhooks, and the bowls, and 17 the cups: and for the golden basons he gave gold by weight for every bason; and likewise silver by weight for every bason of silver: and for the altar of incense refined gold by weight; and 18 1 Sam. iv. 4. gold for the pattern of the chariot of the cherubims, that spread out their wings, and covered the ark of the covenant of the Lord. All this, said David, the Lord made me under-19 stand in writing by his hand upon me, even all the works of this pattern. And David said to Solomon his son, Be strong and of 20 good courage, and do it: fear not, nor be dismayed: for the LORD God, even my God, will be with thee; he will not fail thee, nor forsake thee, until thou hast finished all the work for the service of the house of the Lord. And, behold, the 21 courses of the priests and the Levites, even they shall be with thee for all the service of the house of God: and there shall be with thee for all manner of workmanship every willing skilful man, for any manner of service: also the princes and all the people will be wholly at thy commandment.

g Heb. for-

Psalms composed by David, of which the Dates and Occasions are Unknown.

PSALM XL.

1 The benefit of confidence in God. 6 Obedience is the best sacrifice. 11 The sense of David's evils inflameth his prayer.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

1 I a waited patiently for the LORD; and he inclined unto me, a Heb. In and heard my cry.

He brought me up also out of ban horrible pit, out of the bHeh apit miry clay, and set my feet upon a rock, and established my

And he hath put a new song in my mouth, even praise unto our God: many shall see it, and fear, and shall trust in the

LORD.

Blessed is that man that maketh the LORD his trust, and respecteth not the proud, nor such as turn aside to lies.

5 Many, O Lord my God, are thy wonderful works which thou hast done, and thy thoughts which are to usward: c they c Or, none cannot be reckoned up in order unto thee: if I would declare them unto and speak of them, they are more than can be numbered.

6 d Sacrifice and offering thou didst not desire; mine ears hast d Ps. H. 16. thou e opened: burnt offering and sin offering hast thou not livi. 3. Hos. required.

18. i. 11. & vi. 6. Matt. vii. 7. Heb.

Then said I, Lo, I come: in the volume of the book it is x.5. eHeb. digged.

written of me,

s I delight to do thy will, O my God: yea, thy law is twithin f Heb. in the my heart.

"Heb. in the midst of my bowets."

9 I have preached righteousness in the great congregation: lo,

I have not refrained my lips, O Lord, thou knowest.

10 I have not hid thy righteousness within my heart; I have declared thy faithfulness and thy salvation: I have not concealed thy lovingkindness and thy truth from the great congregation.

11 Withhold not thou thy tender mercies from me, O LORD: let thy lovingkindness and thy truth continually preserve me.

12 For innumerable evils have compassed me about: mine iniquities have taken hold upon me, so that I am not able to look up; they are more than the hairs of mine head: therefore my heart ^g faileth me.

Be pleased, O Lord, to deliver me: O Lord, make haste saketh.

to help me.

14 h Let them be ashamed and confounded together that seek h Ps. xxxv. after my soul to destroy it; let them be driven backward and 4. & lxx. 3. put to shame that wish me evil.

5 Let them be desolate for a reward of their shame that say

unto me, Aha, aha.

Let all those that seek thee rejoice and be glad in thee: let 16 such as love thy salvation say continually, The LORD be magnified.

But I am poor and needy; yet the LORD thinketh upon me: 17 thou art my help and my deliverer; make no tarrying, O my

God.

PSALM XLI.

1 God's care of the poor. 4 David complaineth of his enemy's treachery. 10 He fleeth to God for succour.

To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

i Or, the Blessed is he that considereth the poor: the Lord will 1 weak, or, sick. k Heb. in the deliver him k in time of trouble. day of evil.

l Or, do not

The Lord will preserve him, and keep him alive; and he 2 shall be blessed upon the earth: and thou wilt not deliver him unto the will of his enemies.

The Lord will strengthen him upon the bed of languishing: 3 m Heb. turn. thou wilt m make all his bed in his sickness.

> I said, Lord, be merciful unto me: heal my soul; for I 4 have sinned against thee.

> Mine enemies speak evil of me, When shall he die, and 5 his name perish?

> And if he come to see me, he speaketh vanity: his heart 6 gathereth iniquity to itself; when he goeth abroad, he telleth it.

> All that hate me whisper together against me: against me 7 do they devise n my hurt.

> o An evil disease, say they, cleaveth fast unto him: and now 8 that he lieth he shall rise up no more.

> Yea, pmine own familiar friend, in whom I trusted, q which g did eat of my bread, hath ' lifted up his heel against me.

> But thou, O LORD, be merciful unto me, and raise me 10 up, that I may requite them.

> By this I know that thou favourest me, because mine enemy 11 doth not triumph over me.

> And as for me, thou upholdest me in mine integrity, and 12 settest me before thy face for ever.

> Blessed be the Lord God of Israel from everlasting, and to 13 everlasting. Amen, and Amen.

PSALM LXI.

1 David fleeth to God upon his former experience. 4 He voweth perpetual service unto him, because of his promises.

¶ To the chief Musician upon Neginah, A Psalm of David.

Hear my cry, O God; attend unto my prayer.

From the end of the earth will I cry unto thee, when my 2 heart is overwhelmed: lead me to the rock that is higher

For thou hast been a shelter for me, and a strong tower from 3 the enemy.

thou deliver.

n Heb. evil to me.

thing of Belial. p Heb. the man of my peace. q John xiii. r Heb. maynified.

I will abide in thy tabernacle for ever: I will strust in the s Or, make covert of thy wings. Selah.

For thou, O God, hast heard my vows: thou hast given me

the heritage of those that fear thy name.

t Thou wilt prolong the king's life: and his years u as many t Heb. Thou generations. to the days of

He shall abide before God for ever: O prepare mercy and the king. u Heb. as truth, which may preserve him.

So will I sing praise unto thy name for ever, that I may sion. daily perform my vows.

PSALM LXV.

1 David praiseth God for his grace. 4 The blessedness of God's chosen by reason of

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm and Song of David.

Praise x waiteth for thee, O God, in Zion: and unto thee x Heb. is silent, Ps. shall the vow be performed.

O thou that hearest prayer, unto thee shall all flesh come.

y Iniquities prevail against me: as for our transgressions, y Heb. Words,

thou shalt purge them away.

or, Matters of iniquities.

d Heb. the

Blessed is the man whom thou choosest, and causest to approach unto thee, that he may dwell in thy courts: we shall be satisfied with the goodness of thy house, even of thy holy temple.

By terrible things in righteousness wilt thou answer us, O God of our salvation; who art the confidence of all the ends of

the earth, and of them that are afar off upon the sea:

6 Which by his strength setteth fast the mountains; being girded with power:

Which stilleth the noise of the seas, the noise of their waves,

and the tumult of the people.

They also that dwell in the uttermost parts are afraid at thy tokens: thou makest the outgoings of the morning and evening

Thou visitest the earth, and a waterest it: thou greatly en- a Or, after richest it with the river of God, which is full of water: thou made it to preparest them corn, when thou hast so provided for it.

Thou waterest the ridges thereof abundantly: b thou set-b Or, thou causest rain tlest the furrows thereof; c thou makest it soft with showers: to descend into the furthou blessest the springing thereof. rows thereof.

Thou crownest d the year with thy goodness; and thy paths c Heb. thou dissolvest it. drop fatness.

They drop upon the pastures of the wilderness: and the goodness. little hills e rejoice on every side. e Heb. are girded with

The pastures are clothed with flocks; the valleys also are joy. covered over with corn; they shout for joy, they also sing.

PSALM LXIX.

1 David complaineth of his affliction. 13 He prayeth for deliverance. 22 He devoteth his enemies to destruction. 30 He praiseth God with thanksgiving.

To the chief Musician upon Shoshannim, A Psalm of David.

Save me, O God; for the waters are come in unto my 1

f Heb. the of waters.

I sink in f deep mire, where there is no standing: I am come 2 mire of depth. into g deep waters, where the floods overflow me.

I am weary of my crying: my throat is dried: mine eyes 3

fail while I wait for my God.

They that hate me without a cause are more than the hairs 4 of mine head: they that would destroy me, being mine enemies wrongfully, are mighty: then I restored that which I took not away.

h Heb. guiltiness.

O God, thou knowest my foolishness; and my h sins are not 5 hid from thee.

Let not them that wait on thee, O Lord God of hosts, be 6 ashamed for my sake: let not those that seek thee be confounded for my sake, O God of Israel.

Because for thy sake I have borne reproach; shame hath 7 covered my face.

I am become a stranger unto my brethren, and an alien unto $\,$ 8 $\,$ my mother's children.

i John ii. 17. k Rom. xv. 3.

For the zeal of thine house hath eaten me up; k and the 9 reproaches of them that reproached thee are fallen upon me.

When I wept, and chastened my soul with fasting, that was 10 to my reproach.

I made sackcloth also my garment; and I became a proverb 11 to them.

They that sit in the gate speak against me; and I was the 12 1 Heb. drink- song of the 1 drunkards.

ers of strong

haste to hear

But as for me, my prayer is unto thee, O LORD, in an 13 acceptable time: O God, in the multitude of thy mercy hear me, in the truth of thy salvation.

Deliver me out of the mire, and let me not sink: let me 14 be delivered from them that hate me, and out of the deep waters.

Let not the waterflood overflow me, neither let the deep 15 swallow me up, and let not the pit shut her mouth upon me.

Hear me, O LORD; for thy lovingkindness is good: turn 16 unto me according to the multitude of thy tender mercies.

And hide not thy face from thy servant; for I am in trouble: 17 m Heb. make m hear me speedily.

Draw nigh unto my soul, and redeem it: deliver me because 18 of mine enemies.

Thou hast known my reproach, and my shame, and my dis-19 honour: mine adversaries are all before thee.

Reproach hath broken my heart; and I am full of heavin Heb. to ness: and I looked for some n to take pity, but there was none; ament with and for comforters, but I found none.

They gave me also gall for my meat; o and in my thirst they o Matt. xxvii. 48. Mark xv. gave me vinegar to drink. 23. John xix.

P Let their table become a snare before them: and that which p Rom, xi, 9.

should have been for their welfare, let it become a trap.

Let their eyes be darkened, that they see not; and make their loins continually to shake.

Pour out thine indignation upon them, and let thy wrathful

anger take hold of them.

Let q their habitation be desolate; and I let none dwell in q Heb. their

For they persecute him whom thou hast smitten; and they there not be a dweller. talk to the grief of s those whom thou hast wounded.

Add tiniquity unto their iniquity: and let them not come tor, punishment of iniinto thy righteousness.

Let them be blotted out of the book of the living, and not be written with the righteous.

But I am poor and sorrowful: let thy salvation, O God, set me up on high.

I will praise the name of God with a song, and will magnify him with thanksgiving.

This also shall please the Lord better than an ox or bullock that hath horns and hoofs.

The u humble shall see this, and be glad: and your heart u Or, meek. shall live that seek God.

For the LORD heareth the poor, and despiseth not his prisoners.

Let the heaven and earth praise him, the seas, and every thing that * moveth therein.

x Heb. creep-

For God will save Zion, and will build the cities of Judah: that they may dwell there, and have it in possession.

The seed also of his servants shall inherit it: and they that love his name shall dwell therein.

PSALM LXXVIII.

1 An exhortation both to learn and to preach the law of God. 9 The story of God's wrath against the incredulous and disobedient. 67 The Israelites being rejected, God chose Judah, Zion, and David.

¶ y Maschil of Asaph.

y Or, A Psalm for Asaph to

Give ear, O my people, to my law: incline your ears to the give instrucwords of my mouth.

^z I will open my mouth in a parable: I will utter dark say- ^{z Ps. xlix. 4.}
Matt. xiii. 36. ings of old:

Which we have heard and known, and our fathers have told

We will not hide them from their children, shewing to the

generation to come the praises of the Lord, and his strength, and his wonderful works that he hath done.

For he established a testimony in Jacob, and appointed a 5 a Deut. iv. 9. law in Israel, which he commanded our fathers, a that they should make them known to their children:

That the generation to come might know them, even the 6 children which should be born; who should arise and declare them to their children:

That they might set their hope in God, and not forget the 7 works of God, but keep his commandments:

And might not be as their fathers, a stubborn and rebellious 8 generation; a generation bthat set not their heart aright, and whose spirit was not stedfast with God.

b Heb. that prepared not their heart. c Heb. throwing forth.

The children of Ephraim, being armed, and carrying bows, 9 turned back in the day of battle.

They kept not the covenant of God, and refused to walk in 10 his law;

And forgat his works, and his wonders that he had shewed 11 them.

Marvellous things did he in the sight of their fathers, in the 12 land of Egypt, in the field of Zoan.

d Ex. xiv. 21.

d He divided the sea, and caused them to pass through; and 13 he made the waters to stand as an heap.

e Ex. xiii. 21. e In the daytime also he led them with a cloud, and all the 14 night with a light of fire.

f Ex. xvii. 6. Num. xx. 11. Ps. cv. 41. 1 Cor. x. 4.

f He clave the rocks in the wilderness, and gave them drink 15 as out of the great depths.

He brought streams also out of the rock, and caused waters 16

He brought streams also out of the rock, and caused waters 16 to run down like rivers.

And they sinned yet more against him by provoking the 17 most high in the wilderness.

And they tempted God in their heart by asking meat for 18 their lust.

g Num. xi. 4. h Heb. order.

g Yea, they spake against God; they said, Can God h fur-19 nish a table in the wilderness?

i Ex. xvii. 6. Num. xx. 11.

¹ Behold, he smote the rock, that the waters gushed out, and 20 the streams overflowed; can he give bread also? can he provide flesh for his people?

Therefore the Lord heard this, and was wroth: so a fire 21 was kindled against Jacob, and anger also came up against Israel:

Because they believed not in God, and trusted not in his 22 salvation:

Though he had commanded the clouds from above, and 23 opened the doors of heaven,

k And had rained down manna upon them to eat, and had 24 given them of the corn of heaven.

¹ Man did eat angels' food: he sent them meat to the full.

k Ex. xvi. 14.
John vi. 31.
l Or, Every
one did eat
the bread of
the mighty,
Ps. ciil. 20.

p Heb. made

He caused an east wind m to blow in the heaven: and by his m Heb. to go. power he brought in the south wind.

He rained flesh also upon them as dust, and n feathered fowls n Heb. fowl

like as the sand of the sea:

And he let it fall in the midst of their camp, round about their habitations.

- So they did eat, and were well filled: for he gave them their own desire;
- They were not estranged from their lust. But o while their o Num. xi.33. meat was yet in their mouths,

The wrath of God came upon them, and slew the fattest of them, and p smote down the q chosen men of Israel.

- For all this they sinned still, and believed not for his wondrous q Or, young works.
- Therefore their days did he consume in vanity, and their years in trouble.
- When he slew them, then they sought him: and they returned and enquired early after God.
- And they remembered that God was their rock, and the high God their redeemer.
- 36 Nevertheless they did flatter him with their mouth, and they lied unto him with their tongues.
- For their heart was not right with him, neither were they stedfast in his covenant.
- But he, being full of compassion, forgave their iniquity, and destroyed them not: yea, many a time turned he his anger away, and did not stir up all his wrath.
- For he remembered that they were but flesh; a wind that passeth away, and cometh not again.
- How oft did they r provoke him in the wilderness, and grieve r or, rebel him in the desert!
- Yea, they turned back and tempted God, and limited the Holy One of Israel.
- They remembered not his hand, nor the day when he delivered them s from the enemy.
- s Or, from How he had twrought his signs in Egypt, and his wonders theb. eet. in the field of Zoan:
- u And had turned their rivers into blood; and their floods, u Ex. vii. 20. that they could not drink.
- * He sent divers sorts of flies among them, which devoured * Ex. viii. 24. them; and y frogs, which destroyed them.
- ^z He gave also their increase unto the caterpiller, and their z Ex. x. 13. labour unto the locust.
- ^a He ^b destroyed their vines with hail, and their sycamore ^a Ex. ix. 23. b Heb. killed. trees with c frost.
- d He gave up their cattle also to the hail, and their flocks to hailstones. e hot thunderbolts.
- He cast upon them the fierceness of his anger, wrath, ninge.

and indignation, and trouble, by sending evil angels among them.

f Heb. He weighed a path. g Or, their beasts to the murrain, Ex. ix. 3. 6. h Ex. xii. 29.

f He made a way to his anger; he spared not their soul from 50 death, but gave g their life over to the pestilence;

h And smote all the firstborn in Egypt; the chief of their 51

strength in the tabernacles of Ham:

But made his own people to go forth like sheep, and guided 52 them in the wilderness like a flock.

And he led them on safely, so that they feared not: but the 53

i Ex. xiv. 27, sea i k overwhelmed their enemies.

28 & xv. 10.

And he broaded

28 & xv. 10. And he brought them to the border of his sanctuary, even to 54 covered. this mountain, which his right hand had purchased.

i Josh. xiii. 7.

He cast out the heathen also before them, and ¹ divided them 55 an inheritance by line, and made the tribes of Israel to dwell in their tents.

Yet they tempted and provoked the most high God, and 56 kept not his testimonies:

But turned back, and dealt unfaithfully like their fathers; 57 they were turned aside like a deceitful bow.

m Deut. xxxii. 21. m For they provoked him to anger with their high places, 58 and moved him to jealousy with their graven images.

When God heard this, he was wroth, and greatly abhorred 59 Israel:

n 1 Sam. iv.

ⁿ So that he forsook the tabernacle of Shiloh, the tent which 60 he placed among men;

And delivered his strength into captivity, and his glory into 61

the enemy's hand.

He gave his people over also unto the sword; and was wroth 62 with his inheritance.

The fire consumed their young men; and their maidens were 63 not ° given to marriage.

o Heb. praised.

Their priests fell by the sword; and their widows made no 64 lamentation.

Then the LORD awaked as one out of sleep, and like a mighty 65 man that shouteth by reason of wine.

And he smote his enemies in the hinder part: he put them 66 to a perpetual reproach.

Moreover he refused the tabernacle of Joseph, and chose not 67 the tribe of Ephraim:

But chose the tribe of Judah, the mount Zion which he loved. 68 And he built his sanctuary like high palaces, like the earth 69 which he hath p established for ever.

p Heb. which he hath p established for ever.
q 1 Sam. xvi. q He chose David also his servant, and took him from the 70
11, 12.
2 Sam. vii. 8. sheepfolds:

r Heb. From r From following the ewes great with young he brought him 71 s 2 Sam. v. 2. s to feed Jacob his people, and Israel his inheritance.

So he fed them according to the integrity of his heart; and 72 guided them by the skilfulness of his hands.

Psalms composed by David after his Accession, of which the Date and the Occasion are uncertain.

PSALM VI.

1 David's complaint in his sickness. 8 By faith he triumpheth over his enemies.

¶ To the chief Musician on Neginoth t upon Sheminith, A Psalm of David.

t Or, upon the u Ps. xxxviii.

d 1 Cor. xv.

O u Lord, rebuke me not in thine anger, neither chasten me i Chr. xv. 21. in thy hot displeasure.

Have mercy upon me, O Lord; for I am weak; O Lord, heal me; for my bones are vexed.

My soul is also sore vexed: but thou, O Lord, how long?

Return, O Lord, deliver my soul: oh save me for thy mercies' sake.

* For in death there is no remembrance of thee: in the grave x Ps. xxx. 9. & lxxxviii. who shall give thee thanks? 11. & cxv. 17.

I am weary with my groaning; yall the night make I my bed & exviii. 17. to swim; I water my couch with my tears.

y Or, every Mine eye is consumed because of grief; it waxeth old be-night. cause of all mine enemies.

² Depart from me, all ye workers of iniquity; for the Lord 2 Matt. vii. hath heard the voice of my weeping.

The LORD hath heard my supplication; the LORD will receive my prayer.

Let all mine enemies be ashamed and sore vexed: let them return and be ashamed suddenly.

PSALM VIII.

God's glory is magnified by his works, and by his love to man.

To the chief Musician upon Gittith, A Psalm of David.

O Lord our Lord, how excellent is thy name in all the earth! who hast set thy glory above the heavens.

a Out of the mouth of babes and sucklings hast thou bor-a Matt. xxi. dained strength because of thine enemies, that thou mightest b Heb. still the enemy and the avenger.

When I consider thy heavens, the work of thy fingers, the moon and the stars, which thou hast ordained;

c What is man, that thou art mindful of him? and the son of c Job vii. 17. Ps. cxliv. 3. man, that thou visitest him? Heb. ii. 6.

For thou hast made him a little lower than the angels, and hast crowned him with glory and honour.

Thou madest him to have dominion over the works of thy hands; d thou hast put all things under his feet:

27. e All sheep and oxen, yea, and the beasts of the field; e Heb. Flocks

The fowl of the air, and the fish of the sea, and whatsoever of them. passeth through the paths of the seas.

O Lord our Lord, how excellent is thy name in all the earth!

PSALM XII.

1 David, destitute of human comfort, craveth help of God. 3 He comforteth himself with God's judgments on the wicked, and confidence in God's tried promises.

To the chief Musician f upon Sheminith, A Psalm of David.

f Or, upon the eighth. g Or, Save.

Help, g Lord; for the godly man ceaseth; for the faithful 1 fail from among the children of men.

They speak vanity every one with his neighbour: with flat- 2 tering lips and with ha double heart do they speak.

h Heb. an heart and an heart.

The LORD shall cut off all flattering lips, and the tongue 3 that speaketh i proud things:

i Heb. great things.

Who have said, With our tongue will we prevail; our lips 4 * are our own: who is lord over us?

k Heb. are with us.

For the oppression of the poor, for the sighing of the needy, 5 now will I arise, saith the LORD; I will set him in safety from him that puffeth at him.

1 Or, would ensnare him. m 2 Sam. xxii. 31. Ps. xviii. 30. &

The words of the Lord are mpure words: as silver tried in 6 a furnace of earth, purified seven times.

cxix. 140. Prov. xxx. 5. that is, every one of them. o Heb. the vilest of the sons of men

are exalted.

Thou shalt keep them, O Lord, thou shalt preserve "them 7 n Heb. him: from this generation for ever.

> The wicked walk on every side, when othe vilest men are 8 exalted.

PSALM XIX.

1 The creatures shew God's glory. 7 The word his grace. 12 David prayeth for grace.

¶ To the chief Musician, A Psalm of David.

p Gen. i. 6.

The p heavens declare the glory of God; and the firmament 1 sheweth his handywork.

Day unto day uttereth speech, and night unto night sheweth 2 knowledge.

q Or, without these their voice is heard. heard.

There is no speech nor language, qr where their voice is not 3

r Heb. without their t Or, Their rule, or, direction.

st Their line is gone out through all the earth, and their 4 roice heard. s Rom. x. 18. words to the end of the world. In them hath he set a tabernacle for the sun,

Which is as a bridegroom coming out of his chamber, and 5 rejoiceth as a strong man to run a race.

His going forth is from the end of the heaven, and his circuit 6 unto the ends of it: and there is nothing hid from the heat thereof.

u Or, doctrine. x Or, restoring.

The "law of the Lord is perfect, "converting the soul: the 7 testimony of the Lord is sure, making wise the simple.

y Heb. truth. 127. Prov. viii. 19. a Ps. cxix. 103. b Heb. the dropping of

honeycombs.

The statutes of the Lord are right, rejoicing the heart: the 8 ² Ps. cxix. 72. commandment of the Lord is pure, enlightening the eyes.

The fear of the LORD is clean, enduring for ever: the 9 judgments of the Lord are y true and righteous altogether.

More to be desired are they than gold, yea, than much fine 10 gold: a sweeter also than honey and b the honeycomb.

Moreover by them is thy servant warned; and in keeping of them there is great reward.

Who can understand his errors? cleanse thou me from secret

Keep back thy servant also from presumptuous sins; let them not have dominion over me: then shall I be upright, and I shall be innocent from othe great transgression.

c Or, much.

e Is. xl. 11.

23. John x.

11. 1 Pet. ii.

& xxvii. 1.

Let the words of my mouth, and the meditation of my heart, be acceptable in thy sight, O Lord, d my strength, and my d Heb. my redeemer.

PSALM XXIII.

David's confidence in God's grace.

¶ A Psalm of David.

The Lord is emy shepherd; I shall not want.

He maketh me to lie down in f green pastures: he leadeth Ezek. xxxii. 4. me beside the g still waters.

He restoreth my soul: he leadeth me in the paths of righ- 25. fHeb. pasteousness for his name's sake. tures of ten-

Yea, though I walk through the valley of the shadow of death, g Heb. waters h I will fear no evil: for thou art with me; thy rod and thy of quietness. staff they comfort me.

& cxviii. 6. Thou preparest a table before me in the presence of mine enemies: thou anointest my head with oil; my cup runneth i Heb. makest

Surely goodness and mercy shall follow me all the days of k Heb. to my life: and I will dwell in the house of the Lord k for ever. length of days.

PSALM XXIV.

3 The citizens of his spiritual kingdom. 7 An exhorta-1 God's lordship in the world. tion to receive him.

¶ A Psalm of David.

The learth is the Lord's, and the fulness thereof; the world, 1 Deut. x. 14. Job xli. 11. and they that dwell therein.

m For he hath founded it upon the seas, and established it 1 cor. x. 26. upon the floods.

"Who shall ascend into the hill of the LORD? or who shall xxxviii. 6. Ps. civ. 5. & cxxxvi. 6. stand in his holy place?

n Ps. xv. 1. op He that hath clean hands, and a pure heart; who hath not ols. xxxiii. 15, 16. p Heb. the lifted up his soul unto vanity, nor sworn deceitfully.

He shall receive the blessing from the LORD, and righteous-clean of hands. ness from the God of his salvation.

This is the generation of them that seek him, that seek thy q Or, O God face, ^q O Jacob. Selah. of Jacob.

Lift up your heads, O ye gates; and be ye lift up, ye everlasting doors; and the King of glory shall come in.

Who is this King of glory? The LORD strong and mighty, the Lord mighty in battle.

VOL. I.

Lift up your heads, O ye gates; even lift them up, ye ever- 9 lasting doors; and the King of glory shall come in.

Who is this King of glory? The LORD of hosts, he is the 10

King of glory. Selah.

PSALM XXVIII.

1 David prayeth earnestly against his enemies. 6 He blesseth God. 9 He prayeth for the people.

¶ A Psalm of David.

r Heb. from Unto thee will I cry, O LORD my rock; be not silent r to 1 me. s Ps. cxliii. 7. me: s lest, if thou be silent to me, I become like them that go down into the pit.

Hear the voice of my supplications, when I cry unto thee, 2

t Or, toward when I lift up my hands t toward thy holy oracle.

the oracle of thy sanctuary. u Ps. xii. 2. Jer. ix. 8.

x Or, his

strength.

salvations. z Or, rule.

sanctuary. d Or, great

waters. e Heb. in

power. f Heb. in

majesty.

y Heb. strength of Draw me not away with the wicked, and with the workers 3 of iniquity, "which speak peace to their neighbours, but mischief is in their hearts.

Give them according to their deeds, and according to the 4 wickedness of their endeavours: give them after the work of their hands; render to them their desert.

Because they regard not the works of the Lord, nor the 5 operation of his hands, he shall destroy them, and not build them up.

Blessed be the Lord, because he hath heard the voice of my 6

supplications.

The Lord is my strength and my shield; my heart trusted 7 in him, and I am helped: therefore my heart greatly rejoiceth; and with my song will I praise him.

The LORD is x their strength, and he is the y saving strength 8

of his anointed.

Save thy people, and bless thine inheritance: z feed them 9 also, and lift them up for ever.

PSALM XXIX.

1 David exhorteth princes to give glory to God, 3 by reason of his power, 11 and protection of his people.

¶ A Psalm of David.

a Heb. ye sons Give unto the LORD, O a ye mighty, give unto the LORD 1 of the mighty. glory and strength.

b Heb. the Give unto the LORD b the glory due unto his name; worship 2

honour of his the Lord on the beauty of holiness. c Or, in his glorious The voice of the Lord is upon

The voice of the LORD is upon the waters: the God of 3 glory thundereth: the LORD is upon d many waters.

The voice of the LORD is opowerful; the voice of the LORD 4

is full of majesty.

The voice of the LORD breaketh the cedars; yea, the LORD 5 breaketh the cedars of Lebanon.

He maketh them also to skip like a calf; Lebanon and 6 g Deut. iii. 9. g Sirion like a young unicorn.

The voice of the LORD h divideth the flames of fire. h Heb. cutteth

The voice of the LORD shaketh the wilderness; the LORD out. shaketh the wilderness of Kadesh.

The voice of the LORD maketh the hinds i to calve, and dis-ior, to be in covereth the forests: and in his temple k doth every one speak k Or, every of his glory.

The Lord sitteth upon the flood; yea, the Lord sitteth

King for ever.

The LORD will give strength unto his people; the LORD will bless his people with peace.

PSALM XXXVIII.

David moveth God to take compassion of his pitiful case.

¶ A Psalm of David, to bring to remembrance.

O Lord, rebuke me not in thy wrath; neither chasten me in thy hot displeasure.

For thine arrows stick fast in me, and thy hand presseth me

There is no soundness in my flesh because of thine anger; neither is there any 1 rest in my bones because of my sin.

l Heb. peace,

For mine iniquities are gone over mine head: as an heavy or, health. burden they are too heavy for me.

My wounds stink and are corrupt because of my foolishness.

I am m troubled; I am bowed down greatly; I go mourning m Heb. all the day long.

For my loins are filled with a loathsome disease: and there

is no soundness in my flesh.

I am feeble and sore broken: I have roared by reason of the disquietness of my heart.

9 Lord, all my desire is before thee; and my groaning is not

hid from thee.

My heart panteth, my strength faileth me: as for the light of mine eyes, it also n is gone from me.

n Heb. is not

My lovers and my friends stand aloof from my o sore; and o Heb. stroke. p my kinsmen stand afar off.

12 · They also that seek after my life lay snares for me: and they that seek my hurt speak mischievous things, and imagine deceits all the day long.

But I, as a deaf man, heard not; and I was as a dumb man

that openeth not his mouth.

Thus I was as a man that heareth not, and in whose mouth are no reproofs.

For q in thee, O Lord, do I hope: thou wilt r hear, O Lord q Or, thee do I wait for. my God. r Or, answer.

For I said, Hear me, lest otherwise they should rejoice over me: when my foot slippeth, they magnify themselves against me.

s Heb. for halting.

For I am ready s to halt, and my sorrow is continually before 17 me.

For I will declare mine iniquity; I will be sorry for my 18 sin.

t Heb. being living are strong.

u Heb. for

my help.

But mine enemies tare lively, and they are strong: and 19 they that hate me wrongfully are multiplied.

They also that render evil for good are mine adversaries; 20

because I follow the thing that good is.

Forsake me not, O LORD: O my God, be not far from me. 21 Make haste u to help me, O LORD my salvation.

PSALM XXXIX.

1 David's care of his thoughts. 4 The consideration of the brevity and vanity of life, 7 the reverence of God's judgments, 10 and prayer, are his bridles of impatiency.

¶ To the chief Musician, even to Jeduthun, A Psalm of David.

I said, I will take heed to my ways, that I sin not with my x Heb. a bri- tongue: I will keep x my mouth with a bridle, while the wicked is before me.

dle, or, muzzle for my mouth.

I was dumb with silence, I held my peace, even from good; 2 y Heb. trou- and my sorrow was y stirred.

My heart was hot within me, while I was musing the fire 3 burned: then spake I with my tongue,

LORD, make me to know mine end, and the measure of my 4 days, what it is; that I may know how frail I am.

z Or, what time I have here.

Behold, thou hast made my days as an handbreadth; and 5 a Ps. 1xii. 9. mine age is as nothing before thee: a verily every man b at his best state is altogether vanity. Selah.

& clxiv. 4. b Heb. settled. c Heb. an image.

Surely every man walketh in a c vain shew: surely they are 6 disquieted in vain: he heapeth up riches, and knoweth not who shall gather them.

And now, LORD, what wait I for? my hope is in thee. Deliver me from all my transgressions: make me not the s

reproach of the foolish.

I was dumb, I opened not my mouth; because thou didst it. 9 Remove thy stroke away from me: I am consumed by the 10 d blow of thine hand.

d Heb. conflict. e Heb. that

23. 1 Chr.

When thou with rebukes dost correct man for iniquity, thou 11 makest e his beauty to consume away like a moth: surely every desired in him man is vanity. Selah.

which is to be to melt away. f Lev. xxv.

Hear my prayer, O LORD, and give ear unto my cry; hold 12 not thy peace at my tears: for I am a stranger with thee, and a sojourner, as all my fathers were.

xxix. 15. Ps. cxix. 19. O spare me, that I may recover strength, before I go hence, 13 2 Cor. v. 6. and be no more. 1 Pet. i. 17.

PSALM LXXXVI.

1 David strengtheneth his prayer by the conscience of his religion, 5 by the goodness and power of God. 11 He desireth the continuance of former grace. 14 Complaining of the proud he craveth some token of God's goodness.

¶ 8 A Prayer of David.

g Or, A Prayer, being

Bow down thine ear, O Lord, hear me: for I am poor and a Psalm of needy.

Preserve my soul; for I am holy: O thou my God, save thy servant h that trusteth in thee.

h Or, one favourest.
i Or, all the

Be merciful unto me, O Lord: for I cry unto thee i daily.

Rejoice the soul of thy servant: for unto thee, O Lord, do day. I lift up my soul.

k For thou, LORD, art good, and ready to forgive; and plen-k Joel ii. 13. teous in mercy unto all them that call upon thee.

Give ear, O Lord, unto my prayer; and attend to the voice of my supplications.

In the day of my trouble I will call upon thee: for thou wilt answer me.

Among the gods there is none like unto thee, O LORD; l Deut. iii. 24. neither are there any works like unto thy works.

All nations whom thou hast made shall come and worship before thee, O LORD; and shall glorify thy name.

For thou art great, and doest wondrous things: m thou art m Deut. vi. 3. & xxxii. 39. God alone.

& xliv. 6. 11 Teach me thy way, O Lord; I will walk in thy truth: Mark xii. 29. unite my heart to fear thy name. Eph. iv. 6.

I will praise thee, O LORD my God, with all my heart: and n Ps. xxv. 4. & cxix. 33. I will glorify thy name for evermore.

For great is thy mercy toward me: and thou hast delivered o Or, grave. my soul from the lowest o hell.

O God, the proud are risen against me, and the assemblies of p violent men have sought after my soul; and have not set p Heb. terthee before them.

q But thou, O LORD, art a God full of compassion, and q Ex. xxxiv. gracious, longsuffering, and plenteous in mercy and truth.

18. Ps. ciii. 8.

O turn unto me, and have mercy upon me; give thy & exiv. 8. strength unto thy servant, and save the son of thine handmaid.

Shew me a token for good; that they which hate me may see it, and be ashamed: because thou, Lord, hast holpen me, and comforted me.

PSALM XCV.

- 1 An exhortation to praise God, 3 for his greatness, 6 and for his goodness, 8 and not to tempt him.
- O come, let us sing unto the Lord: let us make a joyful noise to the rock of our salvation.

Let us r come before his presence with thanksgiving, and 2 r Heb. prevent his face. make a joyful noise unto him with psalms.

For the LORD is a great God, and a great King above all 3

gods.

s Heb. In whose. t Or. the heights of the hills are his. u Heb. Whose the sea is.

In his hand are the deep places of the earth: the strength 4 of the hills is his also.

^u The sea is his, and he made it: and his hands formed the 5

dry land.

O come, let us worship and bow down: let us kneel before 6 the LORD our maker.

For he is our God; and we are the people of his pasture, 7 x Heb. iii. 7. and the sheep of his hand. x To day if ye will hear his & iv. 7.

voice.

y Ex. xvii. 2. 7. Num. xiv. 22, &c. z Heb. contention.

Harden not your heart, y as in the z provocation, and as in 8 the day of temptation in the wilderness:

When your fathers tempted me, proved me, and saw my 9

work.

Forty years long was I grieved with this generation, and 10 said, It is a people that do err in their heart, and they have not known my ways:

a Heb. if they enter into my rest.

Unto whom I sware in my wrath a that they should not 11 enter into my rest.

PSALM CI.

David maketh a vow and profession of godliness.

¶ A Psalm of David.

I will sing of mercy and judgment: unto thee, O Lord, 1

will I sing.

I will behave myself wisely in a perfect way. O when wilt 2 thou come unto me? I will walk within my house with a perfect heart.

b Heb. thing of Belial.

I will set no bwicked thing before mine eyes: I hate the 3 work of them that turn aside; it shall not cleave to me.

A froward heart shall depart from me: I will not know a 4 wicked person.

Whoso privily slandereth his neighbour, him will I cut off: 5 him that hath a high look and a proud heart will not I suffer.

Mine eyes shall be upon the faithful of the land, that they 6 c Or, perfect may dwell with me: he that walketh c in a perfect way, he shall serve me.

in the way. Ps. cxix. 1.

He that worketh deceit shall not dwell within my house: he 7 that telleth lies d shall not tarry in my sight.

d Heb. shall not be established.

I will early destroy all the wicked of the land; that I may 8 cut off all wicked doers from the city of the Lord.

PSALM CIV.

1 A meditation upon the mighty power, 7 and wonderful providence of God. 31 God's glory is eternal. 33 The prophet voweth perpetually to praise God.

Bless the LORD, O my soul. O LORD my God, thou art 1 very great; thou art clothed with honour and majesty.

- Who coverest thyself with light as with a garment: who stretchest out the heavens like a curtain:
- Who layeth the beams of his chambers in the waters: who maketh the clouds his chariot: who walketh upon the wings of the wind.
- eWho maketh his angels spirits; his ministers a flaming fire: e Heb. i. 7.
- f Who laid the foundations of the earth, that it should not be f Heb. He removed for ever.

Thou coveredst it with the deep as with a garment: the her bases. waters stood above the mountains.

At thy rebuke they fled; at the voice of thy thunder they

hasted away. g They go up by the mountains; they go down by the valleys g Or, The

unto the place which thou hast founded for them. cend, the val-Thou hast set a bound that they may not pass over; that they legs descend.

turn not again to cover the earth. h He sendeth the springs into the valleys, which i run among h Heb. Who he hills.

1 Heb. walk.

the hills. They give drink to every beast of the field: the wild asses k Heb. break.

k quench their thirst. By them shall the fowls of the heaven have their habitation, l Heb. give a

which ising among the branches.

He watereth the hills from his chambers: the earth is satisfied with the fruit of thy works.

He causeth the grass to grow for the cattle, and herb for the service of man: that he may bring forth food out of the earth;

And m wine that maketh glad the heart of man, and n oil to m Judg. ix. make his face to shine, and bread which strengtheneth man's n Heb. to

16 The trees of the Lord are full of sap; the cedars of Lebanon, or, more than

which he hath planted. Where the birds make their nests: as for the stork, the fir trees are her house.

The high hills are a refuge for the wild goats; and the rocks for the conies.

19 He appointed the moon for seasons: the sun knoweth his going down.

Thou makest darkness, and it is night: wherein o all the beasts thereof beasts of the forest do creep forth. do trample on

The young lions roar after their prey, and seek their meat from God.

The sun ariseth, they gather themselves together, and lay them down in their dens.

Man goeth forth unto his work and to his labour until the evening.

O LORD, how manifold are thy works! in wisdom hast thou made them all: the earth is full of thy riches.

6

7

So is this great and wide sea, wherein are things creeping 25 innumerable, both small and great beasts.

There go the ships: there is that leviathan, whom thou hast 26

p Heb. form- p made to play therein.

^q These wait all upon thee; that thou mayest give them their 27 q Ps. cxlv.15. meat in due season.

> That thou givest them they gather: thou openest thine hand, 28 they are filled with good.

Thou hidest thy face, they are troubled: thou takest away 29

their breath, they die, and return to their dust.

Thou sendest forth thy spirit, they are created: and thou 30 renewest the face of the earth.

r Heb. shall be.

the sharp ar-rows of the

mighty man,

with coals of juniper. x Or, a man

of peace.

The glory of the LORD shall endure for ever: the LORD 31 shall rejoice in his works.

He looketh on the earth, and it trembleth: he toucheth the 32 hills, and they smoke.

I will sing unto the LORD as long as I live: I will sing 33 praise to my God while I have my being.

My meditation of him shall be sweet: I will be glad in the 34

Let the sinners be consumed out of the earth, and let the 35 wicked be no more. Bless thou the Lord, O my soul. Praise ye the Lord.

PSALM CXX.

1 David prayeth against Doeg, 3 reproveth his tongue, 5 complaineth of his necessary conversation with the wicked.

¶ A Song of degrees.

In my distress I cried unto the LORD, and he heard me. Deliver my soul, O LORD, from lying lips, and from a 2 deceitful tongue.

s Or, What 8 What shall be given unto thee? or what shall be t done 3 shall the deceitful tongue unto thee, thou false tongue? give unto thee?

^u Sharp arrows of the mighty, with coals of juniper. or, what shall it profit thee? t Heb. added. Woe is me, that I sojourn in Mesech, that I dwell in the 5

u Or, It is as tents of Kedar !

My soul hath long dwelt with him that hateth peace. I am * for peace: but when I speak, they are for war.

PSALM CXXI.

The great safety of the godly, who put their trust in God's protection.

¶ A Song of degrees.

I y will lift up mine eyes unto the hills, from whence cometh 1 y Or, Shall I lift up mine eyes to the hills? whence my help.

² My help cometh from the Lord, which made heaven and 2 should my help come?

See Jer. iii. He will not suffer thy foot to be moved: he that keepeth 3 z Ps. cxxiv.8. thee will not slumber.

4 Behold, he that keepeth Israel shall neither slumber nor sleep.

The LORD is thy keeper: the LORD is thy shade upon thy

right hand.

6 The sun shall not smite thee by day, nor the moon by night.

The LORD shall preserve thee from all evil: he shall pre-

serve thy soul.

8 The LORD shall preserve thy going out and thy coming in from this time forth, and even for evermore.

PSALM CXXII.

- 1 David professeth his joy for the church, 6 and prayeth for the peace thereof.

 ¶ A Song of degrees of David.
- I was glad when they said unto me, Let us go into the house of the Lord.
- Our feet shall stand within thy gates, O Jerusalem.
- 3 Jerusalem is builded as a city that is compact together:
- 4 Whither the tribes go up, the tribes of the Lord, unto the testimony of Israel, to give thanks unto the name of the Lord.
- 5 For there a are set thrones of judgment, the thrones of the a Heb. do sit. house of David.
- 6 Pray for the peace of Jerusalem: they shall prosper that love thee.
- 7 Peace be within thy walls, and prosperity within thy palaces.

For my brethren and companions' sakes, I will now say,

Peace be within thee.

9 Because of the house of the LORD our God I will seek thy good.

PSALM CXXIV.

The church blesseth God for a miraculous deliverance.

¶ A Song of degrees of David.

- 1 If it had not been the LORD who was on our side, now may Israel say;
- 2 If it had not been the LORD who was on our side, when men rose up against us:

Then they had swallowed us up quick, when their wrath was kindled against us:

- Then the waters had overwhelmed us; the stream had gone over our soul:
- Then the proud waters had gone over our soul.
- 6 Blessed be the LORD, who hath not given us as a prey to their teeth.
- Our soul is escaped as a bird out of the snare of the fowlers: the snare is broken, and we are escaped.

b Our help is in the name of the Lord, who made heaven 8 and earth.

PSALM CXXXI.

1 David, professing his humility, 3 exhorteth Israel to hope in God. ¶ A Song of degrees of David.

c Heb. walk. d Heb. wonderful. e Heb. my

LORD, my heart is not haughty, nor mine eyes lofty: neither 1 do I exercise myself in great matters, or in things too d high for me.

Surely I have behaved and quieted emyself, as a child 2 that is weaned of his mother: my soul is even as a weaned child.

f Heb. from now.

soul.

Let Israel hope in the LORD from henceforth and for 3 ever.

PSALM CXXXIII.

The benefit of the communion of saints.

¶ A Song of degrees of David.

g Heb. even together.

Behold, how good and how pleasant it is for brethren to dwell 1 g together in unity!

It is like the precious ointment upon the head, that ran down 2 upon the beard, even Aaron's beard: that went down to the skirts of his garments;

As the dew of Hermon, and as the dew that descended upon 3 the mountain of Zion: for there the LORD commanded the blessing, even life for evermore.

Second Assembly of the People.

1 CHRONICLES XXIX. VER. 1-19.

1015. Furthermore David the king said unto all the congregation, 1 hch. xxii. 5. -Solomon my son, whom God alone hath chosen, is yet h young and tender, and the work is great: for the palace is not for man, but for the LORD God. Now I have prepared with all 2 my might for the house of my God the gold for things to be made of gold, and the silver for things of silver, and the brass for things of brass, the iron for things of iron, and wood for things of wood; onyx stones, and stones to be set, glistering stones, and of divers colours, and all manner of precious stones, and marble stones in abundance. Moreover, because I have set 3 my affection to the house of my God, I have of mine own proper good, of gold and silver, which I have given to the house of my God, over and above all that I have prepared for the holy house, even three thousand talents of gold, of the gold of 4 i l Kin. ix. i Ophir, and seven thousand talents of refined silver, to overlay the walls of the houses withal: the gold for things of gold, and 5 the silver for things of silver, and for all manner of work to be

k Heb. to fill made by the hands of artificers. And who then is willing k to his hand. consecrate his service this day unto the LORD?

Then the chief of the fathers and princes of the tribes of A.C. 1015.

Israel, and the captains of thousands and of hundreds, with the 7 rulers of the king's work, offered willingly, and gave for the service of the house of God of gold five thousand talents and ten thousand drams, and of silver ten thousand talents, and of brass eighteen thousand talents, and one hundred thousand 8 talents of iron. And they with whom precious stones were found gave them to the treasure of the house of the Lord, by 9 the hand of Jehiel the Gershonite. Then the people rejoiced, for that they offered willingly, because with perfect heart they offered willingly to the LORD: and David the king also rejoiced with great joy.

Wherefore David blessed the Lord before all the congregation: and David said, Blessed be thou, LORD God of Israel our

father, for ever and ever.

¹ Thine, O Lord, is the greatness, and the power, and the 1 Matt. vi. 13. glory, and the victory, and the majesty: for all that is in the Rev. v. 13. heaven and in the earth is thine; thine is the kingdom, O LORD, and thou art exalted as head above all.

Both riches and honour *come* of thee, and thou reignest over all; and in thine hand is power and might; and in thine hand it is to make great, and to give strength unto all.

Now therefore, our God, we thank thee, and praise thy

glorious name.

But who am I, and what is my people, that we should m be m Heb. reable to offer so willingly after this sort? for all things come of tainstrength. thee, and n of thine own have we given thee.

For owe are strangers before thee, and sojourners, as were o Ps. xxxix. all our fathers: p our days on the earth are as a shadow, and 12. Heb. xi. there is none q abiding.

O Lord our God, all this store that we have prepared to q Heb. exbuild thee an house for thine holy name cometh of thine hand, pectation.

and *is* all thine own.

I know also, my God, that thou r triest the heart, and hast r 1 Sam. xvi. pleasure in uprightness. As for me, in the uprightness of mine 9. heart I have willingly offered all these things: and now have I seen with joy thy people, which are s present here, to offer s Or, found. willingly unto thee.

O LORD God of Abraham, Isaac, and of Israel, our fathers, keep this for ever in the imagination of the thoughts of the heart of thy people, and t prepare their heart unto thee:

And give unto Solomon my son a perfect heart, to keep thy commandments, thy testimonies, and thy statutes, and to do all these things, and to build the palace, for the which I have made

provision.

PSALM LXXII 70.

1 David, praying for Solomon, showeth the goodness and glory of his, in type, and in truth, of Christ's kingdom. 18 He blesseth God.

¶ A Psalm u for Solomon.

A.C. 1015. u Or, of.

Give the king thy judgments, O God, and thy righteousness 1 unto the king's son.

He shall judge thy people with righteousness, and thy poor 2

with judgment.

The mountains shall bring peace to the people, and the little 3

hills, thy righteousness.

He shall judge the poor of the people, he shall save the chil- 4 dren of the needy, and shall break in pieces the oppressor.

They shall fear thee as long as the sun and moon endure, 5

throughout all generations.

He shall come down like rain upon the mown grass: as 6 showers that water the earth.

In his days shall the righteous flourish; and abundance of 7 peace * so long as the moon endureth.

x Heb. till there be no moon.

He shall have dominion also from sea to sea, and from the river 8 unto the ends of the earth.

They that dwell in the wilderness shall bow before him; and 9 his enemies shall lick the dust.

The kings of Tarshish and of the isles shall bring presents: 10 the kings of Sheba and Seba shall offer gifts.

Yea, all kings shall fall down before him: all nations shall 11

serve him.

For he shall deliver the needy when he crieth; the poor also, 12 and him that hath no helper.

He shall spare the poor and needy, and shall save the souls 13 of the needy.

He shall redeem their soul from deceit and violence: and 14

precious shall their blood be in his sight.

y Heb. one shall give.

And he shall live, and to him y shall be given of the gold of 15 Sheba: prayer also shall be made for him continually; and daily shall he be praised.

There shall be an handful of corn in the earth upon the top 16 of the mountains; the fruit thereof shall shake like Lebanon: and they of the city shall flourish like grass of the earth.

z Heb. shall a Heb. shall be as a son to continue his father's name

for ever.

His name z shall endure for ever: a his name shall be con-17 tinued as long as the sun: and men shall be blessed in him: all nations shall call him blessed.

Blessed be the LORD God, the God of Israel, who only doeth 18 wondrous things.

⁷⁰ Psalm lxxii. This beautiful Psalm is generally supposed to have been written when Solomon was appointed king with his father. It is prophetic of the reign of the Messiah : it describes the peaceful glories of the Messiah's future reign; his righteousness; the universal worship to be paid to him; the perpetuity of his dominion, "whose name shall endure for ever;" in whom mankind shall be blessed, and whom all nations shall call blessed.—Dr. Hales; Travell.

And blessed be his glorious name for ever: and let the A.C. 1015.
whole earth be filled with his glory; Amen, and Amen.
The prayers of David the son of Jesse are ended.

1 CHRONICLES XXIX. VER. 20-25.

And David said to all the congregation, Now bless the Lord your God. And all the congregation blessed the LORD God of their fathers, and bowed down their heads, and worshipped 21 the LORD, and the king. And they sacrificed sacrifices unto the LORD, and offered burnt offerings unto the LORD, on the morrow after that day, even a thousand bullocks, a thousand rams, and a thousand lambs, with their drink offerings, and sacri-22 fices in abundance for all Israel: and did eat and drink before the LORD on that day with great gladness. b And they made b 1 Kin. 1. 39. Solomon the son of David king the second time, and anointed him unto the LORD to be the chief governor, and Zadoc to be priest. 23 Then Solomon sat on the throne of the Lord as king instead of David his father, and prospered; and all Israel obeyed him. 24 And all the princes, and the mighty men, and all the sons likewise of king David, c submitted themselves unto Solomon the c Heb. gave the hand un-25 king. And the Lord magnified Solomon exceedingly in the der Solomon. sight of all Israel, and d bestowed upon him such royal majesty d 1 Kin. iii. as had not been on any king before him in Israel.

12. Eccles. ii. as had not been on any king before him in Israel.

Charge to Solomon.

1 KINGS II. 1-9.

Now the days of David drew nigh that he should die; and 2 he charged Solomon his son, saying, I go the way of all the earth: be thou strong therefore, and shew thyself a man; 3 and keep the charge of the Lord thy God, to walk in his ways, to keep his statutes, and his commandments, and his judgments, and his testimonies, as it is written in the law of Moses, that thou mayest ab prosper in all that thou doest, and whither-a Deut. xxix. 4 soever thou turnest thyself: that the Lord may continue his bor, do word which he spake concerning me, saying, If thy children wiely. take heed to their way, to walk before me in truth with all their heart and with all their soul, chere shall not fail thee c2 sam. vii. 5 (said he) a man on the throne of Israel. Moreover thou knowest dHeb. be cut also what Joab the son of Zeruiah did to me, and what he did to from the through the two captains of the host of Israel, unto Abner the son of throm. Ner, and unto Amasa the son of Jether, whom he slew, and 27. Sam. iii. Shed the blood of war in peace, and put the blood of war upon 10. his girdle that was about his loins, and in his shoes that were on gHeb. put. 6 his feet. Do therefore according to thy wisdom, and let not 7 his hoar head go down to the grave in peace.

⁷¹ The charge of David to Solomon has been much misunderstood. He is not directed to put Joab and Shimei to death. These men had become the bitterest enemies to the throne of David and his son. Solomon, therefore, is desired to observe their conduct, and to punish any future treason

ruler, &c.

A.C. 1015. ness unto the sons of h Barzillai the Gileadite, and let them be of h 2 Sam. xix. those that eat at thy table: for so they came to me when I fled because of Absalom thy brother. And, behold, thou hast 8 ¹² Sam. xvi. with thee ¹ Shimei the son of Gera, a Benjamite of Bahurim, k Heb. strong. which cursed me with a k grievous curse in the day when I went to Mahanaim: but he came down to meet me at Jordan, and I 12 Sam. xix. sware to him by the LORD, saying, I will not put thee to death with the sword. Now therefore hold him not guiltless: for 9 thou art a wise man, and knowest what thou oughtest to do unto him; but his hoar head bring thou down to the grave with blood.

Last Words of David.

2 SAMUEL XXIII. VER. 1-7. Now these be the last words of David. David the son of 1

Jesse said, and the man who was raised up on high, the anointed of the God of Jacob, and the sweet psalmist of Israel, said, The 2 Spirit of the Lord spake by me, and his word was in my tongue. a Or, Be thou The God of Israel said, the Rock of Israel spake to me, a He 3 that ruleth over men must be just, ruling in the fear of God. And he shall be as the light of the morning, when the sun riseth, 4 even a morning without clouds; as the tender grass springing out of the earth by clear shining after rain. Although my 5 house be not so with God; yet he hath made with me an everlasting covenant, ordered in all things, and sure: for this is all my salvation, and all my desire, although he make it not to grow.

But the sons of Belial shall be all of them as thorns thrust 6 away, because they cannot be taken with hands. But the man 7 b Heb. filled. that shall touch them must be b fenced with iron and the staff of a spear; and they shall be utterly burned with fire in the same place.

Death of David.

1 CHRONICLES XXIX. VER. 26, TO THE END.

Thus David the son of Jesse reigned over all Israel. 26 And the time that he reigned over Israel was forty years; 27 seven years reigned he in Hebron, and thirty and three years reigned he in Jerusalem. And he died in a good old age, full 28 of days, riches, and honour: and Solomon his son reigned in his stead. Now the acts of David the king, first and last, 29 a Or, history, behold, they are written in the ab book of Samuel the seer, and b Heb. words, in the book of Nictory than the book of Samuel the seer, and in the book of Nathan the prophet, and in the book of Gad the With all his reign and his might, and the times that 30 went over him, and over Israel, and over all the kingdoms of the countries.

The expressions in verses 6 and 8, "do therefore according to thy wisdom," and "thou art a wise man," referred to discretionary power which Solomon possessed, and which he was commanded by his father to use rightly.

1 KINGS II. VER. 10, 11.

So ° David slept with his fathers, and was buried in the city A.C. 1015.

11 of David. And the days that David d reigned over Israel were c Acts ii. 29.

forty years: seven years reigned he in Hebron, and thirty and & xiil. 36.

three years reigned he in Jerusalem.

1 Chr. xxix.

26, 27.

END OF VOL. I.